## 2019 No.

## The State Aid (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

## PART 3

Procedure

## CHAPTER 6

General

## Decision based on incorrect information

34.-(1) This regulation applies if-
(a) the CMA takes a specified decision; and
(b) the CMA subsequently considers that-
(i) the CMA may have been provided with incorrect or misleading information during the relevant examination or investigation; and
(ii) the incorrect or misleading information may have been a determining factor for the decision.
(2) The CMA may open an investigation for the purpose of deciding-
(a) whether to revoke the specified decision; and
(b) if so, what replacement decision to take.
(3) If the CMA opens an investigation and decides to revoke a specified decision that was a decision that a measure does not constitute aid-
(a) taken under regulation $8(1)($ a) or $11(2)$, regulations 11 and 12 apply as if the investigation was an investigation opened under regulation $8(1)(\mathrm{c})$;
(b) taken under regulation $15(5)(a)$ or $17(2)$, regulations 17 and 18 apply as if the investigation was an investigation opened under regulation 15(5)(c).
(4) If the CMA opens an investigation and decides to revoke a specified decision that was a decision to approve aid-
(a) taken under regulation 8(1)(b) or 11(2), regulations 11 and 12 apply as if the investigation was an investigation opened under regulation 8(1)(c);
(b) taken under regulation $15(5)(b)$ or $17(2)$, regulations 17 and 18 apply as if the investigation was an investigation opened under regulation 15(5)(c);
(c) taken under regulation 21(2), regulations 21 and 22 apply as if the investigation was an investigation opened under regulation 19(6).
(5) In this chapter, "specified decision" means a decision taken by the CMA-
(a) that a measure does not constitute aid under regulation $8(1)(a), 11(2), 15(5)(a)$ or $17(2)$; or
(b) to approve aid under regulation $8(1)(b), 11(2), 15(5)(b), 17(2)$ or $21(2)$.

