Transposition note for the Agreement on a Unified Patent Court signed at Brussels on 19th February 2013 ("the Agreement")

The Agreement creates a court common to the Contracting Member States (Member States of the EU who are party of the Agreement) – the Unified Patent Court ("the Court") – which is intended to decide actions relating to the validity or infringement of European patents with unitary effect ("Unitary Patents") and European "bundle" patents (for the UK, these are known as "European patents (UK)"). It defines the rights that a patent confers upon its proprietor to prevent the use of the invention, and the limitations on those rights.

Most of the provisions of the Agreement relate to the internal operation of the Court, or the operation of the Agreement, and do not require transposition. (Unless further explanation is needed, these provisions are omitted from the following table.)

However, others require changes to national law to ensure consistency with the Agreement and to confer the relevant jurisdiction to the Court.

The relevant provisions will be implemented in UK law by the Patents (European Patent with Unitary Effect and Unified Patent Court) Order 2016 ("the Order"), which will amend the Patents Act 1977 ("the Patents Act").

Article of the Agreement	Objectives	Implementation in the Order	Responsibility (Secretary of State if not specified)
1	Defines the Court	No transposition is required; although Article 2(9)(a) of the Order inserts a definition of "Unified Patent Court" into section 130(1) of the Patents Act which relates to this definition.	
2	Provides definitions for later provisions	No transposition is required; although Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 5(c) of Schedule A4, which relies upon the definition in Article 2(j) of the Agreement.	

which the Agreement will apply, without prejudice to Article 83 (where appropriate) I apply, without prejudice to Article 83 (where appropriate) I also sets out that this jurisdiction is only in relation to Unitary Patents, European patents (UK), and supplementary protection certificates based on these, subject to the transitional provisions of paragraph 2 of Schedule A4. I Establishes that the Court shall have legal personality in each Contracting Member State Sets out the rights a patent confers on its owner to prevent the direct use of the invention protected by the patent Acticle 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 1 of Schedule A3, which ensures the effect of the section properly reflects the territorial extent of Unitary Patents. 26 Sets out the rights a patent confers on its owner to prevent the indirect use of the invention protected by the patent on ferson on its owner to prevent the apatent on ferson on its owner to prevent the indirect use of the inventional extent of Unitary Patents. 26 Sets out the rights a patent confers on its owner to prevent the indirect use of t	3	Sets out the patents to	Article 2(10) of the Order	
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		indirect use of the	law, as set out in section	
invention protected by 60(2)-(3) of the Patents		invention protected by	60(2)-(3) of the Patents	

	the patent	Act.	
		Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 4(10)(a) of Schedule A3, which ensures the effect of the section properly reflects the territorial extent of Unitary Patents.	
27	Specifies exceptions to the rights conferred by a patent, as follows:	See below:	
27(a)	Private and non- commercial use	This exception is already provided by section 60(5)(a) of the Patents Act.	
27(b)	Experimental use	This exception is already provided by section 60(5)(b) of the Patents Act.	
27(c)	Use of biological material for plant variety development	Article 2(3) of the Order inserts section 60(5)(j) to the Patents Act to provide this exception.	
27(d)	Acts allowed by Directives on medicinal products for human and veterinary use	This exception is already provided by section 60(5)(i) of the Patents Act. Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 4(10)(a) of Schedule A3, which ensures the effect of the section properly reflects the territorial extent of Unitary Patents.	
27(e)	Preparation of a	This exception is already	

	prescribed medicine by a	provided by section	
		·	
	pharmacy	60(5)(c) of the Patents	
		Act.	
27(f)	Use on board Paris	This exception is already	
	Convention or WTO	provided by section	
	member vessels	60(5)(d) of the Patents	
	temporarily in the waters	Act.	
	of the Contracting		
	Member States	Article 2(10) of the Order	
		inserts paragraphs	
		4(10)(a) and (b) of	
		Schedule A3, which	
		ensures the effect of the	
		section properly reflects	
		the territorial extent of	
		Unitary Patents.	
2=4.)			
27(g)	Use in construction or	This exception is already	
	operation of Paris	provided by section	
	Convention or WTO	60(5)(e) of the Patents	
	member transportation	Act.	
	temporarily in the	Article 2(10) of the Order	
	territory of the	inserts paragraphs	
	Contracting Member		
	States	4(10)(a) and (b) of	
		Schedule A3, which ensures the effect of the	
		section properly reflects	
		the territorial extent of	
		Unitary Patents.	
27(h)	Chicago Convention	This exception is already	
	protection for aircraft	provided by section	
	belonging to countries	60(5)(f) of the Patents Act.	
	other than Contracting		
	Member States	Article 2(10) of the Order	
		inserts paragraphs	
		4(10)(a) and (b) of	
		Schedule A3, which	
		ensures the effect of the	
		section properly reflects	
		the territorial extent of	

		Unitary Patents.	
27(i)	Use by a farmer for propagation following authorised sale and harvest	This exception is already provided by section 60(5)(g) of the Patents Act.	
27(j)	Use by a farmer of protected livestock for agricultural purposes following authorised sale	This exception is already provided by section 60(5)(h) of the Patents Act.	
27(k)	Acts allowed under Articles 5 and 6 of the Software Directive	Article 2(3) of the Order inserts section 60(5)(k) to the Patents Act to provide this exception. Article 2(4) of the Order inserts section 60(6H) to the Patents Act to ensure this is provided for European patents (UK) and Unitary Patents.	
27(I)	Acts allowed by Article 10 of the Biotech Directive	This exception is already provided by paragraph 10 of Schedule A2 of the Patents Act, which is implemented by means of section 76A.	
28	Establishes that rights under national law to continue prior use of a patented invention are retained	This right is provided by section 64 of the Patents Act. It is already effective for European patents (UK) by means of section 77(1). Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 2 of Schedule A3, which ensures the effect of the section is extended to all Unitary Patents.	

29	Sets out when the rights	No transposition is	
	conferred by a patent are	required –	
	exhausted		
		The doctrine that	
		exhaustion of rights	
		applies to the EU as a	
		whole has been	
		established through case-	
		law of the Court of Justice	
		of the European Union (C-	
		15/74, Centrafarm v	
		Sterling Drug). It is	
		therefore already	
		provided for European	
		patents (UK).	
		Article 6 of the Unitary	
		Patent Regulation is	
		directly applicable, and	
		extends the principle to	
		Unitary Patents.	
30	Specifies that the rights	Article 5 of Regulation	
30	conferred to a patent a	(EC) 469/2009 sets out	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on.	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents Act so they apply correctly	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents Act so they apply correctly to supplementary	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents Act so they apply correctly to supplementary protection certificates,	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents Act so they apply correctly to supplementary	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents Act so they apply correctly to supplementary protection certificates, including those relating to rights conferred.	
30	conferred to a patent a equally conferred to any supplementary protection certificate	(EC) 469/2009 sets out that supplementary protection certificates shall confer the same rights as the patent they are based on. Section 128B of the Patents Act provides Schedule 4A, which modifies certain provisions of the Patents Act so they apply correctly to supplementary protection certificates, including those relating to	

31	Defines the Court's international jurisdiction as established in accordance with the Brussels I Regulation or the Lugano Convention	Schedule A3, which ensures the effect of section 128B and Schedule 4A is extended to Unitary Patents. No transposition required, as this was achieved by EU Regulation 542/2014 to provide the relevant jurisdiction in Brussels I; as recognised in UK law by means of The Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments (Amendment) Regulations 2014.	
32	Sets out the actions for which the Court will have exclusive competence, and that national courts will retain competences for all other actions.	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 1 of Schedule A4, which establishes the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court in relation to Article 32(1); it also inserts paragraph 3 of that Schedule, which states that sections of the Act relating to equivalent actions before national courts do not apply where the Court has such jurisdiction - this is done so that national provisions do not interfere with the operation of the Court.	
34	Establishes that decisions of the Court will cover the territory where the patent has effect	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 4 of Schedule A4, which provides that decisions of the Court have effect in the UK.	

35	Sets out the mediation and arbitration centre	The Order gives effect to the objectives of this provision to enable the settlement of disputes out of court. Enforcement of settlements and awards reached via the centre is dealt with under Article	
		82 below.	
41	Provides for details of how Court proceedings will function to be set out in separate Rules of Procedure	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court; however, the Rules of Procedure are referenced in paragraph 2 of Schedule A4, in relation to the transitional provisions of Article 83.	
42	Establishes that the Court shall act fairly and proportionately	No transposition is required, as this is a statement of intent and relates to the internal operation of the Court.	
46	Defines who has legal capacity to be a party to proceedings, with reference to national law on this issue	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. The Court will take into account provisions of national law that relate to legal capacity.	
47	Sets out who may be entitled to bring actions before the Court	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 3 of Schedule A4, which disapplies certain sections of the Patents Act where	

		the Court holds	
		jurisdiction, including	
		sections 61, 66, 67 and 72,	
		which deal with who may	
		bring proceedings for	
		infringement and revocation. This is done so	
		that national provisions	
		do not interfere with the	
		operation of the Court.	
54	Establishes which party	No transposition is	
	holds the burden of proof	required, as this relates to	
	of facts	the internal operation of	
		the Court; furthermore, it	
		does not deviate from the	
		standard burden of proof.	
59	Provides the Court with	No transposition is	
	the power to order the	required, as this relates to	
	presentation of evidence	the internal operation of	
	presentation of evidence	the Court.	
		the court	
		Enforcement of these	
		orders is dealt with under	
		Article 82 below.	
60	Gives the Court powers	No transposition is	
	to order the preservation	required, as this relates to	
	of relevant evidence and	the internal operation of	
	to order the inspection of	the Court.	
	premises		
		Enforcement of these	
		orders is dealt with under	
		Article 82 below.	
61	Allows the Court to grant	No transposition is	
	freezing orders	required, as this relates to	
		the internal operation of	
		the Court.	
		Enforcement of these	
		orders is dealt with under	
		orders is deart with under	

		Article 82 below.	
62	Provides the Court with the ability to make provisional injunctions or other protective measures as precautionary	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. Enforcement of these orders is dealt with under Article 82 below.	
63	Allows the Court to grant permanent injunctions	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. Enforcement of these injunctions is dealt with under Article 82 below.	
64	Provides the Court with the ability to order corrective measures in relation to products found to be infringing	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. Enforcement of these orders is dealt with under Article 82 below.	
65	Sets out how the court may decide on the validity of a patent	Section 72 of the Patents Act sets out the grounds on which validity may be challenged before UK courts. Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 3 of Schedule A4, which disapplies certain sections of the Patents Act where the Court holds jurisdiction, including section 72. This is done so that national provisions	

		do not interfere with the operation of the Court.	
67	Gives the Court a power to order information to be provided to a party	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. Enforcement of these orders is dealt with under Article 82 below.	
68	Allows the Court to award damages	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. Enforcement of these awards is dealt with under Article 82 below.	
69	Sets out the ability of the Court to award costs and security for costs	No transposition is required, as this relates to the internal operation of the Court. Enforcement of these awards is dealt with under Article 82 below.	
81	Provides for a rehearing of matters after a final decision in exceptional circumstances	Although this Article largely relates to the internal operation of the Court, Article 2(5)(a) of the Order amends section 77(5A) of the Patents Act to account for the fact the the effect of an order of the Court is not normally suspended in this situation, and to provide the necessary protection for third parties in the event the patent is	

		restored.	
82	Sets out that decisions and orders shall be enforceable in any of the Contracting Member States, and shall be enforced in the same way as a national court decision	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 4 of Schedule A4, which provides the required enforcement mechanism for decisions and orders of the court, as well as mediation settlements. Arbitration awards will be enforced as New York Convention awards through the Arbitration Act 1996.	
83(1)	Provides a transitional period, during which certain actions can continue to be brought before national courts	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 2(1) of Schedule A4, which makes direct reference to the provisions of Article 83(1).	
83(2)	Sets out that actions pending before national courts are unaffected by the expiry of the transitional period	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 2(1) of Schedule A4, which states that the general provisions set out in Article 83 (including Article 83(2)) apply to actions referred to in Article 83(1).	
83(3)	Sets out that, during the transitional period, certain patents can be opted out of the Agreement, provided no action has been brought before the Court	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 2(2) of Schedule A4, which makes direct reference to the provisions of Article 83(3).	
83(4)	Sets out that the opt-out can be withdrawn,	Article 2(10) of the Order inserts paragraph 2(3) of	

	provided no action has	Schedule A4, which makes	
	been brought before a	direct reference to the	
	national court	provisions of Article 83(4).	
90	Fives the data of outry	No transposition is	
89	Fixes the date of entry	No transposition is	
	into force of the	required, as this relates to	
	Agreement	the operation of the	
		Agreement; however, the	
		Order links its own entry	
		into force to that of the	
		Agreement in Article 1(2).	