

### SCHEDULE 3

#### MONITORING

#### PART D

##### Sampling methods and sampling points

2. Subject to paragraph 1, sampling at the point of compliance must meet the following requirements:—

- (a) a sample for copper, lead or nickel must be taken at the consumer's tap without prior flushing;
- (b) a sample for any such parameter or any other chemical parameter must—
  - (i) be a random daytime sample of one litre volume; or
  - (ii) use a fixed stagnation time method that better reflects the national situation, provided that, at the supply zone level, this does not result in fewer cases of non-compliance than using the random daytime method; and
- (c) a sample for microbiological parameters at the point of compliance must be taken and handled in accordance with sampling purpose B of European standard EN ISO 19458:2006 entitled "*Water quality - Sampling for microbiological analysis (ISO 19458:2006)*"<sup>(1)</sup>.

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(1) This standard was approved by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) on 1st July 2006. Under reference BS EN ISO 19458, it is published as a UK standard by the British Standards Institution (ISBN 0 580 49136 6).