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SCOTTISH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**2001 No. 217**

**DISTRICT COURTS**

**The Justices of the Peace (Tribunal)  
(Scotland) Regulations 2001**

*Made* - - - - 23rd May 2001

*Coming into force* - - 24th May 2001

The Scottish Ministers, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9A(7) of the District Courts (Scotland) Act 1975(1) and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, hereby make the following Regulations, a draft of which has, in accordance with section 9A(9) of that Act, been laid before, and approved by resolution of the Scottish Parliament:

**Citation and commencement**

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Justices of the Peace (Tribunal) (Scotland) Regulations 2001 and shall come into force on the day after the day on which they are made.

**Interpretation**

2. In these Regulations—

“the Act” means the District Courts (Scotland) Act 1975;

“investigation” means an investigation carried out under section 9A(2) of the Act;

“justice” means the full justice who is the subject of the investigation;

“tribunal” means a tribunal constituted by and under section 9A(3) of the Act.

**Commencement of investigation**

3. Prior to an investigation by the tribunal commencing, the Scottish Ministers shall give the justice written notice of the investigation and of their reasons for requesting the investigation.

**Payments to members**

4. The Scottish Ministers may pay to a member of the tribunal such sums as they consider appropriate in respect of the performance of that person’s duties as a member.

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(1) 1975 c. 20; section 9A was inserted by the [Bail, Judicial Appointments etc. \(Scotland\) Act 2000 \(asp 9\)](#), section 9.

### **Change in membership of tribunal**

5.—(1) This regulation shall apply where, after commencement of an investigation, any member of the tribunal—

- (a) dies;
- (b) resigns; or
- (c) is, in the opinion of the Lord President, unable to act.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the Lord President shall appoint a new member to replace the member referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) Where the member referred to in paragraph (1) is not the person presiding over the tribunal, a new member need not be appointed under paragraph (2) unless the justice so wishes.

(4) On a new member being appointed under paragraph (2), the tribunal may (but need not) commence the investigation again.

### **Procedure – general**

6. Other than as specified in these Regulations, the procedure to be followed by and before the tribunal shall be that determined by the tribunal.

### **Procedure – further provisions**

7.—(1) The tribunal may receive oral or written evidence from such persons as it thinks fit.

(2) The tribunal shall give the justice the opportunity to make written and, if the justice wishes, oral representations regarding the matters which are the subject of the investigation.

(3) Representations under paragraph (2) may be made by the justice personally or by anyone acting on his or her behalf.

(4) The tribunal shall sit in private and no member shall disclose information received in the course of an investigation other than for the purposes of carrying out the functions conferred on the tribunal by the Act and these Regulations.

### **Suspension**

8.—(1) At any time during an investigation, the tribunal may suspend the justice from office or from performing functions of a judicial nature.

(2) A suspension imposed under paragraph (1) shall terminate—

- (a) on the tribunal deciding not to order removal of the justice from office; or
- (b) before then, on the tribunal deciding to bring the suspension to an end.

(3) If the tribunal so directs, a justice suspended under this regulation may remain in office as a full justice but only for the purpose of continuing to deal with proceedings commenced prior to the suspension taking effect.

### **Draft findings to be sent to justice**

9.—(1) The tribunal shall send to the justice a draft of its findings on the investigation and shall give the justice an opportunity to make comments on the draft by such date as the tribunal may specify.

(2) The tribunal shall have regard to any comments made under paragraph (1), but need not give the justice an opportunity to comment on any alterations made to the draft prior to submission of the final report under regulation 10.

### **Report and decisions**

**10.**—(1) On completion of its investigation, the tribunal shall submit a written report to the Scottish Ministers specifying—

- (a) its findings on the investigation;
- (b) its decision on whether to order removal of the justice from office or that the justice be restricted to having the functions of a signing justice; and
- (c) where appropriate, the date of removal from office or the date of restriction of functions to those of a signing justice.

(2) At the same time as submitting its report under paragraph (1), the tribunal shall send a copy of it to the justice.

St Andrew's House Edinburgh  
23rd May 2001

*JAMES R WALLACE*  
A member of the Scottish Executive

*Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.*

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This note is not part of the Regulations)*

These Regulations make provision for the procedure to be followed by and before a tribunal constituted under section 9A(3) of the District Courts (Scotland) Act 1975. Such a tribunal is constituted to carry out an investigation at the request of the Scottish Ministers in order to ascertain whether a justice is, by reason of inability, neglect of duty or misbehaviour unfit for office or unfit for performing functions of a judicial nature.

Before any investigation by a tribunal commences the Scottish Ministers must give the justice written notice of the investigation and of the reasons why the investigation has been requested (regulation 3). The Scottish Ministers are given the power to pay the members of the tribunal for carrying out their duties (regulation 4).

Subject to the specific provisions made by the Regulations, the tribunal is free to regulate its own procedure (regulation 6). The Regulations make provision for the tribunal to receive oral or written evidence; for the justice to make written or oral representations; for such representations to be made personally by the justice or anyone acting on behalf of the justice and for confidentiality of proceedings before the tribunal (regulation 7). The Regulations also make provision for the procedure to be followed where there is a change in the membership of the tribunal after an investigation has commenced (regulation 5).

The Regulations make provision for the tribunal to suspend the justice from office or from performing functions of a judicial nature during the investigation. The tribunal may direct that a justice so suspended may remain in office as a full justice for the limited purpose of continuing to deal with proceedings commenced before the suspension took effect (regulation 8).

The tribunal must send a draft of its findings on the investigation to the justice and must give the justice the opportunity to make comments on the draft (regulation 9). On completion of the investigation, the tribunal must submit a written report to the Scottish Ministers and send a copy of it to the justice. The report must specify the tribunal's findings on the investigation and its decision on whether to order removal of the justice from office or that the justice be restricted to having the functions of a signing justice (regulation 10).