## POLICY NOTE

# THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT 1988 (OFFENSIVE WEAPONS) (AMENDMENT, SURRENDER AND COMPENSATION) (SCOTLAND) ORDER 2022

# SSI 2022/XXX

The above instrument was made by the Scottish Ministers in exercise of the powers conferred by section 141(2) of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 and all other powers enabling them to do so. The instrument is subject to the affirmative procedure.

#### **Purpose of instrument:**

To add 'zombie knives' to the list of offensive weapons set out under Criminal Justice Act 1988 (Offensive Weapons) (Scotland) Order 2005 and to allow the Scottish Ministers to make arrangements for a surrender and compensation scheme for these knives which will run for the period of three months beginning with 1 July 2022.

## **Policy Objectives**

- 1. The Offensive Weapons Act 2019 ("the 2019 Act"), amongst other things, includes new legislative measures to control the sale of offensive weapons (e.g. knives) and introduces new offences relating to their possession and use.
- 2. Section 141 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 ("the 1988 Act") criminalises a person who manufactures, sells or hires or offers for sale or hire, exposes or has in their possession for the purpose of sale or hire, or lends or gives to any other person any of the weapons listed under the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (Offensive Weapons) (Scotland) Order 2005 ("the 2005 Order"). It is also an offence to possess any offensive weapon' in a public place under section 47 of the Criminal Law (Consolidation) (Scotland) Act 1995.
- 3. Section 46 of the 2019 Act will amend section 141 of the 1988 Act to make it an offence to possess a weapon to which section 141 of the 1988 applies on domestic premises. The schedule of the 2005 Order specifies the descriptions of weapons to which section 141 of the 1988 Act applies.
- 4. Section 47 of the 2019 Act (as it applies to Scotland) amends the weapons listed in the 2005 Order to include a type of weapon which is commonly known as a 'spiral/cyclone knife'. Therefore, as a result of this amendment, a 'spiral/cyclone knife' will be part of the general restrictions on the supply, sale, importation etc. of such weapons and it will also mean it will be a criminal offence to possess such a weapon on domestic premises in Scotland by virtue of the 2019 Act.
- However, section 47 of the 2019 Act (as it applies to England and Wales) amends the weapons listed in their equivalent of the 2005 Order (the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (Offensive Weapons) Order 1988) to include 'spiral/cyclone knives' and 'zombie knives'.

- 6. As 'zombie knives' are not included in the section 47 amendments (as it applies to Scotland) we considered this left a gap in the law. Therefore, the purpose of this instrument is to close this gap and amend the 2005 Order to include 'zombie knives'. This will ensure a 'zombie knife' will be treated in the same way as other offensive weapons set out under the 2005 Order in Scotland when Part 4 of the 2019 Act is commenced.
- 7. Section 46 of the 2019 Act also added new subection (12A) to section 141 of the 1988 Act. This provides that when a weapon is added to the list of weapons described in the 2005 Order the Scottish Ministers may make arrangements for the surrender of such a weapon and for a compensation scheme to be run in respect of that surrender.
- 8. This Order therefore provides that the Scottish Ministers may make arrangements for the surrender of zombie knives. That surrender will be accompanied by a compensation scheme set out in the Order. The Order provides the standard level of compensation payments which are to be made in respect of a zombie knife surrendered in accordance with arrangements made by the Scottish Ministers. It also makes provision as to eligibility for compensation and for police officers accepting the surrendered items to issue a receipt. It further provides for claims to be submitted where the items have been surrendered, and for claims forms to be transmitted to the Scottish Ministers (with the schedule setting out the claim form to be used).
- 9. The Scottish Ministers will make arrangements for a surrender scheme for zombie knives which will run for 3 months from 1 July 2022. The Scottish Ministers will determine claims and, where they consider a claim is eligble, make payment. No payment is to be due where the total claim for compensation is less than £30. When calculating the total claim for compensation, the Scottish Ministers may consider any offensive weapons which are surrendered, and for which compensation is claimed, under arrangements made by the Scottish Ministers under the section 48 of the 2019 Act and the Surrender of Offensive Weapons (Compensation) (Scotland) Regulations 2022. It is the Scottish Ministers intention that the surrender and compensation schemes will be run together so they are presented to the public as one overall scheme.

## **Impact Assessments**

10. A Data Protection Impact Assessment Report, a Data Protection Impact Assessment for Legislation and a Joint Data Controller Agreement with Police Scotland have been completed. The UK Government also prepared an impact assessment, an equality statement and an ECHR memorandum for the introduction of the 2019 Act of the UK Parliament which cover the details which we would have provided in any impact assessments concerned with this instrument. An impact assessment on the 2019 Act was published by the UK Government on the 2019 Act on the 12 October 2020.

# **Financial Effects**

11. The financial effects of this policy are set out under the financial memorandum which accompanied the Bill for the 2019 Act. Further, Home Office officials informed the Scottish Government that the total amount of compensation paid out by the UK Government on offensive weapons under its surrender and compensation scheme was £247,295.30. A detailed breakdown for the cost associated with zombie knives for the

UK Government scheme is not known. For illustrative purposes only, if 5% of the costs of the UK Government scheme had arose in connection with zombie knives, this would have amounted to approximately £12,500. This would equate to an estimated £1,250 through the Scottish scheme.

Scottish Government Justice Directorate 28 April 2022