THE GENERAL WASTE MATERIALS RECLAMATION WAGES COUNCIL (Northern Ireland) (Constitution) Order, 1948, dated 23rd JULY, 1948, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND NATIONAL Insurance for Northern Ireland under section twenty-one OF THE WAGES COUNCILS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1945 (9 & 10 Geo. 6, Ch. 21).

1948. No. 265

Whereas by virtue of Section twenty-one of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance (hereinafter referred to as "the Ministry") is empowered by Order to direct that on such date as may be specified the constitution of any Wages Council that was in existence as a Trade Board at the commencement of the Act shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act:

Now, therefore, the Ministry by virtue of the powers conferred by the said section and of every other power in that behalf hereby makes the following Order:-

Constitution of Council.

As from the date of this Order the constitution of the General Waste Materials Reclamation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Citation, commencement and interpretation.

Ch. 4.

2.—(1) This Order may be cited as the General Waste Materials Reclamation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) (Constitution) Order, 1948, and shall come into force on the date hereof.

12 Geo. 5, (2) The Interpretation Act, 1921, applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland.

> Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance for Northern Ireland this twenty-third day of July, nineteen hundred and forty-eight.

(L.S.)

# J. W. McConnell,

Assistant Secretary of the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance for Northern Ireland.

THE GENERAL WASTE MATERIALS RECLAMATION WAGES COUNCIL (Northern Ireland) Wages Regulation (No. 2) Order, 1948, dated 12th August, 1948, made by the Ministry of Labour AND NATIONAL INSURANCE UNDER SECTION 10 OF THE WAGES Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945 (9 & 10 Geo. 6, Ch. 21).

anded 1949 S.Roto (N.1) 38

1948 No. 274

WHEREAS the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance (hereinafter referred to as "the Ministry") has received from the General Waste Materials Reclamation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) wages

regulation proposals for fixing the minimum remuneration to be paid to the workers in relation to whom the Council operates in substitution for the minimum remuneration fixed by the General Waste Materials Reclamation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages Regulation Order, 1948, (a) dated the 5th day of January, 1948;

Now, THEREFORE, the Ministry by virtue of Section 10 of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, and of every other power in that behalf hereby makes the following Order:—

- 1. As from the specified date the General Waste Materials Reclam-Statutory ation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages Regulation Order, 1948 minimum remuneration.
  (a) shall cease to have effect and the statutory minimum remuneration set out in the Schedule to this Order shall be paid to the workers therein specified.
- 2. In this Order the expression "the specified date" means the Commence-18th day of August, 1948. Provided that where, as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression "the specified date" means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.
- 3.—(1) This Order may be cited as the General Waste Materials Short title Reclamation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages Regulation tation. (No. 2) Order, 1948.
- (2) The Interpretation Act, 1921, applies to the interpretation <sup>12</sup> Geo. 5, of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance for Northern Ireland this twelfth day of August, nineteen hundred and forty-eight, in the presence of

(L.S.)

R. Eagleson,

Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance for Northern Ireland.

## SCHEDULE

# STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES

Male Workers			Per hour.	Per week of 44 hours.
Paragraph 1.			_	
Workers of—			s. d.	s. d.
.21 years of age and over		•••	1 10½	82 6
18 and under 21 years of a	ige		1 6	66 0
17 , 18 ,		•••	1 , 0 <del>1</del>	45 10
16 ,, 17 ,,	•••	•••	0 11	40 4
Under 16 years of age	•••	•••	0 9	33 0

<sup>(</sup>a) S. R. & O. 1948, No. 6.

FEMALE WORKERS

# WAGES COUNCILS

Per week of

Per hour.

' n		44.1
Paragraph 2.		44 hours.
Workers of—	s. d	s. d.
20 years of age and over	1 0	44 0
18 and under 20 years of age	0 10 0 8 <del>1</del>	36 8 31 2
Under 18 years of age	0 02	, .
PIECE WORK BASIS TIM	ME RATES	
		Per hour.
PARAGRAPH 3.	• •	s. d.
Male Workers	•••	1 111
Paragraph 4.		
Female Workers		1 2
ATTACHMENT STATES		,
OVERTIME — ALL W	ORKERS	
Paragraph 5. (1) Overtime rates shall be payable to workers em	ployed on time wo	ork as follows :—
(a) On any day other than Saturday (or t		
therefor), Sunday or a public holiday or ment —	ustomarily observ	ed in the estab-
(i) For the first two hours worked in ex	xcess of	•
8 hours	TIME-AND-A	A-QUARTER
(ii) Thereafter	TIME-AND-	A-HALF
Provided that, where the employer requ	iires attendance o	on only five days
in the week, the said overtime rates sh	all be payable on	those five days
after 9 and 11 hours' work respectively.	• •	
(b) On Saturday (or the weekly short day su (i) For the first two hours worked in e	ibstituted therefor xcess of	î) <del></del>
4 hours	TIME-AND-	A-QUARTER
(ii) Thereafter	TIME-AND-	A-HALF
(c) On Sunday or a public holiday customar.  For all time worked	ily observed in the Double Ti	
(d) In any week—	,	
For all time worked in excess of 44	hours TIME-AND	-A-QUARTER
except in so far as higher overtime provisions of sub-paragraph (1) (a)	e rates may be paragraphs, $(b)$ or $(c)$ of this	ayable under the paragraph.
Provided that overtime rates shall be pay	vable in respect of	overtime worked
on any day, notwithstanding that the nu does not exceed 44.		
Provided also that, where it is the estal	blished practice o	f an employer to
require attendance on Saturday in alter		
shall be payable in the week in which only after 47 hours have been worked.	attendance on Sat	urday is required
(2) Where it is the established practice of an e		
Sunday instead of Saturday, the overtime rat	es as set out in th	is paragraph shall
apply to workers in like manner as if the for "Sunday" and the word "Sunday" for	"Saturday."	were substituted
(3) Workers employed on piece work shall be en		
hour of overtime worked, in addition to pied		
in the circumstances of the case, to an ordina of money as the appropriate piece work basi		the same amount
an amount equivalent to one-quarter, o		nole of the appro-
priate piece work basis time rate		
according as the overtime rate payable und	ler the foregoing	provisions of this
paragraph, if the worker had been employed equivalent to time-and-a-quarter, time-and-		
equivalent to time-and-a-quarter; time-and-	a-man or double f	une, respectively.
	*	

Paragraph 6.
For the purposes of paragraph 5 of this Schedule, the expressions time-and-a-quarter, time-and-a-half and double time mean respectively, one-and-a-quarter times, one-and-a-half times and twice the minimum rate otherwise applicable.

The Hours of Work of Women and Young Persons are subject to the provisions of the Factories Act (Northern-Ireland), 1938 (a).

#### GENERAL

# APPLICATION OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION TO PIECE WORKERS

#### Paragraph 7.

In the case of male or female workers employed on piece work, each piece rate paid must be such as will yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate. In determining whether any piece rate satisfies the foregoing condition regard shall be had only to the earnings of workers of ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question and not to the earnings of workers of less than ordinary skill and experience.

# EMPLOYMENT OF JUVENILE WORKERS ON PIECE WORK

#### PARACRAPH 8:

An employer shall, in any case where a learner or other juvenile worker is employed on piece work during the first six months of his employment in the trade, be deemed to pay wages at less than the minimum rate unless he shows that such worker has received, in respect of his employment on piece work in each week during that period, at least the same amount of money as such worker would have been entitled to receive if employed on time work.

An employer shall, in any case where any such worker is so employed at any time subsequent to the first six months of his employment in the trade, be deemed to pay wages at less than the minimum rate unless he shows that such worker has, in respect of his employment on piece work, been paid at piece rates which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker (not being a juvenile worker) at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate.

#### WAITING TIME

#### PARAGRAPH 9.

- (1) A worker shall be entitled to payment of statutory minimum remuneration as aforesaid during all the time during which he is present on the premises of his employer unless he is so present without his employer's consent, express or implied, or for some purpose unconnected with his work and other than that of waiting for work to be given to him to perform.
- (2) A piece worker shall during any time during which he is present as aforesaid and is not doing piece work be entitled to payment of the general minimum time rate applicable to the workers of the class to which he belongs.

  Provisions (1) and (2) do not apply when—
  - (a) a worker is present on his employer's premises by reason only of the fact that he is resident thereon, or
  - (b) a worker is present on his employer's premises during normal meal times in a room or place in which no work is being done and is not waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

## APPLICABILITY OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION

# PARAGRAPH 10.

The statutory minimum remuneration aforesaid shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, to workers in relation to whom the General Waste Materials Reclamation Wages Council (Northern Ireland) operates, that is to say, workers employed in Northern Ireland in the trade specified in the Trade Boards (General Waste Materials Reclamation Trade, Northern Ireland) (Constitution, Proceedings and Meetings) Regulations, 1924 (b), dated 19th November, 1924, namely:—

(1) The collecting, sorting or grading of the following materials:—rags; waste paper, paper stock; woollen, worsted, cotton, jute, flax, hemp or other textile waste; textile clippings or cuttings; used bags, sacks or sacking; scrap rubber;

<sup>(</sup>a) 2 Geo. 6, Ch. 23. (b) S. R. & O. 1924, No. 93.

- scrap iron or other scrap metal; fur cuttings; rabbit skins, bones or fat; used tins; broken glass or earthenware.
- (2) The collecting, sorting or grading of the following articles when collected, sorted or graded in association with or in conjunction with the collecting, sorting or grading of the waste materials specified above:—discarded clothing (including head-gear or foot-gear); discarded textile articles; old ropes; used bottles or used jars.
- (3) The following operations when carried on in association with or in conjunction with the collecting, sorting or grading of any or all of the waste materials specified in (1) above:—the ripping of worn clothes for rags; the picking of old ropes; the trimming of paper salvage; the washing of used bottles or used jars; the washing of used tins; the breaking of scrap metal; the drying of rabbit skins; the making or repairing of sacks or bags; the willowing, pulling, scouring, carbonising or putting down mixings of textile waste.
- (4) The operations of receiving, packing, compressing, teagling, craning, despatching or warehousing when carried on in association with or in conjunction with any of the above-mentioned operations.

But excluding-

- (a) Any of the above-mentioned operations when carried on in the establishment in which waste materials are produced or in which they are used as raw materials for further manufacture.
- (b) The making or repairing of sacks or bags when carried on in a factory or workshop engaged solely or mainly in the making or repairing of sacks or bags.
- (c) The collecting, sorting, grading or drying of rabbit skins when carried on in an establishment in which such operations are the main or principal business or when carried on in or in association with or in conjunction with any business, establishment, branch or department engaged in the manufacture of hatter's fur.
- (d) (i) The collecting, sorting or grading of cotton waste when carried on in an establishment in which such operations are the main or principal business.
  - (ii) Any of the operations included in paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) above, other than the operations specified in paragraph (d) (i) above, when carried on in or in association with or in conjunction with any establishment of the kind specified in sub-paragraph (i) above.

# Laundry Wages Council (Northern Ireland)

THE LAUNDRY WAGES COUNCIL (NORTHERN IRELAND) (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1948, DATED 11TH MAY, 1948, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND NATIONAL INSURANCE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND UNDER SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE WAGES COUNCILS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1945 (9 AND 10 GEO. 6, CH. 21).

### 1948. No. 137

Whereas by virture of Section twenty-one of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance (hereinafter referred to as "the Ministry") is empowered by Order to direct that on such date as may be specified the constitution of any Wages Council that was in existence as a Trade Board at the commencement of the Act shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act;