SCHEDULE II.

COURT FEES PAYABLE (COUNTY COURT STAMPS).

	£	s	d
Filing Notice of Appeal	0	5	0
On any Final Order	0	10	0

COSTS.

		£	s	d
Solicitor	... For taking instructions for appeal or opposing appeal, advising thereon, taking instructions for hearing, advising proofs and attending and instructing Counsel when employed	1	10	0
Solicitor	... Drawing notice of appeal and copy for service ...	0	15	0
Solicitor	... Service of notice of appeal	0	2	0
Solicitor	... Entering appeal, attending the hearing with or without Counsel and for all other charges, save brief for Counsel, up to the order and taking out same	3	0	0
Solicitor	... Brief for Counsel	0	15	0
Counsel	... Fee on hearing	3	3	0

DANGEROUS DRUGS.

Manufacture and Sale, p. 72. | *Raw Opium, p.* 88.

Manufacture and Sale.

THE DANGEROUS DRUGS REGULATIONS DATED 16TH DAY OF MAY, 1938, MADE BY THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS IN PURSUANCE OF SECTION 7 OF THE DANGEROUS DRUGS ACT, 1920 (10 & 11 GEO. 5, C. 46), FOR CONTROLLING THE MANUFACTURE, SALE, POSSESSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF DANGEROUS DRUGS TO WHICH PART III OF THAT ACT APPLIES.*

1938. No. 55.

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS.

*At the date of the coming into operation of these Regulations the drugs to which Part III of the principal Act applies are:—

(*a*) medicinal opium ;

(*b*) any extract or tincture of Indian hemp ;

(*c*) morphine and its salts; and diacetylmorphine (commonly known as diamorphine or heroin) and the other esters of morphine and their respective salts ;

(*d*) cocaine (including synthetic cocaine) and ecgonine and their respective salts, and the esters of ecgonine and their respective salts ;

(*e*) any solution or dilution of morphine or cocaine or their salts in an inert substance whether liquid or solid, containing any proportion of morphine or cocaine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance (not being such a solution or dilution as aforesaid) containing not less than one-fifth per cent. of morphine or one-tenth per cent. of cocaine ;

(*f*) any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of diacetylmorphine or of the other esters of morphine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of ecgonine or of the esters of ecgonine ;

(*g*) dihydrohydroxycodeinone, dihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphinone, acetyldihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphine, their esters and the salts of any of these substances and of their esters, morphine-N-oxide (commonly known as genomorphine), the morphine-N-oxide derivatives, and any other pentavalent nitrogen morphine derivatives ;

(*h*) thebaine and its salts, and (with the exception of methylmorphine, commonly known as codeine, and ethylmorphine, commonly known as dionin, and their respective salts) benzylmorphine and the other ethers of morphine and their respective salts ;

(*i*) any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any of the substances mentioned in paragraph (*g*) or in paragraph (*h*) ;

except such preparations as are specified in the Schedule to an Order in Council dated 13th April, 1937 (S.R. & O. 1937, No. 327).

In pursuance of section seven of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1920, as adapted by the General Adaptation of Enactments (Northern Ireland) Order, 1921, I, The Right Honourable Sir Richard Dawson Bates, Bart., Minister of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, hereby make the following Regulations :—

Manufacture of drugs.

1.—A person shall not manufacture, or carry on any process in the manufacture of, a drug—

(*a*) unless he is duly authorised so to do :

(*b*) except on authorised premises :

(*c*) otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of his authority.

Supply, procuring and advertising of drugs and preparations.

2.—(1) A person shall not, unless he is duly authorised so to do or otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of his authority, supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, to or for any person (including himself), or advertise for sale, a drug or preparation.

(2) Subject as hereinafter provided, a person in Northern Ireland shall not supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, a drug

or preparation to or for any person in the United Kingdom or the Isle of Man unless that person is authorised to be in possession of the drug or preparation and the drug or preparation is to be supplied or procured in accordance with the terms and conditions of that person's authority :

Provided that for the purpose of this paragraph of this Regulation the administration of a drug or preparation by, or under the direct personal supervision and in the presence of, a duly qualified medical practitioner, or by, or under the direct personal supervision of and in the presence of, a registered dentist in the course of dental treatment, shall not be deemed to be the supplying of a drug or preparation.

For the purpose of this paragraph of this Regulation "authority" means in the case of a person in Great Britain or the Isle of Man any licence or authority issued or granted in that behalf by the Secretary of State or the Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man, as the case may be, and the person "authorised" shall be construed accordingly.

Possession of drugs and preparations.

3.—(1) A person shall not be in possession of a drug or preparation unless he is duly so authorised.

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations—

(*a*) a person to whom a drug or preparation is lawfully supplied—

(i) by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered veterinary surgeon who dispenses his own medicines; or

(ii) on a prescription lawfully given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, a registered dentist or a registered veterinary surgeon

shall be deemed to be a person authorised to be in possession of the drug or preparation so supplied :

Provided that a person supplied with a drug or preparation by, or on a prescription given by, a medical practitioner shall not be deemed to be a person authorised to be in possession of the drug or preparation if he was then being supplied with a drug or preparation by, or on a prescription given by, another medical practitioner in the course of treatment and did not disclose the fact to the first-mentioned medical practitioner before the supply by him or on his prescription.

(*b*) a person shall be deemed to be in possession of a drug or preparation if it is in his actual custody or is held by any other person subject to his control or for him or on his behalf.

Restriction on delivery of drugs and preparations to messengers.

4.—(1) Where a drug or preparation is to be lawfully supplied to any person (hereinafter referred to as " the recipient ") otherwise than by, or on a prescription given by, a duly qualified medical practitioner, the person supplying the drug or preparation (hereinafter referred to as " the supplier ") shall not deliver it to a person who purports to be sent by or on behalf of the recipient, unless that person either—

(*a*) is a person authorised under these Regulations to be in possession of that drug or preparation; or

(*b*) produces to the supplier a statement in writing signed by the recipient to the effect that he is authorised by the recipient to receive the drug or preparation in question on behalf of the recipient and the supplier is reasonably satisfied that the document is a genuine document.

(2) A person to whom a drug or preparation is lawfully delivered in the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (1) (*b*) of this Regulation shall be deemed to be a person authorised to be in possession thereof, but for such period only as in the circumstances of the case is reasonably sufficient to enable the delivery to the recipient to be effected.

General authority for certain classes of persons to possess and supply drugs and preparations.

5.—Persons who are members of the following classes, that is to say—

(*a*) duly qualified medical practitioners :

(*b*) registered dentists :

(*c*) registered veterinary surgeons :

(*d*) pharmaceutical chemists who are employed or engaged in dispensing medicines at a public hospital or other public institution :

(*e*) persons who are in charge of a laboratory used for purposes of research or instruction and attached to a university, university college, public hospital or other institution approved for the purpose of this Regulation by the Minister of Home Affairs :

(*f*) persons duly appointed by a local authority as analysts of articles of food and drugs under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, 1875-1907 :

(*g*) persons acting as sampling officers under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, 1875-1907 :

(*h*) pharmacy inspector appointed under Section eight of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1925 :

(*i*) persons authorised by the Ministry of Labour for the purpose of testing the quality and amount of the drugs, preparations and appliances supplied to insured persons under the National Health Insurance Act, 1936, and the Regulations made thereunder :

are hereby authorised, so far as may be necessary for the practice or exercise of their respective professions, functions or employments, in their capacity as members of their respective classes, to be in possession of and to supply drugs or preparations :

Provided that a dentist shall not be authorised to supply drugs or preparations unless the drugs or preparations are administered by, or under his direct supervision and in his presence to persons receiving treatment from him.

And provided that no person shall be deemed to be an authorised person within the meaning of this article who, having been similarly authorised in Great Britain or Eire, has had such authorisation withdrawn.

General authority for persons who are authorised sellers of poisons to manufacture preparations and retail drugs and preparations.

6.—(1) Persons or bodies corporate licensed to carry on the business of pharmaceutical chemists under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, are hereby authorised—

(*a*) to manufacture on their premises in respect of which they are licensed in the ordinary course of their retail business (i) any extract or tincture of Indian hemp, and (ii) any preparation; and

(*b*) subject to the provisions of these Regulations to carry on on the premises in respect of which they are licensed the business of retailing, dispensing or compounding drugs or preparations.

(2) Persons or bodies corporate licensed to carry on the business of chemists and druggists and registered druggists under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, are hereby authorised—

(*a*) to manufacture, on the premises in respect of which they are licensed, in the ordinary course of their retail business (i) any extract of Indian hemp and (ii) any preparation; and

(*b*) subject to the provisions of these Regulations carry on on the premises in respect of which they are licensed the business of retailing drugs or preparations.

(3) Every drug or preparation in the actual custody of a person authorised by virtue of this Regulation shall be kept in a locked receptacle which can be opened only by him or by some assistant of his being a pharmaceutical chemist, chemist and druggist, druggist, or certified assistant to a pharmaceutical chemist.

Withdrawal of authority.

7.—(1) If any person, being an authorised person, is convicted of an offence against the principal Act or of an offence under the enactments relating to the Customs as applied by the principal Act, the Minister of Home Affairs may, if he is of opinion that that person cannot properly be allowed to remain an authorised person, by notice in the Belfast Gazette, withdraw the authority of that person ;

Provided that—

(*a*) in the case of a person authorised by virtue of the last preceding Regulation, the Minister of Home Affairs shall, before withdrawing the authority consult the council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Northern Ireland; and

(*b*) nothing in this Regulation shall be taken to prejudice any power otherwise vested in the Minister of Home Affairs of withdrawing any authority granted by him.

(2) Where the person whose authority is withdrawn under paragraph (1) of this Regulation is a duly qualified medical practitioner, a registered dentist or a registered veterinary surgeon, the Minister of Home Affairs may, by notice given in like manner, direct that it shall not be lawful for that person to give prescriptions for the purposes of these Regulations.

(3) If the Minister of Home Affairs has reason to suspect that a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist is supplying or prescribing drugs or preparations to or for either himself or any other person otherwise than is properly required for the purpose of the medical or dental treatment of himself or that other person, the Minister of Home Affairs may refer the matter to a tribunal constituted in accordance with the provisions contained in the First Schedule to these Regulations, and, if the tribunal so recommend the Minister of Home Affairs may, by notice in the Belfast Gazette, withdraw the authority of the practitioner or dentist to supply, procure or be in possession of drugs or preparations and give the like direction with respect to him as may be given under paragraph (2) of this Regulation.

Form of prescription.

8.—(1) For the purposes of these Regulations a prescription means a prescription directing the supply of a drug or preparation and given either by a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, by a registered dentist for the purposes of dental treatment or by a registered veterinary surgeon for the purposes of animal treatment.

(2) A person by whom a prescription is given shall comply with the following requirements—

The prescription must—

(*a*) be in writing and signed by the person giving it with his usual signature and dated by him :

(*b*) except in the case of a health prescription, specify the address of the person giving it :

(*c*) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if it is given by a veterinary surgeon, of the person to whom the article prescribed is to be delivered :

(*d*) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words

"For local dental treatment only," and, if given by a veterinary surgeon, the words "For animal treatment only":

(*e*) specify, if it prescribes a preparation contained, or compounded of preparations all of which are contained in the British Pharmacopœia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex or the Drug Tariff issued by the Ministry of Labour for the purposes of national health insurance, the total amount of the preparation or of each preparation, as the case may be, and in any other case the total amount of the drug to be supplied.

Provisions as to dispensing of prescriptions.

9.—(1) A person shall not supply a drug or preparation on a prescription—

(*a*) unless the prescription complies with the provisions of these Regulations relating to prescriptions; and

(*b*) unless, in the case of a health prescription, he has no reason to suppose that it is not genuine, or, in the case of any other prescription, he either—

(i) is acquainted with the signature of the person by whom it purports to have been given and has no reason to suppose that it is not genuine; or

(ii) has taken reasonably sufficient steps to satisfy himself that it is genuine.

(2) If a prescription expressly states that it may, subject to the lapse of a specified interval or of specified intervals, be dispensed a second or third time, the drug or preparation thereby prescribed may, as the case may be, be supplied a second or a third time after the specified interval or intervals and no more, but, subject as aforesaid, a prescription shall not for the purposes of these Regulations be taken to authorise the drug or preparation prescribed to be supplied more than once.

(3) The person dispensing a prescription shall, at the time of dispensing it, mark thereon the date on which it is dispensed, and in the case of a prescription which may be dispensed a second or third time, the date of each occasion on which it is dispensed, and shall, unless it is a health prescription, retain it and keep it on the premises where it is dispensed and so as to be at all times available for inspection.

Marking of packages or bottles.

10.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, no person shall—

(*a*) supply a drug unless the package or bottle in which it is contained is plainly marked with the amount of the drug contained therein; or

(*b*) supply a preparation, unless the package or bottle in which it is contained is plainly marked—

(i) in the case of a powder, solution or ointment, with the total amount thereof in the package or bottle and the percentage of the drug contained in the powder, solution or ointment; or

(ii) in the case of tablets or other similar articles, with the amount of the drug in each article and the number of articles in the package or bottle.

(2) This Regulation shall not apply in a case where a preparation is lawfully supplied in accordance with these Regulations by, or on a prescription lawfully given by a duly qualified medical practitioner.

Keeping of records.

11.—(1) Every person authorised to supply drugs or preparations shall comply with the following provisions—

(*a*) he shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, keep a register in the form set out in the Second Schedule to these Regulations and enter therein true particulars with respect to every quantity of any drug or preparation obtained by him and with respect to every quantity of any drug or preparation supplied by him, whether to persons within or to persons outside Northern Ireland :

(*b*) a separate register or a separate part of the register shall be used with respect to each of the following classes of drugs and preparations—

(i) cocaine and ecgonine, and preparations containing cocaine or ecgonine,

(ii) morphine, and preparations containing morphine,

(iii) diacetylmorphine, and preparations containing diacetylmorphine,

(iv) medicinal opium,

(v) extracts or tinctures of Indian hemp,

(vi) dihydrohydroxycodeinone (commonly known as eucodal), and preparations containing dihydrohydroxycodeinone,

(vii) dihydrocodeinone (commonly known as dicodide), and preparations containing dihydrocodeinone,

(viii) dihydromorphinone (commonly known as dilaudide), and preparations containing dihydromorphinone.:

(*c*) the required entry must be made on the day on which the drug or preparation is received or on which the transaction with respect to the supply by him of the drug or preparation takes place, or, if that is not reasonably practicable, on the day next following the said day :

(*d*) a separate register shall be kept in respect of each set of premises at which the authorised person carries on business and, subject to the approval of the Minister of Home

Affairs, an authorised person may, if he thinks fit, keep a separate register for each department of the business carried on by him :

(*e*) no cancellation, obliteration or alteration shall be made of an entry in the register and any correction of an entry must be made by way of a marginal note or a footnote which must specify the date on which the correction is made :

(*f*) the authorised person shall, on demand by the Minister of Home Affairs or by any person empowered in that behalf by order in writing by the Minister of Home Affairs, furnish to the Minister of Home Affairs or that person, as the case may be, such particulars as the Minister of Home Affairs or that person may require with respect to the obtaining or supplying by the authorised person of any drug or preparation or with respect to any stocks of drugs or preparations in the possession of the authorised person :

(*g*) the register may be used for the purpose of the entries required to be made under Section two of the Poisons (Ireland) Act, 1870, but save as aforesaid shall not be used for any purpose other than the purposes of these Regulations.

(2) So much of this Regulation as requires a person to enter in the register particulars with respect to drugs or preparations supplied by him shall not apply to—

(*a*) a duly qualified medical practitioner who enters in a day book particulars of every drug or preparation supplied by him to any person, together with the name and address of that person and the date of the supply, and enters in a separate book kept for the purposes of this Regulation a proper reference to each entry in the day book which relates to the supply of any drug or preparation ; or

(*b*) a person or body corporate licensed under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, to carry on the business of pharmaceutical chemist, chemist and druggist or druggist who enters in a separate book kept for the purposes of this Regulation a proper reference to each entry in the Poison or Prescription Book which relates to the supply of any drug or preparation.

(3) References in the separate book must be made in chronological order and the book must be kept in separate parts relating respectively to each of the several classes of drugs and preparations specified in paragraph (1) of this Regulation, and must not be used for any purpose other than the purposes of paragraph (2) of this Regulation.

(4) The entry in the day book or in the separate book must be made on the day on which, but for this paragraph of this Regulation,

an entry would have been required to be made in the register, and sub-paragraph (*e*) of paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall apply as respects any such entry.

(5) Every register, every separate book kept under the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Regulation, every day book in which any entry with respect to the supply of a drug or preparation is made and every Poison or Prescription book containing an entry which is referred to in the separate book shall be kept on the premises to which the register or book relates or where the prescription was dispensed, as the case may be, and so as to be at all times available for inspection.

(6) Every entry required to be made under this Regulation and every correction of such an entry must be made in ink or otherwise so as to be indelible.

(7) For the purposes of this Regulation—

(i) a drug or preparation administered by, or under the direct supervision and in the presence of, a duly qualified medical practitioner or a registered dentist shall not be deemed to have been supplied by him;

(ii) "a proper reference" means a reference which is entered in the separate book under the same date as that on which the entry in the day book or in the Poison or Prescription book was made and is otherwise such as to enable that entry to be easily identified.

Drugs or Preparations consigned to places outside Northern Ireland not to be diverted to other destinations.

12.—(1) If any drugs or preparations authorised under the law of any country outside Northern Ireland to be exported therefrom to any destination outside Northern Ireland are brought into Northern Ireland, no person shall in Northern Ireland, without authority in that behalf from the Minister of Home Affairs, cause or procure those drugs or preparations to be diverted to any other destination.

(2) For the purposes of this Regulation the destination to which any drugs or preparations are authorised to be exported shall be taken to be the destination stated in the authority for the export thereof from the country of export.

Special provisions with respect to masters of ships and farmers and stock-owners.

13.—(1) The master of a ship which does not carry on board as part of her complement a duly qualified medical practitioner is hereby authorised—

(*a*) so far as necessary for the purpose of compliance with the Acts relating to merchant shipping, to be in possession of drugs and preparations; and

(*b*) subject to and in accordance with any conditions imposed by the Minister of Home Affairs and any instructions issued by the Board of Trade, to supply drugs and preparations to members of the crew.

(2) Where a drug or preparation is supplied to a member of the crew of a ship, the entry in the official log-book, in accordance with paragraph (5) of section two hundred and forty of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, of the medical treatment adopted shall, notwithstanding anything in these Regulations, be a sufficient record of the supply, if that entry specifies the drug or preparation supplied.

(3) The master of a foreign ship which is in a port in Northern Ireland is hereby authorised to purchase and be in possession of such quantity of drugs or preparations as may be certified by the medical officer of health of the port where the ship is, or in his absence by the assistant medical officer of health, to be necessary for the equipment of the ship until it next reaches its home port.

A person who supplies a drug or preparation in accordance with a certificate given under this paragraph of this Regulation shall retain the certificate and mark it with the date on which the drug or preparation was supplied and keep it on his premises and so as to be at all times available for inspection.

(4) Farmers and stockowners who have obtained a Certificate for the purpose, in the form set out in the Third Schedule to these Regulations, from the County Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary for the area in which they carry on business, are hereby authorised to be in possession of tincture of opium, B.P. commonly known as laudanum for use solely in the treatment of animals, subject to the conditions specified in the certificate.

Preservation of documents.

14.—(1) All registers, records, books, prescriptions and other documents which are kept, issued or made in pursuance of the requirements or for the purposes of these Regulations shall be preserved in the case of a register, book or other like record for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry is made therein, and in the case of any other document for a period of two years from the date on which it is issued or made.

(2) Every signed order given for the purpose of Section 4 (2) (a) of the Dangerous Drugs and Poisons (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland), 1924, for a drug or preparation shall be preserved for a period of two years from the date on which the last delivery under the order was made.

Power to exempt hospitals, etc.

15.—The Minister of Home Affairs may, subject to such conditions as he may prescribe, exempt any hospital or other public institution or any nursing home registered under the Midwives and Nursing Homes Act (Northern Ireland), 1929, from any provision of these Regulations.

Regulations not to apply to certain drugs and preparations and prescriptions.

16.—Nothing in these Regulations shall apply to—

(*a*) any of the drugs or preparations mentioned in the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations or to a drug or preparation which has been denatured in manner approved by the Minister of Home Affairs :

(*b*) (i) any prescription issued for the purposes of a scheme for testing the quality and amount of the drugs and appliances supplied to insured persons under the National Health Insurance Act, 1936, and the Regulations made thereunder ;

(ii) any prescription issued to a sampling officer for the purposes of the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, 1875-1907.

Interpretation.

17.—(1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say—

" Authority " means—

(*a*) any licence issued by the Minister of Home Affairs under section twelve of the principal Act as adapted by the General Adaptation of Enactments (Northern Ireland) Order, 1921 :

(*b*) any authority granted by the Minister of Home Affairs under that section ; and

(*c*) any general authorisation conferred by these Regulations ;

and the expression " authorised " shall be construed accordingly :

" Drug " means any drug, not being a preparation within the meaning of these Regulations, to which Part III of the principal Act applies :

" Health prescription " means a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner under and in accordance with the Acts relating to national health insurance, or given by a duly qualified medical practitioner upon a form issued by a local authority for use in connection with a health service of that authority :

" Poison or Prescription Book " means either of the books required to be kept under Section two of the Poisons (Ireland) Act, 1870 :

" Preparation " means any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing such a proportion of a drug

as is sufficient to make the preparation, admixture, extract or substance a drug to which Part III of the principal Act applies :

" Principal Act " means the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1920, and references in these Regulations to that Act shall be construed as references to that Act as amended by any subsequent enactment or as extended by any Order in Council made under subsection (2) of section eight of that Act :

" Register " means a bound book and does not include any form of loose leaf register or card index.

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations, but subject in each case to any limitation attached to his authority—

(*a*) a person authorised to manufacture a drug shall be deemed to be authorised to supply that drug ; and

(*b*) a person authorised to supply a drug or preparation shall be deemed to be a person authorised to be in possession of, to procure, to offer to supply or procure, and to advertise for sale, that drug or preparation.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889, as applied to Northern Ireland by the Interpretation Act, 1921, shall apply to the interpretation of these Regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Citation-commencement, and repeal.

18.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1938.

(2) These Regulations shall come into operation on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight.

(3) The Regulations set out in the Fifth Schedule to these Regulations are hereby repealed.

Provided that this repeal shall not affect any order made or any direction or authority given under the said Regulations, and every such order, direction or authority shall continue in force and, so far as it could have been made or given under these Regulations, shall have effect as if made or given thereunder.

(Signed) R. DAWSON BATES,
Minister of Home Affairs
for Northern Ireland.

Stormont, Belfast.
16th day of May, 1938.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Constitution of Reference Tribunal for the purpose of Regulation 7 (3).

1. The Tribunal shall consist, in the case of a duly qualified medical practitioner, of three duly qualified medical practitioners, and, in the case of a registered dentist, of three registered dentists, together in either case with a legal assessor.

2. The members of the Tribunal and the legal assessor shall be appointed by the Minister of Home Affairs.

3. In the case of a duly qualified medical practitioner, one of the members of the tribunal shall be appointed on the nomination of the General Medical Council, one on the nomination of the British Medical Association, and one on the nomination of the Medical Faculty of Queen's University of Belfast.

4. In the case of a registered dentist, one of the members of the tribunal shall be appointed on the nomination of the Dental Board of the United Kingdom, one on the nomination of the General Medical Council, and one on the nomination of the British Dental Association, or, if the dentist is registered by virtue of the provisions of section three of the Dentists Act, 1921, or section one of the Dentists Act, 1923, of the Incorporated Dental Society, Limited.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FORM OF REGISTER.

PART I.

Entries to be made in case of drugs or preparations obtained.

(The class of drugs and preparations to which the entries relate to be specified at the head of each page in the Register).

Date on which supply received.	Address of person or firm from whom obtained.	Name of person or firm from whom obtained.	Amount obtained.	Form in which obtained.

PART II.

Entries to be made in case of drugs or preparations supplied.

(The class of drugs and preparations to which the entries relate to be specified at the head of each page in the Register).

Date on which the transaction was effected.	Name and Address of person or firm supplied.	Authority of person or firm supplied to be in possession.	Amount supplied.	Form in which supplied.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

DANGEROUS DRUGS ACTS, 1920—1932.

CERTIFICATE AUTHORISING FARMERS AND STOCKOWNERS TO PURCHASE TINCTURE OF OPIUM, B.P. COMMONLY KNOWN AS LAUDANUM, FOR ADMINISTRATION TO ANIMALS.

I hereby certify that*.....

.....

.....

is a person carrying on the business of a farmer or stockowner and is authorised in pursuance of Regulation 13 (4) of the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1938, to be in possession of tincture of opium, B.P. commonly known as laudanum, subject to the following conditions:—

(*a*) He shall not have in his possession at any one time more than 32 ozs.

(*b*) He may only purchase from the person named on the back hereof.

(*c*) He must produce this certificate on the occasion of each purchase to the person supplying him, and the person supplying must enter on back of the certificate, at the time of purchase, the date of purchase and the quantity purchased, and attach his signature thereto.

(*d*) The tincture of opium shall be kept by him or his responsible manager under lock and key and shall only be issued to responsible persons in his employment and only for the purpose of administration to animals. Each bottle or vessel containing the tincture shall be labelled with the words "For administration to animals only."

(*e*) He must produce this certificate for inspection when required by any constable or by any person authorised for the purpose by the Minister of Home Affairs, and must furnish the Minister of Home Affairs with such particulars of his purchases as may be required.

(*f*) This certificate is valid only for the person and in respect of the address which is named herein. If he ceases to carry on business at the address named he must return the certificate immediately to the District Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, and if a certificate is desired in respect of another address, must make application to him for such certificate.

(g) This certificate shall continue in force until revoked by the County Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary or by the Minister of Home Affairs, and on revocation shall be surrendered to the District Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary.

.....

County Inspector, Royal Ulster Constabulary.

Date.....

*Insert full name and address.

BACK OF FORM.

Name and address of person from whom the holder intends to purchase.

TINCTURE OF OPIUM.

(To be filled in by the holder).

Name (in full) .....

Address .....

.....

If the holder desires to change the chemist from whom he purchases, he must surrender this certificate to the District Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary so that a new one may be issued in its stead.

To be filled in by the supplier on the occasion of any purchase by the holder.

Date of Purchase.	Quantity Purchased.	Signature of Supplier.

When this certificate is filled up, the holder should return it to the District Inspector of the Royal Ulster Constabulary and make application for a new one.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Drugs and Preparations exempted from these Regulations.

Pasta Arsenicalis, B.P.C. 1934.
Pil. Ipecac. c. Scilla, B.P.C. 1934.
Pil. Digitalis et Opii Co., B.P.C. 1923.
Pil. Hydrarg. c. Cret. et Opii, B.P.C. 1934.
Pulv. Cretæ Aromat. c. Opio, B.P. 1932.
Pulv. Ipecac. et Opii, B.P. 1932.
Suppos. Plumbi c. Opio, B.P. 1932.
Tabellæ Plumbi c. Opio, B.P.C. 1934.
Elixir Diamorphinæ et Terpini c. Apomorphina, B.P.C. 1934.
Linctus Diamorphinæ Camphoratus, B.P.C. 1923 and 1934.
Linctus Diamorphinæ c. Ipecacuanha, B.P.C. 1934.
Linctus Diamorphinæ et Scillæ, B.P.C. 1923 and 1934.
Linctus Diamorphinæ et Thymi, B.P.C. 1923 and 1934.
Mixtures of Pulv. Ipecac. et Opii, B.P. 1932 with any of the following:—
Hydrarg. c. Cret., B.P., 1914 and 1932.
Acetylsalicylic Acid.
Phenacetin.
Quinine and its Salts.
Sodium Bi-carbonate.
Cocaine Eyedrops—a preparation consisting of an admixture of cocaine in castor oil with mercuric chloride in a proportion of not more than one part in 200 of cocaine and not less than one part in 3,000 of mercuric chloride.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

Regulations repealed.

The Dangerous Drugs (Consolidation) Regulations, 1928 (a).
The Dangerous Drugs Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1929 (b).
The Dangerous Drugs (Consolidation) (No. 2) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1931 (c).
The Dangerous Drugs Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1932 (d).
The Dangerous Drugs (Consolidation) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1935 (e).

(a) S.R. & O. 1928 (No. 981).
(b) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1929 (No. 21).
(c) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1931 (No. 60).
(d) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1932 (No. 120).
(e) S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1935 No. 13).

Raw Opium.

THE RAW OPIUM, ETC., REGULATIONS, DATED 16TH DAY OF MAY, 1938, MADE BY THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS IN PURSUANCE OF SECTION 3 OF THE DANGEROUS DRUGS ACT, 1920 (10 & 11 GEO. 5, C. 46), AND SECTION 1 OF THE DANGEROUS DRUGS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1925 (15 & 16 GEO. 5, C. 16), FOR CONTROLLING AND RESTRICTING THE POSSESSION, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF RAW OPIUM, COCA LEAVES, INDIAN HEMP AND RESINS OBTAINED FROM INDIAN HEMP AND ALL PREPARATIONS, OTHER THAN EXTRACT OR TINCTURE OF INDIAN HEMP, OF WHICH SUCH RESINS FORM THE BASE.