

or proceedings taken against that person in respect of the non-fulfilment of the contract so far as it is due to that interference.

13. The Interpretation Act, 1921, shall apply to these regulations as though they were an Act of Parliament.

Interpretation.
12 Geo. 5,
c. 4 (Northern Ireland).
Supplemental provisions.

14.—(1) Any powers conferred on any department or person by any of these regulations shall be in addition to and not in derogation of any other powers of that department or person whether conferred by statute, regulation or otherwise.

(2) Any order, direction or instrument which may be made or given by any government department or other authority under these regulations may be added to, revoked or varied from time to time by such department or authority while these regulations continue in force.

(3) References in these regulations to a person authorised to act on behalf of any department shall include the holder for the time being of any office designated for the purpose by the department.

15. These regulations may be cited as the Emergency Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1926.

Short title.

Given at the Council Chambers, Stormont Castle,
Belfast, this sixth day of May, 1926.

(Signed) *James Craig.*
R. Dawson Bates.
John M. Andrews.
E. M. Archdale.
J. Milne Barbour.

(L.S.)

FACTORY AND WORKSHOP*. Welfare.

MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR FOR NORTHERN IRELAND, UNDER THE POLICE, FACTORIES, ETC. (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT, 1916, REVOKING IN SO FAR AS THEY RELATE TO NORTHERN IRELAND, THE PROVISIONS CONCERNING FIRST AID IN THE WELFARE ORDERS NOS. 1067 AND 1489, IN REGARD TO BLAST FURNACES, COPPER MILLS, IRON MILLS, FOUNDRIES AND METAL WORKS AND IN REGARD TO SAW MILLS AND FACTORIES IN WHICH ARTICLES OF WOOD ARE MANUFACTURED, RESPECTIVELY.

1926. No. 2.

In pursuance of the powers conferred by Section 7 (7) of the Police, Factories, etc., (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1916, the

*The particular classes of premises to which this revoking Order applies are now subject to the general requirements of the Workmen's Compensation Act (Northern Ireland), 1923, in regard to the provision of First Aid Equipment.

Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and the several Orders made thereunder, the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland hereby revokes, in so far as they relate to Northern Ireland, the provisions concerning First Aid contained in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 of the Orders, dated 12th October, 1917, and 8th November, 1918, made under Section 7 (1) of the Police, Factories, etc., (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1916, in regard to Blast Furnaces, Copper Mills, Iron Mills, Foundries and Metal Works and in regard to Saw Mills and Factories in which articles of wood are manufactured, respectively..

Given under the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland this eighth day of January, nineteen hundred and twenty-six

H. Conacher,

(L.S.)

Secretary, Ministry of Labour
for Northern Ireland.

7, UPPER QUEEN STREET,
BELFAST.

8th January, 1926.

Dangerous and Unhealthy Industries. Building Regulations.

MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR FOR NORTHERN IRELAND
UNDER SECTION 79 OF THE FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACT,
1901 (1 EDW. 7, C. 22), IN RESPECT OF CERTAIN BUILDING
OPERATIONS,

1926. No. 116.

In pursuance of Section 79 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland hereby makes the following Regulations and directs that they shall apply to all premises on which machinery worked by steam, water or other mechanical power is temporarily used for the purpose of the construction of a building, or for the purpose of any addition to the structure of an existing building. Provided that nothing in these Regulations except paragraph 45 shall apply to premises on which the only machinery worked by steam, water or other mechanical power consists—

- (a) of machinery which is not used for hoisting purposes and is outside the area of the building under construction, or
- (b) of portable tools such as drills or rivetters.

These Regulations may be cited as the Building Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1926, and shall come into force on 1st March, 1927.