

Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade.

REGULATIONS, DATED 31ST MARCH, 1922, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR FOR NORTHERN IRELAND UNDER SECTION 11 OF THE TRADE BOARDS ACT, 1909 (9 EDW. 7, C. 22), WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTITUTION AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE TRADE BOARD FOR THE RETAIL BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE (NORTHERN IRELAND).

1922. No. 24.

The Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers conferred on the Ministry by Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power hereunto enabling it, hereby makes the annexed Regulations :—

1. Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 15 and not more than 19 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Ministry of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on :—

(a) Seven members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Ministry of Labour.

(b) Seven members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Ministry of Labour.

5. The Ministry of Labour may if the Ministry thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding four in all. Half shall be representatives of employers and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat.

Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Ministry of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Ministry of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Ministry of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be three months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be three months, provided that

- (a) A Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs or for any other reason shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board ; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs or for any other reason shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the number of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Ministry of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade Board (Northern Ireland).

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Ministry of Labour for decision.

Given under the official Seal of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland this Thirty-first day of March, in the year One thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

(L.S.)

H. Conacher,

Assistant Secretary of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland.

SCHEDULE.

The Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade, that is to say :—

Those branches of men's, women's, boys' and girls' bespoke tailoring in which the tailor supplies the garments direct to the individual wearer and employs the worker direct.

A worker shall be deemed to be employed by the tailor direct if employed by another worker in the employ of the tailor to whom a minimum rate of wages fixed under the Trade Boards Acts is applicable, or if employed by a sub-contractor engaged in cutting, making or finishing garments exclusively for the tailor in the tailor's shop or in a building of which the shop forms part or to which the shop is attached ;

Including :—

- (1) (a) the altering, repairing, renovating or remaking of men's, women's, boys' and girls' tailored garments where carried out for the individual wearer by a tailor who employs the worker direct, as defined above ;
- (b) the cleaning of such garments where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the repairing, renovating or remaking of the garments ;
- (2) the lining with fur of the above-mentioned garments where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of such garments ;
- (3) all processes of embroidery or decorative needlework where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the above-mentioned branches of tailoring ;
- (4) the packing and all other operations incidental to or appertaining to any of the above-mentioned branches of tailoring ;

but excluding :—

- (1) all or any of the above-mentioned operations where carried on in a factory where garments are made up for three or more retail establishments ;
- (2) the making of head-gear.

Rope, Twine and Net Trade.

REGULATIONS, DATED 2ND JANUARY, 1922, MADE BY THE MINISTER OF LABOUR FOR NORTHERN IRELAND UNDER SECTION 11 OF THE TRADE BOARDS ACT, 1909 (9 EDW. 7, C. 22), WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTITUTION AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE TRADE BOARD FOR THE ROPE, TWINE AND NET TRADE (NORTHERN IRELAND).

1922. No. 13

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other