## DRAFT STATUTORY RULES OF NORTHERN IRELAND

## 2013 No.

## The Renewables Obligation (Amendment) Order (Northern Ireland) 2013

## Amendments to Part 1 of Schedule 2 (interpretation)

**31.**—(1) Paragraph 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 2 to the 2009 Order(1) is amended as follows.

(2) Before the definition of "AD" insert—

"2009/11 dedicated biomass generating station" means a generating station which has, in any month after March 2009 and before November 2011, generated electricity—

- (a) only from biomass, and
- (b) in respect of which NIROCs were issued for all or part of the electricity so generated during that month;"
- (3) For the definition of "advanced gasification" substitute—

""advanced gasification/pyrolysis" means electricity generated from an advanced fuel which-

- (a) in the case of a gaseous fuel, has a gross calorific value when measured at 25 degrees Celsius and 0.1 megapascals at the inlet to the generating station which is at least 4 megajoules per metre cubed, and
- (b) in the case of a liquid fuel, has a gross calorific value when measured at 25 degrees Celsius and 0.1 megapascals at the inlet to the generating station which is at least 10 megajoules per kilogram;".
- (4) Omit the definition of "advanced pyrolysis".
- (5) At the appropriate places insert—

""building mounted solar PV" means electricity generated from the direct conversion of sunlight into electricity by equipment not installed on the ground either—

- (a) directly, or
- (b) on a frame, plinth or other structure installed—
  - (i) on the ground, and
  - (ii) wholly or mainly for the purpose of supporting that equipment,

where the relevant generating station is not a qualifying existing solar photovoltaic station or a qualifying new solar photovoltaic station as defined in Article 27A;"

""closed landfill gas" means electricity generated-

- (a) from landfill gas (other than electricity generated using the heat from a turbine or engine), and
- (b) in a month in which the generating station generates electricity only from gas formed by the digestion of material in a landfill which has finally ceased to accept waste for disposal;"

<sup>(1)</sup> Part 1 of Schedule 2 was amended by Article 17 of S.R. 2010/134.

""co-firing of regular bioliquid" means electricity generated from regular bioliquid burned in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is less than 100% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month, and
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources;"

""co-firing of regular bioliquid with CHP" means electricity generated from regular bioliquid burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is less than 100% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
- (c) the fossil fuel and regular bioliquid have been burned in separate combustion units;"

""ground mounted solar PV" means electricity generated from the direct conversion of sunlight into electricity by equipment installed on the ground either—

- (a) directly, or
- (b) on a frame, plinth or other structure installed—
  - (i) on the ground, and
  - (ii) wholly or mainly for the purpose of supporting that equipment,

where the relevant generating station is not a qualifying existing solar photovoltaic station or a qualifying new solar photovoltaic station as defined in Article 27A;"

""high-range co-firing" means electricity generated from energy crops or regular solid or gaseous biomass burned in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is at least 85% but is less than 100% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month, and
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources;"

""high-range co-firing with CHP" means-

- (a) electricity generated from regular solid or gaseous biomass burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—
  - (i) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is at least 85% but is less than 100% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
  - (ii) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
  - (iii) the fossil fuel and regular solid or gaseous biomass have been burned in separate combustion units;
- (b) electricity generated from energy crops burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (i) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is at least 85% but is less than 100% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
- (ii) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
- (iii) the fossil fuel and energy crops have been burned in separate combustion units;"

""landfill gas heat recovery" means electricity generated using the heat from a turbine or engine, where that turbine or engine is generating electricity from landfill gas;"

""low-range co-firing" means electricity generated from energy crops or regular solid or gaseous biomass burned in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is less than 50% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month, and
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources;"

"low-range co-firing with CHP" means-

- (a) electricity generated from regular solid or gaseous biomass burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—
  - (i) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is less than 50% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
  - (ii) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
  - (iii) the fossil fuel and regular solid or gaseous biomass have been burned in separate combustion units;
- (b) electricity generated from energy crops burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—
  - (i) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is less than 50% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
  - (ii) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
  - (iii) the fossil fuel and energy crops have been burned in separate combustion units;"

""mid-range co-firing" means electricity generated from energy crops or regular solid or gaseous biomass burned in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is at least 50% but is less than 85% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month, and
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources;"

""mid-range co-firing with CHP" means-

(a) electricity generated from regular solid or gaseous biomass burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (i) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is at least 50% but is less than 85% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
- (ii) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
- (iii) the fossil fuel and regular solid or gaseous biomass have been burned in separate combustion units;
- (b) electricity generated from energy crops burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—
  - (i) the energy content of the biomass burned in that combustion unit is at least 50% but is less than 85% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month,
  - (ii) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources, and
  - (iii) the fossil fuel and energy crops have been burned in separate combustion units;"

"qualifying existing solar photovoltaic station" has the meaning given to that term under Article 29A(1);"

""qualifying new solar photovoltaic station" has the meaning given to that term under Article 27(3);"

""regular bioliquid" means bioliquid other than-

- (a) advanced fuel,
- (b) fuel produced by means of anaerobic digestion,
- (c) energy crops;"

""regular solid or gaseous biomass" means regular biomass other than bioliquid;"

""relevant fossil fuel CHP generating station" means a relevant fossil fuel generating station which is a qualifying combined heat and power generating station;"

""relevant fossil fuel generating station" means-

- (a) a generating station—
  - (i) which is not a 2009/11 dedicated biomass generating station, and
  - (ii) which has, in any 6 month period since it was first commissioned, generated electricity from fossil fuel, where the energy content of the fossil fuel was more than 15% of the energy content of all of the energy sources used by the station to generate electricity during that 6 month period, or
- (b) a generating station—
  - (i) which is a 2009/11 dedicated biomass generating station, and
  - (ii) which has, in any 6 month period since 1st November 2011, generated electricity from fossil fuel, where the energy content of the fossil fuel was more than 15% of the energy content of all of the energy sources used by the station to generate electricity during that 6 month period;"

"station conversion" means electricity generated-

- (a) from regular biomass or from energy crops,
- (b) by a relevant fossil fuel generating station, and
- (c) in a month in which the station generates electricity only from biomass or only from energy crops;"

"station conversion with CHP" means electricity generated-

- (a) from regular biomass or from energy crops,
- (b) by a relevant fossil fuel CHP generating station, and
- (c) in a month in which the station generates electricity only from biomass or only from energy crops;"

""unit conversion" means electricity generated from regular biomass or energy crops burned in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) that combustion unit burns only biomass or burns only energy crops, and
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources;"

""unit conversion with CHP" means electricity generated from regular biomass or energy crops burned by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station in a combustion unit in a month in which—

- (a) that combustion unit burns only biomass or burns only energy crops, and
- (b) the generating station generates electricity partly from fossil fuel and partly from renewable sources;".

(6) Omit the definitions of "co-firing of biomass", "co-firing of biomass with CHP", "co-firing of energy crops" and "co-firing of energy crops with CHP".

(7) For the definition of "dedicated biomass" substitute—

""dedicated biomass" means electricity generated from regular biomass by a generating station-

- (a) which is not a relevant fossil fuel generating station, and
- (b) in a month in which it generates electricity only from biomass;".
- (8) For the definition of "dedicated biomass with CHP" substitute-

""dedicated biomass with CHP" means electricity generated from regular biomass by a qualifying combined heat and power generating station—

- (a) which is not a relevant fossil fuel generating station, and
- (b) in a month in which it generates electricity only from biomass;".

(9) For the definition of "dedicated energy crops" substitute—

""dedicated energy crops" means electricity generated from energy crops by a generating station-

- (a) which is not a relevant fossil fuel generating station, and
- (b) in a month in which the generating station generates electricity only from energy crops or only from biomass;".
- (10) Omit the definition of "dedicated energy crops with CHP".
- (11) In the definition of "energy from waste with CHP"-
  - (a) after "other than" insert "an advanced fuel or"; and
  - (b) omit ", gasification or pyrolysis".
- (12) For the definition of "standard gasification" substitute—

"standard gasification/pyrolysis" means electricity generated from an advanced fuel which-

(a) in the case of a gaseous fuel, has a gross calorific value when measured at 25 degrees Celsius and 0.1 megapascals at the inlet to the generating station which is at least 2 megajoules per metre cubed but is less than 4 megajoules per metre cubed, and

- (b) in the case of a liquid fuel, has a gross calorific value when measured at 25 degrees Celsius and 0.1 megapascals at the inlet to the generating station which is less than 10 megajoules per kilogram;".
- (13) Omit the definition of "standard pyrolysis".
- (14) After paragraph 1(2)(a) of Part 1 of Schedule 2, omit "and".
- (15) After paragraph 1(2)(b) of Part 1 of Schedule 2, insert-
  - "(c) in determining the energy content of the energy sources used by a generating station to generate electricity, no account is to be taken of any fossil fuel or waste which the station uses for permitted ancillary purposes; and
  - (d) in determining the energy content of the energy sources burned in a combustion unit, no account is to be taken of any fossil fuel or waste which is used—
    - (i) in that combustion unit for a purpose listed in Article 21(3)(a), and
    - (ii) in a month in which the energy content of the fossil fuel or waste used in that combustion unit for a purpose listed in Article 21(3)(a) (or, where both fossil fuel and waste are so used during a month, their combined energy content) does not exceed 10% of the energy content of all of the energy sources burned in that combustion unit during that month.".