



ANNO TRICESIMO NONO & QUADRAGESIMO

GEORGI II. REGIS.

Cap. 88.

An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of *Glasgow* over certain adjacent Lands ; for paving, lighting, and cleansing the Streets ; for regulating the Police, and appointing Officers and Watchmen ; for dividing the City into Wards, and appointing Commissioners ; and for raising Funds, and giving certain Powers to the Magistrates and Council, and Town and Dean of Guild Courts, for the above and other Purposes.

[30th *June* 1800.]

WHEREAS an Extension of the Limits of the City of *Glasgow* is become necessary, as well for the Benefit of Trade and Commerce as for the Convenience and Health of the Inhabitants, who have of late greatly increased in Number : And whereas the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the said City, in order to extend the Limits of the City for these beneficial Purposes, have expended large Sums of Money in purchasing Lands and Houses, lying contiguous to and on the North Side thereof, from the Patrons of *Hutcheson's* Hospital in the said City, and others, and in purchasing Lands, lying on the East Side of the said City, from the deceased

[*Loc. & Per.*]

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Colin

Royalty extended over certain Lands.

Colin Rae Esquire, of *Little Govan*, adjoining to the *New Green* of *Glasgow*, comprehending therein what is commonly called the *High* and *Laigh Green*, which are within the Royalty, and likewise in purchasing the Lands of *Provosthaugh* and others, lying at the South and East Ends of the said *New Green*, from *Patrick Bell* Esquire, of *Cowcaddens*: And whereas the Lands so purchased and herein-after more particularly described are without the Royalty; and it is just and reasonable that the Royalty of the said City should be extended over those Lands in consideration of the Expence incurred in purchasing the same, and of the farther Sums of Money which must be expended in paving, lighting, and cleansing Streets through the said Lands, and making the Communication and Access to them easy and convenient, and also for the equal apportioning of public Burdens and Benefits among all the Inhabitants of the Place, and for the Administration of Justice and Regulation of Police: But as these Purposes cannot be accomplished without the Authority of Parliament, May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Royalty of the City of *Glasgow* shall be extended over and comprehend the following Lands, which belong in Property to or have of late been feued out by the City; *videlicet*, all and hail the Thirty-three Shilling and Fourpenny Land of old Extent of *Ramshorn* and *Meadowflatt*, *annexis connexis*, and whole Houses, Buildings, and others erected thereupon, Parts, Pendicles, hail Privileges, and Pertinents thereof whatsoever, lying within the Parish of the Barony of *Glasgow*, Regality thereof, and Sheriffdom of *Lanark*, purchased from the Patrons of the said Hospital, including those Parts of the said Lands of *Ramshorn* feued by the Partners of the Inkle Factory from the said Patrons, which are excepted from the Dispositions granted by the said Patrons to the said Magistrates and Town Council; and also the Ground called *Cribbs Croft*, purchased from the Trust Disponees of the deceased *John Glassford* and others; also the following Lands purchased from the said *Colin Rae* Esquire, of *Little Govan*; all and hail the just and equal Half of these Lands called *Broomlands*, bounded of old betwixt the Lands of *Barrowfield* on the East and North respectively, the Lands called *Provosthaugh* on the South, and the other Half of the said Lands of *Broomlands* on the West Parts; as also all and hail the just and equal Half of these Lands called the *Parson's Lands*, lying near to the Lands of *Broomlands*, bounded of old by the Lands of *Barrowfield* on the East and North respectively, the Lands of *Provosthaugh* on the South, and the Lands some time belonging to *Archibald Lyon* on the West Parts; likewise all and hail these Eight Acres of Land or thereby lying in *Kinclaitb*, bounded betwixt the Lake called *Thomas Miller's Lake* or *Thomas Miller's Gott* on the East, the Water of *Clyde* on the South, the Lands of *Provosthaugh* on the West, and the Lands of

on the North Parts; and also all and hail that Piece of Meadow Ground commonly called the *Red Cloth Gott*, from the Head to the Foot thereof, bounded betwixt the River *Clyde* on the South, and the Eight Acres of Land lately acquired by the said *Colin Rae* from *William Stirling*, Merchant in *Glasgow*, on the North

Parts; all lying within the Barony and Regality of *Glasgow* and Sheriffdom of *Lanark*; which Lands, with the Ten Roods of Land in *Kinclath* acquired by the said *Colin Rae* from the said *William Stirling*, and disposed by the said *Colin Rae* to the Magistrates and Council of *Glasgow*, measure in whole about Twenty-eight Acres One Rood and Eighteen Falls of Ground, all lying contiguous, beginning at the Head of the said *Old Green*; where there was formerly a Stone Wall running North and South; but which is now the East Side of an Avenue or planted Walk, lying between the Lands of *Provosthaugh* and the River *Clyde* on the South, and the Road leading from the North End of the said Avenue to *Wishart's* House, now the Property of *David* and *Alexander Allan*, and from thence by the West Side of the Westmost Stone Wall on the Ground belonging to the said Messrs. *Allan*, to the River *Clyde*, all now in the natural Possession of the City of *Glasgow*; and also all and hail that Piece of Land called *Provosthaugh*, some time pertaining to Master *James Walkinshaw*, Minister and Indweller in *Glasgow*, and *Elizabeth Boyd* his Spouse, bounded betwixt the Lands of *Barrowfield* and *Parson Lands* of *Glasgow* on the North, the Lands called *Dalsie Green*, partly on the West, and the Water of *Clyde* on the East and South Parts, together with a Rig or Rood of Land used as a Road to and from the said Lands of *Provosthaugh*, both lately acquired from the said *Patrick Bell* by the said Magistrates and Town Council.

II. And be it enacted, That the Magistrates and Town Council and Dean of Guild Court of *Glasgow* shall have and enjoy the same Rights, Privileges, and Jurisdiction over the said Grounds hereby annexed to and comprehended within the said Royalty, as they do now exercise and enjoy over and within the Limits of the present Royalty by any Law, Statute, Charter, or established Custom; and the said Magistrates and Council shall be and they are hereby empowered to levy the same Maills, Duties, Customs, Conversion of Statute Labour, and other Taxes within the said annexed Grounds, as they are entitled to levy, by any Law, Statute, Charter, or otherwise, within the present Royalty, and in the same Manner, and by such Actions at Law as they are entitled to use for Recovery of such Maills, Duties, Customs, Conversion of Statute Labour, and other Taxes within the present Royalty.

Jurisdiction of Magistrates and Dean of Guild Court extended over said Lands.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the said Magistrates and Town Council shall hereafter pay, from the Money raised for the Conversion of the Statute Labour within the said City, to the Heritors legally appointed to repair and maintain the Public Roads in the Western District of the Barony Parish of *Glasgow*, Five Pounds Sterling yearly, as a Conversion for the Statute Labour of the said annexed Lands, and shall also, from the Funds of the Community of the said City, relieve the Holders and Occupiers of Houses or Lands in the said extended Royalty of the Poor's Rates payable by them to the said Barony Parish, as having been a Part thereof before passing this Act.

Magistrates to pay Five Pounds Sterling yearly, as a Conversion for Statute Labour of the annexed Lands.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Persons (those who carry on Business as Merchants being

How Trades are to be exercised therein.

being Burgesses of the City) to exercise any Trade or Calling within the Limits of the Lands hereby annexed to and comprehended within the said Royalty, although they be not entered with the Corporations of the said City, in the same Manner as they could or might have done before passing this Act, any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding; and that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to abridge the Privileges of the different Corporations within the ancient Royalty of the said City.

Proviso as to
the Transport
of Goods,

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Heritors of the County of *Lanark*, and all other Persons whomsoever, shall have and enjoy all such Rights and Privileges for transporting their Goods and Commodities through the whole Grounds hereby annexed, after the same are converted into Building Grounds, and the Streets are formed and made therein, as they now have and enjoy within the Limits of the present City of *Glasgow*.

and as to the
Jurisdiction
of Sheriff and
other Magis-
trates of
Lanarkshire.

VI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That it shall be competent to the Sheriff and Justices of the Peace for the County of *Lanark* to exercise the same Powers and Jurisdictions within the said Lands hereby annexed to and comprehended within the said Royalty, as are competent to the said Sheriff and Justices of the Peace within the ancient Royalty, any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Tenure of
the Lands
not changed.

VII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That the said Lands hereby annexed to the Royalty of the said City shall continue to be holden as before, without any Change of their Tenure into Burgage, and that all Seisins, Renunciations, and Reversions of Lands and other Subjects lying within the Limits hereby annexed, shall be expedite and registered in the same Form and Manner as if the Royalty of the said City had not been so extended.

Magistrates
to appoint
Stent Mas-
ters.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Magistrates and Town Council shall have full Power to appoint Stent Masters, Assessors, and Collectors to assess and to levy from the Proprietors and Occupiers or Possessors of the said annexed Grounds, and of all such Houses as are built or hereafter shall be built upon the foresaid Grounds hereby annexed to and comprehended within the said Royalty, an equal and rateable Portion of the Cess, Trade's Stent, Poor's Rates, Conversion of Statute Labour, and other Taxes payable by the Inhabitants of the City of *Glasgow*, in the same Manner as they are now levied within the present Royalty: Saving and reserving always to the Partners of the Inkle Factory, or their Assigns, their Claims for any Exemption from Land and Trade's Stent, Laddle Dues, and other existing Public or City Burdens (except Multures), for those Parts of the said Lands of *Ramshorn* feued by them from the Preceptor and Patrons of *Hutcheson's* Hospital, and to the said Magistrates and Town Council all Defences competent against the same, the Validity whereof shall and may be discussed in the proper Courts of Law; but declaring that the said Partners of the Inkle Factory, and their Successors and Assigns in the said Lands, and the Occupiers and Inhabitants thereof, shall be liable to the

Reservation
as to the
Inkle Fac-
tory.

the whole Clauses and Conditions in this present Act, and to pay and perform all Taxes and Duties, and be subject to all public Burdens, which shall or may in future be imposed on the other Proprietors, Inhabitants, and Occupiers of other heritable Subjects within the said City and extended Royalty.

IX. And be it enacted, That the Prohibition contained in the Feu Rights of the said Partners of the Inkle Factory against selling or brewing Ale for Sale in their said Grounds, and all former Restrictions as to building, shall be and the same are hereby discharged and dispensed with in all Time coming; but hereby declaring that the said Partners and their Successors shall be subject and liable to the same Regulations and Restrictions, with regard to the Tenements and Buildings to be erected upon their said Grounds, which are contained in the Title Deeds granted by the said Magistrates and Council to the Feuars and Purchasers of the other Parts of the *Ramshorn* Grounds.

Proviso in favour of said Factory.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the several Lands hereby annexed to the Royalty of the City of *Glasgow*, besides the Cess to be levied by the Collectors of the Town for and in respect of the Houses and Buildings erected thereon, shall remain liable and be subjected to the Payment of a rateable Proportion of the Cess or Land Tax and other public Burdens imposed or to be imposed on the Shire of *Lanark* for and in respect of the Ground, which Cess shall be paid by the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City from the Funds of the Community, and shall be levied in the usual Manner, any thing in this Act notwithstanding.

Cess how to be levied.

XI. And be it enacted, That the said Grounds hereby annexed to and comprehended within the Royalty of the City of *Glasgow* shall be and the same are hereby for ever separated from the Barony Parish, and are hereby annexed to the Parishes within the said City to which they lie most contiguous, or to which the Magistrates and Town Council shall by any Act or Acts of Council hereafter direct and appoint.

Lands separated from the Barony Parish.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Tithes payable out of the Lands hereby annexed shall be and the same are hereby saved and reserved to the true Owners thereof in the same Manner as if this Act had never passed.

Reservation of Tithes.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the Right of Patronage of such Church or Churches as shall be built and endowed by the Community of the City of *Glasgow* upon any of the said Lands hereby annexed to and comprehended within the said Royalty shall and the same is hereby declared to belong to the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City in the same Manner as they hold and enjoy the Patronage of the Churches within the ancient Royalty.

Patronage how to be exercised.

XIV. Saving always and reserving to His Majesty, and all other Person or Persons concerned, all Rights and Interest, other than the present Extension of the said Royalty, which they had, have, or may have in the Lands hereby annexed.

General Saving.

[*Loc. & Per.*]

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XV. And

Foot Pavements to be made.

XV. And whereas the said City of *Glasgow* has become very populous, and, in consequence of the Number of Persons and Carriages passing and repassing on the Streets thereof, great Inconveniencies have arisen from the Want of proper Foot Pavements, and many of the Inhabitants, sensible of these Inconveniencies, have been at the Expence of making Foot Pavements opposite to their respective Houses and Grounds: And whereas it would be greatly for the Benefit and Convenience of the Inhabitants of the said City, and of all Persons resorting thereto, that Foot Pavements were made on the Sides of the Streets, both within the ancient Royalty and within the Lands hereby annexed; that the Foot Pavements and Streets were properly cleansed, and that all Obstructions and Nuisances were removed, and the same prevented in future; be it therefore enacted, That the Owners or Proprietors of all Houses and other Buildings, or of Gardens or Grounds on which Buildings are not erected, which are adjoining to and fronting any Street, Square, or other public or principal Place within the said City, shall, at his, her, or their Expence, cause the Grounds before their Property respectively, on the Sides of the said Streets, Squares, and other public and principal Places, to be well and sufficiently paved with flat, hewn, or other Stones, in such Manner and in such Form as the Dean of Guild Court (after visiting and inspecting the Grounds, and hearing Parties concerned,) shall, by Decrees to be pronounced by the said Court, from Time to Time direct and appoint; the Breadth of the said Foot Pavements not to exceed Twelve Feet in Streets of Sixty Feet wide and upwards, Ten Feet in Streets from Fifty to Sixty Feet wide, Eight Feet in Streets from Forty to Fifty Feet wide, and Six Feet in all Streets below Forty Feet wide, and that the whole Foot Pavements in the same Streets shall be of the same Breadth; and that it shall be in the Option of the Owners or Proprietors of Gardens or Grounds within the said City and Liberties thereof, on which Buildings shall not be erected, either to pave opposite their Property respectively in manner aforesaid, or to causeway the Foot Pavements before them with Whin Stones, until their said Gardens or Grounds shall be built upon, but no longer: Provided always, that such Parts of the said Footpaths as are opposite to Wynds, Lanes, or Closes, which are Cart or Carriage Entries, may also in the Option of the Proprietors be paved with Whin Stones.

In case Proprietors refuse, Dean of Guild Court may make Foot Pavements.

XVI. And be it enacted, That in case any such Owner or Proprietor shall refuse or neglect to cause such Grounds to be paved in Manner and Form so directed, within such Time as he, she, or they shall be required so to by a Decree pronounced by the said Dean of Guild Court, after having visited and inspected the Grounds, and heard Parties concerned, that then it shall and may be lawful to the said Court to cause the said Foot Pavements to be made in such Manner and Form as they shall order and direct, the Breadth of the said Foot Pavements not to exceed the Breadths before specified, and to cause the same to be done at the Charge and Expence of such Owners or Proprietors respectively; and in case any such Owner or Proprietor shall refuse or neglect to pay such Charges and Expences when required, it shall and may be lawful to the said Court to decern such Charges and Expences to be paid by such Owner or Proprietor, either to the Tradesman by whom the Work has
been

been done, or to the Master of Work of the said City, or to any other Person named by the said Court, with the additional Expences incurred in recovering the same.

XVII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean of Guild Court, after the Foot Pavements shall have been completed for the first Time by virtue of this Act, to decern them to be kept in proper Repair, and to give Decrees for the Charges and Expences of repairing, relaying, and maintaining the said Foot Pavements, against the several Owners or Proprietors of the Houses and other Buildings, or of Gardens and Grounds on which Buildings are not erected, in the same Manner and according to the same Proportions as they are herein-before empowered to decern for the Charges and Expences attending the first making of the Foot Pavements aforesaid.

Foot Pavements how to be kept in repair.

XVIII. And be it hereby enacted, That when the Floors or Stories of the foresaid Front Houses or Buildings belong to more Proprietors than One, the several Proprietors of the same House or Building shall cause the Ground before their respective Houses or Buildings to be paved, and the Pavements to be kept in repair, in manner aforesaid, the Expence being defrayed in proportion to the Rents of the respective Parts of the House or Building belonging to each of them, as the same shall at the Time stand rented in the Rent Roll herein-after mentioned; and in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise amongst the several Proprietors of the same House or Building relative to their Proportions of the aforesaid Expence, that then it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean of Guild Court to determine the same according to the Rate of such Rents in the said Rent Roll, and to decern for that Expence in manner aforesaid; which Determination shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all Parties.

How Expences thereof to be defrayed.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the Tenants or Occupiers of the Houses or other Buildings belonging to such Owners or Proprietors, (in default of the Proprietors paying the said Expence,) in case he, she, or they shall pay the Expences aforesaid (which they are hereby authorized and required to do) to the Amount of the Rents due by them respectively, shall be at liberty and they are hereby empowered to deduct and retain out of his, her, or their Rents such Sums of Money as they shall respectively pay on account thereof for their respective Landlords, Owners, or Proprietors, who are hereby required to allow such Payments accordingly, any Lease or Contract to the contrary notwithstanding.

Tenants to retain Expences from their Rents.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the said Magistrates and Town Council shall pave and keep in repair the Causeways of the Streets of the said City, (except the foresaid Foot Pavements,) and defray the Expence thereof from the common and ordinary Funds of the Community, and from the Money raised by the Conversion of the Statute Labour within the said City and Royalty thereof, in the same Manner as they have been in use to do before passing of this Act.

Magistrates to pave the Streets.

XXI. And

Possessors to
clean Foot
Pavements.

XXI. And be it enacted; That from and after the passing of this Act every Person or Persons who shall possess the Shops, or where there are no Shops who shall inhabit the First Floors of the Front of any Dwelling House or other House or Building adjoining to, and fronting the Foot Pavements within the said City, shall cause the same, along the Front of their respective Shops and Property, to be swept, scraped, and cleaned once every lawful Day, between the Hours of Six and Nine in the Morning; and if they fail so to do it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to decern, in a summary Manner, such Possessors and Proprietors to pay a Sum not exceeding One Shilling Sterling for each Offence, to be levied in manner herein-after directed; and in case any Dispute shall arise among the Possessors or Occupiers of the Shops, Houses, or Property adjoining the said Foot Pavements relative to the cleansing, scraping, and sweeping the same, it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to inquire into the Matter, and determine the same, which Determination shall be final; and that where the Possessors of Shops, or Inhabitants of the First Floors or Stories of Dwelling Houses, sweep, scrape, and clean the Foot Pavements in manner aforesaid, they shall have Relief against the Inhabitants of the upper Floors or Stories of these Houses for a Proportion of the Expence of so doing, corresponding to the Valuation of their respective Possessions as rated in the said Rent Roll; which Proportion shall, in case of Dispute, be determined and decerned for by the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, whose Decision shall be final and binding on all Parties.

Scavengers to
clean Streets.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the public Streets, Squares, Passages, and principal Places within the City, (excepting the said Foot Pavements,) and also those Parts of the said Foot Pavements which are causewayed with Whin Stones in the Cases before specified, shall be swept and cleansed by Persons to be hired by the said Magistrates and other Commissioners herein-after named, in Manner herein-after directed, and that the Expence thereof shall be defrayed from the Funds provided by this Act, including the Sum herein-after appointed to be contributed towards the said Funds from the common and ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City.

Regulating
Foot Pavements.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall carry, run, drive, draw, or cause to be carried, run, driven, or drawn, on any of the Foot Pavements within the said City, any Bier, Sledge, or Wheelbarrow, Wheel or Wheels, or any Coach, Sedan Chair, Waggon, Cart, or Carriage whatsoever, (except directly across the same on necessary Occasions,) or shall wilfully ride, lead, or drive any Horse, Ass, Mule, or other Cattle (except when going directly across the said Foot Pavements to or from Stables or Cow Houses) upon any Part of the said Foot Pavements, or shall throw or cast any Dirt, Dung, Ashes, or Rubbish into or upon the same, or shall roll any Barrels, Hogsheads, or Casks, empty or full, along the said Foot Pavements, for any Distance whatever, (except across them directly to or from Cellars, Shops, or Warehouses,) or shall roll any such Barrel, Hogshead, or Cask along any of the public or principal Streets, Squares, or Places in the said City, except from
Shops,

Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Places directly to such Carts or Carriages as they are to be loaded upon, or from such Carts or Carriages as they have been loaded upon directly to the Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Places in which they are to be deposited, (not exceeding Thirty Yards in any Case,) then it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall see such Offence committed to seize, and for any Person or Persons to assist in seizing, such Offender or Offenders, and by Authority of this Act, without any other Warrant, to convey and deliver him, her, or them to the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be secured or conveyed before One of the Magistrates of the said City; and the Party or Parties accused being brought before him, such Magistrate shall proceed to examine, upon Oath, any Witness or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Information touching such Offence, (which Oath the said Magistrate is hereby empowered to administer;) and if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of any such Offence, either by his, her, or their own Confession, or the Oath of One credible Witness, he, she, or they shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One Shilling Sterling for the First Offence, Two Shillings and Sixpence Sterling for the Second, and Five Shillings Sterling for the Third and every subsequent Offence; and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not, upon such Conviction, immediately pay such Penalty, the said Magistrate is hereby authorized and required to commit him, her, or them to Prison for any Time not exceeding Two Days, unless such Penalty, and the Charges occasioned thereby, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for ^{Outshots and} and in the Power of the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, by ^{Outstairs to} a Decree given under their Hands, (after inspecting the Premises ^{be removed.} and hearing Parties concerned,) to order the Proprietors of all Houses and other Buildings fronting any of the Streets of the said City to remove or cause to be removed and taken away, within a reasonable Time, all Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, Erections, and other Things whatsoever which tend to obstruct free Passage in the said Streets and Foot Pavements; and if within the Time specified in such Decree the said Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, Erections, and other Things be not taken away, the Owner or Proprietor of such House or Building to which the said Obstructions are annexed and belong shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling, and so *toties quoties* for every Month after the Date of such Decree during which the said Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, or other Things shall remain, the said Fines to be recovered and applied in manner herein-after directed: Provided always, that in case the foresaid Obstructions shall not be removed within Three Months after the Decree decerning them to be removed, that it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, to order the same to be removed *brevi manu*: Provided always, and be it enacted, That in Cases where the said Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, and Erections shall be removed under the Authority of this Act for the Purpose of public Convenience and Accommodation, that the Expence and Damage arising therefrom shall be paid by the said Magistrates and Council from the ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City, saving and reserving

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always

always the established Power and Jurisdiction of the Dean of Guild Court of the said City to line the new Buildings with the said Streets, and in all other Cases whatever.

Proviso as to
Outstairs al-
ready made
where other
Access to
Houses can-
not be had.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in such Cases where the Houses and other Buildings already erected on the Sides of the said Foot Pavements cannot have convenient Access and Entries made to them by any other Passages than the Outstairs already made and erected; that the Magistrates shall only have it in their Power to order the said Outstairs to be altered and narrowed in such a Manner as to leave a free Passage, not less than One Third of the Breadth of the said Foot Pavements, opposite to the said Outstairs.

Regulations
and ByeLaws
may be made
for removing
Obstructions
and Nui-
sances on
Streets and
Pavements.

XXVI. And be it enacted, That a Majority of the Commissioners herein-after named and appointed, present at any Meeting called for the Purpose, shall have Power to make Regulations from Time to Time (consistent always with this Act and the Laws of *Scotland*) for removing Obstructions and preventing Nuisances of every Kind on the Foot Pavements, Streets, and other Places within the said City and Royalty, and to enforce the same by such pecuniary Penalties as they shall appoint, not exceeding in any Case the Sum of Five Shillings Sterling for each Transgression; to be levied and recovered in manner herein-after directed and appointed: Provided always, that none of the said Regulations shall become valid or take effect till they be ratified and confirmed by the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City in Council assembled, and published in the Newspapers, and printed and put up in the most conspicuous Places of the said City.

Sign Posts to
be taken
down.

XXVII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to cause to be removed and taken down all Signs, Sign Posts, Boards, Water Barges, Sheds, Dyers, Scourers, or Barbers' Poles, or any other Pole, projecting into or hanging over any of the Foot Pavements, Streets, Squares, Lanes, or Passages; and that in future all Signs and Sign Boards shall be placed or affixed close on or flat to the Wall or Fronts of the Houses, Shops, Warehouses, or other Buildings whereunto they respectively belong; and that if any Person or Persons shall at any Time hereafter hang, place, or erect, or cause to be placed, hung, or erected, any Sign, Sign Post, Pole, or other Projection, Obstruction, or Annoyance whatever, contrary to the Meaning of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to order the same to be removed and taken away; and to decern in a summary Manner such Person or Persons to pay any Sum not exceeding Two Shillings and Sixpence Sterling for the First Offence, and after Conviction of any such Offence to decern him or them to pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling; for every Week such Projection, Obstruction, or Annoyance shall remain; every such Fine and Penalty to be recovered and applied in manner herein-after directed and appointed.

No Stalls to
stand on
Streets.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall place or bring out upon any Street or Side Pavement, either on Stalls or otherwise, within the said City, any Goods, Commodities, Provisions, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, and shall expose the

same for Sale or Shew in such Streets or Side Pavements, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling, and be obliged to remove such Goods, Commodities, or other Things from such Streets or Side Pavements; and if the said Penalties be not immediately paid, and the Goods or other Things removed, it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrates of the said City, or any One of them, to cause the said Goods, Commodities, and other Things so set out or exposed to be removed, taken away, and deposited in such Place or Places as he or they shall direct and appoint, there to remain until the Offender or Offenders shall have paid the Penalty, with the Charges and Expences attending the carrying away and depositing the same as aforesaid; provided that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent Persons exposing and setting out such Goods and Provisions in the said Streets, Lanes, Passages, and other Places, for Shew or Sale, on public Fair Days in the City, in the same Manner and under the same Restrictions and Limitations as practised before the passing of this Act, or to invalidate or diminish the Privileges at present enjoyed by the Shoemakers in *Glasgow*, and the Vicinity thereof, of exposing for Sale on the Streets of the said City Boots and Shoes on *Wednesdays* weekly, but the aforesaid Exception shall not extend or be construed to extend to the Foot Pavements before described, made or to be made on the Sides of the said Streets, Lanes, and Passages, upon which none of the said Articles shall be sold or exposed even on those Fair Days.

XXIX. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for nor in the Power of any Person or Persons to set or place upon the Outside of any Window or Projections of any Buildings fronting any of the Streets, Lanes, Closes, or Passages of the said City, any Flower Pots or Boxes, either for raising or preserving any Flowers, Shrubs, or other Plants, or Vegetables, unless the Soles and Outsides of the Windows or Projections at which any such Pots or Boxes be set or placed be sufficiently railed in and secured with good and substantial Rails of Iron or Wood, in order to prevent the Risk of the said Pots or Boxes falling from the said Windows into the said Streets, Lanes, or Passages; and every Person or Persons setting out Pots or Boxes at their Windows or Projections before described, unless railed in manner aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling for each Offence, and shall also pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling for every Week during which the said Pots or Boxes shall be allowed to remain; the said Penalties to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed; and it shall likewise be in the Power of the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to order the said Pots or Boxes to be removed *brevi manu*, at the Expence of the Person and Persons by whom they may have been set out, and to confiscate the said Pots or Boxes for Behoof of the Public.

Flower Pots, &c. prohibited to be set out at Windows.

XXX. And be it enacted, That no Merchant, Shopkeeper, or other Person or Persons shall keep at the same Time in any House, Shop, Cellar, or Warehouse, or other Apartments within the said City, more than Ten Pounds Weight of Gunpowder, but shall carry or cause to be

Regulations as to Gunpowder.

be carried all the Gunpowder belonging to him, her, or them exceeding the Quantity aforesaid to the Powder Magazine without the said City, which was some Years ago built by the said Magistrates and Town Council, or to such other Magazine or Place as may be hereafter appointed by the said Magistrates and Town Council; and that every Person or Persons so offending, neglecting, or failing, shall for the First Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One Pound Sterling, for the Second Offence Three Pounds Sterling, and for the Third and every subsequent Offence Five Pounds Sterling, to be levied in manner herein-after directed, besides forfeiting all the Gunpowder which shall be found in his, her, or their Houses, Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Apartments, exceeding the aforesaid Weight.

How Gunpowder allowed to be kept is to be deposited.

XXXI. And be it enacted, That the aforesaid Quantity of Ten Pounds Weight allowed to be kept within the Houses, Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, and other Apartments aforesaid, shall be deposited in a Place by itself, separate from all other Goods and Commodities, and shall be secured by Lock and Key, under a Penalty not exceeding One Pound Sterling to be paid for each Offence by the Occupier of the said Houses, Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Apartments, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Exception as to Gunpowder kept by Commanding Officers of Troops.

XXXII. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the Commanding Officer of any of His Majesty's Troops quartered in the said City to keep in the Barracks, or in such other Place or Places within the City as shall be appointed by the said Magistrates, such a Quantity of Gunpowder as he may think necessary for exercising the said Troops, or for other Military Purposes.

Streets, Houses, and Shops to be numbered.

XXXIII. And be it enacted, That the Magistrates of the said City, or any One of them, shall and may order and direct the Houses, Buildings, Shops, or Warehouses within the said City and Royalty thereof, to be numbered with Figures, to be placed or painted on the Doors or on such other conspicuous Part thereof as the Proprietors shall think proper, and may likewise order to be painted or otherwise inscribed on a conspicuous Part of some House or Building at or near the End or Corner of each Street, Square, Lane, Passage, or Place, the Name of such Street, Square, Lane, Passage, or Place; and any Person or Persons who shall wilfully and maliciously destroy, injure, obliterate, or deface any such Number, Figure, Name, or Description, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings nor less than Ten Shillings Sterling, to be levied and recovered in manner herein-after directed.

Magistrates to have Power to license and regulate Hackney Coaches, Sedan Chairs, and Porters.

XXXIV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates to make such Rules, Regulations, and Bye Laws as they may think fit for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, Sedan Chairs, and Carts, and Porters plying for Hire, within the City, and for trying, judging, and punishing the Misbehaviour of Coachmen, Chairmen, Carters, and Porters, according to Law, for fixing or altering their Stands, and for ascertaining what Rates and Fares both

both as to Distance and Time shall be allowed to be taken by them, and to what Distances and under what Penalties they shall be obliged to drive, go, and come in, through, and round the said City, not exceeding Three Miles for Sedan Chairs, and Five Miles for Coaches, Carts, and Porters; and that it shall be lawful for the said Magistrates from Time to Time to repeal, alter, or amend those Regulations and Bye Laws.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That the Water from the Roofs of all Houses or other Buildings within the said City fronting the public Streets, and Wynds which are Thoroughfares to the said public Streets, shall be conveyed in Lead or other Pipe or Pipes, reaching within Six Inches of the Ground, and affixed against or on the Sides or Fronts of such Houses or Buildings; and in case the Owners or Proprietors of said Houses or Buildings shall not convey the Water from their Houses and Buildings by the said Pipe or Pipes in manner aforesaid, that then it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, on inspecting the Premises and hearing Parties concerned, to decern, in a summary Manner, such Owner or Proprietor to pay any Sum not exceeding Two Shillings and Sixpence Sterling for every such Offence; and if after Conviction of any such Offences the Water from any House or other Building shall be still conveyed otherwise than in Lead or other Pipe or Pipes so affixed and reaching as aforesaid, for the Space of One Calendar Month or more, then and in every such Case the Owner or Proprietor of every such House or Building shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Shillings Sterling, and so *toties quoties* for every Month after such first Conviction during which the Water shall be conveyed otherwise than aforesaid; every such Fine or Forfeiture to be recovered and applied in manner herein-after directed, and the said Penalties to be always paid according to the Proportions of their respective Rents; and in case the said Persons shall neglect for Two Months to convey their Water in manner aforesaid, that it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, to order the Works necessary for conveying the said Water in manner aforesaid to be done at the Expence of the said Persons, and to decern for the said Expences, besides the Penalties above specified.

Water from
Roofs of
Houses how
to be con-
veyed.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That where the Floors or Stories of any Houses or Buildings belong to more Proprietors than One, the several Proprietors of the same House or Building shall be obliged to defray the Expence of making, affixing, and keeping in repair the said Pipe or Pipes in proportion to the Rents of the respective Parts of the said front House or Building which belong to each of them, as they shall stand rated in the Rent Roll before mentioned; and in case any Dispute or Difference shall occur amongst the several Proprietors of the same House or Building relative to their Proportions of the foresaid Expences, it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, after inspecting the Premises and hearing the Parties concerned, by a Decree given under their Hands to determine the same according to the Rate of such Rent in the said Rent Rolls, and to decern for that Expence in manner aforesaid; which Determination shall be conclusive, final, and binding on all Parties.

Expence of
Water Pipes
how to be
paid.

[*Loc. & Per.*]

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XXXVII. Pro-

Proviso as to Proprietors burdened with conveying Water by their Title Deeds.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any One or more of the said Proprietors are by their Title Deeds burdened with the Expence of conveying the whole Water from the said Houses or Buildings, he, she, or they shall still continue to be subject to that Burden; but it shall and may be lawful for them (upon obtaining an Order for that Purpose under the Hands of the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, after visiting the Premises and hearing Parties concerned,) at their own Charges and Expences, to affix or cause to be affixed to those Parts of the Walls of the said Houses or Buildings which belong to the other Proprietors a Pipe or Pipes for the Purposes aforesaid, they always indemnifying the other Proprietors for all Damages they may sustain by the said Fixtures, as the same shall be ascertained by a Decree given under the Hands of the said Magistrates, or any One of them, in manner and according to the Proportions aforesaid.

Recourse with regard to Tenants paying the Expence of Water Pipes.

XXXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That when the Tenants or Occupiers of such Houses or other Buildings shall, in default of the Proprietors paying such Expence, have been at any Expence in conveying Water in manner aforesaid, which they are hereby authorized and required to do to the Amount of the yearly Rents payable by them respectively, they may and are hereby authorized and empowered to apply the Lead and other Materials of any Pipe or Pipes formerly affixed to the said Houses; or the Produce thereof, towards such Expences, and shall have Power and they are hereby authorized to deduct the Remainder of such Charges and Expences out of the next Rent due to his, her, or their Landlord or Landlords, who are hereby directed and required to allow the same in such Rent, any Lease or Contract to the contrary notwithstanding.

Scavengers to be appointed.

XXXIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrates of the said City, and other Commissioners herein-after named, at all Times to contract with or employ Scavengers or other Persons to cleanse and sweep the public Streets, Squares, Passages, and principal Places within the City, (excepting the Foot Pavements, which are to be cleansed and swept in manner before directed,) and immediately to order to be removed and carried from thence all Soil, Dirt, Ashes, and Filth, to collect the same into Heaps, and afterwards to remove them to such Place and Places as the said Magistrates and Commissioners shall appoint; and that it shall and may be lawful to them to sell or dispose of, as public Property, the said Soil, Dirt, Ashes, and Filth, for Manure, to such Person or Persons as may be willing to purchase the same.

Dung to be removed from Streets.

XL. And be it enacted, That all and every Persons or Person who shall lay or place Dung, or cause it to be laid or placed, on any Part of the Streets or other public Ways of the said City, for the Purpose of transporting it to the adjacent Grounds, shall remove and take away the same before Twelve of the Clock on the Day on which it is so laid in the Months of *November, December, January, February, and March*, and before Ten of the Clock before Noon in the Months of *April, May, June, July, August, September, and October*; and if any Ashes or Dung of any Kind, except in Time of Frost and Snow,

Snow, shall be so laid and remain upon any Part of the said Streets or public Ways after the Hours before specified, it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to decern the Person or Persons so offending to pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling for each Offence, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed, over and above the Forfeiture of the Dung itself, which shall and may be sold as public Property.

XLI. And be it enacted, That the Persons employed in carrying or wheeling the said Dung into the Streets shall be obliged to scrape, sweep, and cleanse the Foot Pavements over which the said Dung shall have been carried or wheeled, immediately after they shall have finished that Work, under a Penalty not exceeding One Shilling Sterling for each Offence, to be levied in manner herein-after directed.

Wheelers of
Dung to
clean Foot
Pavements.

XLII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and in the Power of the said Magistrates and other Commissioners herein-after named to order the Lamp Irons and Lamps in the said City to be fixed on Walls of the Houses and other Buildings on the Sides of the Streets, upon indemnifying the Proprietors or Possessors for any Damage thereby done to the said Houses and other Buildings.

Lamps may
be affixed to
Houses.

XLIII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully take away, break, or throw down any Lamp or Lamps which now are or hereafter shall be set up within the Limits of the City or Royalty, or shall wilfully extinguish the Light or Lights within the same, or damage the Irons or Appurtenances thereof, it shall and may be lawful for any Person who shall see such Offence committed to seize, and also for any other Person to assist in seizing, the Offender or Offenders, and by the Authority of this Act, without any other Warrant, to convey and deliver such Offender or Offenders into the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be secured and conveyed before One of the Magistrates of the said City; and if the Party or Parties accused of such Offence, whether apprehended as aforesaid, or afterwards cited for the same, shall be convicted thereof either by their own Confession or by legal Evidence according to the Law of *Scotland*, such Offender or Offenders shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling for the First Offence, Three Pounds Sterling for the Second Offence, and Five Pounds Sterling for the Third and every subsequent Offence, and moreover shall make Satisfaction for the Damages done; and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not immediately on Conviction pay such Forfeiture and make such Satisfaction, such Magistrate is hereby empowered to commit him, her, or them to the Common Jail of the said City for a Space not exceeding Two Months, and such Offender or Offenders shall not be discharged before the Expiration of that Time, unless such Forfeiture and Satisfaction shall be sooner paid and given.

Penalty of
breaking
Lamps wil-
fully.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall accidentally break, throw down, or damage any of the said Lamps, or the Irons or Appurtenances thereof, it shall and may be lawful for any of the said Magistrates to award such Sum or Sums of Money by the way of

Satisfaction
to be made
for breaking
Lamps acci-
dentally.

of Satisfaction for such Damages as such Magistrate shall think reasonable, provided the said Sum shall not exceed the real Damage sustained by such Accident, besides the Expence incurred in recovering the same; and in case of Neglect or Refusal of the said Person or Persons to pay such Sum or Sums of Money so awarded, within One Day after it is demanded, to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of his or their Goods, the Surplus, if any, to be paid to such Person or Persons.

Clerks and
Officers to be
appointed.

XLV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and other Commissioners herein-after named, and they are hereby empowered, to appoint Clerks, Servants, and other proper Officers, during their Pleasure, to act under the Authority and Orders of the said Magistrates, or any One of them, for executing the Matters committed to them by this Act, and for regulating the Police, and for preserving good Order and Peace in the said City.

Watchmen to
be appointed.

XLVI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrates and other Commissioners herein-after named, and they are hereby authorized and required, to appoint such a Number of Watchmen as they shall judge necessary for guarding, patrolling, and watching the Streets of the said City, in such Manner and under such Rules and Regulations as to the said Magistrates and other Commissioners shall appear proper and expedient.

Salaries to be
fixed by Com-
missioners.

XLVII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be in the Power of the said Magistrates and the other Commissioners herein-after appointed, or a Quorum of them, to appoint suitable Salaries or Allowances to be paid to the said Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, and other Officers, and to pay the necessary Expences incurred by them in the Execution of the Duty of their respective Offices, and the other necessary Charges and Expences of the aforesaid Establishment, from the Assessments and other Funds herein-after appointed to be levied, and from no other Fund whatever.

Duty of
Clerks and
other Officers.

XLVIII. And be it enacted, That the Duty of the said Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, and other Officers shall be and they are hereby authorized and required to aid, and assist the Magistrates of the said City in apprehending, detecting, and bringing to justice Persons guilty of Street Robberies, Housebreakings, Assaults, Theft, Reset of Theft, Shoplifting, picking Pockets, Swindling, and other Crimes, (which have of late been very frequent in the said City,) by causing the Persons accused of those Crimes to be apprehended and imprisoned upon legal Warrants, and proceeded against in Terms of Law; in apprehending and putting the Law into execution against Vagabonds, Vagrants, idle and disorderly Persons, and public and sturdy Beggars, and other Persons who follow no lawful Employment or Occupation; in suppressing disorderly Public Houses and other Houses frequented by Persons of the foregoing Descriptions; in suppressing Mobs and Riots; in assisting to extinguish Fires; in putting the Laws in execution by which Carters, Owners, and Drivers of Carts and other Carriages are prohibited from leaving the same on the

the Streets, Roads, and Passages, and riding on their said Carts and Carriages, and driving them or Horses or other Cattle furiously and improperly on the Streets; in seeing that the said Streets, Squares, Lanes, Passages, and other Places are properly lighted and cleansed; in keeping in good Order the public Markets of the said City, and the Persons resorting to and dealing therein; in guarding, patrolling, or watching the Streets; and in general in aiding and assisting the Magistrates in all Matters relative to regulating the Police, and preserving the Peace and good Order of the said City, and executing the different Purposes of this Act.

XLIX. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times obstruct, hinder, or molest any Officer, Watchman, or other Person who shall be employed in the Execution of his or their Duty under this Act, every Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One Pound Sterling for the First Offence, Two Pounds Sterling for the Second Offence, and Three Pounds Sterling for the Third and every subsequent Offence; and if any Person or Persons shall assault or strike any Officer or Officers, Watchman or Watchmen, Person or Persons, employed in the Performance of his or their Duty under this Act, every such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling nor less than Two Pounds Sterling, to be levied and recovered in manner herein-after directed and appointed.

Penalty of obstructing Persons employed in execution of this Act.

L. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates and Town Council, and their Successors in Office, to make or cause to be made Common Sewers, Drains, and Watercourses within the said City and Liberties thereof, for draining and carrying the Water from the Roads, Streets, Squares, Lanes, and Passages made or to be made in the said City, and from the Building Ground adjacent thereto, not only along and across the said Streets, Squares, Lanes, and Passages themselves, but through the Gardens or Grounds belonging to Corporations or individual Proprietors, in such Part or Parts thereof as are not built upon, and to repair and cause to be repaired and kept in repair the said Common Sewers, Drains, and Watercourses at all Times: Provided always, that the whole Expence of making, repairing, and keeping in repair the said Common Sewers, Drains, and Watercourses shall be paid from the common and ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City; and when the said Common Sewers, Drains, and Watercourses shall be carried through the Gardens and Grounds belonging to Corporations or individual Proprietors, that the same shall be done in such a Manner that the Houses and other Buildings erected on the other Parts of the said Gardens and Grounds shall not in any Way be thereby damaged or prejudiced; and the said Common Sewers, Drains, and Watercourses shall be covered over in a sufficient and substantial Manner, and the Top of the said Coverings shall be at least Twelve Inches below the Surface of the said Gardens or Grounds, and that all Damages done to the said Gardens or Grounds, (including such Damage as may arise from the Proprietor's being thereby prevented from digging proper Foundations or building sunk Stories and Cellars on their Property respectively, and to the Fences, Trees, Bushes,

Common Sewers may be made.

and other Plants or Crops growing thereupon, by making, digging, covering, and repairing the said Common Sewers, Drains, and Water-courses, shall be paid by the said Magistrates and Town Council from the Funds aforesaid, according as the said Damage shall be ascertained by Decrees to be pronounced by the Sheriff Depute of the County of *Lanark* or his Substitutes, who shall and are hereby authorized and required to hear the Parties, and to decern for the same in a summary Manner.

Holes made in Streets to be fenced and lighted, and Foot Pavements to be railed in.

LI. And be it enacted, That in case any Hole or Opening shall be made in any of the Streets, Lanes, Passages, Squares, or public Places of the said City, or adjacent Streets, for the Purpose of digging Foundations for building, for digging Wells, Drains, or any other Purposes, that the Person or Persons making or causing to be made the said Holes or Openings, and the Persons employed or concerned therein, shall, at his, her, or their own Expence, cause a sufficient Rail or Fence of Ropes or other Materials to be put round the said Holes or Openings, and shall also cause a Lamp or Light to be affixed at or near the same, to be kept burning every Night that such Holes and Openings shall remain unfilled up, from Sun-setting to Sun-rising; and in case any of the said Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to affix and keep burning the said Lamps or Lights in manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to decern the Person or Persons so offending to pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling weekly so long as such Opening shall remain unfilled up, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed and appointed.

For fencing Houses when taken down or unroofed.

LII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That when it is necessary to take down or unroof any Houses and Tenements fronting the Streets of the said City, for the Purposes of rebuilding or repairing them, or for any other Purposes, or when it becomes necessary to perform any other Work upon the said Houses or Tenements, whereby Risk shall arise of Stones, Slates, Timber, or any other Materials falling upon the said Foot Pavements on the Sides of the Streets, that every Person or Persons carrying on or causing to be carried on such Works shall, at his, her, or their Expence, fence round or cause to be fenced round with a sufficient Rail or Rope or other Fence those Parts of the said Foot Pavements which are opposite to the said Houses or Tenements, and shall uphold and keep in proper Repair and Condition the said Rails, Ropes, or other Fences during the whole Time the said Works are carrying on, so as to prevent Passengers from walking along those Parts of the Pavements; and that it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to fine the Person or Persons refusing or neglecting so to fence round the said Pavements in a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling for each Day's Failure, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed, and also to order the said Pavements so to be fenced in, at the Expence of the Person or Persons carrying on the said Works or Repairs.

Fund to be raised.

LIII. And in order to raise a Fund for defraying the Expence of the Establishment of the said Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, and other proper Officers, and other necessary Purposes of this Act, be it enacted,

That the said Lord Provost and Magistrates, and other Commissioners herein-after named, shall be and they are hereby empowered and required, upon the *First Monday in September* annually, beginning upon the *First Monday in September* One thousand eight hundred, to assess upon all Renters, Occupiers, or Possessors of Dwelling Houses, Cellars, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings and Pertinents thereof, within the said City and Royalty, subject to Payment of Cess or Land Tax, and rented or valued at Four Pounds and under Six Pounds Sterling yearly, an annual Assessment not exceeding Fourpence in the Pound Sterling; on the yearly Rent of the said Subjects rented or valued at Six Pounds and under Ten Pounds Sterling yearly, an annual Assessment not exceeding Sixpence in the Pound Sterling; on the yearly Rent of the said Subjects rented or valued at Ten Pounds and under Fifteen Pounds Sterling yearly, an annual Assessment not exceeding Ninepence in the Pound Sterling; and on the yearly Rent of the said Subjects rented or valued at Fifteen Pounds Sterling yearly or upwards, an annual Assessment not exceeding One Shilling in the Pound Sterling; and so in proportion for lesser Sums, as the same shall stand rated in the Rent Roll according to which the Cess or Land Tax is levied and collected, or (in the Option of the said Magistrates and other Commissioners) in the Rent Roll according to which the Duty on Dwelling Houses is levied and collected, or partly from the one and partly from the other of the said Rent Rolls, as to the said Magistrates and Commissioners may seem expedient, or so much of the said Sums as the said Magistrates and Commissioners shall judge necessary to assess and lay on for the said Service at the Time; which annual Assessment shall be calculated for the current Year, from *Whitsunday to Whitsunday* annually, upon the aggregate or accumulated Rent of each Person's Possession, and shall be payable in the Proportions and at the Times to be appointed by the said Magistrates and Commissioners, and shall be levied and collected by the Collector of the Cess for the said City, or by any other Person or Persons appointed by the said Magistrates and Commissioners, or a Quorum of them; for collecting of which Assessment such Allowance shall be made as the said Magistrates and Commissioners shall judge proper; and the like Action and Execution shall be competent and is hereby directed to be used for recovering and levying such Assessment as is authorized by the Law and Practice of *Scotland*, and used there for levying the Cess or Land Tax; and the said Collector of the Cess or Land Tax of the said City, or any Person or Persons appointed by the said Magistrates and Commissioners, or a Quorum of them, are hereby empowered and required to levy, collect, and afterwards pay over the said Assessments to the said Magistrates and Commissioners, or to such Person or Persons and at such Periods as they shall appoint: Provided always, and be it enacted, that in case the Particulars of all the Tenements subject to Payment of the said Assessment (such as Shops, Warehouses, &c.) shall not be contained in any of the said Two Rent Rolls, that it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates and other Commissioners to ascertain the yearly Rent or Value of those Tenements; and that in case the said Assessments shall not be laid on and levied to the full Amount of the Rates before specified, the same Proportions on the different Classes of Rents shall be observed as is before

before specified with regard to the aforesaid highest Assessments; and that Fourteen Days previous to using Execution for levying and collecting the said Assessment, by quartering or otherwise, Notice shall be given by general Advertisements in all the *Glasgow* Newspapers, and also by Tuck of Drum through the City, by the said Magistrates and Council or Assessors and Collectors, that the said legal Execution will be used for levying and recovering the said Assessment or the Arrears thereof, unless the same be paid within the said Fourteen Days.

Possessors
and Tenants
only to pay
Assessment.

LIV. Provided always, That Proprietors and Life-renters shall only be liable in Payment of the said Assessments for the Houses, Cellars, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings occupied and possessed by themselves and their Servants, but not for those occupied and possessed by their Tenants, from whom only the said Assessments for their respective Possessions shall be recovered in manner aforesaid.

Exemptions
from Assess-
ment.

LV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Vintner, Innkeeper, Tavern-keeper, or Coffee-house-keeper shall be assessed in a higher Sum annually under the Authority of this Act than Ten Pounds Sterling yearly for the Houses, Tenements, and Pertinents thereof possessed by him in the Way of his Business, whatever the Rent of his Possessions shall be; and that no Assessment shall be levied for Gardens and Arable Grounds lying within the said City or Royalty thereof, or for empty or waste Houses which are not occupied and possessed by the Proprietors thereof, or by their Tenants.

Questions as
to Assess-
ments to be
decided by
Magistrates.

LVI. And be it enacted, That in case any Question or Dispute shall arise relative to the Houses, Buildings, Cellars, Shops, and Warehouses which are claimed to be exempted from the aforesaid Assessments, or relative to the Amount of the Assessments, or the Valuation of the said Subjects, and the Expence of cleaning the said Foot Pavements, or of erecting or repairing the said Water Pipes, that the same shall be determined by Decrees to be given under the Hands of the said Magistrates or any Two of them, whose Decision shall be final and binding on all Parties concerned.

Sum to be
contributed
from City
Funds to-
wards the
Expences of
executing
this Act.

LVII. And be it enacted, That the said Magistrates and Town Council shall be obliged, from the common and ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City, to add annually to the said Assessments a Sum not less than Eight hundred Pounds Sterling, by half-yearly Payments, beginning at the Term of *Martinmas* One thousand eight hundred; and that all Monies arising from the said Assessments and the said Addition thereto shall be applied, laid out, and expended annually in lighting and cleansing the public Streets, Lanes, Passages, Squares, and other principal Places within the said City, including *Charlotte Street*, and others in similar Circumstances and Situations, in defraying the Expence of the aforesaid Establishment of Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, and other Officers, and of the other Purposes of this Act, and for no other Purpose whatever.

Monies vest-
ed in Com-
missioners,
and how to
be applied.

LVIII. And be it enacted, That the Monies arising from the aforesaid Assessment, and from the said annual Addition thereto to be made from the Funds of the Community of the said City, shall be
and

and the same are hereby vested in the said Magistrates and other Commissioners to be named and appointed in manner herein-after directed; and that all such Monies shall be applied, laid out, and expended in defraying the aforesaid Establishment of Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, and other Officers, and to the other Purposes committed to the said Commissioners by this Act, and to no other Purpose whatever; and in case any surplus Monies shall remain after properly executing the Purposes aforesaid, upon settling the Accounts thereof at the End of each Year, the same shall be applied towards the same Purposes for the Year following, so that the aforesaid Assessments shall be thereby proportionally diminished.

LIX. And whereas dividing the said City into separate Wards and Districts, and appointing Commissioners over them, may have the most beneficial Consequences in facilitating the Establishment and assisting the Execution of the said Plan of Police, and in providing, levying, and applying the Funds necessary for defraying the Expence thereof; be it therefore enacted, That the said City shall be and hereby is divided into the following Wards or Districts, *viz.* The First Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Trongate Street* from the Cross to *Candleriggs Street*, the East Side of that Street from *Trongate Street* to *Bell Street*, the South Side of that Street from *Candleriggs Street* to *High Street*, and the West Side of that Street from the Cross to *Bell Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Second Ward, comprehending the West Side of *High Street* from *Bell Street* to *Grammar School Wynd*, the North Side of *Bell Street* from *High Street* to *Candleriggs Street*, the South Side of *Grammar School Wynd* and of *Cannon Street* from *High Street* to *Candleriggs Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Cannon Street* to *Bell Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Third Ward, comprehending the West Side of *High Street* from *Grammar School Wynd* to *George Street*, the North Side of *Grammar School Wynd* and of *Cannon Street* and of *Ingram Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, the South Side of *George Street* and of *Cochran Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *George Street* to *Ingram Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings: The Fourth Ward, comprehending the West Side of *High Street* from *George Street* to *Rottenrow Street*, the North Side of *George Street* and *Cochran Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, the South Side of *Rottenrow Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Rottenrow Street* to *George Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings: The Fifth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Trongate Street* from *Candleriggs Street* to *Glassford Street*, the West Side of *Candleriggs Street* from *Trongate Street* to *Ingram Street*, the South Side of that Street from *Candleriggs Street* to *Glassford Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Ingram Street* to *Trongate Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings: The Sixth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Argyll Street* from *Glassford Street* to *Queen Street*, the West Side of *Glassford Street* from *Argyll Street* to *Ingram Street*, the South Side of that Street from *Glassford Street* to *Queen Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Ingram Street* to *Argyll Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings:

[Loc. & Per.]

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The

Seventh
Ward.

The Seventh Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Ingram Street* from *John Street* to *Queen Street*, the West Side of *John Street* from *Ingram Street* to *Rottenrow Street* or *Lane*, the South Side of that *Lane* from *John Street* to the Road to *Cowcaddins*, and the East Side of *Queen Street* and of the said Road to *Cowcaddins* from *Ingram Street* to the said *Lane*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and

Eighth Ward.

Buildings: The Eighth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Argyll Street* from *Queen Street* to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, and the West Side of *Queen Street* and of the Road to *Cowcaddins* from *Argyll Street* to the Bridge on that Road over *Saint Enoch's Burn*, with all the Streets, Lanes, and Buildings within the Royalty to the North and West of these Lines; and also those Parts of the Royalty situated to the West of the Road from the aforesaid Bridge to *Port Dundas* on the Canal, and to the West and

Ninth Ward.

South West of the Canal: The Ninth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from the Cross to *King Street*, the West Side of *Saltmarket Street* from the Cross to *Prince's Street*, the North Side of that Street from *Saltmarket Street* to *King Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Trongate Street* to *Prince's Street*,

Tenth Ward.

with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Tenth Ward, comprehending the West Side of *Saltmarket Street* from *Prince's Street* to the *Green Dyke*, the South Side of *Prince's Street* from *Saltmarket Street* to *King Street*, and the East Side of that Street and of the *Slaughter-house Lane* from *Prince's Street* to the *Green Dyke*, with all

Eleventh
Ward.

the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Eleventh Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from *King Street* to *New Wynd*, the West Side of *King Street* and of *Slaughter-house Lane* from *Trongate Street* to the *Green Dyke*, and the East Side of *New Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings, and also the South Side of *Bridgegate Street* from *Slaughter-house Lane* to the *Old Bridge* over the River

Twelfth
Ward.

Clyde, and all the Lanes and Buildings betwixt that Part of the *Bridgegate Street* and the River: The Twelfth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from *New Wynd* to *Old Wynd*, the West Side of *New Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, the North Side of that Street from *New Wynd* to *Old Wynd*, and the East Side of *Old Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*,

Thirteenth
Ward.

with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Thirteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from *Old Wynd* to *Stockwell Street*, the West Side of *Old Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, the East Side of *Stockwell Street* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, and the North Side of that Street from *Stockwell Street* to *Old Wynd*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings:

Fourteenth
Ward.

The Fourteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Argyll Street* from *Stockwell Street* to *Maxwell Street*, the West Side of *Stockwell Street* from *Argyll Street* to *Clyde Street*, the North Side of that Street from *Stockwell Street* to the Line of *Maxwell Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Argyll Street* Southwards, and of a Line continued in the same Direction to *Clyde Street*, with all the inter-

Fifteenth
Ward.

mediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings: The Fifteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Argyll Street* and of the *Anderston Road* from *Maxwell Street* to the Boundary of the Royalty, the West Side of *Maxwell Street* from *Argyll Street* Southward, and of a Line

continued in the same Direction to *Clyde Street*, with all the Streets, Lanes, and Buildings within the Royalty, situated to the South and West of these Two Lines: The Sixteenth Ward, comprehending the East Side of *Saltmarket Street* from the Cross to *Saint Andrew's Street*, the North Side of that Street to the Burn and the South Side of *Gallowgate Street* from the Cross to the Burn, with all the Lanes and Buildings situated betwixt these Lines and the Burn: The Seventeenth Ward, comprehending all Sides of *Saint Andrew's Square*, with the Lanes and Buildings betwixt that Square and the *Green Dyke*, the South Side of *Saint Andrew's Street*, and the East Side of *Saltmarket Street* from *Saint Andrew's Street* to the *Green Dyke*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Eighteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Gallowgate Street* from the Burn to *Saint Mungo's Lane*, both Sides of *Charlotte Street*, and all the other Lanes and Buildings betwixt the Burn and the Grounds belonging to *Saint Andrew's Square* on the West, and *Saint Mungo's Lane* on the East: The Nineteenth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Gallowgate Street* from the Cross to *Spoutmouth Lane*, the West Side of that Lane to the Foot of *Old Vennal*, the East Side of *High Street* from the Cross to the Head of *Old Vennal*, and the South Side of that Vennal till it join *Spoutmouth Lane*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Twentieth Ward, comprehending the East Side of *Spoutmouth Lane* from *Gallowgate Street* to the College Grounds, and the North Side of *Gallowgate Street* from that Lane to the New Road from *Gallowgate Street* to *Drygate Bridge*, with all the Streets, Lanes, and Buildings to the North of that Part of *Gallowgate Street*, and betwixt that Street and the College Grounds: The Twenty-first Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Old Vennal*, the East Side of *High Street* from that Vennal to *Duke Street*, and the South Side of *Duke Street* from *High Street* to the Burn, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings, and also the Lanes and Buildings within the Royalty to the East of the Burn and to the North of the College Grounds, including the Parts about *Drygate Bridge*, *Lady Well*, and both Sides of the Road towards *Carntyne* Eastward to the Boundary of the Royalty: The Twenty-second Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Duke Street* from *High Street* to the Burn, the East Side of *High Street* from *Duke Street* to *Drygate Street*, and also the East Side of *Kirk Street* to *Castle Street*, and of *Castle Street*, and of *Howgate*, and the Road to *Edinburgh* by *Kirkintilloch* to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, and the West Side of the Burn from *Duke Street* Northwards, with all the intermediate Streets and Buildings, and whole Royalty situated to the North thereof, and to the East of the said Road: The Twenty-third Ward, comprehending the West Side of *Kirk Street*, from *Rottenrow Street* Northward, and of *Castle Street*, and *Howgate*, and the Road to *Edinburgh* by *Kirkintilloch* to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction; the North Side of *Rottenrow Street*, and the Lane continued from it Westward, to the *Cowcaddins Road*; and the East Side of that Road, Northward, and of the Road to *Port Dundas* on the Canal, to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction; with all the intermediate Lanes, Buildings, and Grounds, and the whole Royalty to the West of the said *Kirkintilloch Road*, and the North and East of the said Canal: The Twenty-fourth Ward, comprehending the East Side

Sixteenth Ward.

Seventeenth Ward.

Eighteenth Ward.

Nineteenth Ward.

Twentieth Ward.

Twenty-first Ward.

Twenty-second Ward.

Twenty-third Ward.

Twenty-fourth Ward.

of *Saint Mungo's Lane*, the South Side of the *Gallowgate Street*, from that Lane to opposite the said Road from that Street to *Drygate Bridge*, and both Sides of *Gallowgate Street*, from thence to *Camlachie*, or the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, including *Craigenstock*, and the other Streets, Lanes, and Buildings adjacent, and within the Royalty.

Commissioners may alter Wards.

LX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the Lord Provost and Magistrates of the said City, and the other Commissioners herein-after named and appointed, to alter, vary, add to, or diminish the said Wards, or any of them, in such Manner as the State of the Population thereof or other Circumstances shall to the said Magistrates and other Commissioners appear from Time to Time to require.

Resident Commissioners to be appointed.

LXI. And be it enacted, That a Commissioner residing within his own District or Ward, qualified and elected in manner herein-after directed, shall be appointed over each of the said Wards, with Power to him to take Lists of Persons residing within his own respective Ward, and to take the legal Steps for preventing poor Persons and Beggars from gaining legal Settlements in the City, so as to entitle them to the Charity thereof, together also with the whole Powers known by the Laws of *Scotland* to belong to the Office of Constable; and that each of the Commissioners shall be head or ruling Constable within his own particular Ward.

Commissioners how to be elected.

LXII. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall be elected, on the first *Monday of August* in this present Year One thousand eight hundred, by Majority of Votes of the Occupiers of Dwelling Houses, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings within the respective Wards, valued in manner herein-before assessed at Ten Pounds Sterling or upwards of yearly Rent, out of the Number of Householders within the District or Ward whose Dwelling Houses, exclusive of those Parts occupied as Shops or Warehouses, are valued in manner aforesaid at Fifteen Pounds Sterling or upwards of yearly Rent: Provided always, and be it enacted, That in such Wards where there are not Ten Householders so qualified, the Commissioners thereof may be elected out of the Number of those whose Dwelling Houses are valued in the said Rent Roll at Ten Pounds Sterling or upwards of yearly Rent; and where Dwelling Houses and Shops are contiguous, and are possessed by the same Person, that One Half of the aggregate Rent of the whole Possession shall be accounted House and the other Half Shop Rent.

Manner of voting for Commissioners.

LXIII. And be it enacted, That the said Votes shall be given in each Ward separately, by written Notes or Tickets subscribed by the Voters, specifying their Names, Designations, and Qualifications, and containing the Names and Designations of the Persons voted for, put into Boxes prepared for the Purpose, on the Day appointed for each Election, which Boxes the Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener of the Trades of the City, for the First Time; and afterwards they and the other Commissioners herein-after appointed, shall and they are hereby authorized and required to prepare

prepare in such Form as to them shall seem expedient, and to put up one of these Boxes in such Place, within each Ward, as to them shall seem proper, and of which they shall give Eight Days previous Notice by Advertisement in Two or more of the *Glasgow* Newspapers, in order that all concerned may have Access to put their Notes or Tickets into the same, between the Hours of Ten of the Clock Forenoon and Four of the Clock Afternoon of the Day of Election, at which last Hour the Election shall be closed, and the Boxes removed, and afterwards opened, and the Votes scrutinized, and the Commissioners declared, for the First Time, by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener, and afterwards by them and the other Commissioners for the preceding Year, who shall determine by a Majority of Votes at their own Meeting, in all Cases of Equality of Votes, for Commissioners: Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person shall have more than One Vote upon his total Possession or Qualification, and that he shall only vote in One Ward or District.

LXIV. And be it enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times obstruct, hinder, or molest any Person or Persons qualified to vote in manner aforesaid, in giving such Votes, or putting the said Notes or Tickets into the proper Box, every Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings Sterling for each Offence, *toties quoties*: Provided always, that in case any Person or Persons, not qualified to vote as herein provided, shall nevertheless vote or attempt to vote at the said Elections, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling for each Offence, *toties quoties*; which Forfeitures shall be levied and applied in manner hereinafter directed.

Penalty of obstructing Voters, and of Persons voting who are not properly qualified.

LXV. And be it enacted, That in case any of the Commissioners named and elected in manner aforesaid shall die, or shall refuse or neglect to accept the Office, and subscribe an Acceptance accordingly, on being required so to do by the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and other Commissioners herein-after appointed, or shall cease to reside within the Wards or Districts for which they were elected, their Places shall become vacant, and shall be supplied by others qualified in manner aforesaid, and elected in manner after directed.

If Commissioners refuse to act.

LXVI. And be it enacted, when and so often as the Place of any of the said Commissioners shall become vacant, That the said Lord Provost, or, in his Absence, the next senior Magistrate present in the City, shall, within Fourteen Days after the said Vacancy or Vacancies shall happen, advertise in manner before directed an Election or Elections, to be made in manner before appointed, not more than Four Days after the Publication of the Advertisements, in order to choose a Commissioner or Commissioners, (qualified in manner aforesaid,) to supply the said Vacancy or Vacancies, who shall be elected accordingly.

Vacancies how to be supplied.

LXVII. And be it enacted, That in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise, relative either to the Qualifications of the Electors or of
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Disputed Qualifications how to be decided.

the Persons elected, the same shall be determined by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild and Deacon Conveners for the First Election, and afterwards by them and the other Commissioners, whose Determination, or of a Majority of them present, in all Cases shall be final and binding on all Persons concerned.

Electors neglecting or refusing to elect Commissioners, how they are to be appointed.

LXVIII. And be it enacted, That in case the Electors of any of the said Wards shall refuse or neglect to elect Commissioners for the same, either upon the said *First Monday of August* in this present Year One thousand eight hundred, or upon any other Day appointed by Authority of this Act for electing Commissioners to supply Vacancies, that then and in such Cases it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, and other Commissioners herein-after appointed, who shall have accepted their Offices, to nominate and appoint Commissioners, qualified in manner before directed, for the said Wards for which Elections have not been made, and these Persons, when so nominated and appointed, shall have and enjoy the same Powers and Privileges, both as Commissioners of Wards and as Commissioners for executing this Act, and shall remain the same Time in Office, as if they had been elected by the Possessors of Houses, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings in their respective Wards, in the Manner herein first directed.

Commissioners for executing the Act appointed.

LXIX. And be it enacted, That the Lord Provost and Three Baillies, the Dean of Guild and Deacon Convener of the Trades of the said City, and the Commissioners of the said Twenty-four Wards, shall be and are hereby appointed Commissioners for assessing, levying, and applying the Monies herein-before directed to be raised for the Purposes aforesaid, for naming and appointing the foresaid Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, and other Officers, for fixing their Salaries, for regulating the Manner of watching, guarding, and patrolling the Streets, for establishing Rules and Regulations for the Direction and Government of the said Watchmen, and for executing the other Matters specified in this Act and committed to their Charge.

Vacancies of Commissioners how to be supplied.

LXX. And whereas it is necessary that the said Commissioners of Wards should remain in Office for such a Period as to enable them to acquire Experience and Knowledge of the Business hereby intrusted to them; be it therefore enacted, That the Commissioners who shall be chosen on the said *First Monday of August* One thousand eight hundred, and those chosen to supply Vacancies during the First Year, shall remain in Office till the *First Monday of November* One thousand eight hundred and one, on which Day Eight of them, or of those who shall have been elected into Vacancies during the said Year, shall be disqualified and go out of Office by Ballot, and Eight other Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places; and the other Sixteen Commissioners who shall be chosen on the said *First Monday of August* One thousand eight hundred, or those chosen to supply Vacancies during the said First and Second Years, shall remain in Office till the *First Monday of November* One thousand eight hundred and two, on which Day Eight of them, or of those who shall have been elected during the

said Two Years to supply Vacancies, shall be disqualified and go out of Office by Ballot, and Eight other Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places; and that the remaining Eight Commissioners, who shall be chosen on the said First *Monday of August* One thousand eight hundred, and those who shall have been chosen to supply Vacancies during the first Three Years, shall remain in Office till the First *Monday of November* One thousand eight hundred and three, when they shall, as being disqualified from Seniority, go out of Office, and Eight other Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places; and that on the First *Monday of November* One thousand eight hundred and four, and on the First *Monday of November* annually thereafter, Eight of the senior Commissioners shall be disqualified and go out of Office by Rotation, and Eight other Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places, so that there may be an Election of Eight Commissioners each Year, and no more, except for supplying Vacancies.

LXXI. Provided always, That Persons disqualified in manner aforesaid may be immediately re-elected into Office in the Option of their Constituents, in which Case they shall come in as the youngest Commissioners, and shall be enrolled as such accordingly.

Commissioners may be re-elected.

LXXII. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners of Wards shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, within One Month after they are elected, to make up exact Lists of the Persons in their respective Wards who are qualified in manner aforesaid to elect or to be elected Commissioners; which Lists shall be entered in Books to be kept for that Purpose, and shall be open and patent to the Inspection of all Parties interested at all reasonable Times; and the said Commissioners shall from Time to Time alter and amend the said Lists according as the Circumstances and Situation of the Persons capable of electing or being elected may from Time to Time alter or vary.

Commissioners to keep Lists of Electors.

LXXIII. And be it enacted, That each of the said Commissioners shall, Ten Days previous to every Election in his Ward after the First, deliver to the said Lord Provost, or, in his Absence, to the next senior Magistrate present in the City, an authentic List subscribed by him of the Persons within his Ward capable of so electing or being elected.

LXXIV. And be it enacted, That any Seven of the said Commissioners shall be a Quorum for transacting ordinary Business, but that no Money shall be assessed or voted for, and that neither the Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, or other Officers shall be appointed, nor Salaries fixed, except at Meetings at which there shall be present a Majority of the Commissioners who have accepted their said Offices: Provided also, and be it enacted, That the whole Commissioners resident in the City at the Time shall be cited personally or at their Dwelling Houses, by written or printed Summonses, to attend all Meetings of the said Commissioners; and that the Lord Provost, and in his Absence the next senior Magistrate present, and in Absence of all the Magistrates,

Quorum of Commissioners.

trates, a Person to be chosen by the Meeting, shall preside at all Meetings of the said Commissioners, and shall have both a deliberative and a casting Vote in all Matters and Questions which shall come before them.

Meetings of Commissioners to be held.

LXXV. And be it enacted, That Four Quarterly Meetings of the said Magistrates and other Commissioners shall be held within the Town Council Chamber, or at such other Place within the City as shall be appointed by the said Magistrates, on the First *Monday of March, June, September, and December*, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, for putting this Act and the Powers hereby committed to them in execution (beginning those Meetings on the First *Monday of September* after passing this Act), and that the Lord Provost, and in his Absence the next senior Magistrate of the said City acting for the Time, shall cause the whole of the said Commissioners resident at the Time in the City to be summoned to attend the said Quarterly Meetings personally, or at their Dwelling Houses, by written or printed Summonses, at least Twenty-four Hours previous to the Time of Meeting.

Meetings may be adjourned.

LXXVI. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners, or a Majority of them present at any of the said Quarterly Meetings, may adjourn to the same or any other Place within the said City which they may think necessary or proper for executing the Powers vested in them by this Act.

Other Meetings may be called.

LXXVII. And be it enacted, That the Lord Provost, and in his Absence the next senior Magistrate of the said City acting for the Time, shall, upon Requisition being made to him under the Hands of any Four of the said Commissioners, appoint Meetings of the said Commissioners to be held within Forty-eight Hours of such Requisition, and to cause the whole Commissioners to be summoned to attend the said Meetings in manner aforesaid; and it shall be in the Power of the said Lord Provost, and in his Absence of the next senior Magistrate of the said City acting for the Time, to appoint other Meetings of the said Commissioners to be held at such Times and Places within the said City as may to him seem necessary or expedient for the above Purposes, the whole Commissioners being always summoned to attend those Meetings in manner aforesaid.

Powers of Magistrates and other Commissioners as to assessing and levying Monies.

LXXVIII. And be it enacted, That the said Magistrates and other Commissioners herein-before named and appointed shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized and required, at their Quarterly Meeting to be held on the First *Monday of September* annually, to ascertain and lay on the Assessment to be levied from the Renters, Occupiers, and Possessors of the Houses, Cellars, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings before described, and also to ascertain the Sums of Money to be expended for the Purposes aforesaid for the then current Year, and that it shall not be lawful for nor in the Power of the said Commissioners, or any Person or Persons acting under their Authority, to levy or expend any Monies by virtue of this Act, unless the same shall have been previously assessed and laid on, and the Expenditure thereof voted by the said Commissioners;

sioners; and that the said Magistrates and other Commissioners shall be subject to and liable in Payment of the said Assessments for the Houses, Cellars, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings rented or possessed by them, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXIX. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the said Lord Provost and Magistrates of the said City, and other Commissioners aforesaid, to cause Enumerations of the Inhabitants to be made from Time to Time, and as often as they shall think expedient, and to employ proper Persons for that Purpose, to be paid from the said Assessments; and all Innkeepers and Masters of Hotels, Public Houses, Lodging Houses, and other Houses of Entertainment shall, and they are hereby ordered and required on such Occasions, and at all other Times when required by the Lord Provost or any of the said Magistrates, or any Officer or other Person acting under or by virtue of a written Order from them or either of them, to give the Names and Occupations of, and otherwise describe, all Persons living in their Houses and Families, under the Penalty of forfeiting for each Refusal any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Inhabitants may be enumerated.

LXXX. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall have Power to appoint a Collector or Collectors, Treasurer or Treasurers, Clerk or Clerks, or other Officer or Officers, for levying, receiving, and paying away the Monies to be raised by the aforesaid Assessments, and the other Funds provided by virtue of this Act, and for keeping their Books and Records, and for the other Purposes aforesaid, and to rent or hire a sufficient Office for holding their Meetings and transacting their Business, and also to appoint suitable Salaries to the said Collectors, Treasurers, or Clerks, and to agree for and pay a reasonable Rent for the said Office out of the said Funds, and that the said Collectors or Treasurers shall be bound and obliged to find sufficient Security to the said Magistrates and other Commissioners for their respective Intromissions with the Funds which they shall be empowered to levy and collect.

Commissioners may appoint Collectors or Treasurers.

LXXXI. And be it enacted, That a Book or Books shall be prepared and kept by the said Commissioners, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, wherein shall be fairly entered an Account of what Monies have been levied and paid by virtue of this Act, and in what Manner the same have been applied, and that the said Books shall be regularly fitted and balanced yearly on the First *Monday* of *September* immediately preceding the Election of the said Commissioners, the First Balance to be struck in the Year One thousand eight hundred and one, from which a State of the Payments and Disbursements for the preceding Year shall be made out and printed, on or before the First Day of *October* annually after the Books are balanced; and a Copy thereof shall be delivered to each of the Commissioners and the Members of the Town Council, Merchants and Trades Houses, and shall be lodged in the Council Chamber of the said City, where it shall remain for Six Weeks, during which Time it shall be open to the Inspection of every Burgess of the said City, and other Persons contributing to the foresaid Assessments, without Fee or Reward.

Books to be kept.

Books to be
open for
Inspection.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall keep or cause to be kept a Book or Books, in which shall be ingrossed or written Minutes of all their Transactions, with the Amount of the Salaries and Emoluments paid to the said Clerks, Servants, Watchmen, Collectors, Treasurer, and other Officers appointed by the said Commissioners, which Book or Books shall, at all reasonable Times, be open to the Inspection of every Burgess of the said City, Persons contributing to the aforesaid Assessments, who shall and may peruse and inspect the same without Fee or Reward; and that it shall be competent to the Town Council, Merchants House and Trades House of the said City, or any One of them, to bring Actions against the said Commissioners, or to the Commissioners for the Time being, or a Majority of them, to bring Actions against their Predecessors in Office, before the Courts of Session or Exchequer in *Scotland*, in case they shall embezzle, squander, or misapply any of the Funds vested in them by virtue of this Act, provided that such Action or Actions shall be commenced within Twelve Calendar Months after the Offence prosecuted for shall be alleged to have been committed.

Rules for
regulating
Markets.

LXXXIII. And whereas the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City have, for the Accommodation of the Inhabitants thereof, erected large and convenient Market Places for the Sale of Meal and Corn, Butcher Meat, Fish, Potatoes, and Vegetables of all Kinds, and other Commodities and Articles sold for the Use and Consumption of the said Inhabitants, and have expended large Sums of Money in purchasing Ground for these Purposes, and in erecting Buildings thereon; and have erected a large and convenient Slaughter House for killing Cattle, and have lately enclosed and paved some Grounds adjoining thereto to be used as a Market Place for the Sale of Live Cattle, in order to prevent the Inconveniences arising from their being exposed to Sale in the Streets: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates and Town Council, in Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered and authorized, at any Time or Times, to make, ordain, and establish such Orders, Rules, and Regulations for the better regulating all and each of the aforesaid Market Places, Slaughter House or Houses, and all other public Market Places erected or which shall hereafter be erected within the said City; and likewise to make, ordain, and establish such Orders, Rules, and Regulations relative to the Manner of collecting the Dues in the said public Markets, and in other Places within the Limits of the said City, or in any other Place or Places in the Vicinity thereof, to which the said Market Places, Slaughter House or Houses, may afterwards be removed, as they shall judge fit and expedient; and also from Time to Time, as Occasion may require, to repeal, add to, and alter such Rules and Regulations.

Duties of
Live Cattle
Market.

LXXXIV. And in order to indemnify the said Magistrates and Town Council, and the Community of the said City, for the Expence incurred in erecting the said Market Place for the Sale of Live Cattle, be it enacted, That every Person or Persons who shall bring into or expose to Sale any Cows, Sheep, or other Cattle in the said Market Place shall, for each Time that such Cattle are exposed to

Sale, pay the following Duties; (*videlicet,*) for each Cow, Ox, or Bull, the Sum of One Penny Sterling; for each Score of Sheep and Goats, the Sum of Three-pence Sterling; for each Score of Lambs, Two-pence Sterling; for each Sow, Hog, or Boar, One Penny Sterling; and for each Calf, One Halfpenny Sterling.

LXXXV. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall expose to Sale any Cows, Oxen, Sheep, Goats, Lambs, Calves, Hogs, or other Cattle, (Horses, Mares, or Geldings excepted,) or shall cause the same to be done in any open or public Street within the said City, every Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling, to be levied and recovered in manner herein-after directed.

Penalty of exposing Cattle for Sale in the Streets.

LXXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That none of the Penalties before mentioned shall extend to Cattle exposed to Sale or sold on the Streets, at the usual Places, during the Fairs held within the said City called *Whit Monday*, and the Fair of *Glasgow*, *Saint Mungo's*, or *Twenty Day of Yule Fair*, and *Skyers Thursday*.

Proviso.

LXXXVII. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted, That the said Magistrates and Town Council shall and they are hereby empowered to exact and levy the other Duties in use to be exacted and levied in the several other Market Places, and also all Mails, Duties, Customs, and other Taxes which were in use to be levied within the said City, for Behoof of the Community thereof, in the same Manner as before passing this Act; and likewise all such other Market Dues as the said Magistrates and Town Council shall be found legally entitled to impose.

Former Market Dues to be levied.

LXXXVIII. And whereas there have been Three Market Days in each Week from Time immemorial; in order to prevent all Doubts with regard to the particular Days of the Week which ought to be held as Market Days, be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the public Market Days in the said City shall be *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Saturday* in each and every Week.

Market Days ascertained.

LXXXIX. And whereas the Shops fronting some of the Streets of the said City are situated in Piazzas behind Pillars, whereby the said Shops are not only rendered dark and incommodious, but the said Piazzas in the Evenings and at Night are Receptacles for Thieves, Pickpockets, and idle and disorderly Persons; be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates and Town Council, and their Successors in Office, to bargain and agree with such of the Proprietors of the said Shops as are desirous so to do, for Leave to them to bring forward their respective Shops to the Front of the said Pillars, so as to include the Area of the said Piazzas into the Shops, and to alter the Doors and Windows of the said Shops by cutting the said Pillars or otherwise, so as to give proper Light and Entries to the Shops; and that it shall be lawful to the said Magistrates and Council, and their aforesaid, to ask, take, and receive from the Proprietors of the said Shops such Consideration Money or Fines for the Privilege before mentioned as the said Proprietors

Shops under Pillars may be extended.

Proprietors shall be willing to pay for the same; and that all Monies arising from the said Bargains and Agreements shall belong to and make Part of the common and ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City.

Alterations
not to occa-
sion Damage
to the supe-
rior Tene-
ments.

XC. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the said Alterations and Improvements shall be made without in any Manner of Way damaging or prejudicing the neighbouring Shops, or the Tenements and Stories erected above the Shops so to be altered and improved; and that the Proprietors of the said neighbouring Shops and superior Tenements and Stories shall be entitled, before the Alterations are begun, to demand and get sufficient Security either from the said Magistrates and Town Council, or from the Proprietors of the Shops which are to be altered and improved, as may be agreed upon by the said Parties and Magistrates and Town Council, for Indemnification against all such Loss or Damage.

Magistrates
and Council
may make
Bye Laws.

XCI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates and other Commissioners, or a Majority of them, at any Meetings to be held for that Purpose, at any Time or Times after the passing of this Act, to make, ordain, and establish Orders, Rules, and Bye Laws for the better executing this Act, consistent with the present Act and the Laws of *Scotland*; and also from Time to Time, as Occasion may require, to repeal, add to, amend, or alter such Rules, Orders, and Bye Laws as to them shall seem necessary and expedient, and to enforce the same by pecuniary Penalties, not exceeding in any Case the Sum of Twenty Shillings Sterling, to be levied in manner herein-after directed: Provided always, that none of the said Regulations shall become valid or take effect till they be ratified and confirmed by the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City in Council assembled, and published in the Newspapers, and printed and put up in the most conspicuous Places of the said City.

Actions com-
petent by
Procurator
Fiscal.

XCII. And be it enacted, That it shall be competent to the Procurator Fiscal of the Burgh, and Dean of Guild Courts of *Glasgow* for the Time being, to bring Actions, and Execution shall pass at his Instance for Performance of all and each of the Obligations, and for levying and recovering all and each of the Penalties herein-before specified.

Penalties
under Fifteen
Shillings how
to be reco-
vered.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, to decern in a summary Manner for the several Penalties, Damages, and Expences imposed by this Act (the Manner of levying or recovering whereof is not otherwise herein-before particularly described); and in case the Penalty or Forfeiture be not immediately paid, the said Magistrates, or any One of them, where the Sum decerned for does not exceed Fifteen Shillings Sterling, shall and they are hereby empowered to commit the Person or Persons refusing to Prison for any Time not exceeding Fourteen Days, unless such Penalties, Damages, and Expences, and the Charges incurred in levying or recovering the same, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

XCIV. And

XCV. And be it further enacted, That where the Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages, and Expences decerned for exceed the Sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling, it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, upon Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, by their own Confession, or by legal Evidence according to the Law of *Scotland*, in case the Offender or Offenders shall not immediately pay the Sums decerned for, to cause the same to be recovered and levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender or Offenders Goods and Effects, by Warrant under the Hand of any One of the said Magistrates, and after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale, the Surplus, if any, arising by such Sale, shall be paid to such Person or Persons; and in case sufficient Goods and Effects shall not be found, it shall and may be lawful for such Magistrates to cause such Person or Persons to be committed to the Common Jail of the said City, therein to continue for a Time not exceeding Twenty Days, unless the Sums of Money so decerned for, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid and satisfied: Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all Cases where the said Magistrates and other Judges are empowered to decern for the Expence of any Works or Operations, or of any other Expences, Sums of Money, Damages, or Penalties under the Authority of this Act, that it shall be lawful for them and in their Power also to decern for the Costs of Suit, over and above such Expences, Sums of Money, Penalties, and Damages themselves.

Penalties above Fifteen Shillings how to be recovered.

XCV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates, or any One of them, from Time to Time to mitigate or lessen any of the Forfeitures incurred under this Act, provided that none of the said Forfeitures and Penalties shall be mitigated or lessened unless they exceed the Sum of Ten Shillings Sterling, and where the said Penalties and Forfeitures exceed the Sum of Ten Shillings Sterling, that they shall not be mitigated or lessened more than One Half, besides the Expences and Charges of prosecuting for the same.

Penalties may be mitigated.

XCVI. And be it enacted, That the Whole of the pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures herein-before enacted shall, after deducting the necessary Charges of recovering the same, be paid into, and make Part of, the Funds under the Direction of the said Magistrates and other Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act.

Application of Penalties.

XCVII. And be it enacted, That the Forfeitures and Penalties which may be imposed in virtue of this Act, in case Actions for the Recovery of them be not commenced within the Space of Three Calendar Months from the Time the Facts by which they are incurred have been committed, shall cease to be of any Effect, and the Person or Persons who shall have so offended shall not be liable to be prosecuted for such Penalties or Forfeitures.

Limitation of Actions.

XCVIII. And be it enacted, That no Action shall be commenced against the said Magistrates and other Commissioners, or any other Person or Persons, for any thing done in the Execution of this Act, after Three Calendar Months from the Time the Fact is committed,

Farther Limitations of Actions.

[*Loc. & Per.*]

19 B

and

and the Defender or Defenders in such Action or Process may produce this Act, and plead that the said Things were done by Authority and in virtue thereof; and if they shall appear so to be done, then and in that Case the said Defender or Defenders shall be assoilzied from such Action or Process, and the Pursuer or Pursuers in such Action shall be found liable to pay to the said Defender or Defenders the whole Expences of Process incurred by the said Defender or Defenders: Provided always, that it shall be competent to bring Actions against the said Magistrates and other Commissioners herein-before named for embezzling, squandering, or misapplying the Funds hereby vested in them, at any Time within Twelve Calendar Months after the Offence prosecuted for shall be alleged to have been committed.

Declaration as to the extended Royalty.

XCIX. And be it enacted, That all Regulations, Provisions, and other Things whatsoever herein-before enacted shall be equally applicable, and shall extend and be construed to extend, to the Lands hereby annexed to and comprehended within the Royalty of the said City, as to those comprehended in the ancient Royalty of the said City, in so far as is consistent with the former Parts of this Act, and excepting as herein-before expressly excepted.

Saving Jurisdictions to Magistrates and Council and Baillie of the River Clyde.

C. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to take away, abridge, or diminish any Rights, Privileges, Jurisdictions, and Powers which now belong to and are enjoyed by the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City, or by the said Magistrates or any One of them, or by the Water Baillie of the Ports or River of *Clyde*, appointed by the said Magistrates and Town Council, by virtue of former Acts of Parliament or Royal Charters granted in their Favour, or of immemorial Usage.

Saving Clause to Corporations and Individuals.

CI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to cut down or invalidate the legal Claims which any individual Person or Persons, or Members of Bodies Corporate or Collegiate, or of Companies, have (by virtue of Acts of Parliament, Royal Charters, or otherwise) to any Exemption from public Burdens or Taxes imposed on the other Inhabitants of the said City of *Glasgow*; the Validity and Discussion of which Claims in the competent Courts of Law, with all Defences which the said Magistrates, Town Council, Bodies Corporate or Collegiate, Companies, Inhabitants, or Burgesses can or may plead against the said Claims, are hereby expressly reserved to all Parties concerned, any thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Expence of passing this Act how to be paid.

CII. And be it enacted, That the Charges and Expences of passing this Act shall in the first Instance be advanced by the said Magistrates and Council out of the Funds of the Community, and shall be repayed to them, with Interest from the respective Periods of advancing the same, out of the Monies arising from the Assessments aforesaid, by equal Portions, from the Sums levied during the first Seven Years after passing this Act.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Judges, and Magistrates, with their Officers, Messengers at Arms, and all other Officers and Executors of the Law whomsoever, are hereby required to be aiding and assisting in putting this Act into due and lawful Execution, and that this Act shall be deemed, allowed to be, and taken Notice of in all Courts of Law and Equity as a Public Act, and all Judges, Justices, and others are hereby required to take Notice thereof as such without specially pleading the same. Public Act.

CIV. And be it enacted, That those Parts of this Act which relate to the laying on and levying the Assessment herein-before directed, appointing Officers, Clerks, Collectors, and Watchmen, dividing the said City into Districts or Wards, and appointing Commissioners of the said Wards, shall continue in force for Seven Years from and after the passing thereof, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer, but that all the other Parts of this Act shall be perpetual. Duration of the Act.

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THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

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BY JAMES M. SMITH