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#### ANNEX 7

[F1List of plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain

#### **Textual Amendments**

F1 Annex 7 substituted (31.12.2020 except so far as it relates to Annex 7 Pt. A Table, entries 3, 61, 135(a) and 1.1.2021 in so far as not already in force) by The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1527), Sch. 7 (as amended by S.I. 2020/1631, regs. 1(2), 9(2)(4))

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 Annex 7: power to amend conferred (31.12.2020) by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/2031, Art. 41(3)-(3B) (as substituted by The Plant Health (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1482), regs. 2(2)(b), 29(4)(c))

# PART A

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

## **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C1 Annex 7 Pt. A: power to amend conferred (31.12.2020) by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/2031, Art. 42(4) (4A) (as substituted by The Plant Health (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1482), regs. 2(2)(b), 29(5)(e))
- C2 Annex 7 Pt. A: power to amend conferred (31.12.2020) by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/2031, Art. 44(1A) (as substituted by The Plant Health (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1482), regs. 2(2)(b), 29(7)(a))

## Interpretation

### In this Annex:

'associated controlled dunnage', in entry [F2109, 111, 112, 113, [F3115A, 115B,] 116, 117, 120, 122, 123, 125, 128, [F4128A, 128C,] 130, 132, 135, 136, [F5136A,] 138, 140 or 142] of Part A, means wood which supports a consignment of wood of a genus or species specified in that entry and which—

- i is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment; and
- ii meets the requirements specified in column (3) of that entry;
- 'EPPO PM 9/2' means the standard describing a national regulatory control system for *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *sepedonicus* that provides guidance on surveillance for the pathogen and its containment and eradication if found, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization;
- 'EPPO PM 9/5' means the standard describing the procedures for official control of *Synchytrium endobioticum*, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization;

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'EPPO PM 9/26' means the standard describing a national regulatory control system for *Globodera pallida* and *Globodera rostochiensis*, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization;

[F6'ISPM4' means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4 of April 2017 on requirements for the establishment of pest free areas, prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations;]

[F7:(ISPM10" means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 10 of December 2015 on requirements for the establishment of pest-free places of production and pest-free production sites, prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations;

"ISPM14" means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 14 of April 2019 on the use of integrated measures in a systems approach for pest risk management, prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations;

"ISPM31" means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 31 of December 2015 on methodologies for sampling of consignments, prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations;]

[F8":ISPM41" means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 41 of April 2017 on international movement of used vehicles, machinery and equipment, prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations];

'list of Xylella host plants' means the list, published by the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom from time to time, of plants that may host *Xylella fastidiosa* (Wells et al.).

	(1) Description of plants, plant products or other objects	(2) Origin	(3) Special requirements
1.	Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, with the exception of sterile medium of <i>in-vitro</i> plants	country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that the growing medium at the time of their planting:  i was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes,  ii was composed entirely of peat or fibre of Cocos nucifera L. and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any

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		other agr	icultural
		purposes	
	iii	was subje	
		to effecti	
		fumigation	
		-	ment* to
		ensure fr	
		from pes	ts, or
	iv	was subje	
		to an effe	ective
		systems a	approach*
		to ensure	freedom
		from pes	
		in all the	
		mentione	
		points (i)	
		(iv) was	
		and main	
		under app	
		it free fro	is to keep
		quarantir	
		and	ic pests,
b	that since	e planting	
	i	appropria	
		measures	
		been take	en to
		ensure th	at the
		growing	
		has been	
		free from	
		quarantin	
		including	
		aa	physical isolation
			of the
			growing
			medium
			from soil
			and other
			possible
			sources
			of
			contamination,
		bb	hygiene
			measures,
		cc	using
			water free
			from GB
			quarantine
			pests, or
I			P0000, 01

			ii in the two weeks prior to export, the growing medium including, where appropriate, soil was completely removed by washing using water free from GB quarantine pests, and where replanting occurred, [F9the] growing medium used met the requirements specified in point (a) and the measures described in point (b)(i) were taken to ensure that it remains free from GB quarantine pests.  * Details of the treatment or the use of a systems approach must also be included on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
2.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The machinery or vehicles must be accompanied by an official statement that the machinery or vehicles have been cleaned and are free from soil and plant debris [F10 in accordance with ISPM41].
3.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The machinery or vehicles must be accompanied by an official statement that the machinery or vehicles have been:  a moved from an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of export in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Ceratocystis platani (Walter) Engelbrecht & Harrington, or b in the case of machinery or vehicles moved from an area

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4.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	Any third country	infected with <i>Ceratocystis</i> platani (Walter) Engelbrecht & Harrington, they have been cleaned and made free from soil and plant debris prior to their movement out of the infected area [FII in accordance with ISPM41].  The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the place of production has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al. and Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.
5.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.
6.	Plants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	Any third country F12	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in a nursery and:  a that they originate in:  i an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Thrips palmi Karny, or  ii a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as an area that is free from Thrips palmi Karny, on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the

			three months prior to export, or  b that immediately prior to export, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment† against Thrips palmi Karny and have been officially inspected and found free from Thrips palmi Karny.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  † Details of the treatment must also be included on the phytosanitary certificate.
7.	Plants for planting, other than seeds	Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they have been grown in a nursery, b that they are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and c that they have been inspected at appropriate times and have been found prior to their export to be:  i free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and ii free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 of 28 November 2019 establishing uniform conditions for... ANNEX 7

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Federal
District
(Tsentralny
federalny
okrug),
Northwestern
Federal
District
(Severo-
Zapadny
federalny
okrug),
Southern
Federal
District
(Yuzhny
federalny
okrug), North
Caucasian
Federal
District
(Severo-
Kavkazsky
federalny
okrug) and
Volga Federal
District
(Privolzhsky
federalny
okrug)),
San Marino,
Serbia,
Switzerland,
Syria, Tunisia,
Turkey, and
Ukraine.

8. Plants for planting, other than dormant plants, plants in tissue culture, seeds, bulbs, tubers, corms and rhizomes

Any third country where any of the following GB quarantine pests are known to occur ("the relevant pests"):

Begomoviruses, —Cucumber

vein yellowing virus,

The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:

- a in all cases, that no symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and
- b in the case of plants originating in any third country where Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) or other vectors of the relevant pests are known to occur, that no symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during their

		—Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus, —Lettuce infectious yellows virus, —Melon yellowing-associated virus, —Squash vein yellowing virus, —Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus, —Sweet potato mild mottle virus, —Tomato mild mottle virus, —Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus	i that the plants originate in areas which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, are known to be free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) and other vectors of the relevant pests, ii that the site of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) and other vectors of the relevant plant pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect those pests, or iii that the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) and the other vectors of the relevant pests and
			(Gennadius) and the other vectors of the
9.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Cucurbitaceae and Solanaceae [F14 other than tubers of Solanum tuberosum]	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a in all cases:  i that the plants originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus, or ii that no symptoms of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus have been observed

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		on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and b in the case of any plants originating in an area where Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are known to occur:  i that their site of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest, or ii that the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus.
10.	Unrooted cuttings for planting of Euphorbia pulcherrima Klotzsch	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius), b that no signs of Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) have been observed on the cuttings, or on plants from which the cuttings were derived and held or produced, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the whole production period of the plants at that place of production, or

			c in cases where Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production:  i that the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings were derived and held and produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius), and ii that subsequently the place of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from that place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to their movement, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period.
11.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch and unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch.	Any third country	[F15]In the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packaging or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, the plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) prior to their movement.

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In any other case, the plants must be accompanied byan official statement that the plants comply with one of the following requirements i they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius), ii they originate in a place of production where no signs of Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) have been observed during official inspections carried out at least every three weeks during a period of nine weeks prior to export, or iii in cases where Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production: aa they have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius), and bb subsequently, official inspections carried out weekly during a period of three weeks prior to export have

found the place of production

			b an official state cuttings from plants originat one of the requipoint (a).]	which those e comply with nirements in
12.	Plants for planting of Begonia L., other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants for planting, other than seeds, of Ajuga L., Crossandra Salisbury, Dipladenia A.DC., Ficus L., Hibiscus L., Mandevilla Lindl. and Nerium oleander L.	Any thi country	a an official state originate in an accordance wi specified in IS to be free from tabaci (Gennais) be an official state no signs of Be. (Gennadius) he observed on pleace of production official inspect out at least one weeks during the prior to marke the place of an official state that the place of an official state that the plants, produced at the production, has an appropriate ensure freedom tabaci (Gennais subsequently the production has free from Bem.	ement that they area which, in the measures PM4, is known a Bemisia dius), ement that misia tabaci ave been ants at the ction on tions carried be every three the nine weeks ting, as been found production, ement held or e place of ve undergone treatment to a from Bemisia dius) and the place of the been found to be the place of the been found the place of the place

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of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from the place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to their movement from the place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period, or d in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower development or from other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that they have been officially inspected and found free from Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) immediately prior to their movement. 13. Plants for planting Any third The plants must be accompanied by herbaceous country where an official statement that they have species, other than been grown in a nursery, and that Liriomyza F16 ... : bulbs, corms, plants sativae the family Blanchard and a [F17they originate] in an area\* Poaceae, rhizomes, Nemorimyza established by the national seeds, tubers, and maculosa plant protection organisation plants tissue (Malloch) in accordance with ISPM4 culture known to occur as an area that is free from Liriomyza sativae Blanchard and Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch), [F17they originate] in a place of production\*\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from *Liriomyza sativae* Blanchard and Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch), on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly

			during the three months prior to export, [F18 or]  c F19 immediately prior to export, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment† against Liriomyza sativae Blanchard and Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza sativae Blanchard and Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch).  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  † Details of the treatment must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate.
14.	Trees and shrubs for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that have been grown in a nursery, b that they are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and c that they have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and have been found to be free from:  i symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and ii signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.

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Norway,
Russia (only
the following
parts: Central
Federal
District
Federal District (Tsentralny
federalny
okrug),
Northwestern
Federal
District
(Severo-
Zapadny
federalny
okrug),
Southern
Federal
District
(Yuzhny
federalny
okrug), North
Caucasian
Federal
District
(Severo-
Kavkazsky
federalny
okrug) and
Volga Federal
District
(Privolzhsky
federalny
okrug)),
San Marino,
Serbia,
Switzerland,
Svria Tunisia
Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and
Ukraine.
OKIAIIIC.

15. Deciduous trees and shrubs for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture

Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary The trees and shrubs must be accompanied by an official statement that they are dormant and free from leaves.

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Islands, Egypt, **EU** Member States, Faroe Islands. Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland,

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		Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	
16.	Root and tubercle vegetables, other than tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	country other than EU	The vegetables must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
17.	Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	country other than EU	The bulbs, corms, rhizomes or tubers, must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
18.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechenstein and Switzerland	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
19.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country where <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný) is not known to occur, or  b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný).  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
20.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting		The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that:  i they originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free

conditions for...
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from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al., or ii they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al. or is considered to be free from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al. as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/2,

- b that they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival or is considered to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5,
- c that they originate in an area in which *Ralstonia* solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.
  - i is known not to occur, or
  - ii is known to occur, and the tubers originate from a place of production found

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free from Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. or considered to be free from Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aimed at eradicating Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.,

[F20d that:

i they originate in an area in which Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) is known not to occur,

ii they originate from a place of production which has been found free from Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et *al.* (all populations) based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or

iii after harvest, they
have been randomly
sampled and checked
for the presence
of symptoms after
an appropriate
method to induce
symptoms has been

			applied or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting tubers at appropriate times to detect the presence of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> , and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages or containers before movement, and found to be free from symptoms of that pest, and]  [F21e they originate in a site of production where the procedures to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens set out in EPPO PM 9/26 have been implemented.]
21.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties officially accepted on to the GB Variety List pursuant to the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001	States, Liechtenstein and	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that:  a they belong to advanced selections, b they have been produced in an EU Member State or Switzerland, and c they have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected in an EU Member State or Switzerland to official quarantine testing and has been found in those tests to be free from GB quarantine pests.
22.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those mentioned in column (1) of entry 20	States, Liechtenstein and	There must be a registration number on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded tubers transported in bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered

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		centres product a  [F22b	ve storage or dispatching located in the area of ion, indicating that: the tubers are free from Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., they originate in a place of production which:  i) has been found to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival, or  ii) is considered to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5,
		d	they originate in a place of production which:  i) has been found to be free from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al., or ii) is considered to be free from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al. as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM9/2(2), and they originate in a site of production where the procedures to combat Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens and Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens set out in EPPO PM
23.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.		9/26 have been implemented.] ers must be accompanied by ial statement in relation to

aditions for... ANNEX 7

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each pest listed in column (2) of this

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cucumer is

		Cucumeris (Harris), Epitrix papa Orlova- Bienkowskaja, Epitrix subcrinita (Leconte) or Epitrix tuberis Gentner is known to be present	relevant plant pests"):  a that:  i they have been grown in an area* established by the national plant protection
			exported is clean.
24.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Spain other than the Balearic Islands	The tasers must [ sej accompanies

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25. Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> Poland <i>tuberosum</i> L.	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been found to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i>
26. Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. Egypt	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that the tubers have been subjected to an intensive control regime to ensure the absence of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , covering growing conditions, field inspections, transport, packing, pre-export inspections and testing, b that each lot* is made up of tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. which have been harvested in a single pest free area**, and c that each bag of tubers was sealed under the control of the competent Egyptian authorities. In addition, each bag of tubers in the consignment must be clearly labelled with an indelible indication of the relevant individual official code number of the area from which they have been harvested and the relevant lot number, and each consignment must indicate the name or trademark of the officially registered exporter. * The lot number(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Distinguishing marks". ** The official code number for the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of Egypt has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.

27.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement:
	inocrosum E.	[F24other than	$I^{F25}a$ that they originate in:
		EU Member	i) a country which,
		States,	in accordance
		Liechtenstein	with the measures
		and	specified in ISPM4,
		Switzerland]	is known to be free
			from Clavibacter
			sepedonicus
			(Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> ,
			ii) a place of production
			established by
			the national
			plant protection
			organisation in
			accordance with
			ISPM10 as a place of production that is
			free from Clavibacter
			sepedonicus
			(Spieckermann &
			Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , or
			iii) a place of production
			which is considered
			to be free from <i>Clavibacter</i>
			sepedonicus
			(Spieckermann &
			Kotthoff) Li et al. as
			a consequence of the
			implementation of the
			procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/2,
			b that they originate in:
			i) an area which,
			in accordance
			with the measures
			specified in ISPM4,
			is known to be free
			from Synchytrium endobioticum
			(Schilbersky)
			Percival (all races
			other than Race
			1, the common
			European race),
			and no symptoms of <i>Synchytrium</i>
			endobioticum
			(Schilbersky)
	1	1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

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			Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
29.	Seeds of Solanum tuberosum L., ('true potato seed')	EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that the seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in entry 20, and  a that the seeds:
			i originate in areas known to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival, Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al., and Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., or ii have been produced in a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the GB quarantine pests referred to in point (i) have been observed and where the following actions have been taken: aa staff and other items, such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants
			of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been prevented from coming into

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			contact with the site or other appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid, and bb only water free from those pests has been used.
30.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Musa L., Nicotiana L. and Solanum melongena L.	Any third country where Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanaceum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, has been found to be free from Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al., or  b an official statement that no symptoms of Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[F2730	APlants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds and tubers, of Asparagus Tournier ex Linnaeus, Cucurbitaceae,	The Americas	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné;

		Solanaceae, Cynara scolymus L., Persea americana Miller and Tagetes L.		(b) they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné; or (c) they originate in a site of production**: (i) established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 10 as a site of production that is free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné; and (ii) which provides complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné. * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". ** The name(s) of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
3	31.	Solanum		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they [F28 originate in a site of production where the procedures to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens set out in EPPO PM 9/26 have been implemented].
3	32.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air, of Allium porrum L., Asparagus officinalis L., Beta vulgaris L., Brassica spp. L., and Fragaria L.	States, Liechtenstein	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they [F29] originate in a site of production where the procedures to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens set out in EPPO PM 9/26 have been implemented].
3	33.	Plants for planting of bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of Allium ascalonicum L., Allium cepa L., Dahlia spp., Gladiolus Tourn. ex L., Hyacinthus spp. Ex L, Iris spp. L,	States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they [F30] originate in a site of production where the procedures to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens set out in EPPO PM 9/26 have been implemented].

	Lilium spp. Ex L, Narcissus L. and Tulipa L.			
[F31333	APlants for planting, other than seeds, of Capsicum spp.	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been derived from seed complying with the requirements set out in entry 105B, and (b) an official statement that: (i) the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from Pepper chat fruit viroid, or (ii) the plants have been produced in a site of production where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by Pepper chat fruit viroid have been observed and where the following actions have been taken: (aa) staff and items such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material from other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Pepper chat fruit viroid have been prevented from coming into contact with the site, or (bb) other appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Pepper chat fruit viroid.
33B.	Plants for planting, other than seed, of Solanum lycopersicum L. and its hybrids	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been derived from seed complying with the requirements set out in entry 105C, and (b) an official statement that: (i) the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from Citrus exocortis viroid, Columnea latent viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid and Tomato planta macho viroid, or (ii) the plants have been produced in a site of production where, since the beginning of the last cycle of

34.	Plants, other than fruits and seeds, of Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	 from coming into contact with the site, or (bb) other appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Citrus exocortis viroid, Columnea latent viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid or Tomato planta macho viroid.]  The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i>
		(Walsingham), or b an official statement they originate in an area* established by the national
		b an official statement they

				the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
36.	Plants, other than seeds, of Chrysanthemum L., Dianthus L. and Pelargonium l'Hérit. ex Ait.		third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Spodoptera eridania (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) and Spodoptera litura (Fabricius), b an official statement that no signs of Spodoptera eridania (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) or Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or c an official statement that the plants have undergone appropriate treatment** to protect them from those pests.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
37.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	Any country F12	third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus, b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection

			organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus, or c an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
38.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait.	Any thin country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Helicoverpa armigera (Hübner) and Spodoptera littoralis (Boisduval), b an official statement that no signs of Helicoverpa armigera (Hübner) or Spodoptera littoralis (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or c an official statement that the plants have undergone appropriate treatment** to protect them from those pests. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

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			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
39.	Cut flowers of Chrysanthemum L., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L. and Solidago L., and leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L. and Ocimum L.	Any thi country F12	The cut flowers and leafy vegetables must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Liriomyza sativae Blanchard and Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch), or  b an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza sativae Blanchard and Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch).
40.	Plants of herbaceous species for planting, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds, tubers	Any thi country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess),  b an official statement that no signs of Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) or Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting,  c an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) and have been subjected to

41.	Cut flowers of	Any	third	be inclucertifies "Additi" ** The concern of these mention certifies "disinfe treatme	an appropriate treatment** against those pests, F32 an official statement that they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess), are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) or Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) and are exported in transparent containers under [F33 sterile conditions, or] in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packaging, their flower development, or from other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that they have been officially inspected immediately prior to export and found free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burges).] name of the area(s) must added in the phytosanitary ate under the heading ional declaration". active ingredient, tration and date of application treatments must be ned on the phytosanitary ate under the heading estation and/or disinfection ent".  It flowers must be accompanied
71.	Orchidaceae	country F12	umu	by:	an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in

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		ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or b an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
artificially dwarfed plants for planting other than seeds  A  A  A  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following barts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny Federal District (Severo- Zapadny Federal District (Yuzhny Federalny District (Yuzhny F	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that the plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to dispatch in officially registered nurseries, which are subject to an officially supervised control regime, b that the plants have at least during the period referred to in point (a):  i been potted, in pots which are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground, ii have been subjected to appropriate treatments* to ensure freedom from non-European rusts, iii have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals for the presence of GB quarantine pests of concern and these inspections have also been carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to in point (a), at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a

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Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine

- random sample of at least 300 plants from a given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 3000 plants, or 10 % of the plants if there are more than 3000 plants from that genus,
- iv have been found to be free, in those inspections, from the relevant GB quarantine pests of concern, infested plants have been removed and the remaining plants, where appropriate, have been effectively treated, and have been held for an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from those pests,
- v have been planted either in an unused artificial growing medium or in a natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment and has been found free of any GB quarantine pests, and
- vi have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from GB quarantine pests and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been:
- aa shaken and washed with clean water to

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remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted, bb shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and replanted in growing medium which meets the conditions in point (v), or cc subjected to appropriate treatments\* to ensure that the growing medium is free from plant pests, and c that the plants have been packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number\*\* of the registered nursery. \* The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment". \*\* The registration number must be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". I<sup>F35</sup>42 Naturally Republic of The plants must be accompanied by or artificially dwarfed Korea an official statement that: plants (a) they are naturally or artificially Chamaecyparis dwarfed plants: Spach., Juniperus (i) of *Chamaecyparis* Spach, L., or Pinus (ii) of *Juniperus* L., or (iii) in the case of *Pinus* L., either: either entirely of (aa) entirely of the species *Pinus* the species Pinus parviflora parviflora Sieb. & Zucc. (Pinus Sieb. & pentaphylla Mayr), or (bb) of Pinus parviflora Sieb. & Zucc., grafted Zucc. (Pinus pentaphylla Mayr), on a rootstock of a *Pinus* L. species other than Pinus parviflora Sieb. & of Pinus parviflora Sieb. & Zucc. which has borne no shoots, (b) prior to export they have been Zucc. grafted on rootstock grown, held and trained for at least Pinus species two consecutive years in officially other than Pinus registered nurseries\* which are

parviflora Zucc.	Sieb.	&
Zucc.		

- subject to an officially supervised control regime,
- (c) in the case of *Juniperus* L. plants, (i) the plants of *Juniperus* L. and the plants of *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Malus* Mill., *Photinia* Ldl. and *Pyrus* L. grown in the two years prior to export in the abovementioned naturally or artificially dwarfed plant nurseries, and
- (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i), have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found free\*\* from the following: Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye, Gymnosporangium asiaticum Miyabe ex Yamada and G. yamadae Miyabe ex Yamada, Oligonychus perditus Pritchard et Baker, Popillia japonica Newman, and any other harmful organism which is not known to occur in GB,
- (d) in the case of *Chamaecyparis* Spach plants, (i) the plants of *Chamaecyparis* Spach, and of *Pinus* L. grown in the abovementioned naturally or artificially dwarfed plant nurseries, and
- (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i), have been officially inspected, at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found free\*\* from the following: *Popillia japonica* Newman, and any other harmful organism which is not known to occur in GB,
- (e) in the case of *Pinus* L. plants,(i) the plants of *Pinus* L. and of
- Chamaecyparis Spach grown in the abovementioned naturally or artificially dwarfed plant nurseries, and
- (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i), have been officially inspected, at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found free\*\* from the following: *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner & Buehrer) Nickle et al., *Pseudocercospora*

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pini-densiflorae (Hori & Nambu) Deighton, Coleosporium phellodendri Komarov, Coleosporium asterum (Dietel) Sydow & P.Sydow, Coleosporium eupatorii Arthur, Cronartium quercuum (Berk.) Miyabe ex Shirai, Dendrolimus spectabilis (Butler), Monochamus spp., Popillia japonica Newman, Thecodiplosis *japonensis* Uchida & Inouye, and any other harmful organism which is not known to occur in GB, (f) the plants intended for GB have at least during the period referred to in paragraph (b), (i) been potted, in pots which are placed either on shelves at least 50 cm above ground or onto flooring which is impenetrable for nematodes and which is well maintained and free from debris, (ii) been found free, in the inspections referred to in paragraph (c) to (e), from the harmful organisms of concern specified in paragraph (c) to (iii) in the case of plants of *Pinus* parviflora Sieb & Zucc. that have been grafted on to a rootstock of a *Pinus* L. species other than *Pinus* parviflora Sieb. & Zucc., have been grafted onto a rootstock which is derived from sources officially approved as healthy material, and (iv) been made recognisable with a marking, exclusive for each individual plant and notified to the NPPO of the Republic of Korea, enabling the identification of the registered nursery and the year of potting, and (g) the NPPO of the Republic of Korea has ensured the identifiability of the plants from the time of their removal from the nursery until the time of loading for export, through sealing of transport vehicles or appropriate alternatives. \*The name of the nursery must be included in the phytosanitary

certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

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\*\*Any infested plants must have been removed and the remaining plants effectively treated. The annual lists of the registered nurseries must be made available to the NPPO of the UK at the latest by 1st March each year. They must include the number of plants grown in each of these nurseries, which are deemed suitable for dispatch to GB, under the conditions laid down. [F36The total number of plants dispatched to Great Britain must not exceed quantities which have been approved by the UK NPPO in advance, having regard to the availability of quarantine facilities. In the case of plants of *Juniperus* L., the plants may only be imported into Great Britain during the period beginning on 1st November each year and ending on 31st March the following year. Any detection of harmful organisms of concern specified in paragraphs (c) to (e) in the inspections carried out pursuant to those paragraphs must be officially recorded, and the records must be kept available to the NPPO of the UK, upon its request. The detection of any of the harmful organisms which are specified in paragraphs (c) to (e) disqualifies the nursery from exporting the plants specified in column 1 to GB. The NPPO of the UK must be informed immediately thereof. In such case, the registration can be renewed only in the following year. Following their import into GB, the plants must be subject, before their release, to official post-entry quarantine for a period of not less than three months of active growth in the case of *Pinus* L. and Chamaecyparis Spach plants, and for a period including the active growth season from 1st April until 30th June in the case of *Juniperus* L. plants, and must have been found free, during this quarantine period, from

any harmful organisms of concern. Particular attention must be given to

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		preserve for each plant the marking referred to in paragraph (f)(iv). The post-entry quarantine must:  (a) be supervised by the NPPO of the UK and executed by officially approved and trained staff,  (b) be performed at an officially approved site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain harmful organisms and maintain the material in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading harmful organisms.  During post-entry quarantine each individual plant must be subject to:  (a) visual inspection upon arrival and at regular intervals thereafter, having regard to the type of material and its state of development during the quarantine period, for harmful organisms or symptoms caused by any harmful organism,  (b) appropriate testing of any symptoms observed in the visual inspection in order to identify the harmful organisms having caused such symptoms.  Any lot in which plants have not been found free, during the post-entry quarantine, from harmful organisms of concern must be immediately destroyed under official supervision.]
[F3742] Naturally or artificially dwarfed plants of Chamaecyparis Spach., Juniperus L., or Pinus L., but in the case of Pinus L., either entirely of the species Pinus parviflora Sieb. & Zucc. (Pinus pentaphylla Mayr) or Pinus thunbergii Parl., or of— (a) Pinus parviflora Sieb. & Zucc. grafted on a rootstock of a Pinus species	Japan	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) they are naturally or artificially dwarfed plants:  (i) of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> Spach.,  (ii) of <i>Juniperus</i> L., or  (iii) of <i>Pinus</i> L., but in the case of <i>Pinus</i> L., they are one of the following:  (aa) entirely of the species <i>Pinus parviflora</i> Sieb. & Zucc. ( <i>Pinus pentaphylla</i> Mayr),  (bb) entirely of the species <i>Pinus thunbergii</i> Parl.,  (cc) of <i>Pinus parviflora</i> Sieb. & Zucc. grafted on a rootstock of a <i>Pinus</i> L. species other than <i>Pinus parviflora</i> Sieb. & Zucc. which has borne no shoots and originated in Japan, or

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other than *Pinus* parviflora Sieb. & Zucc., or (b) *Pinus* thunbergii Parl., grafted on a rootstock of a *Pinus* L. species other than *Pinus* thunbergii Parl.

- (dd) of *Pinus thunbergii* Parl., grafted on a rootstock of a *Pinus* L. species other than *Pinus thunbergii* Parl. which has borne no shoots and originated in Japan, (b) prior to export they have been
- (b) prior to export they have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years in officially registered nurseries which are subject to an officially supervised control regime,
- (c) in the case of *Juniperus* L. plants: (i) the plants of *Juniperus* L. and any plants of *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Malus* Mill., *Photinia* Ldl. and *Pyrus* L. grown in the two years prior to export in the plant nurseries mentioned in point (b) for naturally or artificially dwarfed plants, and
- (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i), have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found to be free from the following: Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye, Gymnosporangium asiaticum Miyabe ex Yamada and G. yamadae Miyabe ex Yamada, Oligonychus perditus Pritchard et Baker, Popillia japonica Newman, and any other GB quarantine pest or provisional GB quarantine pest,
- (d) in the case of *Chamaecyparis* Spach. plants:
- (i) the plants of *Chamaecyparis* Spach. and of *Pinus* L. grown in the nurseries mentioned in point (b) for naturally or artificially dwarfed plants, and
- (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i), have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found to be free from *Popillia japonica* Newman and any other GB quarantine pest or provisional GB quarantine pest,
- (e) in the case of *Pinus parviflora* Sieb. & Zucc. plants:
- (i) the plants of *Pinus* L. and of *Chamaecyparis* Spach. grown in the nurseries mentioned in point (b)

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plants, and (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i). have been officially inspected, at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found to be free from the following: Bursaphelenchus *xylophilus* (Steiner and Bührer) Nickle et al., Coleosporium paederiae Dietel ex Hirats. f., Crisicoccus pini (Kuwana), Cronartium kurilense (Dietel) Y. Ono, Cronartium quercuum (Berk.) Miyabe ex Shirai. Dendrolimus sibiricus Chetverikov, Dendrolimus spectabilis (Butler), Dendrolimus superans Butler, Monochamus spp., Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Popillia japonica Newman, Pseudocercospora pini-densiflorae (Hori & Nambu) Deighton, Thecodiplosis japonensis Uchida & Inouye, and any other GB quarantine pest or provisional GB quarantine pest, (f) in the case of *Pinus thunbergii* Parl plants: (i) the plants of *Pinus* L. and of Chamaecyparis Spach. grown in the nurseries mentioned in point (b) for naturally or artificially dwarfed plants, and (ii) the immediate vicinity of the plants referred to in sub-paragraph (i), have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals and found to be free from the following: Bursaphelenchus *xylophilus* (Steiner and Bührer) Nickle et al., Coleosporium asterum (Dietel) Sydow & P. Sydow, Coleosporium phellodendri Komarov, Crisicoccus pini (Kuwana), Cronartium orientale Kaneko, Dendrolimus sibiricus Chetverikov, Dendrolimus spectabilis (Butler), *Dendrolimus superans* Butler, *Dothistroma septosporum* (Dorogin) Morelet, Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell, *Monochamus* spp. (non-European populations), Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Popillia japonica Newman,

for naturally or artificially dwarfed

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Pseudocercospora pini-densiflorae (Hori & Nambu) Deighton, Sirex nitobei Mats., Thecodiplosis iaponensis Uchida & Inouve. Urocerus japonicus (F. Sm), and any other GB quarantine pest or provisional GB quarantine pest, (g) the plants intended for Great Britain have at least during the period referred to in point (b): (i) been potted in pots which are placed either on shelves at least 50cm above ground or on concrete flooring which is well maintained and free from debris. (ii) been found to be free, in the inspections referred to in point (c) to (f), from the pests specified in point (c) to (f), (iii) in the case of plants of *Pinus* parviflora Sieb. & Zucc. or Pinus thunbergii Parl. grafted on a rootstock of another Pinus L. species, been grafted on a rootstock derived from sources officially approved as healthy material, and (iv) been made recognisable with a marking or a traceability code, exclusive for each individual plant and notified to the national plant protection organisation of Japan, enabling the identification of the officially registered nursery and the year of potting, and (h) the plants have been traceable from the time of their removal from the nursery until the time of loading for export, the tracing assured by sealing of transport vehicles or appropriate alternatives. The following additional requirements must be complied with. (1) The annual lists of the registered nurseries must be made available to the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom by 1st March each year. Those lists must include the number of plants grown in each of these nurseries which are deemed suitable for dispatch to Great Britain under the conditions laid down.

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- (2) The total number of plants dispatched to Great Britain must not exceed the quantities which have been approved by the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom in advance, having regard to the availability of quarantine facilities.
- (3) In the case of plants of *Juniperus* L., the plants may only be imported into Great Britain during the period beginning on 1st November each year and ending on 31st March the following year.
- (4) Any detection of the pests specified in points (c) to (f) in the inspections carried out pursuant to those points must be officially recorded, and the records must be kept available to the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom, upon its request.
- (5) The detection of any pests which are specified in points (c) to (f) disqualifies the nursery from the status of officially registered nursery and from exporting the plants specified in column 1 to Great Britain. The national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom must be informed immediately of such detection. In such case, the registration can be renewed only in the following year.
- (6) Following their import into Great Britain, the plants must be subject, before their release, to official postentry detention in a confinement facility or quarantine station of not less than three months of active growth in the case of Pinus L. and Chamaecyparis Spach. plants, and for a period including the active growth season from 1st April until 30th June in the case of *Juniperus* L. plants, and must have been found to be free, during this post-entry detention, from any pests listed in points (c) to (f). Particular attention must be given by the competent authority or the professional operators to preserve for each plant the marking or traceability code referred to in point (g)(iv).

43.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Pinales  Plants of Pinales, other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in	Any third country F12  Any third country other than:	plant protection organisation of Japan of the contamination and the disqualification.  (9) The phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration" must indicate:  — the name or names of the officially registered nursery or nurseries;  — the markings or traceability codes referred to in point (g)(iv), as far as they enable identification of the registered nursery and the year of potting;  — the specification of the last treatment applied, prior to dispatch.]  The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been produced in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Pissodes cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper.  The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been produced in a nursery and that
			(7) Any lot in which plants have not been found to be free, during the post-entry detention, from the pests of concern must be immediately destroyed under official supervision. (8) If any contamination by the pests of concern is confirmed during the post-entry detention period, the relevant nursery in Japan must be treated as disqualified from its status as an officially registered nursery. The national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom must immediately inform the national

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Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky

federalny

which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from *Scolytidae* spp. (non-European).

		okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine	
45.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L.	country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of Cronartium gentianeum Thümen, <i>Cronartium pini</i> (Willdenow) Jørstad and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> Fischer, have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[ <sup>F39</sup> 45.	APlants, other than plants in tissue culture, pollen or seeds, including cut branches with or without foliage of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L.		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus bilineatus</i> Weber and not within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus bilineatus</i> Weber. *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
45B	Plants, other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture, pollen or seeds of <i>Castanea</i> Mill, <i>Castanopsis</i> (D. Don) Spach and <i>Quercus</i> L., intended for planting	Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea, Russia	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that they have a main stem base of less than 1 cm just above the root collar, (b) that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig, and where appropriate packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation during transport, or

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				(c) that the following conditions are met: (i) they have been grown during a period of at least four years prior to export, or, in the case of plants which are younger than four years, have been grown throughout their life in a place of production established as free from <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig, in accordance with ISPM No. 10: (aa) that is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig carried out at appropriate times, and (bb) within which they have been grown in a site of production with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig, (ii) immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig, which has included destructive sampling, where appropriate, and (iii) they have been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation during transport. *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
46.	Plants for planting of Castanea Mill.	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is not known to occur, or  b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.

47.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is not known to occur,  b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, or c an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of
48.	Plants for planting, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L.	North America	vegetation.  The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> ((Bretz) Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
[F4148.	APlants for planting, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L., of a girth of at least 8cm measured at a height of 1.2m from the root collar	All third countries	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. is not known to occur,  (b) they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L., or  (c) they have been grown throughout their life in a site of production with

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			complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea</i> processionea L. and they have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea</i> processionea L.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
49.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Corylus L.		The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants have been grown in a nursery and that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller, or b an official statement that the plants have been grown in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller on the basis of official inspections carried out at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
50.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans ailantifolia</i> Carrière., <i>Juglans</i>	[F42Any third country]	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the [F43 plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger

	mandshurica Maximowicz., Ulmus davidiana Planchon. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zuccarini.			than two years, have been grown throughout their life,] in an area [F44*] established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire. [F45*The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".] A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
51.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Ulmus</i> L.	Any to country	third	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'ulmi' Lee, Martini, Marcone & Zhu have been observed at the place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
52.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height	Any to country	third	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> (Sahlberg).
53.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carrière., over 3 m in height	Any to country	third	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips typographus</i> L.
54.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill.	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation

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	and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height		in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Eichhoff).
55.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of Abies Mill., Cedrus Trew, Larix Mill., Pinus L., Pseudotsuga Carr. and Tsuga Carr.	country where Bursaphelenchu xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle	The plants:  a must be accompanied by an
56.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i>	Any third	Monochamus spp.  The plants must be accompanied by
50.	L. or Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco	country F46	an official statement:  a that the plants originate in a place of production which is registered and supervised by

				the national plant protection organisation and, b that they:  i have been grown throughout their life in a country where Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur, ii have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell, or iii originate in a place of production where no signs of Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell, including its vicinity of at least 1 km radius, have been observed during official inspections carried out within a period of two years prior to export and that they were tested immediately prior to export for Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading
				"Additional declaration".
57.	Plants F47, other than seeds, of <i>Cedrus</i> Trew and <i>Pinus</i> L.	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country in which Thaumetopoea pityocampa

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			(Denis & Schiffermüller) is not known to occur,  b an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller),  c F48 or  d an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller) and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller).  * The name of the area(s) must
			be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading
	D1	A	"Additional Declaration".
58.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L.	country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in areas known to be free from Dothistroma pini Hulbary and Lecanosticta acicola (von Thümen) Sydow, or b an official statement that no symptoms of needle blight, caused by Dothistroma pini Hulbary or Lecanosticta acicola (von Thümen) Sydow have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
59.	Plants for planting, other than seeds,		The plants must be accompanied by:
	of Juglans L. and Pterocarya Kunth		a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the

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		organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Geosmithia morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector, Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman, b an official statement:  i that the plants originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of Geosmithia morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat nor the presence of its vector, Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to export, and ii that the plants have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or  c an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production with complete physical isolation and have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production with complete physical isolation and have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
60.	-	 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with

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		F12	the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
61.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Platanus</i> L.	Albania, Armenia, EU Member States, Switzerland, Turkey and the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
62.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L.	Any third country F12	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> f.sp. <i>tremuloidis</i> Shain have been observed at their place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
63.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L.	Americas	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvlieg, Verkley & Crous have been observed at their place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[F4963.	APlants, including cut branches with or without foliage, other than plants in tissue culture, pollen or seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L. and <i>Salix</i> L.	Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i> Obenberger, and not within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i> Obenberger.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
64.	Plants for planting, other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture,		The plants must be accompanied by: a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an

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pollen and seeds, Amelanchier Medikus., Aronia Medikus.. Cotoneaster Medikus., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill.. Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.

area\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from *Saperda candida* Fabricius, or

b an official statement that they have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life:

i in a place of production established as a place of production that is free from *Saperda candida* Fabricius in accordance with ISPM10:

aa which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of Saperda candida Fabricius carried out at appropriate times, and

bb where they have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Saperda candida Fabricius or a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 500 m in which the absence of Saperda candida Fabricius

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			has been confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and ii immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of Saperda candida Fabricius, which included destructive sampling, where appropriate.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
65.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Acer pseudoplatanus L., Adiantum aleuticum (Ruprecht) C.A. Paris, Adiantum jordanii Muell., Aesculus californica (Spach) Nuttall, Aesculus hippocastanum L., Arbutus menziesii Pursh., Arbutus unedo L., Arctostaphylos spp. Calluna vulgaris (L.) Hull, Camellia spp., Castanea sativa Mill., Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula californica (Eschscholtz) A. Gray Frangula purshiana (DC.) Cooper, Fraxinus excelsior L., Griselinia littoralis	The USA	The plants must be accompanied by: a an official statement: i that the plants originate in an area* in which non- European isolates of Phytophthora ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld are known not to occur, and ii that prior to export, they were inspected and found free from non- European isolates of Phytophthora ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld, or b an official statement: i that no signs of non- European isolates of Phytophthora ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have been observed on any plants listed in column (1) at the

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(Raoul), Hamamelis virginiana L., Heteromeles arbutifolia (Lindl) Roemer, Kalmia latifolia L., Laurus nobilis L., Leucothoe spp., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hooker & Arnott) Rehder, Lonicera hispidula Dougl. ex Torr. & Gray, Magnolia spp., Magnolia doltsopa Candolle) (de Figlar, *Nothofagus* obliqua (Mirbel) Ørsted Oerst., Osmanthus heterophyllus (G. Don) P. S. Green, Parrotia persica (de Candolle) von Meyer, Photinia x fraseri Dress, Pieris spp., Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco, Quercus spp., Rhododendron spp., other than Rhododendron Planchon., simsii Rosa gymnocarpa Nuttall., Salix caprea L., Sequoia sempervirens (D. Don) Endl., Syringa vulgaris L., Taxus **Trientalis** spp., latifolia Hooker., Umbellularia californica (Hooker & Arnott) Nuttall Vaccinium ovatum Pursh and Viburnum spp.

place of production during official inspections, which included laboratory testing of any suspicious symptoms carried out since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and ii that prior to export, they were inspected and found free from non-European isolates of *Phytophthora* ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld.

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

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66. Plants for planting, other than seeds, that have a stem or root collar diameter of 1 cm or more their thickest of point, Acer spp. L., Aesculus hippocastanum L., Alnus spp. Miller, Betula spp. L., Carpinus spp., Citrus spp.L., Cornus spp., Corvlus spp., Cotoneaster spp., Crataegus spp. L., Fagus spp., Lagerstroemia spp., Malus spp., Platanus spp.L., Populus spp.L., Prunus laurocerasus Pyrus spp., Rosa spp. L., Salix spp. L., and *Ulmus* spp. L.

China

The plants must be accompanied by:

- a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by national plant protection organisation in China and which is situated in an area\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster),
- b an official statement that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster) in accordance with ISPM10:
  - i which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of China,
  - ii which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found,
  - iii where the plants
    have been grown
    in a site with
    complete physical
    protection against
    the introduction
    of Anoplophora
    chinensis (Forster)

conditions for...
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or in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and where signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone, and

iv where immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their roots and stems, were subjected to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%, or

c an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions

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> which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and have been subject to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%.

A phytosanitary certificate may not include any of the official statements referred to in points (a) to (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of China has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the unique registration number of the place(s) of production.

The phytosanitary certificate must also include the registration number of the place of production under the heading "Additional declaration". \* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

67. Plants for planting, other than seeds, that have a stem or than root collar diameter of 1 cm or more Anoplophora at their thickest chinensis of Acer point, spp. L., Aesculus known to occur hippocastanum L., Alnus spp. Miller, Betula spp. L., **Carpinus** spp., Citrus L., Cornus spp., Corylus spp., Cotoneaster spp., Crataegus spp. L., Fagus spp., Lagerstroemia spp., Malus spp.,

*Platanus* spp. L.,

Anv country, other China. where (Forster) is

third | The plants must be accompanied by:

a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and which is situated in an area\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anoplophora chinensis (Forster),

b an official statement:

i that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case

appropriate times;

Populus spp. L., Prunus laurocerasus L., Pyrus spp., Rosa spp. L., Salix spp. L., and Ulmus spp. L.	of plants, whyounger than years, have be grown through their life, in of production established a from Anoplochinensis (Foundamental SPM No. 10) as which is regular and supervision by the nation plant protect organisation country of orbit which has be subject annut to at least two official methinspections of signs of Anochinensis (Fouried out a appropriate of the pest have be concepted in a site with complete phing in a si	n two been ghout a place n as free phora orster) be with 0: istered ed nal ion in the rigin, een ally co culous for any plophora orster) t times and he plant en found, ants cown
	protection ag the introduct of Anoploph chinensis (Fo or in a site w	gainst tion ora orster) vith
	the application of appropriative preventative treatments was surround by a buffer z	te which ded cone
	with a radius least 2 km wofficial surve the presence of <i>Anoploph chinensis</i> (Fourth are carried or approally at	where eys for or signs ora orster)
	annually at	imag:

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and where signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone, and that immediately

ii that immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their roots and stems, were subjected to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%,

c an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%.

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary

		certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"
68.	States other than any EU Member State where Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) is known not to occur and any other third country where Anoplophora	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area* established by that organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), b an official statement that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) in accordance with ISPM10:  i which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, ii which has been subject annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, iii where the plants have been grown in a site: aa with complete physical protection against the

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introduction of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), or bb with the application of appropriate preventative treatments and which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) are carried out annually at appropriate times and where signs of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone, and iv that immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their branches and stems, were subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), which included targeted destructive sampling and, in the case of plants originating in sites which at the time of their production were located in a buffer zone where

the presence or signs

			of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) have been found, targeted destructive sampling at the appropriate level, or c an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), in the manner specified in point (b)(iv). * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". For the purpose of point (b)(iv), the appropriate level is 10% of the plants where the number of plants is 4,500 or less, and 450 plants where the number of plants is more than 4,500 plants.
[F5068.	ABare-rooted, dormant, free-of- leaves, grafted or budded, one- to three-year old plants for planting of Acer japonicum Thunberg, Acer palmatum Thunberg and Acer shirasawanum Koidzumi	New Zealand	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they are free from Eotetranychus sexmaculatus (Riley);  b that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production, which, together with the sites of production* that form part of it, is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin;  c that the site of production has been found free from Eotetranychus sexmaculatus (Riley) during official inspections carried out at

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appropriate times since the beginning of the complete production cycle; in the case of suspicion of the presence of *Eotetranychus* sexmaculatus (Riley) at the site of production, appropriate treatments have been carried out to ensure the absence of the pest; a surrounding zone of 100m has been established, which is subject to specific surveys at appropriate times to detect Eotetranychus sexmaculatus (Riley); and where the pest has been found on any host plants, those plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; d that a system has been put in place to ensure that tools and machinery have been cleaned to be free from soil and plant debris and disinfected to be free from Eotetranychus sexmaculatus (Riley), before they have been introduced into each site of production; that at harvest they have e been cleaned and trimmed and have undergone an official phytosanitary inspection, consisting at least of a detailed visual examination, in particular of stems and branches of the plants to confirm the absence of *Eotetranychus* sexmaculatus (Riley); and f immediately prior to export, the consignments have been subjected to an official inspection\*\* for the presence of Eotetranychus sexmaculatus (Riley), in particular of stems and branches of the plants. \*The name(s) of the site(s) of production must be included in the

			phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration.".  **The size of the sample for inspection has been such as to enable at least the detection of a 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %.
68B	Bare-rooted, dormant, free-of-leaves, grafted or budded one- to three- year old plants for planting of Acer japonicum Thunberg, Acer palmatum Thunberg and Acer shirasawanum Koidzumi	New Zealand	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they are free from Oemona hirta (Fabricius) and Platypus apicalis (White);  b that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production, which, together with the sites of production* that form part of it is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin;  c that the site of production has been found free from Oemona hirta (Fabricius) and Platypus apicalis (White) during official inspections carried out at appropriate times since the beginning of the complete production cycle; and in the case of suspicion of the presence of Oemona hirta (Fabricius) and Platypus apicalis (White) at the site of production, appropriate treatments have been carried out to ensure the absence of the pests;  d that at harvest, they have been cleaned and have undergone an official inspection to confirm the absence of Oemona hirta (Fabricius) and Platypus apicalis (White); and e that immediately before export consignments have been subjected to an official inspection** for the presence of Oemona hirta

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			(Fabricius) and <i>Platypus</i> apicalis (White).  *The name(s) of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration.".  **The size of the sample for inspection has been such as to enable at least the detection of a 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %;]
69.	Plants for planting, other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, of Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L. and Vaccinium L.	Canada, Mexico and the USA	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Grapholita packardi Zeller, b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production established as a place of production that is free from Grapholita packardi Zeller in accordance with ISPM10:  i which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, ii which has been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of Grapholita packardi Zeller carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest, iii where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence of

			Grapholita packardi Zeller was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest, and iv immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of Grapholita packardi Zeller, or  c an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production to prevent the introduction of Grapholita packardi Zeller. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing.
70.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L.		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. & Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
71.	Live pollen of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. or plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl.  F51	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a country where <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto is known not to occur,  b an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is

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registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area\* established by that organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto,

- c an official statement that the plants have been produced in a place or site of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and established in accordance with the ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto where:
  - i they have been grown in a structure with a degree of isolation and protection from the outside environment that effectively excluded Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto and have been officially inspected twice at the most appropriate times for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement and found free from that pest, and
  - ii the place or site of production was surrounded by a zone

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with a radius of at least 100 m, where: aa official inspections were carried out twice at the place or site and in the zone at the most appropriate times for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, and bb where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed, an official statement that the F52... plants have been produced in a place of production established in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto and which is surrounded: i by a zone with a radius of 500 m where: aa official inspections, sampling and testing have been carried out at that place of production and throughout that zone twice at the most appropriate times for detecting

symptoms

of infection

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during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, bb where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed and all F52... plants in the zone were immediately destroyed or have been regularly tested at the most appropriate times and found free from that pest, and ii by a further zone lying between 500 m and 4,500 m of that place of production where: aa official inspections, sampling and testing have been carried out twice at the most appropriate times throughout the area for detecting symptoms of infection

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during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, and bb where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed and all F52... plants in the further zone were immediately destroyed or have been tested according to a sampling scheme that is able to confirm with 99% reliability that the level of presence of pest in the F52 ... plants is below 0.1%.

Where point (b) or (c) applies, the official statement must also confirm that:

—the F52... plants have been derived directly from mother plants under conditions which comply with the requirements F52... in points (a) or (b), —the F52... plants have been directly derived from mother plants, which were subject to prior individual testing confirming their freedom from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. actinidiae

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			Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto, or —the F52 plants have been tested according to a sampling scheme that is able to confirm with 99% reliability that the level of presence of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto in the F52 plants is below 0.1%.
72.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., Fragaria L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L. and Rubus L.	Any third country where non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas or <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. & Ev. are known to occur on the genera listed in column (1)	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests listed in column (2) have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
73.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill.	Any third country where Cherry rasp leaf virus is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they have been:  i officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from the pests tested, or  ii derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete

			cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from the pests tested, and b that no symptoms of diseases caused by Cherry rasp leaf virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
74.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill.	Any third country where Candidatus Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Candidatus Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider, F53 b an official statement that the plants, other than plants raised from seeds:  i have been officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Candidatus Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, or

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75.

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ii have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Candidatus Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free in those tests from that pest, [F54or] I no symptoms of diseases F55<sub>C</sub>) caused by Candidatus Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.] \* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". Plants for planting, third The plants must be accompanied by Any country where other than seeds, of an official statement: Prunus L. American plum a that they have been: pattern line i officially certified virus, Cherry under a certification rasp leaf virus, scheme requiring Peach mosaic them to be derived virus, North in direct line from American material which has Grapevine been maintained Yellows under appropriate (16SrIII-A) conditions and has

and

virus

Peach

are

rosette mosaic

known to occur

been subjected to

official testing for

at least the pests

conditions for...
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				listed in column (2) of this entry using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those pests, or ii derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the pests listed in column (2) of this entry using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those pests, and b that in either case, no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests listed in column (2) have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
76.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  [ that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Candidatus Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas,]  a that they have been:  i officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from

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material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for Candidatus Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, or

- ii derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for Candidatus Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, [F57 or]
- b that F58..., no symptoms of diseases caused by *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.

				[F59*The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
77.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider, or b an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
78.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	Any country	third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie, or b an official statement no symptoms of diseases caused by the Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie have been observed on plants at the place of production, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
79.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		third	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where <i>Xanthomonas</i> arboricola pv. pruni (Smith)

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			Vauterin et al. is not known to occur, b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al., c an official statement that they have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have shown no symptoms of Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. during the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of that pest have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or d in the case of plants of Prunus laurocerasus L. or Prunus lusitanica L. for which there is evidence from their packing or from other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that no symptoms of Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete growing season. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
80.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	EU Member States other than any EU Member State where <i>Aromia</i>	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is

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bungii
(Faldermann)
is known not
to occur and
any other third
country where
Aromia bungii
(Faldermann)
is known to
occur

registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area\* established in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from *Aromia* bungii (Faldermann),

b an official statement:

- i that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from *Aromia bungii* (Faldermann) in accordance with ISPM10:
- aa which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin,
- bb which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of Aromia bungii (Faldermann) carried out at appropriate times which, in the case of any increased level of suspicion of infestation by that pest, included targeted destructive sampling of the stems and branches of the plants, and no signs of infestation by that pest were found on those inspections,

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cc which has complete physical protection against the introduction of Aromia bungii (Faldermann) or has been subjected to appropriate preventive treatments, and ii that immediately prior to export, the plants were subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of Aromia bungii (Faldermann) which included targeted destructive sampling at the appropriate level, or

c in the case of plants which have been grafted with scions that have not been grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (a), an official statement that:

> i the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (a),

ii at the time of export, the scions were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point, and

iii the plants have been subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of *Aromia bungii* (Faldermann, in the manner specified in point (a)(i)(bb).

For the purpose of point (a)(ii), the appropriate level is 10% of the plants

			where the number of plants is 4,500 or less, and 450 plants where the number of plants is more than 4,500.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
81.	Plants for planting of Rubus L., other than seeds originating in third countries where Raspberry leaf curl virus and Cherry rasp leaf virus are known to occur.	Any third country where Tobacco streak virus black raspberry latent strain, Raspberry leaf curl virus or Cherry rasp leaf virus is known to occur	The plants must:  a be free from aphids, including their eggs, and b be accompanied by an official statement:  i that the plants have been:  aa officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the pests referred to in column (2), using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found to be free in those tests, from those pests, or bb derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for the pests referred to in column (2), using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent

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			methods and has been found to be free in those tests from those pests, and ii that no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests referred to in column (2) have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
82.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Fragaria L.	Any third country where Strawberry vein banding virus or Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been:  i officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found to be free from those pests, or ii derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation,

			to official testing for Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found to be free from those pests, and b that no symptoms of diseases caused by Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
83.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> spp. and <i>Rubus</i> spp.	Any third country F12	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> Schenkling.
[F6083]	Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seeds	Third countries other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	Official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus signatus</i> Say.]
84.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Fragaria L.	Any third country where Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,  b in the case of plants in tissue culture, an official statement that the plants have been derived from plants which complied with point (a) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie, or

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			c in the case of plants originating in any EU Member State, an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie.
85.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Diaporthe vaccinii Shear, or b an official statement that no symptoms of Diaporthe vaccinii Shear have been observed at the production site over the last complete growing season.
85A.	F61	F61	F61
86.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.	EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> (Panagopoulos) Willems, Gillis, Kersters, van den Broeke & De Ley have been observed on the mother stock plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation.
87.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.	EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that the plants originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, b an official statement that the plants originate in a site of production where:  i no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on Vitis spp. have been

observed at the site

	treatments are carried out to control the vectors of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, and iii abandoned Vitis L. from the immediate vicinity of the site of production have been monitored during the growing season for symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma and, in case of symptoms, have been rogued out or tested and found free of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, or c an official statement that they have undergone hot water treatment according to international standards.
88. Plants, other seeds and pla	lia, The plants must be accompanied by

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	tissue culture, of Rosa spp., L.		a that they have been grown throughout entire their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM4 as free from Rose Rosette Virus and Phyllocoptes fructiphilus Keifer, and b that they have been packed to prevent infestation by Phyllocoptes fructiphilus Keifer during transport. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
89.	Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. in tissue culture	Canada, India, Mexico and the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been produced from mother plants tested and found free from Rose Rosette Virus.
90.	Plants for planting of Arecaceae (Palmae) having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) is not known to occur, b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Paysandisia archon (Burmeister), or c an official statement that they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production:  i which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin,

			ii where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Paysandisia archon (Burmeister), and iii where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) have been observed.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
91.	Plants for planting of Aeraceae (Palmae) having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm	Any thi country	The plants must be accompanied by:  a an official statement they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier) is known not to occur,  b an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier), or c an official statement that they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production:  i which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, ii where the plants were placed in a site with

			complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), and iii where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
F62	F62	F62	F62
• • •			
93.	Plants of <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp. Fischer ex Wydler spp., <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. R. Brown spp. and <i>Vallisneria</i> spp.	Any third country F12	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the roots have been subjected to testing for at least nematode pests, of a representative sample, using appropriate methods for the detection of the pests and have been found on those tests to be free from the nematode pests.
[ <sup>F63</sup> 93	ABare-rooted, dormant grafted plants for planting of Albizia julibrissin Durazzini, with a maximum diameter of 2.5 cm;	Israel	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they are free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato and Fusarium euwallaceae,  b that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and that registration has included the respective production sites* within the place of production,  c that they fulfil one of the following requirements:  i the plants have a diameter of less

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> than 2 cm at the base of the stem, the plants have ii been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato at least during the period of six months before export, which is subject to official inspections at appropriate times and has been found free from the pest, confirmed as a minimum with traps which are checked at least every four weeks, including immediately before export, or that they have iii been grown in a site of production which has been found free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato and Fusarium euwallaceae since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and confirmed free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato, (pest freedom confirmed as a minimum with traps) during official inspections carried out at least every four weeks and in the case of suspicion of

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the presence of either of the two pests at the site of production, appropriate treatments against the pests have been carried out to ensure the absence of the pests, a surrounding zone of 1 km has been established, which is monitored at appropriate times for Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato and Fusarium euwallaceae and where either of these two pests are found on any host plants, those plants have been immediately rogued out and destroyed, and

d that immediately before export, consignments of plants with a diameter of 2 cm or wider at the base of the stem have been subjected to an official inspection\*\* for the presence of the pest, in particular in stems and branches of the plants, including destructive sampling.

The phytosanitary certificate must specify which requirement of point (c) above in this entry has been fulfilled.

\*The name(s) of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

\*\*The size of the sample for inspection must be such as to enable at least the detection of a 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %.

93B	F64	F64	F64
93C	Bare-rooted, dormant grafted plants for planting of Robinia pseudoacacia L. with a maximum	Israel	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:  a that they are free from  Euwallacea fornicatus  sensu lato and Fusarium  euwallaceae,
	diameter of 2.5 cm;		b that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and that registration has included the respective production sites* within the place of production,
			c that they fulfil one of the following requirements: i the plants have a diameter of less than 2 cm at the base of the stem,
			the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Euwallacea fornicatus sensu latofor a period of at least six months before export, which is subject to official inspections at appropriate times and has been found free from the pest, with pest freedom at the site confirmed as a minimum with traps which are checked at least every four weeks, including immediately

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iii

that they have been grown in a site of production which has been found free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato and Fusarium euwallaceae since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and found free from Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato, with pest freedom confirmed as a minimum with traps, during official inspections carried out at least every four weeks; in the case of suspicion of the presence of either of the two pests at the site of production, appropriate treatments against the pests have been carried out to ensure the absence of the pests; a surrounding zone of 1 km has been established, which is monitored at appropriate times for Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato and Fusarium euwallaceae and where either of the two pests are found on any host plants, those plants have been immediately rogued out and destroyed, and

			d that immediately before export, consignments of plants with a diameter of 2 cm or wider at the base of the stem have been subjected to an official inspection** for the presence of the pest, in particular in stems and branches of the plants, including destructive sampling.  The phytosanitary certificate must specify which requirement of point (c) above in this entry has been fulfilled.  *The name(s) of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  **The size of the sample for inspection must be such as to enable at least the detection of a 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %.]
94.	Fruits of Capsicum (L.)	Any country of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius, Israel	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), c an official statement:  i that they originate in a place of production[F65*] established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of

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production that is free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta* (Meyrick), and

ii that they are free from that pest as shown from official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season [F66and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2% level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95% in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms], [F67 or]

I<sup>F69</sup>d an official statement:

i that they have been produced in a site(s) of production\* approved by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,

ii that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach\*\* in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM14 or an effective standalone post-harvest treatment\*\* to ensure freedom from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta* (Meyrick), and

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iii) that, prior to export, they have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2% level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95% in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms.

\* The name of the area(s) [F70, place(s) of production or site(s) of production] must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

\*\* The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.

A phytosanitary certificate may not include:

- —the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
- —the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,

[F71—the official statement referred to in point (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the place(s) of production,]

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				—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the [F72site(s) of production and the systems approach or post-harvest treatment].
95.	Fruits of Capsicum L., Momordica L., Solanum aethiopicum L., Solanum macrocarpon L. and Solanum melongena L., [F73plants of Asparagus officinalis L., other than stems covered during their entire life by soil, live pollen, plant tissue cultures and seeds] and plants, other than live pollen, plant tissue cultures, seeds and grains, of Zea mays L.	Any country F12	third	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country where Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) is not known to be present,  b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith), F74  c an official statement that they originate in areas other than those referred to in point (b), and they comply with the following conditions:  i the plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin,  ii official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) has been detected on the plants, F75  iii prior to their export, the plants have been

			subject to an official inspection,  [ the production site  F76] iv is identified in the official statement for traceability purposes, and  v the production site is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith),  [ an official statement that  F77d the plants originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), comply with point (c)(i) – (iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith), or  e an official statement that they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) and the treatment is indicated in the official statement.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
96.	Fruits of Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L. and Vaccinium L.	Canada, Mexico and the USA	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Grapholita packardi Zeller, b an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Grapholita packardi Zeller have been

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				carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which have shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or  c an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.  A phytosanitary certificate may not include:  —the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,  —the official statement referred to in point (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
97.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L	Any 1 country F12	third	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka, b an official statement that they originate in an area*

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established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from *Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai* (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka,

- c an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Botrvosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka, have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability, or
- d an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective postharvest treatment\*\* to ensure freedom from *Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai* (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka.
- \* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
- \*\* The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.

A phytosanitary certificate may not include:

- —the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing, —the official statement referred to
- in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the

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				national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas, —the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
98. Fruits Mill.	and Pyrus L.	Any country F12	third	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say, b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say, c an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say, are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of the pest and which includes information on traceability, or d an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post- harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

						** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.  A phytosanitary certificate may not include: —the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing, —the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas, —the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the united Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
99.	Fruits Mill.	of	Malus	Any country F12	third	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh),  b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh),  c an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official

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> inspections and surveys for the presence of Grapholita prunivora (Walsh), Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) and Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability, or

d an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment\*\* to ensure freedom from Grapholita prunivora (Walsh), *Grapholita* inopinata (Heinrich) and Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh).

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading

"Additional declaration".

\*\* The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.

A phytosanitary certificate may not include:

- —the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
- —the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
- —the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the

measures specified in ISPM- is known to be free from fro Bactericera cockerelli (Šulc b an official statement that they originate in an area*				national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the treatment or approach.
plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc can official statement [F78], which includes information on traceability,] that:  i they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) have been carried out during the last three months prior to export at the place of production and [F791] immediate vicinity, and they have been subjected to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest and an inspection of a representative samp of fruits prior to export which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest], an ii in the case of fruit of Solanum	100.	of	Americas and	a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from Bactericera cockerelli (Šulc.), b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Bactericera cockerelli (Šulc.), c an official statement [F78, which includes information on traceability,] that:  i they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Bactericera cockerelli (Šulc.) have been carried out during the last three months prior to export at the place of production and [F79 its immediate vicinity, and they have been subjected to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest and an inspection of a representative sample of fruits prior to export which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest], and ii in the case of fruit of Solanum lycopersicum L. that all green parts have

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				d an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and which includes information on traceability.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  A phytosanitary certificate may not include: —the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing, —the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
101.	Fruits of Capsicum annuum L., Solanum aethiopicum L., Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	Any t country F12	hird	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée), b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée), or c an official statement:

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i that they originate in a place of production\*\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from *Neoleucinodes elegantalis* (Guenée), and

ii that they are free from that pest as shown from official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, which included an examination on representative samples of fruit, and

iii which includes information on traceability, or

d an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from *Neoleucinodes elegantalis* (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and which includes information on traceability.

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". \*\* The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include:

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			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing, —the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
102.	Fruits of Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	Any third country F12	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham), b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham), or c an official statement that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham) on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

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[F80102]Aruits of Cucurbitaceae and Solanaceae	The Americas	The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in:  (a) a country which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 is known to be free from Prodiplosis longifila Gagné; (b) an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from Prodiplosis longifila Gagné; (c) a place of production (identified in the official statement for traceability purposes) where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Prodiplosis longifila Gagné carried out at the place of production and its immediate vicinity during a period of two months prior to export, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, have shown the fruits to be free of that pest, provided that, in the case of the fruits of Solanum lycopersicum L., all green parts have been removed; or (d) an insect-proof site of production (identified in the official statement for traceability purposes) established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Prodiplosis longifila Gagné, on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during a period of two months prior to export.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]  I***IF**IF**IF**IF**IF**IF**IF**IF**IF
[F82] 102 Fruits of Capsicum L. and Solanum L.	Algeria, Angola, Benin,	

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Botswana. Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon. Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea. Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea. Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho. Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Réunion. Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, The Democratic Republic of the Congo, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia,

(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is recognised as being free from *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendel)

or

(b) an official statement that they originate in an area\* established, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendel)

or

- (c) an official statement that no signs of *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendel) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendel), and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,
- or
  (d) an official statement that the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment\*\* to ensure freedom from *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendel)
  \* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
  \*\* The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary

A phytosanitary certificate may not include:

certificate.

—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,

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Zimbabwe, Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh. Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste,

Turkmenistan,

—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas, - the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written

details of the treatment or approach]

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		United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	
103.	Fruits of Solanum melongena L.	Any third country F12	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or c an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
104.	Fruits of Momordica L.	Any third country F12	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or b an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"
105.	Fruits of Capsicum L.	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El	The fruits must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national

	Salvador, French Polynesia, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico and the USA	plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano, or b an official statement that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano, on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
[F83] 105 Alants, other that plants for planting of Asparagit Tournier Elinnaeus	g,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) they originate in a country which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 is known to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné;  (b) they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné; or  (c) immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
[F84]105 Speeds of Capsicus spp.	M Any third country	-

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				measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from Pepper chat fruit viroid, (b) are derived from plants grown throughout their life in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Pepper chat fruit viroid and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing, or (c) have been subjected to official testing for Pepper chat fruit viroid on a statistically based sample in accordance with ISPM31 and using an appropriate method and have been found, in this test, to be free from this pest.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name(s) of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
105C	Seeds of Solanum lycopersicum L. and its hybrids	Any country	third	The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that they:  (a) originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from Citrus exocortis viroid, Columnea latent viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid and Tomato planta macho viroid,  (b) are derived from plants grown throughout their life in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Citrus exocortis viroid, Columnea latent viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid and Tomato planta macho viroid and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing, or  (c) have been subjected to official testing for Citrus exocortis viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid and Tomato planta macho

			viroid on a statistically based sample in accordance with ISPM31 and using an appropriate method and have been found, in these tests, to be free from these pests.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  ** The name(s) of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
106.	Seeds of Zea mays L.	Any third country where Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters is known to occur	The seeds must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or  b an official statement that a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters.
107.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>x Triticosecale</i>	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA	The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area* where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
108.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>x Triticosecale</i>	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA	The grain must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* where Tilletia indica Mitra is known not to occur, or  b an official statement that no symptoms of Tilletia indica Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest

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			and before export and have been tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement mentioned in point (b), the statement "tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra" must be included under the heading "name of produce".
109.	Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than wood of Thuja L. and Taxus L. and wood in the form of:  —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, —wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, — wood of Libocedrus decurrens Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan, the USA and EU Member States other than any EU Member State where Bursaphelenchuxylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement:  i that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56  °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), and  ii that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, Monochamus spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or, in the case of wood which is not free from bark, with a protective covering to prevent infestation with Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle or its

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manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight-day period, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface

vectors, *Monochamus* spp., F85 ...

## b an official statement:

- i that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and
- ii kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule [F86, or]

an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]

[F88For the purposes of points (a) and (b), there] must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark.

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 of 28 November 2019 establishing uniform conditions for...

ANNEX 7

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, PART A is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 03 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

110. Wood of conifers (Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers

Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan, the USA and EU Member States other than those EU

Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, wood Taiwan, the USA and EU Member States other than EU those Member States where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur

The wood must be accompanied by:

- a an official statement:
  - i that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), and
  - ii that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, Monochamus spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or, in the case of wood which is not free from bark, with a protective covering to prevent infestation with Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle et al. or its vectors, Monochamus spp.,

## b an official statement:

i that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, PART A is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 03 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

profile of the wood, and ii kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule [<sup>F90</sup>, or] an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.] [F92For the purposes of points (a) and (b), there must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark. 111. Wood of *Thuja* L. Canada, China, The wood must be accompanied by: and Taxus L., other Japan, an official statement that it is than in the form of: Republic bark-free. Korea, Mexico, — chips, an official statement that it particles. Taiwan and the has undergone kiln-drying to sawdust, USA (where below 20% moisture content, shavings, Bursaphelenchus expressed as a percentage wood xylophilus of dry matter, achieved waste (Steiner & through an appropriate time/ and scrap Bührer) Nickle temperature schedule, F93... obtained is known to an official statement that it in whole occur) and has undergone an appropriate or part EU Member

heat treatment to achieve a

from

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, PART A is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 03 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

other

States

conifers — wood packagii material except associat controll dunnage but including wow which has not kep its natural round surface	States where Bursaphelenche xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur	°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core) [F94, or]  [ an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than in the form of than in the form of the particles sawdust shaving wood waste and scra	5,	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* known to be free from:  i Monochamus spp. ii Pissodes cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis

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> obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round

surface

Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang. Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper, and

- iii Scolytidae spp. (non-European),
- an official statement that it is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by its vectors, *Monochamus* spp., which are larger than 3 mm across,
- an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, F96...
- an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core) [F97, or]

an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 of 28 November 2019 establishing uniform conditions for...

ANNEX 7

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\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than in the form of:

— chips. particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood

which has not kept

its natural round

surface.

country other than: Albania. Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus. Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Canary Islands, China, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Japan, Liechtenstein, Kazakhstan, Mexico, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Republic of Korea, Russia,

San Marino, Serbia,

Any third

The wood must be accompanied by:

- a an official statement that it is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by its vectors, *Monochamus* spp., which are larger than 3 mm across,
- b an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. F99...
- c an official statement that has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core) [F100], or]

1 F101 d

an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but

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Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, Ukraine and the USA a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

114. Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from conifers (Pinales)

Any third country other than: F102 ... Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina. Canada, Canary Islands, China, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Japan, Liechtenstein, F102... Mexico, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North

Macedonia,

The wood must be accompanied by:

- a an official statement that the wood originates in areas\* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, are known to be free from:
  - i Monochamus spp. ii Pissodes cibriani
  - O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper, and
  - iii *Scolytidae* spp. (non-European),

 $Commission\ Implementing\ Regulation\ (EU)\ 2019/2072\ of\ 28\ November\ 2019\ establishing\ uniform\ conditions\ for...$ 

ANNEX 7

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		Norway, Republic of Korea, F102 San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Taiwan, F102 Ukraine and the USA	it has beed debarked c an official has under below 20 expressed of dry mathrough a temperate d an official has under heat treat minimum °C for a rof 30 conthrougho of the wood to fumigating redient wood ten (g/m3) arof which phytosam a phytosam a phytosam a phytosam a phytosam of official structured in the wood to fumigating redient wood ten (g/m3) arof which phytosam a p	al statement that I has been subject ation, the active at, the minimum apperature, the rate and the exposure time are indicated on the itary certificate; but anitary certificate include any such tatement unless the plant protection ion of the country has previously the national plant in organisation of the ingdom with written fumigation.] e area(s) must e phytosanitary the heading
115.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina,	that the b to fumigating tedier wood ten (g/m3) ar	e accompanied by an accompanied by accompanied by accompanied by an accompanied by accompa

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Canary Islands, Faroe Islands, Georgia. Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco. Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine; and EU Member States where

Bursaphelenchus

- a that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment [F107\*\*] to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark, and
- that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors. Monochamus spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle et al. or its vectors, *Monochamus* spp. cannot occur.

[F108\*A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.

\*\* There must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.]

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	xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur	
Mill., Pinus L., Picea Mill., Lan Mill., and Tsuga Carr., other than the form of: —chips, particle sawdust, shavin wood waste and scrap obtained i whole or part fr these conifers, o —wood packag material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including w which has not k its natural round surface	n in es, gs, l n om or ing t	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) it originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from Polygraphus proximus Blandford,  (b) it is bark-free,  (c) it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule,  (d) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,  (e) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or  (f) it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must referred to in point (d), there must

			also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate. For the purposes of the official statement referred to in point (e), the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin must have previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.
115B.	Wood of Larix Mill. other than in the form of: —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, or —wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Russia	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) it originates in an area* which is established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Scolytus morawitzi</i> Semenov,  (b) it is bark-free,  (c) it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule,  (d) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,  (e) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or  (f) it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying

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			by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.  For the purposes of the official statement referred to in point (e), the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin must have previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.
115C.	Wood of conifer (Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from conifers	Russia	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) it originates in an area* which is established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Polygraphus proximus</i> Blandford and <i>Scolytus morawitzi</i> Semenov,  (b) it has been produced from wood which is bark-free,  (c) it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule,  (d) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or  (e) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary

			"Additional declaration".  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate. For the purposes of the official statement referred to in point (e), the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin must have previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.
115D.	Isolated bark of conifer (Pinales)	Russia	The bark must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) it originates in an area* which is established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4 as an area that is free from Polygraphus proximus Blandford and Scolytus morawitzi Semenov,  (b) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or  (c) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

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			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.  For the purposes of the official statement referred to in point (c), the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin must have previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]
116.	[F110] Wood of Pinus and Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco, other than:  — — in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, and isolated bark,  — — wood packaging material (except associated controlled dunnage), but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface.]	[FIII] Any third country, other than European countries where Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur]	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in a country* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell, b an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell, or c an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

117.	Wood of conifers		third	The wood must:
	(Pinales) [F112, other than wood packaging material, (except associated controlled dunnage)]	country		a be bark-free, b be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Eichhoff), <i>Ips duplicatus</i> (Sahlberg) and <i>Ips typographus</i> (L.), or  [F113c be accompanied by an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and have evidence by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading
118.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	Any country	third	"Additional declaration".  The bark must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it has been subjected to  [FII4 fumigation*] or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles, or  b an official statement that it originates in an [FII5 area**] which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Ips amitinus (Eichhoff), Ips duplicatus (Sahlberg) and Ips typographus (L.).  [FII6* A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]

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			[F117** The name] of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
119.	[F118] Wood of conifers (Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, and isolated bark]	than European countries where Fusarium	The bark must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell,  b an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell, or  c an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  A phytosanitary certificate may not include the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
120.	Wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i>	EU Member States and the USA	The wood must be accompanied by: a an official statement that it originates in an area*

	Kunth, other than in the form of:  — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, b an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), or c an official statement that it has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood
			or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
121.	Isolated bark and wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants	EU Member States and the USA	

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			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
122.	Wood of Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook & Arn.) Rehd., Quercus spp. L. and Taxus brevifolia Nutt.  [F120], [F121] other than: — in the form of wood packaging material, (except associated controlled dunnage), — in the case of Quercus L., in the form of casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, including staves, where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes].]	The USA	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* in which non- European isolates of Phytophthora ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld are known not to occur, b an official statement that the wood has been stripped of its bark and:  i that it has been squared so as to entirely remove the rounded surface, ii that the water content of the wood does not exceed 20% expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, or iii that the wood has been disinfected by an appropriate hot- air or hot water-water treatment, or c in the case of sawn wood with or without residual bark attached, an official statement that it has undergone kiln drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood

			or its packaging in accordance with current usage.
123.	Wood of Acer saccharum Marsh., other than in the form of:  — wood intended for the production of veneer sheets, — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Canada and the USA	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, and there must be evidence of that kiln drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
124.	Wood of Acer saccharum Marsh., intended for the production of veneer sheets		The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Davidsoniella virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
125.	Wood of Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch. and Pterocarya	[F122Any third country][F123 other than Canada and the USA]	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or b an official statement that the wood originates in an

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rhoifolia Siebold & area\* established by the Zucc., other than in national plant protection the form of organisation in accordance — chips. with ISPM4 an area that is particles, free from Agrilus planipennis sawdust, Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of shavings, a known outbreak of Agrilus wood waste and planipennis Fairmaire. \* The name of the area(s) must scrap, obtained be included in the phytosanitary in whole certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". or part A phytosanitary certificate may not from these include any such official statement trees. unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin — wood packaging has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the material, except United Kingdom with written details associated of the area or areas. controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood [F124] 25 Mood of Fraxinus Canada and the The wood must be accompanied by an L., Juglans **USA** official statement that it: ailantifolia (a) originates in an area\* established Carr., Juglans by the national plant protection mandshurica organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch. Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire and and Pterocarya that no part of the area lies within 100 rhoifolia Siebold & km of a known outbreak of Agrilus Zucc., other than in planipennis Fairmaire, the form of: (b) has undergone ionizing irradiation chips, to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1kGy throughout the wood, or particles, sawdust, (c) has been shavings, (i) debarked, all sawn wood being wood produced from such debarked waste and wood\*\*, (ii) heated through its profile to scrap, at least 71°C for 1200 minutes in obtained in whole a heat chamber approved by the or part relevant national plant protection from

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these trees, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood

organisation's inspection service\*\*\*, and

(iii) dried following industrial drying schedules of a duration of at least two weeks, recognised by the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service\*\*\* and the final moisture content of the wood must not exceed 10% expressed as a percentage of dry matter.

\* The names(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.

\*\* The maximum tolerance level for residual pieces of bark is 50 cm<sup>2</sup> in area.

\*\*\* The inspection services as officially approved by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin or the country of processing, namely Canada or the USA.

In the case of wood declared to comply with the requirements listed in point (c):

- (1) the wood must be produced, handled or stored in a facility\*\*\*\* which fulfils all the following requirements:
- (i) it is officially approved by the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service pursuant to its certification programme for the pest *Agrilus planipennis* Fairmaire,
- (ii) it is registered in a database published by the relevant inspection service.
- (iii) it is audited \*\*\*\*\*at least once per month by the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service, or an agency approved by that inspection service, which concludes in each audit that the

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facility has treated wood as per the requirements listed in point (c), (iv) it uses equipment for the treatment of the wood which has been calibrated consistently with the equipment's manual of operation, (v) it keeps records of its procedures for verification by the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service, or an agency approved by that inspection service, including the duration of treatment, temperatures during treatment and, for each specific bundle to be exported, the compliance check and final moisture content. \*\*\*\*The name of the facility or facilities must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". \*\*\*\*\*Where these audits are performed by an agency approved by the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service, the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service must carry out six-monthly audits of this work. The six-monthly audits must include the verification of the procedures and documentation of the agency and audits at approved facilities. (2) Each bundle of wood must visibly display both the unique bundle number and a label with the words "HTKD" or "Heat Treated-Kiln Dried". That label must be issued by, or under the supervision of, a designated officer of the approved facility after verifying that the processing requirements set out in point (c) and the requirements for facilities set out in point (1) have been complied with. The bundle number(s) corresponding to each specific bundle being exported must be included in

the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
(3) The wood must have been inspected before export by the relevant national plant protection organisation's inspection service, or an agency approved by that

				inspection service, to ensure that the requirements laid down in point (c) and point (2) are met.]
126.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc.	[F125Any country]	third	The official statement must confirm that the wood originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
127.	Isolated bark and objects made of bark of Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc.	[F126Any country]	third	The official statement must confirm that the bark originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".  A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
128.	Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. [F127, other than wood packaging material, (except associated	Any country	third	The wood must:  a be bark-free, or b be accompanied by an official statement:  i that it originates in areas known

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controlled dunnage).]		to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr., or ii that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
Mill, and Quercus L. [F129] other than: — in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or in part from these trees, — in the form of wood packaging material (except associated controlled dunnage), — in the case of Quercus L., in the form casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, including staves, originating in Canada or the USA, where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes, but including wood which has not kept	Canada, Turkey or the USA	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) it originates in an area* which, in accordance with ISPM No. 4 is known to be free from Agrilus bilineatus Weber and not within 100 km of a known outbreak of Agrilus bilineatus Weber,  (b) it is bark-free, and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or  (c) it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.  *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

	its natural round surface]		
128B	Wood in the form of chips particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or in part from <i>Castanea</i> Mill and <i>Quercus</i> L.	Canada, Turkey or the USA	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus bilineatus</i> Weber and is not within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus bilineatus</i> Weber.  *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
128C	Wood of Castanea Mill, Castanopsis (D. Don) Spach and Quercus L. other than in the form of: - chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or in part from these trees, - wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea, Russia F130 and Vietnam	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:  (a) it originates in an area* which, in accordance with ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig,  (b) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or  (c) it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.  *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
128D	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, wood waste or scrap obtained in whole or part from <i>Castanea</i> Mill, <i>Castanopsis</i> (D. Don) Spach and <i>Quercus</i> L.	Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement, that: (a) it originates in an area* which, in accordance with ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Neocerambyx raddei</i> Blessig, (b) it has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width, or

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			(c) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the chips, particles, wood waste or scrap. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.  *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
129.	Isolated bark of Castanea Mill.	Any third country	The isolated bark must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr.
130.	Wood of Quercus L., other than in the form of:  — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, including staves, where there is documente evidence that the wood has been produced or manufacturusing		The wood must be accompanied by:  [ an official statement that the wood originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Bretziella fagacearum Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield,]  a an official statement that it is squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface,  b an official statement that it is bark-free and the water content is less than 20% expressed as a percentage of the dry matter,  c an official statement that it is bark-free and has been disinfected by an appropriate hot air or hot water treatment, or  d in the case of sawn wood, with or without residual bark attached, an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry

	heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperatur of 176 °C for 20 minutes — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	e	include referred also be by a ma other in put on a in acco [F133* T must be certified	matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. the phytosanitary certificate as the official statement d to in point (d), there must evidence of that kiln-drying ark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or internationally recognised mark, the wood or on any wrapping rdance with current usage. The name(s) of the area(s) is included in the phytosanitary ate under the heading ional declaration".]
131.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L.		The wo	an official statement that the wood originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield,] an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, F135 an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core) [F136, or] an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate

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			(g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.  [F138* The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
[F13913	Isolated bark and objects made of bark of Quercus L.	Turkey	The isolated bark must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus bilineatus</i> Weber and is not within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus bilineatus</i> Weber.  *The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
132.	Wood of Betula L., other than in the form of:  — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these trees,	Canada and the USA (where Agrilus anxius Gory is known to occur)	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that its bark and at least 2.5 cm of the outer sapwood have been removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, or b an official statement that it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.

	— wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood		
133.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein	The wood must be accompanied by a an official statement that it originates in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
134.	Bark and objects made of bark of Betula L.		The bark or objects made out of bark must be accompanied by an official statement confirming that it is free from wood.
135.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Platanus</i> L.	Armenia, EU Member States, Switzerland, Turkey and the	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Ceratocystis platani (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr., or b an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also and there must be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

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			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
136.	Wood of <i>Populus</i> L., other than in the form of:  — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Americas	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it is bark-free, or  b an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
[F14013	L. and Salix L. other than in the form of: —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, or —wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		official statement that: (a) it originates in an area* which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 is known to be free from <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i>

			* The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
137.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from Acer saccharum Marsh., or Populus L.	Canada and the USA	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it has been produced from debarked round wood,  b an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule,  c an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56  °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core) [F141], or]  [ an official statement that the wood has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.]  Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
[ <sup>F143</sup> 13	Mood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings,		

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		Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of	the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 is known to be free from <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i> Obenberger, and not within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i> Obenberger.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
137B.	Isolated bark and objects made of bark of <i>Populus</i> L. and <i>Salix</i> L.	Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of	The isolated bark and objects made of bark must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area* which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4 is known to be free from <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i> Obenberger, and not within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus fleischeri</i> Obenberger.  * The name(s) of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".]
138.	Wood of Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than in the form of: — chips, sawdust and shavings, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, except associated	Canada and the USA	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Saperda candida Fabricius, b an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or c an official statement that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

	controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
139.	Wood in the form of chips obtained in whole or part from Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.		The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Saperda candida Fabricius, b an official statement that it has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width, or c an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
140.	Wood of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than in the form of:  — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these plants,	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Vietnam and EU Member States other than any EU Member State where Aromia bungii	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Aromia bungii (Faldermann), b an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or

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		— wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	(Faldermann) is known not to occur	c an official statement that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.  * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
	141.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from <i>Prunus</i> L.	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Vietnam and EU Member States other than any EU Member State where Aromia bungii (Faldermann) is known not to occur	The wood must be accompanied by:  a an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Aromia bungii (Faldermann), b an official statement that it has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width, or c an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
_	142.	Wood, obtained in whole or in part, from Acer spp. L. Aesculus spp.,	EU Member States other than any EU Member State where	In the case of wood:  a in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste [F145, sawdust] or scrap, the wood must be accompanied by:

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Alnus spp. Miller, Betula spp. L. Carpinus spp., Cercidiphyllum spp. L., Corylus spp., Fagus spp., Fraxinus spp. L., Koelreuteria spp. Medikus, Platanus spp.L., Populus spp. L., Salix spp. L., *Tilia* spp. and Ulmus spp.L., other than wood packaging material [F144(except associated controlled dunnage),], but including wood which has not retained its natural round surface.

Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) is known not to occur and any other third country where Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) is known to occur

- i an official statement that it originates in an area\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky),
- ii an official statement that it is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), or
- iii an official statement that the wood has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width.
- in any other form, the wood must be accompanied by:
  - i an official statement that it originates in an area\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), or
  - ii an official statement that it is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, PART A is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 03 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

temperature of 56
°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). tosanitary certificate ficial statement oint (b)(ii), there must

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b)(ii), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

## **Textual Amendments**

- F2 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(a)
- **F3** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A inserted (2.3.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(a)(i)
- F4 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A inserted (22.6.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/641), regs. 1(2), 2(4)(a)(i)
- F5 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(a)
- **F6** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A inserted (2.3.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(a)(ii)
- F7 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(a)
- F8 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A inserted (4.3.2021) by The Official Controls and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/136), regs. 1(1), 5(1)(a)(i)
- **F9** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 1 substituted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(2)**
- F10 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 2 inserted (4.3.2021) by The Official Controls and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/136), regs. 1(1), 5(1)(a)(ii)(aa)
- F11 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 3 inserted (4.3.2021) by The Official Controls and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/136), regs. 1(1), 5(1)(a)(ii)(bb)
- F12 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A omitted (3.5.2023) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1120), regs. 1(1), 6(2)(a)
- F13 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 8 omitted (24.11.2023) by virtue of The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(i)
- F14 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 9 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(i)
- F15 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 11 substituted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(a)
- F16 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 13 omitted (8.8.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(b)(i)

- F17 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 13 inserted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(b)(ii)
- F18 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 13 inserted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(b)(iii)
- F19 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 13 omitted (8.8.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(b)(iv)
- **F20** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 20 substituted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(3)
- **F21** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 20 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), **3(7)(b)(ii)**
- F22 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 22 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(iii)
- F23 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 24 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(iv)
- F24 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 27 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(v)(aa)
- F25 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 27 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(v)(bb)
- **F26** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 28 substituted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(4)**
- F27 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 30A inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(i)
- **F28** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 31 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(vi)
- **F29** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 32 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), **3(7)(b)(vii)**
- **F30** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 33 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), **3(7)(b)(viii)**
- **F31** Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entries 33A, 33B inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(ii)
- F32 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 40 omitted (8.8.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(c)(i)
- F33 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 40 substituted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(c)(ii)
- **F34** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 40 inserted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(c)(iii)
- F35 Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 42A inserted (22.6.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/641), regs. 1(2), 3(4)
- **F36** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 42A substituted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(ii)
- F37 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 42B inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2) (b), 6(2)(b)(iii)
- **F38** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 45 inserted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(d)
- F39 Annex 7 Pt. A Entries 45A, 45B inserted (22.6.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/641), regs. 1(2), 2(4)(a)(ii)(aa)
- **F40** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 45B omitted (2.3.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(i)
- **F41** Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 48A inserted (2.3.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(ii)

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- Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 50 substituted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(iii)(aa)
- **F43** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 50 substituted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(iii)(bb)
- F44 Asterisk in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 50 inserted (3.5.2023) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1120), regs. 1(1), 6(2)(b)(i)
- F45 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 50 inserted (3.5.2023) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1120), regs. 1(1), 6(2)(b)(ii)
- F46 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 56 omitted (20.4.2021) by virtue of The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(ix)
- F47 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 57 omitted (29.4.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/484), regs. 1(1), 2(2)(a)
- **F48** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 57 omitted (29.4.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/484), regs. 1(1), **2(2)(b)**
- **F49** Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 63A inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(iv)
- F50 Annex 7 Pt. A Entries 68A, 68B inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(x)
- **F51** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 71 omitted (20.4.2021) by virtue of The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xi)
- **F52** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 71 omitted (16.11.2022) by virtue of The Animals, Food, Plant Health, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Miscellaneous Amendments etc.) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1090), regs. 1(1), **15(2)**
- F53 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 74 omitted (20.4.2021) by virtue of The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xii)(aa)
- **F54** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 74 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xii)(bb)
- F55 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 74 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xii)(cc)
- F56 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 76 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xiii)(aa)
- F57 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 76 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xiii)(bb)
- F58 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 76 omitted (20.4.2021) by virtue of The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xiii)(cc)
- **F59** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 76 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xiii)(dd)
- **F60** Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 83A inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xiv)
- **F61** Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 85A omitted (3.5.2023) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 3) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1120), regs. 1(1), 6(2)(c)
- F62 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 92 omitted (24.11.2023) by virtue of The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(iv)
- F63 Annex 7 Pt. A Entries 93A-93C inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xv)
- F64 Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 93B omitted (8.8.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(e)
- **F65** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2) (b), 6(2)(b)(v)(aa)

- **F66** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 substituted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(v)(bb)
- **F67** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 substituted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(v)(cc)
- **F68** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 omitted (24.11.2023) by virtue of The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(v)(dd)
- **F69** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 substituted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), **6(2)(b)(v)(ee)**
- F70 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(vi)
- F71 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(vii)(aa)
- F72 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 94 substituted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(vii)(bb)
- F73 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table inserted (1.10.2023) by The Windsor Framework (Retail Movement Scheme: Public Health, Marketing and Organic Product Standards and Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/959), regs. 1(2), 11(2)(a)
- F74 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 95 omitted (8.8.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(f)(i)
- F75 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 95 omitted (8.8.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(f)(ii)(aa)
- F76 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 95 inserted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(f)(ii)(bb)
- F77 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 95 inserted (8.8.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(b), 4(5)(f)(iii)
- F78 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 100 inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(viii)(aa)
- **F79** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 100 substituted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(viii)(bb)
- F80 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 102A inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(vi)
- **F81** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 102A inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(ix)
- F82 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 102B inserted (1.10.2023) by The Windsor Framework (Retail Movement Scheme: Public Health, Marketing and Organic Product Standards and Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/959), regs. 1(2), 11(2)(b)
- F83 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 105A inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(vii)
- F84 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entries 105B, 105C inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), 6(2)(b)(x)

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- **F85** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 109 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(5)(a)
- **F86** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 109 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(5)(b)**
- F87 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 109 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(5)(c)
- Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 109 substituted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(5)
   (d)
- **F89** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 110 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(6)(a)
- **F90** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 110 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(6)(b)**
- **F91** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 110 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(6)(c)**
- F92 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 110 substituted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(6)
   (d)
- **F93** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 111 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(7)(a)
- **F94** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 111 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(7)(b)**
- F95 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 111 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(7)(c)
- F96 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 112 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(8)(a)
- F97 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 112 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(8)(b)
- **F98** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 112 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(8)(c)**
- **F99** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 113 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(9)(a)
- F100 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 113 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(9)(b)
- **F101** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 113 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(9)(c)**
- F102 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 114 omitted (20.4.2021) by virtue of The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xvi)
- F103 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 114 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(10)(a)
- **F104** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 114 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, **9(10)(b)**
- F105 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 114 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(10)(c)
- F106 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 115 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xvii)(aa)

- F107 Asterisks in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 115 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xvii)(bb)
- F108 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 115 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xvii)(cc)
- F109 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entries 115A-115D inserted (2.3.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(iii)
- F110 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 116 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xviii)(aa)
- F111 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 116 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xviii)(bb)
- F112 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 117 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xix)(aa)
- F113 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 117 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xix)(bb)
- F114 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 118 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xx)(aa)
- F115 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 118 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xx)(bb)
- F116 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 118 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xx)(cc)
- F117 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 118 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xx)(dd)
- F118 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 119 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxi)(aa)
- F119 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 119 substituted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxi)(bb)
- **F120** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 122 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), **3(7)(b)(xxii)**
- F121 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 122 substituted (2.3.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(iv)
- F122 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 125 substituted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(viii)
- **F123** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 125 inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2)(b), **6(2)(b)(xi)**
- **F124** Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 125A inserted (24.11.2023) by The Official Controls (Plant Health) (Prior Notification) and Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1131), regs. 1(2) (b), 6(2)(b)(xii)
- F125 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 126 substituted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(ix)
- F126 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 127 substituted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(x)
- F127 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 128 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxiii)
- **F128** Annex 7 Pt. A Entries 128A-128D inserted (22.6.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/641), regs. 1(2), **2(4)(a)(ii)(bb)**
- **F129** Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 128A substituted (2.3.2022) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(v)
- F130 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 128C omitted (2.3.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(vi)
- F131 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 128D omitted (2.3.2022) by virtue of The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/114), regs. 1(1)(a), 3(7)(b)(vii)

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- F132 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 130 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxiv)(aa)
- F133 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 130 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxiv)(bb)
- F134 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 131 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxv)(aa)
- **F135** Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 131 omitted (26.11.2021) by virtue of The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(11)(a)
- F136 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 131 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(11)(b)
- F137 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 131 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(11)(c)
- F138 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 131 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxv)(bb)
- F139 Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 131A inserted (22.6.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/641), regs. 1(2), 2(4)(a)(ii)(cc)
- F140 Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 136A inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(xi)
- F141 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 137 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(12)(a)
- F142 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entry 137 inserted (26.11.2021) by The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1229), regs. 1, 9(12)(b)
- **F143** Annex 7 Pt. A Table Entries 137A, 137B inserted (2.12.2021) by The Phytosanitary Conditions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1171), regs. 1(1), 2(6)(b)(xii)
- F144 Words in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 142 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxvi)(aa)
- F145 Word in Annex 7 Pt. A Entry 142 inserted (20.4.2021) by The Official Controls, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/426), regs. 1(2), 3(7)(b)(xxvi)(bb)

## **Changes to legislation:**

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, PART A is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 03 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

View outstanding changes

## Changes and effects yet to be applied to:

- Annex 7 Pt. A Table word substituted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(a)(ii)(aa)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table word substituted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(b)(ii)(aa)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words inserted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(a)(ii)(bb)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words inserted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(a)(ii)(cc)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words inserted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(b)(ii)(bb)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words inserted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(c)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words inserted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(d)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words substituted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(a)(i)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words substituted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(b)(i)
- Annex 7 Pt. A Table words substituted by S.I. 2023/1131 reg. 8(2)(e)