Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 of 28 November 2019 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants, and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019

# COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2019/2072

# of 28 November 2019

establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants, and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019

# THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants, amending Regulations (EU) No 228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/ EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC<sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 5(2), Article 32(2), Article 37(2), Article 37(4), Article 40(2), Article 41(2), Article 53(2), Article 54(2), Article 72(1), Article 73, Article 79(2) and Article 80(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 is to apply from 14 December 2019. In order for its provisions to become fully effective, implementing rules are to be adopted regulating the pests, plants, plant products and other objects, as well as respective requirements needed to protect the Union territory from phytosanitary risks.
- (2) In view of this, specific rules should be set out in order to list the Union quarantine pests, the protected zone quarantine pests and the Union regulated non-quarantine pests, as well as measures to prevent their presence in the respective territories of the Union or on plants for planting.
- (3) The pests listed in Part A of Annex I to Council Directive 2000/29/EC<sup>(2)</sup> and Section I of Part A of Annex II to that Directive have been reassessed by the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) in order to set up the list of Union quarantine pests pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. The reassessment was necessary to update the phytosanitary status of those pests in accordance with the most recent technical and scientific developments, and also to assess their compliance with the criteria of Article 3 of that Regulation in respect of the Union territory and Section 1 of Annex I thereto.
- (4) As a result of that reassessment, some pests listed in Annexes I and II to Directive 2000/29/EC should not be included in the list of Union quarantine pests because they

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do not fulfil the conditions provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in respect of the Union territory.

- (5) Certain other pests, some of which are listed in Annexes I and II to Directive 2000/29/ EC, have been found to fulfil the conditions provided for in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in respect of the Union territory, therefore they should be included in the list of Union quarantine pests.
- (6) As a result of the reassessment, some of the pests listed in Annexes I and II to Directive 2000/29/EC as pests not known to occur in the Union territory, should be included in the list of Union quarantine pests as pests known to occur in the Union territory, due to their established presence in certain parts of it.
- (7) The names of certain pests should be updated to reflect the latest developments of the international nomenclature. Those pests are to be listed together with the respective codes assigned by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation ('EPPO'). This is necessary to ensure the identification of those pests, even in case of potential change of their names in the future.
- (8) The protected zones recognised in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008<sup>(3)</sup> and the respective pests listed in Part B of Annex I and Part B of Annex II to Directive 2000/29/EC have been reassessed by the Commission. The purpose of that reassessment was to conclude whether the respective pests correspond to the description of protected zone quarantine pest in Article 32(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.
- (9) That reassessment has been based on the respective applications by Member States to recognise, amend or revoke protected zones, regular survey reports submitted by the Member States, Commission inspections and several other scientific and technical data.
- (10) Certain pests, some of which are listed in Annexes I and II to Directive 2000/29/EC, have been found to fulfil the conditions provided for in Article 32(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, therefore they should be included in the list of protected zone quarantine pests. Those pests should be listed together with the respective codes assigned by EPPO, in order to ensure the identification of those pests, even in case of potential change of their names in the future.
- (11) Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 should be repealed to avoid overlaps with the listing of protected zones in this Regulation.
- (12) EPPO has made a reassessment of the pests listed in Section II of Part A of Annex II to Directive 2000/29/EC, the crops under point 3 and the pests under point 6 of Annex I to Directive 66/401/EEC<sup>(4)</sup>, as well as the pests under point 3 of Annex II to Council Directive 66/402/EEC<sup>(5)</sup>, Annex I to Council Directive 68/193/EEC<sup>(6)</sup>, as well as the pests listed in the acts adopted pursuant to Article 5(5) of Council Directive 98/56/EC<sup>(7)</sup>, Annex II to Council Directive 2002/55/EC<sup>(8)</sup>, Annex I and point B of Annex II to Council Directive 2002/56/EC<sup>(9)</sup>, and the acts adopted pursuant to point (c) of Article 18 of that Directive, point 4 of Annex I and point 5 of Part I of Annex II to Council Directive 2008/72/EC<sup>(10)</sup>, the acts adopted pursuant to Article 4 of Council Directive 2008/72/EC<sup>(11)</sup> and the acts adopted pursuant to Article 4 of Council Directive 2008/90/EC<sup>(12)</sup>.

- (13) That reassessment was necessary to update the phytosanitary status of those pests in accordance with the most recent technical and scientific developments, and also to assess their compliance with the respective criteria of Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, in respect of the Union territory, and Section 4 of Annex I thereto.
- (14) Certain pests, some of which are listed in those Directives, have been found to fulfil the conditions provided for in Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in respect of the Union territory, and should therefore be included in the list of Union regulated nonquarantine pests ('RNQPs'). In accordance with Article 37(7) of that Regulation, that list is to provide for specific categories of relevant plants for planting referred to in Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 68/193/EEC, 2002/55/EC, 2002/56/EC, 2002/57/ EC, 2008/72/EC and 2008/90/EC.
- (15) In certain cases, the respective plants for planting should not be introduced into, or moved within, the Union territory if the presence of the RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs on them is above a certain threshold, as set out in Article 37(8) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. As set out further by that Article, that threshold is only to be set where it is possible for professional operators to ensure that the incidence of that RNQP on those plants for planting does not exceed that threshold and it is possible to verify whether that threshold is not exceeded in lots of those plants for planting.
- (16) In accordance with Article 37(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on the plants for planting concerned, are to apply without prejudice to the measures adopted pursuant to Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/ EEC, 98/56/EC, 1999/105/EC, 2002/54/EC, 2002/55/EC, 2002/56/EC, 2002/57/EC, 2008/72/EC and 2008/90/EC. Therefore, this Regulation should not affect the measures, adopted pursuant to those Directives, concerning inspections, sampling and testing of the plants for planting concerned, or the plants from which they originate, the origin of the plants for planting concerned from areas or sites free from, or with physical protection from, the RNQPs concerned, treatments of the plants for planting concerned, or the plants for planting.
- (17) Moreover, the provisions of this Regulation concerning RNQPs should not affect the exceptions for plants for planting, adopted pursuant to those Directives, from marketing requirements set out by those Directives concerning the supply of seed to official testing and inspection bodies, the supply of plants to providers of certain services, the movement of plants intended for scientific purposes, selection work, other tests or trial purposes, seed not finally certified, seeds subject to the exceptions of the provisions of Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/478<sup>(13)</sup> and plants shown to be intended for export.
- (18) The introduction into the Union of the plants, plant products and other objects, from all or certain third countries, as listed in Part A of Annex III to Directive 2000/29/EC is prohibited.
- (19) Those plants, plants products and other objects have been reviewed on the basis of any new evidence, their pest risk for the Union territory and the update of the list of Union quarantine pests.

- (20) On the basis of that review, certain of those plants, plant products and other objects are therefore to be listed pursuant to Article 40(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, together with the third countries, groups of third countries or specific areas of third countries to which that prohibition applies. Such prohibition is necessary because the phytosanitary protection of the Union cannot be guaranteed by applying less stringent measures in this regard.
- (21) In view of the reassessment of Union quarantine pests, new provisions for the introduction into the Union of certain plants, plant products and other objects, and the respective special requirements, and provisions for the movement within the Union of certain plants, plant products and other objects, and the respective special requirements should be adopted pursuant to Article 41(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.
- (22) The indication of CN codes should not be obligatory for the listing of the plants, plant products and other objects subject to special requirements for movement within the Union territory. This would be a proportionate approach because the CN codes are only necessary for the identification of those plants, plant products or other objects when they are introduced into the Union from a third country. Such approach would be also be in line with Article 80 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 pursuant to which no such codes are provided for the listing of those plants, plant products and other objects, for which a plant passport is required.
- (23) The introduction of plants, plant products and other objects is prohibited in their respective protected zones and, where applicable, with regard to their third country of origin, as listed in Part B of Annex III to Directive 2000/29/EC. Moreover, the plants, plant products and other objects, as listed in Part B of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC, may only be introduced into the respective protected zones if they fulfil the respective special requirements.
- (24) Those plants, plant products and other objects have been reviewed on the basis of any new evidence, their pest risk for the respective protected zones and the update of the list of the protected zones quarantine pests and the protected zones.
- (25) On the basis of that review, certain of those plants, plant products and other objects, and the respective protected zones, should be listed in this Regulation as provided for in Article 53(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, together with the third countries and groups of third countries of origin to which that prohibition applies.
- (26) Moreover, certain of those plants, plant products and other objects, and the respective protected zones and special requirements, should be listed in this Regulation as provided for in Article 54(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.
- (27) A list of plants, plant products and other objects for which a phytosanitary certificate is required for introduction into the Union territory, and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, is to be established pursuant to Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.
- (28) Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019 requires a phytosanitary certificate for the introduction into the Union territory of plants, other than the plants included in the

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list referred to in Article 72(1), pursuant to the first subparagraph of Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. However, certain fruits have been found to fulfil the criteria set out in Annex VI to Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and identified as plants which do not require a phytosanitary certificate. A phytosanitary certificate should therefore not be required for the introduction into the Union of the fruits listed in Annex II of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019.

- (29) For reasons of clarity, Article 2 and Annex II of that Regulation should be deleted, in order to avoid overlaps with this Regulation.
- (30) A list of plants, plant products and other objects for which a phytosanitary certificate is required for introduction into the respective protected zones and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, is to be established pursuant to Article 74(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 Such a list will help to ensure clarity for the professional operators, competent authorities and all of other users of those plants, plant products and other objects.
- (31) A list of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for movement within the Union territory is to be established pursuant to Article 79(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. Such a list will help to ensure clarity for the professional operators, competent authorities and all other users of those plants, plant products and other objects.
- (32) In order to refrain from imposing requirements on professional operators, those plant passports should not be required for the movement of seeds which are subject to derogations from the requirements of the respective Directives on the marketing of seeds. This is appropriate as this Regulation applies without prejudice to the measures adopted pursuant to those Directives and should not introduce for the professional operators additional certification burdens than the ones currently laid down in those Directives obligations.
- (33) A list of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for being introduced into, or moved within, certain protected zones is to be established pursuant to Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. Those plant passports should bear the designation 'PZ' to be distinguished from the plant passports required for the movement within the entire Union territory. Such a list will help to ensure clarity for the professional operators, competent authorities and all other users of those plants, plant products and other objects.
- (34) In order to avoid the disruption of trade by changes in the requirements regarding RNQPs, a limited transitional period should be granted for seeds and other plants for planting that have already been produced in the Union, introduced into the Union or moved within the Union in accordance with the requirements concerning the presence of RNQPs applicable before 14 December 2019, the date of application of this Regulation. Those seeds and other plants for planting may continue to be introduced into, or moved within, the Union in accordance with those requirements for a limited period of time. It would also be proportionate to require that plant passports would only attest the compliance of those seeds and other plants for planting with the applicable requirements on Union quarantine pests, protected zone quarantine pests and measures adopted

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pursuant to Article 30 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. Such an approach would be necessary given the big amounts of seeds and other plants for planting which are in the course of production, or have been produced, before 14 December 2019, under the rules of the Directives on the marketing of seeds and other propagating material applicable before that date and when no plant passports were required concerning the presence of RNQPs. Those plants for planting have already been certified and it would be disproportionate to require their further certification under the new rules. A transitional period of one year would thus be necessary to ensure the smooth uptake of those plants for planting by the market and to facilitate the competent authorities and the professional operators to adapt to the new rules.

- (35) This Regulation should enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*, to allow for the competent authorities and the professional operators the longest possible time to prepare for its application.
- (36) For reasons of legal certainty, this Regulation should apply from the same date as Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, which is 14 December 2019.
- (37) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

## Article 1

## Subject matter

This Regulation implements Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, as regards the listing of Union quarantine pests, protected zone quarantine pests and Union regulated non-quarantine pests, and the measures on plants, plant products and other objects to reduce the risks of those pests to an acceptable level.

# Article 2

## Definitions

- 1 For the purposes of this Regulation, the definitions provided for in Annex I shall apply.
- 2 In addition, the following definitions shall apply:
  - a 'practically free from pests' means the extent of presence of pests, other than Union quarantine pests or protected zone quarantine pests, on the plants for planting or fruit plants, which is sufficiently low to ensure acceptable quality and usefulness of those plants;
  - b 'official statement' means a phytosanitary certificate, as provided for in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, a plant passport, as provided for in Article 78 of that Regulation, the mark on wood packaging material, wood or other objects, as referred to in Article 96 of that Regulation, or the official attestations as referred to in Article 99 of that Regulation;
  - c 'systems approach' means the integration of different risk management measures, at least two of which act independently, and which, when applied together, achieve

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the appropriate level of protection against Union quarantine pests, protected zone quarantine pests and pests subject to the measures adopted pursuant to Article 30 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.

#### Article 3

## List of Union quarantine pests

The list of Union quarantine pests, as referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex II to this Regulation.

The list of Union quarantine pests not known to occur in the Union territory is set out in Part A of Annex II and the list of Union quarantine pests known to occur in the Union territory is set out in Part B of Annex II.

## Article 4

### List of protected zones and the respective protected zone quarantine pests

The list of the protected zones and the respective protected zone quarantine pests, as referred to in Article 32(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex III to this Regulation.

### Article 5

#### List of Union regulated non-quarantine pests and specific plants for planting, with categories and thresholds

The list of Union regulated non-quarantine pests ('RNQPs') and specific plants for planting with categories and thresholds, as referred to in Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, are set out in Annex IV to this Regulation. Those plants for planting shall not be introduced into, or moved within, the Union if the presence of the RNQPs, or symptoms caused by RNQPs, on those plants for planting is above those thresholds.

The prohibition of introduction and movement provided for in the first paragraph shall apply only to the categories of plants for planting as provided for in Annex IV.

### Article 6

#### Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting

1 The measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs concerning the movement within and introduction into the Union of specific plants for planting, as referred to in Article 37(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, are set out in Annex V to this Regulation.

2 The list set out in Annex IV to this Regulation and Annex V thereto shall not affect the measures adopted pursuant to Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 68/193/EEC, 98/56/EC, 1999/105/EC, 2002/54/EC, 2002/55/EC, 2002/56/EC, 2002/57/EC, 2008/72/EC and 2008/90/ EC concerning:

a inspections, sampling and testing of the plants for planting concerned or the plants from which they originate;

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- b the origin of the respective plants for planting from the areas or sites, which are free from, or with physical protection from, the RNQPs concerned;
- c treatments of the plants for planting concerned, or the plants from which they originate;
- d the production of the plants for planting.

3 In addition, the list set out in Annex IV to this Regulation and Annex V thereto shall not affect the exceptions for plants for planting, adopted pursuant to Directives 66/401/ EEC, 66/402/EEC, 68/193/EEC, 98/56/EC, 1999/105/EC, 2002/54/EC, 2002/55/EC, 2002/56/ EC, 2002/57/EC, 2008/72/EC and 2008/90/EC, from the requirements for marketing set out by those Directives, including:

- a exceptions concerning the supply of plants for planting to official testing and inspection bodies;
- b exceptions concerning the supply of plants for planting as grown to providers of services for processing or packaging, under the condition that the provider of services does not acquire title to the plants thus supplied and the identity of the plants is ensured;
- c exceptions concerning the supply of plants for planting under certain conditions to providers of services for the production of certain agricultural raw materials, intended for industrial purposes, or seed propagation for that purpose;
- d exceptions for plants for planting intended for scientific purposes, selection work, other test or trial purposes;
- e exceptions from marketing requirements concerning plants for planting not finally certified;
- f exceptions from marketing requirements set out in the provisions of Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/478;
- g exceptions from marketing requirements for plants for planting shown to be intended for export to third countries.

## Article 7

## List of plants, plant products and other objects whose introduction into the Union from certain third countries is prohibited

The list of plants, plant products and other objects whose introduction into the Union territory is prohibited, together with the third countries, groups of third countries or specific areas of third countries to which the prohibition applies, as referred to in Article 40(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex VI to this Regulation.

#### Article 8

### List of plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries, or in the Union territory and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into or movement within the Union territory

1 The list of plants, plant products and other objects, originating from third countries, and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into the Union territory, as referred to in Article 41(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex VII to this Regulation.

2 The list of plants, plant products and other objects, originating in the Union territory, and the corresponding special requirements for their movement within the Union territory, as

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referred to in Article 41(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex VIII to this Regulation.

#### Article 9

## List of plants, plant products and other objects, whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited

The list of plants, plant products and other objects, originating from third countries or within the Union territory, whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited, as referred to in Article 53(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex IX to this Regulation.

## Article 10

### List of plants, plant products and other objects to be introduced into, or moved within protected zones and corresponding special requirements for protected zones

The list of plants, plant products and other objects, the respective protected zones and the corresponding special requirements for protected zones, as referred to in Article 54(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, are set out in Annex X to this Regulation.

#### Article 11

#### List of plants, plant products and other objects, as well as the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, for which phytosanitary certificates are required

1 The list of plants, plant products and other objects, as well as the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, whose introduction into the Union territory requires a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Part A of Annex XI to this Regulation.

2 The list of plants, subject to the exception from a phytosanitary certificate as provided for in the second subparagraph of Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Part C of Annex XI to this Regulation.

3 All plants, other than the plants referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, shall only be introduced into the Union, if they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. The available CN codes of those plants are listed in Part B of Annex XI to this Regulation.

#### Article 12

## List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a phytosanitary certificate is required for their introduction into a protected zone from certain third countries of origin or dispatch

The list of plants, plant products and other objects, whose introduction into certain protected zones from certain third countries of origin or dispatch requires a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 74(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex XII to this Regulation.

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## Article 13

## List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for their movement within the Union territory

1 The list of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for their movement within the Union territory, as referred to in Article 79(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex XIII to this Regulation.

2 By way of derogation from paragraph 1, a plant passport shall not be required for the movement within the Union of seeds, which fulfil both of the following conditions:

- a they are subject to the exceptions referred to in Article 6(3); and
- b they are not subject to the special requirements of Annex VIII or Annex X.

## Article 14

## List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport with the designation 'PZ' is required for introduction into, and movement within certain protected zones

The list of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for their introduction into, or movement within certain protected zones, as referred to in Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, is set out in Annex XIV to this Regulation.

Plant passports referred to in the first paragraph shall bear the designation 'PZ'.

## Article 15

### Repeal of Regulation (EC) No 690/2008

Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 is repealed.

#### Article 16

#### Amendment of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019

Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019 is amended as follows:

- (1) Article 2 is deleted;
- (2) Annex II is deleted.

## Article 17

## Transitional measures

Seeds and other plants for planting introduced into the Union territory, moved within the Union territory or produced, before 14 December 2019, pursuant to the applicable requirements of Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 68/193/EEC, 98/56/EC, 2002/55/EC, 2002/57/EC, 2008/72/EC, 2008/90/EC concerning the presence of

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RNQPs before that date, may, until 14 December 2020, be introduced into, or moved within, the Union territory if they comply with those requirements. As of 14 December 2020. Articles 5 and 6 shall apply to all plants for planting covered by this Regulation.

Plant passports, required by this Regulation for the movement of seeds and other plants for planting within the Union territory benefitting from the transitional period laid down in paragraph 1 of this Article, shall until 14 December 2020 only be required to attest their compliance with the rules concerning Union quarantine pests, protected zone quarantine pests or measures adopted pursuant to Article 30 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.

# Article 18

# Entry into force and application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 14 December 2019.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 November 2019.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

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### ANNEX I

## **Definitions as referred to in Article 2(1)**

For the purposes of this Regulation, the terms listed in Part A, when used in the Annexes to this Regulation, have the same meaning as defined in the respective Directives listed in the second column of Part B.

## PART A

# List of terms

- Pre-basic seed,
- Basic seed,
- Certified seed,
- Standard seed,
- Vine,
- Initial propagating material,
- Basic propagating material,
- Pre-basic material,
- Basic material,
- Certified material,
- Standard material,
- Propagating material of ornamental plants,
- Forest reproductive material,
- Vegetable propagating and planting material,
- Fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production,
- Candidate pre-basic mother plant,
- Pre-basic mother plant,
- Basic mother plant,
- Certified mother plant,
- Conformitas Agraria Communitatis (CAC) material,
- Fodder plant seed,
- Cereal seed,
- Vegetable seed,
- Seed potatoes,
- Oil and fibre plants seed.

### PART B

# List of Directives and Annexes

1. ANNEXES TO THIS REGULATION	2. DIRECTIVES
ANNEX IV, Part A	Directive 66/401/EEC
(RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed)	
ANNEX V, Part A	
(Measures concerning fodder plant seed)	

ANNEX IV, Part B (RNQPs concerning cereal seed) ANNEX V, Part B (Measures concerning cereal seed)	Directive 66/402/EEC
ANNEX IV, Part C (RNQPs concerning vine propagating material)	Directive 68/193/EEC
ANNEX IV, Part D (RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants) ANNEX V, Part C (Measures concerning ornamental plants)	Directive 98/56/EC
ANNEX IV, Part E (RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds) ANNEX V, Part D (Measures concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds)	Directive 1999/105/EC
ANNEX IV, Part F (RNQPs concerning vegetable seed) ANNEX V, Part E (Measures concerning vegetable seed)	Directive 2002/55/EC
ANNEX IV, Part G (RNQPs concerning seed potatoes) ANNEX V, Part F (Measures concerning seed potatoes)	Directive 2002/56/EC
ANNEX IV, Part H (RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants) ANNEX V, Part G (Measures concerning seed of oil and fibre plants)	Directive 2002/57/EC
ANNEX IV, Part I RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material ANNEX V, Part H (Measures concerning vegetable propagating and planting material)	Directive 2008/72/EC
ANNEX IV, Part J (RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production)	Directive 2008/90/EC
ANNEX XIII, point 4 Cereal seed	Directive 66/402/EEC
Annex XIII, point 5 Vegetable seed	Directive 2002/55/EC
ANNEX XIII, point 6	Directive 2002/57/EC

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Oil and fibre plants seed

ANNEX II

## List of Union quarantine pests and their respective codes

# PART A

# PESTS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE UNION TERRITORY

	Quarantine Pests and their codes assigned by EPPO
A. Bacteria	
1.	Candidatus Liberibacter africanus [LIBEAF]
2.	Candidatus Liberibacter americanus [LIBEAM]
3.	Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus [LIBEAS]
4.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Collins and Jones [CORBFL]
5.	Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters [ERWIST]
6.	Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al. [RALSPS]
7.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebesensis Safni et al. [RALSSC]
8.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al.[RALSSI]
9.	Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae (Ishiyama) Swings et al. [XANTOR]
10.	Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzicola (Fang et al.) Swings et al. [XANTTO]
11.	<i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i> ) Constantin <i>et al.</i> [XANTAU]
12.	<i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> [XANTCI]
<b>B.</b> Fungi and oomycetes	
1.	Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller [CRSPAN]
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schwein.) Arx [DIBOMO]

3.	Atropellis spp. [1ATRPG]
4.	<i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka [PHYOPI]
5.	<i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Z.W de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield, comb. nov. [CERAFA]
6.	<i>Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli</i> Dietel [CHMYAR]
7.	Cronartium spp. [1CRONG], except Cronartium gentianeum, Cronartium pini (Willdenow) Jørstad [ENDCPI] and Cronartium ribicola Fischer [CRONRI].
8.	Davidsoniella virescens (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAVI]
9.	<i>Elsinoë australis</i> Bitanc. & Jenkins [ELSIAU]
10.	<i>Elsinoë citricola</i> X.L. Fan, R.W. Barreto & Crous [ELSICI]
11.	Elsinoë fawcettii Bitanc. & Jenkins [ELSIFA]
12.	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL]
13.	<i>Guignardia laricina</i> (Sawada) W. Yamam& Kaz. Itô [GUIGLA]
14.	Gymnosporangium spp. [1GYMNG], except: Gymnosporangium amelanchieris E. Fisch. ex F. Kern, Gymnosporangium atlanticum Guyot & Malenc Bon, Gymnosporangium clavariiforme (Wulfen) DC [GYMNCF], Gymnosporangium confusum Plowr. [GYMNCO], Gymnosporangium cornutum Arthur ex F. Kern [GYMNCR], Gymnosporangium fusisporum E. Fisch., Gymnosporangium gaeumannii H. Zogg, Gymnosporangium gracile Pat., Gymnosporangium minus Crowell, Gymnosporangium orientale P. Syd. & Syd., Gymnosporangium sabinae (Dicks.) G. Winter [GYMNFU], Gymnosporangium torminali-juniperini E. Fisch., Gymnosporangium tremelloides R. Hartig [GYMNTR]
15.	<i>Coniferiporia sulphurascens</i> (Pilát) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [PHELSU]

16.	<i>Coniferiporia weirii</i> (Murrill) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [INONWE]
17.	<i>Melampsora farlowii</i> (Arthur) Davis [MELMFA]
18.	<i>Melampsora medusae</i> f. sp. <i>tremuloidis</i> Shain [MELMMT]
19.	<i>Mycodiella laricis-leptolepidis</i> (Kaz. Itô, K. Satô & M. Ota) Crous [MYCOLL]
20.	Phoma andina Turkensteen [PHOMAN]
21.	<i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa [GUIGCI]
22.	<i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ellis & Everhart [PHYSSL]
23.	Phymatotrichopsis omnivora (Duggar) Hennebert [PHMPOM]
24.	<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-EU isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]
25.	<i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun [CERCAN]
26.	Pseudocercospora pini-densiflorae (Hori & Nambu) Deighton [CERSPD]
27.	Puccinia pittieriana Hennings [PUCCPT]
28.	Septoria malagutii E.T. Cline [SEPTLM]
29.	<i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvl, Verkley & Crous. [MYCOPP]
30.	<i>Stegophora ulmea</i> (Fr.) Syd. & P. Syd [GNOMUL]
31.	<i>Thecaphora solani</i> Thirumulachar & O'Brien) Mordue [THPHSO]
32.	Tilletia indica Mitra [NEOVIN]
33.	<i>Venturia nashicola</i> S. Tanaka & S. Yamamoto [VENTNA]
C. Insects and mites	
1.	Acleris spp. (non-European) [1ACLRG]
2.	Acrobasis pyrivorella (Matsumura) [NUMOPI]
3.	Agrilus anxius Gory [AGRLAX]
4.	Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire [AGRLPL]

5.	<i>Aleurocanthus citriperdus</i> Quaintance & Baker [ALECCT]
6.	Aleurocanthus woglumi Ashby [ALECWO]
7.	Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) [AMAZMA]
8.	Anomala orientalis Waterhouse [ANMLOR]
9.	Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) [ANOLGL]
10.	Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling [ANTHBI]
11.	Anthonomus eugenii Cano [ANTHEU]
12.	Anthonomus grandis (Boh.) [ANTHGR]
13.	Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say [TACYQU]
14.	Anthonomus signatus Say [ANTHSI]
15.	Arrhenodes minutus Drury [ARRHMI]
16.	Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye [ASCXEP]
17.	Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) [PARZCO]
18.	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) known to be vector of viruses [BEMITA]
19.	Carposina sasakii Matsumara [CARSSA]
20.	Choristoneura spp. (non-European) [1CHONG]
21.	Cicadellidae (non-European) [1CICDF]known to be vector of Xylella fastidiosa,such as:(a)Carneocephala fulgida Nottingham [CARNFU](b)Draeculacephala minerva Ball [DRAEMI];(c)Graphocephala atropunctata (Signoret) [GRCPAT].(d)Homalodisca vitripennis (Germar) [HOMLTR]
22.	Conotrachelus nenuphar (Herbst) [CONHNE]
23.	Dendrolimus sibiricus Chetverikov [DENDSI]
24.	<i>Diabrotica barberi</i> Smith and Lawrence [DIABLO]

25.	Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi Barber [DIABUH]
26.	Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata Mannerheim [DIABUN]
27.	Diabrotica virgifera zeae Krysan & Smith [DIABVZ]
28.	Diaphorina citri Kuwayana [DIAACI]
29.	Eotetranychus lewisi (McGregor) [EOTELE]
30.	Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) [CYDIIN]
31.	Grapholita packardi Zeller [LASPPA]
32.	Grapholita prunivora (Walsh) [LASPPR]
33.	Heliothis zea (Boddie) [HELIZE]
34.	Hishimonus phycitis (Distant) [HISHPH]
35.	Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham) [GNORLY]
36.	<i>Lopholeucaspis japonica</i> Cockerell [LOPLJA]
37.	Liriomyza sativae Blanchard [LIRISA]
38.	Listronotus bonariensis (Kuschel) [HYROBO]
39.	Margarodes, non-European species         [1MARGG], such as:         (a)       Margarodes prieskaensis (Jakubski)         [MARGPR];         (b)       Margarodes vitis (Philippi)         [MARGVI];         (c)       Margarodes vredendalensis de         Klerk [MARGVR].
40.	<i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations) [1MONCG]
41.	Myndus crudus van Duzee [MYNDCR]
42.	Naupactus leucoloma Boheman [GRAGLE]
43.	Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) [NEOLEL]
44.	Oemona hirta (Fabricius) [OEMOHI]
45.	Oligonychus perditus Pritchard and Baker [OLIGPD]
46.	Pissodes cibriani O'Brien
47.	Pissodes fasciatus Leconte [PISOFA]
48.	Pissodes nemorensis Germar [PISONE]

49.	Pissodes nitidus Roelofs [PISONI]
50.	Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang [PISOPU]
51.	Pissodes strobi (Peck) [PISOST]
52.	Pissodes terminalis Hopping [PISOTE]
53.	Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang [PISOYU]
54.	Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper
55.	Polygraphus proximus Blandford [POLGPR]
56.	Premnotrypes spp. (non-European) [1PREMG]
57.	Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus (Zimmermann) [PSDPMI]
58.	Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff) [PSDPPR]
59.	<i>Rhizoecus hibisci</i> Kawai and Takagi [RHIOHI]
60.	Rhynchophorus palmarum (L.) [RHYCPA]
61.	Saperda candida Fabricius [SAPECN]
62.	Scirtothrips aurantii Faure [SCITAU]
63.	Scirtothrips citri (Moulton) [SCITCI]
64.	Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood [SCITDO]
65.	Scolytidae spp. (non-European) [1SCOLF]
66.	Spodoptera eridania (Cramer) [PRODER]
67.	Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) [LAPHFR]
68.	Spodoptera litura (Fabricus) [PRODLI]
69.	Tecia solanivora (Povolný) [TECASO]
70.	Tephritidae (non-European) [1TEPHF], suchas:(a)(a)Anastrepha fraterculus (Wiedemann) [ANSTFR];(b)Anastrepha ludens (Loew) [ANSTLU];(c)Anastrepha obliqua (Macquart) [ANSTOB];(d)Anastrepha suspensa (Loew) [ANSTSU];(e)Bactrocera dorsalis (Hendel) [DACUDO];(f)Bactrocera tryoni (Froggatt) [DACUTR];

	(g) <i>Bactrocera tsuneonis</i> (Miyake) [DACUTS];	
	(h) <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) [DACUZO];	
	(i) Dacus ciliatus Loew [DACUCI];	,
	(j) Epochra canadensis (Loew)	
	(j) [EPOCCA];	
	(k) <i>Pardalaspis cyanescens</i> Bezzi [CERTCY];	
	(l) <i>Pardalaspis quinaria</i> Bezzi [CERTQU];	
	(m) <i>Pterandrus rosa</i> (Karsch) [CERTRO];	
	(n) <i>Rhacochlaena japonica</i> Ito [RHACJA];	
	(o) <i>Rhagoletis fausta</i> (Osten-Sacken) [RHAGFA];	)
	(p) <i>Rhagoletis indifferens</i> Curran [RHAGIN];	
	(q) <i>Rhagoletis mendax</i> Curran [RHAGME];	
	(r) <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) [RHAGPO];	
	(s) <i>Rhagoletis ribicola</i> Doane [RHAGRI];	
	(t) <i>Rhagoletis suavis</i> (Loew) [RHAGSU];	
	(u) Zeugodacus cucurbitae (Coquille [DACUCU].	ett)
71.	<i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) [ARGPLE]	
72.	Thrips palmi Karny [THRIPL]	
73.	Unaspis citri (Comstock) [UNASCI]	
<b>D.</b> Nematodes		
1.	Hirschmanniella spp. Luc & Goodey [1HIRSG], except:	
	Hirschmanniella behningi (Micoletzky)	
	Luc & Goodey [HIRSBE], Hirschmanniel	
	gracilis (de Man) Luc & Goodey [HIRSG]	
	Hirschmanniella halophila Sturhan & Hall Hirschmanniella loofi Sher [HIRSLO] and	
	Hirschmanniella zostericola (Allgén) Luc	
	Goodey [HIRSZO]	a
2.	Longidorus diadecturus Eveleigh and Alle [LONGDI]	n
3.	Nacobbus aberrans (Thorne) Thorne and Allen [NACOBA]	
4.	Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu stricto [XIPHAA]	)
	1	

5.	<i>Xiphinema bricolense</i> Ebsary, Vrain & Graham [XIPHBC]
6.	<i>Xiphinema californicum</i> Lamberti & Bleve- Zacheo [XIPHCA]
7.	<i>Xiphinema inaequale</i> khan et Ahmad [XIPHNA]
8.	Xiphinema intermedium Lamberti & Bleve- Zacheo
9.	Xiphinema rivesi (non-EU populations) Dalmasso [XIPHRI]
10.	Xiphinema tarjanense Lamberti & Bleve- Zacheo [XIPHTA]
<b>E.</b> Parasitic plants	
1.	Arceuthobium spp. [1AREG], except: Arceuthobium azoricum Wiens & Hawksworth [AREAZ], Arceuthobium gambyi Fridl and Arceuthobium oxycedri DC. M. Bieb. [AREOX]
<b>F.</b> Viruses, viroids and phytop	plasmas
1.	Beet curly top virus [BCTV00]
2.	Black raspberry latent virus [TSVBL0]
3.	Coconut cadang-cadang viroid [CCCVD0]
4.	Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus [CSNV00]
5.	Citrus tristeza virus (non-EU isolates) [CTV000]
6.	Citrus leprosis viruses [CILV00]: (a) CiLV-C [CILVC0]; (b) CiLV-C2 [CILVC2]; (c) HGSV-2 [HGSV20] (d) Citrus strain of OFV [OFV00] (citrus strain); (e) CiLV-N sensu novo.
7.	Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas [PHYP56]
8.	Potato viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas, such as:(a)Andean potato latent virus [APLV00];(b)Andean potato mottle virus [APMOV0];(c)Arracacha virus B, oca strain [AVBO00];(d)Potato black ringspot virus [PBRSV0];

	<ul> <li>(e) Potato virus T [PVT000];</li> <li>(f) Non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y</li> <li>(including Y<sup>o</sup>, Y<sup>n</sup> and Y<sup>c</sup>) and Potato leafroll virus [PVA000, PVM000, PVS000, PVV000, PVX000, PVX000, PVY000 (including Y<sup>o</sup>, PVYN00, PVYC00)] and [PLRV00].</li> </ul>
9.	Satsuma dwarf virus [SDV000]
10.	Tobacco ringspot virus [TRSV00]
11.	Tomato ringspot virus [TORSV0]
12.	<ul> <li>Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L., such as: <ul> <li>(a) Blueberry leaf mottle virus [BLMOV0];</li> <li>(b) Cherry rasp leaf virus [CRLV00];</li> <li>(c) Peach mosaic virus [PCMV00];</li> <li>(d) Peach rosette mosaic virus [PRMV00];</li> <li>(e) American plum line pattern virus [APLPV0];</li> <li>(f) Raspberry leaf curl virus [RLCV00];</li> <li>(g) Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma [SYWB00];</li> <li>(h) Non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
13.	Begomoviruses except: Abutilon mosaic virus [ABMV00], Sweet potato leaf curl virus [SPLCV0], Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus [TOLCND], Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0], Tomato yellow leaf curl Sardinia virus [TYLCSV], Tomato yellow leaf curl Malaga virus [TYLCMA], Tomato yellow leaf curl Axarquia virus [TYLCAX]
14.	Cowpea mild mottle virus [CPMMV0]
15.	Lettuce infectious yellows virus [LIYV00]
16.	Melon yellowing-associated virus [MYAV00]
17.	Squash vein yellowing virus [SQVYVX]
18.	Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus [SPCSV0]

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19.	Sweet potato mild mottle virus [SPMMV0]
20.	Tomato chocolate virus [TOCHV0]
21.	Tomato marchitez virus [TOANV0]
22.	Tomato mild mottle virus [TOMMOV]
23.	Witches' broom disease of lime phytoplasma [PHYPAF]

# PART B

#### PESTS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE UNION TERRITORY

_	Quarantine Pests and their codes assigned by EPPO	
A. Bacteria		
1.	<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> [CORBSE]	
2.	Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. [RALSSL]	
3.	Xylella fastidiosa (Wells et al.) [XYLEFA]	
B. Fungi and oomycetes		
1.	<i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr [CERAFP]	
2.	<i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	
3.	<i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat [GEOHMO]	
4.	Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival [SYNCEN]	
C. Insects and mites		
1.	Aleurocanthus spiniferus (Quaintance) [ALECSN]	
2.	Anoplophora chinensis (Thomson) [ANOLCN]	
3.	Aromia bungii (Faldermann) [AROMBU]	
4.	Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman [PITOJU]	
5.	Popillia japonica Newman [POPIJA]	
6.	Toxoptera citricida (Kirkaldy) [TOXOCI]	
7.	Trioza erytreae Del Guercio [TRIZER]	
<b>D.</b> Molluscs		
1.	Pomacea (Perry) [1POMAG]	

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E. Nematodes	
1.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner and Bührer) Nickle et al. [BURSXY]
2.	<i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens [HETDPA]
3.	Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO]
4.	Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. [MELGCH]
5.	Meloidogyne fallax Karssen [MELGFA]
F. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasi	mas
1.	Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma [PHYP64]
2.	Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus [TOLCND]

# ANNEX III

## List of protected zones and the respective protected zone quarantine pests and their respective codes

The protected zones listed in the third column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the Member State listed;
- (b) the territory of the Member State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- (c) only the part of the territory of the Member State which is specified within brackets.

Protected zone quarantine pests		EPPO code	Prot	ected zones	
(a) Bacteria					
1.	Erwinia amylovora (Burrill) Winslow et al.	ERWIAM	(a) (b)	Estonia; Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community	

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of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)); France (Corsica); Italy (Abruzzo, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Marche, Molise, Piedmont

(c)

(d)

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(except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta); Latvia; Finland; United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands); until 30 April 2020: Ireland (except Galway city); until 30 April 2020: Italy (Apúlia, Lombardy (except the

(e)

(f)

(g)

(h)

(i)

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provinces of Milan, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Cesano Maderno, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province), Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona. Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)); until 30 April 2020: Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai

(j)

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(region of Kaunas)); (k) until 30 April 2020: Slovenia (except the regions of Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Velika Polana, and the settlements Fużina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo Črnelo, Malo Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče, Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko

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XANTPR

Xanthomonas arboricola pv.pruni

Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica); until 30 April 2020: Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)). until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom

**(**1**)** 

2	C
2	9

	(Smith) Vauterin <i>et al</i> .			
(b) Fungi and oomyce	etes	1		
1.	Colletotrichum gossypii Southw	GLOMGO	Greece	
2.	<i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.	ENDOPA	<ul> <li>(a) Czech Republic;</li> <li>(b) Ireland;</li> <li>(c) Sweden;</li> <li>(d) United Kingdom.</li> </ul>	
3.	<i>Entoleuca mammata</i> (Wahlenb.) Rogers and Ju	НҮРОМА	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).	
4.	<i>Gremmeniella</i> <i>abietina</i> (Lagerberg) Morelet	GREMAB	Ireland	
5.	Phytophthora ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld (EU isolates)	PHYTRA	until 30 April 2023: France (except the department of Finistère (Bretagne))	
(c) Insects and mites				
1.	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations)	BEMITA	<ul> <li>(a) Ireland;</li> <li>(b) Sweden;</li> <li>(c) United Kingdom.</li> </ul>	
2.	<i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> Wachtl	CEPCAL	<ul> <li>(a) Ireland;</li> <li>(b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey).</li> </ul>	
3.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelan	DENCMI	<ul> <li>(a) Ireland;</li> <li>(b) Greece;</li> <li>(c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey).</li> </ul>	
4.	Dryocosmus kuriphilus Yasumatsu	DRYCKU	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom.	

5.	<i>Gilpinia hercyniae</i> Hartig	GILPPO	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey).
6.	Gonipterus scutellatus Gyllenhal	GONPSC	(a) (b)	Greece; Portugal (Azores).
7.	Ips amitinus Eichhoff	IPSXAM	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom.
8.	<i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer	IPSXCE	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man).
9.	<i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg	IPSXDU	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom.
10.	<i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Bőrner	IPSXSE	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Cyprus; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man).
11.	Ips typographus Heer	IPSXTY	(a) (b)	Ireland; United Kingdom.
12.	Leptinotarsa decemlineata Say	LPTNDE	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	Ireland; Spain (Ibiza and Menorca); Cyprus; Malta; Portugal (Azores and Madeira); Finland (districts

			(g) (h)	of Åland, Häme, Kymi, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta, Turku, Uusimaa); Sweden (counties of Blekinge, Gotland, Halland, Kalmar and Skåne); United Kingdom.
13.	Liriomyza bryoniae (Kaltenbach)	LIRIBO	(a) (b)	Ireland; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
14.	Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard)	LIRIHU	(a) (b)	until 30 April 2020: Ireland; until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
15.	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess)	LIRITR	(a) (b)	until 30 April 2020: Ireland; until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
16.	Paysandisia archon (Burmeister)	PAYSAR	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Malta; United Kingdom.
17.	<i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier)	RHYCFE	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Portugal (Azores); United Kingdom.
18.	Sternochetus mangiferae Fabricius	СКУРМА	(a)	Spain (Granada

			(b)	and Malaga); Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira).
19.	<i>Thaumetopoea</i> <i>pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller	THAUPI	United	l Kingdom
20.	Thaumetopoea processionea L.	THAUPR		Ireland; until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom (except the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham; Barnet; Basildon; Basingstoke and Deane; Bexley; Bracknell Forest; Brent; Brentwood; Bromley; Broxbourne; Camden; Castle Point; Chelmsford; Chiltem; City of London; City of Westminster; Crawley; Dacorum; Dacorum; Dattford; Ealing; East Hertfordshire; Elmbridge District; Enfield; Epping Forest; Epsom

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and Ewell District; Gravesham; Greenwich; Guildford; Hackney; Hammersmith & Fulham; Haringey; Harlow; Harrow; Hart; Havering; Hertsmere; Hillingdon; Horsham; Hounslow; Islington; Kensington & Chelsea; Kingston upon Thames; Lambeth; Lewisham; Littlesford; Medway; Merton; Mid Sussex; Mole Valley; Newham; North Hertfordshire; Reading; Redbridge; Reigate and Banstead; Richmond upon Thames; Runnymede District; Rushmoor; Sevenoaks; Slough; South Bedfordshire; South Bucks; South Oxfordshire; Southwark;

				Spelthorne District; St Albans; Sutton; Surrey Heath; Tandridge; Three Rivers; Thurrock; Tonbridge and Malling; Tower Hamlets; Waltham Forest; Wandsworth; Watford; Waverley; Welwyn Hatfield; West Berkshire; Windsor and Maidenhead; Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe).
21.	Viteus vitifoliae (Fitch)	VITEVI	Cyprus	
(d) Virus, viroids and	phytoplasmas	1	1	
1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	BNYVV0	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Ireland; France (Brittany); Portugal (Azores); Finland; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
2.	<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>ulmi</i>	PHYPUL	United I	Kingdom
3.	Citrus tristeza virus (EU isolates)	CTV000	Malta	

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## ANNEX IV

## List of Union regulated non-quarantine pests ('RNQPs') and specific plants for planting, with categories and thresholds as referred to in Article 5

# PART A

## **RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed**

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds certified seed
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

## PART B

## **RNQPs concerning cereal seed**

Nematodes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie [APLOBE]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
Fungi				
Gibberella fujikuroi Sawada [GIBBFU]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free

# PART C

## **RNQPs** concerning vine propagating material

Bacteria

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	toms caused other than seeds initial propagating		Threshold for standard material	
<i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> Willems <i>et al.</i> [XANTAM]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %	
Insects and mites	1	1	1	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material	
<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	Non-grafted Vitis vinifera L.	0 %	0 %	
<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	<i>Vitis</i> L. other than non-grafted <i>Vitis</i> <i>vinifera</i> L.	Practically free	Practically free	
Viruses, viroids, virus	-like diseases and phyto	oplasmas	1	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material	
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %	
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %	
Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %	
Grapevine fleck virus [GFKV00]	Rootstocks of Vitis spp. and their hybrids, except Vitis vinifera L.	0 % for initial propagating material N/A for basic propagating material and certified material	Not applicable	
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1 [GLRAV1]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %	
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3 [GLRAV3]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %	

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## PART D

# **RNQPs** concerning propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

Bacteria				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes		
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting other than seeds Amelanchier Medik., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus Tourn. ex L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobtrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus Bosc ex Spach, Photinia davidiana Decne., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L., Sorbus L.	0 %		
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.	0 %		
Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al. [SPIRCI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle. hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0 %		
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	0 %		
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L.	0 %		
Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L.	0 %		
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTPF]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	0 %		

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Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L.	0 %	
Fungi and oomycetes			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes	
Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Castanea</i> L.	0 %	
<i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary [DOTSPI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0 %	
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0 %	
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0 %	
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Seeds Helianthus annuus L.	0 %	
<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley [DEUTTR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0 %	
<i>Puccinia horiana</i> P. Hennings [PUCCHN]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0 %	
Insects and mites	·	·	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes	
Aculops fuchsiae Keifer [ACUPFU]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fuchsia</i> L.	0 %	

<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bo[OPOGSC]	Plants for planting other than seeds Beaucarnea Lem., Bougainvillea Comm. ex Juss., Crassula L., Crinum L., Dracaena Vand. ex L., Ficus L., Musa L., Pachira Aubl., Palmae, Sansevieria Thunb., Yucca L.	0 %
Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier) [RHYCFE]	Plants for planting, other than seeds Palmae, as regards the following genera and species: Areca catechu L., Arenga pinnata (Wurmb) Merr., Bismarckia Hildebr. & H. Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea armata S. Watson, Brahea edulis H. Wendl., Butia capitata (Mart.) Becc., Calamus merrillii Becc., Caryota maxima Blume, Caryota cumingii Lodd. ex Mart., Chamaerops humilis L., Cocos nucifera L., Corypha utan Lam., Copernicia Mart., Elaeis guineensis Jacq., Howea forsteriana Becc., Jubaea chilensis (Molina) Baill., Livistona australis C. Martius, Livistona decora (W. Bull) Dowe, Livistona rotundifolia (Lam.) Mart., Metroxylon sagu Rottb., Phoenix canariensis Chabaud, Phoenix dactylifera L., Phoenix reclinata Jacq., Phoenix roebelenii O'Brien, Phoenix sylvestris (L.) Roxb., Phoenix theophrasti Greuter, Pritchardia Seem. & H. Wendl., Ravenea rivularis Jum. & H. Perrier, Roystonea regia (Kunth) O.F. Cook, Sabal palmetto (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult.f., Syagrus romanzoffiana (Cham.) Glassman, Trachycarpus fortunei (Hook.) H. Wendl., Washingtonia H. Wendl.	0 %

Nematodes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes		
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev <i>[DITYDI]</i>	Allium L.	0 %		
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L, <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit., <i>Tulipa</i> L.	0 %		
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes		
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPMA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0%		
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	0 %		
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %		
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Lavandula</i> L.	0 %		
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.,	0 %		
<i>Citrus</i> exocortis viroid [CEVD00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L.	0 %		

<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus [CTV000] (EU isolates)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. Hybrids,	0 %
<i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis Fotsch, Impatiens L. New Guinea Hybrids	0 %
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L.,	0 %
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Plants of the following species of Prunus L., intended for planting, other than seeds:Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus	0 %
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis	0 %

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Fotsch, Capsicum annuum
L., Chrysanthemum L.,
Gerbera L., Impatiens
L. New Guinea Hybrids,
Pelargonium L.

# PART E

# RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes					
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the forest reproductive material concerned			
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %			
Dothistroma pini Hulbary [DOTSPI]	Pinus L.	0 %			
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Pinus L.	0 %			
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Pinus L.	0 %			

# PART F

# **RNQPs concerning vegetable seed**

Bacteria					
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned			
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i> [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %			
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPH]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0 %			
Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. fuscans Schaad et al. [XANTFF]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0 %			
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %			
Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič 1957) Jones et al [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %			

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Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	
Insects and mites			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned	
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say) [ACANOB]	Phaseolus coccineus L., Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0 %	
Bruchus pisorum (Linnaeus ) [BRCHPI]	Pisum sativum L.,	0 %	
Bruchus rufimanus Boheman [BRCHRU]	Vicia faba L	0 %	
Nematodes	1		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned	
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L	0 %	
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptomsPlants for planting (gecaused by RNQPsor species)		Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned	
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	

# PART G

## **RNQPs** concerning seed potato

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or	Threshold for the direct progeny of pre-basic seed potatoes		Threshold for the direct	Threshold for the direct
	species)	PBTC	PB	progeny of basic seed potatoes	progeny of certified seed potatoes
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0,5 %	4,0 %	10,0 %

RNQPs or symptoms	Plants for	Threshold for the plant		Threshold	Threshold
	planting	for planting of pre-basic		for the	for the
caused by RNQPs	(genus or species)	seed potatoes PBTC	PB	plant for planting of	plant for planting

				basic seed potatoes	of certified seed potatoes
Blackleg ( <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al. spp.</i> [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al. spp.</i> [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Ditylenchus destructor Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]	Solanum tuberosum L	0 %	1,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	5,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	5,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface
Powdery scab as caused by <i>Spongospora</i> <i>subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh. [SPONSU]	Solanum tuberosum L	0 %	1,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	3,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	3,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0,1 %	0,8 %	6,0 %

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symptoms caused by leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %

## PART H

# **RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants**

Fungi and oomycetes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
<i>Alternaria linicola</i> Groves & Skolko [ALTELI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp
Boeremia exigua var. linicola (Naumov & Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. - flax	1 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	1 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	1 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> <i>var. linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp
Boeremia exigua var: linicola (Naumov & Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. - linseed	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> <i>var. linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp
<i>Botrytis</i> <i>cinerea</i> de Bary [BOTRCI]	Helianthus annuus L., Linum usitatissimum L.	5 %	5 %	5 %

<i>Colletotrichum lini</i> Westerdijk [COLLLI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp
Diaporthe caulivora (Athow & Caldwell) J.M. Santos, Vrandecic & A.J.L. Phillips [DIAPPC] Diaporthe phaseolorum var. sojae Lehman [DIAPPS]	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Helianthus annuus L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum	<i>Brassica rapa</i> L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs,	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]		sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Brassica napus L. (partim), Helianthus annuus L.	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Sinapis alba L.	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.

# PART I

# RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material other than seeds

Bacteria		
<b>RNQPs or symptoms</b> caused by <b>RNQPs</b>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Filipjev [DITYDI] Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	sativumL.	
RNQPs or symptoms         caused by RNQPs         Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn)	Plants for planting (genus or species) Allium cepa L., Allium	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
[VERTDA] Nematodes		
Stromatinia cepivora Berk. [SCLOCE] Verticillium dahliae Kleb.	Allium cepa L., Allium fistulosum L., Allium porrum L., Allium sativum L. Cynara cardunculus L.	0%
Helicobasidium brebissonii (Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0 %
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus) [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0 %
Fungi and oomycetes RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i> [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %

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Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	Allium sativum L.	1 %
Onion yellow dwarf virus [OYDV00]	Allium cepa L., Allium sativum L.	1 %
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Capsicum annuum L., Lactuca sativa L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Solanum melongena L.	0 %
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %

# PART J

## **RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material** and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Bacteria				
<b>RNQPs or symptoms</b> caused by <b>RNQPs</b>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned		
Agrobacterium tumefaciens (Smith & Townsend) Conn [AGRBTU]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L., Vaccinium L.	0 %		
Agrobacterium spp. Conn [1AGRBG]	Rubus L.	0 %		
<i>Candidatus</i> Phlomobacter <i>fragariae</i> Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHMBFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %		
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %		
<i>Pseudomonas avellanae</i> Janse <i>et al.</i> [PSDMAL]	Corylus avellana L.	0 %		
Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi (Smith) Gardan et al. [PSDMSA]	Olea europaea L.	0 %		

Pseudomonas syringae pv. morsprunorum (Wormald) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMMP]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %
Pseudomonas syringae pv. Syringae van Hall [PSDMSY]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L., Prunus armeniaca L.	0 %
Pseudomonas viridiflava (Burkholder) Dowson [PSDMVF]	Prunus armeniaca L.	0 %
<i>Rhodococcus fascians</i> Tilford [CORBFA]	Rubus L.	0 %
Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al. [SPIRCI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Corylina (Miller, Bollen, Simmons, Gross & Barss) Vauterin, Hoste, Kersters & Swings [XANTCY]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	0 %
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>Juglandi</i> (Pierce) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> [XANTJU]	Juglans regia L.	0 %
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds Prunus amygladus Batsch, Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Xanthomonas campestris pv. fici (Cavara) Dye [XANTFI]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L.	0 %
Xanthomonas fragariae Kennedy & King [XANTFR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Fungi and oomycetes		

<b>RNQPs or symptoms</b> caused by <b>RNQPs</b>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
<i>Armillariella mellea</i> (Vahl) Kummer [ARMIME]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L	0 %
Chondrostereum purpureum Pouzar [STERPU]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Colletotrichum acutatum Simmonds [COLLAC]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0 %
<i>Diaporthe strumella</i> (Fries) Fuckel [DIAPST]	Ribes L.	0 %
Diaporthe vaccinii Shear [DIAPVA]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Exobasidium vaccinii (Fuckel) Woronin [EXOBVA]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Glomerella cingulata (Stoneman) Spaulding & von Schrenk [GLOMCI]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Godronia cassandrae (anamorph Topospora myrtilli) Peck [GODRCA]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Microsphaera grossulariae (Wallroth) Léveillé [MCRSGR]	Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Mycosphaerella punctiformis</i> Verkley & U. Braun [RAMUEN]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %
<i>Neofabraea alba</i> Desmazières [PEZIAL]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Neofabraea malicorticis Jackson [PEZIMA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Neonectria ditissima (Tulasne & C. Tulasne) Samuels & Rossman [NECTGA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Peronospora rubi Rabenhorst [PERORU]	Rubus L.	0 %

<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i> (Lebert & Cohn) J.Schröter [PHYTCC]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Phytophthora cambivora (Petri) Buisman [PHYTCM]	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Pistacia vera</i> L.	0 %
Phytophthora cinnamomi Rands [PHYTCN]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %
Phytophthora citrophthora (R.E.Smith & E.H.Smith) Leonian [PHYTCO]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> Pethybridge & Lafferty [PHYTCR]	Pistacia vera L.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> C.J. Hickman [PHYTFR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Phytophthora nicotianae var. parasitica (Dastur) Waterhouse [PHYTNP]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora</i> spp. de Bary [1PHYTG]	Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley [DEUTTR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Podosphaera aphanis (Wallroth) Braun & Takamatsu [PODOAP]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Podosphaera mors-uvae (Schweinitz) Braun & Takamatsu [SPHRMU]	Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Rhizoctonia fragariae</i> Hussain & W.E.McKeen [RHIZFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Rosellinia necatrix</i> Prillieux [ROSLNE]	Pistacia vera L.	0 %

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Sclerophora pallida Yao & Spooner [SKLPPA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke & Berthold [VERTAA]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb [VERTDA]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L. Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Insects and mites		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Aleurothrixus floccosus Maskell [ALTHFL]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Cecidophyopsis ribis</i> Westwood [ERPHRI]	Ribes L.	0 %
Ceroplastes rusci Linnaeus [CERPRU]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L.	0 %
Chaetosiphon fragaefolii Cockerell [CHTSFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Dasineura tetensi Rübsaamen [DASYTE]	Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> Signoret [EPIDBE]	Juglans regia L.	0 %
Eriosoma lanigerum Hausmann [ERISLA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Parabemisia myricae Kuwana [PRABMY]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, and Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Phytoptus avellanae Nalepa [ERPHAV]	Corylus avellana L.	0 %
Phytonemus pallidus Banks [TARSPA]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> Targioni-Tozzetti [PSEAPE]	Juglans regia L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L.	0 %

<i>Psylla</i> spp. Geoffroy [1PSYLG]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %	
Quadraspidiotus perniciosus Comstock [QUADPE]	Juglans regia L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L.	0 %	
<i>Resseliella theobaldi</i> Barnes [THOMTE]	Rubus L.	0 %	
<i>Tetranychus urticae</i> Koch [TETRUR]	Ribes L.	0 %	
Nematodes			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned	
Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie [APLOBE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%	
Aphelenchoides blastophthorus Franklin [APLOBL]	Fragaria L.	0 %	
Aphelenchoides fragariae (Ritzema Bos) Christie [APLOFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %	
Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi (Schwartz) Steiner & Buhrer [APLORI]	Fragaria L., Ribes L.	0 %	
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Fragaria L., Ribes L.	0 %	
<i>Heterodera fici</i> Kirjanova [HETDFI]	Ficus carica L.	0 %	
Longidorus attenuatus Hooper [LONGAT]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Rubus L.	0 %	
<i>Longidorus elongatus</i> (de Man) Thorne & Swanger [LONGEL]	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %	

Longidorus macrosoma Hooper [LONGMA]	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne arenaria</i> Chitwood [MELGAR]	Ficus carica L. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne hapla</i> Chitwood [MELGHA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne incognita</i> (Kofold & White) Chitwood [MELGIN]	Ficus carica L. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne javanica</i> Chitwood [MELGJA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Malus Mill. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Pratylenchus penetrans (Cobb) Filipjev & Schuurmans-Stekhoven [PRATPE]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L.Malus Mill., Pistacia vera L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L	0 %
Pratylenchus vulnus Allen & Jensen [PRATVU]	Citrus L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Fortunella Swingle, Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Poncirus Raf., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L.,	0 %

	Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L	
<i>Tylenchulus semipenetrans</i> Cobb [TYLESE]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Xiphinema diversicaudatum (Mikoletzky) Thorne [XIPHDI]	Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Xiphinema index</i> Thorne & Allen [XIPHIN]	Pistacia vera L.	0 %
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus [ACLSV0]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Apple dimple fruit viroid [ADFVD0]	Malus Mill.	0 %
Apple flat limb agent [AFL000]	Malus Mill.	0 %
Apple mosaic virus [APMV00]	Corylus avellana L., Malus Mill. Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Rubus L.	0 %
Apple star crack agent [APHW00]	Malus Mill.	0 %
Apple rubbery wood agent [ARW000]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L.	0 %
Apple scar skin viroid [ASSVD0]	Malus Mill.	0 %

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Apple stem-grooving virus [ASGV00]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Apple stem-pitting virus [ASPV00]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Apricot latent virus [ALV000]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch	0 %
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Fragaria L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
Aucuba mosaic agent and blackcurrant yellows agent combined	Ribes L.	0 %
Black raspberry necrosis virus [BRNV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Blackcurrant reversion virus [BRAV00]	Ribes L.	0 %
Blueberry mosaic associated virus [BLMAV0]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry red ringspot virus [BRRV00]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry scorch virus [BLSCV0]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry shock virus [BLSHV0]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry shoestring virus [BSSV00]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma asteris Lee et al. [PHYPAS]	Fragaria L., Vaccinium L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>australiense</i> Davis <i>et al.</i> [PHYPAU]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>fragariae</i> Valiunas, Staniulis & Davis [PHYPFG]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPMA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma pruni [PHYPPN]	Fragaria L., Vaccinium L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds	0 %

	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>rubi</i> Malembic-Maher <i>et al.</i> [PHYPRU]	Rubus L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	Fragaria L., Vaccinium L.	0 %
Cherry green ring mottle virus [CGRMV0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Cherry leaf roll virus [CLRV00]	Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Cherry mottle leaf virus [CMLV00]	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus [CRNRM0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Chestnut mosaic agent	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %
<i>Citrus</i> cristacortis agent [CSCC00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus exocortis</i> viroid [CEVD00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus impietratura</i> agent [CSI000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Citrus leaf Blotch virus [CLBV00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus psorosis</i> virus [CPSV00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus [CTV000] (EU isolates)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Citrus variegation virus [CVV000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %

<i>Clover phyllody</i> phytoplasma [PHYP03]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma [PHYPFB]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Cucumber mosaic virus [CMV000]	Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
Fig mosaic agent [FGM000]	Ficus carica L.	0 %
Fruit disorders: chat fruit [APCF00], green crinkle [APGC00], bumpy fruit of Ben Davis, rough skin [APRSK0], star crack, russet ring [APLP00], russet wart	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Gooseberry vein banding associated virus [GOVB00]	Ribes L.	0 %
Hop stunt viroid [HSVD00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Little cherry virus 1 and 2 [LCHV10], [LCHV20])	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Myrobalan latent ringspot virus [MLRSV0]	Prunus domestica L., Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Olive leaf yellowing associated virus [OLYAV0]	Olea europaea L.	0 %
Olive vein yellowing- associated virus [OVYAV0]	Olea europaea L.	0 %
Olive yellow mottling and decline associated virus [OYMDAV]	Olea europaea L.	0 %
Peach latent mosaic viroid [PLMVD0]	Prunus persica (L.) Batsch	0 %
Pear bark necrosis agent [PRBN00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Pear bark split agent [PRBS00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Pear blister canker viroid [PBCVD0]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Pear rough bark agent [PRRB00]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasifera, Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus	0 %

	<i>persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunu</i> <i>salicina</i> Lindley. In the case of <i>Prunus</i> hybrids where material is grafted onto rootstocks, other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. rootstocks susceptible to Plum pox virus.	
Prune dwarf virus [PDV000]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Prunus</i> necrotic ringspot virus [PNRSV0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Quince yellow blotch agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry bushy dwarf virus [RBDV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry leaf mottle virus [RLMV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry ringspot virus [RPRSV0]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry vein chlorosis virus [RVCV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry yellow spot [RYS000]	Rubus L.	0 %
Rubus yellow net virus [RYNV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Strawberry crinkle virus [SCRV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry latent ringspot virus [SLRSV0]	Fragaria L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %

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Strawberry mild yellow edge virus [SMYEV0]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry mottle virus [SMOV00]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Strawberry multiplier disease phytoplasma [PHYP75]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Strawberry vein banding virus [SVBV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Tomato black ring virus [TBRV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %

# PART K

# **RNQPs concerning seed of** Solanum tuberosum L.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas				
RNQPsPlants for plantingThreshold for the seeds				
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %		

# PART L

# RNQPs concerning plants for planting of Humulus lupulus, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the plant for planting
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb. [VERTDA]	Humulus lupulus L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	Humulus lupulus L.	0 %

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## ANNEX V

## Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting

### PART A

### Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed

### 1. **Inspection of the crop**

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the fodder plant seed is produced concerning the presence of RNQPs in the crop to ensure that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in this table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

- (2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.
- (3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %.

### 2. Sampling and testing of fodder plant seed

- (1) The competent authority shall:
- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of fodder plant seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;

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- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers provided for in point (2).
- (2) The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision shall sample and test the fodder plant seed in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the table of Annex III to Directive 66/401/EEC shall apply.

## 3. Additional measures for certain plant species

The competent authorities, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authorities, shall carry out the following adidtional inspections or take any other actions for certain plant species to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled.

- (1) the pre-basic, basic and certified seeds of *Medicago sativa* L. to prevent the presence of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus*, and in order to ascertain that:
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*; or
- (b) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous *Medicago sativa* L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing, and no symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* are observed during field inspection at the site of production or no symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* have been observed on any *Medicago sativa* L. crop adjacent to it, during the previous cropping; or
- (c) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* and the content of inert matter shall not exceed 0,1 % by weight;
- (2) the pre-basic, basic and certified seed of *Medicago sativa* L. to prevent the presence of *Ditylenchus dipsaci*, and in order to ascertain that:
- (a) no symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no main host crops have been grown during the two preceding years on the site of production and appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infestation of the place of production; or
- (b) no symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no *Ditylenchus dipsaci* has been found by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or

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(c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment against *Ditylenchus dipsaci* and have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.

## PART B

## Measures concerning cereal seed

## 1. **Inspection of the crop**

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the cereal seed is produced, to confirm that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in this table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
Gibberella fujikuroi Sawada [GIBBFU]	Oryza sativa L.	Not more than 2 symptomatic plants per 200 m <sup>2</sup> seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.	Not more than 2 symptomatic plants per 200 m <sup>2</sup> seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.	Certified seed of the first generation (C1): Not more than 4 symptomatic plants per 200 m <sup>2</sup> seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop. Certified seed of the second generation (C2): Not more than 8 symptomatic plants per 200 m <sup>2</sup> seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.

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RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie [APLOBE]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection.

There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %

## 2. Sampling and testing of cereal seed

- (1) The competent authority shall:
- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of cereal seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under official supervision;
- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samples under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers as provided for in point (2).
- (2) The competent authority or the professional operator under the official supervision shall sample and test the cereal seed in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the provisions of the table of Annex III to Directive 66/402/EEC shall apply.

### 3. Additional measures for seeds of *Oryza sativa* L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out the following additional inspections or take any other actions

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to ensure that the requirements concering the respective RNQPs for the seed of *Oryza sativa* L. are fullfilled:

Seeds of Oryza sativa L. shall fulfil one of the following requirements:

- (a) originates in area known to be free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*;
- (b) has been officially tested by the competent authorities by appropriate nematological tests on a representative sample from each lot, and have been found free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*;
- (c) has been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against *Aphelenchoides besseyi*.

# PART C

### Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

The following measures shall be taken concerning the respective RNQPs and:

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled

Bacteria			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	lirements
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i>	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobtrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> Bosc ex Spach, <i>Photinia davidiana</i> Decne., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Sorbus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> ; or the plants have been grown in a production site that has been visually inspected at an appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season for the detection of that pest and plants showing symptoms of that pest, and any surrounding host plants, have been immediately rogued out and destroyed.

Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>syringae pv.</i> <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie;
		(b)	or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from the <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>syringae pv.</i> <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
		(c)	no more than 2 % of plants in the lot have shown symptoms during visual inspections, at appropriate times to detect the pest during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle. hybrids,	The plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and found	

	Poncirus Raf., Poncirus Raf. hybrids	free from Saglio, a (a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Spiroplasma</i>
		(b) (c)	<i>citri</i> Saglio, or the site of production has been found free from <i>Spiroplasma</i> <i>citri</i> Saglio over the last complete growing season by visual inspection of the plants, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season; or not more than 2 % of plants have
			of plants have shown symptoms during a visual inspection at the appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season, and all infected plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have been produced in an area known to be free from Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni Vauterin et al.; or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni Vauterin et al. over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate

(c)

(d)

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vicinity, and the neighbouring plants, have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, unless they have been tested on the basis of a representative sample of symptomatic plants and it is shown in those tests that the symptoms are not caused by Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni Vauterin *et al.*; or no more than 2 % of plants in the lot have shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the site of production and the immediate vicinity, and the neighbouring plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately unless they are tested, on the basis of a representative sample of symptomatic plants and it is shown in those tests that the symptoms are not caused by Xanthomonas *arboricola* pv. *pruni* Vauterin et al.; or in the case of evergreen species, the plants have been visually inspected,

			before movement and found free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin <i>et al</i> .	
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	(1)	In the (a)	case of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.;
			(b)	or no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or
			(c)	the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i>

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	(2)	In the cas other tha (a) (b)	al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found in these tests to be free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. se of plants n seeds: the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry; and young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
Capsicum annuum L.	(1)	In the cas (a)	se of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known

Xanthomonas gardneri (ex

Šutič) Jones et al.

				treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
		(2)	In the ca other tha (a)	se of plants
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.	Capsicum annuum L.	(1)	In the ca (a)	se of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or no symptoms of disease

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	caused by
	Xanthomonas
	perforans
	Jones <i>et</i>
	<i>al.</i> have
	been
	observed
	in visual
	inspections
	at
	appropriate
	times
	during the
	complete
	cycle of
	vegetation
	of the
	plants at
	the site of
	production;
	or
(c)	the seeds
	have been
	subjected
	to official
	testing for
	Xanthomonas
	perforans
	Jones <i>et</i>
	<i>al.</i> on a
	representative
	*
	sample
	and using
	appropriate
	methods
	(whether
	or not
	following
	an
	appropriate
	treatment),
	and have
	been
	found
	in these
	tests to be
	free from
	Xanthomonas
	perforans
	Jones et
	al.
	se of plants
other that	in seeds:

(2)

			(a) (b)	the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry; and the young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.	Capsicum annuum L.	(1)	In the ca (a)	se of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.; or no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. have been observed in visual inspections, at

	(c)	appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin
(2)	In the cas other tha (a)	se of plants

(b)	meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry; and young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
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Fungi and oomycetes			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	iirements
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr	Castanea L.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr; or
		(b)	no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the site of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	plants showing symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been rogued out, and the remaining plants have been inspected at weekly intervals and no symptoms have been observed at the site of production for at least three

			weeks before movement.
Dothistroma pini Hulbary, Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet Lecanosticta acicola (von Thümen) Sydow	Pinus L.	(a)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet and <i>Lecanosticta</i> <i>acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow; or
		(b)	no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta</i> <i>acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	appropriate treatments have been carried out against needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta</i> <i>acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, and the plants have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of needle

<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	(a)	in area to be f <i>Plasme</i> <i>halsted</i> Berles	eds originate s known ree from <i>opara</i> <i>dii</i> (Farlow) e & de Toni;
		(b)	of <i>Plas</i> <i>halsted</i> Berles Toni h observ seed p site in inspec approp to dete	ave been red at the roduction at least two tions at priate times, ect the pest the growing
		(c)	(i)	the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest, during the growing season;
			(ii)	and no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during these inspections,

	(iii)	and all plants showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection; and at the final inspection no plants have been
		found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni; or
(d)	(i)	the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing
	(ii)	season; and all plants showing symptoms of

		Plasmopara
		halstedii
		(Farlow)
		Berlese &
		de Toni
		have been
		removed
		and
		destroyed
		immediately
		after
		inspection;
		and
	(iii)	at the final
		inspection,
		no plants
		have been
		found
		showing
		symptoms
		of
		Plasmopara
		halstedii
		(Farlow)
		Berlese &
		de Toni,
		and a
		representative
		sample
		from
		each lot
		has been
		tested and found
		free from
		Plasmopara
		halstedii
		(Farlow)
		Berlese &
		de Toni;
		or
(e)	the seeds	-
	been sub	
	to an app	
		t which has
	been den	nonstrated
	to be effe	ective
	against a	
	known st	
	of <i>Plasm</i>	
		(Farlow)
	Berlese &	& de Toni.

<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley	Citrus L., Citrus L. hybrids, Fortunella Swingle, Fortunella Swingle hybrids, Poncirus Raf., Poncirus Raf. hybrids	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Plenodomus</i> <i>tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkleys;
		(b)	or the plants have been grown in a site of production that was found free from <i>Plenodomus</i> <i>tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley over the last complete growing season, by at least two visual inspection at appropriate times, during that growing season, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
		(c)	no more than 2 % of plants in the lot showing symptoms during at least two visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any other symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Puccinia horiana P. Hennings	Chrysanthemum L.	(a)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been inspected at least monthly during

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the previous three months and no symptoms have been seen at the site of production; or (b) mother plants showing symptoms have been removed and destroyed, along with plants within a 1m radius, and an appropriate physical or chemical treatment has been applied to the plants which have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms.

Insects and mites			
<b>RNQPs or symptoms</b> caused by <b>RNQPs</b>	Plants for planting	Requ	uirements
Aculops fuchsiae Keifer	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Fuchsia</i> L.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Aculops</i> <i>fuchsiae</i> Keifer; or
		(b)	no symptoms have been seen on the plants, or the mother plants from which they derive, during visual inspections at the site of production during the previous growing season, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest; or
		(c)	appropriate chemical or physical treatment has been applied before movement, following which the plants have been inspected and

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			no symptoms of the pest have been found.
Opogona sacchari Bojer	Beaucarnea Lem., Bougainvillea Comm. ex Juss., Crassula L., Crinum L., Dracaena Vand. ex L., Ficus L., Musa L., Pachira Aubl., Palmae, Sansevieria	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Opogona</i> <i>sacchari</i> Bojer; or
	Thunb., Yucca L.	(b)	the plants have been grown at a production site at which no symptoms or signs of <i>Opogona</i> <i>sacchari</i> Bojer have been observed in visual inspections carried out at least every three months during a period of at least six months prior to movement; or
		(c)	a regime is applied on the site of production aimed at monitoring and suppressing the population of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer and at removing infested plants and each lot has been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, before movement and found free from symptoms of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer.
Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier)	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , other than fruit and seeds, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm, and belonging to the following genera and species: <i>Areca catechu</i> L., <i>Arenga</i> <i>pinnata</i> (Wurmb) Merr., <i>Bismarckia</i> Hildebr. & H.	(a)	the plants have been grown for their entire life in an area which has been established as free from <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) by the

Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea armata S. Watson, Brahea edulis H.Wendl., Butia capitata (Mart.) Becc., Calamus merrillii Becc., Caryota cumingii Lodd. ex Mart., Caryota maxima Blume, Chamaerops humilis L., Cocos nucifera L., Copernicia Mart., Corypha utan Lam., Elaeis guineensis Jacq., Howea forsteriana Becc., Jubaea chilensis (Molina) Baill., Livistona australis C. Martius, Livistona decora (W. Bull) Dowe, Livistona rotundifolia (Lam.) Mart., Metroxylon sagu Rottb., Phoenix canariensis Chabaud, Phoenix dactylifera	(b)	responsible official body in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the plants have been grown in the two years prior to their movement in a site within the Union with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), or in a site within the Union where
L., Phoenix reclinata Jacq., Phoenix roebelenii O'Brien, Phoenix sylvestris (L.) Roxb., Phoenix theophrasti Greuter, Pritchardia Seem. & H. Wendl., Ravenea rivularis Jum. & H. Perrier, Roystonea regia (Kunth) O.F. Cook, Sabal palmetto (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult.f., Syagrus romanzoffiana (Cham.) Glassman, Trachycarpus fortunei (Hook.) H. Wendl., Washingtonia H. Wendl.	(c)	the appropriate preventive treatments have been applied, with respect to that pest; the plants have been subject to visual inspections carried out at least once every four months, confirming freedom of that material from <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier).

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	lirements
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	<i>Allium</i> sp. L.	(a)	the plants or seed- producing plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or

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		(b)	the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev, on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and packed for sale to the final consumer.
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit., <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Tulipa</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev, on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and packed for sale to the final consumer.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	lirements
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	(a) (b)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider; and (i) the plants have been produced in areas

(ii) (iii)	known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider; or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity rogued out and destroyed immediately; or no more than 2 % of plants in the
(111)	than 2 %

			at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested, and found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider.
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i> Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	(a)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i>

(b)	Seemülle Schneide and (i)	
		have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i>
		Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider; or
	(ii)	the plants have grown in a site of production found
		free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i> Seemüller
		& Schneider over the last complete growing
		growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic
		plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued
	(iii)	out and destroyed immediately; or no more
		than 1 % of plants in the

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site of production have shown symptoms during inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested, and found free from Candidatus Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider.

<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	(a)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider; and
		(b)	(i) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider;
			(ii) or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from the pest over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
		(c)	no more than 2 % of plants in the site of production have

			shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al.	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Lavandula</i> L.	(a)	the plants have grown in a site of production known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> ; or
		(b)	no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been seen during visual inspections, of the lot in the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	plants showing symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been rogued out and destroyed, and the lot has been tested, on the basis of a representative sample of remaining plants and found free from the pest.
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	generation from sto	nts derive within three ons of propagation ck which has been o be free from
	Sch.Bip., Chrysaninemum L.	10unu, u	

		Chrysa by test		stunt viroid
Citrus exocortis viroid	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L.	(a)	from n which visuall and for	nts derive nother plants have been y inspected und free from exocortis
		(b)	grown product been for from the the las growin visual of the approp	nts have in a site of etion that has bund free he pest over t complete hg season by inspection plants, at the oriate time to the pest.
<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (EU isolates)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. Hybrids	(a)	from n which tested, previo and fo	nts derive nother plants have been within the us three years and free <i>Citrus tristeza</i>
		(b)	(i)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Citrus</i> <i>tristeza</i> virus;
			(ii)	or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Citrus</i> <i>tristeza</i> virus over the last

				tristeza virus in a lot, all plants have been tested individually and no more than 2 % of those plants were found positive, and the plants tested and found infected by the pest have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis, Fotsch, Impatiens L. New Guinea Hybrids	(a) (b)	production has been to a mon of releva thrips ve ( <i>Franklin</i> <i>occidenta</i> Pergande upon the detection appropriation treatment ensure eff	a a site of on that subjected itoring nt ctors <i>niella</i> <i>alis</i> e) and, ir h, to ate ts to ffective ion of their

			observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Capsicum annuum L.	(a) (b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or the plants have been subjected to official

	9	1 6	5	
			spindle on a rep sample a appropri- methods been fou	For Potato tuber viroid, resentative and using iate s, and have ind, in these ee from that
Plum pox virus	Plants of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds: <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre, <i>Prunus brigantina</i> Vill.,— <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh., <i>Prunus cistena</i> Hansen,— <i>Prunus curdica</i> Fenzl and Fritsch., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. domestica L., <i>Prunus</i>	(a) (b)	which h sampled within the same set of the sam	ted ks of derived otherplants ave been l and tested he previous and found n Plum pox
	ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus maritima Sibirica L., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus Fotsch		(i)	the propagating material has been produced in areas known to be free from Plum pox virus; or no symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on propagating material in the production site over the last complete growing season in the most appropriate period of the year taking into

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account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed; or symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on no more than 1 % of plants in the production site over the last complete growing season in the most appropriate period of the year taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions

(iii)

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of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested and found free from the pest. A representative portion of plants not showing any symptoms of Plum pox virus upon visual inspection may be sampled and tested on the basis of an assessment of the

			risk of infection of those plants concerning the presence of that pest.
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus virus	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis Fotsch, Capsicum annuum L., Chrysanthemum L., Gerbera L., Impatiens L. New Guinea Hybrids, Pelargonium L.	(a) (b) (c)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors ( <i>Frankliniella</i> <i>occidentalis</i> and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> ) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations; and no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period; or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of
			sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus.

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## PART D

# Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds

## 1. Visual inspections

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled:

- (a) forest reproductive material, other than seeds, of *Castanea sativa* Mill. is found free from *Cryphonectria parasitica* upon visual inspection at the production site or place;
- (b) forest reproductive material, other than seeds, of *Pinus* spp. is found free from *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* and *Lecanosticta acicola*,. upon visual inspection at the production site or place.

The visual inspections shall take place once a year, in the most appropriate period to detect those pests, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant, and the biology of the respective pests.

## 2. **Requirements per genera or species and category**

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take all other actions, concerning the following genera or species, to ensure that:

## Castanea sativa Mill.

- (a) the forest reproductive material originates in areas known to be free from *Cryphonectria parasitica*; or
- (b) no symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* have been observed at the place or site of production over the last complete growing season; or
- (c) forest reproductive material showing symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* in the place or site of production has been rogued out, the remaining material has been inspected at weekly intervals and no symptoms of that pest have been observed at the place or site of production for at least three weeks before movement of that material.

## Pinus spp.

- (a) the forest reproductive material originates in areas known to be free from *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* and *Lecanosticta acicola*; or
- (b) no symptoms of needle blight, caused by *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* or *Lecanosticta acicola*, have been observed at the place or site of production or its immediate vicinity over the last complete growing season; or
- (c) appropriate treatments have been carried out in the place or site of production against needle blight, caused by *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* or *Lecanosticta acicola*, and the forest reproductive material has been visually inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* or *Lecanosticta acicola*.

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## PART E

## Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on vegetable seed

The following measures shall be taken concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting: the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	I by RNQPsacter michiganensis chiganensis (Smith)	Requirements		
caused by RNQPs Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al.		(a)	been o by me approj extrac	eds have obtained ans of an priate acid tion method equivalent d;
		(b)	(i)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>michiganen</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
			(ii)	no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>michiganen</i> ssp. <i>michiganen</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to

		(iii)	vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, to be free from the pest.
Phaseolus vulgaris L.	(a) (b)	in areas to be fre <i>Xanthom</i> <i>axonopo</i> <i>phaseoli</i> Vauterin or the crop which th was harv visually at approp	e from <i>tonas</i> <i>dis pv.</i> (Smith) <i>et al.</i> ; from the seed vested was inspected priate
	Phaseolus vulgaris L.		Phaseolus vulgaris L.       (a)       the seeds in areas to be fre Xanthon axonopo phaseoli Vauterin or         (b)       the crop which th was harve visually

		(c)	from Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al.; or a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al. in those tests.
Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. fuscans Schaad et al.	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
		(b)	the crop from which the seed was harvested was visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
		(c)	a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> in those tests.
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L.	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.; or
		(b)	no symptoms of disease caused

		(c)	by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> ; or (i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have been observed in visual

Vanthomonas gardneri (ex	Cansicum annum I		<ul> <li>inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or</li> <li>(ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.</li> </ul>
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al</i> .	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al.; or

		(b) (c)	no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič)
			Jones <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al.</i>
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al</i> .	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> gardneri (ex Šutič)
		(c)	Jones <i>et al.</i> ; or (i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have

			been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in these tests, free from
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L	(a)	Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas

		(b) (c)	perforans Jones et al.; or no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or (i) no
			(1) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et

			<ul> <li>al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or</li> <li>(ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following</li> </ul>
			an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in these tests, free from Xanthomonas
			<i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al</i> .
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex

		(b) (c)	Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and
		(b)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
		(c)	(i) no symptoms of disease

	caused by
	Xanthomonas
	vesicatoria
	(ex
	Doidge)
	Vauterin
	et al.
	have been
	observed
	in visual
	inspections
	at
	appropriate
	times
	during the
	complete
	cycle of
	vegetation
	of the
	plants at
	the site of
	production;
	or
(ii)	the seeds
	have been
	subjected
	to official
	testing for
	Xanthomonas
	vesicatoria
	(ex
	Doidge)
	Vauterin
	et al. on a
	representative
	sample
	and using
	appropriate
	methods,
	whether
	or not
	following
	an
	appropriate treatment,
	and have
	been
	found,
	in those
	tests,
	free from
	Xanthomonas
	vesicatoria
	vesiculoi iu

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			Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al</i> .
Insects and mites			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Meas	sures
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say)	Phaseolus coccineus L., Phaseolus vulgaris L.	(a) (b)	a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found free from <i>Acanthoscelides</i> <i>obtectus</i> (Say).
Bruchus pisorum (L.)	Pisum sativum L.	(a) (b)	a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found free from <i>Bruchus pisorum</i> (L.).
Bruchus rufimanus L.	Vicia faba L	(a) (b)	a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found free from <i>Bruchus rufimanus</i> L.

Nematodes

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Meas	sures
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L.	(a)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time to detect the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms o <i>Ditylenchus dipsact</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed or
		(b)	the harvested seeds have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample; or
		(c)	the planting material has been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and the seeds have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Meas	sures	
Pepino mosaic virus	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b)	been o by mea approp extract	eds have btained ans of an oriate acid cion method equivalent d, and: the seeds originate

	1			in areas
				where
				Pepino
				mosaic
				virus is
				known not
				to occur;
				or
			(ii)	no
				symptoms
				of diseases
				caused by
				Pepino mosaic
				virus
				have been
				observed
				on the
				plants
				at the
				place of
				production
				during
				their
				complete
				cycle of
				vegetation;
			(iii)	or the seeds
			(111)	have been
				subjected
				to official
				testing for
				Pepino
				mosaic
				virus, on a
				representative
				sample
				and using
				appropriate
				methods,
				and have
				been found,
				in those
				tests, free
				from the
				pest.
Datata anin dla tale a aciaci 1		(a)	(;)	
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lucoparsicum I	(a)	(i)	the seeds
	Solanum lycopersicum L.			originate in areas
				where
	I	1		WINCE

(ii)	Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur; or no symptoms of diseases caused Potato spindle
(iii)	tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or the seeds have been
	subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from the pest.

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## PART F

## Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed potatoes

The competent authority or, if so required, the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements		
Blackleg ( <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp.; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp.)	Solanum tuberosum L.	<ul> <li>(a) In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp. and <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp.</li> <li>(b) In the case of all categories: the growing plants have been subjected to official field inspection by competent authorities.</li> </ul>		
Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum Liefting et al.	Solanum tuberosum L.	<ul> <li>(a) In the case of prebasic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i>.</li> <li>(b) In the case of all categories: <ul> <li>(i) plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

			solanacearum Liefting et al., taking into account the possible presence of the vectors; or (ii) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i> have been seen during official inspections by competent authorities of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al.	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a) (b)	In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> In the case of all categories: (i) no symptoms of

(ii)	<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been seen at the place of production during official inspection since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or any plants at the site of production showing symptoms have been rogued out, with their progeny tubers, and destroyed, for any stocks in which symptoms have been seen in the growing crop, official post harvest tuber testing has been
	official post harvest tuber

			<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i>
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and: symptoms caused by: — Potato leaf roll virus	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a) (b)	In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato virus A, Potato virus S, Potato virus X, Potato virus Y and Potato leaf roll virus. Where methods of micro- propagation are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the mother plant. Where methods of clonal selection are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the clonal selection are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the clonal stock. In the case of all categories, the growing plants have been subjected to official inspection by the competent authorities.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a)	In the case of clonal stock: Official testing, or testing under official supervision, has shown that they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid.

(b) (c)	In the case of pre- basic and basic seed potatoes: no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been found. or for each lot, official post-harvest testing of tubers have been performed and those tubers have been found free from Potato spindle tuber viroid. In the case of certified seed potatoes, official visual inspection

<b>RNQPs or symptoms</b> caused by <b>RNQPs</b>	Plants for planting	Requirements
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	During official inspection of the direct progeny, the number of symptomatic plants shall not exceed the percentage indicated in Annex IV.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i>	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.
<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i> Thorne	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.

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		·
Black scurf affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface as caused by <i>Thanatephorus cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk	Solanum tuberosum L	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.
Powdery scab affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface as caused by <i>Spongospora subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh.	Solanum tuberosum L	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.

In addition, the competent authorities shall carry out official inspections to ensure that the presence of RNQPs on the growing plants shall not exceed the thresholds set out in the following table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by	Plants for planting (genus or	Threshold for the growing plants for pre-basic seed potatoes		Threshold for the growing	Threshold for the growing
RNQPs	species)	PBTC	PB	plants for basic seed potatoes	plants for certified seed potatoes
Blackleg ( <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al. spp.</i> [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacteriun</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al. spp.</i> [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	1,0 %	4,0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0,1 %	0,8 %	6,0 %

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and symptoms caused by leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %

# PART G

## Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of oil and fibre plants

## 1. **Inspection of the crop**

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the seed of oil and fibre plants is produced to ensure that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in the following table:

Fungi and oomycetes						
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed		
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Helianthus annuus L.	0 %	0 %	0 %		

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection.

There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %.

# 2. Sampling and testing of seed of oil and fibre plants

- (1) The competent authority shall:
- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of seed of oil and fibre plants;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling, on its behalf and under its official supervision;

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- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision;
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers as provided for in point (b).
- (2) The competent authority or the professional operator under the official supervision shall sample and test the seed of oil and fibre plants in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

- (3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.
- (4) For the examination of seed for certification and the examination of commercial seed, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the table of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC shall apply.

## 3. Additional measures for seed of oil and fibre plants

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out the following additional inspections and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled:

- (1) Measures on seed of *Helianthus annuus* L. to prevent the presence of *Plasmopora* halstedii
  - (a) the seeds of *Helianthus annuus* L. originate in areas known to be free from *Plasmopara halstedii*;

or

- (b) no symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been observed at the production site in at least two inspections at appropriate times during the growing season;
  - or
- (c) (i) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season; and
  - (ii) no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptons of *Plasmopara halstedii* during field inspection, all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection; and
  - (iii) at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii*;
  - or
- (d) (i) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times during the growing season; and

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- (ii) all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection; and
- (iii) at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara*. *halstedii*, and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from *Plasmopara halstedii* or(e) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.
- (2) Measures on seeds of *Helianthus annuus* L. and *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Botrytis cinerea* 
  - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Botrytis cinerea* has been applied;
    - or
  - (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (3) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merryl to prevent the presence of *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*)
  - (a) Seed treatment authorised for use against *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*) has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (4) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merryl to prevent the presence of *Diaporthe* var. *sojae* 
  - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Diaporthe* var. *sojae* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (5) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Alternaria linicola* 
  - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Alternaria linicola* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (6) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Boeremia* exigua var. *linicola* 
  - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Boeremia exigua* var. *linicola* has been applied;

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or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (7) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Colletotrichum lini* 
  - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Colletotrichum lini* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (8) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Fusarium* (anamorphic genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell.
  - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Fusarium* (anamorphic genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell, has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded based on laboratory test of a representative sample.

## PART H

# Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds

## Visual inspection

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that:

- (a) the plants shall at least appear, on visual inspection, to be practically free from pests listed in the table in this point, in respect of the genus or species concerned.
- (b) any plants showing visible signs or symptoms of the pests listed in the tables in this point, at the stage of the growing crop, have been treated properly immediately upon their appearance or, where appropriate, have been eliminated.
- (c) in the case of bulbs of shallots and garlic, the plants derive directly from material which, at the stage of the growing crop, has been checked and found to be practically free from any pest listed in the tables in this point.

In addition, the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled:

Bacteria

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	The plants have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements laid down in Annex V, Part E and have been maintained free from infection by appropriat hygiene measures.
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	<ul> <li>(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and</li> <li>(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infectior</li> </ul>
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	<ul> <li>(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and</li> <li>(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infectior</li> </ul>
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	<ul> <li>(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and</li> <li>(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infectior</li> </ul>
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for

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Fungi and oomycetes		-	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requiremen	ts
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	Asparagus officinalis L.	(a) (i) (ii)	the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been observed; or the crop has been visually inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing

		(b)	been w inspec mover no syr	symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop; and owns have visually ted before ment and mptoms of <i>ium</i> Link have seen.
Helicobasidium brebissonii (Desm.) Donk	Asparagus officinalis L.	(a)	(i) (ii)	the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium</i> <i>brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been observed; or the crop has been

		(b)	visually inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium</i> <i>brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop; and the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium</i> <i>brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been seen.
Stromatinia cepivora Berk.	Allium cepa L., Allium fistulosum L., Allium porrum L.	(a) (b)	the plants are module-raised transplants grown in medium free from <i>Stromatinia</i> <i>cepivora</i> Berk.; or (i) — the crop has been visually

	inspected
	at
	an
	appropriate
	time
	for
	the
	detection
	of
	the
	pest
	during
	the
	growing
	season
	and
	no
	symptoms
	of
	Stromatinia
	cepivora
	Berk.
	have
	been
	observed;
	or
	the
	crop
	has
	been
	visually
	inspected
	at
	an
	appropriate
	time
	for
	the
	detection
	of
	the
	pest
	during
	the
	growing
	season
	and
	plants
	showing
	symptoms
	of
	Stromatinia
	cepivora
1	ceptiona

			(ii)	Berk. have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop; and the plants have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia</i> <i>cepivora</i> Berk. have been seen.
Stromatinia cepivora Berk.	Allium sativum L.	(a)	(i)	the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia</i> <i>cepivora</i> Berk.

		(b)	inspected moveme no symp of <i>Strom</i>	n visually d before nt and toms <i>atinia</i> Berk. have
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb. [VERTDA]	Cynara cardunculus L.	(a) (b)	of produ	om n tested and s have wn in a site

(c)	history is known, with no records of the occurrence of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.; and plants have been visually inspected at appropriate times since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and found free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb
	KICU.

Nematodes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	irements	
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev	Allium cepa L., Allium sativum L.	than th	the plants of a the crowisual at lease approp for the the pe beginn last co of veg no syr <i>Dityle</i> (Kueh	lants, other for the commercial op has been ly inspected at once at an priate time e detection of st since the hing of the omplete cycle getation and mptoms of <i>nchus dipsaci</i> n) Filipjev been observed the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of

		vegetation
		and not
		more than
		2 % of
		plants
		have
		shown
		symptoms
		of
		Ditylenchus
		dipsaci
		(Kuehn)
		Filipjev
		infestation,
	(::)	and
	(ii)	the plants
		found
		to be
		infected
		by that
		pest have
		been
		rogued out
		immediately,
		and
	(iii)	the plants
		have then
		been
		found to
		be free
		from
		that pest
		through
		laboratory
		tests on a
		representative
		sample;
		or
(c)	the plants	
	been subj	
	to an app	
	chemical	
		treatment
		Ditylenchus
	dipsaci (1	
	Filipjev a	
	been four	
	be free fr	
	that pest	
		y tests on
	a represe	ntative
	sample.	

	ase of plants for ion of a commercial			
(a)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed; or			
(b)	or (i)	the crop has been inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;		
	(ii)	vegetation; plants showing symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been rogued out immediately, and		
	(iii)	the plants have been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a		

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		(c)	representative sample; or the plants have been subject to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like d		D	• /
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	irements
Leek yellow stripe virus	Allium sativum L.	(a) (b)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of Leek yellow stripe virus have been seen; or the crop has been visually inspected
			at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation in which not more than 10 % of the plants showed symptoms of Leek yellow stripe

virus, with those plants rogued out immediately and not more than 1 % of plants showing symptoms seen in a final inspection.

Onion yellow dwarf virus	Allium cepa L., Allium sativum L.	(a)	visuall at least approp since th of the l cycle c and no of Onio	p has been y inspected t once at an oriate time he beginning last complete of vegetation symptoms on yellow virus have een;
		(b)	(i) (ii)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation in which not more than 10 % of the plants showed symptoms of Onion yellow dwarf virus; and the plants rogued found infected by that pest have been rogued out immediately; and
			(iii)	not more than 1 % of plants

			show symptoms of that pest have been seen in a final inspection.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(b)	the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus	Capsicum annuum L., Lactuca sativa L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Solanum melongena L.	(a)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring regime of relevant thrips vectors ( <i>Frankliniella</i> <i>occidentalis</i> Pergande and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> Lindeman) and upon detection of those vectors appropriate treatments are carried out to ensure effective suppression of populations; and (i) no
			(1) no symptoms of Tomato spotted

			<ul> <li>wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or</li> <li>(ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from the pest.</li> </ul>	
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a)	no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants; or	
		(b)	no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl disease have been observed on the place of production	

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# PART I

## Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the following requirements are fulfilled concerning the presence of RNQPs on seed of *Solanum tuberosum*:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur; or
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
- (c) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.

## PART J

## Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on plants for planting of *Humulus lupulus* L., other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled:

Fungi RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures		
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Humulus lupulus L.	(a) (b)	plantin from r plants been v inspec most a time a from s	ants for ng derive nother which have visually eted at the appropriate and found free symptoms of <i>illium dahliae</i> ; the plants for planting have been produced in a place of production known to be free from

(ii)	Verticilium dahliae; or 
	of the foliage at the most

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				history of fields has been recorderd and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of <i>Verticillium</i> <i>dahliae</i> and the next planting.
<i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	Humulus lupulus L.	(a) (b)	the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found fra- from symptoms of <i>Verticillium</i> <i>nonalfalfae</i> ; and (i) the plants for planting have been produce in a place of production known to be free from	ee or en d

	Verticillium nonalfalfae;
(ii)	or the plants for planting have been isolated from production crops of <i>Humulus</i> <i>lupulus</i> ; and
	- the production site has been found free from <i>Verticillium</i> <i>nonalfalfae</i> over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection
	<ul> <li>Inspection of the foliage; and</li> <li>the cropping and soil borne disease history of fields have</li> </ul>

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	been
	recorderd
	and
	there
	has
	been
	a
	rest
	period
	from
	host
	plants
	of
	at
	least
	four
	years
	between
	findings
	of Variation
	Verticillium
	nonalfalfae
	and
	the
	next
	planting.

# ANNEX VI

## List of plants, plant products and other objects whose introduction into the Union from certain third countries is prohibited

	Description	CN Code	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
1.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Chamaecyparis</i> Spach, <i>Juniperus</i> L., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway,

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			Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
2.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal

			District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Canada, Mexico, United States
4.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	All third countries
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, Mexico, United States
6.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, Mexico, United States
7.	Isolated bark of <i>Populus</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	The Americas
8.	Plants for planting of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Crateagus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Rosa</i> L., other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal

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			District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
9.	Plants for planting of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries, other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey,

			Ukraine, and United States other than Hawaii
10.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruits	0602 10 10 0602 20 10 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
11.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	All third countries
12.	Plants for planting of <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea and United States
13.	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp. other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Algeria, Morocco
14.	Plants for planting of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> and <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> ,	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe

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	Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis, Cortaderia Stapf., Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris L., Shibataea, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L., other than seeds		Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
15.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., seed potatoes	0701 10 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
16.	Plants for planting of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. or their hybrids, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. as specified in entry 15	ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Switzerland
17.	Tubers of species of <i>Solanum</i> L., and their hybrids, other than those specified in entries 15 and 16	ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries other than: (a) Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Morocco, Syria,

Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern
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		Federal District	
		(Yuzhny federalny	7
		okrug),	/
		North	
		Caucasia	n
		Federal District	
		(Severo-	
		Kavkazs	
		federalny	1
		okrug) and	
		Volga	
		Federal	
		District (Privolzh	iskv
		federalny	
		okrug)),	
		San Marino,	
		Serbia,	
		and	
		Ukraine	
	(ii)	and	they
	(11)		are
			either
			recognized
			as being
			free
			from
			Clavibacter sepedonicus
			(Spieckermann
			and
			Kottho)
			Nouioui et
			al.,
			in
			accordance with
			the
			procedure
			referred
			to in
			Article
			107
			of

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Plants for planting	ex 0602 90 30	Third countries other	Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or their legislation, is recognised as equivalent to the Union rules concerning protection against <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 have been complied with.
of <i>Solanaceae</i> other than seeds and the plants covered by entries 15, 16 or 17	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe	

18.

			Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
19.	Soil as such consisting in part of solid organic substances	ex 2530 90 00 ex 3824 99 93	Third countries other than Switzerland
20.	Growing medium as such, other than soil, consisting in whole or in part of solid organic substances, other than that composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., previously not used for growing of plants or for any agricultural purposes	ex 2530 10 00 ex 2530 90 00 ex 2703 00 00 ex 3101 00 00 ex 3824 99 93	Third countries other than Switzerland

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# ANNEX VII

## List of plants, plant products and other objects, originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into the Union territory

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN codes	Origin	Special requirements	
1.	Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, with the exception of sterile medium of <i>in-vitro</i> plants	N/A <sup>a</sup>	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that: (a) the growing medium, at the time of planting of the associate plants: (i)	d was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultura
				(ii)	purposes, or was composed entirely of peat or fibre of

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				nucifera
				L.
				and
				had
				not
				been
				previously
				used
				for
				growing
				plants
				or
				for
				any
				other
				agricultural
				purposes,
			,	or
			(	was
				subjected
				to offentive
				effective
				fumigation or
				heat
				treatment
				to
				ensure
				freedom
				from
				pests
				and
				which
				is
				indicated
				on
				the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to
				in
				Article
				71
				of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
1 0	· · · · · · · · · · ·			 rubric
ode of an	associated plant shall appl	ıy		

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referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'; and in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate			(iv)	'Additional declaration', or was subjected to effective systems approach to ensure freedom from pests and which is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate
cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate			in all	the rubric 'Additional
and maintained under			cases mentione in points (i) to (iv) was	ed
	pp	ly	maintain under	

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				quarantine
				-
			(ii)	pests; or within two weeks prior to export the growing medium including, where appropriate,
				soil has been completely removed by washing using water free
				from Union quarantine pests. Replanting may be performed in the
				growing medium that meets the requirements laid down in point
an associate	ed plant shall app	ly		(a). Appropriate conditions shall be maintained to

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Commission	Implementing Regulation (FU) 2019/2072 is up to date

					keep freedom from Union quarantine pests, as provided for in point (b).
2.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	ex $8432 10 00$ ex $8432 21 00$ ex $8432 29 10$ ex $8432 29 30$ ex $8432 29 50$ ex $8432 29 50$ ex $8432 29 90$ ex $8432 31 00$ ex $8432 39 11$ ex $8432 39 11$ ex $8432 39 19$ ex $8432 39 90$ ex $8432 41 00$ ex $8432 42 00$ ex $8432 42 00$ ex $8432 42 00$ ex $8432 42 00$ ex $8433 51 00$ ex $8433 51 00$ ex $8433 53 10$ ex $8433 53 30$ ex $8433 53 90$ ex $8436 80 10$ ex $8701 20 90$ ex $8701 91 10$ ex $8701 92 10$ ex $8701 94 10$ ex $8701 95 10$	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that machinery or vehicles are cleaned and free from soil and plant debris.	
3.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	ex 0601 20 30 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibac</i>	

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		ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0706 90 10		sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival, and (b) the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.
4.	Plants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 45 0602 90 45 0602 90 46 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 91 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 ex 0705 11 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection service of that country,
		ex 0705 19 00		as

a

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

		ex 0709 40 00		being
		ex 0709 99 10		free
		ex 0910 99 31		from
		ex 0910 99 33		Thrips
		CX 0 10 7 55		palmi
				Karny
				in
				accordance
				with
				relevant
				International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				and
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EŬ)
				No
				2016/2031
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
				or
			(b)	originate
			(0)	in a
				place
				of
				production,
				established
				in the
				country
				of
				origin
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				service
		-		of that
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

country,
as
being
free
from
Thrips
palmi
Karny
in
accordance
with
relevant International
Standards
for
Phytosanitary
Measures,
and
which
is
mentioned
on the
phytosanitary
certificate
referred
to in
Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031
under
the
rubric
'Additional
declaration',
and declared
free
from
Thrips
palmi
Karny
on
official
inspections
carried
out at
least
monthly
during

<b>a</b> The CN code of an associated plant shall ap	ply
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#### Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				the last
				three
				months
				prior to
				export;
				or
				immediately
				prior to
				export,
				have
				been
				subjected
				to an
				appropriate
				treatment
				against
				Thrips
				palmi
				Karny,
				the
				details
				of
				which
				have
				been
				indicated
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificates
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				and
				have
				been
				officially
				inspected
				and
				found
				free
				from
				Thrips
				palmi
				Karny.
		1		
The UN code of an	associated plant shall app	iy		

5.	Annual and	ex 0602 90 30	Third countries	Official	
	biennial plants	ex 0602 90 50	other than	stateme	
	for planting,	ex 0602 90 70	Albania, Algeria,	the plan	
	other than	ex 0602 90 91	Andorra,	(a)	have
	<i>Poaceae</i> and	ex 0602 90 99	Armenia,		been
	seeds	ex 0704 10 00	Azerbaijan,		grown
		ex 0704 90 10	Belarus,		in
		ex 0704 90 90	Bosnia and		nurseries
		ex 0705 11 00	Herzegovina,	(b)	are free
		ex 0705 19 00	Canary Islands,		from
		ex 0709 40 00	Egypt, Faeroe		plant
		ex 0709 99 10	Islands, Georgia,		debris,
		ex 0910 99 31	Iceland,		flowers
		ex 0910 99 33	Israel, Jordan,		and
			Lebanon, Libya,		fruits;
			Liechtenstein,	(c)	have
			Moldova,		been
			Monaco,		inspected
			Montenegro,		at
			Morocco, North		appropria
			Macedonia,		times
			Norway,		and
			Russia (only		prior to
			the following		export;
			parts: Central	(d)	are
			Federal District	()	found
			(Tsentralny		to be
			federalny okrug),		free
			Northwestern		from
			Federal District		symptom
			(Severo-Zapadny		of
			federalny okrug),		harmful
			Southern Federal		bacteria,
			District (Yuzhny		viruses
			federalny okrug),		and
			North Caucasian		virus-
					like
			Federal District (Severo-		
					organism
			Kavkazsky	(a)	and
			federalny okrug)	(e)	are
			and Volga		either
			Federal District		found
			(Privolzhsky		to be
			federalny		free
			okrug)), San		from
			Marino, Serbia,		signs or
			Switzerland,		symptom
			Syria, Tunisia,		of
			Turkey, and		harmful
			Ukraine.		nematode
					insects,

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					mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
6.	Plants for planting, of the family <i>Poaceae</i> of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> , <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> Lag., <i>Bouteloua</i> Lag., <i>Calamagrostis</i> Adan., <i>Cortaderia</i> Stapf, <i>Glyceria</i> R. Br., <i>Hakonechloa</i> Mak. ex Honda, <i>Hystrix</i> L., <i>Molinia</i> Schnrak, <i>Phalaris</i> L., <i>Shibataea</i> Mak. Ex Nakai, <i>Spartina</i> Schreb., <i>Stipa</i> L. and <i>Uniola</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-	Official statement the plant (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	

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			federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine	of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
7.	Plants for planting, other than dormant	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00	Third countries where the relevant Union	
	plants, plants in	ex 0602 40 00	quarantine pests	
	tissue culture,	ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20	are known to	
	seeds, bulbs,	ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30	occur	
	tubers, corms	ex 0602 90 30	occui	
	and rhizomes.	ex 0602 90 41		
	The relevant	ex 0602 90 45		
	Union	ex 0602 90 47		
	quarantine pests	ex 0602 90 48		
	are:	ex 0602 90 50		
	— Begomo	verru06\$02 90 70		
	other	ex 0602 90 91		
	than:	ex 0602 90 99		
		ex 0704 10 00		
	mosaic	ex 0704 90 10		
	virus,	ex 0704 90 90		
	Sweet	ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00		
	potato leaf	ex 0703 19 00 ex 0709 40 00		
	curl	ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10		
	virus,	ex 0910 99 31		
	Tomato	ex 0910 99 33		
	yellow			
	leaf			
	curl			
	virus,			
	Tomato			

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		yellow				
		leaf				
		curl				
		Sardinia				
		virus,				
		Tomato				
		yellow				
		leaf				
		curl				
		Malaga				
		virus,				
		Tomato				
		yellow				
		leaf				
		curl				
		Axarquia	l			
		virus,				
		Cowpea				
		mild				
		mottle				
		virus,				
		Lettuce				
	_		~			
		infectiou	S			
		yellows				
		virus,				
	—	Melon				
		yellowing				
		associate	d			
		virus,				
	—	Squash				
		vein				
		yellowing	g			
		virus,	5			
		Sweet				
		potato				
		chlorotic				
		stunt				
		virus,				
	<del></del>	Sweet				
		potato				
		mild				
		mottle				
		virus,				
	—	Tomato				
		mild				
		mottle				
		virus.				
						Official
				(a)	Where	Official
				(")	Bemisia	statement that
					tabaci	no symptoms
					iuouci	of the relevant
The CN code of an	associated pl	ant shall apply	у			

a

	Genn.Union quarantine pests have(non-pests haveEuropeanbeen observedpopulations) the plantsor otherduring theirvectorscomplete cycleof theof vegetation.Unionquarantinepestsare notknowntotooccur
a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	<ul> <li>(b) Where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non- (non- European been observed population of the relevant Union quarantine pests have European been observed population of the posts of the Union quarantine pests are known to occur</li> <li>(a) the plants originate known to occur</li> <li>(b) the plants originate in areas tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the Union and quarantine pests are known to occur</li> <li>(b) the plants originate in areas tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the Union free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the Union quarantine pests, or</li> <li>(b) the site of production has been found</li> </ul>

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pests and have been found	(c)	and have been found
free		

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that have bee	en made appear	in the content an	d are referenced	l with annota	tions. (	See end o	of Documen	t for details)

				thereof prior to export.
8.	Plants for planting of herbaceous species, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 90 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 ex 0706 90 10 ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33	Third countries where <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa (Malloch) are known to occur	Official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of

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		(b)	Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or originate in a
			of production, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as
			being free from <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa (Malloch) in accordance with
associated plant shall app			the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary

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<ul> <li>certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard)</li> </ul>		
referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		certificate
<ul> <li>to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i></li> </ul>		
Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
<ul> <li>71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i></li> </ul>		
Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
(EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
<ul> <li>2016/2031, under the rubric</li> <li>'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae</li> <li>(Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa</li> <li>(Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>under the rubric</li> <li>'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae</li> <li>(Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa</li> <li>(Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae</li> </ul>		
the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
<ul> <li>'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i></li> </ul>		
and declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
declared free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza sativae		-
Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		
sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		
(Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza sativae		
maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or(c)immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or(c)immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		Amauromyza
<ul> <li>on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i></li> </ul>		(Malloch)
inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		, ,
carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		official
<ul> <li>out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i></li> </ul>		inspections
least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		carried
(c) monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		out at
during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		least
the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		during
(c) months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		the
(c) prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		three
export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		months
(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		prior to
(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		export,
prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>	(c)	
have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i>		
appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		
treatment against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		
against <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae		
Liriomyza sativae		
sativae		
(Dianchard)		
		(Dianchalu)

(exceptex 0704 90 90Herzegovina, Chrysanthemum(b)are freeChrysanthemumex 0705 11 00Canary Islands, Egypt, FaeroefromL.), Cruciferae,ex 0705 19 00Egypt, FaeroeplantLeguminosaeex 0705 21 00Islands, Georgia, ex 0705 29 00debris, flowersand Rosaceaeex 0709 99 10Israel, Jordan,and					Details o the treatr referred (c) shall mentione the phyto certificat referred 1 Article 7 Regulatio No 2016	nent in point be ed on osanitary e to in 1 of on (EU)
ex 0910 99 33 Liechtenstein, (c) have Moldova, been Monaco, inspected Montenegro, at	9.	perennial plants for planting, other than seeds, of the families <i>Caryophyllaceae</i> (except <i>Dianthus</i> L.), <i>Compositae</i> (except <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.), <i>Cruciferae</i> , <i>Leguminosae</i> and <i>Rosaceae</i>	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0910 99 31	other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro,	statemen the plant (a)	s: have been grown in nurseries, are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, have been inspected

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		I			
			Macedonia,		times
			Norway,		and
			Russia (only		prior to
			the following	(1)	export,
			parts: Central	(d)	are
			Federal District		found
			(Tsentralny		to be
			federalny okrug),		free
			Northwestern		from
			Federal District		symptoms
			(Severo-Zapadny		of
			federalny okrug),		harmful
			Southern Federal		bacteria,
			District (Yuzhny		viruses
			federalny okrug), North Caucasian		and virus-
			Federal District		like
			(Severo-		organisms,
			Kavkazsky		and
			federalny okrug)	(e)	are
			and Volga		either
			Federal District		found
			(Privolzhsky		to be
			federalny		free
			okrug)), San		from
			Marino, Serbia,		signs or
			Switzerland,		symptoms
			Syria, Tunisia,		of
			Turkey, and		harmful
			Ukraine.		nematodes,
					insects,
					mites
					and
					fungi,
					or have
					been
					subjected
					to
					appropriate
					treatment
					to
					eliminate
					such
					organisms.
	Trees and	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official	
	shrubs, intended	ex 0602 20 20	other than	statemen	t that
	for planting,	ex 0602 20 80	Albania, Algeria,	the plants	5:
	other than seeds	ex 0602 30 00	Andorra,	(a) <sup>1</sup>	are
	and plants in	ex 0602 40 00	Armenia,		clean
	tissue culture	ex 0602 90 41	Azerbaijan,		(i.e.
		ex 0602 90 45	Belarus,		free
CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly			

**a** The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

10.

	ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro,	(b)	from plant debris) and free from flowers and fruits, have been grown
		Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central	(c)	in nurseries, have been inspected at
		Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny		appropriate times and prior to export and
		federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian		found free from symptoms of
		Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga		harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-
		Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia,		like organisms, and either found free
		Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.		from signs or symptoms of harmful
				nematodes, insects, mites and fungi,
of an associated plant shall and	l			or have been

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				subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
11.	Deciduous trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky	Official statement that the plants are dormant and free from leaves.

			federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	
12.	Root and tubercle vegetables, other than tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L.	0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 30 0706 90 90 ex 0709 99 90 ex 0714 10 00 ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 30 00 ex 0714 40 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 90 20 ex 0714 90 90 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 91 ex 1212 91 80 ex 1212 94 00 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1214 90 10 ex 1214 90 90	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.
13.	Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i>	0601 10 10 0601 10 20 0601 10 30 0601 10 40 0601 10 90 0601 20 10 0601 20 30 0601 20 90 ex 0706 90 10 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10 ex 0910 30 00	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.
14.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.

15.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers
		0701 90 90		originate in: (a) a country where <i>Tecia</i> <i>solanivora</i> (Povolný) is not known to occur,
				(b) an area free from <i>Tecia</i> <i>solanivora</i> (Povolný), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.
16.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in countries known to be free from <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckerman and

				Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> ; or (b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the provisions of Union law on combating <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, have been complied with, in the country of origin.
17.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries where Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in areas known to be free from

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			Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival have been observed either at the place of
		(b)	
ıpp	ly		(Schilb.) Percival in accordance with

				the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 have been complied with in the country of origin.
18.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate from a site known to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens.
19.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official         statement that:         (a)       the         tubers         originate         in areas         in         which         Ralstonia         solanacearum         (Smith)         Yabuuchi         et al.         emend.         Safni         et al.,         Ralstonia         pseudosolanacearum         Safni

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et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. are known not to occur; or in areas where Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place

(b)

a	The CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	y

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production
found
free
from Defension
Ralstonia
solanacearum
(Smith)
Yabuuchi
et al.
emend.
Safni
et al.,
Ralstonia
pseudosolanacearum
Safni
et al.,
Ralstonia
<i>syzigii</i> subsp
subsp.
celebensis
Safni <i>et</i>
al. and
Ralstonia
syzigii
subsp.
indonesiensis
Safni et
<i>al</i> . or
considered
to be
free
thereof,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
as a
consequence
of
measures
taken
to
eradicate
Ralstonia
solanacearum
(Smith)
Yabuuchi
et al.
emend.
Safni
et al.,
Ralstonia
pseudosolanacearum
Safni
Sallii

					et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. and set out in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
20.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting associated plant shall app	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statemen (a)	t that: either the tubers originate in areas where <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>fallax</i> Karssen are known not to occur, or

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## Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

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	() I	where	
		Meloidog	evne
	(	chitwood	li
		Golden	
	(	et al.	
		and	
	1	Meloidog	gyne
	J	fallax	
		Karssen	
		are	
		known to	
		occur:	
			the
	,		tubers
			originate
			from
			a
			place
			of
			production
			which has
			been
			found
			free
			from
			Meloidogyne
			chitwoodi
			Golden
			et
			al.,
			and Malaidamura
			Meloidogyne fallax
			Karssen
			based
			on
			an
			annual
			survey
			of
			host
			crops by
			visual
			inspection
			of
			host
			plants
			at
The CN code of an associated plant shall apply			

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n associated plant shall app			(ii		appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms, or
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			well as
			inspected visually
			both
			externally
			and
			by
			cutting the
			tubers,
			at
			appropriate
			times and
			in
			all
			cases
			at
			the time
			of
			closing
			of
			the
			packages or
			containers
			before
			marketing
			according
			to the
			provisions
			on
			closing
			under Directive
			66/403/
			EEC
			and
			no symptoms
			symptoms of
			Meloidogyne
			chitwoodi
			Golden
			et al.
			and
			Meloidogyne
			fallax
d plant shall app	ly		

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					Karssen have been found.
21.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those for planting	0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Ralstonia</i> solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacean Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia</i> syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. are known not to occur.	um
22.	Plants for planting of <i>Capsicum</i> <i>annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i> <i>melongena</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where <i>Ralstonia</i> solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia</i> pseudosolanacear Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or <i>Ralstonia</i> syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur	been found free from <i>Ralstoni</i> <i>solanace</i> (Smith) Yabuuch <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstoni</i>	a earum ii

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Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. or (b) no symptoms of Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning

a	The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	

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				of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
23.	Plants of Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries         Image: Constraint of the second s	Official statement that the plants originate in:(a)acountry recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicell</i> (Walsingham in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitar Measures, or(b)an area established by the national plant protection or ganisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicell</i> (Walsingham in accordance with relevant

				relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
24.	Plants for planting of <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
25. a The CN code of an	Plants of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0603 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Spodoptera</i> <i>eridania</i> (Cramer),

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				Spodoptera
				frugiperda
				Smith
				and
				Spodoptera
				litura
				(Fabricius),
				established
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				or
			(b)	no
				signs of
				Spodoptera
				eridania
				(Cramer),
				Spodoptera
				frugiperda
				Smith,
				and
				Spodoptera litura
				(Fabricius)
				have
				been
				observed
				at the
				place
				of
				production
				since
				the
				beginning
				of the
				last
				complete
				cycle
				of
	-			vegetation,
iated plant shall app	ly			

				(c)	or the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the relevant pests.
26.	Plants for planting, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statemen the plan been gro through life in: (a) (b)	ts have

				(c)	relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.
27.	Plants for planting, of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Herit. ex Ait., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur:		
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly	(a) where Xiphiner americal Cobb sensu stricto, Xiphiner bricolen Ebsary, Vrain & Graham, Xiphiner californi Lambert & Bleve-	na se na cum i	t that s are: directly originating from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus, or

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				Zacheo, <i>Xiphinen</i> <i>inaequal</i> khan et Ahmad, <i>Xiphinen</i> <i>intermea</i> Lambert & Bleve- Zacheo, <i>Xiphinen</i> <i>rivesi</i> (non- EU populatio	na 'e na lium i na	of no more than fourth generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot
				Dalmass and <i>Xiphinen</i> <i>tarjanen</i> Lambert & Bleve- Zacheo or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are not known to occur	o na se	virus under an official approved system of virological testing.
			(b)	where Xiphinen american Cobb sensu stricto, Xiphinen bricolen. Ebsary, Vrain & Graham, Xiphinen californi Lambert &	na se na cum	t that s are: directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus in the
e of an	associated plant shall appl	у				

	1	1			
			Bleve- Zacheo, Xiphinen inaequal khan et Ahmad, Xiphinen intermed Lambert & Bleve- Zacheo, Xiphinen rivesi (non- EU populatio Dalmass and Xiphinen tarjanen Lambert & Bleve- Zacheo or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are known to occur	re(b) na lium i na ons) o na se	soil or plants, or of no more than second generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological testing.
28.	Cut flowers of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L. and <i>Solidago</i> L., and leafy vegetables of <i>Apium</i> <i>graveolens</i> L. and <i>Ocimum</i> L.	0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement the cut fl and the la vegetable (a)	owers eafy
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly			

				(b)	maculosa (Malloch), or immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa (Malloch).
29.	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae	0603 13 00	Third countries	Official statemer the cut f (a)	

30.	Naturally or	ex 0602 20 80	Third countries	Official statement that:
	artificially dwarfed plants	ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00	other than: Albania,	statement that: (a) the
	<b>A</b>		-	
	for planting	ex 0602 90 41	Andorra,	plants,
	other than seeds	ex 0602 90 47	Armenia,	including
		ex 0602 90 48	Azerbaijan,	those
		ex 0602 90 50	Belarus,	collected
		ex 0602 90 91	Bosnia and	directly
		ex 0602 90 99	Herzegovina,	from
			Canary Islands,	natural
			Faeroe Islands,	habitats,
			Georgia, Iceland,	have
			Liechtenstein,	been
			Moldova,	grown,
			Monaco,	held
			Montenegro,	and
			North	trained
			Macedonia,	for at
			Norway,	least
			Russia (only	two
			the following	consecutive
			parts: Central	years
			Federal District	prior to
			(Tsentralny	dispatch
			federalny okrug),	in officially
			Northwestern	officially
			Federal District	registered
			(Severo-Zapadny	
			federalny okrug),	which
			Southern Federal	are
			District (Yuzhny	subject
			federalny okrug),	to an
			North Caucasian Federal District	officially
				supervised
			(Severo-	control
			Kavkazsky	regime,
			federalny okrug)	
			and Volga Federal District	plants
				in the
			(Privolzhsky	nurseries
			federalny	referred
			okrug)), San	to in
			Marino, Serbia,	point
			Switzerland,	(a) of
			Turkey and	this
			Ukraine	entry:
				(i) at
				leas
				duri
				the
				peri

				referred	
				to	
				in noint	
				point (a)	
				of	
				this	
				entry:	were
				_	potted,
					in
					pots
					which are
					placed
					on
					shelves at
					least
					50 cm
					above ground,
				_	have
					been
					subjected
					to appropriat
					treatments
					to
					ensure freedom
					from
					non-
					European rusts,
					and
					the
					active ingredient
					concentrat
					and
					date of
					application
					of
					these
					treatments has
					been
					mentioned
					on the
l code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly	<u> </u>		

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	phytosani
	certificate
	referred
	to
	in
	Article
	71
	of
	Regulatio
	(EŬ)
	No
	2016/203
	under
	the
	rubric
	'Disinfest
	and/
	or
	disinfection
	treatment
-	have
	been
	officially
	inspected
	at
	least
	six
	times a
	a year
	at
	appropria
	intervals
	for
	the
	presence
	of
	Union
	quarantin
	pests
	of
	concern
	in
	accordance
	with
	Regulatio
	(EU)
	No 2016/202
	2016/203
	and
	these
	inspection

a

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			have
			also
			been
			carried
			out
			on
			plants
			in
			the
			immediate
			vicinity
			of
			the
			nurseries
			referred
			to
			in
			point
			(a)
			of
			this
			entry,
			at
			least
			by
			visual
			examinati
			of
			each
			row
			in
			the
			field
			or
			nursery
			and
			by
			by visual
			examinati
			of
			all
			parts
			of
			the
			plant
			above
			the
			growing
			medium,
			using
			а
			 random
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly	

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				sample
				of
				at
				least
				300
				plants
				from
				a
				given
				genus
				where
				the
				number
				of
				nlants
				plants of
				that
				that
				genus
				is
				not
				more
				than
				3
				000
				plants,
				or
				10 %
				of
				the
				plants
				if
				there
				are
				more
				than
				3
				000
				plants
				from
				that
				genus,
				have
				been
				found
				free,
				in
				these
				inspection
				from
				the
				relevant
				Union
ode of an	associated plant shall app	lv		

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				quarantine
				pests
				of
				concern
				as
				specified
				in the
				previous
				indent,
				infested
				plants
				have
				been
				removed
				and
				the
				remaining
				plants, where
				appropriat
				have
				been
				effectively
				treated,
				and
				have
				been
				held
				for
				an appropriat
				period
				and
				inspected
				to
				ensure
				freedom
				from
				such
				pests,
				have been
				planted
				in
				either
				an
				unused
				artificial
				growing
				medium
				or
CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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in а natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigatio or by appropriat heat treatment and has been of any Union quarantine pests, have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintaine free from Union quarantine pests and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been:

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(ii) were packed in closed

containers which

The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

a

31.

a

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	I	1		I	
					have
					been
					officially
					sealed
					and
					bear
					the
					registration
					number
					of
					the
					registered
					nursery,
					and
					this
					number
					has
					been
					indicated
					under the
					rubric
					'Additional
					declaration'
					on
					the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to
					in
					Article
					71
					of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/203,
					enabling
					the
					consignments
					to
					be
					identified.
	Plants of Pinales,	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official	
•	other than fruit	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20	i mu countries	statement that	
	and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80		the plants have	
	and secus	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41		been produced	
		ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45		in a place of	
		ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46		production free	
		ex 0602 90 40		from <i>Pissodes</i>	
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app			1.01111 1.550405	
		- ,			

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		ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 0604 20 40 ex 1404 90 00		cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper.
32.	Plants of Pinales, other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug),	Official statement that the plants have been produced in a place of production is free from <i>Scolytidae</i> spp. (non-European).

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			Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine	
33.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of <i>Cronartium</i> <i>gentianeum</i> , <i>Cronartium pini</i> <i>and Cronartium</i> <i>ribicola</i> , have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
34.	Plants of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	United States	Official statement that the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Bretziella</i> <i>fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Z.W. deBeer, Marinc., T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf., comb. nov.

35.	Plants for planting, of	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20	Canada and United States	Official statement that
			United States	
	Corylus L., other			the plants
	than seeds	ex 0602 90 41		originate in:
		ex 0602 90 45		(a) an area,
		ex 0602 90 46		established
		ex 0602 90 48		in the
		ex 0602 90 50		country
		ex 0602 90 70		of
		ex 0602 90 99		origin
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisatio
				in that
				country,
				as
				being
				free
				from
				Anisogram anomala
				(Peck)
				E.
				Müller,
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				Internation
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanita
				Measures,
				and
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031
				under

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the beginning of the last three		(b)	beginning of the last three
of the last			of the last three complete cycles of vegetation,

				accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
36.	Plants of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> <i>ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i> <i>davidiana</i> Planch. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that the plants originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> Fairmaire, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on

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				the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
37.	Plants for planting, of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	United States	Officialstatement thatthe plants forplanting:(a)havebeengrownthroughouttheirlife inan areafreefromGeosmithiamorbidaKolarík,Freeland,Utley&Tisseratand itsvectorPityophthorusjuglandisBlackman,establishedby thenationalplantprotectionorganisationinaccordancewith

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			relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,
			and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary
			certificate referred to in Article 71 of
			Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 under
			the rubric 'Additional declaration', or
			originate in a place of production,
			including its vicinity of at least
			5 km radius, where neither symptoms
			of Geosmithia morbida Kolarík,
			Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its
ciated plant shall appl	ly		vector

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		1		D: 11
				Pityophthorus
				juglandis
				Blackman,
				nor the
				presence
				of the
				vector,
				have
				been
				observed
				during
				official
				inspections
				within
				a 
				period
				of two
				years
				prior to
				export;
				the
				plants
				for
				planting
				have
				been
				inspected
				immediately
				prior to
				export
				and
				handled
				and
				packaged
				in
				ways to
				prevent
				infestation
				after
				leaving
				the
				place
				of
				production,
				or
			(c)	originate
			(-)	in a
				place
				of
				production
				with
				complete
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv		<u>compiere</u>
	associated plant shart app	· J		

				physical isolation, and plants for planting have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
38.	Plants of <i>Betula</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
39.	Plants for planting of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey and United States	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation

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				of the
				country
				of
				origin
				as
				being
				free
				from
				Ceratocystis
				platani
				(J. M.
				Walter)
				Engelbr.
				& T. C.
				Harr. in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
				or have
				been
				grown
				in a
				place
				of
				production
		-		established
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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as free from <i>Ceratoc</i> <i>platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr & T. C. Harr. in accorda with relevant Internat Standard for	nce
Phytosa	nitary
Measure	es:
(i)	which
	is
	registered
	and
	supervised by
	the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	in
	the
	country
	of
	origin, and
(ii)	which
(11)	has
	been
	subjected
	annually
	to
	official
	inspections
	for
	any symptoms
	of
	Ceratocystis
	platani
	(J.
	M.
	Walter)
	Engelbr.

## Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				&
				T.
				C.
				Harr.,
				including
				its immediate
				vicinity,
				carried
				out
				at
				the
				most
				appropriate
				times
				of
				the
				year
				to detect
				the
				presence
				of
				the
				pest
				concerned,
				and
			(iii)	a
				representative
				sample
				of
				the
				plants has
				been
				subjected
				to
				testing
				for
				the
				presence
				of
				<i>Ceratocystis</i>
				platani (J.
				(J. M.
				Walter)
				Engelbr.
				&
				T.
				C.
m		•		_ Harr.,
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly	 	_

					at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.
40.	Plants for planting of <i>Populus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora</i> <i>medusae</i> f.sp. <i>tremuloidis</i> Shain have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
41.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Americas	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina</i> <i>musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvl., Verkley & Crous have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
42.	Plants for planting, other than scions, cuttings, plants	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Canada and United States	Official statement that the plants:	_

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	in tissue culture, pollen and seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik.,	ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70	(a)	have been grown throughout their
	Cotoneaster	ex 0602 90 91		life in
	Medik., Crataegus L.,	ex 0602 90 99		an area free
	Cydonia Mill.,			from
	Malus Mill., Prunus L.,			Saperda candida
	Pyracantha M.			Fabricius,
	Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.			established by the
				national
				plant protection
				organisation of the
				country
				of origin,
				in
				accordance with
				the
				relevant International
				Standards for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures, which
				is
				mentioned on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate referred
				to in Article
				71 of
				Regulation (EU)
				No
				2016/2031, under
				the
				rubric 'Additional
				declaration',
ode of an	associated plant shall app	lv		or

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(b) have grown during a a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from Saperda candida Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is supervised by				(b)	have	
during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from Saperda candida Fabricius in accordance with is in accordance with is is is is is is is is is is						
a perioid of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> <i>candida</i> <i>fabricius</i> in accordance with their <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>physical</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>production</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>phytosanitary</i> <i>Measures:</i> <i>(i)</i> <i>which</i> <i>is</i> <i>for</i> <i>phytosanitary</i> <i>Measures:</i> <i>(i)</i> <i>which</i> <i>is</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i> <i>for</i>						
period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
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two         years         prior to         export,         or in         the         case of         plants         which         are         younger         than         two         years         which         are         younger         than         two         years         parts         which         are         younger         than         two         years         have         been         grown         throughout         their         life, in         a place         of         production         established         as free         from         Saperda         candida         Fabricius         in         accordance         with         relevant         International         Standards         for         Phytosanitary						
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export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
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years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by					two	
been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
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established as free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						n
as free from Saperda candida Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
from Saperda candida Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						•••
candida         Fabricius         in         accordance         with         relevant         International         Standards         for         Phytosanitary         Measures:         (i)         which         is         registered         and         supervised         by						
candida         Fabricius         in         accordance         with         relevant         International         Standards         for         Phytosanitary         Measures:         (i)         which         is         registered         and         supervised         by					Saperda	
in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by					candida	
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with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by						
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(i) which is registered and supervised by					Measure	
is registered and supervised by						
registered and supervised by					(1)	
and supervised by						
supervised by						
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						by
	ode of an	associated plant shall app	ly			

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## Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in
				the
				country
				of
				origin,
				and
			(;;)	which
			(ii)	
				has
				been
				subjected
				annually
				to
				two
				official
				inspections
				for
				any
				signs
				of
				Saperda
				candida
				Fabricius
				carried
				out
				at
				the
				most
				appropriate
				times
				of
				the
				year
				to
				detect
				the
				presence
				of
				the
				pest
				concerned,
				and
			(iii)	where
			(111)	the
				plants
				have
				been
				_ grown:
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		_

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in an insect proof site of production against the introducti of Saperda candida Fabricius, or in а site with the applicatio of appropria preventive treatments and surrounde by а buffer zone with а width of at least 500 m, where the absence of Saperda candida Fabricius was confirmed by official surveys carried out

and (iv) immediate prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulou inspection for the presence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius, in particular in the stems of the plant, share the presence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius, in particular in particular in particular in the stems of the stems stems stems of stems stems stems stems stems stems stems stems s	
3.     Plants for     ex 0602 10 90     Canada, Mexico     Official	e,
3.Plants for planting, other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Ration context and best of the context on</i>	
The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	

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established
by the
national
plant
protection
organisation
of the
country
of
origin,
in
accordance
with
the
relevant
International
Standards
for
Phytosanitary
Measures,
which
is mentioned
on the phytosanitary
certificate
referred
to in
Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031,
under
the
rubric
'Additional
declaration',
provided
that
this
freedom
status
has
been
communicated
in
advance
in
writing
to the

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

		(b)	Commiss by the national plant protectio organisat of the third country concerne or througho their life, in a place of productio establish as free from <i>Grapholi</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller in accordan with the relevant Internatio Standard for Phytosan Measures (i)	n ion d, ut on ed <i>ita</i> ce onal s itary
associated plant shall app	ly			

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

			(iii)	been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i>
lant shall app	ly	1		^
	2			

## Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

						Zeller
						was
						confirmed
						by
						official
						surveys
						carried
						out
						annually
						at .
						appropriate
						times
						of
						the
						year
						to
						detect
						the
						presence
						of
						the
						pest
						concerned,
						and
					(iv)	immediately
						prior
						to
						export
						the
						plants
						have
						been
						subjected
						to
						a meticulous
						inspection
						for
						the
						presence
						of
						Grapholita
						packardi
						Zeller;
					or	
				(c)	in an	
					insect	
					proof	
					site of	
					production	on
					against	
					the	
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly				
-	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

				introduc of <i>Graphol</i> <i>packardu</i> Zeller.	ita
44.	Plants for planting of <i>Crataegus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. is known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
45.	Plants for planting of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where non- European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas or <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. are known to occur on the genera concerned	Official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas and <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
46.	Plants for planting of <i>Malus</i> Mill., other than seeds.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where Cherry rasp leaf virus or Tomato ringspot virus, are known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the plants have been: (i)	officially certified under a certification scheme

				requiring
				them
				to
				be
				derived
				in
				direct
				line
				from
				material
				which
				has
				been
				maintained
				under
				appropriate
				conditions
				and
				subjected
				to
				official
				testing
				for
				at
				least
				Cherry
				rasp
				leaf
				virus
				and
				Tomato
				ringspot
				virus
				using
				appropriate
				indicators
				or
				equivalent
				methods
				and
				has
				been
				found
				free,
				in
				these
				tiests,
				from
				those
				pests,
1 0		1		or
de of an	associated plant shall app	lv		

			(ii)	derived
			(11)	in
				direct
				line
				from
				material
				which
				is
				maintained
				under
				appropriate conditions
				and
				subjected,
				within
				the
				last
				three
				complete
				cycles
				of
				vegetation, at
				least
				once,
				to
				official
				testing
				for
				at least
				least Cherry
				rasp
				leaf
				virus
				and
				Tomato
				ringspot
				virus
				using
				appropriate indicators
				or
				equivalent
				methods
				and
				has
				been
				found
				free,
				in these
odo of an	associated plant shall app	 		

					(b)	no symptom of diseases caused by Cherry rasp leaf virus or Tomato ringspot virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptil plants in its immedia vicinity, since the	l on, ole te
						since the beginnin	g
						of the last complete cycle	
						of	
						vegetatio	on.
47.	Plants for	ex 0602 10 90	a)	Third	Official		
	planting of	ex 0602 20 20			statemen		
	<i>Prunus</i> L., other than seeds in the	ex 0602 20 80		where	(a)	the	
		ex 0602 90 41		Tomato		plants	
	case of (b)	ex 0602 90 45		ringspot		have	
		ex 0602 90 46		virus is		been:	official1-
		ex 0602 90 48		known to		(i)	officially
		ex 0602 90 50		to			certified
		ex 0602 90 70		occur			under
		ex 0602 90 91	1				а

*Changes to legislation:* Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	ex 0602 90 99 ex 0802 11 10 ex 0802 12 10 ex 0802 12 90 ex 1209 99 10 ex 1209 99 91 ex 1209 99 99	b)	Third countries where American plum line pattern virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, Peach mosaic virus, Peach rosette mosaic virus are known to occur	certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been
ide of an associated plant shall app				and has

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				from
				those
				pests,
				or
			(ii)	derived
			(11)	in
				direct
				line
				from
				material
				which
				is
				maintained
				under
				appropriate conditions
				and
				has
				been
				subjected,
				within
				the
				last
				three
				complete
				cycles
				of .
				vegetation,
				at
				least
				once,
				to
				official
				testing
				at
				least
				for
				the
				relevant
				Union
				quarantine
				pests,
				using
				appropriate
				indicators
				for
				the
				presence
				of
				those
				pests
			 	or
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		
				-

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48.	Plants for	ex 0602 10 90	a)	Third (a)			
	planting of	ex 0602 20 20		countries	plants		
	Rubus L., other	ex 0602 20 80		where	shall		
	than seeds in the	ex 0602 90 45		Tomato	be free		
	case of point (b)	ex 0602 90 46		ringspot	from		
		ex 0602 90 47		virus,	aphids,		
		ex 0602 90 48		Black	including	3	
		ex 0602 90 50		raspberry	their		
		ex 0602 90 70		latent	eggs,		
		ex 0602 90 91		virus (b)	) official		
		ex 0602 90 99		are	statemen	t	
		ex 1202 99 99		known	that:		
				to	(i)	the	
				occur,		plants	
			b)	Third		have	
				countries		been:	
				where			officially
				Raspberry			certified
				leaf			under
				curl			a
				virus,			certificatio
				Cherry			scheme
				rasp			requiring
				leaf			them
				virus			to be
				are			derived
				known to			in
				occur			direct
				occui			line
							from
							material
							which
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							maintaine
							under
							appropriat
							conditions
							and
							subjected
							to
							official
							testing
							at
							least
							for
							the
							relevant
							Union
							quarantine

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pests, using appropria
indicators for the
presence of
those pests
or equivalen methods
and has
been found
free, in these
tests, from
those Union
quarantine pests,
 or derived in
direct line
from material
which is maintaine
under appropria
condition: and
has been subjected
subjected within the
last three
complete cycles of
vegetation at

					on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycles of vegetation.
49.	Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30	Third countries where Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasmais known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: (i)	either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct

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	line
	from
	material
	which
	has
	been
	maintained
	under
	appropriate
	conditions
	and
	subjected
	to
	official
	testing
	for
	at
	least
	Strawberry
	witches'
	broom
	phytoplasma
	using
	appropriate indicators
	for
	the
	presence
	of
	those
	pests
	or
	equivalent
	methods
	and
	has
	been
	found
	free,
	in
	these
	tests,
	from
	Strawberry
	witches'
	broom
	phytoplasma,
	or
(ii)	derived
	in direct
	direct line

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	from
	material
	which
	is
	maintained
	under
	appropriate
	conditions
	and
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	been
	subjected,
	within
	the
	last
	three
	complete
	cycles
	of
	vegetation,
	at
	least
	once,
	to
	official
	testing
	for
	at
	least
	Strawberry
	witches'
	broom
	phytoplasma
	using
	appropriate
	indicators
	for
	the
	presence
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	those
	pests
	or
	equivalent
	mothoda
	methods
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	been
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	free,
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50.       Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seeds       ex 0602 10 90 ex 0002 90 30       Third countries of the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus Say Say Antheta Say Say Say Say Say Say Say Say Say Sa					tests,
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries of the shown to be free from Anknomus signatus Say and Anknoomus signatus Say and Say schenkling.Plants or schenkling.Plants or schenkling.					witches'
50.Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries ast countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomuss</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i>					
SolutionPlants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 99 30Third countries signatus Say and Anthonomus signatus					(b) no
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria 1. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 99 30Third countries of to control of to control the plants of to control the plants of to control the plants the plants <br< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></br<>					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries of fricial statement that the plants of mediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of statement that the plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of statement that the plants in an area known to be free from Anthononus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries of production, or on susceptible plants in its in result of the beginning of the last complete cycle of signation.Official statement that the plants of production, or on susceptible plants in its in result50.Plants for plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries of statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus besignifer Schenkling.					
Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma have been observed of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of regetation.Strawberry witches' broom ophytoplasma have been observed on plants at the place of of susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of regetation.50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus besignifer Schenkling.					
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50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries of susceptionOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries of production, or on susceptible plants in its in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.Of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.					
50.Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> signatus Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> signatus Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> signatus Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> bisignifer Schenkling.Potoclicity production, or on susceptible plants in its in its inmediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.50.Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> signatus Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> bisignifer Schenkling.					place
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries the countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries frid countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.Plants or plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.Plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.Official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>bisignifer</i> Schenkling.					
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50.Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>bisignifer</i> Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countries Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
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50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					beginning
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
50.Plants for planting of Fragaria L. other than seedsex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30Third countriesOfficial statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					of
planting of Fragaria L. other than seeds ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 30 statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					vegetation.
planting of Fragaria L. other than seeds ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 30 statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.	50.	Plants for	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official
other than seeds originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>bisignifer</i> Schenkling.			ex 0602 90 30		
area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>bisignifer</i> Schenkling.		Fragaria L.			
be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.		other than seeds			originate in an
Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
and Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling.					
bisignifer Schenkling.					
Schenkling.					
a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply					
	a The CN code of a	an associated plant shall app	bly		

51.	Plants of	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official
	Aegle Corrêa,	ex 0602 20 20		statement that
	Aeglopsis	ex 0602 20 30		the plants
	Swingle,	ex 0602 20 80		originate in
	Afraegle Engl,	ex 0602 90 41		a country
	Atalantia Corrêa,	ex 0602 90 45		recognised as
	Balsamocitrus	ex 0602 90 46		being free from
	Stapf,	ex 0602 90 10 ex 0602 90 47		Candidatus
	Burkillanthus	ex 0602 90 47		Liberibacter
	Swingle,	ex 0602 90 48		africanus,
	Calodendrum	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 70		Candidatus
		ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91		Liberibacter
	Thunb., <i>Choisya</i>			
	Kunth, <i>Clausena</i>	ex 0602 90 99		americanus and
	Burm. f.,	ex 0603 19 70		Candidatus
	<i>Limonia</i> L.,	ex 0604 20 90		Liberibacter
	Microcitrus	ex 1209 30 00		asiaticus,
	Swingle.,	ex 1209 99 10		causal agents of
	Murraya J.	ex 1209 99 91		Huanglongbing
	Koenig ex	ex 1209 99 99		disease of citrus/
	L., Pamburus	ex 1404 90 00		citrus greening,
	Swingle,			in accordance
	Severinia Ten.,			with relevant
	Swinglea Merr.,			International
	Triphasia Lour.			Standards for
	and Vepris			Phytosanitary
	Comm., other			Measures,
	than fruit (but			provided that
	including			this freedom
	seeds); and			status has been
	seeds of <i>Citrus</i>			communicated
	L., Fortunella			in writing to the Commission
	Swingle and			
	Poncirus Raf.,			by the national
	and their hybrids			plant protection
				organisation of
				the third country
				concerned.
52.	Plants of	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official
	Casimiroa	ex 0602 20 20		statement that:
	La Llave,	ex 0602 20 80		(a) the
	Choisya Kunth	ex 0602 90 41		plants
	<i>Clausena</i> Burm.	ex 0602 90 45		originate
	f., Murraya	ex 0602 90 46		in a
	J.Koenig ex L.,	ex 0602 90 47		country
	Vepris Comm,	ex 0602 90 48		in
	Zanthoxylum L.,	ex 0602 90 10 ex 0602 90 50		which
	other than fruits	ex 0602 90 70		Trioza
	and seeds	ex 0602 90 70		erytreae
	and seeds	ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99		Del
		ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70		Guercio
				I JUAROLO
		ex 0604 20 90		is

The CN code

## Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

		ex 1404 90 00		known
				not to
				occur,
			<i>a</i> \	or
			(b)	the
				plants
				originate
				in an
				area
				free from
				Trioza
				erytreae
				Del
				Guercio,
				established
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				and
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of Regulation
				Regulation (EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
			 	or
e of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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			(c)	the
			(-)	plants
				have
				been
				grown
				in a
				place
				of
				production,
				which
				is
				registered
				and
				supervised
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				of the
				country
				of
				origin,
				and
				where
				the
				plants
				have
				been
				grown
				during
				a
				period
				of one
				year,
				in an
				insect
				proof
				site of
				production
				against
				the
				introduction
				of
				Trioza
				erytreae
				Del
				Guercio,
				and
				where,
				during
				a
oda - C	appropriate direction 1, 11			u
code of an	associated plant shall app	іу		

a The CN co ł appiy

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				period
				of at
				least
				one
				year
				prior
				to the
				movement,
				two
				official
				inspections
				were
				carried
				out at
				appropriate times
				and no
				signs of <i>Trioza</i>
				<i>erytreae</i> Del
				Guercio
				have
				been
				observed
				in that
				site,
				and
				prior to
				movement
				are
				handled
				and
				packaged
				in
				ways to
				prevent
				infestation
				after
				leaving
				the
				place
				of
				production.
53.	Plants of	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official
	Aegle Corrêa,	ex 0602 20 20		statement that
	Aeglopsis	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30		the plants
	Swingle,	ex 0602 20 80		originate:
	Afraegle	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41		(a) in a
	Engl., Amyris	ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45		country
	P. Browne,	ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46		in
	$\mathbf{I}$ . Drowite,	TOA UUU2 20 40		111

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be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Atalantia Corrêa,	ex 0602 90 47		which
Balsamocitrus	ex 0602 90 48		Diaphorina
Stapf, <i>Choisya</i>	ex 0602 90 50		citri
Kunth, <i>Citropsis</i>	ex 0602 90 70		Kuway
Swingle &	ex 0602 90 91		is
Kellerman,	ex 0602 90 99		known
Clausena Burm.	ex 0603 19 70		not to
f., Eremocitrus	ex 0604 20 90		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ex 1404 90 00		occur,
Swingle, Esenbeckia	ex 1404 90 00	(b)	or in on
Kunth.,		(0)	in an
/			area free
Glycosmis			
Corrêa, <i>Limonia</i>			from
L., Merrillia			Diaphorina
Swingle,			citri
Microcitrus			Kuway,
Swingle,			established
Murraya J.			by the
Koenig ex L.,			national
Naringi Adans.,			plant
Pamburus			protection
Swingle,			organisation
Severinia Ten.,			in
Swinglea Merr.,			accordance
Tetradium Lour.,			with
Toddalia Juss.,			the
Triphasia Lour.,			relevant
Vepris Comm.,			International
Zanthoxylum L.,			Standards
other than fruit			for
and seed			Phytosanitary
			Measures,
			and
			which
			is
			mentioned
			on the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			•
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			under
			the
			rubric

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				'Additional declaration'.
54.	Plants of <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans. and <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 90 ex 0602 90 90 ex 0602 90 90 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Officialstatement thatthe plants theplants originate:(a)in acountryrecognisedasbeingfreefromXanthomonacitri pv.aurantifolii(Schaadet al.)Constantinet al.andXanthomonacitri pv.citri pv.citri((Hasse)Constantinet al. inaccordancewiththerelevantInternationalStandardsforPhytosanitarMeasures,providedthatthisfreedomstatushasbeencommunicatinwritingto theCommissionby thenationalplant

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		(b)	protection organisation of the third country concerned, or in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary
n associated plant shall app	l ly		phytosanitary

					certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
55.	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco,	Official statemen (a)	t that: either the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing
<b>a</b> The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly	Montenegro,		phytoplasmas

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ted plant shall ann		North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine	(b)	and Coconut cadang- cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and Coconut cadang- cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last
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The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

a

a

# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				and
				plants
				at the
				place
				of
				production
				which
				have
				shown
				symptoms
				giving
				rise
				to the
				suspicion
				of
				contamination
				by the
				pests
				have
				been
				rogued
				out at
				that
				place
				and the
				plants
				have
				undergone
				appropriate
				treatment
				to rid
				them of
				Myndus
				crudus
				Van
				Duzee,
			(c)	in the
				case of
				plants
				in
				tissue
				culture,
				the
				plants
				were
				derived
				from
				plants
				which
				have
				met the
				requirements
The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	lv		
	associated plant shan app	1 y		

				laid down in point (a) or (b).
56.	Plants of <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp., <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. and <i>Vallisneria</i> sp.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0604 20 90	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the roots have been subjected to testing for at least nematode pests, of a representative sample, using appropriate methods for the detection of the pests and have been found at these tests free from the nematode pests.
57.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	The fruits shall be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
58.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., Microcitrus Swingle, Naringi Adans., Swinglea Merr., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)

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#### Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

					Constantin
					et al.
					and
					Xanthomonas
					citri
					pv. <i>citri</i>
					(Hasse)
					Constantin
					<i>et al.</i> in
					accordance
					with
					the
					relevant
					International
					Standards
					for
					Phytosanitary
					Measures,
					and this
					freedom
					status
					has
					been
					communicated
					in
					advance
					in
					writing
					to the
					Commission
					by the
					national
					plant
					protection
					organisation
					of the
					third
					country
					concerned,
				<b>(1)</b>	or
				(b)	the
					fruits
					originate in an
					area established
					by the
					national
					plant
					protection
					organisation
					in the
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv	1		
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country of origin as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status	
of origin as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	country
as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary Certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	-
being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	origin
free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary Certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
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Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
<i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i> ) Constantin <i>et al.</i> and <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
<i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i> ) Constantin <i>et al.</i> and <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
(Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	,
and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
<i>citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
(Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
(Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	pv. <i>citri</i>
<i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	(Hasse)
accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
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which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
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mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom	
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writing to the	5
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by the	
nationa	al
plant	ion
protect organis	sation
of the	Julion
third	
countr	
concer	ned,
(c) the	
fruits	
origina	ite
in a	
place	
produc	tion
establi	
by the	
nationa	al
plant protect	ion
organis	
in the	
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of	
origin as	
being	
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aurant	
(Schaa	
et al.)	<i>.</i> .
Consta et al.	ntin
and	
	omonas
citri	
pv. citi	
an associated plant shall apply (Hasse	<u>)</u>

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	(d)	Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural
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et al. and **Xanthomonas** citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the fruits have been subjected to a treatment with sodium orthophenylphenate, or another effective treatment mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation

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of the third country concerned, and official inspections carried out at appropriate times prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and *Xanthomonas* citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,

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				or
			(e)	in the
			. /	case of
				fruits
				destined
				for
				industrial
				processing,
				official
				inspections
				prior to
				export
				have
				shown
				that the
				fruits
				are free
				from
				symptoms
				of
				Xanthomonas
				<i>citri</i> pv.
				aurantifolii
				(Schaad
				et al.)
				Constantin
				et al.
				and
				Xanthomonas
				citri
				pv. <i>citri</i>
				(Hasse)
				Constantin
				et al.,
				and
				the
				site of
				production
				and the
				immediate
				vicinity
				are
				subject
				to
				appropriate
				treatments
				and
				cultural
				practices
				against
				Xanthomonas
				<i>citri</i> pv.
The CN df	accorded plant at all	 		<i>ciii i</i> pv.
The UN code of an	associated plant shall app	Iy		

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aurantifolii
(Schaad
et al.)
Constantin
et al.
and Vanthomorea
Xanthomonas citri
pv. citri
(Hasse)
Constantin
et al.,
and
movement,
storage
and
processing
takes
place
under
conditions,
approved
1n
accordance
with the
procedure referred
to in
Article
107 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031,
and
the
fruits
have
been
transported
in
individual
packages
bearing
a label, which
contains
a
a traceability
code
and the

				indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No
59.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	2016/2031.Officialstatement that:(a)thefruitsoriginatein acountryrecognisedasbeingfreefromPseudocercosporaangolensis(T.Carvalho& O.Mendes)Crous& U.Brauninaccordancewiththerelevant

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

		(b)	International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho
ciated plant shall appl	у		fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T.

a

#### Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

The CN code of an associated plant shall apply					
Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant control to the Commission by the control to the Commission by the third country concerned, of this freedow status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the control or ganisation of the third country concerned, of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					Standards
Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant control to the Commission by the control to the Commission by the third country concerned, of this freedow status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the control or ganisation of the third country concerned, of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					for
Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosamitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the trubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T.					
<ul> <li>which</li> <li>is</li> <li>mentioned</li> <li>on the</li> <li>phytosanitary</li> <li>certificate</li> <li>referred</li> <li>to in</li> <li>Article</li> <li>71 of</li> <li>Regulation</li> <li>(EU)</li> <li>No</li> <li>2016/2031,</li> <li>under</li> <li>the</li> <li>rubric</li> <li>'Additional</li> <li>declaration',</li> <li>and this</li> <li>freedom</li> <li>status</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>communicated</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>protection</li> <li>of the</li> <li>third</li> <li>the</li> <li>communicated</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in<td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></li></ul>					
is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the thir country concerned, or <i>Pseudocercospora</i> angolensis (T. Carvalho					
mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in advance in advance in status has been communicated in advance in advance in status has been communicated in advance in advance in advance in status has been communicated in advance in in in in in in in in in in in in in					
<ul> <li>on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho</li> </ul>					
i       phytosanitary         certificate       referred         to in       Article         71 of       Regulation         (EU)       No         2016/2031,       under         under       the         rubric       'Additional         declaration',       and this         freedom       status         has       been         communicated       in         advance       in         advance       in         ational       plant         plant       of the         third       connerry         concerned,       or         of       Pseudocercosport         angolensis       (T,         Carvalho       Carvalho					
certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> angolensis (T, Carvalho					on the
certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> angolensis (T, Carvalho					phytosanitary
referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> angolensis (T. Carvalho					
to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (C) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> angolensis (T, Carvalho					
Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or concerned, or symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> angolensis (T. Carvalho					
71 of         Regulation         (EU)         No         2016/2031,         under         the         rubric         'Additional         declaration',         and this         freedom         communicated         in         writing         to the         commission         by the         national         plant         protection         organisation         of         (c)         no         the         no         by the         national         plant         protection         organisation         of         commission         by the         national         plant         protection         organisation         of         (c)         no         symptoms         of         Pseudocercospora         angolensis         (T)         Carvalho					
Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
(EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
2016/2031,         under         the         rubric         'Additional         declaration',         and this         freedom         status         has         been         communicated         in         writing         to the         Commission         by the         national         plant         protection         organisation         of the         third         country         concerned,         or         (c)         no         symptoms         of         Pseudocercospora         angolensis         (T.         Carvalho					
under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection of the third connersisation of the third concerned, or Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho					
under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection of the third connersisation of the third concerned, or Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho					2016/2031,
the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or Pseudocercospora angolensis of Pseudocercospora angolensis					
rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or full full concercospora angolensis of Pseudocercospora angolensis of Carvalho					
Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
declaration',         and this         freedom         status         has         been         communicated         in         advance         in         writing         to the         Commission         by the         national         plant         protection         organisation         of the         third         country         concerned,         or         (c)         no         symptoms         of         Pseudocercospora         angolensis         (T.         Carvalho					
and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
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has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho					
in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					communicated
in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					in
in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					advance
<pre>writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho</pre>					in
to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
plant         protection         organisation         of the         third         country         concerned,         or         (c)         symptoms         of         Pseudocercospora         angolensis         (T.         Carvalho					
protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					plant
of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					protection
third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					organisation
country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					third
concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					country
or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
(c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho					
of Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho					
Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho					
angolensis (T. Carvalho					
(T. Carvalho					1 seudocercospora
Carvalho					angoiensis
					(1.
The CN code of an associated plant shall apply					Carvalho
	The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly		

				& O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun have been observed in the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the site of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this
60.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits of <i>Citrus aurantium</i> L. and <i>Citrus</i> <i>latifolia</i> Tanaka	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from

a

# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

		ex 0805 90 00		citricarpa
				(McAlpine)
				Van der
				Aa, in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				International Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				and this
				freedom
				status
				has
				been
				communicated
				in
				advance
				in
				writing
				to the Commission
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				of the
				third
				country
				concerned,
				or
			(b)	the
				fruits
				originate in an
				area
				established
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in the
				country
				of
				origin
				as being
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app			ocing
The CIN code of an	associated plant snall app	i y		

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

free from Phyllosticta citricarpa (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation

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	of the
	third
	country
	concerned,
	or
(c)	the
(-)	fruits
	originate
	in a
	place
	of
	production
	established
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	in the
	country
	of
	origin
	as
	being
	free
	from
	Phyllosticta
	citricarpa
	(McAlpine)
	Van der
	Aa in
	accordance
	with
	the
	relevant
	International
	Standards
	for
	Phytosanitary
	Measures,
	which
	is
	mentioned
	on the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EU)

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				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
				and
				the
				fruits
				are
				found
				free of
				symptoms
				of
				Phyllosticta
				<i>citricarpa</i>
				(McAlpine) Van der
				Aa by
				official
				inspection
				of a
				representative
				sample,
				defined
				in
				accordance
				with
				international
				standards,
				or
			(d)	the
				fruits
				originate
				in a
				site of
				production
				subjected
				to
				appropriate treatments
				and
				cultural
				measures
				against
				Phyllosticta
				citricarpa
				(McAlpine)
				van der
				Aa,
				and
ciated plant shall appl	ly			

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

official inspections have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production
have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
<i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
<i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
(McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found
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symptoms
of
Phyllosticta
citricarpa
(McAlpine)
Van
der Aa

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		(e)	during an official inspection prior to export, of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, the fruits have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine)
			(McAlpine) Van
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а	The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

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phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the fruits have been transported in in individual packages bearing a label, which contains a			
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				traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
61. a The CN code of an	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, <i>Mangifera</i> L. and <i>Prunus</i> L. associated plant shall app	ex 0804 50 00 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 50 90 0809 10 00 0809 21 00 0809 21 00 0809 29 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 05 0809 40 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non- European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance

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		(b)	with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being
			country
			origin
			being free
			from <i>Tephritidae</i>
associated plant shall app	ly		<u></u>

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(non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the

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		(c)	national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> (non- European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections
			of vegetation, on
			inspections carried out at least monthly
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# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

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					harvesting,
					and
					none
					of the
					fruits
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					at the
					place
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					production
					has
					shown,
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					appropriate
					official
					examination,
					signs
					of the
					relevant
					pest
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					traceability
					is
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					in the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EŬ)
					No
					2016/2031,
					or
				(d)	have
					been
					subjected
					to an
					effective
					systems
					approach
					or an
					effective
					post-
					harvest
					treatment
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly			
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Tephritidae
(non-
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to be
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are
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on the
phytosanitary
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referred
to in
Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
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**Status:** Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. **Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to

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				Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
62.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> (L.), <i>Citrus</i> L., other than <i>Citrus limon</i> (L.) Osbeck. and <i>Citrus</i> <i>aurantiifolia</i> (Christm.) Swingle, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Punica</i> <i>granatum</i> L.	0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 28 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 90 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 ex 0810 90 75	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel	Officialstatement thatthe fruits:(a)originatein acountryrecognisedasbeingfreefromThaumatotibialeucotreta(Meyrick)inaccordancewithrelevantInternationalStandardsforPhytosanitaryMeasures,providedthatthisfreedomstatushasbeencommunicatedinwritingto theCommissionby thenationalplantprotection

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				organisation
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				third
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			(b)	originate
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				protection
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				Thaumatotibia
				leucotreta
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				in
				accordance
				with
				the
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				International
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				Phytosanitary
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				which
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				mentioned on the
				on the phytosanitary
				certificate
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				to in
				Article
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# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

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				Commission
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				third
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			(a)	or
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				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in the
				country
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relevant
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in the
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No
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and
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in the
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to be
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(Meyrick), or (d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post- harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or a another effective systems approach or another effective post- harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					Thaumatotibia
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ThaumatotibiaImage: lege structureImage: leg					
Image: state stat					from
(Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					Thaumatotibia
(Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					leucotreta
and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					(Meyrick)
use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					
systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					
approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in					
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certificate referred to in					
referred to in					phytosanitary
to in					
f an associated plant shall apply					to in
	f an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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				Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned.
63.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	$\begin{array}{c} 0808 \ 10 \ 10 \\ 0808 \ 10 \ 80 \\ 0808 \ 30 \ 10 \\ 0808 \ 30 \ 90 \\ 0809 \ 10 \ 00 \\ 0809 \ 21 \ 00 \\ 0809 \ 29 \ 00 \\ 0809 \ 30 \ 10 \\ 0809 \ 30 \ 90 \\ 0809 \ 40 \ 05 \\ 0809 \ 40 \ 90 \\ 0810 \ 40 \ 10 \end{array}$	Canada, Mexico and the United States	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation

	0810 40 30	in the
	0810 40 50	country
	0810 40 90	of
		origin
		as
		being
		free
		from
		Grapholita
		packardi
		Zeller
		in
		accordance
		with
		the
		relevant
		International
		Standards
		for
		Phytosanitary
		Measures,
		which
		is
		mentioned
		on the
		certificate
		referred
		to in
		Article
		71 of
		Regulation
		(EU)
		No
		2016/2031,
		under
		the
		rubric
		'Additional
		declaration',
		provided
		that
		this
		freedom
		status
		has
		been
		communicated
		in
		advance
		in
		writing
		to the
de of an associated plant shall a	annly	
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			Commission by the
			national
			plant
			protection
			organisation
			of the
			third
			country concerned,
			or
		(b)	originate
		(0)	in a
			place
			of
			production
			where
			official
			inspections
			and surveys
			for the
			presence
			of
			Grapholita
			packardi
			Zeller
			are
			carried
			out at appropriate
			times
			during
			the
			growing
			season,
			including
			an
			inspection of a
			representative
			sample
			of
			fruits,
			shown
			to be
			free
			of the
			pest,
			and information
			on
d plant shall appl	ly		

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			traceability
			is
			included
			in the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			or
		(c)	have
			been
			subjected
			to an
			effective
			systems
			approach
			or an
			effective
			post-
			harvest
			treatment
			to
			ensure freedom
			from
			Grapholita
			packardi
			Zeller
			and the
			use of a
			systems
			approach
			or
			details
			of the
			treatment
			method
			are
			indicated
			on the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in Article
			71 of
4 - J - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	 		/101
ted plant shall app	iy		

				Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned.
64.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria</i> <i>kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance

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			Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided
			that this freedom status has
			been communicated in advance
			in writing to the Commission by the
			national plant protection organisation of the
			third country concerned, or
		(b)	originate in an area established by the
			national plant protection organisation in the
			country of origin as
			being free from <i>Botryosphaeria</i>
			kuwatsukai (Hara)

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G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third

			country
			concerned
			to the
			Commission,
			or
		(c)	originate
			in a
			place
			of
			production
			where
			official
			inspections
			and
			surveys
			for the
			presence
			of
			Botryosphaeria
			kuwatsukai
			(Hara)
			G.Y.
			Sun
			and E.
			Tanaka
			are
			carried
			out at
			appropriate
			times
			during
			the
			growing
			season
			to
			detect
			the
			presence
			of the
			pest,
			including
			a visual
			inspection
			of a
			representative
			sample
			of fruita
			fruits,
			shown
			to be
			free of the post
	•		the pest
d plant shall app	ly		

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(d)	and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or have been
	been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post- harvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria</i> <i>kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are

				indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned to the Commission.
65.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Anthonomus</i>
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly		

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

quadrigibbus Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or(b)originate in an area established by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned, or(b)originate in an area established by the national plant plant protection organisation in an area established by the national plant plant protection organisation in the country of of origin as being free from the the state		
Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		quadrigibbus
<ul> <li>accordance</li> <li>with</li> <li>relevant</li> <li>International</li> <li>Standards</li> <li>for</li> <li>Phytosanitary</li> <li>Measures,</li> <li>provided</li> <li>that</li> <li>this</li> <li>freedom</li> <li>status</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>communicated</li> <li>in</li> <li>writing</li> <li>to the</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>of the</li> <li>third</li> <li>country</li> <li>concerned,</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>(c)</li></ul>		Say in
<ul> <li>relevant</li> <li>International</li> <li>Standards</li> <li>for</li> <li>Phytosanitary</li> <li>Measures,</li> <li>provided</li> <li>that</li> <li>this</li> <li>freedom</li> <li>status</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>communicated</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>writing</li> <li>to the</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>of the</li> <li>third</li> <li>country</li> <li>concerned,</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>originate</li> <li>in an</li> <li>area</li> <li>established</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>of the</li> <li>third</li> <li>country</li> <li>concerned,</li> <li>or</li> <li>or</li> <li>or</li> <li>originate</li> <li>in an</li> <li>area</li> <li>established</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>in the</li> <li>country</li> <li>of</li> <li>origin</li> <li>as</li> <li>being</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> </ul>		accordance
<ul> <li>International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from</li> </ul>		with
<ul> <li>Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country concerned, or</li> </ul>		relevant
<ul> <li>for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country concerned, or</li> </ul>		International
<ul> <li>Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or</li> <li>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from</li> </ul>		Standards
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Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		Phytosanitary
<ul> <li>that</li> <li>this</li> <li>freedom</li> <li>status</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>communicated</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>writing</li> <li>to the</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>of the</li> <li>third</li> <li>country</li> <li>concerned,</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>originate</li> <li>in an</li> <li>area</li> <li>established</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>in the</li> <li>country</li> <li>of</li> <li>origin</li> <li>as</li> <li>being</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> </ul>		Measures,
<ul> <li>this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from</li> </ul>		
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<ul> <li>status</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>communicated</li> <li>in</li> <li>advance</li> <li>in</li> <li>writing</li> <li>to the</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>of the</li> <li>third</li> <li>country</li> <li>concerned,</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b)</li> <li>originate</li> <li>in an</li> <li>area</li> <li>established</li> <li>by the</li> <li>national</li> <li>plant</li> <li>protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>in the</li> <li>country</li> <li>of</li> <li>origin</li> <li>as</li> <li>being</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> </ul>		
has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		freedom
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third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		organisation
country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		
concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		
(b) or in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		country
(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		concerned,
in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from		
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quadrigibbus Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,

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			or
		(c)	originate
			in a
			place
			of
			production
			where
			official
			inspections
			and
			surveys
			for the
			presence
			of
			Anthonomus
			quadrigibbus
			Say are
			carried
			out at
			appropriate times
			during the
			growing
			season,
			including
			a visual
			inspection
			ofa
			representative
			sample
			of
			fruits,
			shown
			to be
			free of
			the pest
			and
			information
			on
			traceability
			is
			included
			in the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
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ssociated plant shall appl	ly		
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#### Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

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					No
					2016/2031,
					or
				(d)	have
					been
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					to
					ensure
					freedom
					from
					Anthonomus
					quadrigibbus
					Say
					and the
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					systems
					approach
					or
					details
					of the
					treatment
					method
					are
					indicated
					on the
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031,
					provided
					that the
					systems
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					or the
					post-
					harvest
					treatment
					method
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

					have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
66. a The CN code of an	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80	Third countries	Official statemen the fruit (a)	

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			(b)	status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita</i> <i>prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita</i> <i>inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis</i> <i>pomonella</i>
				inopinata (Heinrich) and Rhagoletis pomonella
				(Walsh) in accordance with the relevant
of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No
2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',
and this freedom status has been
communicated in advance in writing
to the Commission by the national plant
protection organisation of the third country concerned,
or (c) originate in a place of
production where official

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inspections and surveys for the presence of Grapholita prunivora (Walsh), Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) and **Rhagoletis** pomonella (Walsh) are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest(s), including a visual inspection ofa representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest(s) and information on traceability is included in the certificate

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	(d)	referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post- harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita</i> <i>prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita</i> <i>inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis</i> <i>pomonella</i> (Walsh) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in
bly		referred

				Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method have been have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection of the third country concerned.
67.	Fruits of <i>Solanaceae</i>	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90	Australia, the Americas and New Zealand	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera</i> <i>cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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			International
			Standards
			for
			Phytosanitary
			Measures,
			provided
			that
			this
			freedom
			status
			has
			been
			communicated
			in
			advance
			in
			writing
			to the
			Commission
			by the
			national
			plant
			protection
			organisation
			of the
			third
			country
			concerned,
			or an area
			an area established
			by the
			national
			plant
			protection
			organisation
			in the
			country
			of
			origin
			as
			being
			free
			from
			Bactericera
			cockerelli
			(Sulc.)
			in
			accordance
			with
			the
			relevant
ssociated plant shall appl	ly		

I					International
					Standards
					for
					Phytosanitary
					Measures,
					which
					is
					mentioned
					on the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU) No
					2016/2031,
					under
					the
					rubric
					'Additional
					declaration',
					provided
					that
					this
					freedom
					status has
					been
					communicated
					in
					advance
					in
					writing
					to the
					Commission by the
					by the national
					plant
					protection
					organisation
					of the
					third
					country
					concerned,
				$\langle \rangle$	or
				(c)	a place
					of
					production, where
an	associated plant shall app	  v			where
ап	associated plant snall app	ıy			

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official
inspections
and
surveys
for the
presence
of
Bactericera
cockerelli
(Sulc.)
including
its immediate
vicinity are
carried
out
during
the last
three
months
prior to
export
and
subject
to
effective
treatments
to
ensure
freedom from
the
pest,
and
representative
samples
of the
fruit
have
been
inspected
prior to
export,
and
information
on
traceability
1S included
included in the
certificate

a

### Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031
				or
			(d)	an
			(u)	insect
				proof
				site of
				production,
				established
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in the
				country
				of
				origin,
				as being
				free
				from
				Bactericera
				cockerelli
				(Sulc.),
				on the
				basis of
				official
				inspections
				and
				surveys
				carried
				out
				during
				the
				three
				months
				prior to
				export,
				and
				information
				on
				traceability
				is
				included
				in the
The CN and a of	associated plant shall	 		
The Civ code of an	associated plant shall app	i y		

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to

be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

				phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
68.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> <i>annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum</i> <i>aethiopicum</i> L., <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i> <i>melongena</i> L.	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 ex 0709 60 10 ex 0709 60 91 ex 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinode.</i> <i>elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant

				protection
				organisation
				of the
				third
				country
				concerned,
				or
			(b)	an area
				established
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in the
				country
				of
				origin
				as
				being
				free
				from
				Neoleucinodes
				elegantalis
				(Guenée)
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EŬ)
				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric
an	associated plant shall app	ly	 	

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

for an associated plant shall apply				
<pre>provided that that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in advance in advance in advance in advance in commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) aplace of production established by the national plant plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or aplace or aplace of production established by the national plant plant plant plant plant plant protection organisation of the country of applace of the country of applace being free from of Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International</pre>				
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				protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes</i> <i>elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the
				protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes</i> <i>elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant

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# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

			Standards
			for
			Phytosanitary
			Measures
			and
			official
			inspections
			have
			been
			carried
			out
			in the
			place
			of
			production
			at
			appropriate
			times
			during
			the
			growing
			season
			to detect
			the
			presence
			of the
			pest,
			including
			an
			examination
			on
			representative
			samples
			of fruit,
			shown
			to be
			free
			from
			Neoleucinodes
			elegantalis
			(Guenée),
			and
			information
			on
			traceability
			is
			included
			in the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly	

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			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
		(1)	or
		(d)	an
			insect proof
			site of
			production,
			established
			by the
			national
			plant
			protection
			organisation
			in the
			country
			of
			origin
			as
			being free
			from
			Neoleucinodes
			elegantalis
			(Guenée),
			on the
			basis of
			official
			inspections
			and
			surveys
			carried
			out
			during
			the three
			months
			prior to
			export,
			and
			information
			on
			traceability
			is
			included
			in the
			phytosanitary
ted plant shall appl	у		

		l l	Regulation EU) No 2016/2031.
Isotropersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	2 00 00 9 30 00 1 hird	(b) a (b) a (c) a (b) a (c) a	n:

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			accordance
			with
			the
			relevant
			International
			Standards
			for
			Phytosanitary
			Measures,
			which
			is
			mentioned
			on the
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			under
			the
			rubric
			'Additional
			declaration',
			or
		(c)	a place
			of
			production,
			established
			by the
			national
			plant
			protection
			organisation
			in the
			country
			of
			origin
			as
			being
			free
			from
			Keiferia
			lycopersicella
			(Walsingham),
			on the
			basis of
			official
		 	inspections
lant shall app	ly	 	

	I	I	I	1	
					and
					surveys
					carried
					out
					during
					the last
					three
					months
					prior to
					export,
					which
					is mentioned
					on the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EŬ)
					No
					2016/2031,
					under
					the
					rubric
					'Additional
					declaration'.
70.	Fruits of	0709 30 00	Third countries	Official	
	Solanum			statemen	t that
	<i>melongena</i> L.			the fruits	
				(a)	originate
					in a
					country
					free
					from
					Thrips
					palmi
					Karny
					in
					accordance
					with
					relevant
					International
					Standards
					for Distographics
					Phytosanitary Maasuras
					Measures,
		1			or
a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply					

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	I	1	1		· · .
				(b)	originate
					in an
					area
					established
					by the
					national
					plant
					protection
					organisation
					in the
					country
					of
					origin
					as baing
					being
					free
					from
					Thrips
					palmi
					Karny
					in
					accordance
					with
					the
					relevant
					International
					Standards
					for
					Phytosanitary
					Measures,
					which
					is
					mentioned
					on the
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031,
					under
					the
					rubric
					'Additional
					declaration',
					or
				(c)	immediately
					prior
					to their
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv		<u> </u>	
	associated plant shan app	· <i>y</i>			

a

					export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips</i> <i>palmi</i> Karny.
71.	Fruits of <i>Momordica</i> L.	ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statemen that the f originate (a)	ruits
	associated plant shall app			(b)	an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips</i> <i>palmi</i> Karny

					in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
72. a The CN code of an	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L. associated plant shall app	ex 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 ex 0709 60 95 ex 0709 60 99	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico, United States and French Polynesia where <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>eugenii</i> Cano is known to occur	Official statemen that the f originate (a)	ruits

a

# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				and
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
				or
			(b)	a place
				of
				production,
				established
				in the
				country
				of
				origin
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in that
				country,
				as
				being
				free
				from
				Anthonomus
				eugenii
				Cano,
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				International
	<u> </u>	•		memanonal
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	Iy		

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		Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and
		which
		mentioned on the
		phytosanitary certificate
		referred to in
		Article 71 of
		Regulation (EU)
		No 2016/2031,
		under the
		rubric
		'Additional declaration',
		and declared
		free from
		Anthonomus eugenii
		Cano on
		official inspections
		carried out at
		least
		monthly during
		the two months
		prior to export,
		at the place
		of production
		and its immediate
		vicinity.
l app	lv	

73.		ex 0709 99 60	Third countries	Official
73.	Seeds of Zea mays L.	ex 0709 99 60 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Pantoea</i> <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or (b) a representat sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea</i> <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or (b) a representat sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea</i> <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or (b) a representat sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea</i> <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck k Kersters
				in this test.
74.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90 1002 10 00 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and United States where <i>Tilletia</i>	Official statement that the seeds originate in an area where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur. The

			<i>indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	name of the is mentioned the phytosan certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation ( No 2016/203 under the rul 'place of orig	EU)
75.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	1001 19 00 1002 90 00 ex 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and United States where <i>Tilletia</i> <i>indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	in a are wh <i>Tilli</i> <i>ind</i> Mi kno not occ The nar of t are are are on phy cer refit to i Art 71 Rej (EU No 201 und the rub 'pla of of not occ The nar of t are are on phy cer refit (EU No 201 und the not occ The nar of t are are on phy cer (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No 201 (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (EU No (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E)	in ginates an a ere <i>letia</i> <i>lica</i> tra is bwn to cur. e ne the a or as is ntioned the vtosanitary tificate erred n cicle of gulation J)

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Tilletia
indica
Mitra
have
been
observed
on the
plants
at the
place
of
production
during
their
last
complete
cycle
of
vegetation
and
representative
samples
of the
grain
have
been
taken
both
at the
time of
harvest and
before
shipment
and
have
been
tested
and
found
free
from
Tilletia
indica
Mitra
in these
tests;
the
latter is
mentioned
on the phytosanitary
pilytosaintaly

76.	Wood of conifers	ex 4401 11 00	Canada, China,	certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'name of produce' as 'tested and found free from <i>Tilletia</i> <i>indica</i> Mitra'.
	(Pinales), except that of <i>Thuja</i> L.	ex 4403 11 00 4403 21 10	Japan, Republic of Korea,	statement that the wood has
	and <i>Taxus</i> L.,	4403 21 90	Mexico, Taiwan	undergone an
	other than in the	4403 22 00	and United	appropriate:
	form of:	4403 23 10	States, where	(a) heat
	— chips,	4403 23 90	Bursaphelenchus	treatment
	L L	,4403 24 00	xylopĥilus	to
		ex 4403 25 10	(Steiner et	achieve
	Ũ	,ex 4403 25 90	Bührer) Nickle	а
	wood	ex 4403 26 00	<i>et al.</i> is known to	minimum
	waste	ex 4404 10 00	occur	temperature
	and	ex 4406 11 00		of
	scrap	ex 4406 91 00		56 °C
		4407 11 10 4407 11 20		for a
	in whole	4407 11 20		minimum duration
	or part	4407 11 90		of 30
	from	4407 12 10		continuous
	these	4407 12 20		minutes
		ex 4407 19 10		throughout
	— wood	ex 4407 19 20		the
		gx 4407 19 90		entire
		ex 4408 10 15		profile
	in the	ex 4408 10 91		of the
	C C	are 1100 10 00		wood
	form of	ex 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00		wood, indicated

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	cases,	ex 9406 10 00	by a
	boxes,		mark
	crates,		'HT'
	drums		put
	and		on the
	similar		wood
	packings,		or on
	pallets,		
			any
	box		wrapping
	pallets		in
	and		accordance
	other		with
	load		current
	boards,		usage,
	pallet		and
	collars,		on the
	dunnage,		phytosanitary
	whether		certificate
	or not		referred
	actually		to in
	in use		Article
	in the		71 of
	transport		Regulation
	of		(EŬ)
	objects		No
	of all		2016/2031,
	kinds,		and
	except		official
	dunnage		statement
	supportin	σ	that
	consignm		subsequent
	of	lents	to its
	wood,		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		treatment
	which		the
	is	1	wood
	construct	ed	was
	from		transported
	wood		until
	of the		leaving
	same		the
	type		country
	and		issuing
	quality		that
	as the		statement
	wood		outside
	in the		of the
	consignm	ent	flight
	and		season
	which		of the
	meets		vector
	the		Monochamus,
	same		taking
The CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	1	
The CIN COUL OF all	associated plant shan appr	r	

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	· · · ·	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		• .
	Union				into
	phytosar	nitary			account
	requirem	ents			a safety
	as the				margin
	wood				of four
	in the				additional
	consignr	nent,			weeks
	— wood				at the
	of				beginning
	Libocedi	us			and at
	decurren				the end
	Torr.				of the
	where				expected
	there is				flight
	evidence				season,
	that the				
	wood				or, avcapt
	has				except in the
					case of
	been	4			
	processe	a			wood
	or	. 1			free
	manufac	tured			from
	for				any
	pencils				bark,
	using				with a
	heat				protective
	treatmen	t			covering
	to				ensuring
	achieve				that
	а				infestation
	minimur	n			with
	temperat	ure			Bursaphelenchus
	of				xylophilus
	82 °C				(Steiner
	for a				et
	seven				Bührer)
	to				Nickle
	eight-				et al.
	day				or its
	period,				vector
	but including				cannot
	that which has				occur.
	not kept its				or
	natural round			(b)	fumigation
	surface			(0)	to a
	Surface				specification
					approved
					in
					accordance
					with
					the
					procedure
ode of an	associated plant shall app	lv			

a

## Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				laid
				down
				in
				Article
				107 of
				Regulation
				(EU) No
				2016/2031,
				the
				active
				ingredient,
				the
				minimum
				wood
				temperature,
				the rate
				$(g/m^3)$
				and the
				exposure
				time of
				which
				are
				indicated
				on the
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EŬ)
				No
				2016/2031,
				or
				chemical
				pressure
				impregnation
				with a
				product
				approved
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				procedure
				laid
				down
				in
				Article
				107 of
The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	v		107 01
The Civ code of an				

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			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			the
			active
			ingredient,
			the
			pressure
			(psi or
			kPa) and the
			concentration
			(%) of
			which
			are
			indicated
			on the
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU) No
			2016/2031,
			2010/2031, or
		(d)	heat
		(u)	treatment
			to
			achieve
			a
			minimum
			temperature
			of 56°C
			for a
			minimum
			duration
			of 30 continuous
			minutes
			throughout
			the
			entire
			profile
			of the
			wood,
			and
			kiln-
			drying
			to
iated plant shall app	ly		

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below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, which is indicated by a mark 'kilndried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark together with a mark 'HT', put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article

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				71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
77.	Wood of conifers(Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers	4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate: (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official statement that subsequent

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to its
treatment
the
wood
was
transported
until
leaving
the
country
issuing
that
statement
outside
of the
flight
season
of the
vector
Monochamus,
taking
into
account
a safety
margin
of four
additional
weeks
at the
beginning and at
the end
of the
expected flight
•
season,
or, except
in the
case of
wood
free
from
any bark,
with a
protective
-
covering
ensuring
that
infestation with
witti

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				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				or
			(c)	heat
			(•)	treatment
				to
				achieve
				a 
				minimum
				temperature
				of 56°C
				for a
				minimum
				duration
				of 30
				continuous
				minutes
				throughout
				the
				entire
				profile
				of the
				wood,
				and
				kiln-
				drying
				to
				below
				20 %
				moisture
				content,
				expressed
				as a
				percentage
				of dry
				matter,
				achieved
				through
				an
				appropriate
				time/
				temperature
				schedule,
				which
				is
				indicated
				by a
				mark
an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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					'kiln- dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark together with a mark 'HT', put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU)
					2016/2031.
78.	sawdust, shavings wood waste and scrap	ex 4401 11 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 ex 4406 11 00 ex 4406 91 00 ex 4406 91 00 ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the United States, where <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statemen the wood (a) (b)	
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	У			

	or part	ex 9406 10 00		expressed
	from			as a
	these			percentage
	conifers.			of dry
	wood			matter,
	packagir	g		achieved
	material.	0		through
	in the			an
	form of			appropriate
	packing			time/
	cases,			temperature
	boxes,			schedule,
	crates,			indicated
	drums			by a
	and			mark
	similar			'kiln-
	packings	,		dried'
	pallets,			or WD,
	box			'K.D.'
	pallets			or
	and			another
	other			internationally
	load			recognised
	boards,			mark,
	pallet			put
	collars,			on the
	dunnage	,		wood
	whether			or on
	or not			any
	actually			wrapping
	in use			in
	in the			accordance
	transport			with
	of			current
	objects			usage,
	of all			or
	kinds,		(c)	has
	except			undergone
	dunnage			an
	supporti	ng		appropriate
	consignr			heat
	of			treatment
	wood,			to
	which			achieve
	is			a
	construc	ted		minimum
	from			temperature
	wood			of
	of the			56 °C
	same			for a
				minimum
	type and			duration
1 6				unanon
ode of an	associated plant shall appl	V		

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71 of         Regulation         (EU)         No         2016/2031,         or         (d)         has         undergone         an         appropriate         fumigation         to a         specificatio         approved         in         accordance         with         the         procedure         laid
N code of an associated plant shall apply

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

				Article
				107 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				the
				active
				ingredient,
				the minimum
				wood
				temperature,
				the rate
				$(g/m^3)$
				and the
				exposure
				time
				(h) of
				which
				are
				indicated
				on the
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				or
			(e)	has
				undergone
				an
				appropriate
				chemical
				pressure
				impregnation
				with a
				product
				approved
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				procedure
				laid
				down
				in
iated plant shall appl	ly			

					Article 107 of Regulatic (EU) No 2016/202 the active ingredient the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentr (%) of which are indicated on the certificat referred to in	31, nt, ation
					to in	
					Article 71 of	
					Regulati	on
					(EŬ)	
					No 2016/203	31.
79.	Wood of conifers	4401 11 00	Kazakhstan,	Official		
	(Pinales), other	4403 11 00	Russia and	statemen	t that	
	than in the form	4403 21 10	Turkey	the wood	1:	
	of:	4403 21 90	-	(a)	originate	S
	— chips,	4403 22 00			in areas	
	particles	,4403 23 10			known	
		4403 23 90			to be	
	shavings	,4403 24 00			free	
	wood	4403 25 10			from:	
	waste	4403 25 90			(i)	Monochamus
	and	4403 26 00				spp.
	scrap	ex 4404 10 00				(non-
		4406 11 00				European
	in	4406 91 00			<i></i>	populations)
	whole	4407 11 10			(ii)	Pissodes
	or part	4407 11 20				<i>cibriani</i>
	from	4407 11 90				O'Brien,
	these	4407 12 10				Pissodes
	-	4407 12 20				fasciatus
	— wood	4407 12 90 1 <b>g</b> 407 19 10				Leconte, <i>Pissodes</i>
			1	1		TINNOUES
		4407 19 20				nemorensis

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Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

	in the 4407 19 90	Germar	
	form of 4408 10 15	Pissode	
	packing 4408 10 91	nitidus	-
	cases, 4408 10 98	Roelofs	
	boxes, ex 4416 00 00	Pissode	
	crates, ex 9406 10 00	punctati	
	drums	Langor	15
	and	&	
	similar	Zhang,	
	packings,	Pissode.	c
	pallets,	strobi	3
	box	(Peck),	
		Pissode.	c
	pallets and	termina.	
	other		
		Hopping	
	load	Pissode	
	boards,	yunnane	ensis
	pallet	Langor	
	collars,	&	
	dunnage,	Zhang	
	whether	and	
	actually	Pissode	
	in use	zitacuar	ense
	or not	Sleeper	_
	in the	(iii) Scolytid	ae
	transport	spp.	
	of	(non-	
	objects	Europea	ın)
	of all	and	
	kinds,	indicate	d
	except	on	
	dunnage	the	
	supporting	phytosa	
	consignments	certifica	ite
	of	referred	
	wood,	to	
	which	in	
	is	Article	
	constructed	71	
	from	of	
	wood	Regulat	ion
	of the	(EŬ)	
	same	No	
	type	2016/20	031,
	and	under	,
	quality	the	
	as the	rubric	
	wood	'place	
	in the	of	
	consignment	origin',	
	and	or	
	which		
The CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	1	
The Cry code of all	ussoenie print shuh uppry		

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	meets the same Union		(b)	is bark- free and free
	phytosar requirem			from grub
	as the wood			holes, caused
	in the consignr	nent		by the genus
	but including	nent,		Monochamus
	that which has not kept its			spp. (non-
	natural round surface			European populations),
				defined for this
				purpose as
				those
				which are
				larger than
				3 mm across,
			(c)	or has
				undergone kiln-
				drying to
				below
				20 % moisture
				content, expressed
				as a percentage
				of dry matter,
				achieved through
				an
				appropriate time/
				temperature schedule
				and indicated
				by a mark
code of an	associated plant shall app	y		

a

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				ʻkiln-
				dried'
				or
				'K.D.'
				or
				another
				internationally
				recognised
				mark,
				put
				on the
				wood
				or on
				any
				wrapping
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				current
				usage,
				or
				has
			(u)	undergone
				an
				appropriate
				heat
				treatment
				to
				achieve
				a
				minimum
				temperature
				of
				56 °C
				for a
				minimum
				duration
				of 30
				continuous
				minutes
				throughout
				the
				entire
				profile
				of the
				wood,
				and
				indicated
				by a
				mark
				'HT'
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv		
		- ,		

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		(e)	put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has
			active
			the
			minimum wood
ciated plant shall appl	lv		temperature,
man application ap	· ,		

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	the rate
	$(g/m^3)$
	and the
	exposure
	time
	(h) of
	which
	have
	been
	indicated
	on the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EŬ)
	No
	2016/2031,
	or
(f)	has
	undergone
	an
	appropriate
	chemical
	pressure
	impregnation
	with a
	product
	approved
	in
	accordance
	with
	the
	procedure laid
	down
	in
	Article
	107 of
	Regulation
	(EU)
	No
	2016/2031,
	the
	active
	ingredient,
	the
	pressure
	r

								(psi or kPa) and the concentration (%) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
80.	Wood of				Third cou		Official	
	(Pinales)		4403		other than		statement	
	than in th	e form	4403				the wood	
	of:	1.	4403			Andorra		is bark-
		chips,	4403			Armenia	1	free
		particles				Azerbaij		and
		sawdust, shavings				Belarus, Bosnia		free from
		wood	,4403			and		grub
		waste	4403			Herzego	vina	holes,
		and	4403			Canary	villa,	caused
		scrap		04 10 00		Islands,		by the
		obtained				Faeroe		genus
		in	4406			Islands,		Monochamus
		whole	4407			Georgia,		spp.
		or part	4407	11 20		Iceland,		(non-
		from	4407			Liechten		European
		these	4407			Kazakhs		populations),
		conifers,				Moldova	· ·	defined
	<del></del>	wood	4407			Monaco,	1	for this
		packagir				Montene North	U i	purpose
		material, in the	4407			North Macedoi		as those
		form of				Norway,		which
		packing				Russia,		are
		cases,	4408			San		larger
		boxes,		16 00 00		Marino,		than
		crates,		06 10 00		Serbia,		3 mm
		drums				Switzerl	and,	across,
		and				Turkey,	-	or
		similar				and		has
		packings	,			Ukraine,		undergone
a The CN code of an	associated pla	ant shall app	ly					

	pallets,	 Canada,	kiln-
	box	China,	drying
	pallets	Japan,	to
	and	Republic	below
	other	of	20 %
	load	Korea,	moisture
	boards,	Mexico,	content,
	pallet	Taiwan	expressed
	collars,	and	as a
	dunnage,	United	percentage
	whether	States,	of dry
	actually	where	matter,
	in use	Bursaphelench	-
	or not	xylophilus	through
	in the	(Steiner	an
	transport	et	appropriate
	of	Bührer)	time/
	objects	Nickle	temperature
	of all	<i>et al.</i> is	schedule,
	kinds,	known	indicated
		to	
	except		by a mark
	dunnage	occur	'kiln-
	supporting		dried'
	consignments of		
			or 'V D'
	wood,		'K.D'
	which		Or or oth or
	1S		another
	constructed		internationally
	from		recognised
	wood		mark,
	of the		put
	same		on the
	type		wood
	and		or on
	quality		any .
	as the		wrapping
	wood		in
	in the		accordance
	consignment		with
	and		current
	which		usage,
	meets		or
	the	(c)	has
	same		undergone
	Union		an .
	phytosanitary		appropriate
	requirements		fumigation
	as the		to a
	wood		specification
	in the		approved
	consignment,		in
code of an	associated plant shall apply		

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	but including		I		accordance
	that which has				with
	not kept its				the
	natural round				procedure
	surface.				Îaid
					down
					in
					Article
					107 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No 2016/2021
					2016/2031, the
					active
					ingredient,
					the
					minimum
					wood
					temperature,
					the rate
					$(g/m^3)$
					and the
					exposure
					time
					(h) of
					which
					are indicated
					on the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031,
				(d)	or has
				(u)	undergone
					an
					appropriate
					chemical
					pressure
					impregnation
					with a
					product
					approved
N code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly			

The CN a

a

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					in
					accordance
					with
					the
					procedure
					laid
					laid
					down
					in
					Article
					107 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031,
					the
					active
					ingredient,
					the
					pressure
					(psi or
					kPa)
					and the
					concentration
					(%) of
					which
					are
					indicated
					on the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031,
					or
				(e)	has
				(e)	
					undergone
					an
					appropriate
					heat
					treatment
					to
					achieve
					a
					a minimum
					temperature
					of
					56 °C
The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly			
			· · · · · ·		

				for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and indicated by the mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
form parti sawc shav wast obtai whol from	n of chips, e	ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland,	
a The CN code of an associa	ated plant shall apply	7		

Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro,	European populations), <i>Pissodes</i> <i>cibriani</i>
North	O'Brien,
Macedonia,	Pissodes
Norway, San	fasciatus
Marino, Serbia,	Leconte,
Switzerland, and	Pissodes
Ukraine,	nemorensis
and other than	Germar,
Canada, China,	Pissodes
Japan,Republic	nitidus
of Korea,	Roelofs,
Mexico, Taiwan	Pissodes
and USA, where	punctatus
Bursaphelenchus	Langor
xylophilus	&
(Steiner et	Zhang,
Bührer) Nickle	Pissodes
<i>et al.</i> is known to	strobi
occur	(Peck),
	Pissodes
	<i>terminalis</i>
	Hopping,
	Pissodes
	yunnanensis
	Langor &
	Zhang
	and
	Pissodes
	zitacuarense
	Sleeper,
	Scolytidae
	spp.
	(non-
	European)
	The
	area
	shall be
	mentioned
	on the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EU)

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			No
			2016/2031,
			under
			the
			rubric
			'place
			of
			origin,'
		(1)	or
		(b)	has
			been
			produced
			from
			debarked
			round
			wood,
			or
		(c)	has
			undergone
			kiln-
			drying
			to
			below
			20 %
			moisture
			content,
			expressed
			as a
			percentage
			of dry
			matter,
			achieved
			through
			an
			appropriate
			time/
			temperature
			schedule,
			or
		(d)	has
			undergone
			an
			appropriate
			fumigation
			to a
			specification
			approved
			in
			accordance
			with
			the
			procedure
associated plant shall appl	lv.		Procedure
associated plant shan app	ıy		

a

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				laid
				down
				in
				Article
				107 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				the
				active
				ingredient,
				the
				minimum
				wood
				temperature,
				the rate $(\alpha/m^2)$
				(g/m3) and the
				exposure time
				(h) of
				which
				are
				indicated
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
			(-)	or b = -
			(e)	has
				undergone
				an appropriate
				heat
				treatment
				to
				achieve
				a
				minimum
				temperature
				of
				56 °C
				for a
				minimum
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

				duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
82.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Third countriesother than:Albania,Andorra,Armenia,Azerbaijan,Belarus,Bosnia andHerzegovina,Canary Islands,Faeroe Islands,Georgia, Iceland,Liechtenstein,Moldova,Monaco,Montenegro,NorthMacedonia,Norway,Russia (onlythe followingparts: CentralFederal District(Tsentralnyfederalny okrug),NorthwesternFederal District	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation with a fumigant approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the

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ited plant shall app		(Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine	(b)	active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the
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	bark,
	indicated
	on the
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EŬ)
	No
	2016/2031,
	and
(c)	that
	subsequent
	to its
	treatment
	the
	bark
	was
	transported
	until
	leaving
	the
	country
	issuing
	that
	statement
	outside
	of the
	flight
	season of the
	vector
	Monochamus,
	taking
	into
	account
	a safety
	margin
	of four
	additional
	weeks
	at the
	beginning
	and at
	the end
	of the
	expected
	flight
	season,
	or

					with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchu.</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vector cannot occur.
83.	Wood of	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00	United States	Official statemer	at that
	Juglans L. and <i>Pterocarya</i>	ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00		the wood	
	Kunth, other	ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00		(a)	originates
	than in the form	ex 4406 12 00		<i>(a)</i>	in an
	of:	es 4406 92 00			area
	— chips,	ex 4407 99 27			free
		ex 4407 99 40			from
		ex 4407 99 90			Geosmithia
		ex 4408 90 15			morbida
	wood	ex 4408 90 35			Kolarík,
	waste	ex 4408 90 85			Freeland,
	and	ex 4408 90 95			Utley
	scrap	ex 4416 00 00			&
		ex 9406 10 00			Tisserat
	in				and its
	whole				vector
	or part				Pityophthorus
	from				juglandis
	these				Blackman,
	plants, — wood				established by the
	packagir	nα			national
	material				plant
	in the	2			protection
	form of				organisation
	packing				in
	cases,				accordance
	boxes,				with
	crates,				relevant
	drums				International
	and				Standards
	similar				for

pallets, box palletsMean and which is other load boards,Mean and which is ment on the phyte	tioned ne osanitary ficate red cle f ulation
dunnage,to inwhether71 oror not71 oractuallyRegationin use(EU)in theNotransport2016ofundeobjectstheof allrubritkinds,4dcexceptdecladunnageorsupporting(b)ofanwood,apprwhichheatistreatconstructedtofromachicand56 °Cqualityfor aas themininiwooddofas themininiwooddofas themininiofofand0f40consignmentconsignmentandmininisametemptypeofandconsignmentof 40consignmentandmininimineconsignmentandmininimineconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignmentandconsignment <tr< td=""><td>5/2031, er ic ditional aration', ergone opriate ment eve mum berature C mum tion D inuous ates ughout re ile</td></tr<>	5/2031, er ic ditional aration', ergone opriate ment eve mum berature C mum tion D inuous ates ughout re ile
meets the	-
requirements and	**
	cated
wood by th	
mark	
	<u> </u>

	in the	1		1	'HT'
	consign	mont			
		ment,			put
	but including				on the
	that which has				wood
	not kept its				or on
	natural round				any .
	surface				wrapping
					in
					accordance
					with
					current
					use,
					and on
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031, or
				(c)	has
				(0)	been
					squared
					to
					entirely
					remove
					the
					natural
					rounded
					surface.
34.	Isolated bark	av 1404 00 00	United States	Official	
64.	and wood of	ex 1404 90 00	United States	statemen	at that
		ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10		the woo	
	Juglans L. and	ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90		isolated	
	Pterocarya	ex 4401 40 90			
	Kunth, in the			(a)	originates
	form of:				in an
	— chips,				area
	particles				free
	sawdust				from Coognithin
	shaving	8,			Geosmithia
	wood				morbida Kalarih
	waste				Kolarík,
	and				Freeland,
	scrap	1			Utley
	obtained	1			&
	in whole				Tisserat and its

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or pa	urt		vector
from			Pityophthorus
these			inglandia
			juglandis
plant	ts		Blackman,
			established
			by the
			national
			plant
			protection
			organisation
			in
			accordance
			with
			the
			relevant
			International
			Standards
			for
			Phytosanitary
			Measures,
			and
			which
			is
			mentioned
			on the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			under
			the
			rubric
			'Additional
			declaration',
			or
		(b)	has
			undergone
			an
			appropriate
			heat
			treatment
			to
			achieve
			a 
			minimum
			temperature
code of an associated plant shal	l apply		

a The CN co appiy

				of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU)
				No 2016/2031.
85.	Wood of Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, other than in the form of: — wood intended for the production of veneer sheets, — chips, particles sawdust, shavings	,	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and indicated by the mark 'Kiln- dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised

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	wood		mark, put on
	waste		the wood or on
	and		any wrapping in
	scrap,		accordance with
	— wood		current usage.
	packagir	g	e
	material,	0	
	in the		
	form of		
	packing		
	cases,		
	boxes,		
	crates,		
	drums		
	and		
	similar		
	packings	1	
	pallets,	·,	
	box		
	pallets		
	and		
	other		
	load		
	boards,		
	pallet		
	collars,		
	dunnage		
	whether	2	
	or not		
	actually		
	in use		
	in the		
	transport		
	of		
	objects		
	of all		
	kinds,		
	except		
	dunnage		
	supporti	าg	
	consignr		
	of		
	wood,		
	which		
	is		
	construc	ted	
	from		
	wood		
	of the		
	same		
	type		
	and		
CN and af ar	and associated plant shall app	¥7	
EVEN CODE OF an	associated diant snatt ann	V	

	quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr	iitary ients		
86.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh., intended for the production of veneer sheets	ex 4403 12 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Davidsoniella</i> <i>virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.
87. a The CN code of an		ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that: (a) the wood originates in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> , established by the national

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	shavings	ex 9406 10 00,	plant
	wood	,	protection
	waste		organisation
	and		in the
	scrap,		country
	obtained		of
	in		
	whole		origin, in
			accordance
	or part		with
	from these		relevant
	trees,		International
	— wood		Standards
	packagir		for
	material,		Phytosanitary
	in the		Measures,
	form of		which
	packing		is
	cases,		mentioned
	boxes,		on the
	crates,		phytosanitary
	drums		certificate
	and		referred
	similar		to in
	packings	,	Article
	pallets,		71 of
	box		Regulation
	pallets		(EU)
	and		No
	other		2016/2031,
	load		and this
	boards,		freedom
	pallet		status
	collars,		has
	dunnage		been
	whether	P	communicated
	or not		in
	actually		advance
	in use		in
	in the		writing
	transport	-	to the
	of	-	Commission
	objects		by the
	of all		
			national
	kinds,		plant
	except		protection
	dunnage		organisation
	supporti		of the
	consignr	nents	third
	of		country
	wood,		concerned,
	which		or
N and a of an	associated plant shall appl	l	

	is construct from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consign and which meets the same Union phytosar requiren as the wood in the consign and which meets the same Union phytosar requiren as the wood in the consign and which meets the same Union phytosar requiren as the wood in the consign and which meets the same Union phytosar requiren as the wood in the consign as the wood in the consign but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood	nent		(b) (c)	the bark and at least 2,5 cm of the outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, or the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
88.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Fraxinus</i> <i>L., Juglans</i> <i>ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i>	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statemen that the v originate area reco as being from <i>Agr</i> <i>planipen</i> . Fairmaire establish the nation plant pro organisat in the con	vood s in an ognised free <i>rilus</i> <i>nis</i> e, ed by nal tection tion

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	davidiana Planch. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc.			of origin, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
89.	Isolated bark and objects made of bark of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> <i>ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i> <i>davidiana</i> Planch. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc.	ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that the bark originates in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> Fairmaire, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of

				No 201 and this status h commu in advar writing Commi by the r plant pr organisa	freedom as been nicated nce in to the ssion lational otection ation of d country
90.	sawdust,	g nted	United States	(b) (c)	nt that

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	using		or
	heat	(d)	if sawn,
	treatment		with or
	to		without
	achieve		residual
	a		bark
	minimum		attached,
	temperature		has
	of		undergone
	176 °C		kiln-
	for		drying
	20 minutes		to
	— Wood		below
	packaging		20 %
	material,		moisture
	in the		content,
	form of		expressed
	packing		as a
	cases,		percentage
	boxes,		of dry
	crates,		matter,
	drums		achieved
	and		through
	similar		an
	packings,		appropriate
	pallets,		time/
	box		temperature
	pallets		schedule,
	and		indicated
	other		by the
	load		mark 'Kiln-
	boards,		
	pallet		dried'
	collars, dunnage,		or 'KD'
	whether		or
	or not		another
	actually		internationally
	in use		recognised
	in the		mark,
	transport		put
	of		on the
	objects		wood
	of all		or on
	kinds,		any
	except		wrapping
	dunnage		in
	supporting		accordance
	consignments		with
	of		current
	wood,		usage.
	which		č
CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	1	

	is construc from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr	nent		
91.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate

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			time/
			temperature
			schedule,
			or
		(b)	has
		(0)	undergone
			an
			appropriate
			fumigation
			to a
			specification
			approved
			in
			accordance
			with
			the
			procedure
			laid
			down
			in
			Article
			107 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			the
			active
			ingredient,
			the
			minimum
			wood
			temperature,
			the rate
			$(g/m^3)$
			and the
			exposure
			time
			(h) of
			which
			are
			indicated
			on the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of Deculation
			Regulation (FU)
			(EU)
L	associated plant shall apply		

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92.	Wood of <i>Betula</i>	ex 4401	12 00	Canada and	(c) Official	No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
92.	Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of	ex 4401 ex 4403 4403 95	12 00	Canada and United States where <i>Agrilus</i>	Official statement (a)	t that: the
	— chips,	4403 95		anxius Gory is		bark
		,4403 96 ex 4404 2		known to occur		and at least
		,ex 4406				2,5 cm
	wood	ex 4406	92 00			of the
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	y				

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in whole or pa from these trees 	4407 96 91         a         4407 96 99         ined       ex 4408 90 35         e       ex 4408 90 85         art       ex 4408 90 95         a       ex 4416 00 00         e       ex 9406 10 00         agging       erial,         e       of         ing       s,         ss,       ss,         exs,       ss,         e       of         ing       s,         ss,       ss,         e       of         ing       s,         ss,       ss,         e       of         ing       s,         sts       r         ds,       e         e       of         ally       e         e       sport         cts       s,         l       s,         sport       s         ally       s         e       s         sport       s         s,       s         pt       age         oorting       ignments         d,       h <th>(b)</th> <th>outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, or the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.</th>	(b)	outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, or the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
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a The CN

	from wood of the same			
	type and quality as the			
	wood in the consignr and which	nent		
	the same Union			
	phytosar requirem as the wood			
	in the consignr but including wood which has not kept	nent,		
	its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood			
93.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Third countries	Official statement that the wood originates in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
94.	Bark and objects made of bark of <i>Betula</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Canada and United States where <i>Agrilus</i> <i>anxius</i> Gory is known to occur	Official statement that the bark is free from wood.
95.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., except — wood modeagie	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 rgx 4406 12 00	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey and United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) originate in an

	material, ex 4406 92 00	area
	in the ex 4407 99 27	established
	form of ex 4407 99 40	by the
	packing ex 4407 99 90	national
	cases, ex 4408 90 15	plant
	boxes, ex 4408 90 35	protection
	crates, ex 4408 90 85	organisation
	drums ex 4408 90 95	in the
	and ex 4416 00 00	country
	similar ex 9406 10 00	of
	packings,	origin
	pallets,	as
	box	being
	pallets	free
	and	from
	other	Ceratocystis
	load	platani
		*
	boards,	(J. M. Walter)
	pallet	Walter)
	collars,	Engelbr.
	dunnage,	& T. C.
	whether	Harr. in
	or not	accordance
	actually	with
	in use	the
	in the	relevant
	transport	International
	of	Standards
	objects	for
	of all	Phytosanitary
	kinds,	Measures,
	except	which
	dunnage	is
	supporting	mentioned
	consignments	on the
	of	phytosanitary
	wood,	certificate
	which	referred
	is	to in
	constructed	Article
	from	71 of
	wood	Regulation
	of the	(EU)
	same	No
	type	2016/2031,
	and	under
	quality	the
	as the	rubric
	wood	'Additional
	in the	declaration',
	consignment	
	and	or
ne CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	

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	which			(b)	has
	meets			(0)	undergone
	the				kiln-
	same				drying
	Union				to
	phytosar	itary			below
	requirem				20 %
	as the				moisture
	wood				content,
	in the				expressed
	consignr	nent,			as a
	but including				percentage
	wood which				of dry
	has not kept				matter,
	its natural				achieved
	round surface,				through
	and wood in				an
	the form of				appropriate
	chips, particles, sawdust,				time/ temperature
	shavings, wood				schedule,
	waste and scrap				indicated
	obtained in				by the
	whole or in part				mark
	from <i>Platanus</i> L.				'kiln-
					dried'
					or
					'KD'
					or
					another
					internationally
					recognised
					mark,
					put
					on the
					wood
					or on
					any
					wrapping
					accordance
					with
					current
					usage.
	Wood of	ex 4401 12 00	Americas	Official	
<i>.</i>	Populus L.,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00	Americas	statemen	t that
	except that in the	ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 97 00		the wood	
	form of:	ex 4404 20 00		(a)	is bark-
	— chips,	ex 4406 12 00		(")	free,
		ex 4406 92 00			or
		4407 97 10			
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app				

96.

a

	shaving	,4407 97 91	(b)	has
	wood	4407 97 99	(0)	undergone
	waste	ex 4408 90 15		kiln-
	and	ex 4408 90 35		drying
	scrap,	ex 4408 90 85		to
	— wood	ex 4408 90 95		below
		gx 4416 00 00		20 %
		ex 9406 10 00		moisture
	in the	CA 9 100 10 00		content,
	form of			expressed
	packing			as a
	cases,			percentage
	boxes,			of dry
	crates,			matter,
	drums			achieved
	and			through
	similar			an
	packings			appropriate
	pallets,	,		time/
	box			temperature
	pallets			schedule,
	and			indicated
	other			by the
	load			mark
	boards,			'kiln-
	pallet			dried'
	collars,			or
	dunnage			'KD'
	whether	,		or
	or not			another
	actually			internationally
	in use			recognised
	in the			mark,
	transport			put
	of			on the
	objects			wood
	of all			or on
	kinds,			any
	except			wrapping
	dunnage			in
	supporti	ıg		accordance
	consignr	nents		with
	of			current
	wood,			usage.
	which			
	is			
	construc	ted		
	from			
	wood			
	of the			
	same			
	type		 	
N code of an	associated plant shall appl	у	 	—

	and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	nitary nents nent,				
97.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from: (a) Acer sacchart Marsh., (b) Populus L.		a) b)	Canada and United States America	Official statemen the wood (a) s (b)	

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appropriate time/ temperature schedule, or(c)has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article			
time/ temperature schedule, or (c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			appropriate
(c)temperature schedule, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
schedule, or (c)has undergone 			
(c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
(c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the active ingredient, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			schedule,
undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the active ingredient, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			or
undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the active ingredient, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation		(c)	has
an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation		(0)	
appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			fumigation
approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			to a
approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			specification
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procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			with
referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			the
referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			procedure
to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
(EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			(EU)
2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
wood temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			the
temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			minimum
temperature, the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			wood
the rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
(g/m <sup>3</sup> ) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			and the
time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			exposure
(h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			phytosanitary
referred to in Article 71 of Regulation			certificate
to in Article 71 of Regulation			
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			Regulation
	1		<u> </u>

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				(d)	No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU)
					(EU) No 2016/2031.
The CN code of an	Wood of Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., associated plant shall appl	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40	Canada and United States	Official statemen the wood (a)	

98.

a

*Changes to legislation:* Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Malus Mill.,	ex 4407 99	90		Saperda
Prunus L.,	ex 4408 90	15		candida
Pyracantha M.	ex 4408 90	35		Fabricius,
Roem., Pyrus L.	ex 4408 90	85		established
and Sorbus L.,	ex 4408 90	95		by the
other than in the	ex 4416 00	00		national
form of:	ex 9406 10			plant
— chips,	•	00		protection
sawdust				organisation
and				of the
shavings				country
obtained				of
in				origin,
whole				in
or part				accordance
from				with
these				the
				relevant
– plants, – wood				International
	~			Standards
packagin	ig			
material,				for Diverse and items
in the				Phytosanitary
form of				Measures,
packing				which
cases,				is
boxes,				mentioned
crates,				on the
drums				certificate
and				referred
similar				to in
packings	,			Article
pallets,				71 of
box				Regulation
pallets				(EU)
and				No
other				2016/2031,
load				under
boards,				the
pallet				rubric
collars,				'Additional
dunnage	,			declaration',
whether				or
or not			(b)	has
actually				undergone
in use				an
in the				appropriate
transport				heat
of				treatment
objects				to
				achieve
of all				achieve
of all kinds,				a
of all kinds, except				

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	dunnage supportin consignr of wood, which is construc from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignr and	ng nents ted		temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary
	which meets the			certificate referred to in
	same Union phytosar	itary		Article 71 of Regulation
	requirem as the			(EŬ) No
	wood in the consignr	nent	(c)	2016/2031, or has
	but including that which has	nont,	(0)	undergone an
	not kept its natural round surface			appropriate ionising radiation
				to achieve a
				minimum absorbed
				dose of 1 kGy throughout
				the wood,
				to be indicated on the
				phytosanitary certificate referred
de of an a	associated plant shall appl	ly		

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to

be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

				to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
99.	e of an associated plant shall ap	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood:(a)originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from Saperda candida Fabricius in accordance with the relevant International 

a

# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
				or
			(b)	has
				been
				processed
				into
				pieces
				of not
				more
				than
				2,5 cm
				thickness
				and
				width,
				or
			(c)	has
				undergone
				an
				appropriate
				heat
				treatment
				to
				achieve
				a 
				minimum
				temperature
				of
				56 °C
				for a
				minimum
				duration
				of 30
				minutes
				throughout
				the
				entire
				profile
				of the
				chips,
				which
				is to be
				indicated
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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				referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No
100.	sawdu shavii wood waste and scrap,	h ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 les, ex 4406 12 00 hst, ex 4406 92 00 hgs, 4407 94 91 4407 94 91 4407 94 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4408 90 15 e ex 4408 90 35 t ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00 ging ial, of hg s, s, s, s, s, s, s, s, s, s,	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea and Vietnam	2016/2031. Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area free from <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Falderman) established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitat Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitat Certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	actually				No
	in use				2016/2031,
	in the				under
	transport				the
	of				rubric
	objects				'Additional
	of all				declaration',
	kinds,				or
	except			(b)	has
	dunnage			(0)	undergone
	supporti	ισ			an
	consignr				appropriate
	of	licitis			heat
	wood,				treatment
	which				to
					achieve
	is	tad			
	construc	led			a
	from				minimum
	wood				temperature
	of the				of 56°C
	same				for a
	type				minimum
	and				duration
	quality				of 30
	as the				continuous
	wood				minutes
	in the				throughout
	consignr	nents			the
	and				entire
	which				profile
	meets				of the
	the				wood,
	same				which
	Union				is to be
	phytosar	itary			indicated
	requirem	ents			on the
	as the				phytosanitary
	wood				certificate
	in the				referred
	consignr	nent,			to in
	but including				Article
	that which has				71 of
	not kept its				Regulation
	natural round				(EŬ)
	surface				No
					2016/2031,
					or
				(c)	has
				× /	undergone
					an
					appropriate
					ionising
V code of an	associated plant shall appl	v	1		- <u>D</u>
or un	prunt onun upp	1			

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

				to av a m al d 1 t t t t v to r t c c r t t c l n t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	chieve
101.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from <i>Prunus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea and Vietnam	ir a: b n p p o ir c o o o a: b fif fif A b (I ir a: w t fr fr a: t t fr fr fr fr fr fr fr fr fr fr fr fr fr	riginates n an rea stablished y the ational lant rotection rganisation n the ountry f rigin s eing ree rom <i>Iromia</i> <i>ungii</i> Faldermann)

a

The CN code of

# Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

		(b)	Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration' or has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or
			2,5 cm thickness and width,
		(c)	or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a
			a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration
f an associated plant shall app	ly		auranon

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

a     The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.	of 30 minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the
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# ANNEX VIII

# List of plants, plant products and other objects, originating in the Union territory and the corresponding special requirements for their movement within the Union territory

The competent authorities, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authorities, shall check, at the most appropriate times to detect the respective pest as applicable, the fulfilment of the requirements laid down of the following table.

Plants, plant products and other objects		Requirements	
1.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	The m have b (a)	achinery or vehicles een: moved from an area free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,

		(b) or cleaned and made free from soil and plant debris prior to movement out of the infected area.
2.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air	Official statement that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival.
3.	Plants for planting of stolon, or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	Official statement that the plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free from any Union quarantine pests by laboratory testing. Each organisation or research body holding such material shall inform the competent authority of the material held.
4.	Plants for planting of stolon or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entries 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 and other than culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections, and other than seeds of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 21	<ul> <li>Official statement that the plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free from any Union quarantine pests by laboratory testing.</li> <li>The laboratory testing shall: <ul> <li>(a) be supervised by</li> <li>the competent authority concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that authority or of any officially approved body;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain Union quarantine pests and maintain the material including indicator plants in</li> </ul>

	(c)	of spread quarantin be execu	e any risk ling Unioi	ch l: .ion r e h e of nent e me, ns y n ne y n nof
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- <b>J</b>	. (	<u></u>	/	
				Potato
				black
				ringspot
				virus,
				Potato
				virus
				Τ,
				non-
				European
				isolates
				of
				potato
				viruses
				А,
				М,
				S,
				V,
				X
				and
				Y
				(including
				Y <sup>o</sup> ,
				Y <sup>n</sup>
				and
				Y <sup>c</sup> )
				and
				Potato
				leaf
				roll
				virus
				(including
				Y <sup>o</sup> ),
				Clavibacter
				sepedonicus
				(Spieckermann
				and
				Kottho)
				Nouioui
				et
				al.,
				Ralstonia
				solanacearum
				(Smith)
				Yabuuchi
				et
				al.
				emend.
				Safni
				et
				al.;
				Ralstonia
				pseudosolanacearum
l				r=========

	(iii)	Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. in the case of seeds of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in point 21, at least for the viruses and viroids listed above, with the exception of Andean potato mottle virus and non- European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y <sup>o</sup> , Y <sup>n</sup> and Y <sup>c</sup> ) and Potato leafroll
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		(d)	include appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to identify the Union quarantine pests having caused such symptoms.
5.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	provisio to comb <i>endobio</i>	statement that the ns of Union law at <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>ticum</i> (Schilb.) have been complied
6.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official (a)	statement that: the tubers originate in an area known to be free from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., or
		(b)	the provisions of Union law to combat Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al. have been complied with.
7.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official tubers or (a)	statement that the riginate: in areas where <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> is known not to occur,
		(b)	or in a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , or considered to be free thereof,

			as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
8.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	tubers ori (a)	in areas where Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known not to occur,
			or in areas where <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> and <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>fallax</i> Karssen are known to occur and: (i) the tubers originate in a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> and <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual

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inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or the tubers have been randomly sampled after harvest and checked for the presence of symptoms, after having applied an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting tubers, at appropriate times to detect the presence of those pests and in all

(ii)

			cases at the time of closing of the packages, or containers before movement, and found free from symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> and <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>fallax</i> Karssen.
9.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than those to be planted in accordance with point (b) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	Official statement the provisions of U law to combat <i>Glo</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Be <i>Globodera rostoch</i> (Wollenweber) Be complied with.	Jnion <i>bodera</i> hrens and <i>hiensis</i>
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties officially accepted in one or more Member States pursuant to Directive 2002/53/EC	<ul> <li>(b) have bee within th and</li> <li>(c) have bee in direct material been mai under app condition been sub within th official q testing an</li> </ul>	o advanced s, and n produced e Union, n derived line from which has intained propriate as and has jected e Union to juarantine nd has been these tests, n Union
11.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in entries 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10	There shall be a re number on the pac or in the case of lo loaded tubers trans	kaging, ose-

		bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, and indicating that: (a) the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> and
		<ul> <li>(b) the provisions of Union law to combat Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival, and where appropriate, <i>Clavibacter</i> sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., and <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.</li> </ul>
12.	Plants for planting with roots, of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than those to be planted in accordance with point (a) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	Official statement that the provisions of Union law to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
13.	Plants for planting of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L., and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i>

		<ul> <li>al. emend. Safni et al., or</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
14.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. and <i>Fragaria</i> L. and bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp., <i>Iris</i> spp., <i>Lilium</i> spp., <i>Narcissus</i> L. and <i>Tulipa</i> L., other than those plants, bulbs, tubers and rhizomes to be planted in accordance with points (a) or (c) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	There shall be evidence that the provisions of Union law to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
15.	Plants for planting of Cucurbitaceae and Solanaceae other than seeds, originating from areas:(a)where Bemisia tabaci Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are not known to occur(b)where Bemisia tabaci Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are not known to occur(b)where Bemisia tabaci Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are known to occur	Official statement that:(a)the plants originatein an area knownto be free fromTomato leaf curlNew Delhi Virus,or(b)no symptoms ofTomato leaf curlNew Delhi Virushave been observedon the plants duringtheir complete cycleof vegetation.Official statement that:(a)the plants originatein an area known

(b)	on the pla	eaf curl hi Virus, coms of eaf curl hi Virus n observed ants during plete cycle tion, their site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest, or the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i>
		eradication of <i>Bemisia</i>

		New Delł Virus.
16.	Plants for planting of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than seeds	Official statement that the plants for planting: (a) have been grown throughout their life, or since their introduction into the Union, in an area free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or
		<ul> <li>(b) originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley &amp; Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to movement, the plants for planting have been visually inspected prior</li> </ul>

		(c)	to movement and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or originate in a site of production, with complete physical isolation, and the plants for planting have been visually inspected prior to movement and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
17.	Plants for planting of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than seeds	Official (a) (b)	statement that: the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or have been grown in a place of production established as free from <i>Ceratocystis</i> <i>platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for

(i)	which is registered and supervised by the competent authorities, and
(ii)	which has been subjected annually to official inspections for any symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis</i> <i>platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., including its immediate vicinity, carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned,
(iii)	concerned, and a representative sample of the plants has been subjected to testing for the presence of <i>Ceratocystis</i> <i>platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C.

			Harr., at appropriat times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.
18.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids and <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Clausena</i> Burm f., <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	plants: (a)	atement that the originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, established by the competent authorities in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or have been grown in a place of production, which is registered and supervised by the competent authorities in the Member State of origin, and where the plants have been grown during a period of one year, in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, and where, during a period of at least one year prior to the movement, two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times and no signs of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del

			observed site, and prior to r are handl packaged prevent i after leav	novement led and l in ways to nfestation
19.	Plants for planting of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than seeds		statement r planting originate known to from Gra flavescer phytopla or	: in an area b be free pevine nce dorée
		(b)	originate	in a site of on where: no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Vitis</i> spp. have been observed at the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and in the case of plants used for the propagation of <i>Vitis</i> spp., no symptoms

		(c)	phytoplasma, and in case of symptoms have been rogued out or tested and found free of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, or have undergone hot water treatment according to international standards.
20.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids		kaging shall bear an ate origin mark.
21.	Seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in entry 3	Official (a)	statement that: the seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in points 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, and that the seeds: originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival, <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> , or comply with all of the following requirements: (i) they have been produced

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in a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the Union quarantine pests referred to in point (a) have been observed; they have been produced at a site where all of the following actions have been taken: prevention of contact with and hygiene measures concerning staff and items, such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing

(ii)

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Wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than in the form of:	Official s wood: (a)	tatement that the originates in an are	solanaceous plants to prevent infection are ensured; only water free from all Union quarantine pests referred to in this point is used.
<ul> <li>chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants,</li> <li>wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in</li> </ul>		known to be free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minute	n

22.

	the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface.	(c)	throughout the entire profile of the wood. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage; or has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface.
23.	Isolated bark and wood of Juglans L. and Pterocarya Kunth, in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants.	wood or (a)	statement that the isolated bark: originates in an area free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or
		(b)	has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on any wrapping

		in accordance with current usage.
24.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface.	Official statement that: (a) the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., or
		(b) the wood has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, and indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage.
25.	Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less, processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, and dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which	Official statement that the wood packaging material: (a) originates in an area, free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for

meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment.	(b)	wood, a in Anne FAO Int Standard Phytosa Measurd Regulat	of debarked s specified x I to ternational d for nitary es No 15 on ion of wood ng material national
		(i)	has been subjected to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to that International Standard,
		(ii)	and displays a mark as specified in Annex II to that International Standard, indicating that the wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment in accordance with this standard.

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### ANNEX IX

# List of plants, plant products and other objects, whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited

The protected zones listed in the third column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the Member State listed;
- (b) the territory of the Member State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- (c) only the part of the territory of the Member State which is specified within brackets.

	Plants, plant products and other objects		Protected zones
1.	Plants and live pollen for pollination other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than Switzerland and other than those recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, and belonging to one of the following species: — <i>Amelanchier</i> Med.,	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00	<ul> <li>(a) Estonia;</li> <li>(b) Spain <ul> <li>(except the autonomous communities of</li> <li>Andalucía,</li> <li>Aragón,</li> <li>Castilla la</li> <li>Mancha,</li> <li>Castilla y León,</li> <li>Extremadura the</li> <li>autonomous community of Madrid,</li> <li>Murcia,</li> <li>Navarra and La</li> <li>Rioja, the province of</li> <li>Guipuzcoa</li> <li>(Basque Country),</li> <li>the</li> <li>comarcas of</li> <li>Garrigues,</li> <li>Noguera,</li> <li>Pla</li> <li>d'Urgell,</li> <li>Segrià and</li> <li>Urgell in</li> <li>the province of Lleida</li> <li>(Comunidad autonoma</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Chaenomeles</li> <li>Lindl.,</li> <li>Crataegus</li> <li>L.,</li> <li>Cydonia</li> <li>Mill.,</li> </ul>		de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache
<ul> <li>Eriobotrya Lindl.,</li> <li>Malus Mill.,</li> <li>Mespilus L.,</li> <li>Pyracantha Roem.,</li> <li>Pyrus L. or</li> </ul>		and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó
— Sorbus L		and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana));
	(c) (d) (e)	France (Corsica); Ireland (except Galway city); Italy
		(Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio,
		Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Mantua,
		Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago,
		Cesano Maderno, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese
		and Varedo in Monza

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Brianza Province), Marche, Molise. Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona. Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana

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in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)); Latvia; Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)); Slovenia (except the regions of Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Velika Polana. and the settlements Fużina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo Črnelo, Malo

(f)

(g)

(h)

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Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo. Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče, Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica); Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké

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			(j) (k)	Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)); Finland; United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands).
2.	Plants and live pollen for pollination other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than those recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, and belonging to one of the following species:	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00	(a) (b)	Estonia; Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida

(1) Cotoneaster Ehrh. or (2) Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot.		(c) (d) (e)	(Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)); France (Corsica); Ireland (except Galway city); Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Cesano Maderno, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese
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and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province). Marche, Molise, Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi. Piacenza d'Adige, S.

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Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)); Latvia; Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)); Slovenia (except the regions of Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Velika Polana, and the settlements Fużina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo

(f)

(g)

(h)

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Črnelo, Malo Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče, Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični. Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica); Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava

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County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)); Finland; (j) (k) United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands).

### ANNEX X

# List of plants, plant products and other objects, to be introduced into, or moved within protected zones and corresponding special requirements for protected zones

The protected zones listed in the fourth column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the Member State listed;
- (b) the territory of the Member State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- (c) only the part of the territory of the Member State which is specified within brackets.

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code	Special requirements for protected zones	Protected zones
1.	Used agricultural machinery	ex 8432 10 00 ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 80 00	The machinery has: (a) been cleaned and free from soil and plant debris when brought to	<ul> <li>(a) Ireland</li> <li>(b) France (Brittany)</li> <li>(c) Portugal (Azores)</li> <li>(d) Finland</li> <li>(e) United Kingdom (Northerr Ireland)</li> </ul>

		ex 8432 90 00 ex 8433 40 00 ex 8433 51 00 ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 ex 8436 80 10 ex 8701 20 90 ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 93 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10	(b)	places of production where beets are grown; or come from an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.		
2.	Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet ( <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.)	ex 2303 20 10 ex 2303 20 90 ex 2530 90 00	Official statemen soil or w (a) (b) (c)		hation ; ted	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

			not occ		
3.	Beehives – in the period from 15 March to 30 June	0106 41 00 ex 4421 99 99 ex 4602 19 90 ex 4602 90 00		ginate	Estonia Spain (except the
			cou	hird intries ognised	autonomous communitie of
			as beir free		Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla
			from Erv	n vinia	la Mancha, Castilla
			(Bu Win	nsl.	y León, Extremadura
				l. in ordance h	the autonomous community
			the	cedure	of Madrid,
			laid dov in		Murcia, Navarra and La
			Art 107 Rec		Rioja, the province
			(EU 201		of Guipuzcoa
			(b) or in t	ginate he	(Basque Country), the
			Car of Val	nton	comarcas of Garrigues,
			in Swi	itzerland,	Noguera, Pla
			(c) or in a	ginate	d'Urgell, Segrià and
			pro zon liste		Urgell in the province
			in t righ	he nt-	of Lleida
			han colu or	ıd umn,	(Comunidad autonoma de
			(d) hav	re lergone	Catalunya); and the

appropri		of
quaranti	ne	Alborache
measure		and Turís
before		
being		in the
moved.		province
		of Valencia
		and the
		Comarcas
		de
		L'Alt
		Vinalopó
		and El
		Vinalopó
		Mitjà
		in the
		province
		of
		Alicante
		(Comunidad
		Valenciana))
	(c)	France
		(Corsica)
	(d)	Ireland
		(except
		Galway
		city)
	(e)	Italy
		(Abruzzo,
		Apúlia,
		Basilicata,
		Calabria,
		Campania,
		Lazio,
		Liguria, Lombardy
		(except
		the
		provinces
		of
		Milan,
		Mantua,
		Sondrio
		and
		Varese,
		and the
		communes
		of
		Bovisio
		Masciago,
		Cesano
		Maderno,

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Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province), Marche, Molise, Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto

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(except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)) (f) Latvia Lithuania (g) (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)) (h) Slovenia (except the regions of

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Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Velika Polana, and the settlements Fuzina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo Črnelo, Malo Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče,

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Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese. Veliko Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica) Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa,

(i)

					(j) (k)	Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)) Finland United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands)
4.	Plants of <i>Allium</i> <i>porrum</i> L., <i>Apium</i> L., <i>Beta</i> L., other than those mentioned in point 5 of this Annex and those intended for animal fodder, <i>Brassica napus</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> <i>rapa</i> L., <i>Daucus</i> L., other than plants for planting	ex 0703 90 00 ex 0704 90 90 0706 10 00 0706 90 30 ex 0706 90 90	(a) (b)	The consignr or lot does not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil, or official statemen that the plants are intended for processin at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreadin of BNYVV	(b) (c) (d) (e) at	France (Brittany) Finland Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

5.	Plants of <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., intended for industrial processing	ex 1212 91 80 ex 1214 90 10	Official statement that the plants:(a)are transport in such a manner as to ensure that there is no risk of spreadin BNYVV and are 	(d) (e) ng d ng y d	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northerm Ireland)
			in an		
6.	Tubers of Solanum	0701 10 00	Official statement that the tubers:	(a) (b)	France (Brittany) Finland

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<i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting			(a) (b) (c)	were grown in an area where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus ("BNYV is known not to occur; or were grown on land, or in growing media consistin of soil that is known to be free from BNYVV or officially tested by approprii methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by approprii methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by approprii methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by approprii methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by approprii methods and found free from BNYVV or have been washed free from soil.	g ate	Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
 Tubers of Solanum	ex 0701 ex 0701	90 50	(a)	The consignr		France (Brittany)
<i>tuberosum</i> L.,	ex 0701	90 90		or the	(b)	Finland

7.

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other than those mentioned in point 6 of this Annex		lot shall not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil; or official statemen that the tubers are intended for processin at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreading of BNYVV	(d) (e) t	Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
Plants for planting of <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50		(a) (b) (ta)ve been (afficially (n)lividua tested and found free from BNYVV or have been grown	allynited Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

8.

<ul> <li>from seeds</li> <li>complying</li> <li>with</li> <li>the</li> <li>requirements</li> <li>under</li> <li>points</li> <li>33</li> <li>and</li> <li>34</li> <li>of</li> <li>this</li> <li>Annex</li> <li>and</li> <li>grown</li> <li>in</li> <li>areas</li> <li>where</li> <li>BNYVV</li> <li>is</li> <li>known</li> <li>not</li> <li>to</li> <li>occur,</li> <li>or</li> <li>grownig</li> <li>media,</li> <li>officially</li> <li>tested</li> <li>by</li> <li>appropriate</li> <li>methods</li> <li>and</li> <li>found</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> <li>BNYVV,</li> <li>and</li> <li>and</li> <li>found</li> <li>free</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> <li>BNYVV,</li> <li>and</li> <li>and</li> <li>found</li> <li>free</li> <li>free</li> <li>free</li> <li>free</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> <li>and</li> <li< th=""><th></th><th></th></li<></ul>		
<ul> <li>complying with the requirements under points 33 and 34 of this Annex and grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found</li> </ul>		from
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<ul> <li>requirements under points 33 and 34 of this Annex and grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample</li> </ul>		
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<ul> <li>points 33</li> <li>and 34</li> <li>of</li> <li>this</li> <li>Annex</li> <li>and</li> <li>grown</li> <li>in</li> <li>areas</li> <li>where</li> <li>BNYVV</li> <li>is</li> <li>known</li> <li>not</li> <li>to</li> <li>occur,</li> <li>or</li> <li>grown</li> <li>on</li> <li>land,</li> <li>or</li> <li>in</li> <li>growing</li> <li>media,</li> <li>officially</li> <li>tested</li> <li>by</li> <li>appropriate</li> <li>methods</li> <li>and</li> <li>found</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> <li>BNYVV,</li> <li>and</li> <li>free</li> <li>from</li> <li>BNYVV,</li> <li>and</li> <li>and</li> <li>found</li> <li>the</li> <li>sampled,</li> <li>and</li> <li>the</li> <li>sampled,</li> <li>and</li> <li>found</li> <li>found</li> </ul>		
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			(b)	and the holding of the material of those plants have been notified by the respectiv organisa or research body.	tion	;
9.	Plants and live pollen for pollination of: <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> L., <i>Photinia</i> <i>davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 90 70	Where appropri official s that: (a) (b)	the plants originate in third countries recognis as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovo</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. by the respectiv National Plant Protectio Organisa and officially notified to the Commis or the plants	ra ra tion	Estonia Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of

	originate	Garrigues,
	in pest	Noguera,
	free	Pla
	areas	d'Urgell,
	in the	Segrià
	Union	and
	or third	Urgell
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	which	province
	have	of
	been	Lleida
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	in	autonoma
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	to	Catalunya);
	Erwinia	and the
	amylovora	
		municipalities of
	(Burr.) Winsl.	Alborache
	et al. in	and
	accordance	Turís
	with	in the
	the	province
	relevant	of
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	Standard	and the
	for	Comarcas
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	and	Vinalopó
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	National	province
	Plant	of
	Protection	Alicante
	Organisation	(Comunidad
	and	(Valenciana))
	officially (c)	France
	notified	(Corsica)
	to the (d)	Ireland
	Commission;	(except
	or	Galway
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	plants (e)	Italy
	· · ·	(Abruzzo,
	originate in the	Apúlia,
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		Campania,
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	I	Liguria,

	Switzerl	and;	Lombardy
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		border	province
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		designate	
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		of	municipalities
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		where	
		,, iiiii	

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Province), host plants Maniace, Bronte, are subject Adrano (Catania to Province) an officiallyand approvedCenturipe, Regalbuto and superviseand control Troina regime (Enna establisheterovince)), Tuscany, at the Umbria. latest Valle d'Aosta, before Veneto the beginningexcept of the provinces the completeof cycle Rovigo of and vegetation Venice, precedingthe the communes Barbona, last complete Boara cycle Pisani, of Castelbaldo, vegetatioMasi, with Piacenza the d'Adige, object S. of Urbano minimisimend Vescovana the risk in the of province Erwinia of amylovor Padova (Burr.) and the Winsl. area situated et to the al. South being spread of the from motorway the A4 plants in the grown province there.

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		(iv)	tested (j)r (kt)ent	Channel Islands) ate y
Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	0602 10 10 0602 20 10 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Official statement that the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Viteus</i>	a)	Cyprus

10.

			<i>vitifoliae</i> (Fitch) (and certified by the respective National Plant Protection Organisation and officially notified to the Commission).	
11.	Plants for planting of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown throughe their life in places of producti in countrie where <i>Xanthom</i> <i>arborica</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur, or (b) have been grown throughe their life in an area free from <i>Xanthom</i> <i>arborica</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur, or (b) have been grown throughe their life in an area free from <i>Xanthom</i> <i>arborica</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur, or (b) have been grown throughe their life in an area free from <i>Xanthom</i> <i>arborica</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not throughe their life in an area free from <i>Xanthom</i> <i>arborica</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	on s onas onas onas onas onas

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to

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	established
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	in
	accordance
	with
	relevant
	International
	Standards
	for
	Phytosanitary Measures,
	or
(c)	have
	been
	derived
	in
	direct
	line
	from
	mother
	plants
	which
	have
	shown
	no
	symptoms of
	Xanthomonas
	arboricola
	pv.
	pruni
	(Smith)
	Vauterin
	et al.
	during
	the last
	complete
	cycle
	of
	vegetation,
	and
	no
	symptoms of
	Xanthomonas
	arboricola
	pv.
	pruni
	(Smith)
I	

	(d)	Vauterin et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or for plants of <i>Prunus</i> <i>laurocerasus</i> L. and <i>Prunus</i> <i>laustanica</i> L. for which there shall be evidence by their
		cycle
	(d)	for
		-
		packing
		or by
		other
		means
		that
		they are
		intended
		for sale
		to final
		consumers
		not
		involved
		in professional
		plant
		production
		no
I		1

				sympton of Xanthom arborico pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. have been observed on plants at the place of productions since the beginnin of the last complete growing season.	onas la l on g	
12.	Unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Willd.	ex 0602 10 90	Official statement (a)		in ons),	Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

	been observed at the place of production, including either on the cuttings or on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings are derived and held or produced in this place of production, on official inspections carried out at least each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants on this place of units place of these plants on this place of these plants on the place of the place of these plants on the place of these plants on the place of the place of these plants on the place of the place
(c)	-

**Changes to legislation:** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately

				prior to the above moveme	nt.	
13.	Plants for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Willd., other than all of the following: — seeds, — unroote cuttings for planting of <i>Euphor</i> <i>pulcher</i> Willd.	s B bia	(b)		in ons), m ons)	Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants held or produced in this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production have been found from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of		
(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants held or produced in this place of produced in this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production	1	prior to
(c) or in cases where <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants held or produced in this place of produced in this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia</i>		
(c) in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants held or produced in this place of produced in this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free free free free free free free fre		marketing,
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(European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia</i>		
(European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia</i>		Genn.
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and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia</i>		populations)
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Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately

	prior to the above	
(d)	moveme and evidence is available that the plants	
	have been produced from cuttings which:	1
	(i)	originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i>
	(ii)	Genn. (European populations), or have been grown at a place of
		production where no signs of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European
		populations) have been observed, including on

	(iii)	plants, on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants, or in cases where <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced in this place of produced in this place of
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appropriate
treatment
to
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freedom
from
Bemisia
tabaci
Genn.
(European
populations)
and
subsequently
this
place
of
production
shall
have
been
found
free
from
Bemisia
tabaci
Genn.
(European
populations)
as
a
consequence
of
the
implementation
of
appropriate
procedures
aiming
at
eradicating
Bemisia
tabaci
Genn.
(European
populations),
in
both
official
inspections
carried
out
weekly
during
0

		the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection
(e)	or for those plants for which there shall be	to the above movement;
	shall be evidence by their packing or their flower (or bract)	

			developf or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consume not involved in profession plant production the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (Europea populatio prior to their moveme	ers onal on, 1	
14.	Plants for planting of <i>Begonia</i> L., other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants for planting of <i>Ajuga</i> L., <i>Crossandra</i> Salisb., <i>Dipladenia</i> A.DC., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Hibiscus</i> L., <i>Mandevilla</i>	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn.	a) (b) (c)	Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

Lindl. and <i>Nerium oleander</i>		(European populations),
L., other than	<b>a</b> >	or
seeds	(b)	no
		signs of
		Bemisia
		tabaci
		Genn.
		(European
		populations)
		have
		been
		observed,
		including
		on
		plants,
		at the
		place
		of
		production
		on
		official
		inspections
		carried
		out at
		least
		once
		each
		three
		weeks
		during
		the
		nine
		weeks
		prior to
		marketing,
		or
	(c)	in cases
	(•)	where
		Bemisia
		tabaci
		Genn.
		(European
		populations)
		has
		been
		found
		at the
		place
		of
		production,
		the
		plants,
·		

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held or produced in this place of production, have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both

	(d)	official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement; or for those plants for which
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			other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consume not involved in professio plant productiv the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (Europea populativ immedia prior to their	ers onal on, d	
				nt.	
15.	Plants for planting of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gremmeniella</i> <i>abiedina</i> (Lag.) Morelet.	(a)	Ireland
16.	Plants for planting of <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Pinus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Official statement that: (a) the plants have	(a)	United Kingdom

ex 0602 90 46		been
ex 0602 90 47		grown
ex 0602 90 50		throughout
ex 0602 90 70		their
ex 0602 90 99		life in
		places
		of
		production
		in
		countries
		where
		Thaumetopoea
		pityocampa
		Denis
		å
		Schiffermüller
		is not
		known
		to
		occur,
		or
	(b)	the
		plants
		have
		been
		grown
		throughout
		their
		life in
		an area
		free
		from The sum of an a a g
		Thaumetopoea
		<i>pityocampa</i> Denis
		&
		Schiffermüller
		established
		by the
		National
		Plant
		Protection
		Organisation
		in
		accordance
		with
		relevant
		International
		Standards
		for
		Phytosanitary
		Measures,
		or

	(c) (d)	the plants have been produced in nurseries which, including their vicinity, have been found free from <i>Thaument</i> <i>pityocam</i> Denis & Schifferm on the basis of official inspection and official surveys carried out at appropria times, or the plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the	ba hüller hs te
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			& Schiffern and have been inspected at appropri times and found to be free from <i>Thaumen</i> <i>pityocan</i> Denis & Schiffern	d ate opoea ipa	
17.	Plants for planting of <i>Larix</i> Mill., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Cephalcia</i> <i>lariciphila</i> (Klug.).	(a) (b)	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
18.	Plants for planting of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gilpinia</i> <i>hercyniae</i> (Hartig).	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
19.	Plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Herit, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70	Official statement that the plants: (a) are free from soil, and have been subjected	(a) (b)	Greece Portugal (Azores)

		es 0609 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	to a treatmer against <i>Gonipte</i> . <i>scutellat</i> Gyll.; or (b) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Gonipte</i> . <i>scutellat</i> Gyll.	rus us rus	
20.	Plants for planting of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0802 41 00 ex 1209 99 10 ex 1209 99 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life: (a) in places of producti in countrie where <i>Cryphor</i> <i>parasitio</i> (Murrill Barr is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphor</i> <i>parasitio</i> (Murrill Barr is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphor</i> <i>parasitio</i> (Murrill Barr, establish by the National Plant Protectio Organisa in	s ectria ca ) ectria ca ) ned	Czech Republic Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

				accordar with relevant Internati Standard for Phytosar measure:	onal Is nitary	
21.	Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statemen (a)	t that: the plants have been grown throughot their life in places of productive in countries where <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasitic</i> (Murrill) Barr is known not to occur; or the plants have been grown throughot their life in an area free from <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasitic</i> (Murrill) Barr, establish by the National Plant Protectio	on s ectria a put ectria a ed	Czech Republic Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

			(c)	Organisa in accordar with relevant Internati Standard for Phytosar measure: or no symptom of <i>Cryphom</i> <i>parasitic</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place productio or in its immedia vicinity since the beginnin of the last complete cycle of	nce onal s nitary s; ns <i>ectria</i> a l on te g	
22.	Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at 1,2 m height from the root collar, other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statemen (a)	t that: the plants have been grown througho their life in places of production in countries where	on	Ireland United Kingdom (excluding the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham; Barnet; Basildon; Basingstoke and Deane;

	Thaumetopoea	Bexley;
	processionea	Bracknell
	L. is	Forest;
	not	Brent;
	known	Brentwood;
	to	Bromley;
	occur,	Broxbourne;
	or	Camden;
(b)	the	Castle
	plants	Point;
	have	Chelmsford;
	been	Chiltem;
	grown	City of
	throughout	London;
	their	City of
	life in	Westminster;
	an area	Crawley;
	free	Croydon;
	from	Dacorum;
	Thaumetopoea	Dartford;
	processionea	Ealing;
	L.	East
	established	Hertfordshire;
	by the	Elmbridge
	National	District;
	Plant	Enfield;
	Protection	Epping
	Organisation	Forest;
	in .	Epsom
	accordance	and
	with	Ewell
	relevant	District;
	International	Gravesham;
	Standards	Greenwich;
	tor	Guildford;
	Phytosanitary	Hackney;
	Measures,	Hammersmith
	or	&
(c)	the	Fulham;
	plants	Haringey;
	have	Harlow;
	been	Harrow;
	grown	Hart;
	throughout	Havering;
	their	Hertsmere;
	life in	Hillingdon;
	a site	Horsham;
	with	Hounslow;
	complete	Islington;
	physical	Kensington
	protection	& Chalaaa:
	against	Chelsea;
	the	Kingston

introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea</i> <i>processionea</i> L. and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from	upon Thames; Lambeth; Lewisham; Littlesford; Medway; Merton; Mid Sussex; Mole Valley; Newham; North Hertfordshire; Reading; Redbridge;
	Rushmoor; Sevenoaks; Slough; South Bedfordshire; South Bucks; South Oxfordshire; Southwark; Spelthorne District; St Albans; Sutton; Surrey Heath; Tandridge; Three Rivers; Thurrock; Tonbridge and Malling; Tower Hamlets; Waltham Forest; Wandsworth;

					Watford; Waverley; Welwyn Hatfield; West Berkshire; Windsor and Maidenhead; Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe)'
23.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Dendroctonus</i> <i>micans</i> Kugelan.	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
24.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom
25.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A., Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>typographus</i> Heer.	(a) (b)	Ireland United Kingdom
26.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom
27.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i>	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80	Official statement that	(a) (b)	Greece Ireland

	Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	the place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>cembrae</i> Heer.	(c)	United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
28.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>sexdentatus</i> Börner.	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland Cyprus United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
29.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., other than plants in tissue culture, fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1404 90 00	Officialstatement thatthe plants havebeen grownthroughout theirlife:(a)inplacesofproductincountriewhereDryocoskuriphilYasumaisknownnot tooccur,or(b)in anareafreefromDryocoskuriphilYasumaestablislby theNationaPlantProtectiOrganisinaccorda	smus us tsu us tsu, ned l on ation	Ireland United Kingdom

			with the relevant Internati Standarc for Phytosan Measure	onal ls nitary	
30.	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: <i>Brahea</i> Mart., <i>Butia</i> Becc., <i>Chamaerops</i> L., <i>Jubaea</i> Kunth, <i>Livistona</i> R. Br., <i>Phoenix</i> L., <i>Sabal</i> Adans., <i>Syagrus</i> Mart., <i>Trachycarpus</i> H. Wendl., <i>Trithrinax</i> Mart., <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) througho their life in places of producti in countrie where <i>Paysana</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmei is known not to occur; or (b) througho their life in an area free from <i>Paysana</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmei establish by the National Plant Protectio Organisa in accordar with the relevant Internati Standard	on s <i>lisia</i> ster) out <i>lisia</i> ster), red on ation nce	Ireland Malta United Kingdom

(c)	Phytosar Measure or during a period of at least two years prior to export or moveme in a place of production (i)	nt, on: which is registered and supervised by the National Plant Protection Organisation of the country of origin, and where the
	(ii)	of origin, and where

			(iii)	(Burmeis and where, during three official inspection per year carried out at appropriation times, including immedia prior to moveme from this place of production no signs of <i>Paysand</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmeis have been observed	ons ate g tely nt on, <i>isia</i> ster)
31.	Plants for planting of Palmae, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: Areca catechu L., Arenga pinnata (Wurmb) Merr., Bismarckia Hildebr. & H. Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea armata S. Watson,	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) througho their life in places of production in countries where <i>Rhyncho</i> <i>ferrugino</i> (Olivier) is known not to	on s phorus eus	Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom

Brahea edulis		occur	
H. Wendl., Butia		or	
<i>capitata</i> (Mart.)	(b)	through	out
Becc., Calamus		their	
merrillii		life in	
Becc., Caryota		an area	
cumingii		free	
Lodd. ex		from	
Mart., Caryota		Rhyncho	phorus
<i>maxima</i> Blume,		ferrugin	eus
Chamaerops		(Olivier)	,
humilis L.,		establish	ed
Cocos nucifera		by the	
L., Copernicia		National	
Mart., Corypha		Plant	
utan Lam.,		Protectio	n
Elaeis		Organisa	tion
guineensis		in	
Jacq., Howea		accordar	nce
forsteriana		with	
Becc., Jubea		the	
chilensis		relevant	
(Molina) Baill.,		Internati	onal
Livistona		Standard	
australis		for	5
C. Martius,		Phytosa	itary
Livistona decora		Measure	-
(W. Bull)		or	5,
Dowe, <i>Livistona</i>	(c)	during	
rotundifolia		a	
(Lam.) Mart.,		period	
Metroxylon sagu		of at	
Rottb., <i>Phoenix</i>		least	
canariensis		two	
Chabaud,			
Phoenix		years	
		prior to	
dactylifera		export	
L., Phoenix reclinata		0ľ moveme	nt
Jacq., Phoenix		in a	111,
-		in a	
roebelenii		place of	
O'Brien, <i>Phoenix</i>			
sylvestris (L.)		producti	
Roxb., Phoenix		(i)	which
theophrasti			1S
Greuter,			registered
Pritchardia			and
Seem. & H.			supervised
Wendl., Ravenea			by
<i>rivularis</i> Jum.			the
& H. Perrier,			National
Roystonea			Plant
regia (Kunth)			Protection

O. F. Cook, Sabal palmetto (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult. f., Syagrus romanzoffiana (Cham.) Glassman, Trachycarpus fortunei (Hook.) H. Wendl. and Washingtonia	(ii)	Organisation of the country of origin, and where the plants were placed in
<i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	(iii)	a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), and where during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times to detect the presence of that pest including immediately prior
		to movement from this

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to

be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

				place of production, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed.
32.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.	1207 21 00	Official statement that: (a) the seed has been acid- delinted, and (b) no symptom of <i>Colletoth</i> <i>gossypii</i> Southw have been observed at the place of producti since the beginnin of the last complete cycle of vegetatid and that a represen sample has been	ns <i>richum</i> on g

			found free from <i>Glomere</i> <i>gossypii</i> Edgerton in those tests.	h	
33.	Seeds and fodder beet seed of the species <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L.	1209 10 00 1209 29 60 ex 1209 29 80 1209 91 30 ex 1209 91 80	Without prejudice to Directive 2002/54/ EC, where applicable, official statement that: (a) the seed of the categori 'basic seed' and 'certified seed' satisfies the conditio laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directiv 2002/54 EC; or (b) in the case of 'seed not finally certified the seed satisfies the conditio laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directiv 2002/54 EC; or (b) in the case of 'seed not finally certified the seed satisfies the conditio laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directiv 2002/54	es d e	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

<ul> <li>of</li> <li>Directive</li> <li>2002/54/</li> <li>EC,</li> <li>and is</li> <li>intended</li> <li>for</li> <li>processing</li> <li>that</li> <li>will</li> <li>satisfy</li> <li>the</li> <li>conditions</li> <li>laid</li> <li>down</li> <li>in part</li> <li>B of</li> <li>Annex</li> <li>I to that</li> <li>Directive</li> <li>and</li> <li>delivered</li> <li>to a</li> <li>processing</li> <li>enterprise</li> <li>with</li> <li>officially</li> <li>approved</li> <li>controlled</li> <li>waste</li> <li>disposal</li> <li>to</li> <li>prevent</li> <li>the</li> <li>spread</li> <li>of</li> <li>BNYVV;</li> <li>or</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>the</li> <li>seed</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>produced</li> <li>from</li> <li>a crop</li> <li>grown</li> <li>in an</li> <li>area</li> <li>where</li> <li>BNYVV</li> <li>is</li> <li>known</li> </ul>	I	I	of
<ul> <li>2002/54/ EC, and is intended for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or (c)</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>(c)</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>EC, and is intended for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal to prevent the spread of BNY VV; or (c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNY VV is is</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>and is intended for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal to prevent the spread of BNY VV; or (c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNY VV is or</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>intended</li> <li>for</li> <li>processing</li> <li>that</li> <li>will</li> <li>satisfy</li> <li>the</li> <li>conditions</li> <li>laid</li> <li>down</li> <li>in part</li> <li>B of</li> <li>Annex</li> <li>I to that</li> <li>Directive</li> <li>and</li> <li>delivered</li> <li>to a</li> <li>processing</li> <li>enterprise</li> <li>with</li> <li>officially</li> <li>approved</li> <li>controlled</li> <li>waste</li> <li>disposal</li> <li>to</li> <li>prevent</li> <li>the</li> <li>spread</li> <li>of</li> <li>BNYVV;</li> <li>or</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>the</li> <li>seed</li> <li>has</li> <li>been</li> <li>produced</li> <li>from</li> <li>a crop</li> <li>grown</li> <li>in an</li> <li>area</li> <li>where</li> <li>BNYVV</li> <li>is</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or (c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is is</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or (c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is</li> </ul>			
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<ul> <li>will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or (c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or</li> <li>(c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV</li> </ul>			
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<ul> <li>with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or</li> <li>(c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is</li> </ul>			
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produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is			has
from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is			
a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is			produced
grown in an area where BNYVV is			from
in an area where BNYVV is			a crop
area where BNYVV is			-
where BNYVV is			
BNYVV is			
is			
known			
			known

			not to occur.	
34.	Vegetable seed of the species <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.	ex 1209 29 80 1209 91 30 ex 1209 91 80	Without(a)prejudice(b)to Directive2002/55/EC, whereapplicable,applicable,(d)official statement(e)that:(a)(a)theprocessedseedcontainsnomorethan0,5 %byweightof inertmatter(in thecase ofpelletedseedthisstandardshallbe metprior topelleting);or(b)in thecase ofnon-processedseed isofficiallypackedinsuch amanneras toensurethatthereis norisk ofspread	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northerr Ireland)

35.	Seeds of <i>Gossypium</i> spp.	1207 21 00	Official statement that the seed has	(a) (b)	Greece Spain (Andalucia, Catalonia,
5.	Seeds of <i>Gossypium</i> spp.	1207 21 00		red sing rise Ily /ed Iled al, at /V; ced /V	Spain
			BNYV and is intende for proces that will satisfy the condit laid	ed sing	

			been acid- delinted.		Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
36.	Seeds of <i>Mangifera</i> spp.	ex 1209 99 99	Official statement that the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Sternochetus</i> <i>mangiferae</i> Fabricius.	(a) (b)	Spain (Granada and Malaga) Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
37.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids originating in Bulgaria, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Portugal and Slovenia	ex 0805 10 22 ex 0805 10 24 ex 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	<ul> <li>(a) The fruits are free from leaves and pedunct or</li> <li>(b) in the case of fruits with leaves or pedunct the fruits have been packed in closed contain which have been officiall sealed and remained sealed during their transpot through a protected zone, recognin for</li> </ul>	les; les, ers y ed rt	Malta

				these fruits, and shall bear a distingui mark to be reported on the passport		
38.	Fruits of <i>Vitis</i> L.	0806 10 10 0806 10 90	The fruit be free fr leaves.		(a)	Cyprus
39.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401\ 11\ 00\\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 10\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 10\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 10\ 00\\ 4406\ 11\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4407\ 11\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4408\ 10\ 15\\ 4408\ 10\ 98\\ ex\ 4416\ 00\ 00\\ ex\ 9406\ 10\ 00\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ $	(a) (b)	The wood is bark- free; or official statement that the wood originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dendrocc</i> <i>micans</i> Kugelan or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internati- recognis mark put on the wood or on its packagir in accordar with current commerce	tonus ; onally ed	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)

				usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
40.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401\ 11\ 00\\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 10\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 11\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 10\ 90\\ 4407\ 11\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 10\\ \end{array}$	(a) (b) (c)	The (a) wood (b) is bark- (c) free; or official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips duplicatus Sahlbergh; or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another	Greece Ireland United Kingdom

		4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		internation recognises mark put on the wood or on its packagin in accordan with current commerce usage to prove that it has undergore kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentag of dry matter, at time of manuface achieved through an appropria time/ temperatt	g ce zial d ge ture, ate ure	
41.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90	(a) (b)			Ireland United Kingdom

ex 4403 24 00		known
ex 4403 25 10		to be
ex 4403 25 90		free
ex 4403 26 00		from
ex 4404 10 00		Ips
4406 11 00		typographus
4406 91 00		Heer;
4407 11 10		or
4407 11 20	(c)	a mark
4407 11 90		'Kiln-
4407 12 10		dried',
4407 12 20		'KD'
4407 12 90		or
4407 19 10		another
4407 19 20		internationally
4407 19 90		recognised
4408 10 15		mark
4408 10 91		put
4408 10 98		on the
ex 4416 00 00		wood
ex 9406 10 00		or on
		its
		packaging
		in
		accordance
		with
		current
		commercial
		usage
		to
		prove
		that
		it has
		undergone
		kiln-
		drying
		to
		below
		20 %
		moisture
		content,
		expressed
		as a
		percentage
		of dry
		matter,
		at time
		of
		manufacture,
		achieved
		through
		an
		appropriate

42.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 10\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 11\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 90\\ ex\ 4404\ 10\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4407\ 11\ 10\\ 4407\ 11\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4408\ 10\ 15\\ 4408\ 10\ 91\\ 4408\ 10\ 98\\ ex\ 4416\ 00\ 00\\ \end{array}$	(a) (b) (c)	time/ temperat schedule The wood is bark- free; or official statemen that the wood originate in areas known to be free from Ips amitinus Eichhof; or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internati recogniss mark put on the wood or on the wood	(a) (b) (c) at es	Greece Ireland United Kingdom
		4406 91 00 4407 11 10		amitinus Eichhof; or		
		4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90	(c)	'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or		
		4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91		internati recognis mark put		
					1g	
				in accordar with current		
				commer usage to prove	cial	
				that it has undergot kiln-	ne	
				drying to below 20 %		

<i>Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.</i>
Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to
be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes
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				moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufactur achieved through an appropriate time/ temperatur schedule.	re, e re	
43.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401\ 11\ 00\\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 10\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 11\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 10\ 90\\ 4407\ 11\ 10\\ 4407\ 12\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4408\ 10\ 15\\ 4408\ 10\ 98\\ ex\ 4416\ 00\ 00\\ ex\ 9406\ 10\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00$	(a) (b)	wood (t	1	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)

				with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
44.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 12 10	(a) (b) (c)	The (a) wood (b) is bark- (c) free; or official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips sexdentatus Börner; or a mark 'Kiln- dried',	Cyprus Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)

		4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
45.	Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00	(a) (b)	The (a) wood is bark- (b) free; or (c) official (d) statement that the	Czech Republic Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

ex 4406 12 00		wood
ex 4406 92 00		originates
ex 4407 99 27		in areas
ex 4407 99 40		known
ex 4407 99 90		to be
ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15		free
		from
ex 4408 90 35		
ex 4408 90 85		Cryphonectria
ex 4408 90 95		parasitica
ex 4416 00 00		(Murrill.)
ex 9406 10 00		Barr.;
		or
	(c)	a mark
		'Kiln-
		dried'
		or
		'KD'
		or
		another
		internationally
		recognised
		mark
		put
		on the
		wood
		or on
		any
		wrapping
		in
		accordance
		with
		current
		usage
		to
		prove
		that
		it has
		undergone
		kiln-
		drying
		to
		below
		20 %
		moisture
		content,
		expressed
		as a
		as a percentage
		of dry
		-
		matter,
		achieved
		through
		an

			appropriate time/ temperature schedule.
46.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official(a)Greecestatement that(b)Irelandthe consignment:(c)United(a)hasKingdombeen(NorthernsubjectedIreland,toIsle offumigationManor otherandappropriateJersey)treatmentsagainstbarkbeetles;or(b)originatesin areasknownto befreefromDendroctonusmicansKugelan.
47.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official(a)Greecestatement that(b)Irelandthe consignment:(c)United(a)hasKingdombeensubjectedKingdomsubjectedtofumigationor otherappropriatetreatmentsagainstbarkbeetles;oror(b)originatesin areasknownto befreefromIps

			<i>amitinus</i> Eichhof.	
48.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official(a)statement that(b)the consignment:(c)(a)hasbeensubjectedtofumigationor otherappropriatetreatmentsagainstbarkbeetles;oror(b)originatesin areasknownto befreefromIpscembraeHeer.	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northerr Ireland and Isle of Man)
49.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official (a) statement that (b) the consignment: (c) (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i> <i>duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	Greece Ireland United Kingdom

50.	Isolated bark of conifers	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official statement that	(a) (b)	Cyprus Ireland
	(Pinales)	ex 4401 40 90	the consignment:	(0) (c)	United
	(1 marcs)		(a) has		Kingdom
			been		(Northern
			subjecte	d	Ireland
			to	u (	and
			fumigati	on	Isle of
			or other		Man)
			appropri	iate	wiany
			treatmer		
			against		
			bark		
			beetles;		
			Or (h) aniainat		
			(b) originate	es	
			in areas		
			known		
			to be free		
			from		
			<i>Ips</i>		
			sexdenta	atus	
			Börner.	uus	
51.	Isolated bark	ex 1404 90 00	Official	(a)	Ireland
	of conifers	ex 4401 40 90	statement that	(b)	United
	(Pinales)		the consignment:		Kingdom
			(a) has		
			been		
			subjecte	d	
			to		
			fumigati	ion	
			or other		
			appropri		
			treatmer	nts	
			against		
			bark		
			beetles;		
			or		
			(b) originate	€S	
			in areas		
			known		
			to be		
			free		
			from		
			Ips	,	
			<i>typograp</i> Heer.	ohus	
52.	Isolated bark of	ex 1404 90 00	Official	(a)	Czech
	<i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 4401 40 90	statement that		Republic
	Custanea min.	CA 1101 10 90	the isolated bark:		Ireland

(a)	originate		Sweden
	in areas	(d)	United
	known		Kingdom
	to be		
	free		
	from		
	Cryphon	ectria	
	parasitic	а	
	(Murrill.	)	
	Barr.;		
	or		
(b)	has		
	been		
	subjected	d	
	to an		
	appropri	ate	
	fumigati	on	
	or other		
	appropri		
	treatmen	t	
	against		
	Cryphon		
	parasitic		
	(Murrill.	)	
	Barr.		
	to a		
	specifica		
	approved	1	
	in ,		
	accordar	ice	
	with		
	the		
	procedui	e	
	laid		
	down		
	n Article		
	107 of		
	Regulati	on	
	(EU)	011	
	No		
	2016/202	81	
	When	r + •	
	fumigati	on	
	is	011	
	applied,		
	the		
	active		
	ingredie	nt,	
	the		
	minimur	n	
	bark		
	temperat	ure,	
	-		

> the rate  $(g/m^3)$ and the exposure time (h) thereof are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.

## ANNEX XI

# List of plants, plant products and other objects subject to phytosanitary certificates and those for which such certificates are not required for their introduction into the Union territory

## PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects, as well as the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, for which, pursuant to Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 phytosanitary certificates are required for their introduction into the Union territory

Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
1. Miscellaneous		
Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation already having been operated; lawn or sports-ground rollers – <b>already operated:</b> – Ploughs: <b>ex 8432 10 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.

The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

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- Harrows, scarifiers, cultivators, weeders and hoes: ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 90 - Seeders, planters and transplanters: ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 – Manure spreaders and fertiliser distributors: ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 - Other machinery: ex 8432 80 00 – Parts: ex 8432 90 00 Harvesting or threshing machinery, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs, fruit or other agricultural produce, other than machinery of heading 8437 – already operated: - Straw or fodder balers, including pick-up balers: ex 8433 40 00 -- Combine harvestersthreshers: ex 8433 51 00 -- Root or tuber harvesting machines: ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 Other agricultural, horticultural, forestry, poultry-keeping or beekeeping machinery, including germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment; poultry incubators and brooders already operated: -- Forestry machinery:

<i>Status:</i> Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.
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	ex 8436 80 10 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709) – already operated: – Road tractors for semi- trailers: ex 8701 20 90 – Other than single axle tractors, road tractors or track-laying tractors: – – Agricultural tractors and forestry tractors, wheeled: ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10	
Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants	N.A.ª	Third countries other than Switzerland
Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	Wheat and meslin, other than seeds for sowing: 1001 19 00 1001 99 00 Rye, other than seed for sowing: 1002 90 00 Triticale, other than seed for sowing: ex 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA
2. General categories		
Plants for planting, other than seeds	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212: 0601 10 10 0601 10 20 0601 10 30 0601 10 40 0601 10 90 0601 20 10 0601 20 30 0601 20 90 Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and shall apply.	Third countries other than Switzerland

**a** The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

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slips; other than mushroom spawn: 0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 46 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 99 Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh, for planting: ex 0703 10 11 ex 0703 10 90 ex 0703 20 00 Cabbages, cauliflowers. kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10

Root and tubercle vegetables       Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled: 0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 90 0706 90 90 Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90 Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, not sliced or in the form of pellets: ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 40 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 90 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices in the form of root or tubercle plant parts, fresh or chilled, other short of the short of ex 0910 13 000 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 199 91 Sugar beet, not ground, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 91 80	Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a growing substrate: ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33	
a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.	beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled: 0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 30 0706 90 90 Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90 Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, not sliced or in the form of pellets: ex 0714 10 00 ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 30 00 ex 0714 40 00 ex 0714 90 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices in the form of root or tubercle plant parts, fresh or chilled, other than dried: ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 91 Sugar beet, not ground, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 91 80	

	Chicory roots, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 94 00 Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 99 95 Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, similar forage products, not in the form of pellets, fresh or chilled, other than dried: ex 1214 90 10 ex 1214 90 90	
Plants of <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp. <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. and <i>Vallisneria</i> sp	Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; other than mushroom spawn: ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90	Third countries other than Switzerland
<b>3.</b> Parts of plants, other than f	ruits and seeds, of:	
Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products of tomatoe or eggplant plants, not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland
Zea mays L. a The CN code of an associated plant	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled: Sweetcorn: <b>ex 0709 99 60</b> Maize (corn), other: <b>1005 90 00</b> Vegetable products of maize ( <i>Zea mays</i> ), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	Third countries other than Switzerland

L., <i>Micromeria</i> Benth and Solanaceae Juss. buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L., Eryngium L, Limnophila L. and Ocimum L. Third countries other than graveolens L, Eryngium L, Limnophila L. and Ocimum L. For the set of plants of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticial, fungicial or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered: <b>ex 1211 90 86</b>		ex 1404 90 00	
graveolens L,. Eryngium L, Limnophila L. and Ocimumchilled: 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 90SwitzerlandL.Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered: ex 1211 90 86Switzerland	L., Micromeria Benth and	buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	Americas, Australia, New Zealand,
Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	graveolens L,. Eryngium L, Limnophila L. and Ocimum	chilled: 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 90 Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered: ex 1211 90 86 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	Third countries other than Switzerland
Leaves of Manihot esculentaLeaves of cassava (Manihot esculenta), fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90 Vegetable products of cassava (Manihot esculenta), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00Third countries other than Switzerland		<i>esculenta</i> ), fresh or chilled: <b>ex 0709 99 90</b> Vegetable products of cassava ( <i>Manihot esculenta</i> ), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	Third countries other than Switzerland
Conifers (Pinales)Foliage, branches and other parts of conifer (Pinales) plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:Third countries other than SwitzerlandaThe CN code of an associated plant shall apply.The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.		parts of conifer (Pinales) plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Third countries other than Switzerland

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	ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40	
Castanea Mill., Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L., Pelargonium l'Herit. ex Ait, Phoenix spp., Populus L., Quercus L., Solidago L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Acer saccharum Marsh	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of sugar maple ( <i>Acer saccharum</i> ), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products of plants of sugar maple ( <i>Acer saccharum</i> ), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Canada and United States
<ul> <li>Prunus L.</li> <li>a The CN code of an associated plant</li> </ul>	Cut flowers and flower buds of <i>Prunus</i> spp. of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian

		Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
Betula L.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products of plants of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.) not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland
Fraxinus L., Juglans L., Pterocarya Kunth and Ulmus davidiana Planch.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and United States
Amyris P. Browne, Casimiroa La Llave, Citropsis Swingle & Kellerman, Eremocitrus Swingle, Esenbeckia Kunth., Glycosmis Corrêa, Merrillia Swingle, Naringi Adans., Tetradium Lour., Toddalia Juss. and Zanthoxylum L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland
Acer macrophyllum Pursh,	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for	United States
a The CN code of an associated plant	shall apply.	

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Acer pseudoplatanus L., bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: Adiantum aleuticum (Rupr.) ex 0603 19 70 Paris, Adiantum jordanii C. Muell. Aesculus californica Foliage, branches and other (Spach) Nutt., Aesculus parts of plants, without hippocastanum L., Arbutus flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for menziesii Pursch., Arbutus bouquets or for ornamental unedo L., Arctostaphylos spp. Adans, Calluna vulgaris purposes, fresh: (L.) Hull, *Camellia* spp. ex 0604 20 90 L., Castanea sativa Mill., Vegetable materials of a kind Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula used primarily for plaiting californica (Eschsch.) (for example, bamboos, Gray, Frangula purshiana rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, (DC.) Cooper, Fraxinus raffia, cleaned, bleached or excelsior L., Griselinia dyed cereal straw, and lime littoralis (Raoul), Hamamelis bark), fresh: ex 1401 90 00 virginiana L., Heteromeles arbutifolia (Lindley) M. Vegetable products not Roemer, Kalmia latifolia elsewhere specified or included, fresh: L., Laurus nobilis L., ex 1404 90 00 Leucothoe spp. D. Don, Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., Lonicera hispidula (Lindl.) Dougl. ex Torr.&Gray, Magnolia spp. L., Michelia doltsopa Buch.-Ham. ex DC, Nothofagus obliqua (Mirbel) Blume, Osmanthus heterophyllus (G. Don) P. S. Green, Parrotia persica (DC) C.A. Meyer, *Photinia x* fraseri Dress, Pieris spp. D. Don, Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco, Quercus spp. L., Rhododendron spp. L., other than Rhododendron simsii Planch., Rosa gymnocarpa Nutt., Salix caprea L., Sequoia sempervirens (Lamb. ex D. Don) Endl., Syringa vulgaris L., Taxus spp. L., Trientalis latifolia (Hook), *Umbellularia californica* (Hook. & Arn.) Nutt... Vaccinium ovatum Pursh and Viburnum spp. L

4. Parts of plants, other than fruits but including seeds of:a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

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Aegle Corrêa, Aeglopsis Swingle, Afraegle Engl., Atalantia Corrêa, Balsamocitrus Stapf, Burkillanthus Swingle, Calodendrum Thunb., Choisya Kunth, Clausena Burm. f., Limonia L., Microcitrus Swingle, Murraya J. Koenig ex L., Pamburus Swingle, Severinia Ten., Swinglea Merr., Triphasia Lour and Vepris Comm.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Other vegetables, fresh or chilled: <b>ex 0709 99 90</b> Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing: – Seeds of herbaceous plants cultivated principally for their flowers: <b>ex 1209 30 00</b> – – Vegetable seeds: <b>ex 1209 91 80</b> – – Other: <b>ex 1209 99 91</b> <b>ex 1209 99 99</b> Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, not cut, crushed or powdered: <b>ex 1211 90 86</b> Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia, cleaned, bleached or dyed cereal straw, and lime bark), fresh: <b>ex 1401 90 00</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland
<b>5.</b> Fruits of:	Ĩ	
Citrus L., Fortunella	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled:	Third countries other than
Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr. and <b>a</b> The CN code of an associated plant s	<b>0702 00 00</b> Other vegetables, of <i>Solanaceae</i> , fresh or chilled:	Switzerland

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Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

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their hybrids, <i>Momordica</i> L. and <i>Solanaceae</i> Juss.	0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90 Citrus fruit, fresh or chilled: 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 50 90 Other fruit, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 75	
Actinidia Lindl., Annona L., Carica papaya L., Cydonia Mill., Diospyros L., Fragaria L., Malus L., Mangifera L., Passiflora L., Persea americana Mill., Prunus L., Psidium L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L., Syzygium Gaertn., Vaccinium L., and Vitis L.	Avocados, fresh or chilled: ex 0804 40 00 Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or chilled: ex 0804 50 00 Grapes, fresh or chilled: 0806 10 10 0806 10 90 Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh or chilled: – Papaws (papayas): 0807 20 00 Apples, pears and quinces, fresh or chilled: 0808 10 10 0808 10 10 0808 30 90 0808 40 00 Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh or chilled: 0809 10 00 0809 21 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 90	Third countries other than Switzerland

	<ul> <li>Strawberries, fresh or chilled:</li> <li>0810 10 00</li> <li>Raspberries, blackberries, mulberries and loganberries, fresh or chilled:</li> <li>0810 20 10</li> <li>ex 0810 20 90</li> <li>Black-, white- or redcurrants and gooseberries, fresh or chilled:</li> <li>0810 30 10</li> <li>0810 30 30</li> <li>0810 30 90</li> <li>Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled:</li> <li>0810 40 10</li> <li>0810 40 50</li> <li>0810 40 90</li> <li>Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:</li> <li>0810 50 00</li> <li>Persimmons, fresh or chilled:</li> <li>0810 70 00</li> <li>Other, fresh or chilled:</li> </ul>	
Punica granatum L.	ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Pomegranate, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 75	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel
6. Cut flowers of:		<u> </u>
Orchidaceae	– Orchids, fresh: 0603 13 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Aster spp., Eryngium L., Hypericum L., Lisianthus L., Rosa L. and Trachelium L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 11 00 ex 0603 19 70	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny

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		okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
7. Tubers of:	I	- [
Solanum tuberosum L.	Potatoes, fresh or chilled, other than seed potatoes: ex 0701 90 10 ex 0701 90 50 ex 0701 90 90	Third countries other than Switzerland
8. Seeds of:		
Brassicaceae, Poaceae, Trifolium spp.	Seeds of wheat and meslin: 1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90 Seed of rye: 1002 10 00 Seed of barley: 1003 10 00 Seed of oats: 1004 10 00 Seed of maize (corn): 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 90 Seed of rice: 1006 10 10 Seed of sorghum: 1007 10 10 1007 90 00 Seed of millet: 1008 21 00 Canary seed for sowing: ex 1008 30 00 Fonio ( <i>Digitaria</i> spp.) seed for sowing: ex 1008 40 00 Seed of triticale:	Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay
<b>a</b> The CN code of an associated n	ex 1008 60 00 Seed of other cereals for sowing: ex 1008 90 00	

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Rape or colza seeds, for sowing: 1205 10 10 ex 1205 90 00 Mustard seed, for sowing: 1207 50 10 Clover (Trifolium spp.) seeds for sowing: 1209 22 10 1209 22 80 Fescue seeds for sowing: 1209 23 11 1209 23 15 1209 23 80 Kentucky blue grass (Poa pratensis L.) seed for sowing: 1209 24 00 Ryegrass (Lolium *multiflorum* Lam., *Lolium* perenne L.) seeds for sowing: 1209 25 10 1205 25 90 Timothy grass seed; seeds of the genus Poa (Poa palustris L., Poa trivialis L.); cocksfoot grass (Dactylis glomerata L.) and bent grass (Agrostis) seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 29 45 Seeds of other grasses for sowing: ex 1209 29 80 Seeds of ornamental grasses for sowing: ex 1209 30 00 Other brassicas' (Brassicaceae) seeds for sowing: ex 1209 91 80 Genera Triticum L., Secale L. Seeds of wheat and meslin: Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, and x*Triticosecale* Wittm. ex 1001 11 00 Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, A. Camus 1001 91 10 South Africa and United 1001 91 20 States 1001 91 90 Seeds of rye: 1002 10 00 Seeds of triticale: ex 1008 60 00 Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle Sweetcorn for sowing: Third countries other than ex 0709 99 60 and Poncirus Raf., and their Switzerland. The CN code of an associated plant shall apply. a

hybrids, <i>Capsicum</i> spp. L., <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Medicago sativa</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., <i>Oryza</i> spp. L., <i>Zea mays</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Phaseolus</i> <i>cocineus</i> sp. L., <i>Phaseolus</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L.	<ul> <li>Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) for sowing:</li> <li>0713 33 10</li> <li>Almonds, for sowing:</li> <li>ex 0802 11 10</li> <li>ex 0802 11 90</li> <li>ex 0802 12 10</li> <li>ex 0802 12 90</li> <li>Maize (corn) seeds, for sowing:</li> <li>1005 10 13</li> <li>1005 10 15</li> <li>1005 10 18</li> <li>1005 10 90</li> <li>Rice, for sowing:</li> <li>1006 10 10</li> <li>Sunflower seeds, for sowing:</li> <li>1206 00 10</li> <li>Lucerne (alfalfa) seeds, for sowing:</li> <li>1209 21 00</li> <li> Other vegetable seeds, for sowing:</li> <li>ex 1209 91 80</li> <li> Other seeds, for sowing:</li> <li>ex 1209 99 99</li> </ul>	
Solanum tuberosum L.	Potato true seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 91 80	All third countries All third countries
9. Vegetable seeds of:		
Pisum sativum L.	Peas ( <i>Pisum sativum</i> ) seeds, for sowing: <b>0713 10 10</b>	
Vicia faba L.	Broad beans and horse beans seeds, for sowing: ex 0713 50 00 – Other, seeds for sowing: ex 0713 90 00	
10.Seeds of oil and fibre plants of:		All third countries
Brassica napus L.	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing: 1205 10 10 ex 1205 90 00	
Brassica rapa L.,	Seeds of <i>Brassica rapa</i> , for sowing: ex 1209 91 80	
a The CN code of an associated plant	shall apply.	

<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merrill	Soya bean seeds for sowing: <b>1201 10 00</b>	
Linum usitatissimum L.	Linseed, for sowing: 1204 00 10	
Sinapis alba L.	Mustard seeds, for sowing: 1207 50 10	
<b>11.</b> Isolated bark of:		
Conifers (Pinales)	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <b>ex 4401 40 90</b>	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal Distric (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
Acer saccharum Marsh, Populus L., and Quercus L. other than Quercus suber L.	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <b>ex 4401 40 90</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland

Fraxinus L., Juglans L., Pterocarya Kunth and Ulmus davidiana Planch.	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <b>ex 4401 40 90</b>	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and United States
Betula L.	Vegetable products of bark of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.), not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <b>ex 4401 40 90</b>	Canada and United States
Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd. and Taxus brevifolia Nutt.	Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <b>ex 4401 40 90</b>	United States
12. Wood, where it: (a) is considered a plant product within the a The CN code of an associated plant	shall apply.	

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<ul> <li>meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and</li> <li>(b) has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, except wood packaging material, and</li> </ul>		
(c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the descriptions referred to in the middle column, as laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:		
<i>Quercus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface and except wood which meets the description of CN code 4416 00 00 and where there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b> – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 22 00</b> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: <b>ex 4401 40 10</b> – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): <b>ex 4401 40 90</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	United States

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- Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of oak (*Quercus* spp.): 4403 91 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of oak (*Quercus* spp.): 4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:- Other: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products

	and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Platanus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b> – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 22 00</b> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: <b>ex 4401 40 10</b> – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): <b>ex 4401 40 90</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4403 12 00</b> Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: <b>ex 4403 99 00</b> Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4404 20 00</b>	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey or United States
a The CN code of an associated plant	snall addiv.	

Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: <b>ex 4407 99 27</b> <b>ex 4407 99 40</b> <b>ex 4407 99 90</b> Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: <b>ex 4408 90 15</b> <b>ex 4408 90 35</b> <b>ex 4408 90 85</b> <b>ex 4408 90 95</b> Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: <b>ex 4416 00 00</b>	
ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00	Americas
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:

> – Wood in chips or particles: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -- Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of poplar and aspen (*Populus* spp.): 4403 97 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of poplar and aspen (Populus spp.): 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by

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	slicing laminated +wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b> – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 22 00</b> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: <b>ex 4401 40 10</b> – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): <b>ex 4401 40 90</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4403 12 00</b>	United States and Canada

> Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of maple (*Acer* spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00

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chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – – Coniferous	Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland
<b>4401 11 00</b> - Wood in chips or particles: Coniferous <b>4401 21 00</b> - Sawdust and wood waste	and Ukraine
and scrap, not agglomerated: Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
<ul> <li>Treated with paint,</li> <li>stains, creosote or other</li> <li>preservatives:</li> <li>- Coniferous:</li> </ul>	
<b>4403 11 00</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
- Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
Of pine ( <i>Pinus</i> spp.): ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 Of fir ( <i>Abias</i> spp.) and	
Of fir ( <i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce ( <i>Picea</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90	
ex 4403 24 00 Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00	

> Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 Coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: 4406 11 00 – Other (than not impregnated): 4406 91 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: -- Of pine (*Pinus* spp.): 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 -- Of fir (*Abies* spp.) and spruce (*Picea* spp.): 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 -- Other, coniferous: 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00

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Pterocarya Kunth and Ulmus davidiana Planch., andin twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood inPerocarya Jap	anada, China, Democratic cople's Republic of Korea, pan, Mongolia, Republic Korea, Russia, Taiwan and nited States

	<ul> <li>Other (than not impregnated):</li> <li>ex 4406 92 00</li> <li>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</li> <li>– Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.):</li> <li>4407 95 10</li> <li>4407 95 91</li> <li>4407 95 99</li> <li>– Other:</li> <li>ex 4407 99 27</li> <li>ex 4407 99 40</li> <li>ex 4407 99 90</li> <li>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other</li> <li>wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</li> <li>ex 4408 90 15</li> <li>ex 4408 90 35</li> <li>ex 4408 90 95</li> <li>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</li> <li>ex 4416 00 00</li> <li>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</li> <li>ex 9406 10 00</li> </ul>	
<i>Betula</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface a The CN code of an associated plant	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b>	Canada and United States

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– Wood in chips or particles: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -- Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of birch (*Betula* spp.): 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of birch (*Betula* spp.): 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained

	by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, except sawdust or shavings	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b> – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 22 00</b> – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): <b>ex 4401 40 90</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4403 12 00</b> Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	Canada and United States

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

– Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00 Prunus L. including wood Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, Canada, China, Democratic which has not kept its natural in twigs, in faggots or in People's Republic of Korea, round surface similar forms; wood in Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, United States, chips or particles; sawdust

> and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: - Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -- Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:

Vietnam or any third country where *Aromia bungii* is known to be present

	<ul> <li>- Of cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.):</li> <li>4407 94 10</li> <li>4407 94 91</li> <li>4407 94 99</li> <li>- Other:</li> <li>ex 4407 99 27</li> <li>ex 4407 99 40</li> <li>ex 4407 99 90</li> <li>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</li> <li>ex 4408 90 15</li> <li>ex 4408 90 85</li> <li>ex 4408 90 95</li> <li>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</li> <li>ex 4416 00 00</li> <li>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</li> <li>ex 9406 10 00</li> </ul>	
Acer L., Aesculus L., Alnus L., Betula L., Carpinus L., Cercidiphyllum Siebold & Zucc., Corylus L., Fagus L., Fraxinus L., Koelreuteria Laxm., Platanus L., Populus L., Salix L., Tilia L. and Ulmus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b> – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 22 00</b> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: <b>ex 4401 40 10</b>	Third countries where Anoplophora glabripennis is known to be present

> -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of beech (*Fagus* spp.): 4403 93 00 4403 94 00 -- Of birch (*Betula* spp.): 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 -- Of poplar and aspen (*Populus* spp.): 4403 97 00 -- Of other: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of beech (*Fagus* spp.): 4407 92 00 -- Of maple (*Acer* spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91

	4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 Of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.): 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 Of poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.): 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 Of other: 4407 99 27	
	4407 99 40 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd. and Taxus brevifolia Nutt.	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: shall apply.	United States

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-- Coniferous: ex 4401 11 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 - Wood in chips or particles: – – Coniferous: ex 4401 21 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -- Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Coniferous: ex 4403 11 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Other, of non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00

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Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: -- Coniferous: ex 4406 11 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): -- Coniferous: ex 4406 91 00 – – Non-coniferous ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 -- Of maple (*Acer* spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -- Of other: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 98 – Other: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products

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and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

#### PART B

# List of the respective CN codes of plants, as well as the respective third countries of their origin or dispatch, for which, pursuant to Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, phytosanitary certificates are required for their introduction into the Union territory

Plants	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
All plants, within the meaning of point 1 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than those specified in parts A and C of this Annex	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, and chicory plants and roots, other than for planting: ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 10 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 15 00 0603 19 10 0603 19 20 ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, not mosses or lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than for planting: ex 0703 10 90 ex 0703 20 00 ex 0703 90 00 Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar	Third countries other than Switzerland

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edible brassicas, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled: 0707 00 05 0707 00 90 Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled: 0708 10 00 0708 20 00 0708 90 00 Asparagus, celery other than celeriac, spinach, New Zealand spinach and orache spinach (garden spinach), globe artichokes, olives, pumpkins, squash and gourds (Cucurbita spp.), salad vegetables, (other than lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.)), chard (or white beet) and cardoons, capers, fennel and other vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate: 0709 20 00 ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 70 00 0709 91 00 0709 92 10 0709 92 90 0709 93 10 0709 93 90 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 20 0709 99 40 ex 0709 99 50 ex 0709 99 90

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Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, not skinned or split, for sowing: ex 0713 20 00 ex 0713 31 00 ex 0713 32 00 ex 0713 34 00 ex 0713 35 00 ex 0713 39 00 ex 0713 40 00 ex 0713 60 00 ex 0713 90 00 Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh, whole, not shelled, not peeled, also for ssowing: ex 0801 21 00 ex 0801 31 00 Other nuts, fresh, whole not shelled, not peeled, also for sowing: ex 0802 11 10 ex 0802 11 90 ex 0802 21 00 ex 0802 31 00 ex 0802 41 00 ex 0802 51 00 ex 0802 61 00 ex 0802 70 00 ex 0802 80 00 ex 0802 90 10 ex 0802 90 50 ex 0802 90 85 Figs, fresh or chilled: 0804 20 10 Melons, fresh or chilled: 0807 11 00 0807 19 00 Other fruit, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 20 90 ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Coffee berries (other than beans), fresh, whole in husk, not roasted: ex 0901 11 00 Tea leaves, fresh, whole, not cut, not fermented, not flavoured: ex 0902 10 00 ex 0902 20 00 Thyme and fenugreek seeds for sowing: ex 0910 99 10

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ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33 Bay leaves, fresh: ex 0910 99 50 Barley, seed for sowing: 1003 10 00 Oats, seed for sowing: 1004 10 00 Grain sorghum, seed for sowing: 1007 10 10 1007 10 90 Buckwheat, millet and canary seed, other cereals, seed for sowing: ex 1008 10 00 1008 21 00 ex 1008 30 00 ex 1008 40 00 ex 1008 50 00 ex 1008 90 00 Groundnuts, fresh, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whole, not shelled, not broken, also seed for sowing: 1202 30 00 ex 1202 41 00 Other oil seeds for sowing and oleaginous fruits, fresh, not broken: ex 1207 10 00 1207 21 00 ex 1207 30 00 1207 40 10 ex 1207 60 00 ex 1207 70 00 1207 91 10 1207 99 20 Seeds and fruit, of a kind used for sowing: 1209 10 00 1209 22 10 1209 22 80 1209 23 11 1209 23 15 1209 23 80 1209 24 00 1209 25 10 1209 25 90 1209 29 45 1209 29 50 1209 29 60 1209 29 80

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1209 30 00 1209 91 30 1209 91 80 1209 99 10 1209 99 91 1209 99 99 Hop cones, fresh: ex 1210 10 00 Plants, other than for planting, and parts of plants (including seeds for sowing and fruits), fresh or chilled, not cut nor crushed or powdered: ex 1211 30 00 ex 1211 40 00 ex 1211 50 00 ex 1211 90 30 ex 1211 90 86 Locust beans for sowing, and sugar cane, fresh or chilled, not ground; fruit stones and kernels for sowing and other fresh vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1212 92 00 ex 1212 93 00 ex 1212 94 00 ex 1212 99 41 ex 1212 99 95 Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting, fresh: ex 1401 90 00 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00

### PART C

List of plants, as well as the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, for which a phytosanitary certificate is not required for their introduction into the Union territory

Plants	CN Codes and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
Fruits of <i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merrill	Pineapples, fresh or dried: <b>0804 30 00</b>	All third countries

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019. Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to

be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Fruits of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L.	Coconuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled: 0801 12 00 0801 19 00	All third countries
Fruits of <i>Durio zibethinus</i> Murray	Durians: 0810 60 00	All third countries
Fruits of Musa L.	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried: 0803 10 10 0803 10 90 0803 90 10 0803 90 90	All third countries
Fruits of <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L.	Dates, fresh or dried: 0804 10 00	All third countries

## ANNEX XII

### List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a phytosanitary certificate is required for their introduction into a protected zone from certain third countries of origin or dispatch

Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
1. Plants of		
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for industrial processing.	Sugar beet, fresh: ex 1212 91 80 Mangold roots, fresh: ex 1214 90 10	Third countries other than Switzerland.
2. Parts of plants of		
<i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Hérit.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. seeds: <b>ex 1209 99 10</b> Plants and parts of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.(including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in	Third countries other than Switzerland.

Status: Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.
Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 is up to date with all changes known to
be in force on or before 28 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes
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<b>3.</b> Parts of plants, other than f	perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, whether or not cut, but not crushed nor powdered: <b>ex 1211 90 86</b> Vegetable products of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	
Amelanchier Med.	Cut flowers and flower	Third countries other than
Amelanchier Med.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Switzerland.
Chaenomeles Lindl.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	
Cotoneaster Ehrh.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Crataegus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Cydonia Mill.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	
Eriobotrya Lindl.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Malus</i> Mill.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	<ul> <li>Fresh:</li> <li>ex 0604 20 90</li> <li>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included:</li> <li>ex 1404 90 00</li> </ul>	
Mespilus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: - Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Pyracantha Roem.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	
Pyrus L	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Sorbus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: <b>ex 0603 19 70</b> Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes,	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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	fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: <b>ex 0604 20 90</b> Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b>	
4. Seeds of		1
Beta vulgaris L.	Sugar beet seeds, for sowing: <b>1209 10 00</b> Fodder beet seed ( <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> var. <i>alba</i> ), for sowing: <b>1209 29 60</b> Other fodder beet seeds (other than <i>Beta vulgaris</i> var. <i>alba</i> ), for sowing: <b>ex 1209 29 80</b> Salad beet seed or beetroot seed ( <i>Beta vulgaris</i> var. <i>conditiva</i> ), for sowing: <b>1209 91 30</b> Other beet seeds ( <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> ), for sowing: <b>ex 1209 91 80</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Castanea Mill.	Chestnut ( <i>Castanea</i> spp.) seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 10 Chestnuts ( <i>Castanea</i> spp.), in shell, for sowing: ex 0802 41 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Dolichos Jacq.,	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing: Other: ex 1209 29 80 - Seeds of herbaceous plants cultivated principally for their flowers, for sowing: ex 1209 30 00 - Other seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 91 80 ex 1209 99 99	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Mangifera L.	Mango seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 99	Third countries other than Switzerland.
5. Seeds and fruits (bolls) of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Gossypium L.	Cotton seeds, for sowing: 1207 21 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.

ungini	ned cotton	Cotton, not carded or combed, other: <b>5201 00 90</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
6. (a)	Wood, where it: is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and		
(b)	has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, and		
(c)	falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the descriptions referred to in the middle column, as laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:		
wood	ers (Pinales), excluding which is bark-free ating in European third ries	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Coniferous: <b>ex 4401 11 00</b> – Wood, in chips or particles: – Coniferous: <b>ex 4401 21 00</b> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): <b>ex 4401 40 90</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine

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 Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Coniferous: ex 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of pine (*Pinus* spp.): ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 -- Of fir (*Abies* spp.) and spruce (*Picea* spp.): ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 -- Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: -- Coniferous: 4406 11 00 – Other (than not impregnated): -- Coniferous: 4406 91 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: -- Of pine (*Pinus* spp.): ex 4407 11 10 ex 4407 11 20 ex 4407 11 90 -- Of fir (*Abies* spp.) and spruce (*Picea* spp.): ex 4407 12 10 ex 4407 12 20

	ex 4407 12 90 - Other, coniferous: ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood: - Cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings; cable- drums: 4415 10 10 4415 10 90 - Pallets, box pallets and other load boards; pallet collars: 4415 20 20 4415 20 90 Prefabricated buildings, of wood: 9406 10 00	
Castanea Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 12 00</b> – Wood, in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: <b>ex 4401 22 00</b> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): <b>ex 4401 40 90</b> Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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ex 4403 12 00 Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (Quercus spp.) or beech (Fagus spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous : ex 4404 20 00 Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: -- Non-coniferous: 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated): – – Non-coniferous: 4406 92 00 Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (Quercus spp.), beech (Fagus spp.), maple (Acer spp.), cherry (Prunus spp.), ash (Fraxinus spp.), birch (Betula spp.) or poplar and aspen (Populus spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood: - Cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings; cabledrums:

7. Bark	4415 10 10 4415 10 90 - Pallets, box pallets and other load boards; pallet collars: 4415 20 20 4415 20 90 Prefabricated buildings, of wood: 9406 10 00	
Isolated bark of conifers  8. Other	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: <b>ex 1404 90 00</b> Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <b>ex 4401 40 90</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet ( <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.).	Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beet-pulp, bagasse and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets, other: <b>ex 2303 20 10</b> <b>ex 2303 20 90</b> Mineral substances not elsewhere specified or included, other: <b>ex 2530 90 00</b>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.	Live pollen: ex 1212 99 95	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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# ANNEX XIII

#### List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for movement within the Union territory

- 1. All plants for planting, other than seeds.
- 2. Plants, other than fruits and seeds, of *Choisya* Kunth, *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids, *Casimiroa* La Llave, *Clausena* Burm. f., *Murraya* J. Koenig ex L., *Vepris* Comm., *Zanthoxylum* L. and *Vitis* L.
- 3. Fruits of *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf. and their hybrids, with leaves and peduncles.
- 4. Wood, where it:
  - (a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and
  - (b) has been obtained in whole or part from *Juglans* L., *Platanus* L. and *Pterocarya* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface; and
  - (c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the following descriptions laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 12 00	Non-coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 40 90	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated
ex 4403 12 00	Non-coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99 00	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak ( <i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.), birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.), poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.) or eucalyptus ( <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404 20 00	Non-coniferous split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of non-

	coniferous wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak ( <i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry ( <i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

- 5. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 66/402/EEC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
  - Oryza sativa L.
- 6. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 2002/55/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
  - Allium cepa L.,
  - Allium porrum L.,
  - *Capsicum annuum* L.,
  - *Phaseolus coccineus L.,*
  - *Phaseolus vulgaris* L.,
  - *Pisum sativum* L.,
  - Solanum lycopersicum L.,
  - Vicia faba L.
- 7. Seeds of *Solanum tuberosum* L.
- 8. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 66/401/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
  - *Medicago sativa* L.
- 9. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 2002/57/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
  - *Brassica napus* L.,
  - *Brassica rapa* L.,
  - *Glycine max* (L.) Merrill,
  - *Helianthus annuus* L.,
  - *Linum usitatissimum* L.,
  - *Sinapis alba* L.
- 10. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 98/56/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
  - Allium L.,

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- *Capsicum annuum* L.
- \_\_\_\_ Helianthus annuus L.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Prunus avium L.,
- Prunus armeniaca L.,
- Prunus cerasus L.,
- Prunus domestica L.,
- Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb,
- Prunus persica (L.) Batsch,
- Prunus salicina Lindley.
- 11. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 2008/90/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
  - Prunus avium L., \_\_\_\_
  - Prunus armeniaca L.,
  - Prunus cerasus L.,
  - Prunus domestica L.,
  - Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb,
  - Prunus persica (L.) Batsch,
  - Prunus salicina Lindley.

#### ANNEX XIV

### List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport with the designation 'PZ' is required for introduction into, and movement within certain protected zones

- 1. Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr.
- Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Ajuga L., Beta vulgaris L., Cedrus Trew, 2. Crossandra Salisb., Dipladenia A.DC., Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., Ficus L., Hibiscus L., Mandevilla Lindl., Nerium oleander L., Platanus L., Populus L., Prunus L., Quercus spp., other than Quercus suber, Ulmus L. and plants for planting of Begonia L., other than corms, seeds and tubers.
- 3. Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Aesculus hippocastanum L., Amelanchier Med., Arbutus unedo L., Camellia L., Castanea Mill., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Eucalyptus L'Herit., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L., Rhododendron L., other than Rhododendron simsii Planch., Sorbus L., Svringa vulgaris L., Taxus L., Umbellularia californica (Hook. & Arn.) Nutt., Vaccinium L., Viburnum L. and Vitis L.
- Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the 4. base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: Areca catechu L., Arenga pinnata (Wurmb) Merr., Bismarckia Hildebr. & H. Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea Mart., Butia Becc., Calamus merrillii Becc., Carvota cumingii Lodd. ex Mart., Caryota maxima Blume, Chamaerops L., Cocos nucifera L., Copernicia Mart., Corypha utan Lam., Elaeis guineensis Jacq., Howea forsteriana Becc., Jubaea Kunth, Livistona R. Br., Metroxylon sagu Rottb., Phoenix L., Pritchardia Seem. & H. Wendl.,

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Ravenea rivularis Jum. & H. Perrier, Roystonea regia (Kunth) O. F. Cook, Sabal Adans., Syagrus Mart., Trachycarpus H. Wendl., Trithrinax Mart., Washingtonia Raf.

- 5. Live pollen for pollination of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.
- 6. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L., intended for planting.
- 7. Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L., intended for industrial processing.
- 8. Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.)
- 9. Seeds of *Beta vulgaris* L., *Castanea* Mill., *Dolichos* Jacq. and *Gossypium* spp.
- 10. Fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton.
- 11. Wood, where it:
  - (a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and
  - (b) has been obtained in whole or part from
    - conifers (Pinales), excluding wood which is bark-free,
    - *Castanea* Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free,
    - *Platanus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface; and
  - (c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the following descriptions laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 11 00	Coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 12 00	Non-coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 40 90	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated
ex 4403 11 00	Coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 12 00	Non-coniferous wood in the rough treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped

	of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 21	Coniferous wood of pine ( <i>Pinus</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross- sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 22 00	Coniferous wood of pine ( <i>Pinus</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 23	Coniferous wood of fir ( <i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce ( <i>Picea</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 24 00	Coniferous wood of fir ( <i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce ( <i>Picea</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross- sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 25	Coniferous wood, other than of pine ( <i>Pinus</i> spp.), fir ( <i>Abies</i> spp.) or spruce ( <i>Picea</i> spp.), in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross- sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 26 00	Coniferous wood, other than of pine ( <i>Pinus</i> spp.), fir ( <i>Abies</i> spp.) or spruce ( <i>Picea</i> spp.), in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other

	preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 99 00	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak ( <i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.), birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.), poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.) or eucalyptus ( <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
ex 4407	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak ( <i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry ( <i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

12. Isolated bark of *Castanea* Mill, and conifers (Pinales).

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#### (**1**) OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4.

- (2) Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (OJ L 169, 10.7.2000, p. 1).
- (3) Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 of 4 July 2008 recognising protected zones exposed to particular plant health risks in the Community (OJ L 193, 22.7.2008, p. 1).
- (4) Council Directive 66/401/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of fodder plant seed (OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2298).
- (5) Council Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed (OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2309).
- (6) Council Directive 68/193/EEC of 9 April 1968 on the marketing of material for the vegetative propagation of the vine (OJ L 93, 17.4.1968, p. 15).
- (7) Council Directive 98/56/EC of 20 July 1998 on the marketing of propagating material of ornamental plants (OJ L 226, 13.8.1998, p. 16).
- (8) Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 33).
- (9) Council Directive 2002/56/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of seed potatoes (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 60).
- (10) Council Directive 2002/57/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants (OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 74).
- (11) Council Directive 2008/72/EC of 15 July 2008 on the marketing of vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seed (OJ L 205, 1.8.2008, p. 28).
- (12) Council Directive 2008/90/EC of 29 September 2008 on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production (OJ L 267, 8.10.2008, p. 8).
- (13) Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/478 of 16 March 2017 releasing certain Member States from the obligation to apply to certain species Council Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 68/193/EEC, 1999/105/EC, 2002/54/EC, 2002/55/EC and 2002/57/EC on the marketing of fodder plant seed, cereal seed, material for the vegetative propagation of the vine, forest reproductive material, beet seed, vegetable seed and seed of oil and fibre plants respectively, and repealing Commission Decision 2010/680/EU (OJ L 73, 18.3.2017, p. 29).

## Status:

Point in time view as at 28/11/2019.

#### **Changes to legislation:**