Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/1901 of 7 November 2019 amending Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 as regards maximum levels of citrinin in food supplements based on rice fermented with red yeast Monascus purpureus (Text with EEA relevance)

Article 1 The Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 is amended in...
Food supplements based on rice fermented with red yeast Monascus...

Article 3 The Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 is amended in...

Food supplements based on rice fermented with red yeast Monascus...

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day...

Signature

ANNEX

The Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 is amended as... In section 2 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No...

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/1901. (See end of Document for details)

- (1) OJ L 37, 13.2.1993, p. 1.
- (2) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 of 19 December 2006 setting maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs (OJ L 364, 20.12.2006, p. 5).
- (3) EFSA Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain (CONTAM); Scientific Opinion on the risks for public and animal health related to the presence of citrinin in food and feed. EFSA Journal 2012;10(3):2605. [82 pp.] Available online: www.efsa.europa.eu/efsajournal
- (4) López P, de Nijs M, Spanjer M, Pietri A, Bertuzzi T, Starski A, Postupolski J, Castellari M and Hortós M, 2017. Generation of occurrence data on citrinin in food. EFSA supporting publication 2017:EN-1177. 47 pp.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/1901.