Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008 of 5 September 2008 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products with regard to organic production, labelling and control

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

### ANNEX I

Fertilisers and soil conditioners referred to in Article 3(1)

Note:

A : authorised under Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91 and carried over by

Article 16(3)(c) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

B : authorised under Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirements, conditions for use
A	Compound products or products containing only materials listed hereunder: Farmyard manure	Product comprising a mixture of animal excrements and vegetable matter (animal bedding). Factory farming origin forbidden
A	Dried farmyard manure and dehydrated poultry manure	Factory farming origin forbidden
A	Composted animal excrements, including poultry manure and composted farmyard manure included	Factory farming origin forbidden
A	Liquid animal excrements	Use after controlled fermentation and/or appropriate dilution Factory farming origin forbidden
A	Composted or fermented household waste	Product obtained from source separated household waste, which has been submitted to composting or to anaerobic fermentation for biogas production Only vegetable and animal household waste Only when produced in a closed and monitored collection system, accepted by the Member State Maximum concentrations in mg/kg of dry matter: cadmium: 0,7; copper: 70; nickel: 25; lead: 45; zinc: 200; mercury: 0,4; chromium (total): 70; chromium (VI): 0
A OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1	Peat	Use limited to horticulture (market gardening,

**a** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

		floriculture, arboriculture, nursery)
A	Mushroom culture wastes	The initial composition of the substrate shall be limited to products of this Annex
A	Dejecta of worms (vermicompost) and insects	
A	Guano	
A	Composted or fermented mixture of vegetable matter	Product obtained from mixtures of vegetable matter, which have been submitted to composting or to anaerobic fermentation for biogas production
A	Products or by-products of animal origin as below: blood meal hoof meal horn meal bone meal or degelatinized bone meal fish meal meat meal feather, hair and 'chiquette' meal wool fur hair dairy products	Maximum concentration in mg/kg of dry matter of chromium (VI): 0
A	Products and by-products of plant origin for fertilisers	Examples: oilseed cake meal, cocoa husks, malt culms
A	Seaweeds and seaweed products	As far as directly obtained by:  (i) physical processes including dehydration, freezing and grinding  (ii) extraction with water or aqueous acid and/or alkaline solution  (iii) fermentation
A	Sawdust and wood chips	Wood not chemically treated after felling

**a** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

A	Composted bark	Wood not chemically treated after felling
A	Wood ash	From wood not chemically treated after felling
A	Soft ground rock phosphate	Product as specified in point 7 of Annex IA.2. to Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>a</sup> relating to fertilisers, 7 Cadmium content less than or equal to 90 mg/kg of P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
A	Aluminium-calcium phosphate	Product as specified in point 6 of Annex IA.2. of Regulation 2003/2003, Cadmium content less than or equal to 90 mg/kg of P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub> Use limited to basic soils (pH > 7,5)
A	Basic slag	Products as specified in point 1 of Annex IA.2. of Regulation 2003/2003
A	Crude potassium salt or kainit	Products as specified in point 1 of Annex IA.3. of Regulation 2003/2003
A	Potassium sulphate, possibly containing magnesium salt	Product obtained from crude potassium salt by a physical extraction process, containing possibly also magnesium salts
A	Stillage and stillage extract	Ammonium stillage excluded
A	Calcium carbonate (chalk, marl, ground limestone, Breton ameliorant, (maerl), phosphate chalk)	Only of natural origin
A	Magnesium and calcium carbonate	Only of natural origin e.g. magnesian chalk, ground magnesium, limestone
A	Magnesium sulphate (kieserite)	Only of natural origin
A	Calcium chloride solution	Foliar treatment of apple trees, after identification of deficit of calcium

OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

ANNEX II
Document Generated: 2024-03-12

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

A	Calcium sulphate (gypsum)	Products as specified in point 1 of Annex ID. of Regulation 2003/2003 Only of natural origin
A	Industrial lime from sugar production	By-product of sugar production from sugar beet
A	Industrial lime from vacuum salt production	By-product of the vacuum salt production from brine found in mountains
A	Elemental sulphur	Products as specified in Annex ID.3 of Regulation 2003/2003
A	Trace elements	Inorganic micronutrients listed in part E of Annex I to Regulation 2003/2003
A	Sodium chloride	Only mined salt
A	Stone meal and clays	
<b>a</b> OJ L 304, 21.11.200	3, p. 1.	I.

### ANNEX II

Pesticides — plant protection products referred to in Article 5(1)

Note:

В

A : authorised under Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91 and carried over by

Article 16(3)(c) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 authorised under Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

1. Substances of crop or animal origin

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conditions for use
A	Azadirachtin extracted from Azadirachta indica (Neem tree)	Insecticide
A	Beeswax	Pruning agent
A	Gelatine	Insecticide
A	Hydrolysed proteins.	Attractant, only in authorized applications in combination with other appropriate products of this list
A	Lecithin	Fungicide

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

A	Plant oils (e.g. mint oil, pine oil, caraway oil).	Insecticide, acaricide, fungicide and sprout inhibitor.
A	Pyrethrins extracted from <i>Chrysanthemum</i> cinerariaefolium	Insecticide
A	Quassia extracted from Quassia amara	Insecticide, repellent
A	Rotenone extracted from <i>Derris</i> spp. and <i>Lonchocarpus</i> spp. and <i>Terphrosia</i> spp.	Insecticide

# 2. Micro-organisms used for biological pest and disease control

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conditions for use
A	Micro-organisms (bacteria, viruses and fungi)	

# 3. Substances produced by micro-organisms

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conditions for use
A	Spinosad	Insecticide Only where measures are taken to minimize the risk to key parasitoids and to minimize the risk of development of resistance

# 4. Substances to be used in traps and/or dispensers

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conditions for use
A	Diammonium phosphate	Attractant, only in traps
A	Pheromones	Attractant; sexual behaviour disrupter; only in traps and dispensers
A	Pyrethroids (only deltamethrin or lambdacyhalothrin)	Insecticide; only in traps with specific attractants; only against <i>Bactrocera oleae</i> and <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> Wied.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

# 5. Preparations to be surface-spread between cultivated plants

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conditions for use
A	Ferric phosphate (iron (III) orthophosphate)	Molluscicide

# 6. Other substances from traditional use in organic farming

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conditions for use
A	Copper in the form of copper hydroxide, copper oxychloride, (tribasic) copper sulphate, cuprous oxide, copper octanoate	Fungicide. up to 6 kg copper per ha per year For perennial crops, Member States may, by derogation from the previous paragraph, provide that the 6 kg copper limit can be exceeded in a given year provided that the average quantity actually used over a 5-year period consisting of that year and of the four preceding years does not exceed 6 kg
A	Ethylene	Degreening bananas, kiwis and kakis; Degreening of citrus fruit only as part of a strategy for the prevention of fruit fly damage in citrus; Flower induction of pineapple; sprouting inhibition in potatoes and onions
A	Fatty acid potassium salt (soft soap)	Insecticide
A	Potassium aluminium (aluminium sulphate) (Kalinite)	Prevention of ripening of bananas
A	Lime sulphur (calcium polysulphide)	Fungicide, insecticide, acaricide
A	Paraffin oil	Insecticide, acaricide
A	Mineral oils	Insecticide, fungicide;

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

		only in fruit trees, vines, olive trees and tropical crops (e.g. bananas);
A	Potassium permanganate	Fungicide, bactericide; only in fruit trees, olive trees and vines.
A	Quartz sand	Repellent
A	Sulphur	Fungicide, acaricide, repellent

### 7. Other substances

Authorisation	Name	Description, compositional requirement, conitions for use
A	Calcium hydroxide	Fungicide Only in fruit trees, including nurseries, to control <i>Nectria</i> galligena
A	Potassium bicarbonate	Fungicide

# ANNEX III

Minimum surface areas indoors and outdoors and other characteristics of housing in the different species and types of production referred to in Article 10(4)

# 1. Bovines, equidae, ovine, caprine and porcine

	Indoors area(net area available to animals)		Outdoors area(exercise area, excluding pasturage)
	Live weight minimum (kg)	M <sup>2</sup> /head	M <sup>2</sup> /head
Breeding and	up to 100	1,5	1,1
fattening bovine and equidae	up to 200	2,5	1,9
	up to 350	4,0	3
	over 350	5 with a minimum of 1 m <sup>2</sup> /100 kg	3,7 with a minimum of 0,75 m <sup>2</sup> /100 kg
Dairy cows		6	4,5
Bulls for breeding		10	30
Sheep and goats		1,5 sheep/goat	2,5
		0,35 lamb/kid	0,5

ANNEX III

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Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Farrowing sows with piglets up to 40 days		7,5 sow	2,5
Fattening pigs	up to 50	0,8	0,6
	up to 85	1,1	0,8
	up to 110	1,3	1
Piglets	over 40 days and up to 30 kg	0,6	0,4
Brood pigs		2,5 female	1,9
		6 male If pens are used for natural service: 10 m²/boar	8,0

# 2. Poultry

	Indoors area(net area available to animals)			Outdoors
	No animals/m <sup>2</sup>	cm perch/ animal	nest	area(m <sup>2</sup> of area available in rotation/ head)
Laying hens	6	18	7 laying hens per nest or in case of common nest 120 cm <sup>2</sup> /bird	4, provided that the limit of 170 kg of N/ha/year is not exceeded
Fattening poultry (in fixed housing)	10 with a maximum of 21 kg liveweight/m <sup>2</sup>	20 (for guinea fowl only)		4 broilers and guinea fowl 4,5 ducks 10 turkey 15 geese In all the species mentioned above the limit of 170 kg of N/ha/year is not exceeded
Fattening poultry in mobile housing	16 <sup>a</sup> in mobile poultry houses with a maximum of 30 kg liveweight/m <sup>2</sup>			2,5, provided that the limit of 170 kg of N/ ha/year is not exceeded

a Only in the case of mobile houses not exceeding 150 m<sup>2</sup> floor space.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

### ANNEX IV

### Maximum number of animals per hectare referred to in Article 15 (2)

Class or species	Maximum number of animals per haequivalent to 170 kg N/ha/year
Equines over six months old	2
Calves for fattening	5
Other bovine animals less than one year old	5
Male bovine animals from one to less than two years old	3,3
Female bovine animals from one to less than two years old	3,3
Male bovine animals two years old or over	2
Breeding heifers	2,5
Heifers for fattening	2,5
Dairy cows	2
Cull dairy cows	2
Other cows	2,5
Female breeding rabbits	100
Ewes	13,3
Goats	13,3
Piglets	74
Breeding sows	6,5
Pigs for fattening	14
Other pigs	14
Table chickens	580
Laying hens	230

### ANNEX V

Feed materials referred to in Article 22(1), (2) and (3)

- 1. NON-ORGANIC FEED MATERIALS OF PLANT ORIGIN
- 1.1. Cereals, grains, their products and by-products:
- Oats as grains, flakes, middlings, hulls and bran
- Barley as grains, protein and middlings
- Rice germ expeller
- Millet as grains

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

	Rye as grains and middlings Sorghum as grains Wheat as grains, middlings, bran, gluten feed, gluten and germ Spelt as grains Triticale as grains Maize as grains, bran, middlings, germ expeller and gluten Malt culms Brewers' grains
1.2. — — — — — — — — — — — —	Oil seeds, oil fruits, their products and by-products: Rape seed, expeller and hulls Soya bean as bean, toasted, expeller and hulls Sunflower seed as seed and expeller Cotton as seed and seed expeller Linseed as seed and expeller Sesame seed as expeller Palm kernels as expeller Pumpkin seed as expeller Olives, olive pulp Vegetable oils (from physical extraction).
1.3. 	Legume seeds, their product and by-products: Chickpeas as seeds, middlings and bran Ervil as seeds, middlings and bran Chickling vetch as seeds submitted to heat treatment, middlings and bran Peas as seeds, middlings, and bran Broad beans as seeds, middlings and bran Horse beans as seeds middlings and bran Vetches as seeds, middlings and bran Lupin as seeds, middlings and bran
1.4. — — — —	Tuber, roots, their products and by-products: Sugar beet pulp Potato Sweet potato as tuber Potato pulp (by-product of the extraction of potato starch) Potato starch Potato protein Manioc.
1.5. — — — — —	Other seeds and fruits, their products and by-products: Carob Carob pods and meals thereof Pumpkins, Citrus pulp Apples, quinces, pears, peaches, figs, grapes and pulps thereof Chestnuts Walnut expeller

Hazelnut expeller

Fish meal

2.3.

Egg and egg products

Cocoa husks and expeller

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

	Acorns.
1.6.	Forages and roughages: Lucerne Lucerne meal Clover Clover meal Grass (obtained from forage plants) Grass meal Hay Silage Straw of cereals Root vegetables for foraging
1.7. — — — —	Other plants, their products and by-products: Molasses Seaweed meal (obtained by drying and crushing seaweed and washed to reduce iodine content) Powders and extracts of plants Plant protein extracts (solely provided to young animals) Spices Herbs
2.	FEED MATERIALS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN
2.1.	Milk and milk products: Raw milk Milk powder Skimmed milk, skimmed-milk powder, Buttermilk, buttermilk powder Whey, whey powder, whey powder low in sugar, whey protein powder (extracted by physical treatment) Casein powder Lactose powder Curd and sour milk
2.2.	Fish, other marine animals, their products and by-products:
	e following restrictions: Products origin only from sustainable fisheries and to be used species other than herbivores  Fish
<u> </u>	Fish oil and cod-liver oil not refined Fish molluscan or crustacean autolysates Hydrolysate and proteolysates obtained by an enzyme action, whether or not in soluble form, solely provided to young animals

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

	Eggs and egg products for use as poultry feed, primarily from the same holding.
3.	FEED MATERIALS OF MINERAL ORIGIN
3.1.	Sodium: unrefined sea salt coarse rock salt sodium sulphate sodium carbonate sodium bicarbonate sodium chloride
3.2.	Potassium: potassium chloride
3.3.	Calcium: lithotamnion and maerl shells of aquatic animals (including cuttlefish bones) calcium carbonate calcium lactate calcium gluconate
3.4.	Phosphorus: defluorinated dicalcium phosphate defluorinated monocalcium phosphate monosodium phosphate calcium-magnesium phosphate calcium-sodium phosphate
3.5.	Magnesium: magnesium oxide (anhydrous magnesia) magnesium sulphate magnesium chloride

### ANNEX VI

Feed additives and certain substances used as in animal nutrition referred to in Article 22(4)

### 1. FEED ADDITIVES

Sulphur:

3.6.

magnesium carbonate magnesium phosphate

sodium sulphate.

Additives listed must have been approved under Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(1)</sup> on additives for use in animal nutrition

- 1.1. Nutritional additives
- (a) Vitamins

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- Vitamins derived from raw materials occurring naturally in feedingstuffs;
- Synthetic vitamins identical to natural vitamins for monogastric animals;
- Synthetic vitamins A, D, and E identical to natural vitamins for ruminants with prior authorisation of the Member States based on the assessment of the possibility for organic ruminants to obtain the necessary quantities of the said vitamins through their feed rations.

# (b) Trace elements

E1	Iron:
	ferrous (II) carbonate
	ferrous (II) sulphate monohydrate and/or heptahydrate
	ferric (III) oxide;
E2	Iodine:
	calcium iodate, anhydrous
	calcium iodate, hexahydrate
	sodium iodide;
E3	Cobalt:
	cobaltous (II) sulphate monohydrate and/or heptahydrate
	basic cobaltous (II) carbonate, monohydrate;
E4	Copper:
	copper (II) oxide
	basic copper (II) carbonate, monohydrate
	copper (II) sulphate, pentahydrate;
E5	Manganese:
	manganous (II) carbonate
	manganous oxide and manganic oxide
	manganous (II) sulfate, mono- and/or tetrahydrate;
E6	Zinc:
	zinc carbonate
	zinc oxide
	zinc sulphate mono- and/or heptahydrate;
E7	Molybdenum:
	ammonium molybdate, sodium molybdate;
E8	Selenium:

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

sodium selenate
sodium selenite.

### 1.2. Zoo-technical additives

Enzymes and micro-organisms

## 1.3. Technological additives

### (a) Preservatives

E 200	Sorbic acid
E 236	Formic acid <sup>a</sup>
E 260	Acetic acid <sup>a</sup>
E 270	Lactic acid <sup>a</sup>
E 280	Propionic acid <sup>a</sup>
E 330	Citric acid.

**a** For silage: only when weather conditions do not allow for adequate fermentation.

### (b) Antioxidant substances

E 306 — Tocopherol-rich extracts of natural origin used as an antioxidant

### (c) Binders and anti-caking agents

E 470	Calcium stearate of natural origin
E 551b	Colloidal silica
E 551c	Kieselgur
E 558	Bentonite
E 559	Kaolinitic clays
E 560	Natural mixtures of stearites and chlorite
E 561	Vermiculite
E 562	Sepiolite
E 599	Perlite.

### (d) Silage additives

Enzymes, yeasts and bacteria can be used as silage additives

The use of lactic, formic, propionic and acetic acid in the production of silage shall only be permitted when weather conditions do not allow for adequate fermentation

### 2. CERTAIN SUBSTANCES USED IN ANIMAL NUTRITION

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Substance listed must have been approved under Council Directive 82/471/EEC concerning certain products used in animal nutrition(2)

Yeasts:	
	Saccharomyces cerevisiae
	Saccharomyces carlsbergiensis
3.	SUBSTANCES FOR SILAGE PRODUCTION
_	sea salt
_	coarse rock salt
_	whey
_	sugar
_	sugar beet pulp
_	cereal flour
_	molasses
	ANNEX VII
	Products for cleaning and disinfection referred to in Article 23 (4)
Products	for cleaning and disinfection of buildings and installations for animal production:
	Potassium and sodium soap
	Water and steam
	Milk of lime
	Lime
_	Quicklime
_	Sodium hypochlorite (e.g. as liquid bleach)
	Caustic soda
_	Caustic potash
	Hydrogen peroxide
_	Natural essences of plants
	Citric, peracetic acid, formic, lactic, oxalic and acetic acid
	Alcohol
_	Nitric acid (dairy equipment)
_	Phosporic acid (dairy equipment)
_	Formaldehyde

Cleaning and disinfection products for teats and milking facilities

Sodium carbonate

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

### **ANNEX VIII**

[F1Certain products and substances for use in production of processed organic food, yeast and yeast products referred to in Article 27(1)(a) and Article 27a(a)]

### **Textual Amendments**

Substituted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1254/2008 of 15 December 2008 amending Regulation (EC) No 889/2008 laying down detailed rules for implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products with regard to organic production, labelling and control.

Note:

A : authorised under Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91 and carried over by

Article 21(2) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

B : authorised under Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

### SECTION A — FOOD ADDITIVES, INCLUDING CARRIERS

For the purpose of the calculation referred to in Article 23(4)(a)(ii) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007, food additives marked with an asterisk in the column of the code number, shall be calculated as ingredients of agricultural origin.

Authorisation	Code Name	Name	Preparation of	of foodstuffs	Specific conditions
			plant origin	animal origin	
A	E 153	Vegetable carbon		X	Ashy goat cheese Morbier cheese
A	E 160b*	Annatto, Bixin, Norbixin		X	Red Leicester cheese Double Gloucester cheese Cheddar Mimolette cheese
A	E 170	Calcium carbonate	X	X	Shall not be used for colouring

- a This additive can only be used, if it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that no technological alternative, giving the same guarantees and/or allowing to maintain the specific features of the product, is available.
- **b** The restriction concerns only animal products.
- c 'Dulce de leche' or 'Confiture de lait' refers to a soft, luscious, brown cream, made of sweetened, thickened milk.
- d In this context, 'fruit wine' is defined as wine made from fruits other than grapes.
- e Maximum levels available from all sources, expressed as SO<sub>2</sub> in mg/l.

### Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

					or calcium enrichment of products
A	E 220 Or	Sulphur dioxide	X	X	In fruit wines <sup>d</sup> without added sugar (including cider and perry) or in mead: 50 mg <sup>e</sup>
	E 224	Potassium metabisulphite	X	X	For cider and perry prepared with addition of sugars or juice concentrate after fermentation: 100 mg <sup>e</sup>
A	E 250	Sodium		X	For meat
	or	nitrite			products*:
	E 252	Potassium nitrate		X	For E 250: indicative ingoing amount expressed as NaNO <sub>2</sub> : 80 mg/kg For E 252: indicative ingoing amount expressed as NaNO <sub>3</sub> : 80 mg/kg For E 250: maximum residual amount

a This additive can only be used, if it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that no technological alternative, giving the same guarantees and/or allowing to maintain the specific features of the product, is available.

- **b** The restriction concerns only animal products.
- c 'Dulce de leche' or 'Confiture de lait' refers to a soft, luscious, brown cream, made of sweetened, thickened milk.
- d In this context, 'fruit wine' is defined as wine made from fruits other than grapes.
- e Maximum levels available from all sources, expressed as SO<sub>2</sub> in mg/l.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

					expressed as NaNO <sub>2</sub> : 50 mg/kg For E 252: maximum residual amount expressed as NaNO <sub>3</sub> : 50 mg/kg
A	E 270	Lactic acid	X	X	
A	E 290	Carbon dioxide	X	X	
A	E 296	Malic acid	X		
A	E 300	Ascorbic acid	X	X	Meat products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 301	Sodium ascorbate		X	Meat products <sup>b</sup> in connection with nitrates and nitrites
A	E 306*	Tocopherol- rich extract	X	X	Anti-oxidant for fats and oils
A	E 322*	Lecithins	X	X	Milk products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 325	Sodium lactate		X	Milk-based and meat products
A	E 330	Citric acid	X		
A	E 331	Sodium citrates		X	
A	E 333	Calcium citrates	X		
A	E 334	Tartaric acid (L(+)–)	X		

a This additive can only be used, if it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that no technological alternative, giving the same guarantees and/or allowing to maintain the specific features of the product, is available.

- **b** The restriction concerns only animal products.
- c 'Dulce de leche' or 'Confiture de lait' refers to a soft, luscious, brown cream, made of sweetened, thickened milk.
- **d** In this context, 'fruit wine' is defined as wine made from fruits other than grapes.
- e Maximum levels available from all sources, expressed as SO2 in mg/l.

A	E 335	Sodium tartrates	X		
A	E 336	Potassium tartrates	X		
A	E 341 (i)	Monocalcium- phosphate	X		Raising agent for self raising flour
A	E 400	Alginic acid	X	X	Milk-based products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 401	Sodium alginate	X	X	Milk-based products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 402	Potassium alginate	X	X	Milk-based products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 406	Agar	X	X	Milk-based and meat products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 407	Carrageenan	X	X	Milk-based products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 410*	Locust bean gum	X	X	
A	E 412*	Guar gum	X	X	
A	E 414*	Arabic gum	X	X	
A	E 415	Xanthan gum	X	X	
A	E 422	Glycerol	X		For plant extracts
A	E 440 (i)*	Pectin	X	X	Milk-based products <sup>b</sup>
A	E 464	Hydroxypropy methyl cellulose	IX	X	Encapsulation material for capsules
A	E 500	Sodium carbonates	X	X	'Dulce de leche' and soured-cream butter and

a This additive can only be used, if it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that no technological alternative, giving the same guarantees and/or allowing to maintain the specific features of the product, is available.

- **b** The restriction concerns only animal products.
- c 'Dulce de leche' or 'Confiture de lait' refers to a soft, luscious, brown cream, made of sweetened, thickened milk.
- d In this context, 'fruit wine' is defined as wine made from fruits other than grapes.
- $e \qquad \text{Maximum levels available from all sources, expressed as $SO_2$ in mg/l.} \\$

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

					sour milk cheese <sup>b</sup>
A	E 501	Potassium carbonates	X		
A	E 503	Ammonium carbonates	X		
A	E 504	Magnesium carbonates	X		
A	E 509	Calcium chloride		X	Milk coagulation
A	E 516	Calcium sulphate	X		Carrier
A	E 524	Sodium hydroxide	X		Surface treatment of 'Laugengebäck
A	E 551	Silicon dioxide	X		Anti-caking agent for herbs and spices
A	E 553b	Talc	X	X	Coating agent for meat products
A	E 938	Argon	X	X	
A	E 939	Helium	X	X	
A	E 941	Nitrogen	X	X	
A	E 948	Oxygen	X	X	

- a This additive can only be used, if it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that no technological alternative, giving the same guarantees and/or allowing to maintain the specific features of the product, is available.
- **b** The restriction concerns only animal products.
- c 'Dulce de leche' or 'Confiture de lait' refers to a soft, luscious, brown cream, made of sweetened, thickened milk.
- d In this context, 'fruit wine' is defined as wine made from fruits other than grapes.
- e Maximum levels available from all sources, expressed as SO<sub>2</sub> in mg/l.

# SECTION B — PROCESSING AIDS AND OTHER PRODUCTS, WHICH MAY BE USED FOR PROCESSING OF INGREDIENTS OF AGRICULTURAL ORIGIN FROM ORGANIC PRODUCTION

Note:

A : authorised under Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91 and carried over by

Article 21(2) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

B : authorised under Regulation (EC) No 834/2007

Authorisation	Name	Preparation of foodstuffs of plant origin	Preparation of foodstuffs of animal origin	Specific conditions
A	Water	X	X	Drinking water within the meaning of Council Directive 98/83/ EC
A	Calcium chloride	X		Coagulation agent
A	Calcium carbonate	X		
	Calcium hydroxide	X		
A	Calcium sulphate	X		Coagulation agent
A	Magnesium chloride (or nigari)	X		Coagulation agent
A	Potassium carbonate	X		Drying of grapes
A	Sodium carbonate	X		Sugar(s) production
A	Lactic acid		X	For the regulation of the pH of the brine bath in cheese production <sup>a</sup>
A	Citric acid	X	X	For the regulation of the pH of the brine bath in cheese production and hydrolysis of starch <sup>b</sup>
A	Sodium hydroxide	X		Sugar(s) production Oil production from rape seed (Brassica spp)

a The restriction concerns only animal products.

**b** The restriction concerns only plant products.

The restriction concerns only plant products.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

A	Sulphuric acid	X	X	Gelatine production <sup>a</sup> Sugar(s) production <sup>b</sup>
A	Hydrochloric acid		X	Gelatine production For the regulation of the pH of the brine bath in the processing of Gouda-, Edam and Maasdammer cheeses, Boerenkaas, Friese and Leidse Nagelkaas
A	Ammonium hydroxide		X	Gelatine production
A	Hydrogen peroxide		X	Gelatine production
A	Carbon dioxide	X	X	
A	Nitrogen	X	X	
A	Ethanol	X	X	Solvent
A	Tannic acid	X		Filtration aid
A				
A	Egg white albumen	X		
A	Casein	X		
A	Gelatin	X		
A	Isinglass	X		
A	Vegetable oils	X	X	Greasing, releasing or antifoaming agent
A	Silicon dioxide gel or colloidal solution	X		
A	Activated carbon	X		

### Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

A	Talc	X		In compliance with the specific purity criteria for food additive E 553b
A	Bentonite	X	X	Sticking agent for mead <sup>a</sup> In compliance with the specific purity criteria for food additive E 558
A	Kaolin	X	X	Propolis <sup>a</sup> In compliance with the specific purity criteria for food additive E 559
A	Celluose	X	X	Gelatine production <sup>a</sup>
A	Diatomaceous earth	X	X	Gelatine production <sup>a</sup>
A	Perlite	X	X	Gelatine production <sup>a</sup>
A	Hazelnut shells	X		
A	Rice meal	X		
A	Beeswax	X		Releasing agent
A	Carnauba wax	X		Releasing agent

a The restriction concerns only animal products.

# [F2SECTION C —

# PROCESSING AIDS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF YEAST AND YEAST PRODUCTS

Name	Primary yeast	Yeast confections/ formulations	Specific conditions
Calcium chloride	X		
Carbon dioxide	X	X	
Citric acid	X		For the regulation of the pH in yeast production

**b** The restriction concerns only plant products.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Lactic acid	X		For the regulation of the pH in yeast production
Nitrogen	X	X	
Oxygen	X	X	
Potato starch	X	X	For filtering
Sodium carbonate	X	X	For the regulation of the pH
Vegetable oils	X	X	Greasing, releasing or anti-foaming agent]

### **Textual Amendments**

**F2** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1254/2008 of 15 December 2008 amending Regulation (EC) No 889/2008 laying down detailed rules for implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products with regard to organic production, labelling and control.

### ANNEX IX

Ingredients of agricultural origin which have not been produced organically referred to in Article 28

# 1. UNPROCESSED VEGETABLE PRODUCTS AS WELL AS PRODUCTS DERIVED THEREFROM BY PROCESSES

1.1. Edible fruits, nuts and seeds:

_	acorns	Quercus spp.
_	cola nuts	Cola acuminata
	gooseberries	Ribes uva-crispa
_	maracujas (passion fruit)	Passiflora edulis
	raspberries (dried)	Rubus idaeus
_	red currants (dried)	Ribes rubrum

# 1.2. Edible spices and herbs:

_	pepper (Peruvian)	Schinus molle L.
	horseradish seeds	Armoracia rusticana
	lesser galanga	Alpinia officinarum
_	safflower flowers	Carthamus tinctorius

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

_	watercress herb	Nasturtium officinale

### 1.3. Miscellaneous:

Algae, including seaweed, permitted in non-organic foodstuffs preparation

## 2. VEGETABLE PRODUCTS

2.1. Fats and oils whether or not refined, but not chemically modified, derived from plants other than:

coa	Theobroma cacao	
conut	Cocos nucifera	
ve	Olea europaea	
nflower	Helianthus annuus	
m	Elaeis guineensis	
oe e	Brassica napus, rapa	
flower	Carthamus tinctorius	
ame	Sesamum indicum	
/a	Glycine max	
	conut ve inflower m ine flower ame	

- 2.2. The following sugars, starches and other products from cereals and tubers:
- fructose
- rice paper
- unleavened bread paper
- starch from rice and waxy maize, not chemically modified
- 2.3. Miscellaneous:
- pea protein *Pisum* spp.
- rum, only obtained from cane sugar juice
- kirsch prepared on the basis of fruits and flavourings as referred to in Article 27(1)(c).

### 3. ANIMAL PRODUCTS

aquatic organisms, not originating from aquaculture, and permitted in no-organic foodstuffs preparation

- gelatin
- whey powder 'herasuola'
- casings

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### ANNEX X

Species for which organically produced seed or seed potatoes are available in sufficient quantities and for a significant number of varieties in all parts of the Community referred to in Article 45(3)

#### ANNEX XI

Community logo, referred to in Article 57

### A.A COMMUNITY LOGO

- 1. Conditions with regard to the presentation and use of the Community Logo
- 1.1. The Community logo referred to above shall comprise of the models in part B.2 of this Annex.
- 1.2. The indications that must be included in the logo are listed in part B.3 of this Annex. It is possible to combine the logo with the indication mentioned in the Annex Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007.
- 1.3. To use the Community logo and the indications referred to in part B.3 of this Annex, the technical reproduction rules laid down in the graphic manual in part B.4 of this Annex must be complied with.

### B.2. Models

Español	Čeština	Dansk
Deutsch	Deutsch	Eesti keel
Eesti keel	Ελλαδα	English
Français	Italiano	Latviešu valoda
Lietuvių kalba	Magyar	Malti
	D 11:	D
Nederlands	Polski	Português
Cl	C1××: (-11-:::1-)	C:
Slovenčina (slovenský jazyk)	Slovenščina (slovenski jezik)	Suomi
Svenska	Ел пропоси	Română
SVEIISKA	Български	Kullalia
Nederlands/Français	Suomi/Svenska	Français/Deutsch
1 10dollalids/1 laliquis	Duoini D voiisiku	1 Tangais/ Doutson

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

B.3. Indications to be inserted in the Community logo

B.3.1. Single indications:

BG: БИОЛОГИЧНО ЗЕМЕДЕЛИЕ

ES: AGRICULTURA ECOLÓGICA

CS: EKOLOGICKÉ ZEMĚDĚLSTVÍ

DA: ØKOLOGISK JORDBRUG

DE: BIOLOGISCHE LANDWIRTSCHAFT, ÖKOLOGISCHER LANDBAU

ET: MAHEPÕLLUMAJANDUS, ÖKOLOOGILINE PÕLLUMAJANDUS

ΕL: ΒΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΗ ΓΕΩΡΓΙΑ

**EN: ORGANIC FARMING** 

FR: AGRICULTURE BIOLOGIQUE

IT: AGRICOLTURA BIOLOGICA

LV: BIOLOĞISKĀ LAUKSAIMNIECĪBA

LT: EKOLOGINIS ŽEMĖS ŪKIS

HU: ÖKOLÓGIAI GAZDÁLKODÁS

MT: AGRIKULTURA ORGANIKA

NL: BIOLOGISCHE LANDBOUW

PL: ROLNICTWO EKOLOGICZNE

PT: AGRICULTURA BIOLÓGICA

RO: AGRICULTURĂ ECOLOGICĂ

SK: EKOLOGICKÉ POĽNOHOSPODÁRSTVO

SL: EKOLOŠKO KMETIJSTVO

FI: LUONNONMUKAINEN MAATALOUSTUOTANTO

SV: EKOLOGISKT JORDBRUK

Combination of two indications: B.3.2.

Combinations of two indications referring to the languages mentioned under B.3.1. are authorised, subject of being developed in accordance with the following examples:

NL/FR: BIOLOGISCHE LANDBOUW — AGRICULTURE BIOLOGIQUE

LUONNONMUKAINEN MAATALOUSTUOTANTO **EKOLOGISKT** FI/SV:

**JORDBRUK** 

FR/DE: AGRICULTURE BIOLOGIQUE — BIOLOGISCHE LANDWIRTSCHAFT

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

# B.4. Graphic manual CONTENTS

- 1. Introduction
- 2. General use of the logo
- 2.1. Coloured logo (reference colours)
- 2.2. Single-colour logo: logo in black and white
- 2.3. Contrast with background colours
- 2.4. Typography
- 2.5. Language
- 2.6. Reduction sizes
- 2.7. Particular conditions to use the logo
- 3. Original Bromides
- 3.1. Two-colour selection
- 3.2. Outlines
- 3.3. Single-colour: logo in black and white
- 3.4. Colour samples sheets
- 1. INTRODUCTION

The graphic manual is an instrument for the operators to reproduce the logo.

- GENERAL USE OF THE LOGO
- 2.1. Coloured logo (reference colours)

When the coloured logo is used, this logo must appear in colour by using direct colours (Pantone) or a four-coloured process. The reference colours are indicated herunder. Logo in pantone

Logo in four-colour process

### 2.2. Single-colour logo: logo in black and white

The logo in black and white can be used as shown:

### 2.3. Contrast with background colours

If the logo is used in colour on coloured backgrounds which makes it difficult to read, use a delimiting outer circle around the logo to improve its contrast with the background colours as shown.

Logo in coloured background

### 2.4. Typography

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Use Frutiger or Myriad bold condensed in capitals for the wording.

The letter size of the wording shall be reduced according to the norms set down in Section 2.6

### 2.5. Language

You are free to use the language version or versions of your choice according to the specifications indicated in B.3.

### 2.6. Reduction sizes

If the application of the logo on different types of labelling makes reduction necessary, the minimum size shall be:

- (a) For a logo with a single indication: minimum size 20 mm diameter.
- (b) For a logo with a combination of two indications: minimum size 40 mm diameter.

# 2.7. Particular conditions to use the logo

The use of the logo serves to confer specific value to the products. The most effective application of the logo is therefore in colour, since it will thus have a greater presence and be recognised more easily and quickly by the consumer.

The use of the logo using a single colour (black and white) as established in Section 2.2 is only recommended in cases where its application in colour is not practical.

### 3. ORIGINAL BROMIDES

- 3.1. Two-colour selection
- Single indication in all the languages
- The examples of the language combinations referred to in B.3.2

- The examples of the language combinations referred to in B.3.2
- 3.2. Outlines
- 3.3. Single-colour: logo in black and white
- 3.4. Colour sample sheets PANTONE REFLEX BLUE

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

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### ANNEX XII

Model of documentary evidence to the operator according to Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 referred to in Article 68 of this Regulation

### Documentary evidence to the operator according to Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 Document Number: Name and address of operator: Name, address and code number of control main activity (producer, processor, importer, body/authority: etc): Product groups/Activity: defined as: Plant and plant products: organic production, in-conversion products: Livestock and livestock products: and also non-organic production where Processed products: parallel production/processing pursuant to Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 occurs Validity period: Date of control(s): Plant products from ...to... Livestock products from ...to... Processed products from ...to... This document has been issued on the basis of Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No. 834/2007 and of Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. The declared operator has submitted his activities under control, and meets the requirements laid down in the named Regulations.

Date, place:

Signature on behalf of the issuing control body/authority:

### ANNEX XIII

Model of a vendor declaration referred to in Article 69

Vendor declaration according to Article 9(3) of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007		
Name, address of vendor:		
Identification (e.g. lot or stock number):	Product name:	
Components: (Specify all components existing in the product/used the last in the production process)		

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

I declare that this product was manufactured neither 'from' nor 'by' GMOs as those terms are used in Articles 2 and 9 of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007. I do not have any information which could suggest that this statement is inaccurate.

Thus, I declare that the above named product complies with Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 regarding the prohibition on the use of GMOs.

I undertake to inform our customer and its control body/authority immediately if this declaration is withdrawn or modified, or if any information comes to light which would undermine its accuracy.

I authorise the control body or control authority, as defined in Article 2 of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007, which supervises our customer to examine the accuracy of this declaration and if necessary to take samples for analytic proof. I also accept that this task may be carried out by an independent institution which has been appointed in writing by the control body.

The undersigned takes responsibility for the accuracy of this declaration.

Country, place, date, signature of vendor:	Company stamp of vendor ( <i>if appropriate</i> ):
--	--

### ANNEX XIV

### Correlation Table referred to in Article 96

Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91	(1) Regulation (EC) No 207/93(2) Regulation (EC) No 223/2003(3) Regulation (EC) No 1452/2003	This Regulation
_		Article 1
_		Article 2(a)
Article 4(15)		Article 2(b)
Annex III, C (first indent)		Article 2(c)
Annex III, C (second indent)		Article 2(d)
_		Article 2(e)
_		Article 2(f)
_		Article 2(g)
_		Article 2(h)
Article 4(24)		Article 2(i)
_		Article 3(1)
Annex I.B, 7.1 and 7.2		Article 3(2)
Annex I.B, 7.4		Article 3(3)
Annex I.A, 2.4		Article 3(4)
Annex I.A, 2.3		Article 3(5)
_		Article 4

### Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

Article 6(1), Annex I.A, 3	Article 5
Annex I.A, 5	Article 6
Annex I.B and C (titles)	Article 7
Annex I.B, 3.1	Article 8(1)
Annex I.C, 3.1	Article 8(2)
Annex I.B, 3.4, 3.8, 3.9, 3.10, 3.11	Article 9(1) to (4)
Annex I.C, 3.6	Article 9(5)
Annex I.B, 8.1.1	Article 10(1)
Annex I.B, 8.2.1	Article 10(2)
Annex I.B, 8.2.2	Article 10(3)
Annex I.B, 8.2.3	Article 10(4)
Annex I.B, 8.3.5	Article 11(1)
Annex I.B, 8.3.6	Article 11(2)
Annex I.B, 8.3.7	Article 11(3)
Annex I.B, 8.3.8	Article 11(4), (5)
Annex I.B, 6.1.9, 8.4.1 to 8.4.5	Article 12(1) to (4)
Annex I.B, 6.1.9	Article 12(5)
Annex I.C, 4, 8.1 to 8.5	Article 13
Annex I.B, 8.1.2	Article 14
Annex I.B, 7.1, 7.2	Article 15
Annex I.B, 1.2	Article 16
Annex I.B, 1.6	Article 17(1)
Annex I.B, 1.7	Article 17(2)
Annex I.B, 1.8	Article 17(3)
Annex I.B, 4.10	Article 17(4)
Annex I.B, 6.1.2	Article 18(1)
Annex I.B, 6.1.3	Article 18(2)
Annex I.C, 7.2	Article 18(3)
Annex I.B, 6.2.1	Article 18(4)
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Annex I.B, 4.1, 4.5, 4.7 and 4.11	Article 20

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Article 5(3)		Article 28
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Annex III, B.3		Article 30
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Annex III.7a		Article 33
Annex III, C.6		Article 34
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Annex I.A, 1.1 to 1.4		Article 36
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	(3): Article 1(1), (2)	Article 45(1), (2)
	(3): Article 3(a)	Article 45(1)
	(3): Article 4	Article 45(3)
	(3): Article 5(1)	Article 45(4)
	(3): Article 5(2)	Article 45(5)
	(3): Article 5(3)	Article 45(6)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2009.

	(3): Article 5(4)	Article 45(7)
	(3): Article 5(5)	Article 45(8)
Annex I.B, 8.3.4		Article 46
Annex I.B, 3.6(a)		Article 47(1)
Annex I.B, 4.9		Article 47(2)
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	(3): Article 7	Article 49
	(3): Article 8(1)	Article 50(1)
	(3): Article 8(2)	Article 50(2)
	(3): Article 9(1)	Article 51(1)
	(3): Article 9(2), (3)	Article 51(2)
		Article 51(3)
	(3): Article 10	Article 52
	(3): Article 11	Article 53
	(3): Article 12(1)	Article 54(1)
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		Article 57
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	(2): Article 1 and Article 5	Article 59
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Article 5(5)		Article 62
Annex III.3		Article 63
Annex III.4		Article 64
Annex III.5		Article 65
Annex III.6		Article 66
Annex III.10		Article 67
_		Article 68
_		Article 69
Annex III, A.1.		Article 70
Annex III, A.1.2.		Article 71

_	Article 72
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Annex III, A.2.1	Article 74
Annex III, A.2.2	Article 75
Annex III, A.2.3	Article 76
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Annex III, D	Article 86
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Annex III, 9	Article 91
Annex III, 11	Article 92
	Article 93
_	Article 94
Annex I.B, 6.1.5	Article 95(1)
Annex I.B, 8.5.1	Article 95(2)
_	Article 95(3)-(8)
_	Article 95
_	Article 96
_	Article 97
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Annex VII	Annex IV
Annex II, part C	Annex V

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Annex II, part E	Annex VII
Annex VI, part A and B	Annex VIII
Annex VI, part C	Annex IX
_	Annex X
_	Annex XI
_	Annex XIII
_	Annex IX

- (1) OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.
- (2) OJ L 213, 21.7.1982, p. 8.

### **Status:**

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# **Changes to legislation:**

There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.