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# COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 2377/2002

### of 27 December 2002

opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for malting barley from third countries and derogating from Council Regulation (EC) No 1766/92

(OJ L 358, 31.12.2002, p. 95)

# Amended by:

<u>B</u>

## Official Journal

		No	page	date
<u>M1</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 159/2003 of 29 January 2003	L 25	37	30.1.2003
<u>M2</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 626/2003 of 3 April 2003	L 90	32	8.4.2003
<u>M3</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 1112/2003 of 26 June 2003	L 158	23	27.6.2003
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 777/2004 of 26 April 2004	L 123	50	27.4.2004
► <u>M5</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 2022/2006 of 22 December 2006	L 384	70	29.12.2006
► <u>M6</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 1456/2007 of 10 December 2007	L 325	76	11.12.2007

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opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for malting barley from third countries and derogating from Council Regulation (EC) No 1766/92

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals (¹), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1666/2000 (²), and in particular Article 12(1) thereof,

Having regard to the Council Decision of 19 December 2002 concerning the conclusion of an Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Community and the United States of America, with a view to the modification of concessions with respect to cereals provided for in schedule CXL annexed to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) (3) and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to the Council Decision of 19 December 2002 concerning the conclusion of an Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Community and Canada pursuant to Article XXVIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), with a view to the modification of concessions with respect to cereals provided for in EC schedule CXL annexed to the GATT (4) and in particular Article 2 thereof,

# Whereas:

- (1) Following trade negotiations, the Community has changed the conditions for the import of common wheat of low and medium quality and of barley by creating import quotas from 1 January 2003. For barley, the Community has decided to replace the 'margin of preference' system by two tariff quotas: one tariff quota of 50 000 tonnes for malting barley and one tariff quota of 300 000 for barley. This Regulation concerns the tariff quota of 50 000 tones of malting barley.
- (2) Under the Community's international commitments, malting barley for import must be intended for use in the manufacture of beer aged in vats containing beechwood. In this respect, provisions should be adopted relating to the quality criteria for barley and to processing requirements similar to those of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1234/2001 of 22 June 2001 laying down detailed rules for applying Council Regulation (EC) No 822/1999 and providing for the partial reimbursement of import duties levied on a quota of barley for malting (5).
- (3) The opening of this quota means that Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 has to be adapted. In order to enable the quota to be opened on 1 January 2003, provision should be made to derogate from Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, during a transitional period

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 193, 29.7.2000, p. 1.

<sup>(3)</sup> Not yet published in the Official Journal.

<sup>(4)</sup> Not yet published in the Official Journal.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 168, 23.6.2001, p. 12.

- expiring on the date of entry into force of the amendment to that Regulation, but until 30 June 2003 at the latest.
- To ensure that imports of the barley covered by this tariff quota (4) are orderly and not speculative, they should be made subject to the issue of import licences. The licences will be issued, within the quantities set, at the request of the interested parties, subject where appropriate to the fixing of a reduction coefficient in respect of the quantities applied for.
- To ensure the proper management of this quota, deadlines for the (5) lodging of licence applications should be laid down and the information to be included in applications and licences should be specified.
- To take account of supply conditions, a derogation should be made concerning the period of validity of the licences.
- Taking account of the obligation to apply a high level of (7) guarantee to insure adequate execution of the quota and that this guarantee vwould have to be in place during all the processing period, it is adequate to exempt importers whose consignements of malting barley are accompanied by a certificate of conformity agreed with the government of the United States of America according to the administrative cooperation procedure provided for in Articles 63 to 65 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 (1), as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 444/2002 (2).
- With a view to the sound management of the quota, provision (8) should be made to derogate from Commission Regulation (EC) No 1291/2000 of 9 June 2000 laying down common detailed rules for the application of the system of import and export licences and advance fixing certificates for agricultural products (3), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2299/2001 (4), as regards the transferable nature of the licences and the tolerance relating to the quantities released into free circulation.
- To ensure sound management of this quota, the security on the import licences should be set at a relatively high level, notwithstanding Article 10 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1162/95 of 23 May 1995 laying down special detailed rules for the application of the system of import and export licences for cereals and rice (5), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1322/2002 (6).
- Rapid two-way communication should be established between the (10)Commission and the Member States regarding the quantities applied for and imported.
- The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance (11)with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

### Article 1

Notwithstanding Article 10(1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92, the import duty for malting barley falling in CN code 1003 00 shall be fixed in the framework of the quota opened by this Regulation.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 253, 11.10.1993, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 68, 12.3.2002, p. 11.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 152, 24.6.2000, p. 1. (4) OJ L 308, 27.11.2001, p. 19.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 117, 24.5.1995, p. 2.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ L 194, 23.7.2002, p. 22.

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Article 10(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 shall apply to imports of the products referred to in this Regulation in excess of the quantity provided for in Article 2.

### Article 2

### **▼** M5

1. A tariff import quota of 50 000 tonnes of malting barley falling in HS code (ex) 1003 00 to be used in the manufacture of beer aged in beechwood vats is hereby opened (serial number 09.4061).

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2. The tariff quota shall be opened on 1 January each year. Duties on imports within the tariff quota shall be levied at a rate of EUR 8 per tonne.

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3. Commission Regulations (EC) Nos 1291/2000, 1342/2003 (¹) and 1301/2006 (²) shall apply, save as otherwise provided for in this Regulation.

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#### Article 4

For the purposes of applying this Regulation:

- (a) 'damaged grains' means grains of barley, other cereals or wild oats that display damage, including deterioration caused by disease, frost, heat, insects or fungus, bad weather and all other forms of physical damage;
- (b) 'sound and fair merchantable barley' means barley grains or pieces of grains that are not damaged as defined in (a), except grains damaged by frost or fungus.

### Article 5

- 1. The benefit of this tariff quota shall be granted provided the imported barley meets the following criteria:
- (a) specific weight: minimum 60,5 kg/hl;
- (b) damaged grains: maximum 1 %;
- (c) moisture: maximum 13,5 %;
- (d) sound and fair merchantable barley: minimum 96 %.
- 2. Compliance with the quality criteria set out in paragraph 1 shall be certified by one of the following documents:
- (a) a certificate of analysis carried out at the importer's request by the customs office of release for free circulation, or
- (b) a certificate of conformity for the imported barley issued by a government authority of the country of origin and recognised by the Commission.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 189, 29.7.2003, p. 12.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 238, 1.9.2006, p. 13.

#### Article 6

- 1. The benefit of access to this quota shall be granted provided the following conditions are fulfilled:
- (a) the imported barley must be malted within six months from the date of release for free circulation;
- (b) the resulting malt must be used in the manufacture of beer aged in vats containing beechwood within no more than 150 days following the date on which the barley is processed into malt.
- 2. Applications for import licences under this tariff quota shall be accepted only if they are accompanied by:

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(a) the proof or proofs provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006,

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- (b) proof that the applicant has lodged a security of EUR 85 per tonne with the competent authority of the Member State of release for free circulation. In case the malting barley consignments are accompanied by a certificate of conformity issued by the Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) as referred to in Article 8, the security is reduces to EUR 10 per tonne
- (c) a written undertaking by the applicant that all the imported goods will be processed, within six months from the date of acceptance of entry for free circulation, into malt for use in the manufacture of beer aged in vats containing beechwood within 150 days following the date on which the barley was processed into malt. He shall specify the processing location by stating either a processing firm and Member State or a maximum of five processing plants. Before the goods are consigned for processing a control copy T5 shall be made out of the office of customs clearance in accordance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93. The information required in the first paragraph and the name and location of the processing plant shall be given in box 104 of the T5.
- 3. Processing of the imported barley into malt shall be deemed to have taken place when the malting barley has undergone steeping. The use of the malt to manufacture beer aged in vats containing beechwood within no more than 150 days following the date on which the barley is processed into malt shall be subject to verification by the competent authority.

#### Article 7

- 1. The security provided for in Article 6(2)(b) shall be released provided the following conditions are fulfilled:
- (a) the quality of the barley, established on the basis of the certificate of conformity or analysis certificate, meets the criteria laid down in Article 5(1),
- (b) the certificate applicant provides proof of the specific final use referred to in Article 5(1), certifying that this use has taken place within the time limit provided for in the written undertaking referred to in Article 6(2)(c). That proof, possibly in the form of the T5 control copy, must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the competent authorities of the Member State of importation that all the quantities imported have been processed into the product referred in Article 6 (2)(c).

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2. Where the quality criteria and/or the conditions relating to processing set out in Articles 5 and 6 of this Regulation are not fulfilled, the security for import licences referred to in Article 10(a)

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of Regulation (EC) No 1162/95 and the additional security referred to in Article 6(2)(b) of this Regulation shall be forfeited.

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#### Article 8

A blank specimen of the certificates to be issued by the Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) is given in Annex I. Certificates issued by the Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) for for malting barley destined to be used in the manufacture of beer aged in vats containing beechwood shall be officially recognised by the Commission under the administrative cooperation procedure as specified in Articles 63 to 65 of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93. When the analytical parameters entered in the certificate of conformity issued by Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) show conformity with the malting barley quality standards established in Article 5 samples shall be taken of at least 3 % of the cargoes arriving at each entry port during the marketing year. Reproduction of the stamp ▶M2 — ■ authorised by the Government of the United States of America shall be published in the C series of the Official Journal of the European Communities.

### **▼**<u>M5</u>

#### Article 9

1. Notwithstanding Article 6(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006, applicants may not submit more than one licence application per month. Where applicants lodge more than one application, none of those applications shall be admissible and the securities lodged when the applications were submitted shall be forfeited to the Member State concerned.

Import licence applications shall be lodged with the competent authorities of the Member States no later than the second  $\blacktriangleright \underline{M6}$  Friday  $\blacktriangleleft$  of each month at 13.00 (Brussels time).

2. Each licence application shall indicate a quantity in kilograms (whole numbers).

#### **▼** M6

- 3. No later than 18:00 (Brussels time) on the Monday following submission of the licence application, the competent authorities shall send the Commission, by electronic means, a notification showing each application with the quantity applied for, including 'nil' notifications.
- 4. Licences shall be issued on the fourth working day following the deadline for the notification referred to in paragraph 3.

Member States shall communicate to the Commission, by electronic means, on the day of issue of the import licences, the information on the licences issued as referred to in Article 11(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006, with the total quantities for which import licences have been issued.

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#### Article 10

Import licences shall be valid for 60 days from the day of issue. In accordance with Article 23(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1291/2000, the period of validity of the licence shall be calculated from the actual date of issue.

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Article 13

Section 20 of the import licence application and the import licence shall contain the name of the processed product to be made from the cereals concerned.

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Article 14

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2003.

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This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

# ANNEX I

Blank certificate of conformity authorised by the Government of the United States of America for malting barley destined to be used in the manufacture of beer aged in vats containing beechwood

FGIS FORM 909-L FEB 10	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION SERVICE			APPROVED OMB NO. 0580-0013  ORIGINAL  NOT NEGOTIABLE	
	U.S. GRAIN STANDARDS ACT OFFICIAL EXPORT GRAIN INSPECTION CERTIFICATE				
		KRIFD AT		. DATE OF SERVICE	
certify that I am licensed or auth	orized under the United States Gr date the following identified grain	ain Standards Act (7 U.S.C.	71 et seq.) to inspect the kind	of gran covered by this	
Original Inspection	Reinspection	Appeal Inspection	Board Appeal Inspection		
DUANTITY (This is NOT a Weight	t Certificate)				
OCATION	17-77-6	DENTIFICATION OF CARR	UER		
WADE AND VINO IS ASSESSED.	th the Official Grain Standards of the United			15.45	
NAUC AND KIND to accordance w	th the Official Grain Standards of the United	Stowell			
	1100	4 INSPECE			
TOWAGE	CALL	- 10			
TOWNE			12		
	0.5				
	77 // 1		1 2		
REMARKS		/ Security	PA TO DE		
	CHANN		144		
amaged Grains: ound and fair mercha	ntable barley:				
est weight (kg/hl): oisture:					
	"TA	ENT OF AGE			
		LIVILLA			
IPPEAL NO (Vapplicable)	APPLICANT	NAME	AND SIGNATURE		
sued to show the kind class, grade, o rain as estermined by official personner i not considered representative of the is amoved from the total bt. If this certific	ority of the United States Gran Standard uality, condition, or quantity of grain, or i. The statements on the certificate on a or if the grain a transshipped or is other cate is not carceled by a superseding or	the condition of a carrier or contar onsdered true at the time and plac vise transferred from the identified tillicate. It is receivable by all office	ner for the storage or transportation is the inspection or weighing service carrier or container or if grain or off was and all courts of the United States.	of grain, or other facts relating twiss performed. The cartifica- ner material is added to or	
VARNING: Any person who shall kno	wingly falsely make, issue, after force	by with the provisions of the Fedi or counterfelf this certificate, or o	rel Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, o orlicipale in onv such actions, or a	or other Federal Issu.	
<ol> <li>Gran Standards Act, the U.S. Wars</li> </ol>	house Act, or related Federal laws is su Communication the regulation governing a	bject to criminal, civil, and admir	dstrative penalties.		
r hundicup.		EXPORT			

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