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(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

### **COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 2200/2001**

#### of 17 October 2001

## concerning provisional authorisations of additives in feedingstuffs

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 70/524/EEC of 23 November 1970 concerning additives in feedingstuffs (¹), as last amended by European Parliament and Council Directive 2001/46/EC (²), and in particular Articles 3, 9e and 9i thereof,

### Whereas:

- (1) Articles 9e(1) and 9i(1) of the Directive provide that a provisional authorisation of a new additive or a new use of an additive may be given for a specific period.
- (2) Article 4 of the Directive establishes the procedure for such authorisation.
- (3) The current provisional authorisations of many additives expire on 30 September 2001, and it is appropriate to extend these to the maximum extent permitted under Directive 70/524/EEC, which is until the fourth anniversary of initial provisional authorisation in the case of substances provisionally authorised pursuant to Article 9e(1) of Directive 70/524/EEC, and until the fifth anniversary in the case of substances included in Annex II to Directive 70/524/EEC before 1 April 1998.
- (4) Provisional authorisations under this Regulation are granted for a specified period, but without prejudice to the possibility that they may be withdrawn at any time in accordance with Articles 9m and 11 of the Directive.

- (5) Further, authorisations for the use of antibiotics as additives in feedingstuffs are currently under review in the light of major concerns relating to the potential effect of the use of antibiotics as feed additives on the efficacy of antibiotics for therapeutic use in humans, a concern reflected by the fact that the Kingdom of Sweden has prohibited the use on its territory of all antibiotics as additives in feedingstuffs on the basis of Article 11 of the Directive, and in the light of the opinions adopted on 28 May 1999 and 10 and 11 May 2001 by the Scientific Steering Committee on antimicrobial resistance.
- (6) The extension of the period of the provisional authorisations must be considered as a purely administrative measure involving no new evaluation of the concerned additives.
- (7) For readability and coherence reasons, all the provisional authorisations of additives in feedingstuffs, for which the duration may not exceed four or five years, are consolidated in this Regulation.
- (8) This Commission Regulation replaces Commission Regulation (EC) No 2697/2000 of 27 November 2000 concerning the provisional authorisations of additives in feedingstuffs (3); therefore it is necessary to repeal Regulation (EC) No 2697/2000.
- (9) The provisional authorisations for most of the additives expire on 30 September 2001; therefore it is necessary to apply this Regulation from 1 October 2001.
- (10) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee for Feedingstuffs,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 270, 14.12.1970, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 234, 1.9.2001, p. 55.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The additives referred to in the Annex to this Regulation are authorised provisionally in accordance with Directive 70/524/EEC under the conditions laid down in this Annex.

Regulation (EC) No 2697/2000 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply from 1 October 2001.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 October 2001.

For the Commission

David BYRNE

Member of the Commission

List of additives linked to a person responsible for putting them into circulation and authorised on a provisional basis for no longer than four years or five years in the case of additives which have been the subject of provisional authorisation before 1 April 1998

Registration number of additive	Name and registration number of person responsible for putting additive into circulation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	stance/kg	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						piete iee	amgstun		
			Ant	ibiotics					
33		Avilamycin 200 g/kg	Additive composition:	Turkeys	_	5	10	_	14.12.2002 (a)
	Company Ltd		Avilamycin: 200 g activity/kg						
		200)	Soyabean oil or mineral oil: 5-30 g/kg						
			Soyabean hulls qs 1 kg						
		Avilamycin 100 g/kg	Avilamycin: 100 g activity/kg						
		(Maxus G100, Maxus	Soyabean oil or mineral oil: 5-30 g/kg						
		100)	Soyabean hulls qs 1 kg						
			Active substance:						
			Avilamycin,						
			C <sub>57-62</sub> H <sub>82-90</sub> Cl <sub>1-2</sub> O <sub>31-32,</sub>						
			CAS No of avilamycin A: 69787-79-7, CAS No of avilamycin B: 73240-30-9,						
			mixture of oligosaccharides of the orthosomy- cin group produced by <i>Streptomyces viridochro-</i> <i>mogenes</i> (NRRL 2860), in granular form						
			Factor composition:						
			Avilamycin A: ≥ 60 %						
			Avilamycin B: ≤ 18 %						
			Avilamycins A + B: ≥ 70 %						
			Other single avilamycins: ≤ 6 %						

Regis- tration number of addi- tive	Name and regis- tration number of person responsible for putting additive into circulation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Min- imum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						stance/k	ctive sub- g of com- edingstuff		
			Coccidiostats and otl	ner medicinal	substances				
26	Intervet International by	Salinomycin sodium 120 g/kg (Sacox 120 microg- ranulate)	Additive composition:  Salinomycin sodium: ≥ 120 g/kg  Silicon dioxide: 10-100 g/kg  Calcium carbonate: 350-700 g/kg  Active substance:  Salinomycin sodium,  C <sub>42</sub> H <sub>69</sub> O <sub>11</sub> Na,  CAS No: 53003-10-4,  sodium salt of a polyether monocarboxylic acid produced by fermentation of <i>Streptomyces albus</i> (DSM 12217)  Related impurities:  < 42 mg elaiophylin/kg salinomycin sodium  < 40 g 17-epi-20-desoxy-salinomycin/kg salinomycin sodium	Chickens reared f laying	12 weeks	30	50	Indicate in the instructions for use: 'Dangerous for equines' 'This feedingstuff contains an ionophore: simultaneous use with certain medicinal substances (e.g. tiamulin) can be contra-indicated'	13.10.2001 (b)
27	Janssen Animal Health BVBA	(Clinacox 0,5 % Premix)  Diclazuril 0,2 g/100 g (Clinacox 0,2 % Premix)	Additive composition: Diclazuril: 0,5 g/100 g Soybean meal: 99,25 g/100 g Polyvidone K 30: 0,2 g/100 g Sodium hydroxide: 0,0538 g/100 g Diclazuril: 0,2 g/100 g Soybean meal: 39,7 g/100 g Polyvidone K 30: 0,08 g/100 g	Chickens reared f laying	16 weeks	1	1	_	14.12.2002 (a)

Registration number of additive	Name and regis- tration number of person responsible for putting additive into circulation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Min- imum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation	15.11.2001
						stance/k	ctive sub- g of com- edingstuff			EN
			Sodium hydroxide: $0,0215$ g/100 g  Wheat middlings: $60$ g/100 g  Active substance:  Diclazuril, $C_{17}H_9Cl_3N_4O_2$ ,  (±)-4-chlorophenyl[2,6-dichloro-4-(2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-3,5-dioxo-1,2,4-triazin-2-yl)phenyl]acetonitrile,  CAS No: $101831-37-2$ ,  Related impurities:  Degradation compound (R064318): $\leq 0,2$ %  Other related impurities (R066891, R066896, R068610, R070156, R068584, R070016): $\leq 0,5$ % individually  Total impurities: $\leq 1,5$ %							Official Journal of the European Communities
28	Alpharma AS	Maduramicin ammonium alph 1 g/100 g (Cygro 1 %)	Additive composition:  Maduramicin ammonium alpha: 1 g/100 g  Benzyl alcohol: 5 g/100 g  Corn cob grits qs 100 g  Active substance:  Maduramicin ammonium alpha,  C <sub>47</sub> H <sub>83</sub> O <sub>17</sub> N,  CAS No: 84878-61-5,  ammonium salt of a polyether monocarboxylic acid produced by Actinomadura yumaensis (ATCC 31585) (NRRL 12515)	Turkeys	16 weeks	5	li u T ii v s	Use prohibited at least five days before slaughter andicate in the instructions for ise:  Dangerous for equines'  This feedingstuff contains an conophore: simultaneous use with certain medicinal subtances (e.g. tiamulin) can be contra-indicated'	13.10.2001 (b)	L 299/5

Registration number of additive	Name and registration number of person responsible for putting additive into circulation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	stance/k	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						plete fee	edingstuff		
			Related impurities:						
			Maduramicin ammonium beta: < 10 %						
1	Norsk Hydro Ltd	Potassium diformate	Additive composition:	Piglets	2 months	6 000	6 000	_	30.6.2005 (s)
	Ecc	(Formi <sup>TM</sup> LHS)	Potassium diformate, solid 98 g/100 g, Silicate 1,5 g/100 g, Water 0,5 g/100 g  Active substance:	Pigs for fat- tening	_	6 000	6 000	_	30.6.2005 (°)
			Potassium diformate, solid KH(COOH) <sub>2</sub> CAS No 20642-05-1						

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# List of other additives authorised on a provisional basis for no longer than four years or five years in the case of additives which have been the subject of provisional authorisation before 1 April 1998

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Min- imum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						complete		

# Colourants, including pigments

# 1. Carotenoids and xanthophylls:

E 160a	Beta-carotene	C <sub>40</sub> H <sub>56</sub>	Canaries	_	_	_	_	14.12.2003 (°)
E 161g	Canthaxanthin	C <sub>40</sub> H <sub>52</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	Pet and ornamental birds	_	_	_	_	14.12.2003 (°)
12	Astaxanthin-rich Phaffia rhodozyma (ATCC 74219)	Concentrated biomass of the yeast Phaffia rhodozyma (ATCC 74219), killed, containing at least 4,0 g astaxanthin per kilogram of additive and having a maximum ethoxyquin content of 2 000 mg/kg		_	_	100	The maximum content is expressed as astaxanthin  Use permitted only from the age of six months onwards  The mixture of the additive with canthaxanthin is allowed provided that the total concentration of astaxanthin and canthaxanthin does not exceed 100 mg/kg in the complete feedingstuff  Ethoxyquin content to be declared	14.12.2003 (°)
			Trout	_	_	100	The maximum content is expressed as astaxanthin  Use permitted only from the age of six months onwards  The mixture of the additive with canthaxanthin is allowed provided that the total concentration of astaxanthin and canthaxanthin does not exceed 100 mg/kg in the complete feedingstuff  Ethoxyquin content to be declared	14.12.2003 (°)

No (or EC No)	Additive		Chemical for	mula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Min- imum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation	
							mg/kg of feedin	complete			
. Other	colourants:										
E 102	Tartrazine		C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>9</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>9</sub> S <sub>2</sub> Na	13	Grain-eating orna- mental birds	_	_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
					Small rodents	_	_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
E 110	Sunset Yellow F	7 FCF C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> S <sub>2</sub> Na <sub>2</sub>		Ja <sub>2</sub>	Grain-eating orna- mental birds	_	_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
					Small rodents	_	_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
E 131	Patent Blue V		of m-hydroxyte	the disulphonic acid traethyldiamino tri-	Grain-eating orna- mental birds	_	_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
			phenylcarbinol a	anhydride	Small rodents	_	_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
E 141	Chlorophyll complex	copper	_		Grain-eating orna- mental birds	_	_	150	<u> </u>	30.9.2004 (P)	
					Small rodents		_	150	_	30.9.2004 (P)	
No (or EC No)	Element		Additive	Chemical formula	Maximum content of	the element in 1	ng/kg of co	mplete feedin	gstuff Other provisions	End of period of authorisation	
		-									
					Т.,	ace elements					
						ace elements	1				
E4	Copper-Cu	Coppo		Cu(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> .SC	— in Member States where the mean density of the porcine population is equal to or higher than 175 pigs per 100 ha of utilisable agricultural land:						
					<ul> <li>up to 16 weeks: 175 (total)</li> <li>in Member States where the mean density of the porcine population is lower than 175 pigs per 100 ha of utilisable agricultural land:</li> <li>up to 16 weeks: 175 (total)</li> </ul>						

No (or EC No)	Element	Additive Chemica	Pigs for fattening:  — in Member porcine popular per 100 ha color from 1  — in Member porcine popular of utilisable a	States where allation is equal of utilisable agr 7th week up to states where allation is lower agricultural lan 7th week up to	the mean to or high icultural la o slaughter the mean r than 175 d:	density of er than 175 p nd: : 35 (total) density of pigs per 100	Not more than 25 mg/kg of copper in the complete feedingstuffs may come from copper-lysine sulphate  the ha	End of period of authorisation  31.3.2004 (d)
				x months up to (total)	o slaughter nimals, wit	35 (total)	ion	End of period of authorisation
No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, descript	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Min- imum content mg/kg of feedin	Maximum content complete gstuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Binders, anti-ca	king agents a	nd coagul	ants		
3	Clinoptilolite of volcanic origin	Calcium hydrated aluminosi volcanic origin containing mum of 85 % of clinoptiloli maximum of 15 % of feldspa and clays free of fibres and c Maximum lead content: 80	a mini- te and a r, micas uartz  Poultry	_ 	_ 	20 000 A	Il feedingstuffs Il feedingstuffs Il feedingstuffs	21.4.2004 (°) 21.4.2004 (°) 21.4.2004 (°)

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings			

## Enzymes

1	EC 3.1.3.8	Preparation of 3-phytase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 114.94) having a minimum phytase activity of 5 000 FTU (²)/g for solid and liquid preparations	,	_	125 FTU	1.	Indicate in the directions for use for the additive and the premixture the storage temperature, storage dur- ation and stability on pelleting Recommended dose per kg of com- plete feedingstuff: 200-800 FTU	
						3.	For use in compound feedingstuffs with a minimum content of 0,3 % phytate, e.g. 20 % wheat	

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings			
2	3-Phytase EC 3.1.3.8	Preparation of 3-phytase produced by Aspergillus oryzae (DSM 10289) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form: 2 500 FYT (³)/g  Liquid form: 5 000 FYT/g	Piglets	4 months	250 FYT	1 000 FYT	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500 FYT</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in phytates, e.g. containing more than 40 % cereals (maize, barley, oats, wheat, rye, triticale), oilseeds and pulses</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
			Pigs for fattening	_	400 FYT	1 000 FYT	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500 FYT</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in phytates, e.g. containing more than 40 % cereals (maize, barley, oats, wheat, rye, triticale), oilseeds and pulses</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
			Chickens for fattening	_	200 FYT	1 000 FYT	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500 FYT  3. For use in compound feed rich in phytates, e.g. containing more than 40 % cereals (maize, barley, oats, wheat, rye, triticale), oilseeds and pulses	30.6.2004 (1)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/k		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Laying hens	_	500 FYT	1 000 FYT	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 750 FYT</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in phytates, e.g. containing more than 40 % cereals (maize, barley, oats, wheat, rye, triticale), oilseeds and pulses</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (g)
3	Alpha-galactosidase EC 3.2.1.22	Preparation of alpha-galactosidase produced by Aspergillus oryzae (DSM 10286) having a minimum activity of: Liquid form: 1 000 GALU (4)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	300 GALU	1 000 GALU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 450 GALU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in oligosaccharides, e.g. containing more than 25 % soy meal, cotton seed cakes, peas</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
4	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form: 50 FBG (5)/g  Liquid form: 120 FBG/ml	Piglets	4 months	25 FBG	40 FBG	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 25 FBG</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % maize or barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions End of period authorisation
					Units of activity/k		
			Chickens for fattening	_	10 FBG	100 FBG	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 20 FBG  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 60 % maize
5	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Aspergillus oryzae (DSM 10287) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form: 1 000 FXU (6)/g  Liquid form: 650 FXU/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	80 FXU	200 FXU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 150 FXU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat</li> </ol>
			Turkeys for fattening	_	225 FXU	600 FXU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 225-600 FXU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat</li> </ol>

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingst		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Piglets	4 months	200 FXU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 200 FXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g.containing more than 50 % wheat	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
6	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Humicola insolens (DSM 10442) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form:  800 FXU (7)/g  75 FBG (5)/g  Microgranulated form:  800 FXU/g  75 FBG/g  Liquid form:  550 FXU/ml  50 FBG/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	200 FXU 19 FBG	1 000 FXU 94 FBG	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>400 FXU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley and/or oats, wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kş feedings	Maximum content g of complete tuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Piglets	4 months	240 FXU 22 FBG	1 000 FXU 94 FBG	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>400 FXU</li> <li>38 FBG</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley and/or oats, wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
			Pigs for fattening	_	200 FXU 19 FBG	800 FXU 75 FBG	<ol> <li>In the conditions of use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and the stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>400 FXU</li> <li>38 FBG</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley, and/or oats, wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (h)

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					feedings	tuff		
7	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase and endo-1,4-beta-glu-canase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 600.94) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form:  36 000 FXU (8)/g  15 000 BGU (9)/g  Liquid form:  36 000 FXU/g  15 000 BGU/g	Chickens for fattening	_	3 600 FXU 1 500 BGU	12 000 FXU 5 000 BGU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>3 600-6 000 FXU</li> <li>1 500-2 500 BGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 35 % barley and 20 % wheat</li> </ol>	1.4.2004 (1)
			Piglets	4 months	6 000 FXU 2 500 BGU		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>6 000 FXU</li> <li>2 500 BGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 30 % barley</li> </ol>	1.4.2004 (1)

EN

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No or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/k	g of complete stuff			
			Turkeys for fattening	_	6 000 FXU 2 500 BGU	12 000 FXU 5 000 BGU	1.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 (¹)
							2.	Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
								6 000-12 000 FXU	
								2 500-5 000 BGU	
							3.	For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	
			Laying hens	_	12 000 FXU 5 000 BGU		1.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 (¹)
							2.	Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
								12 000 FXU	
								5 000 BGU	
							3.	For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 % wheat, 10 % barley and 20 % sunflower	

No or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/k feedings	g of complete		
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 600.94) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form:  36 000 FXU (8)/g  15 000 BGU (9)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	3 600 FXU 1 500 BGU	12 000 FXU 5 000 BGU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>3 600-6 000 FXU</li> <li>1 500-2 500 BGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 35 % barley and 20 % wheat</li> </ol>	
			Piglets	4 months	6 000 FXU 2 500 BGU		1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  6 000 FXU  2 500 BGU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 30 % barley	

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff		
			Turkeys for fattening		6 000 FXU 2 500 BGU	12 000 FXU 5 000 BGU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>6 000-12 000 FXU</li> <li>2 500-5 000 BGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat</li> </ol>
			Laying hens		12 000 FXU 5 000 BGU		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>12 000 FXU</li> <li>5 000 BGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 % wheat, 10 % barley and 20 % sunflower</li> </ol>

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					feedings	tuff		
8	Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 600.94) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form:  10 000 BGU (9)/g  4 000 FXU (8)/g  Liquid form:  20 000 BGU/g  8 000 FXU/g	Chickens for fat- tening	_	3 000 BGU 1 200 FXU	10 000 BGU 4 000 FXU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>3 000-10 000 BGU</li> <li>1 200-4 000 FXU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley</li> </ol>	1.4.2004 (1)
			Piglets	4 months	3 000 BGU 1 200 FXU	5 000 BGU 2 000 FXU	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  3 000-5 000 BGU  1 200-2 000 FXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley	1.4.2004 (1)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff			
			Laying hens	_	5 000 BGU 2 000 FXU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  5 000 BGU  2 000 FXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley	1.4.2004 (1)
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 600.94) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form:  20 000 BGU (9)/g  8 000 FXU (8)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	3 000 BGU 1 200 FXU	10 000 BGU 4 000 FXU	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  3 000-10 000 BGU  1 200-4 000 FXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley	30.9.2004 (P)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings	g of complete tuff			
			Piglets	4 months	3 000 BGU 1 200 FXU	5 000 BGU 2 000 FXU	2.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  3 000-5 000 BGU  1 200-2 000 FXU  For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley	30.9.2004 (P)
			Laying hens	_	5 000 BGU 2 000 FXU		1. 2. 3.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  5 000 BGU  2 000 FXU  For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley	30.9.2004 (P)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
No)				81	Units of activity/kg feedingst	g of complete	
9	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 270.95) having a minimum activity of: Solid form: 28 000 EXU (10)/g Liquid form: 14 000 EXU/ml	Chickens for fat- tening	_	1 400 EXU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 400 EXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat
			Laying hens	_	2 400 EXU		1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  2 400-7 400 EXU
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans) e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 30 % rye

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings	g of complete	
			Turkeys for fattening	_	2 400 EXU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  2 400-5 600 EXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans) e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 30 % rye
10	Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1	Preparation of alpha-amylase produced by <i>Bacillus amylolique-faciens</i> (CBS 360.94) having a minimum activity of: Solid form: 45 000 RAU (11)/g Liquid form: 20 000 RAU/ml	Piglets	4 months	1 800 RAU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 800 RAU  3. For use, exclusively, in compound feed destined for liquid feeding systems, and containing starch-rich feed materials (e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat)
			Pigs for fattening	_	1 800 RAU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting     Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 800 RAU      For use, exclusively, in compound feed destined for liquid feeding systems, and containing starch-rich feed materials (e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of per authorisa	
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff			
			Sows	_	1 800 RAU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 800 RAU  3. For use, exclusively, in compound feed destined for liquid feeding systems, and containing starch-rich feed materials (e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat)	04 (f)
11	Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase, endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 74 252) having a minimum activity of: Liquid form: Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 8 000 U (12) /ml Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 18 000 U (13) /ml Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 26 000 U (14) /ml	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo–1,4-beta-glucanase: 400 U Endo–1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 900 U Endo–1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 300 U	— —	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 400-1 600 U</li> <li>endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 900-3 600 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat or barley and more than 10 % rye</li> </ol>	04 (f)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings				
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase, endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 74 252) having a minimum activity of:  Granular form:  Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase:  8 000 U (12)/g  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase:  18 000 U (13)/g  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase:  26 000 U (14)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo–1,4-beta-glucanase: 400 U Endo–1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 900 U Endo–1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 300 U	— —	a. tl li	n the directions for use of the dditive and premixture, indicate he storage temperature, storage ife, and stability to pelleting decommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  ndo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 400-600 U  ndo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 900-600 U  ndo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 300-600 U  or use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly rabinoxylans and beta-glucans), 2. containing more than 30 % wheat or barley and more than 0 % rye	31.5.2005 (r)
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase, endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 74 252) having a minimum activity of: Liquid and granular form: Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 8 000 U (12) /ml or g Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 18 000 U (13) /ml or g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 26 000 U (14) /ml or g	Turkeys for fattening		Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 400 U Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 900 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 300 U	_	a. tll lil lil lil lil lil lil lil lil lil	n the directions for use of the dditive and premixture, indicate he storage temperature, storage ife, and stability to pelleting decommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  ando-1,4-beta-glucanase:  ando-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase:  ando-1,4-beta-xylanase:  ando-1,4-be	31.5.2005 (t)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff			
12	Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase, endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma viride</i> (FERM BP-4447) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 8 000 U (12)/g Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 18 000 U (13)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 26 000 U (14)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 200 U Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 450 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 650 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 800-1 200 U         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 800-2 700 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 600-3 900 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 % wheat and 20 % barley, and/or 25 % rye</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
			Laying hens	_	Endo–1,4-beta-glucanase: 640 U Endo–1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 440 U Endo–1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 080 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 640-1 280 U         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 440-2 880 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 080-4 160 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 % wheat and 20 % barley and/or 25 % rye</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff				
			Turkeys for fattening	_	Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 800 U Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 800 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 600 U	_	2.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 800-1 200 U  endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 800-2 700 U  endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 600-3 900 U  For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 %	30.6.2004 (f)
13	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoder-ma longibrachiatum</i> (CBS 357.94) having a minimum activity of:  Powder form:  8 000 BGU (15)/g  11 000 EXU (16)/g  Granulated form:  6 000 BGU/g  8 250 EXU/g  Liquid form:  2 000 BGU/ml  2 750 EXU/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	100 BGU 130 EXU		2.	wheat and 20 % barley  In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  100 BGU  130 EXU  For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 30 % barley, or 20 % rye	30.6.2004 (f)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingsi	Maximum content g of complete tuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Laying hens		600 BGU 800 EXU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>600 BGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat and more than 30 % barley</li> </ol>	1.4.2004 (1)
			Turkeys for fattening		600 BGU 800 EXU		1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  600 BGU  800 EXU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat or more than 30 % rye	1.4.2004 (1)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff			
14	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Aspergillus niger</i> (CBS 520.94) having a minimum activity of: Solid form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 600 U ( <sup>17</sup> )/g Liquid form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U/ml	Chickens for fattening		Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 300 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300-600 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
15	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma viride</i> (CBS 517.94) having a minimum activity of: Solid form: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 650 U (18)/g Liquid form: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 325 U/ml	Chickens for fattening		Endo–1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 325 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 325-650 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (1)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/ky feedings	Maximum content g of complete	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
16	Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (IMI SD 142) having a minimum activity of: Liquid form: 2 000 CU (19) /ml	Chickens for fattening	_	250 CU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
			Laying hens	_	250 CU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
			Piglets	4 months	250 CU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions End of period of authorisation
110)					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff		
			Pigs for fattening	_	250 CU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting
							Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta- glucanase produced by <i>Trichoder-</i> <i>ma longibrachiatum</i> (IMI SD 142) having a minimum activity of:	Chickens for fattening	_	250 CU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting
		Solid form: 2 000 CU ( <sup>19</sup> )/g					Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley
			Laying hens	_	250 CU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting
							Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingst			d of period of uthorisation
			Piglets	4 months	250 CU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley	
			Pigs for fattening	_	250 CU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-1 000 CU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley	
17	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta- xylanase produced by <i>Trichoder-</i> <i>ma longibrachiatum</i> (IMI SD 135) having a minimum activity of:	Chickens for fattening	_	750 EPU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	0.6.2004 (f)
		Liquid form: 6 000 EPU ( <sup>20</sup> ) /ml					2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings	g of complete tuff		
			Laying hens	_	750 EPU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	
			Piglets	4 months	750 EPU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	
			Pigs for fattening	_	750 EPU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff			
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (IMI SD 135) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form: 6 000 EPU ( <sup>20</sup> )/g	Chickens for fattening	_	750 EPU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 (m)
			Laying hens	_	750 EPU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
			Piglets	4 months	750 EPU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting     Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedings		Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
			Pigs for fattening	_	750 EPU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat
			Turkeys for fattening	_	750 EPU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting
							2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 500-3 000 EPU
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat
18	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergillus niger (MUCL 39199) having a minimum activity of:	Chickens for fattening	_	100 AGL	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting
		Solid form: 2 000 AGL ( <sup>21</sup> )/g					Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 100 AGL
		Liquid form: 500 AGL/ml					3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley and 20 % wheat

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings			
19	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Aspergillus niger</i> (MUCL 39199) having a minimum activity of: Solid form: 1 500 AGL ( <sup>21</sup> )/g Liquid form: 200 AGL/g	Chickens for fattening	_	25 AGL	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 25-100 AGL</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
20	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (MUCL 39203) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form: 2 000 AXC ( <sup>22</sup> )/g  Liquid form: 500 AXC/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	100 AXC	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 100 AXC</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat or rye</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
21	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (MUCL 39203) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form: 1 500 AXC ( <sup>22</sup> )/g Liquid form: 200 AXC/g	Chickens for fattening	_	25 AXC	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 25-100 AXC</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (*)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of	Maximum	Minimum content	Maximum	Other provisions	End of period of
No)			animal	age		content	1	authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings			
22	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoder-ma longibrachiatum</i> (CNCM MA 6-10 W) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form: 70 000 BGN ( <sup>23</sup> )/g  Liquid form: 14 000 BGN/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	1 050 BGN		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 2 800 BGN</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
23	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (CNCM MA 6-10 W) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form: 70 000 IFP ( <sup>24</sup> )/g  Liquid form: 7 000 IFP/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	1 050 IFP	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 400 IFP</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 56 % wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (f)
			Turkeys for fattening	_	700 IFP	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting     Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 1 400 IFP  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	28.2.2005 (q)

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/k; feedings	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Laying hens	_	840 IFP		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 840 IFP</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat</li> </ol>	28.2.2005 (9)
24	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase and endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CNCM I-1517) having a minimum activity of:  28 000 QXU (25)/g  140 000 QGU (26)/g	Chickens for fattening		420 QXU 2 100 QGU	1 120 QXU 5 600 QGU	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>560 QXU</li> <li>2 800 QGU</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 30 % barley</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period authorisatio
					Units of activity/kg feedings		
25	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Aspergillus niger (NRRL 25541) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 100 U ( <sup>27</sup> )/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 600 U ( <sup>28</sup> )/g	Chickens for fattening  Laying hens		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 138 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 200 U  Endo-1,3 (4)-beta-glucanase: 138 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 200 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 138 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 200 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley or 30 % wheat and 30 % maize</li> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 138 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 200 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley or 30 % wheat and 30 % maize</li> </ol>

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedings		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
26	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma reesei</i> (CBS 526.94) having a minimum activity of: Solid form: 350 000 BU ( <sup>29</sup> )/g Liquid form: 50 000 BU/g	Chickens for fattening		23 000 BU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 23 000-50 000 BU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 % barley or 30 % rye</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 <sup>(i</sup> )
			Piglets	4 months	26 000 BU		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 26 000-35 000 BU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly glucans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley or wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (i)

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingst	Maximum content  g of complete tuff	Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
27	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma reesei</i> (CBS 529.94) and endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma reesei</i> (CBS 526.94) having minimum activities of: Solid form: 200 000 BXU (30)/g 200 000 BU (31)/g Liquid form: 30 000 BXU/g 30 000 BU/g	Chickens for fattening  Piglets	2 months	2 500 BXU 2 500 BU  7 500 BXU 7 500 BU		1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  10 000 BXU  10 000 BU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat or 30 % rye  1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  7 500-15 000 BXU  7 500-15 000 BU  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings			
28	3-Phytase EC 3.1.3.8	Preparation of 3-phytase produced by <i>Trichoderma reesei</i> (CBS 528.94) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form: 5 000 PPU ( <sup>32</sup> )/g  Liquid form: 1 000 PPU/g	Piglets	4 months	250 PPU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-750 PPU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in phytates, e.g. containing more than 50 % cereals (corn, barley, wheat), tapioca, oilseeds and pulses</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (i)
			Pigs for fattening	_	500 PPU	_	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-750 PPU  3. For use in compound feed rich in phytates, e.g. containing more than 50 % cereals (corn, barley, wheat), tapioca, oilseeds and pulses	30.6.2004 (i)
			Chickens for fattening	_	500 PPU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 500-750 PPU</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing more than 0,22 % phytin bound phosphorus</li> </ol>	28.2.2005 (4)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings		
29	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Geosmithia emersonii</i> (IMI SD 133) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 5 500 U ( <sup>33</sup> )/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides, (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley</li> </ol>
30	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Penicillium funiculosum</i> (IMI SD 101) having a minimum activity of:  Powder form:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 2 000 U ( <sup>34</sup> )/g  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 400 U ( <sup>35</sup> )/g  Liquid form:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 500 U/ml  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 350 U/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides, (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley or 60 % wheat</li> </ol>

EN

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No	4.116.4	d . 16 1 1	Species or category of	Maximum	\( \tau_{i} \)	Maximum	o.i.	End of period
(or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	animal	age	Minimum content	content	Other provisions	authorisation
					Units of activity/ką feedings	g of complete tuff		
			Turkeys for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % wheat</li> </ol>	28.2.2005
			Laying hens	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley or 30 % wheat</li> </ol>	28.2.2005

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					feedings			
			Pigs for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U		In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	28.2.2005 (9)
							Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
							endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U	
							endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 70 U	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley or 60 % wheat	
31	Endo-1,4-beta xyl- anase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (CBS 614.94) having a minimum activity of: Solid form:	Chickens for fattening	_	600 EU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (§)
		300 EU ( <sup>36</sup> )/g Liquid form: 1 000 EU/g					Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 600 EU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % wheat	

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingst	Maximum content g of complete	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
			Laying hens	_	300 EU	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (8)
							Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 600 EU	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % wheat	
32	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2106) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase:	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (h)
		200 U ( <sup>18</sup> ) /ml					Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:     endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley	

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					feedings			
		Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase:		4 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (h)
		1 200 U ( <sup>18</sup> )/ml					Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
							endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 55 % barley	
			Pigs for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 500 U	_	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (h)
							Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
							endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 500 U	
							3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 70 % barley	

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/ky feedings	Maximum content g of complete tuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
33	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2105) having a minimum activity of: Powder form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 000 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Liquid form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 5 000 U/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 500 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: endo-1,4-beta-xylanase:         <ul> <li>500-2 500 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 55 % wheat or 60 % rye</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (h)
			Laying hens	_	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 2 000 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 000 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat</li> </ol>	30.6.2004 (h)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingst	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105) having a minimum activity of: Powder form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Liquid form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 10 000 U/ml	Piglets	4 months	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 5 000 U	 1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 5 000 U  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 45 % wheat	
		Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2105) having a minimum activity of: Powder form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Liquid form: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 8 000 U/ml		_	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 4 000 U	 <ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: endo-1,4-beta-xylanase:         <ul> <li>4 000 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat</li> </ol>	, ,

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings			
34	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Aspergillus niger (NRRL 25541) and of alpha-amylase produced by Aspergillus oryzae (ATCC 66222) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 275 U ( <sup>38</sup> )/g  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U ( <sup>39</sup> )/g  Alpha-amylase: 3 100 U ( <sup>40</sup> )/g	Piglets	4 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 165 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 240 U Alpha-amylase: 1 860 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and the stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 165 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 240 U         alpha-amylase: 1 860 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing cereals rich in starch and nonstarch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 45 % barley and 10 % wheat or 10 % maize</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)
35	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 80 U ( <sup>18</sup> )/g  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 180 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g	Laying hens		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 80 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 180 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 80 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 180 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides, (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % barley</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings	g of complete tuff		
36	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (IMI SD 135) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 300 U (18)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U (37)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 300 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 300 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U     </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides, (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)
			Laying hens	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 300 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 300 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U     </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides, (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 35 % barley</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/ky feedings		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
37	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Subtilisin EC 3.4.21.62	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2105) and subtilisin produced by <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (ATCC 2107), with a minimum activity of: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 500 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Subtilisin: 800 U ( <sup>41</sup> )/g:	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 500 U Subtilisin: 160 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase:</li> <li>2500 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>subtilisin: 160-800 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed e.g. containing more than 65 % wheat</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)
			Turkeys	_	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 825 U Subtilisin: 265 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase:</li> <li>2500 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>subtilisin: 265-800 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed e.g. containing more than 45 % wheat</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/ky feedings		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
38	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Subtilisin EC 3.4.21.62	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoder-ma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2105) and subtilisin produced by <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (ATCC 2107) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 5 000 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Subtilisin: 500 U ( <sup>41</sup> )/g	Piglets	4 months	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 5 000 U Subtilisin: 500 U	——————————————————————————————————————	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 5 000 U         subtilisin: 500 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)
39	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U (18)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U (37)/g	Pigs for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U     </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans) e.g. containing more than 65 % barley</li> </ol>	26.7.2004 (i)

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kş	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
40	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106), endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105) and subtilisin produced by <i>Bacillus</i> subtilis (ATCC 2107) having a mini-	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 30 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 90 U Subtilisin: 240 U	_ _ _	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting      Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:
	Subtilisin EC 3.4.21.62	mum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U ( <sup>18</sup> )/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Subtilisin: 800 U ( <sup>41</sup> )/g					endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 30-100 U endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 90-300 U subtilisin: 240-800 U  3. For use in compound feed e.g. containing more than 60 % barley
41	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta- xyl-anase EC 3.2.1.8 Subtilisin EC 3.4.21.62	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106), endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105) and subtilisin produced by <i>Bacillus subtilisi</i> (ATCC 2107) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U (18)/g  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 500 U (37)/g  Subtilisin: 800 U (41)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 25 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 625 U Subtilisin: 200 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 25-100 U</li> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 625-2 500 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>subtilisin: 200-800 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 10 % barley</li> </ol>

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedingst		Other provisions		End of period of authorisation
			Laying hens		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 500 U Subtilisin: 800 U	 	additi the st and s  2. Recor plete endo- endo- subtil  3. For t conta	me directions for use of the live and premixture, indicate orage temperature, storage life tability to pelleting  mmended dose per kg of comfeedingstuff:  -1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 100 U -1,4-beta-xylanase: 2 500 U  isin: 800 U  use in compound feed e.g. ining more than 50 % wheat 15 % barley	26.7.2004 (i)
42	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (IMI SD 135) having a minimum activity of:  Solid form:  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g  Characteristics of the authorised preparation: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1,99 %  Wheat: 97,7 %  Calcium propionate: 0,3 %  Lecithin: 0,01 %	Piglets	4 months	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 4 000 U	_	additi the st and s  2. Recor plete endo- 3. For u non-s ly ar	the directions for use of the live and premixture, indicate orage temperature, storage life tability to pelleting mmended dose per kg of comfeedingstuff:  -1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U  use in compound feed rich in starch polysaccharides, (mainabinoxylans), e.g. containing than 60 % wheat	26.7.2004 (i)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings		complete	
			Pigs for fattening		Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 4 000 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 60 % wheat</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
43	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (IMI SD 135), endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) and alpha-amylase produced by <i>Bacillus</i> amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9553) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 3 975 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 125 U ( <sup>18</sup> )/g Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U ( <sup>42</sup> )/g	Piglets	4 months	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 3 975 U Endo-1,3(4)-beta- glucanase: 125 U Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 3 975 U         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 125 U         alpha-amylase: 1 000 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing cereals rich in starch and nonstarch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat and 20 % barley and 20 % rye</li> </ol>	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings			
44	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2106) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma longibrachiatum</i> (ATCC 2105) and alpha-amylase produced by <i>Bacillus amyloliquefaciens</i> (DSM 9553) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U (18)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U (37)/g Alpha-amylase: 1 000U (42)/g		4 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U         alpha-amylase: 1 000 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing cereals rich in starch and nonstarch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 50 % barley</li> </ol>	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )
45	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (IMI SD 135) and alpha-amylase produced by <i>Bacillus</i> amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9553) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U (18)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U (37)/g Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U (42)/g		4 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 250 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U         alpha-amylase: 1 000 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing cereals rich in starch and nonstarch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 35 % barley</li> </ol>	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
No)			aiiiiiai	age	Units of activity/kş	g of complete		authorisation
46	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Polygalacturonase EC 3.2.1.15	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (IMI SD 135) and polygalacturonase produced by <i>Aspergillus</i> aculeatus (CBS 589.94) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U (18)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U (37)/g Polygalacturonase: 50 U (37)/g	Pigs for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400 U Polygalacturona-se: 50 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 400 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 400U         polygalacturonase: 50 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing cereals rich in starch and nonstarch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )
47	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Polygalacturonase EC 3.2.1.15	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106), endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (IMI SD 135), alpha-amylase produced by <i>Bacillus</i> amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9553), polygalacturonase produced by Aspergillus aculeatus (CBS 589.94) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U (18)/g  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U (37)/g  Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U (42)/g  Polygalacturonase: 25 U (43)/g	Piglets	4 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U Alpha-amylase: 1 000 U Polygalacturona-se: 25 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 4 000 U         alpha-amylase: 1 000 U         polygalacturonase: 25 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed containing cereals rich in starch and nonstarch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 20 % barley and 35 % wheat</li> </ol>	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings	g of complete tuff		
48	Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of alpha-amylase and endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Bacillus amylolique-faciens</i> (DSM 9553) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form:  Alpha-amylase: 200 KNU ( <sup>44</sup> )/g  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 350 FBG ( <sup>5</sup> )/g  Liquid form:  Alpha-amylase: 130 KNU/ml  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 225 FBG/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	10 KNU 17 FBG	40 KNU 70 FBG	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>20 KNU</li> <li>35 FBG</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	1.4.2004 (1)
			Turkeys for fattening	_	40 KNU 70 FBG	80 KNU 140 FBG	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>40 KNU</li> <li>70 FBG</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley</li> </ol>	1.4.2004 (1)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
49	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Bacillolysin EC 3.4.24.28 Polygalacturonase EC 3.2.1.15	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106), endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (IMI SD 135), alphaamylase produced by <i>Bacillus</i> amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9553), bacillolysin produced by <i>Bacillus</i> amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9554) and polygalacturonase produced by <i>Aspergillus</i> aculeatus (CBS 589.94) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U (18)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1500 U (37)/g Alpha-amylase: 500 U (42)/g Bacillolysin: 800 U (41)/g Polygalacturonase: 50U (43)/g		_	feedings Endo-1,3(4)-beta- glucanase: 150 U Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 1500 U Alpha-amylase: 500 U Bacillolysin: 800 U Polygalacturona- se: 50 U	——————————————————————————————————————	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 500 U alpha-amylase: 500 U bacillolysin: 800 U polygalacturonase: 50 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
			Laying hens	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1500 U Alpha-amylase: 500 U Bacillolysin: 800 U Polygalacturona-se: 50 U	— — — —	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 1 500 U alpha-amylase: 500 U bacillolysin: 800 U polygalacturonase: 50 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 30 % wheat</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/ky feedings	Maximum content g of complete tuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
50	6-Phytase EC 3.1.3.26	Preparation of 6-phytase produced by Aspergillus oryzae (DSM 11857) having a minimum activity of:  Coated form: 2 500 FYT (³)/g  Liquid form: 5 000 FYT/g	Chickens for fattening	_	250 FYT	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>500-1 000 FYT</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed containing more than 0,25 % phytin bound phosphorus</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
			Laying hens	_	250 FYT	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>500-1 000 FYT</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed containing more than 0,25 % phytin bound phosphorus</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
			Turkeys for fattening	_	250 FYT	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>500-1 000 FYT</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed containing more than 0,25 % phytin bound phosphorus</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings				
			Piglets	2 months	500 FYT	_	1.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
							2.	Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
								500-1 000 FYT	
							3.	For use in compound feed containing more than 0,25 % phytin bound phosphorus	
			Pigs for fattening	_	500 FYT	_	1.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
							2.	Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:	
								500-1 000 FYT	
							3.	For use in compound feed containing more than 0,25 % phytin bound phosphorus	
51	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta- xylanase produced by <i>Bacillus</i> subtilis (LMG-S 15136) having a minimum activity of:	Chickens for fattening	_	10 IU	_	1.	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )
		100 IU ( <sup>45</sup> )/g					2.	Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 10 IU	
							3.	For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans ), e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat	

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
No)					Units of activity/kş feedings	g of complete		
			Piglets	2 months	10 IU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: 10 IU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in arabinoxylan, e.g. containing more than 40 % wheat</li> </ol>	31.5.2005 (t)
52	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94) and alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9553) having a minimum activity of:  Liquid form:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 10 000 U (46)/ml  Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 120 000 U (47)/ml  Alpha-amylase: 400 U (48)/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 000 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 12 000 U Alpha-amylase: 40 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 000-2 000 U</li> <li>endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 12 000-24 000 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans) e.g. containing more than 20 % wheat and 15 % sorghum and 5 % maize</li> </ol>	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedingst			
53	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Bacillolysin EC 3.4.24.28 Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94), alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9553), bacillolysin produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9554) and endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Trichoderma viride (NIBH FERM BP 4842) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 2 350 U (46)/g Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 4 000 U (47)/g Alpha-amylase: 400 U (49)/g Bacillolysin: 450 U (50)/g Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 20 000 U (51)/g	Piglets	2 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 2 350 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 4 000 U Alpha-amylase: 400 U Bacillolysin: 450 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 20 000 U	  	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  endo-1,3 (4)-beta-glucanase: 2 350 U  endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 4 000 U  alpha-amylase: 400 U  bacillolysin: 450 U  endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 20 000 U  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 25 % barley and 20 % maize	23.11.2004 (°)
			Chickens for fattening		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 175 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 000 U Alpha-amylase: 200 U Bacillolysin: 225 U Endo-1,4- beta-xylanase: 10 000 U	_ _ _ _	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:  endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 175-2 350 U  endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 000-4 000 U  alpha-amylase: 200-400 U  bacillolysin: 225-450 U  endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 10 000-20 000 U	23.11.2004 (°)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	ve Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/k		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
				feedings	tuff	3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 45 % wheat	7
Endo-1,3(4)-l glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-bet glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amyla: EC 3.2.1.1 Endo-1,4-bet xylanase EC 3.2.1.8	glucanase produced by Aspergil- lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo- 1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94), alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amylolique- faciens (DSM 9553) and endo- 1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Trichoderma viride (NIBH FERM BP 4842) having a minimum	- - - - - -		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 000 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 12 000 U Alpha-amylase: 40 U Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 21 000 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 000-2 000 U</li> <li>endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 12 000-24 000 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>alpha-amylase: 40-80 U</li> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 21 000-42 000 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 45 % wheat</li> </ol>	23.11.2004 (*)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
					Units of activity/kş feedings		
55	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Bacillolysin EC 3.4.24.28	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94), alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amylolique-faciens (DSM 9553) and bacillolysin produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9554) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 3 000 U (46)/g  Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 5 000 U (47)/g  Alpha-amylase: 540 U (49)/g  Bacillolysin: 450 U (50)/g	Piglets	2 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500 U Alpha-amylase: 270 U Bacillolysin: 225 U	_ _ _	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500-3 000 U         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500-5 000 U         alpha-amylase: 270-540 U         bacillolysin: 225-450 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in starch and non-starch polysaccharides, e.g. containing more than 35 % wheat and 15 % barley</li> </ol>
			Pigs for fattening		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500 U Alpha-amylase: 270 U Bacillolysin: 225 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500-3 000 U         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500-5 000 U         alpha-amylase: 270-540 U         bacillolysin: 225-450 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in starch and non-starch polysaccharides, e.g. containing more than 50 % barley</li> </ol>

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg feedings		Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
			Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500 U Alpha-amylase: 270 U Bacillolysin: 225 U	— — —	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500-3 000 U         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500-5 000 U         alpha-amylase: 270-540 U         bacillolysin: 225-450 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in starch and non-starch polysaccharides, e.g. containing more than 50 % maize or 50 % wheat</li> </ol>
			Laying hens		Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500 U Alpha-amylase: 270 U Bacillolysin: 225 U	_ _ _	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 1 500-3 000 U         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 2 500-5 000 U         alpha-amylase: 270-540 U         bacillolysin: 225-450 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in starch and non-starch polysaccharides, e.g. containing more than 40 % maize and 10 % rye</li> </ol>

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/ks	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period of authorisation
					feedings		
56	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Bacillolysin EC 3.4.24.28	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94), alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amylolique-faciens (DSM 9553) and bacillolysin produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9554) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 6 000 U (46)/g  Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 3 500 U (47)/g  Alpha-amylase: 1 400 U (49)/g  Bacillolysin: 450 U (50)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 6 000 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 3 500 U Alpha-amylase: 1 400 U Bacillolysin: 450 U		1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 6 000 U endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 3 500 U alpha-amylase: 1 400 U bacillolysin: 450 U  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % barley
57	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Bacillolysin EC 3.4.24.28	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94), alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amylolique-faciens (DSM 9553) and bacillolysin produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9554) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 3 000 U (46)/g  Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 9 000 U (47)/g  Alpha-amylase: 540 U (49)/g  Bacillolysin: 450 U (50)/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 3 000 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 9 000 U Alpha-amylase: 5 40 U Bacillolysin: 450 U	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase:         3 000 U         endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 9 000 U         alpha-amylase: 540 U         bacillolysin: 450 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in starch and non-starch polysaccharides (mainly cellulose and hemicellulose), e.g. containing more than 20 % sunflower meal and 10 % soya meal</li> </ol>

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions  End of period authorisation
					Units of activity/kg feedings		
58	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.4 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Bacillolysin EC 3.4.24.28	Preparation of endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergil-lus aculeatus (CBS 589.94), endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma longibrachiatum (CBS 592.94), alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus amylolique-faciens (DSM 9553) and bacillolysin produced by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (DSM 9554) having a minimum activity of:  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 2 350 U (46)/g Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 5 000 U (47)/g Alpha-amylase: 400 U (49)/g Bacillolysin: 5 000 U (50)/g	Piglets	2 months	Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 2 350 U Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 5 000 U Alpha-amylase: 400 U Bacillolysin: 5 000 U	— — —	1. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage life, and stability to pelleting  2. Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff: endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 2 350 U endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: 5 000 U alpha-amylase: 400 U bacillolysin: 5 000 U  3. For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 30 % barley
59	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6 Subtilisin EC 3.4.21.62 Alpha-amylase EC 3.2.1.1 Polygalacturonase EC 3.2.1.15	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105), endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase and alpha-amylase produced by <i>Bacillus amyloliquefaciens</i> (DSM 9553), subtilisin produced by <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (ATCC 2107), polygalacturonase produced by <i>Aspergillus aculeatus</i> (CBS 589.94) having a mimimum activity of: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U ( <sup>37</sup> )/g Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U ( <sup>18</sup> )/g Subtilisin: 4 000 U ( <sup>41</sup> )/g Alpha-amylase: 400 U ( <sup>42</sup> )/g Polygalacturonase: 25 U ( <sup>43</sup> )/g	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 300 U Endo-1,3(4)-beta- glucanase: 150 U Subtilisin: 4 000 U Alpha-amylase: 400 U Polygalacturona- se: 25 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 300 U         endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 150 U         subtilisin: 4 000 U         alpha-amylase: 400 U         polygalacturonase: 25 U</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in starch and non-starch polysaccharides (mainly arabinoxylans and beta-glucans), e.g. containing more than 40 % maize</li> </ol>

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  Units of activity/kg		Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
60	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2105), endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma</i> longibrachiatum (ATCC 2106) having a minimum activity of: Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 5 000 U ( <sup>37</sup> ) /ml Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 50 U ( <sup>18</sup> ) /ml	Chickens for fattening		Endo-1,4-beta- xylanase: 500 U Endo-1,3(4)-beta- glucanase: 5 U		<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 500-2500 U</li> <li>endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 5-25 U</li> </ul> </li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g. containing more than 20 % barley and 40 % wheat</li> </ol>	28.2.2005 (4)
61	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase EC 3.2.1.8 Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase EC 3.2.1.6	Preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by <i>Trichoderma reesei</i> (CBS 529.94), endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by <i>Trichoderma reesei</i> (CBS 526.94) having a minimum activity of:  Powder form:  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 17 000 BXU (30)/g  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 11 000 BU (29)/g  Liquid form:  Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 22 000 BXU/ml  Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 15 000 BU/ml	Chickens for fattening	_	Endo-1,4-beta-xylanase: 17 000 BXU Endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase: 11 000 BU	_	<ol> <li>In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting</li> <li>Recommended dose per kg of complete feedingstuff:         <ul> <li>endo-1,4-beta-xylanase:</li> <li>17 000 BXU</li> </ul> </li> <li>endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase:</li> <li>11 000 BU</li> <li>For use in compound feed rich in non-starch polysaccharides (mainly beta-glucans and arabinoxylans), e.g containing more than 40 % barley or 55 % wheat</li> </ol>	28.2.2005 (9)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age		Maximum content  complete feed- stuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
				Micro-org	anisms			
1	Bacillus cereus var. toyoi NCIMB 40112/CNCM I -1012	Preparation of <i>Bacillus cereus</i> var. <i>toyoi</i> containing a minimum of $1 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive	Chickens for fat- tening	_	0,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 109	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: monensin sodium, lasolacid sodium, salinomycin sodium, decoquinate, robenidine, narasin, halofuginone	1.3.2002 (h)
			Laying hens	_	0,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.3.2002 (h)
			Calves	6 months	0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.3.2002 (h)
			Cattle for fattening	_	0,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	0,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  The quantity of <i>Bacillus cereus</i> var. <i>toyoi</i> in the daily ration must not exceed $1.0 \times 10^9$ CFU for $100 \text{ kg}$ body weight. Add $0.2 \times 10^9$ CFU for each additional $100 \text{ kg}$ body weight	1.3.2002 (h)
			Breeding does	_	0,1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostat: robenidine	1.3.2002 (h)
			Rabbits for fat- tening	_	0,1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: robenidine, salinomycin	1.3.2002 (h)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
					CFU/kg of co	omplete feed- stuff		
3	Saccharomyces cerevisiae NCYC Sc 47	Preparation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae containing a minimum of $5 \times 10^9$ CFU/g additive		_	2,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostat: meticlorpindol	30.6.2004 (f)
			Sows	_	5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	2,5 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
			Piglets	4 months	5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
			Dairy cows	_	4 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and the premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting The quantity of <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> in the daily ration must not exceed $5.6 \times 10^9$ CFU per 100 kg of body weight. Add $8.75 \times 10^9$ CFU per each additional 100 kg body weight	31.5.2005 (f)
5	Saccharomyces cerevisiae CBS 493.94	Preparation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae containing a minimum of: $1 \times 10^8$ CFU/g additive	Calves	6 months	2 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
			Cattle for fat- tening	_	1,7 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	1,7 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  The quantity of Saccharomyces cerevisiae in the daily ration must not exceed $7.5 \times 10^8$ CFU for 100 kg body weight. Add $1 \times 10^8$ CFU for each additional $100$ kg body weight	30.6.2004 (8)
			Dairy cows	_	5 × 10 <sup>7</sup>	3,5 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting The quantity of <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> in the daily ration must not exceed $1.2 \times 10^9$ CFU for $100 \text{ kg}$ body weight. Add $1.7 \times 10^8$ CFU per each additional $100 \text{ kg}$ body weight	31.5.2005 (t)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						omplete feed- stuff		
6	Saccharomyces cerevisiae CNCM I-1079	Preparation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae containing a minimum of: $2 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive	Sows	_	2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
			Piglets	4 months	6 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	3 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
7	Saccharomyces cerevisiae CNCM I-1077	Preparation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae containing a minimum of: $2 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive	Dairy cows	_	5,5 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	2,1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  The quantity of Saccharomyces cerevisiae in the daily	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )
							ration must not exceed 8,4 × 10° CFU for 100 kg body weight. Add 1,8 × 10° CFU for each additional 100 kg body weight	
			Cattle for fattening	_	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (f)
							The quantity of Saccharomyces cerevisiae in the daily ration must not exceed $4.6 \times 10^9$ CFU for 100 kg bodyweight. Add $2 \times 10^9$ CFU for each additional 100 kg body weight	
8	Enterococcus faecium ATCC 53519 Enterococcus faecium ATCC 55593 (In a 1/1 ratio)	Mixture of: encapsulated Enterococcus faecium (ATCC 53519) and encapsulated Enterococcus faecium (ATCC 55593) containing a minimum of:  2 × 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU/g of the additive (i.e. a minimum of 1 × 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU/g of each bacterium)	Chickens for fat- tening	_	1 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium, decoquinate, halofuginone, lasalocid sodium, maduramicin ammonium, monensin sodium, narasin, nicarbazin, narasin/nicarbazin, salinomycin sodium	30.6.2004 ( <sup>f</sup> )

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						omplete feed- stuff		
9	Pediococcus acidilactici CNCM MA 18/5M	Preparation of <i>Pediococcus acidilactici</i> containing a minimum of $1 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g of additive	Chickens for fat- tening	_	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium, meticlorpindol, decoquinate, halofuginone, narasin, salinomycin sodium, nicarbazin, maduramicin ammonium, diclazuril	30.6.2004 (\$)
			Piglets	4 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (g)
			Pigs for fattening	_	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (8)
10	Enterococcus faecium NCIMB 10415	um containing a minimum of	Chickens for fat- tening	_	0,3 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	2,8 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium, amprolium/ethopabate, diclazuril, halofuginone, maduramicin ammonium, meticlorpindol, meticlorpindol/methylbenzoquate, monensin sodium, robenidine, salinomycin sodium	30.6.2004 (8)
			Pigs for fattening	_	0,35 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (g)
			Sows	_	0,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,25 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (g)
			Cattle for fattening	_	0,25 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	0,6 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting The quantity of Enterococcus faecium in the daily ration must not exceed $1 \times 10^9$ CFU for $100$ kg body weight. Add $1 \times 10^9$ CFU for each additional $100$ kg body weight	30.6.2004 (8)

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						omplete feed- stuff		
		Preparation of Enterococcus faecium containing a minimum of: Microencapsulated form: $1.0 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive	Piglets	4 months	0,3 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,4 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  Granulated form to be used exclusively in milk replacers	30.6.2004 (8)
		$1.75 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive and: Granulated form: $3.5 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive	Calves	6 months	0,35 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	6,6 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  Granulated form to be used exclusively in milk replacers	30.6.2004 (8)
11	Enterococcus faecium DSM 5464	Preparation of Enterococcus faecium containing a minimum of: 5 × 10 <sup>10</sup> CFU/g additive	Piglets	4 months	0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (8)
			Chickens for fat- tening	_	0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 ( <sup>l</sup> )
							May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium, diclazuril, halofuginone, monensin-sodium, meticlorpindol/methylbenzoquate, nicarbazin	
			Calves	4 months	0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 (¹)
12	Lactobacillus farciminis CNCM MA 67/4R	Preparation of Lactobacillus farciminis containing a minimum of $1 \times 10^9$ CFU/g additive	Piglets	4 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (h)

EN

Official Journal of the European Communities

No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age		Maximum content complete feed-stuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
13	Enterococcus faecium DSM 10663/NCIMB 10415	Preparation of <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> containing a minimum of:  Powder and granulated forms:	Piglets	4 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (h)
		$3.5 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive Coated form:	Calves	6 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	26.7.2004 (i)
		$2.0 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive Liquid form: $1 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/ml additive	Chickens for fat- tening	_	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	26.7.2004 (i)
		'					May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium, amproliumethopabat, decoquinate, diclazuril, halofuginone, lasalocid sodium, maduramicin ammonium, meticlorpindol/methylbenzoquate, monensin sodium, narasin, nicarbazin, robenidine, salinomycin sodium	
14	Saccharomyces cerevisiae MUCL 39885	Preparation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae containing a minimum of:	Piglets	4 months	3 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	3 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	30.6.2004 (h)
		Powder, spheric and oval granulated forms: $1 \times 10^9$ CFU/ g additive	Cattle for fattening	_	9 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	9 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting   The quantity of Saccharomyces cerevisiae in the daily ration must not exceed $1.6 \times 10^{10}$ CFU per $100 \text{ kg}$ body weight. Add $3.2 \times 10^9$ CFU for each additional $100 \text{ kg}$ body weight	30.6.2004 (h)
15	Enterococcus faecium NCIMB 11181	Preparation of <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> containing a minimum of: Powder form:	Calves	6 months	5 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )
		$4 \times 10^{11}$ CFU/g additive Coated form: $5 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive	Piglets	4 months	5 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	6.1.2004 ( <sup>k</sup> )

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  CFU/kg of co	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
16	Enterococcus faecium DSM 7134 Lactobacillus rhamnosus	Mixture of:  Enterococcus faecium containing a minimum of:  7 × 10 <sup>9</sup> CFU/g	Calves Piglets	6 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	6 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting  In the directions for use of the additive and premix-	6.1.2004 (k) 6.1.2004 (k)
	DSM 7133	and of:  Lactobacillus rhamnosus containing a minimum of:  3 × 10 <sup>9</sup> CFU/g	Tigitts	+ months	1 * 10	<i>y</i> 10	ture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	0.11.2004()
17	Lactobacillus casei NCIMB 30096 Enterococcus faecium NCIMB 30098	Mixture of:  Lactobacillus casei and Enterococcus faecium containing a minimum of:  Lactobacillus casei 2 × 10° CFU/g and:  Enterococcus faecium 6 × 10° CFU/g	Calves	6 months	Lactobacillus casei 0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup> Enterococcus faecium 1,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	Lactobacillus casei 1 × 10 <sup>9</sup> Enterococcus faecium 3 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 (1)
18	Enterococcus faecium CECT 4515	Preparation of Enterococcus faecium containing a minimum of $1 \times 10^{10}$ CFU/g additive		4 months	1 × 10°	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 (1)
			Calves	6 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premix- ture indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	1.4.2004 ( <sup>1</sup> )
19	Streptococcus infantarius CNCM I-841 Lactobacillus plantarum CNCM I-840	Mixture of:  Streptococcus infantarius and Lactobacillus plantarum containing a minimum of:  Streptococcus infantarius 0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup> CFU/g  and:  Lactobacillus plantarum 2 × 10 <sup>9</sup> CFU/g	Calves	6 months	Streptococ- cus infantarius: 1 × 10 <sup>9</sup> Lactobacillus plantarum: 0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	Streptococ- cus infantarius: 1 × 10 <sup>9</sup> Lactobacillus plantarum: 0,5 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting	17.7.2004 ( <sup>m</sup> )

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Minimum content  CFU/kg of co	Maximum content omplete feed-stuff	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
20	DSM 5749  Bacillus subtilis  DSM 5750 (In a 1/1 ratio)  Bacillus licheniformis and Bacillus subtilis containing a minimum of:  3,2 × 10° CFU/g of the additive (1,6 × 10° CFU/g of each bacterium)	Bacillus licheniformis and Bacillus subtilis containing a minimum of: $3.2 \times 10^9 \text{ CFU/g}$ of the additive	Sows	15 days pre-par- tum and during lacta- tion period	0,96 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,92 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	23.11.2004 (°)
		Pigs for fattening	_	0,48 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,28 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	23.11.2004 (°)	
			Chickens for fat- tening	_	3,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	3,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	23.11.2004 (°)
							May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium/ethopabate, diclazuril, halofuginone, meticlorpindol/methylbenzoquate, monensin sodium, nicarbazin, robenidine and salinomycin sodium	
			Turkeys for fat- tening	_	1,28 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	3,2 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	23.11.2004 (°)
							May be used in compound feed containing the permitted coccidiostats: amprolium/ethopabate, diclazuril, halofuginone, meticlorpindol/methylbenzoquate, monensin sodium, nifursol and robenidine	
			Calves	6 months	1,28 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1,6 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	28.2.2005 (9)
21	Enterococcus faecium DSM 3530	Preparation of Enterococcus faecium containing a minimum of: $2.5 \times 10^9$ CFU/g	Calves	6 months	1 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	1 × 109	In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting	28.2.2005 (9)

EN

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No (or EC No)	Additive	Chemical formula, description	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	Mini- mum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisation
						complete		

## Radionuclide binders

## 1. Radioactive caesium binders (137Cs and 134Cs)

1.1	1.1 Ferric (III) ammonium hexacyanoferrate (II)	oferrate (II)	Ruminants (domestic and wild)	_	50	500	Indicate in the instructions for use:  'The quantity of Ferric (III) ammonium hexacyanoferrate (II) in the daily ration must be between 10 mg and 150 mg for 10 kg per body weight'	13.10.2001 (b)
			Calves prior to the start of rumination	_	50	500	Indicate in the instructions for use:  'The quantity of Ferric (III) ammonium hexacyanoferrate (II) in the daily ration must be between 10 mg and 150 mg for 10 kg per body weight'	13.10.2001 (b)
			Lambs prior to the start of rumination	_	50	500	Indicate in the instructions for use:  'The quantity of Ferric (III) ammonium hexacyanoferrate (II) in the daily ration must be between 10 mg and 150 mg for 10 kg per body weight'	13.10.2001 (b)
			Kids prior to the start of rumination	_	50	500	Indicate in the instructions for use:  'The quantity of Ferric (III) ammonium hexacyanoferrate (II) in the daily ration must be between 10 mg and 150 mg per 10 kg of body weight'	13.10.2001 (b)
			Pigs (domestic and wild)	_	50	500	Indicate in the instructions for use:  The quantity of Ferric (III) ammonium hexacyanoferrate (II) in the daily ration must be between 10 mg and 150 mg per 10 kg of body weight'	13.10.2001 (b)

<sup>(</sup>a) First authorisation Commission Directive 97/72/EC (OJ L 351, 23.12. 1997, p. 55). (b) First authorisation Commission Directive 96/66/EC (OJ L 272, 25.10.1996, p. 32).

First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 2316/98 (OJ L 289, 28.10.1998, p. 4). First authorisation Commission Regulation(EC) No 639/1999 (OJ L 289, 28.10.1998, p. 4). First authorisation Commission Regulation(EC) No 639/1999 (OJ L 82, 26.3.1999, p. 6). First authorisation Commission regulation (EC) No 1245/1999 (OJ L 150, 17.6.1999, p. 15). First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 1436/98 (OJ L 191, 7.7.1998, p. 15).

First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 866/1999 (OJ L 108, 27.4.1999, p. 21). First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 1411/99 (OJ L 164, 30.6.1999, p. 56).

First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 2374/98 (OJ L 295, 4.11.1998, p. 3).

First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 1636/1999 (OI L 194, 27.7.1999, p. 17).

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In the absence of the establishment, if required, of a specific maximum limit based on sufficient data on the presence of dioxins, the maximum limit of 500 pg WHO-PCCD/F-TEQ/kg will apply from 15 October 2000.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     RAU is the amount of enzyme which converts 1 mg of soluble starch into a product having an equal absorption to a reference colour at 620 nm after reaction with iodine, per minute at pH 6,6 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1 U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing material (galacturonic acid equivalents) from a poly D-galacturonic substrate per minute at pH 5.0 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1 U is the amount of enzyme which hydrolyses 1 micromole of glucosidic linkages from a water insoluble cross-linked starch polymer substrate per minute at pH 6,5 and 37°C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    FXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 7,8 micromoles of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from azo-whear arabinoxylan per minute at pH 6,0 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            FXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 3,1 micromoles of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from azo-wheat arabinoxylan per minute at pH 6,0 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1 AGL is the amount of enzyme which liberates 5,55 micromoles of reducing sugars (maltose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,6 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                CU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,128 micromoles of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,5 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           BU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,06 micromoles of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,8 and 50 °C.
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 2,78 micromoles of reducing sugars (maltose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 5,0 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1 U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 5,55 micromoles of reducing sugars (maltose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 5,0 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1 U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 microgram of phenolic compound (tyrosine equivalents) from a casein substrate per minute at pH 7,5 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    QGU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,8 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 4,00 micromoles of reducing sugars (maltose equivalents) from birchwood xylan per minute at pH 5,5 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1 EXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from wheat arabinoxylan per minute at pH 3,5 and 55°C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1 BGN is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugar (glucose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,8 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        I FBG is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 5,0 and 30 °C.
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         . U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 5.0 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        BXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,06 micromoles of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from birch xylan per minute at pH 5,3 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            AXC is the amount of enzyme which liberates 17,2 micromoles of reducing sugars (maltose equivalents) from oat xylan per minute at pH 4,7 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from oat beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,0 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        BGU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,278 micromoles of sugar glucose equivalents from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 3,5 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1 EXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from arabinoxylan per minute at pH 3,5 and 55°C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugar (glucose equivalent) from oat beta-glucan per minute at pH 4,0 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from oat spelt xylan per minute at pH 5,3 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      BGU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,15 micromoles of glucose from azurine-cross-linked beta-glucan per minute at pH 5,0 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IFP is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from oat xylan per minute at pH 4,8 and 50 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1 EU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from oat xylan per minute at pH 4,5 and 40°C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             QXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from oat xylan per minute at pH 5.1 and 50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from oat xylan per minute at pH 4,0 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugar (glucose equivalent) from wheat starch per minute at pH 4,0 and 30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                1 U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugar (glucose equivalent) from oat xylan per minute at pH 4,0 and 30 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1 FXU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0.15 micromoles of xylose from azurine-cross-linked xylan per minute at pH 5,0 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           GALU is the amount of enzyme which hydrolyses 1 micromole of p-nitrophenyl-alpha-galactopyranoside per minute at pH 5,5 and 37 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1 FTU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of inorganic phosphate per minute from sodium phytate at pH 5,5 and 37 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1 FYT is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of inorganic phosphate per minute from sodium phytate at pH 5,5 and 37°C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            PPU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of inorganic phosphate from sodium phytate per minute at pH 5 and 37 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,1 micromoles of glucose from carboxymethylcellulose per minute at pH 5,0 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    l U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,1 micromoles of glucose from barley beta-glucan per minute at pH 5,0 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,1 micromoles of glucose from oat spelt xylan per minute at pH 5,0 and 40 °C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of xylose from birchwood xylan per minute at pH 5,3 and 50 °C.
                                                                       First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 2690/1999 (OJ L 326, 18.12.1999, p. 33)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 2697/2000 (OJ L 319, 16.12.2000, p. 1).
                                                                                                                                                                                                           First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 1353/2000 (OJ L 155, 28.6.2000, p. 15).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 2437/2000 (OJ L 280, 4.11.2000, p. 28)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 1887/2000 (OJ L 227, 7.9.2000, p. 13).
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                                                                                                                                    First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 654/2000 (OJ L 79, 30.3.2000, p. 26).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         First authorisation Commission Regulation (EC) No 418/2001 (OJ L 62, 2.3.2001, p. 3).
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1 Us the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,0056 micromoles of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from barley bear-glucan per minute at pH 7,5 and 30 °C.

1 Us the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,0056 micromoles of reducing sugars (glucose equivalents) from carboxymethylcellulose per minute at pH 4,8 and 50 °C.

1 U is the amount of enzyme which hydrolyses 1 micromole of glucose from a cross-linked starch polymer per minute at pH 7,5 and 37 °C.

1 U is the amount of enzyme which hydrolyses 1 micromole of glucosidic linkages from water insoluble cross-linked starch polymer per minute at pH 7,5 and 37 °C.

1 U is the amount of enzyme which makes 1 microgram of azo-casein soluble in trichoracetic acid per minute at pH 7,5 and 37 °C.

1 U is the amount of enzyme which liberates 0,0067 micromoles of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from birchwood xylan per minute at pH 5,3 and 50 °C. 1 IU is the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 micromole of reducing sugars (xylose equivalents) from birchwood xylan per minute at pH 4,5 and 30 °C.