

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4050/89

of 19 December 1989

laying down for 1990 certain measures for the conservation and management of fishery resources applicable to vessels flying the flag of Sweden

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 170/83 of 25 January 1983 establishing a Community system for the conservation and management of fishery resources⁽¹⁾, as amended by the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 11 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, in accordance with the procedure provided for in the Fisheries Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Government of Sweden⁽³⁾, and in particular Articles 2 and 6 thereof, the Community and Sweden have held consultations concerning their mutual fishing rights for 1990 and the management of common biological resources;

Whereas, in the course of these consultations, the delegations agreed to recommend to their respective authorities that certain catch quotas for 1990 should be fixed for the vessels of the other Party;

Whereas, under the terms of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 170/83, it is for the Council to fix the total catches allocated to third countries and to lay down the specific conditions under which such catches must be taken;

Whereas the fishing activities covered by this Regulation are subject to the control measures provided for by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2241/87 of 23 July 1987 establishing certain control measures for fishing activities⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3483/88⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87 of 20 May 1987 establishing detailed rules concerning the marking and documentation of fishing vessels⁽⁶⁾ provides that all vessels with chilled or

refrigerated sea-water tanks are to keep on board a document certified by a competent authority and specifying the calibration of the tanks in cubic metres at 10 centimetre intervals;

Whereas the Agreement of 19 December 1966 between Denmark, Norway and Sweden on mutual access to fishing in the Skagerrak and Kattegat provides that each Party is to grant fishing vessels of the other Parties access to its fishing zone in the Skagerrak and part of the Kattegat up to four nautical miles from the baselines, without any quantitative limitation;

Whereas the Convention of 31 December 1932 between Denmark and Sweden concerning fishing conditions in the maritime waters bordering on both Parties provides that each Party shall grant fishing vessels of the other Party access to its fishing zone in the Kattegat up to three nautical miles from the coast and in certain parts of the Øresund and the Baltic Sea up to the baselines, without any quantitative limitation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Vessels flying the flag of Sweden are hereby authorized until 31 December 1990 to fish for the species listed in Annex I, within the geographical and quantitative limits laid down therein and in accordance with this Regulation, in the 200-nautical mile fishing zone of the Member States in the North Sea, Skagerrak, Kattegat, Baltic Sea and Atlantic Ocean north of 43° 00' N.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, vessels flying the flag of Sweden shall be authorized to fish, without any quantitative limitation, in the Skagerrak, Kattegat and Øresund.

3. For the purposes of this Regulation:

— the Skagerrak is the area bounded in the west by a line drawn from the Hanstholm lighthouse to the Lindesnes lighthouse and in the south by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from there to the nearest point on the Swedish coast,

(1) OJ No L 24, 27. 1. 1983, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 302, 15. 11. 1985, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 226, 29. 8. 1980, p. 1.

(4) OJ No L 207, 29. 7. 1987, p. 1.

(5) OJ No L 306, 11. 11. 1988, p. 2.

(6) OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1987, p. 9.

- the Kattegat is the area bounded in the north by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from there to the nearest point on the Swedish coast and in the south by a line drawn from Hasenore Head to Gniben Point, from Korshage to Spodsbjerg, and from Gilbjerg Head to the Kullen,
- the Øresund is the area bounded in the north by a line drawn from Gilbjerg Point to the Kullen and in the south by a line drawn from the Stevns lighthouse to the Falsterbo lighthouse.

4. Fishing authorized under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be limited to those parts of the 200-nautical-mile fishing zone lying seawards of 12 nautical miles from the baselines from which the fishing zones of Member States are measured, with the following exceptions:

- (a) fishing in Skagerrak is authorized seawards of four nautical miles from the baselines of Denmark;
- (b) fishing in Kattegat is authorized seawards of three nautical miles from the coast of Denmark;
- (c) fishing in the Baltic Sea is authorized seawards of three nautical miles from the baselines of Denmark;
- (d) fishing in Øresund is authorized within the areas and in accordance with the conditions set out in Annex II.

5. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, unavoidable by-catches of a species for which no quota is established in a zone shall be permitted within the limits fixed in the conservation measures in force in the zone concerned.

6. By-catches in a given zone of a species for which a quota is established in that zone shall be counted against the quota concerned.

Article 2

1. Vessels fishing within the quotas fixed in Article 1 shall comply with the conservation and control measures and all other provisions governing fishing in the zones referred to in that Article.

2. The vessels referred to in paragraph 1 shall keep a log-book in which the information set out in Annex III shall be entered.

3. The vessels referred to in paragraph 1 shall transmit to the Commission, in accordance with the rules laid down in Annex IV, the information set out in that Annex.

4. Those vessels referred to in paragraph 1 which have chilled or refrigerated sea-water tanks shall keep on board a document certified by a competent authority and specifying the calibration of the tanks in cubic metres at 10 centimetre intervals.

5. The registration letters and numbers of the vessels referred to in paragraph 1 must be clearly marked on the bow of each vessel on both sides.

Article 3

1. Fishing within ICES sub-area IV and ICES divisions III c and d under the quotas fixed in Article 1 shall be permitted only where a licence has been issued by the Commission on behalf of the Community at the request of the Swedish authorities and in compliance with the conditions set out in Annexes II, III and IV. Copies of these Annexes shall be kept on board each vessel.

2. Licences shall be issued for the purposes of paragraph 1 provided that the number of licences valid at any time during a given month does not exceed:

- 97 for the fishing of cod, sprat and herring in the Baltic Sea,
(the total number of vessels for which licences may be issued is 397),
- 60 for the fishing of herring, sprat and mackerel in ICES divisions IV a and b,
- 14 for the fishing of cod, haddock, whiting and others in ICES sub-area IV,
(the total number of vessels for which licences may be issued is 33),
- five for the fishing of salmon in the Baltic Sea.

3. When an application for a licence is submitted to the Commission, the following information must be supplied:

- (a) name of the vessel;
- (b) registration number;
- (c) external identification letters and numbers;
- (d) port of registration;
- (e) name and address of the owner or charterer;
- (f) gross tonnage and overall length;
- (g) engine power;
- (h) call sign and radio frequency;
- (i) intended method of fishing;
- (j) intended area of fishing;
- (k) species for which it is intended to fish;
- (l) period for which a licence is requested.

4. Each licence shall be valid for one vessel only. Where two or more vessels are taking part in the same fishing operation, each vessel must be in possession of a licence.

5. Licences may be cancelled with a view to the issue of new licences. Such cancellations shall take effect on the day before the date of issue of the new licences by the Commission. New licences shall take effect from their date of issue.

6. Licences shall be wholly or partially withdrawn before the date of expiry if the respective quotas fixed in Article 1 have been exhausted.

7. Licences shall be withdrawn in the event of any failure to meet the obligations laid down in this Regulation.

8. For a period not exceeding 12 months, no licence shall be issued for any vessel in respect of which the obligations laid down in this Regulation have not been met.

Article 4

Where an infringement is duly found to have taken place, the Member States shall without delay inform the Commission of the name of the vessel concerned and of any action they have taken.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1989.

For the Council

The President

J. MELLICK

ANNEX I

Swedish catch quotas for 1990

Species	Area within which fishing is authorized	Quantity (tonnes)
Cod	ICES III c, d	1 650
	ICES IV	130 ⁽¹⁾
Salmon	ICES III c, d	20
Haddock	ICES IV	300
Whiting	ICES IV	20 ⁽¹⁾
Herring	ICES III c, d	4 550
	ICES IV a, b	4 450
Mackerel	ICES IV a, b	2 300 ⁽³⁾
Sprat	ICES III c, d	2 000
	ICES IV a, b	2 000
Others	ICES IV	1 000 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ These quotas may be interchanged.

⁽²⁾ Out of which up to 40 tonnes may be taken as prawn (*Pandalus*) 850 tonnes are reserved for by-catches of horse mackerel in, *inter alia*, the mackerel fishery.

⁽³⁾ Of which 2 000 tonnes shall be fished north of 59°N.

ANNEX II

1. Inside a depth of seven metres, only the following are allowed:
 - (a) fishing by net for herring; and
 - (b) fishing by lines in the months of July to October inclusive.
2. Outside a depth of seven metres, by trawl or seine is prohibited south of a line from Ellekilde Hage to Lerberget.
3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, fishing is allowed on the Middelgrunden by 'agnvod' which does not measure more than 7,5 metres between 'armspidserne'.
4. North of the line referred to in paragraph 2, fishing by trawl or Danish seine is allowed up to three nautical miles from the coast.

ANNEX III

When fishing within the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries, the following details are to be entered in the logbook immediately after the following events:

1. after each haul
 - 1.1. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught;
 - 1.2. the date and the time of the haul;
 - 1.3. the geographical position in which the catches were made;
 - 1.4. the fishing method used;
2. after each transhipment for or from another vessel
 - 2.1. the indication 'received from' or 'transferred to';
 - 2.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transhipped;
 - 2.3. the name, external identification letters and numbers of the vessel to or from which the transhipment occurred;
3. after each landing in a port of the Community
 - 3.1. name of the port;
 - 3.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed;
4. after each transmission of information to the Commission of the European Communities
 - 4.1. date and time of the transmission;
 - 4.2. type of message: IN, OUT, ICES, WKL or 2 WKL;
 - 4.3. in the case of radio transmission: name of the radio station.

ANNEX IV

1. The information to be transmitted to the Commission and the timetable for its transmission is as follows:
- 1.1. On each occasion the vessel enters the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries:
- the information specified under 1.5;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold;
 - the date and ICES division within which the master intends to commence fishing.
- Where the fishing operations necessitate more than one entry into the zone referred to under 1.1 on a given day, one communication shall suffice on first entry.
- 1.2. On each occasion the vessel leaves the zone referred to under 1.1:
- the information specified under 1.5;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
 - the ICES division in which the catches were taken;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transferred to and/or from other vessels since the vessel entered the zone and the identification of the vessel to which the transfer was made;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed in a port of the Community since the vessel entered the zone.
- Where the fishing operations necessitate more than one entry into the zones referred to under 1.1 on any given day, one single communication on the last exit will be sufficient.
- 1.3. At three-day intervals, commencing on the third day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for herring and mackerel, and at weekly intervals, commencing on the seventh day after the vessel first enters the zone referred to under 1.1 when fishing for all species other than herring and mackerel:
- the information specified under 1.5;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
 - the ICES division in which the catches were made.
- 1.4. On each occasion the vessel moves from one ICES-division to another:
- the information specified under 1.5;
 - the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
 - the ICES division in which the catches have been taken.
- 1.5.
 - the name, call sign, external identification letters and numbers of the vessel and the name of its master;
 - the licence number if the vessel is under licence;
 - the serial number of the message for the voyage concerned;
 - identification of the type of message;
 - the date, the time and the geographical position of the vessel.
- 2.1. The information specified under point 1 shall be transmitted to the Commission of the European Communities in Brussels (telex 24 189 FISEU-B) via one of the radio stations listed under point 3 below and in the form specified under point 4.
- 2.2. If it is impossible for reasons of *force majeure* for the message to be transmitted by the vessel, it may be transmitted on the vessel's behalf by another vessel.

3. Name of radio station	Call sign of radio station
Skagen	OXP
Blåvand	OXB
Norddeich	DAF DAK
	DAH DAL
	DAI DAM
	DAJ DAN
Scheveningen	PCH
Oostende	OST
North Foreland	GNF
Humber	GKZ
Cullercoats	GCC
Wick	GKR

Portpatrick	GPK
Anglesey	GLV
Ilfracombe	GIL
Niton	GNI
Stonehaven	GND
Portishead	GKA
	GKB
	GKC
Land's End	GLD
Valentia	EJK
Malin Head	EJM
Boulogne	FFB
Brest	FFU
Saint-Nazaire	FFO
Bordeaux-Arcachon	FFC
Stockholm	SOJ
Göteborg	SOG
Rønne	OYE

4. Form of the communications

The information specified under point 1 shall contain the following elements which shall be given in the following order:

- name of vessel,
- call sign,
- external identification letters and numbers,
- serial number of the message for the voyage in question,
- indication of the type of message according to the following code:
 - message when entering one of the zones referred to under 1.1: 'IN',
 - message when leaving one of the zones referred to under 1.1: 'OUT',
 - message when moving from one ICES division to another: 'ICES',
 - weekly message: 'WKL',
 - three-day message: '2 WKL',
- the date, the time and the geographical position,
- the ICES divisions/sub-areas in which fishing is expected to commence,
- the date on which fishing is expected to commence,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold using the code mentioned in point 5,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish caught since the previous transmission using the code mentioned in point 5,
- the ICES divisions/sub-areas in which the catches were made,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transferred to and/or from other vessels since the previous transmission,
- the name and call sign of the vessel to and/or from which the transfer was made,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed in a port of the Community since the previous transmission,
- the name of the master.

5. The code to be used to indicate the species on board as mentioned in point 4 above:

- PRA — Northern deep-water prawn (*Pandalus borealis*),
- HKE — Hake (*Merluccius merluccius*),
- GHL — Greenland halibut (*Reinhardtius hippoglossoides*),
- COD — Cod (*Gadus morhua*),
- HAD — Haddock (*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*),
- HAL — Halibut (*Hippoglossus hippoglossus*),
- MAC — Mackerel (*Scomber scombrus*),
- HOM — Horse-mackerel (*Trachurus trachurus*),

- RNG — Round-nose grenadier (*Coryphaenoides rupestris*),
POK — Saithe (*Pollachius virens*),
WHG — Whiting (*Merlangus merlangus*),
HER — Herring (*Clupea harengus*),
SAN — Sand-eel (*Ammodytes* spp.),
SPR — Sprat (*Sprattus sprattus*),
PLE — Plaice (*Pleuronectes platessa*),
NOP — Norway pout (*Trisopterus esmarkii*),
LIN — Ling (*Molva molva*),
PEZ — Shrimp (*Penaeidae*),
ANE — Anchovy (*Engraulis encrasicolus*),
RED — Redfish (*Sebastes* spp.),
PLA — American plaice (*Hypoglossoides platessoides*),
SQX — Squid (*Illex* spp.),
YEL — Yellowtail flounder (*Limanda ferruginea*),
WHB — Blue whiting (*Micromesistius pontassou*),
TUN — Tuna (*Thunnidae*),
BLI — Blue ling (*Molva dypterygia*),
USK — Tusk (*Brosme brosme*),
DGS — Dogfish (*Squalus acanthias*),
BSK — Basking shark (*Cetorhinus maximus*),
POR — Porbeagle (*Lamna nasus*),
SQC — Common squid (*Loligo* spp.),
POA — Atlantic pomfret (*Brama brama*),
PIL — Sardine (*Sardina pilchardus*),
CSH — Common shrimp (*Crangon crangon*),
LEZ — Megrin (*Lepidorhombus* spp.),
MNZ — Angler/Monk (*Lophius* spp.),
NEP — Norway lobster (*Nephrops norvegicus*),
POL — Pollack (*Pollachius pollachius*),
ARG — Argentine (*Argentina sphyraena*),
OTH — Other.
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