Commission Directive 2006/60/CE of 7 July 2006 amending Annexes to Council Directive 90/642/EEC as regards the maximum residue levels of trifloxystrobin, thiabendazole, abamectin, benomyl, carbendazim, thiophanate-methyl, myclobutanyl, glyphosate, trimethylsulfonium, fenpropimorph and chlormequat (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/60/CE

of 7 July 2006

amending Annexes to Council Directive 90/642/EEC as regards the maximum residue levels of trifloxystrobin, thiabendazole, abamectin, benomyl, carbendazim, thiophanate-methyl, myclobutanyl, glyphosate, trimethylsulfonium, fenpropimorph and chlormequat

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/642/EEC of 27 November 1990 on the fixing of maximum levels for pesticide residues in and on certain products of plant origin including fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 91/414/EEC of 15 July 1991 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(1)(f) thereof

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Directive 91/414/EEC, authorisations of plant protection products for use on specific crops are the responsibility of the Member States. Such authorisations have to be based on the evaluation of effects on human and animal health and influence on the environment. Elements to be taken into account in such evaluations include operator and bystander exposure and impact on the terrestrial, aquatic and aerial environments, as well as impact on humans and animals through consumption of residues on treated crops.
- (2) Maximum residue levels (MRLs) reflect the use of minimum quantities of pesticides to achieve effective protection of plants, applied in such a manner that the amount of residue is the smallest practicable and is toxicologically acceptable, in particular in terms of estimated dietary intake.
- (3) MRLs for pesticides covered by Directive 90/642/EEC are to be kept under review and may be modified to take account of new or changed uses. Information about new or changed uses has been communicated to the Commission which will lead to changes in the residue levels of trifloxystrobin, thiabendazole, abamectin, the benomyl group (benomyl, carbendazim, and thiophanate-methyl), myclobutanyl, glyphosate, trimethylsulfonium and fenpropimorph.

(4) For chlormequat information has been communicated to the Commission that justifies the adoption of a temporary MRL on pears for three years.

IP completion day (31 December 2020 11pm) no further amendments will be applied to this version.

- (5) The lifetime exposure of consumers to those pesticides via food products that may contain residues of those pesticides, has been assessed and evaluated in accordance with the procedures and practices used within the Community, taking account of guidelines published by the World Health Organization⁽³⁾. In this evaluation it was taken into account that abamectin and thiabendazole are also used as veterinary medicines intended for food producing animals and that Maximum Residues Limits have been establishment for those two substances in accordance with the provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90⁽⁴⁾. Based on that assessment and evaluations, the MRLs for those pesticides should be set so as to ensure that the acceptable daily intake is not exceeded.
- (6) In the case of benomyl, carbendazim, thiophanate-methyl, fenpropimorph and chlormequat for which an acute reference dose (ARfD) exists, the acute exposure of consumers via each of the food products that may contain residues of these pesticides has been assessed and evaluated in accordance with the procedures and practices currently used within the Community, taking account of guidelines published by the World Health Organization. The opinions of the Scientific Committee on Plants, in particular advice and recommendations concerning the protection of consumers of food products treated with pesticides⁽⁵⁾, have been taken into account. Based on the dietary intake assessment, the MRLs for those pesticides should be fixed so as to ensure that the ARfD will not be exceeded. In the case of the other substances, an assessment of the available information has shown that no ARfD is required and that therefore a short term assessment is not needed.
- (7) Where authorised uses of plant protection products do not result in detectable levels of pesticide residues in or on the food product, or where there are no authorised uses, or where uses which have been authorised by Member States have not been supported by the necessary data, or where uses in third countries resulting in residues in or on food products which may enter into circulation in the Community market have not been supported with such necessary data, MRLs should be fixed at the lower limit of analytical determination.
- (8) Therefore it is appropriate to fix new MRLs for those pesticides.
- (9) The setting or modification at Community level of provisional MRLs does not prevent the Member States from establishing provisional MRLs for glyphosate, trimethylsulfonium and trifloxistrobin in accordance with Article 4(1)(f) of Directive 91/414/EEC and Annex VI thereto. It is considered that a period of four years is sufficient to permit further uses of these substances. The provisional Community MRL should then become definitive.
- (10) Lupines are consumed as food in several Member States. On lupines the use of glyphosate is authorised. The insertion of the entry 'lupines' and setting of MRLs for lupines is therefore necessary to protect consumers from excess pesticide residues used on lupines.

- (11) Directive 90/642/EEC should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (12) The measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Directive 90/642/EEC is amended as follows:

- 1. in Annex I, in group '3 Pulses', the entry 'Lupines' is added in such a way that the terms 'Whole product' in the last column cover all four entries;
- 2. Annex II is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Directive.

Article 2

1 Member States shall adopt and publish, by 20 January 2007 at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive, except for the benomyl group and thiophanate-methyl for which they shall adopt and publish these by fourteen September 2006 and for chlormequat by thirty one July 2006. They shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those provisions and a correlation table between those provisions and this Directive.

They shall apply those provisions from 21 January 2007, except for the benomyl group and thiophanate-methyl for which they shall be applied by fifteen September 2006 and for chlormequat by the first of August 2006.

When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

2 Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 3

This Directive shall enter into force on the 20th day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Article 4

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 July 2006.

For the Commission

Markos KYPRIANOU

Member of the Commission

IP completion day (31 December 2020 11pm) no further amendments will be applied to this version.

Annex II to Directive 90/642/EEC is amended as follows:

- 1. the footnote (t) at the entry for chlormequat on pears is replaced by the following: 'A temporary MRL of 0,2 mg/kg shall apply until 31 July 2009';
- 2. in part A, the columns for trifloxystrobin, thiabendazole, abamectin, benomyl, carbendazim, thiophanate-methyl, myclobutanyl, glyphosate, trimethylsulfonium and fenpropimorph are replaced by the following:

Groups and examples of individual products to which the MRLs would apply				oxīyhia binlazo	le(sum of aver B1a, aver B1b and delta isom of	of beno mæntin expr mæstin carb -8,9 er mectin	meth myl carber essed endazi	iyl Idazir		sulfo catio resul from the use of	lting
1.	dried unco pres freez cont	ooked, erved by zing, not aining ed sugar;									
	(i)	CITRUS FRUIT	0,3 ^b	5	0,01 ^a	0,1ª	0,1 ^a	3			0,05ª
		Grapefruit									
		Lemons									
		Limes									
		Mandarins (including clementines and other hybrids)							0,5 ^b	0,5 ^b	
	-	Oranges							0,5 ^b	0,5 ^b	

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

	Pomelos									
	Others							0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	
(ii) TREE NUTS (shelled or unshelled	0,02 ^{ab}	0,1ª	0,02ª	0,1ª	0,2	0,05ª	0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05
	Almonds									
	Brazil nuts									
	Cashew nuts									
	Chestnuts									
	Coconuts									
	Hazelnuts									
	Macadamia									
	Pecans									
	Pine nuts									
	Pistachios									
	Walnuts									
	Others									
(ii	i) POME FRUIT	0,5 ^b		0,01ª	0,2	0,5	0,5	0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05
	Apples		5							
	Pears		5							
	Quinces									
	Others		0,05ª							
(iv	7) STONE FRUIT		0,05ª	0,01ª				0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05
	Apricots	1 ^b			0,2	2	0,3			
	Cherries	1 ^b			0,5	0,3	1			
	Peaches (including nectarines and similar hybrids)	1 ^b			0,2	2	0,5			
	Plums	0,2 ^b			0,5	0,3	0,5			

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

	Other	S	0,02 ^{ab}			0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª			
(v)	BERI AND SMA FRUI			0,05ª						0,05 ^{ab}	
	(a)	Table and wine grape			0,01ª			1	0,5 ^b		0,05ª
		Table grape	8			0,3	0,1ª				
		Wine grapes	8			0,5	3				
	(b)	Straw (other than wild)	bergrites	2	0,1	0,1ª	0,1ª	1	0,1 ^{ab}		1
	(c)	Cane fruit (other than wild)	0,02 ^{ab}			0,1ª	0,1ª		0,1 ^{ab}		1
		Black	berries	5	0,1			1			
		Dewb	erries								
		Logar	nberrie	s							
		Raspb	erries		0,1			1			
		Other	s		0,01ª			0,02ª			
	(d)	Other small fruit and berrie (other than wild)			0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª		0,1 ^{ab}		1
		Bilber	rries								
			erries								
		Curra (red, black and w						1			

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

			Goose	eberrie	s				1			
			Other	\$0,02 ^{ab}	<u> </u>				0,02ª			
			Wild berrie and wild fruit	0,02 ^{ab} S		0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª	0,1 ^{ab}		0,05ª
	(vi)	MISCI	ELLA	NEOU	JS	0,01ª						
		Avoca	dos		15							
		Banan	as	0,05 ^b	5				2			2
		Dates										
		Figs										
		Kiwi										
		Kumq	uats									
		Litchis	5									
		Mango	bes		5							
		Olives (table consur		ı)								
		Olives	(oil tion)							1 ^b	1 ^b	
		Papaya	a		10		0,2	1				
		Passio fruit	n									
		Pineap	ples									
		Pomeg	granate	e								
		Others	5	0,02 ^{ab}	0,05ª		0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª	0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05ª
2.	or ur	tables, f icooked en or dr	l,									
	(i)	ROOT AND TUBE VEGE	R	0,02 ^{ab} LES		0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª		0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05ª
		Beetro	ot									
		Carrot	s						0,2			

	(b) Cucu	rbi,t3°		0,02	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,1			
		rs0,02 ^{ab}		0,01ª		0,1ª	0,02ª			
	Okra				2	1				
	Aube	rgines		0,02	0,5	2	0,3			
	Pepp	ers		0,05			0,5			
	Toma	atØç\$ ^b		0,02	0,5	2	0,3			
	(a) Solar	nacea								
(iii)	FRUITION VEGETAB		0,05ª					0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05
	onions Others									
	Spring									<u> </u>
	Shallots									
	Onions									
	VEGETAB Garlic	LĔŠ			~,1		0,02			0,00
(ii)	BULB	0.02 ^{ab}	0,05 ^a	0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02 $0,02^{a}$	0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0.05
	Others		0,05 ^a				0,02ª			
	Turnips Yam		15							
	Swedes									
	Sweet potatoes		15							
	Falsify		1.7							
	Radishes									
	Parsley root						0,2			
	Parsnips						0,2			
	Jerusalem artichokes									
	Horseradish	ı					0,2			
	Celeriac									
	Cassava		15							

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

		edible peel								
		Cucumbe	ers							
		Gherkins								
		Courgette	es							
		Others								
	(c)	Cucurbits	5	0,01ª	0,1ª	0,3	0,2			
		- inedible peel								
		Melon _{0,3}	b							
		Squashes								
		Waterme	lons							
		Others0,0)2 ^{ab}							
	(d)	Sweet 0,0 corn)2 ^{ab}	0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª			
 (iv)	BRA VEG	SSICA 0,0 ETABLES)2 ^{ab}	0,01ª			0,02ª	0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	
	(a)	Flowering brassica	g		0,1ª	0,1ª				0,05ª
		Broccoli (includin Calabrese	g e)							
		Cauliflow	ver							
		Others	0,05	5 ^a						
	(b)	Head brassica	0,05	5 ^a						
		Brussels sprouts			0,5	1				0,5
		Head cabbage								
		Others			0,1ª	0,1ª				0,05ª
	(c)	Leafy brassica	0,05	5 ^a	0,1ª	0,1ª				0,05ª
		Chinese cabbage								
		Kale								

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

		Other									
	(d)	Kohlr	abi	0,05ª		0,1ª	0,1ª				0,05*
(v)	AND FRES			0,05ª		0,1ª	0,1ª		0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05ª
	(a)	Lettue and simila			0,1						
		Cress									
		Lamb lettuc						5			
		Lettu	ce								
		Scaro (broad leaf endiv	d -								
		Rucco	ola								
		Leave and stems of brassi									
		Other	s					0,02ª			
	(b)	Spina and simila			0,01ª			0,02ª			
		Spina	ch								
		Beet leaves (chare									
		Other	s								<u> </u>
	(c)	Water cress	•		0,01ª			0,02ª			
	(d)	Witlo	of	1	0,01ª			0,02ª			
	(e)	Herbs			0,01ª			0,02ª			
		Cherv	ril								

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

			Chive	s								
			Parsle	y								
			Celer									
			Other									
	(i)	LECI		5	0.05%	0.013				0.194	0.0.7%	0.0.5
	(vi)	LEGU VEGI (fresh	ETABI	LES	0,05ª	0,01ª				0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05"
		Beans (with	s pods)	0,5 ^b			0,2	0,1ª	0,3			
		Beans (withe pods)	out									
		Peas (pods)					0,2	0,1ª				
		Peas (without pods)										
		Other	S	0,02 ^{ab}			0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª			
	(vii)	STEN VEGI (fresh	ETABI		0,05ª	0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª		0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	
		Aspai	ragus									
		Cardo	oons									
		Celer	у									
		Fenne	el									
		Globe artich							0,5			
		Leek										1
		Rhub	arb									
		Other	S						0,02ª			0,05ª
	(viii)	FUN	GI	0,02 ^{ab}		0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª			0,05ª
		(a)	Cultiv mush	vated rooms	10					0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	<u></u>
		(b)	Wild mush	rooms	0,05ª					50 ^b	20 ^b	
3.	Pulse	S	,	0,02 ^{ab}	0,05ª	0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª		0,05 ^{ab}	0,05ª

a Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.

	Beans							2 ^b		
	Lentils									
	Peas							10 ^b		
	Lupins							10 ^b		
	Others							0,1 ^{ab}		
4.	Oilseeds	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05ª	0,02ª			0,05ª			0,05ª
	Linseed							10 ^b		
	Peanuts									
	Poppy seed									
	Sesame seed									
	Sunflower seed							20 ^b		
	Rape seed							10 ^b		
	Soya bean				0,2	0,3		20 ^b	10 ^b	
	Mustard seed							10 ^b		
	Cotton seed							10 ^b		
	Hemp seed									
	Others				0,1ª	0,1ª		0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	
5.	Potatoes	0,02 ^{ab}		0,01ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,02ª	0,5 ^b	0,05 ^{ab}	0,05ª
	Early potatoes		0,05ª							
	Ware potatoes		15							
6.	Tea (dried leaves and stalks, fermented or other- wise, <i>Camellia</i> <i>sinensis</i>)	0,05 ^{ab}	0,1ª	0,02ª	0,1ª	0,1ª	0,05ª	2 ^b	0,05 ^{ab}	0,1ª
7.	Hops (dried), including hop pellets and unconcentrated powder	30 ^b	0,1ª	0,05	0,1ª	0,1ª	2	0,1 ^{ab}	0,05 ^{ab}	10

- OJ L 350, 14.12.1990, p. 71. Directive as last amended by Commission Directive 2006/53/EC (OJ L 154, 8.6.2006, p. 11).
- (2) OJ L 230, 19.8.1991, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Commission Directive 2006/45/EC (OJ L 130, 18.5.2006, p. 27).
- (3) Guidelines for predicting dietary intake of pesticide residues (revised), prepared by the GEMS/ Food Programme in collaboration with the Codex Committee on Pesticide Residues, published by the World Health Organisation 1997 (WHO/FSF/FOS/97.7).
- (4) OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC No 205/2006 (OJ L 34, 7.2.2006, p. 21).
- (5) Opinion regarding questions relating to amending the annexes to Council Directives 86/362/EEC, 86/363/EEC and 90/642/EEC (Opinion expressed by the SCP, 14 July 1998); Opinion regarding variable pesticide residues in fruit and vegetables (Opinion expressed by SCP on 14 July 1998) http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/sc/scp/outcome_ppp_en.html