Status: EU Directives are being published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. After IP completion day (31 December 2020 11pm) no further amendments will be applied to this version.

[^{F1}ANNEX I

NATURAL HABITAT TYPES OF COMMUNITY INTEREST WHOSE CONSERVATION REQUIRES THE DESIGNATION OF SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION

Textual Amendments

F1 Substituted by Council Directive 2013/17/EU of 13 May 2013 adapting certain directives in the field of environment, by reason of the accession of the Republic of Croatia.

Interpretation

Guidance on the interpretation of habitat types is given in the *Interpretation Manual of European Union Habitats* as approved by the committee set up under Article 20 ('Habitats Committee') and published by the European Commission⁽¹⁾.

The code corresponds to the Natura 2000 code.

The sign '*' indicates priority habitat types.

COASTAL AND HALOPHYTIC HABITATS 1. 11. **Open sea and tidal areas** 1110 Sandbanks which are slightly covered by sea water all the time 1120 * Posidonia beds (Posidonion oceanicae) 1130 Estuaries Mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide 1140 1150 * Coastal lagoons Large shallow inlets and bays 1160 1170 Reefs 1180 Submarine structures made by leaking gases 12. Sea cliffs and shingle or stony beaches 1210 Annual vegetation of drift lines 1220 Perennial vegetation of stony banks Vegetated sea cliffs of the Atlantic and Baltic Coasts 1230 Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic Limonium 1240 spp. 1250 Vegetated sea cliffs with endemic flora of the Macaronesian coasts 13. Atlantic and continental salt marshes and salt meadows 1310 Salicornia and other annuals colonizing mud and sand *Spartina* swards (*Spartinion maritimae*) 1320 1330 Atlantic salt meadows (*Glauco-Puccinellietalia maritimae*) 1340 * Inland salt meadows 14. Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic salt marshes and salt meadows 1410 Mediterranean salt meadows (Juncetalia maritimi) 1420 Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic halophilous scrubs (Sarcocornetea *fruticosi*) 1430 Halo-nitrophilous scrubs (*Pegano-Salsoletea*) 15. Salt and gypsum inland steppes

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1510 1520 1530	 * Mediterranean salt steppes (<i>Limonietalia</i>) * Iberian gypsum vegetation (<i>Gypsophiletalia</i>) * Pannonic salt steppes and salt marshes
16.	Boreal Baltic archipelago, coastal and landupheaval areas
1610 1620 1630 1640 1650	Baltic esker islands with sandy, rocky and shingle beach vegetation and sublittoral vegetation Boreal Baltic islets and small islands * Boreal Baltic coastal meadows Boreal Baltic sandy beaches with perennial vegetation Boreal Baltic narrow inlets
2.	COASTAL SAND DUNES AND INLAND DUNES
21.	Sea dunes of the Atlantic, North Sea and Baltic coasts
2110 2120	Embryonic shifting dunes Shifting dunes along the shoreline with <i>Ammophila arenaria</i> ('white dunes')
2130 2140 2150 2160 2170 2180 2190 21A0	 * Fixed coastal dunes with herbaceous vegetation ('grey dunes') * Decalcified fixed dunes with <i>Empetrum nigrum</i> * Atlantic decalcified fixed dunes (<i>Calluno-Ulicetea</i>) Dunes with <i>Hippophaë rhamnoides</i> Dunes with <i>Salix repens</i> ssp. <i>argentea</i> (<i>Salicion arenariae</i>) Wooded dunes of the Atlantic, Continental and Boreal region Humid dune slacks Machairs (* in Ireland)
22.	Sea dunes of the Mediterranean coast
 22. 2210 2220 2230 2240 2250 2260 2270 	Sea dunes of the Mediterranean coast Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes Dunes with Euphorbia terracina Malcolmietalia dune grasslands Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals * Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp. Cisto-Lavenduletalia dune sclerophyllous scrubs * Wooded dunes with Pinus pinea and/or Pinus pinaster
2210 2220 2230 2240 2250 2260	Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes Dunes with Euphorbia terracina Malcolmietalia dune grasslands Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals * Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp. Cisto-Lavenduletalia dune sclerophyllous scrubs
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2210 2220 2230 2240 2250 2260 2270 23. 2310 2320 2330 2340	Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes Dunes with Euphorbia terracina Malcolmietalia dune grasslands Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals * Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp. Cisto-Lavenduletalia dune sclerophyllous scrubs * Wooded dunes with Pinus pinea and/or Pinus pinasterInland dunes, old and decalcified Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Genista Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Empetrum nigrum Inland dunes with open Corynephorus and Agrostis grasslands * Pannonic inland dunes
2210 2220 2230 2240 2250 2260 2270 23. 2310 2320 2330 2340 3.	Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes Dunes with Euphorbia terracina Malcolmietalia dune grasslands Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals * Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp. Cisto-Lavenduletalia dune sclerophyllous scrubs * Wooded dunes with Pinus pinea and/or Pinus pinasterInland dunes, old and decalcified Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Genista Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Empetrum nigrum Inland dunes with open Corynephorus and Agrostis grasslands * Pannonic inland dunesFRESHWATER HABITATSStanding water Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals of sandy plains (Littorelletalia uniflorae)
2210 2220 2230 2240 2250 2260 2270 23. 2310 2320 2330 2340 3. 31.	Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes Dunes with Euphorbia terracina Malcolmietalia dune grasslands Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals * Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp. Cisto-Lavenduletalia dune sclerophyllous scrubs * Wooded dunes with Pinus pinea and/or Pinus pinasterInland dunes, old and decalcified Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Genista Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Empetrum nigrum Inland dunes with open Corynephorus and Agrostis grasslands * Pannonic inland dunesFRESHWATER HABITATSStanding water Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals of sandy plains
2210 2220 2230 2240 2250 2260 2270 23. 2310 2320 2330 2340 3. 31. 3110	Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes Dunes with Euphorbia terracina Malcolmietalia dune grasslands Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals * Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp. Cisto-Lavenduletalia dune sclerophyllous scrubs * Wooded dunes with Pinus pinea and/or Pinus pinasterInland dunes, old and decalcified Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Genista Dry sand heaths with Ocalluna and Empetrum nigrum Inland dunes with open Corynephorus and Agrostis grasslands * Pannonic inland dunesFRESHWATER HABITATSStanding water Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals of sandy plains (Littorelletalia uniflorae) Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals generally on sandy

3150	Natural eutrophic lakes with <i>Magnopotamion</i> or <i>Hydrocharition</i> — type vegetation
3160	Natural dystrophic lakes and ponds
3170	* Mediterranean temporary ponds
3180	* Turloughs
3190	Lakes of gypsum karst
31A0	* Transylvanian hot-spring lotus beds
32.	Running water — sections of water courses with natural or semi-natural dynamics (minor, average and major beds) where the water quality shows no significant deterioration
3210	Fennoscandian natural rivers
3220	Alpine rivers and the herbaceous vegetation along their banks
3230	Alpine rivers and their ligneous vegetation with <i>Myricaria germanica</i>
3240	Alpine rivers and their ligneous vegetation with <i>Salix elaeagnos</i>
3250	Constantly flowing Mediterranean rivers with <i>Glaucium flavum</i>
3260	Water courses of plain to montane levels with the <i>Ranunculion fluitantis</i> and <i>Callitricho-Batrachion</i> vegetation
3270	Rivers with muddy banks with <i>Chenopodion rubri</i> p.p. and <i>Bidention</i> p.p. vegetation
3280	Constantly flowing Mediterranean rivers with <i>Paspalo-Agrostidion</i> species and hanging curtains of <i>Salix</i> and <i>Populus alba</i>
3290	Intermittently flowing Mediterranean rivers of the Paspalo-Agrostidion
32A0	Tufa cascades of karstic rivers in the Dinaric Alps
4.	TEMPERATE HEATH AND SCRUB
4010	Northern Atlantic wet heaths with Erica tetralix
4020	* Temperate Atlantic wet heaths with Erica ciliaris and Erica tetralix
4030	European dry heaths
4040	* Dry Atlantic coastal heaths with <i>Erica vagans</i>
4050	* Endemic macaronesian heaths
4060	Alpine and Boreal heaths
4070	* Bushes with <i>Pinus mugo</i> and <i>Rhododendron hirsutum</i> (Mugo- Rhododendretum hirsuti)
4080	Sub-Arctic Salix spp. Scrub
4090	Endemic oro-Mediterranean heaths with gorse
40A0	* Subcontinental peri-Pannonic scrub
40B0	Rhodope Potentilla fruticosa thickets
40C0	* Ponto-Sarmatic deciduous thickets
5.	SCLEROPHYLLOUS SCRUB (MATORRAL)
51.	Sub-Mediterranean and temperate scrub
5110	Stable xerothermophilous formations with <i>Buxus sempervirens</i> on rock slopes (<i>Berberidion</i> p.p.)
5120	Mountain Cytisus purgans formations
5130	Juniperus communis formations on heaths or calcareous grasslands
5140	* Cistus palhinhae formations on maritime wet heaths
52.	Mediterranean arborescent matorral
5210	Arborescent matorral with Juniperus spp.
5220	* Arborescent matorral with Zyziphus

5230	* Arborescent matorral with Laurus nobilis
53.	Thermo-Mediterranean and pre-steppe brush
5310 5320 5330	<i>Laurus nobilis</i> thickets Low formations of Euphorbia close to cliffs Thermo-Mediterranean and pre-desert scrub
54.	Phrygana
5410 5420	West Mediterranean clifftop phryganas (<i>Astragalo-Plantaginetum</i> subulatae) Sarcopoterium spinosum phryganas
5430	Endemic phryganas of the Euphorbio-Verbascion
6.	NATURAL AND SEMI-NATURAL GRASSLAND FORMATIONS
61.	Natural grasslands
6110	* Rupicolous calcareous or basophilic grasslands of the <i>Alysso-Sedion albi</i>
6120	* Xeric sand calcareous grasslands
6130	Calaminarian grasslands of the Violetalia calaminariae
6140	Siliceous Pyrenean Festuca eskia grasslands
6150	Siliceous alpine and boreal grasslands
6160	Oro-Iberian Festuca indigesta grasslands
6170	Alpine and subalpine calcareous grasslands
6180	Macaronesian mesophile grasslands
6190	Rupicolous pannonic grasslands (Stipo-Festucetalia pallentis)
62.	Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies
6210	Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies on calcareous substrates (<i>Festuco-Brometalia</i>) (* important orchid sites)
6220	* Pseudo-steppe with grasses and annuals of the <i>Thero-Brachypodietea</i>
6230	* Species-rich <i>Nardus</i> grasslands, on silicious substrates in mountain areas (and submountain areas in Continental Europe)
6240	* Sub-Pannonic steppic grasslands
6250	* Pannonic loess steppic grasslands
6260	* Pannonic sand steppes
6270	* Fennoscandian lowland species-rich dry to mesic grasslands
6280	* Nordic alvar and precambrian calcareous flatrocks
62A0	Eastern sub-Mediterranean dry grasslands (<i>Scorzoneratalia villosae</i>)
62B0	* Serpentinophilous grassland of Cyprus * Bonto Sormatic stannes
62C0 62D0	* Ponto-Sarmatic steppes Oro-Moesian acidophilous grasslands
63.	Sclerophillous grazed forests (dehesas)
6310	Dehesas with evergreen Quercus spp.
64.	Semi-natural tall-herb humid meadows
6410	Molinia meadows on calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-laden soils
(120	(Molinion caeruleae)
6420 6430	Mediterranean tall humid grasslands of the <i>Molinio-Holoschoenion</i>

6440 6450 6460	Alluvial meadows of river valleys of the <i>Cnidion dubii</i> Northern boreal alluvial meadows Peat grasslands of Troodos	
65.	Mesophile grasslands	
6510 6520 6530 6540	Lowland hay meadows (<i>Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis</i>) Mountain hay meadows * Fennoscandian wooded meadows Sub-Mediterranean grasslands of the <i>Molinio-Hordeion secalini</i>	
7.	RAISED BOGS AND MIRES AND FENS	
71.	Sphagnum acid bogs	
7110 7120 7130 7140 7150 7160	* Active raised bogs Degraded raised bogs still capable of natural regeneration Blanket bogs (* if active bog) Transition mires and quaking bogs Depressions on peat substrates of the <i>Rhynchosporion</i> Fennoscandian mineral-rich springs and springfens	
72.	Calcareous fens	
7210 7220 7230 7240	 * Calcareous fens with <i>Cladium mariscus</i> and species of the <i>Caricion davallianae</i> * Petrifying springs with tufa formation (<i>Cratoneurion</i>) Alkaline fens * Alpine pioneer formations of the <i>Caricion bicoloris-atrofuscae</i> 	
73.	Boreal mires	
7310 7320	* Aapa mires * Palsa mires	
8.	ROCKY HABITATS AND CAVES	
81.	Scree	
8110	Siliceous scree of the montane to snow levels (<i>Androsacetalia alpinae</i> and <i>Galeopsietalia ladani</i>)	
81208130814081508160	Calcareous and calcshist screes of the montane to alpine levels (<i>Thlaspietea rotundifolii</i>) Western Mediterranean and thermophilous scree Eastern Mediterranean screes Medio-European upland siliceous screes * Medio-European calcareous scree of hill and montane levels	
82.	Rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation	
8210 8220 8230 8240	Calcareous rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation Siliceous rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation Siliceous rock with pioneer vegetation of the <i>Sedo-Scleranthion</i> or of the <i>Sedo albi-Veronicion dillenii</i> * Limestone pavements	
83.	Other rocky habitats	
8310	Caves not open to the public	

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8320	Fields of lava and natural excavations
8330	Submerged or partially submerged sea caves
8340	Permanent glaciers

9. FORESTS

(Sub)natural woodland vegetation comprising native species forming forests of tall trees, with typical undergrowth, and meeting the following criteria: rare or residual, and/or hosting species of Community interest

90.	Forests of Boreal Europe
9010	* Western Taïga
9020	* Fennoscandian hemiboreal natural old broad-leaved deciduous forests
<i>y</i> o _ o	(Quercus, Tilia, Acer, Fraxinus or Ulmus) rich in epiphytes
9030	* Natural forests of primary succession stages of landupheaval coast
9040	Nordic subalpine/subarctic forests with <i>Betula pubescens</i> ssp.
2010	czerepanovii
9050	Fennoscandian herb-rich forests with <i>Picea abies</i>
9060	Coniferous forests on, or connected to, glaciofluvial eskers
9070	Fennoscandian wooded pastures
9080	* Fennoscandian deciduous swamp woods
91.	Forests of Temperate Europe
9110	Luzulo-Fagetum beech forests
9120	Atlantic acidophilous beech forests with <i>Ilex</i> and sometimes also <i>Taxus</i> in the shrublayer (<i>Quercion robori-petraeae</i> or <i>Ilici-Fagenion</i>)
9130	Asperulo-Fagetum beech forests
9140	Medio-European subalpine beech woods with Acer and Rumex arifolius
9150	Medio-European limestone beech forests of the Cephalanthero-Fagion
9160	Sub-Atlantic and medio-European oak or oak-hornbeam forests of the
	Carpinion betuli
9170	Galio-Carpinetum oak-hornbeam forests
9180	* <i>Tilio-Acerion</i> forests of slopes, screes and ravines
9190	Old acidophilous oak woods with Quercus robur on sandy plains
91A0	Old sessile oak woods with <i>Ilex</i> and <i>Blechnum</i> in the British Isles
91B0	Thermophilous Fraxinus angustifolia woods
91C0	* Caledonian forest
91D0	* Bog woodland
91E0	* Alluvial forests with Alnus glutinosa and Fraxinus excelsior (Alno-
0.1 10	Padion, Alnion incanae, Salicion albae)
91F0	Riparian mixed forests of Quercus robur, Ulmus laevis and Ulmus
	minor, Fraxinus excelsior or Fraxinus angustifolia, along the great
	rivers (Ulmenion minoris)
91G0	* Pannonic woods with <i>Quercus petraea</i> and <i>Carpinus betulus</i>
91H0	* Pannonian woods with <i>Quercus pubescens</i>
91I0	* Euro-Siberian steppic woods with <i>Quercus</i> spp.
91J0	* Taxus baccata woods of the British Isles
91K0	Illyrian Fagus sylvatica forests (Aremonio-Fagion)
91L0	Illyrian oak-hornbeam forests (<i>Erythronio-Carpinion</i>)
91M0	Pannonian-Balkanic turkey oak — sessile oak forests
91N0	* Pannonic inland sand dune thicket (<i>Junipero-Populetum albae</i>)
91P0	Holy Cross fir forest (<i>Abietetum polonicum</i>)
91Q0	Western Carpathian calcicolous Pinus sylvestris forests

91R0 91S0	Dinaric dolomite Scots pine forests (<i>Genisto januensis-Pinetum</i>) * Western Pontic beech forests
9130 91T0	Central European lichen Scots pine forests
91U0	
91V0	Sarmatic steppe pine forest Dacian Beech forests (Symphyto-Fagion)
91W0	Moesian beech forests
91 W 0	* Dobrogean beech forests
91X0 91Y0	Dacian oak & hornbeam forests
91Z0	Moesian silver lime woods
91Z0 91AA	* Eastern white oak woods
91AA 91BA	Moesian silver fir forests
91DA 91CA	Rhodopide and Balkan Range Scots pine forests
92.	Mediterranean deciduous forests
9210	* Apeninne beech forests with <i>Taxus</i> and <i>Ilex</i>
9220	* Apennine beech forests with <i>Abies alba</i> and beech forests with <i>Abies nebrodensis</i>
9230	Galicio-Portuguese oak woods with <i>Quercus robur</i> and <i>Quercus</i> pyrenaica
9240	Quercus faginea and Quercus canariensis Iberian woods
9250	Quercus trojana woods
9260	Castanea sativa woods
9270	Hellenic beech forests with <i>Abies borisii-regis</i>
9280	Quercus frainetto woods
9290	Cupressus forests (Acero-Cupression)
92A0	Salix alba and Populus alba galleries
92B0	Riparian formations on intermittent Mediterranean water courses with <i>Rhododendron ponticum, Salix</i> and others
92C0	Platanus orientalis and Liquidambar orientalis woods (Platanion orientalis)
92D0	Southern riparian galleries and thickets (<i>Nerio-Tamaricetea</i> and <i>Securinegion tinctoriae</i>)
93.	Mediterranean sclerophyllous forests
9310	Aegean Quercus brachyphylla woods
9320	Olea and Ceratonia forests
9330	Quercus suber forests
9340	\tilde{Q} uercus ilex and Quercus rotundifolia forests
9350	Quercus macrolepis forests
9360	* Macaronesian laurel forests (Laurus, Ocotea)
9370	* Palm groves of <i>Phoenix</i>
9380	Forests of Ilex aquifolium
9390	* Scrub and low forest vegetation with Quercus alnifolia
93A0	Woodlands with Quercus infectoria (Anagyro foetidae-Quercetum infectoriae)
94.	Temperate mountainous coniferous forests
9410	Acidophilous <i>Picea</i> forests of the montane to alpine levels (<i>Vaccinio-Piceetea</i>)
9420	Alpine Larix decidua and/or Pinus cembra forests
9430	Subalpine and montane <i>Pinus uncinata</i> forests (* if on gypsum or limestone)

95.	Mediterranean and Macaronesian mountainous coniferous forests
9510	* Southern Apennine Abies alba forests
9520	Abies pinsapo forests
9530	* (Sub-) Mediterranean pine forests with endemic black pines
9540	Mediterranean pine forests with endemic Mesogean pines
9550	Canarian endemic pine forests
9560	* Endemic forests with <i>Juniperus</i> spp.
9570	* Tetraclinis articulata forests
9580	* Mediterranean Taxus baccata woods
9590	* Cedrus brevifolia forests (Cedrosetum brevifoliae)
95A0	High oro-Mediterranean pine forests]

(1) [^{F1}(+) Interpretation Manual of European Union Habitats, version EUR 15/2, adopted by the Habitats Committee on 4 October 1999 and Amendments to the 'Interpretation Manual of European Union Habitats' with a view to EU enlargement (Hab. 01/11b-rev. 1), adopted by the Habitats Committee on 24 April 2002 after written consultation, European Commission, Directorate General for Environment;

Textual Amendments

F1 Substituted by Council Directive 2013/17/EU of 13 May 2013 adapting certain directives in the field of environment, by reason of the accession of the Republic of Croatia.