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**COMMISSION DECISION**

**of 20 December 2002**

**concerning certain protective measures with regard to the products of animal origin imported from  
China**

*(notified under document number C(2002) 5377)*

**(Text with EEA relevance)**

(2002/994/EC)

(OJ L 348, 21.12.2002, p. 154)

Amended by:

	Official Journal		
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► <b><u>M1</u></b> Commission Decision 2003/72/EC of 30 January 2003	L 26	84	31.1.2003
► <b><u>M2</u></b> Commission Decision 2004/621/EC of 26 August 2004	L 279	44	28.8.2004



**COMMISSION DECISION**

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THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 97/78/EC of 18 December 1997 laying down the principles governing the organisation of veterinary checks on products entering the Community from third countries <sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 22(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Under Directive 97/78/EC the necessary measures must be adopted as regards the import of certain products from third countries where any cause likely to constitute a serious risk to animal or human health appears or is spreading.
- (2) Under Council Directive 95/53/EC of 25 October, 1995 fixing the principles governing the organisation of official inspections in the field of animal nutrition <sup>(2)</sup>, as last amended by Directive 2001/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(3)</sup>, the necessary measures must be adopted as regards the import of certain products from third countries and intended for animal nutrition, where any cause likely to constitute a serious danger to animal or human health appears or is spreading.
- (3) Under Council Directive 96/23/EC of 29 April 1996, on measures to monitor certain substances and residues thereof in live animals and animal products and repealing Directives 85/358/EEC and 86/469/EEC and Decisions 89/187/EEC and 91/664/EEC <sup>(4)</sup>, the production process of animals and primary products of animal origin shall be monitored for the purpose of detecting the presence of certain residues and substances in live animals, their excrements and body fluids and in tissue, animal products, animal feed and drinking water.
- (4) Following the detection of chloramphenicol in certain aquaculture and fishery products imported from China, the Commission adopted Decision 2001/699/EC, of 9 September 2001 concerning certain protective measures with regard to certain fishery and aquaculture products intended for human consumption and originating in China and Vietnam <sup>(5)</sup>, modified by Decision 2002/770/EC <sup>(6)</sup>. Furthermore, and following the shortcomings identified during an inspection visit to China as regards veterinary medicines regulation and the residue control system in live animals and animal products, the Commission adopted Decision 2002/69/EC of 30 January 2002 concerning certain protective measures with regard to the products of animal origin imported from China <sup>(7)</sup>, as last amended by Commission Decision 2002/933/EC <sup>(8)</sup>.
- (5) Decision 2002/69/EC provides that it shall be reviewed in the light of information provided by the competent authorities of

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 24, 30.1.1998, p. 9.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 265, 8.11.1995, p. 17.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 234, 1.9.2001, p. 55.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 125, 23.5.1996, p. 10.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 251, 20.1.2001, p. 11.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ L 265, 3.10.2002, p. 16.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ L 30, 31.1.2002, p. 50.

<sup>(8)</sup> OJ L 324, 29.11.2002, p. 71.

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China, any results from the increased monitoring and testing carried out by Member States on consignments arriving at the Community border inspection posts and, if necessary, on the basis of the results of a new inspection visit carried out on the spot by Community experts. The information provided by Chinese authority and the favourable results of the checks carried out by Member States have allowed authorisation of importation of certain products of animal origin and therefore several modifications of Decision 2002/69/EC.

- (6) In view of the information provided by the Chinese authorities, imports of the categories of products of animal origin for which the Chinese residue monitoring plans are approved are authorised.
- (7) For certain other categories of products of animal origin, it is necessary in view of the results of the checks carried out by Member States to maintain the monitoring mechanisms established under Decision 2002/69/EC. The frequency of the tests to be carried out on the consignments should be fixed in accordance with the level of risk observed.
- (8) Fishery products obtained by other means than aquaculture are not concerned by the risks identified above and should therefore be exempted from monitoring. However, for eels and shrimps, it is not possible to distinguish between aquaculture and wild catches for the time being, except for catches of shrimps made in the Atlantic Ocean; therefore, those products should remain prohibited except for the latter category of crustacean.
- (9) The monitoring provided for by Decision 2001/669/EC was maintained for a transitional period with regard to China, while it was subsequently deleted with regard to Vietnam by Decision 2002/770/EC.
- (10) It is therefore appropriate to update and consolidate in the present Decision the provisions in Decision 2002/69/EC and to repeal Decisions 2001/669/EC and 2002/69/EC accordingly.
- (11) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

*Article 1*

This Decision shall apply to all products of animal origin imported from China and intended for human consumption or animal feed use.

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*Article 2*

Member States shall authorise the imports of products listed in the Annex in accordance with this Decision, and with the specific animal and public health conditions applicable to the products concerned.

*Article 3*

Member States shall authorise imports of consignments of products listed in section II of the Annex accompanied by a declaration of the Chinese competent authority stating that each consignment has been subjected before dispatch to a chemical test in order to ensure that the products concerned do not present a danger to human health. This test must be carried out, in particular, with a view to detecting the presence of Chloramphenicol and Nitrofurantoin and its metabolites. The results of the analytical checks have to be included.

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*Article 5*

Member States shall modify the measures they apply to trade to bring them into line with this Decision. They shall immediately inform the Commission thereof.

▼ M2

*Article 6*

This Decision shall be reviewed on the basis of the information and guarantees provided by the Chinese competent authority and, if necessary, the results of an on-the-spot inspection visit by Community experts.

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*Article 7*

Decision 2001/699/EC and Decision 2002/69/EC are repealed.

*Article 8*

This Decision shall apply from 24 December 2002.

*Article 9*

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

▼ M2

## ANNEX

## PART I

**List of products of animal origin intended for human consumption or animal feed use authorised to be imported into the Community without the attestation provided for in Article 3**

- Fishery products, except:
  - those obtained by aquaculture,
  - peeled and/or processed shrimps,
  - Crayfish of the species *Procambrus clarkii* caught in natural fresh waters by fishing operations,
- Gelatine.

## PART II

**List of products of animal origin intended for human consumption or animal feed use authorised to be imported into the Community, subject to the attestation provided by Article 3:**

- Aquaculture fishery products.
- Peeled and/or processed shrimps.
- Crayfish of the species *Procambrus clarkii* caught in natural fresh waters by fishing operations.
- Casings.
- Rabbit meat.
- Honey.
- Royal Jelly.