II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 27 March 2000

on the procedure for attesting the conformity of construction products pursuant to Article 20(2) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC as regards seven products for European Technical Approvals without Guideline

(notified under document number C(2000) 668)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2000/273/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to construction products (1), as amended by Directive 93/ 68/EEC (2), and in particular Article 13(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- The Commission is required to select, as between the (1) two procedures under Article 13(3) of Directive 89/ 106/EEC for attesting the conformity of a product, the 'least onerous possible procedure consistent with safety'. This means that it is necessary to decide whether, for a given product, the existence of a factory production control system under the responsibility of the manufacturer is a necessary and sufficient condition for an attestation of conformity, or whether, for reasons related to compliance with the criteria mentioned in Article 13(4), the intervention of an approved certification body is required.
- Article 13(4) requires that the procedure thus determined must be indicated in the mandates and in the technical specifications. It is therefore desirable to identify the products referred to in the technical specifications.

- The two procedures provided for in Article 13(3) are described in detail in Annex III to Directive 89/106/EEC. It is necessary therefore to specify clearly the methods by which the two procedures must be implemented, by reference to Annex III, for each product, since Annex III gives preference to certain systems.
- The procedure referred to in point (a) of Article 13(3) corresponds to the systems set out in the first possibility, without continous surveillance, and the second and third possibilities of point (ii) of section 2 of Annex III. The procedure referred to in point (b) of Article 13(3) corresponds to the systems set out in point (i) of section 2 of Annex III, and in the first possibility, with continuous surveillance, of point (ii) of section 2 of Annex III.
- The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Construction.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The products set out in Annex I shall have their conformity attested by a procedure whereby the manufacturer has under its sole responsibility a factory production control system ensuring that the product is in conformity with the relevant technical specifications.

OJ L 40, 11.2.1989, p. 12. (¹) OJ L 40, 11.2.1707, F. (²) OJ L 220, 30.8.1993, p. 1.

Article 2

The products set out in Annex II shall have their conformity attested by a procedure whereby, in addition to a factory production control system operated by the manufacturer, an approved certification body is involved in assessment and surveillance of the production control or of the product itself.

Article 3

The procedure for attesting conformity as set out in Annex III shall be indicated in the relevant European technical approvals.

Article 4

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 March 2000.

For the Commission
Erkki LIIKANEN
Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

Vibration and impact noise isolation kit for floating floors (EOTA ref. 05.03/03):

For uses except those subject to reaction to fire regulations for products made of materials falling into classes A_{FL} (*), B_{FL} (*), C_{FL} (*),

Vibration and noise isolation kit for walls (EOTA ref. 06.01/09):

For uses except those subject to reaction to fire regulations for products made of materials falling into classes A (*), B (*), C (*),

Wall plates made of stainless steel (EOTA ref. 06.04/04) Waste water trap kit (EOTA ref. 07.04/04)

^(*) Materials for which the reaction to fire performance is susceptible to change during production. (In general, those subject to chemical modification, for example fire retardants, or where changes of composition may lead to changes in reaction to fire performance).

ANNEX II

Vibration and impact noise isolation kit for floating floors (EOTA ref. 05.03/03):

For uses subject to reaction to fire regulations for products made of materials falling into classes A_E (*), B_E (*), C_E (*)

Vibration and noise isolation kit for walls (EOTA ref. 06.01/09):

For uses subject to reaction to fire regulations for products made of materials falling into classes A (*), B (*), C (*)

Channel bars (EOTA ref. 06.01/01)

Chemical anchoring kit (EOTA ref. 06.01/11)

Epoxy concrete/glass-reinforced polyester/epoxy mortar anchoring kit (EOTA ref. 06.03/03)

^(*) Materials for which the reaction to fire performance is susceptible to change during production. (In general, those subject to chemical modification, for example fire retardants, or where changes of composition may lead to changes in reaction to fire performance).

ANNEX III

ATTESTATION OF CONFORMITY

Note: For products/kits having more than one of the intended uses specified in the following families, the tasks for the approved body, derived from the relevant systems of attestation of conformity, are cumulative.

PRODUCT FAMILY

SEVEN PRODUCTS FOR EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVALS (1/2)

Systems of attestation of conformity

For the product(s) and intended use(s) listed below, EOTA is requested to specify the following system(s) of attestation of conformity in the relevant European technical approval:

Product(s)	Intended use(s)	Level(s) or class(es)	Attestation of conformity system(s)
Channel bars (EOTA ref. 06.01/01) Chemical anchoring kit (EOTA ref. 06.01/11)	for anchoring uses	ı	1
Epoxy concrete/glass-reinforced polyester/epoxy mortar anchoring kit (EOTA ref. 06.03/03)	for structural repair	_	1
Wall plates made of stainless steel (EOTA ref. 06.04/04)	for use in masonry walls	ı	3
Vibration and impact noise isolation kit for floating floors (EOTA ref. 05.03/03) Vibration and noise isolation kit for walls (EOTA ref. 06.01/09)	for use inside buildings	_	3
Waste water trap kit (EOTA ref. 07.04/04)	for use inside buildings	_	4

System 1: See Directive 89/106/EEC, Annex III.2(i), without audit-testing of samples.

System 3: See Directive 89/106/EEC, Annex III.2(ii), second possibility.

System 4: See Directive 89/106/EEC, Annex III.2(ii), third possibility.

The specification for the system should be such that it can be implemented even where performance does not need to be determined for a certain characteristic, because at least one Member State has no legal requirement at all for such a characteristic (see Article 2(1) of Directive 89/106/EEC and, where applicable, point 1.2.3 of the interpretative documents). In those cases the verification of such a characteristic must not be imposed on the manufacturer if he does not wish to declare the performance of the product in that respect.

PRODUCT FAMILY

SEVEN PRODUCTS FOR EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVALS (2/2)

Systems of attestation of conformity

For the product(s) and intended use(s) listed below, EOTA is requested to specify the following system(s) of attestation of conformity in the relevant European technical approval:

Product(s)	Intended use(s)	Level(s) or class(es)	Attestation of conformity system(s)
Vibration and impact noise isolation kit for floating floors (EOTA ref. 05.03/03)	for uses subject to reaction to fire regulations	A (*), B (*), C (*) A _{FL} (*), B _{FL} (*), C _{FL} (*)	1
Vibration and noise isolation kit for walls (EOTA ref. 06.01/09)		A (**), B (**), C (**) A _{FL} (**), B _{FL} (**), C _{FL} (**)	3
		A (***), D, E, F A _{FL} (***), D _{FL} , E _{FL} , F _{FL}	4

System 1: See Directive 89/106/EEC, Annex III.2(i), without audit-testing of samples.

System 3: See Directive 89/106/EEC, Annex III.2(ii), second possibility.

System 4: See Directive 89/106/EEC, Annex III.2(ii), third possibility.

- (*) Materials for which the reaction to fire performance is susceptible to change during production. (In general, those subject to chemical modification, for example fire retardants, or where changes of composition may lead to changes in reaction to fire performance).
- (**) Materials for which the reaction to fire performance is not susceptible to change during the production process.
- (***) Materials of class A that according to the Decision 96/603/EC do not require to be tested for reaction to fire.

The specification for the system should be such that it can be implemented even where performance does not need to be determined for a certain characteristic, because at least one Member State has no legal requirement at all for such a characteristic (see Article 2(1) of Directive 89/106/EEC and, where applicable, point 1.2.3 of the interpretative documents). In those cases the verification of such a characteristic must not be imposed on the manufacturer if he does not wish to declare the performance of the product in that respect.