STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2001 No. 544

The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001

PART I U.K.

GENERAL

Citation U.K.

1. This Order may be cited as the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001.

Commencement U.K.

2.—(1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), this Order comes into force on the day on which section 19 of the Act comes into force.

- (2) This Order comes into force—
 - (a) for the purposes of articles 59, 60 and 87 (funeral plan contracts) on 1st January 2002; and
 - (b) for the purposes of articles 61 to 63, 88, 90 and 91 (regulated mortgage contracts) [^{F1}on such a day as the Treasury may specify].

 $[^{F2}(3)$ Any day specified under paragraph (2)(b) must be caused to be notified in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes published not later than one week before that day.]

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in art. 2(2)(b) substituted (30.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Commencement of Mortgage Regulation) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1777), arts. 1, 2(2)
- F2 Art. 2(3) inserted (30.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Commencement of Mortgage Regulation) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1777), arts. 1, 2(3)

Interpretation U.K.

3.—(1) In this Order—

"the Act" means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;

[^{F3}"agreement provider" has the meaning given by article 63J(3);

"agreement seller" has the meaning given by article 63J(3);]

[^{F4}"AIFM" has the meaning given by regulation 4 of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013;]

[^{F5}"aircraft operator" has the same meaning as in the emission allowance trading directive;]

"annuities on human life" does not include superannuation allowances and annuities payable out of any fund applicable solely to the relief and maintenance of persons engaged, or who have been engaged, in any particular profession, trade or employment, or of the dependants of such persons;

[^{F6}"assignment", in relation to a credit agreement, has the meaning given by article 60L;]

[^{F5}"auction platform" means a platform on which auctions of greenhouse gas emissions allowances are held in accordance with the emission allowance auctioning regulation;]

[^{F6}"borrower"—

- (a) in relation to a credit agreement other than a regulated mortgage contract or an article 36H agreement (within the meaning given by article 36H), has the meaning given by article 60L;
- (b) in relation to an article 36H agreement (within the meaning given by that article) other than a regulated mortgage contract, is to be read with article 36H(4);]

"buying" includes acquiring for valuable consideration;

"close relative" in relation to a person means-

- (a) his spouse [^{F7}or civil partner];
- (b) his children and step children, his parents and step-parents, his brothers and sisters and his step-brothers and step-sisters; and
- (c) the spouse $[^{F7}$ or civil partner] of any person within sub-paragraph (b);

[^{F8}"the Commission Regulation" means Commission Regulation 1287/2006 of 10 August 2006;]

[^{F6}"consumer hire agreement" has the meaning given by article 60N;]

"contract of general insurance" means any contract falling within Part I of Schedule 1;

"contract of insurance" means any contract of insurance which is a contract of long-term insurance or a contract of general insurance, and includes—

- (a) fidelity bonds, performance bonds, administration bonds, bail bonds, customs bonds or similar contracts of guarantee, where these are—
 - (i) effected or carried out by a person not carrying on a banking business;
 - (ii) not effected merely incidentally to some other business carried on by the person effecting them; and
 - (iii) effected in return for the payment of one or more premiums;
- (b) tontines;
- (c) capital redemption contracts or pension fund management contracts, where these are effected or carried out by a person who—
 - (i) does not carry on a banking business; and
 - (ii) otherwise carries on a regulated activity of the kind specified by article 10(1) or (2);
- (d) contracts to pay annuities on human life;
- (e) contracts of a kind referred to in article 1(2)(e) of the first life insurance directive (collective insurance etc.); and
- (f) contracts of a kind referred to in article 1(3) of the first life insurance directive (social insurance);

but does not include a funeral plan contract (or a contract which would be a funeral plan contract but for the exclusion in article 60);

"contract of long-term insurance" means any contract falling within Part II of Schedule 1; "contractually based investment" means—

- (a) rights under a qualifying contract of insurance;
- (b) any investment of the kind specified by any of articles 83, 84, 85 and 87; or
- (c) any investment of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to an investment falling within (a) or (b);

[^{F6}"credit agreement" has the meaning given by article 60B;]

[^{F8}"credit institution" means—

- (a) a credit institution authorised under the banking consolidation directive [^{F9}(as last amended by Directive 2009/111/EC)] other than an institution to which Article 2.1 of the markets in financial instruments directive (the text of which is set out in Schedule 3) applies, or
- (b) an institution which would satisfy the requirements for authorisation as a credit institution under that directive (other than an institution to which Article 2.1 of the markets in financial instruments directive would apply) if it had its registered office (or if it does not have a registered office, its head office) in an EEA State;]

"deposit" has the meaning given by article 5 [^{F10}except where the definition given in article 60L applies];

[^{F4}"EEA AIFM" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013;]

[^{F11}"electronic money" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) of the Electronic Money Regulations 2011;]

[^{F5}"emission allowance auctioning regulation" means Commission Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 of 12 November 2010 on the timing, administration and other aspects of auctioning of greenhouse gas emission allowances pursuant to the emission allowance trading directive;]

[^{F5cc}emission allowance trading directive" means Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 establishing a scheme for greenhouse gas emission allowances trading within the Community;]

[^{F8}"financial instrument" means any instrument listed in Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive (the text of which is set out in Part 1 of Schedule 2) read with Chapter VI of the Commission Regulation (the text of which is set out in Part 2 of Schedule 2);]

[^{F4}"full-scope UK AIFM" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013;]

"funeral plan contract" has the meaning given by article 59;

[^{F5}"greenhouse gas emissions allowances" mean "allowances" as defined in Article 3(a) of the emission allowance trading directive;]

[^{F6}"hire-purchase agreement" has the meaning given by article 60L;]

[^{F6}"hirer" is to be read with the definition of "consumer hire agreement" in article 60N;]

[^{F8} home Member State", in relation to an investment firm, has the meaning given by Article 4.1.20 of the markets in financial instruments directive, and in relation to a credit institution, has the meaning given by Article 4.7 of the banking consolidation directive;]

[^{F12}"home purchase provider" has the meaning given by article 63F(3);]

[^{F12}"home purchaser" has the meaning given by article 63F(3);]

"instrument" includes any record whether or not in the form of a document;

[^{F8}··cinvestment firm" means a person whose regular occupation or business is the provision or performance of investment services and activities on a professional basis but does not include—

- (a) a person to whom the markets in financial instruments directive does not apply by virtue of Article 2 of that directive (the text of which is set out in Schedule 3);
- (b) a person whose home Member State is an EEA State other than the United Kingdom and to whom, by reason of the fact that the State has given effect to Article 3 of that directive, that directive does not apply by virtue of that Article;
- (c) a person who does not have a home Member State and to whom (if he had his registered office in an EEA State, or, being a person other than a body corporate or a body corporate not having a registered office, if he had his head office in an EEA State) the markets in financial instruments directive would not apply by virtue of Article 2 of that directive;]

[^{F13}"investment services and activities" means—

- (a) any service provided to third parties listed in Section A of Annex 1 to the markets in financial instruments directive (the text of which is set out in Part 3 of Schedule 2) read with Article 52 of Commission Directive 2006/73/EC of 10 August 2006 (the text of which is set out in Part 4 of Schedule 2), including the reception, transmission or submission of a bid by an investment firm or credit institution on any auction platform, in relation to any financial instrument; or
- (b) any activity listed in Section A of Annex 1 to that directive, in relation to any financial instrument;]

"joint enterprise" means an enterprise into which two or more persons ("the participators") enter for commercial purposes related to a business or businesses (other than the business of engaging in a regulated activity) carried on by them; and, where a participator is a member of a group, each other member of the group is also to be regarded as a participator in the enterprise;

[^{F6}"lender"—

- (c) in relation to a credit agreement other than a regulated mortgage contract or an article 36H agreement (within the meaning given by article 36H), has the meaning given by article 60L;
- (d) in relation to an article 36H agreement (within the meaning given by that article) other than a regulated mortgage contract, is to be read with article 36H(4);]

"local authority" means-

- (a) in England and Wales, a local authority within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1972^{MI}, the Greater London Authority, the Common Council of the City of London or the Council of the Isles of Scilly;
- (b) in Scotland, a local authority within the meaning of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 ^{M2};
- (c) in Northern Ireland, a district council within the meaning of the Local Government Act (Northern Ireland) 1972^{M3};

[^{F14}"management company" has the meaning given by Article 2.1(b) of the UCITS directive;]

"managing agent" means a person who is permitted by the Council of Lloyd's in the conduct of his business as an underwriting agent to perform for a member of Lloyd's one or more of the following functions—

- (a) underwriting contracts of insurance at Lloyd's;
- (b) reinsuring such contracts in whole or in part;

(c) paying claims on such contracts;

[^{F8}"market operator" means a market operator within the meaning of Article 4.1.13 of the markets in financial instruments directive, or a person who would be a market operator if he had his registered office, or if he does not have a registered office his head office, in an EEA State, but does not include—

- (a) a person to whom the markets in financial instruments directive does not apply by virtue of Article 2 of that directive (the text of which is set out in Schedule 3);
- (b) a person who does not have a home Member State to whom (if he had his registered office, or if he does not have a registered office his head office, in an EEA State) the markets in financial instruments directive would not apply by virtue of Article 2 of that directive;]

[^{F8}"multilateral trading facility" means—

- (a) a multilateral trading facility (within the meaning of Article 4.1.15 of the markets in financial instruments directive) operated by an investment firm, a credit institution or a market operator, or
- (b) a facility which—
 - (i) is operated by an investment firm, a credit institution or market operator which does not have a home Member State, and
 - (ii) if its operator had a home Member State, would be a multilateral trading facility within the meaning of Article 4.1.15 of the markets in financial instruments directive;]

[^{F15}"occupational pension scheme" has the meaning given by section 1 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993 but with paragraph (b) of the definition omitted;]

[^{F5}"operator" has the same meaning as in the emission allowance trading directive;]

"overseas person" means a person who-

- (a) carries on activities of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, $[^{F16}25A,][^{F17}25B, 25C,][^{F18}25D,][^{F19}25E,]$ 37 $[^{F20}, 39A]$ 40, 45, $[^{F21}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE]$, 52 $[^{F22}, 53, 53A][^{F23}, 53B, 53C, [^{F24}53D,]$ 61, 63B $[^{F25}, 63F$ and 63J]] or, so far as relevant to any of those articles, article 64 (or activities of a kind which would be so specified but for the exclusion in article 72); but
- (b) does not carry on any such activities, or offer to do so, from a permanent place of business maintained by him in the United Kingdom;

[^{F6}"owner", in relation to a hire purchase agreement, has the meaning given by article 60N;]

"pension fund management contract" means a contract to manage the investments of pension funds (other than funds solely for the benefit of the officers or employees of the person effecting or carrying out the contract and their dependants or, in the case of a company, partly for the benefit of officers and employees and their dependants of its subsidiary or holding company or a subsidiary of its holding company); and for the purposes of this definition, "subsidiary" and "holding company" are to be construed in accordance with [^{F26}section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006];

[^{F27}"personal pension scheme" means a scheme or arrangement which is not an occupational pension scheme or a stakeholder pension scheme and which is comprised in one or more instruments or agreements, having or capable of having effect so as to provide benefits to or in respect of people—

(a) on retirement,

- (b) on having reached a particular age, or
- (c) on termination of service in an employment;]

[^{F28}"plan provider" has the meaning given by paragraph (3) of article 63B, read with paragraphs (7) and (8) of that article;]

"property" includes currency of the United Kingdom or any other country or territory;

"qualifying contract of insurance" means a contract of long-term insurance which is not-

- (a) a reinsurance contract; nor
- (b) a contract in respect of which the following conditions are met—
 - (i) the benefits under the contract are payable only on death or in respect of incapacity due to injury, sickness or infirmity;
 - (ii) ^{F29}...
 - (iii) the contract has no surrender value, or the consideration consists of a single premium and the surrender value does not exceed that premium; and
 - (iv) the contract makes no provision for its conversion or extension in a manner which would result in it ceasing to comply with any of the above conditions;

[^{F5}"reception", "transmission" and "submission" have the same meaning in relation to a bid at an auction for an investment of the kind specified in article 82A as in the emission allowance auctioning regulation;]

[^{F6}"regulated consumer hire agreement" has the meaning given by article 60N;]

[^{F6}"regulated credit agreement" has the meaning given by article 60B;]

[^{F30}"regulated home purchase plan" has the meaning given by article 63F(3);]

[^{F30}"regulated home reversion plan" has the meaning given by article 63B(3);]

"regulated mortgage contract" has the meaning given by article 61(3);

[^{F31}"regulated sale and rent back agreement" has the meaning given by article 63J(3);]

[^{F32}"relevant investment" means—

- (a) rights under a qualifying contract of insurance;
- (b) rights under any other contract of insurance;
- (c) any investment of the kind specified by any of articles 83, 84, 85 and 87; or
- (d) any investment of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to an investment falling within (a) or (c);]

[^{F6}"relevant recipient of credit" has the meaning given by article 60L;]

[^{F6}"restricted-use credit agreement" has the meaning given in article 60L;]

[^{F33}"reversion seller" has the meaning given by article 63B(3);]

"security" means (except where the context otherwise requires) any investment of the kind specified by any of articles 76 to 82 or, so far as relevant to any such investment, article 89;

"selling", in relation to any investment, includes disposing of the investment for valuable consideration, and for these purposes "disposing" includes—

- (a) in the case of an investment consisting of rights under a contract—
 - (i) surrendering, assigning or converting those rights; or
 - (ii) assuming the corresponding liabilities under the contract;

- (b) in the case of an investment consisting of rights under other arrangements, assuming the corresponding liabilities under the arrangements; and
- (c) in the case of any other investment, issuing or creating the investment or granting the rights or interests of which it consists;

[^{F4} small registered UK AIFM" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013;]

"stakeholder pension scheme" has the meaning given by section 1 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 [^{F34}in relation to Great Britain and has the meaning given by article 3 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions (Northern Ireland) Order 1999 in relation to Northern Ireland];

"syndicate" means one or more persons, to whom a particular syndicate number has been assigned by or under the authority of the Council of Lloyd's, carrying out or effecting contracts of insurance written at Lloyd's;

[^{F35}"trade repository" means a person registered with ESMA under Article 55 of Regulation (EU) 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories or a person recognised by ESMA under Article 77 of that Regulation;]

[^{F4}"UCITS" has the meaning given by Article 1.2 of the UCITS directive;]

[^{F4}··UK AIF" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013;]

"voting shares", in relation to a body corporate, means shares carrying voting rights attributable to share capital which are exercisable in all circumstances at any general meeting of that body corporate.

(2) For the purposes of this Order, a transaction is entered into through a person if he enters into it as agent or arranges, in a manner constituting the carrying on of an activity of the kind specified by article 25(1) [^{F36}, 25A(1), 25B(1) [^{F37}, 25C(1) or 25E(1)]], for it to be entered into by another person as agent or principal.

(3) For the purposes of this Order, a contract of insurance is to be treated as falling within Part II of Schedule 1, notwithstanding the fact that it contains related and subsidiary provisions such that it might also be regarded as falling within Part I of that Schedule, if its principal object is that of a contract falling within Part II and it is effected or carried out by an authorised person who has permission to effect or carry out contracts falling within paragraph I of Part II of Schedule 1.

Textual Amendments

- **F3** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(a)**
- F4 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(2)(b)
- F5 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (20.7.2012) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1906), arts. 1, 2(2)(b)
- **F6** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **3(1)**
- F7 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (5.12.2005) by The Civil Partnership Act 2004 (Amendments to Subordinate Legislation) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/2114), reg. 1, Sch. 16 para. 1(2)
- **F8** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **3(b)**

- F9 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(a)(i) (with reg. 3)
- F10 Words in art. 3 inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **3(2)**
- F11 Words in art. 3(1) substituted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(a)(ii) (with reg. 3)
- F12 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(a)**
- **F13** Words in art. 3(1) substituted (20.7.2012) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1906), arts. 1, **2(2)(a)**
- F14 Words in art. 3(1) substituted (1.7.2011) by The Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/1613), reg. 1, Sch. para. 1(2)
- F15 Words in art. 3(1) substituted (1.10.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), arts. 1(2), 2(2)(a)
- F16 Word in art. 3(1) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 3(a)
- F17 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 3(1)(b)(i)
- F18 Word in art. 3(1) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 3(a)
- F19 Word in art. 3(1) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 3(1)(c)(i)
- **F20** Word in art. 3(1) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **3(1)(a)**
- F21 Words in art. 3(1) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(2)(a)
- F22 Words in art. 3(1) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **3(b)**
- **F23** Words in art. 3(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(b)(ii)**
- F24 Word in art. 3(1) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 3(1)(c)(ii)
- **F25** Words in art. 3(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(c)(iii)**
- **F26** Words in art. 3(1) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), **13(2)**
- F27 Words in art. 3(1) inserted (1.10.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), arts. 1(2), 2(2)(b)
- **F28** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(c)**

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F29 Words in art. 3(1) omitted (6.6.2007) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/1339), arts. 1, 3
- **F30** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(d)**
- **F31** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(b)**
- **F32** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **3(1)(b)**
- **F33** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **3(1)(e)**
- **F34** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (6.4.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/593), arts. 1, **2(2)(b)**
- **F35** Words in art. 3(1) inserted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories) Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/504), regs. 1(2), **33(2)** (with regs. 52-58)
- **F36** Words in art. 3(2) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **3(2)**
- **F37** Words in art. 3(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **3(2)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Art. 3 applied (21.5.2003) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Collective Investment Schemes) (Designated Countries and Territories) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1181), arts. 1, **3(2)(a)**

Marginal Citations

- M1 1972 c. 70. The definition of "local authority" in section 270 of the 1972 Act has been amended by Sch. 17 to the Local Government Act 1985 (c. 51); and by section 1(5) of the Local Government (Wales) Act 1994 (c. 19).
- M2 1973 c. 65. The definition of "local authority" in section 235 of the 1973 Act was substituted by para. 92(66) of Sch. 13 to the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 (c. 39).
- M3 1972 c. 9 (N.I.).

PART II U.K. SPECIFIED ACTIVITIES

CHAPTER I U.K.

GENERAL

Specified activities: general U.K.

4.—(1) The following provisions of this Part specify kinds of activity for the purposes of [^{F38}section 22][^{F38}section 22(1)] of the Act (and accordingly any activity of one of those kinds, which is carried on by way of business ^{M4}, and relates to an investment of a kind specified by any provision of Part III and applicable to that activity, is a regulated activity for the purposes of the Act).

(2) The kinds of activity specified by articles $[^{F39}[^{F40}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE]$, 52 and 63N] are also specified for the purposes of section 22(1)(b) of the Act (and accordingly any activity of one of those kinds, when carried on by way of business, is a regulated activity when carried on in relation to property of any kind).

[^{F41}(2A) The kinds of activity specified by Part 3A are specified for the purposes of section 22(1A) (a) of the Act (and accordingly any activity of one of those kinds, when carried on by way of business, is a regulated activity).]

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), each provision specifying a kind of activity is subject to the exclusions applicable to that provision (and accordingly any reference in this Order to an activity of the kind specified by a particular provision is to be read subject to any such exclusions).

[^{F42}(4) Where an investment firm or credit institution—

- (a) provides or performs investment services and activities on a professional basis, and
- (b) in doing so would be treated as carrying on an activity of a kind specified by a provision of this Part but for an exclusion in any of articles 15, 16, 19, 22, 23, 29, 38, 67, 68, 69, 70 and 72E,

that exclusion is to be disregarded and, accordingly, the investment firm or credit institution is to be treated as carrying on an activity of the kind specified by the provision in question.]

 $[^{F43}(4A)$ Where a person, other than a person specified by Article 1.2 of the insurance mediation directive (the text of which is set out in Part 1 of Schedule 4)—

- (a) for remuneration, takes up or pursues insurance mediation or reinsurance mediation in relation to a risk or commitment located in an EEA State, and
- (b) in doing so would be treated as carrying on an activity of a kind specified by a provision of this Part but for an exclusion in any of articles 30, 66 and 67,

that exclusion is to be disregarded (and accordingly that person is to be treated as carrying on an activity of the kind specified by the provision in question).]

(5) In this article—

F44

[^{F45}"insurance mediation" has the meaning given by Article 2.3 of the insurance mediation directive, the text of which is set out in Part II of Schedule 4;] F44

[^{F46}"reinsurance mediation" has the meaning given by Article 2.4 of the insurance mediation directive, the text of which is set out in Part III of Schedule 4.]

Textual Amendments

- F38 Words in art. 4(1) substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 3(3)(a)
- **F39** Words in art. 4(2) substituted (13.7.2009) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1389), arts. 1, **3**
- **F40** Words in art. 4(2) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(3)
- F41 Art. 4(2A) inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **3(3)(b)**

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- **F42** Art. 4(4) substituted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 4(a)
- **F43** Art. 4(4A) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **3(2)(a)**
- **F44** Words in art. 4(5) omitted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **4(b)**
- F45 Words in art. 4(5) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 3(2)(b)(i)
- F46 Words in art. 4(5) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 3(2)(b)(iii)

Marginal Citations

M4 The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Carrying on Regulated Activities by Way of Business) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/), made under section 419 of the Act, makes provision as to the circumstances in which persons are, or are not, to be regarded as carrying on activities by way of business.

CHAPTER II U.K.

ACCEPTING DEPOSITS

The activity

Accepting deposits U.K.

5.—(1) Accepting deposits is a specified kind of activity if—

- (a) money received by way of deposit is lent to others; or
- (b) any other activity of the person accepting the deposit is financed wholly, or to a material extent, out of the capital of or interest on money received by way of deposit.

(2) In paragraph (1), "deposit" means a sum of money, other than one excluded by any of $[^{F47}articles 6 to 9A]$, paid on terms—

- (a) under which it will be repaid, with or without interest or premium, and either on demand or at a time or in circumstances agreed by or on behalf of the person making the payment and the person receiving it; and
- (b) which are not referable to the provision of property (other than currency) or services or the giving of security.

(3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), money is paid on terms which are referable to the provision of property or services or the giving of security if, and only if—

- (a) it is paid by way of advance or part payment under a contract for the sale, hire or other provision of property or services, and is repayable only in the event that the property or services is or are not in fact sold, hired or otherwise provided;
- (b) it is paid by way of security for the performance of a contract or by way of security in respect of loss which may result from the non-performance of a contract; or
- (c) without prejudice to sub-paragraph (b), it is paid by way of security for the delivery up or return of any property, whether in a particular state of repair or otherwise.

Textual Amendments

F47 Words in art. 5(2) substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), **3(1)**

Exclusions

Sums paid by certain persons U.K.

- 6.—(1) A sum is not a deposit for the purposes of article 5 if it is—
 - (a) paid by any of the following persons—
 - (i) the Bank of England, the central bank of an EEA State other than the United Kingdom, or the European Central Bank;
 - (ii) an authorised person who has permission to accept deposits, or to effect or carry out contracts of insurance;
 - (iii) an EEA firm falling within paragraph 5(b), (c) or (d) of Schedule 3 to the Act (other than one falling within paragraph (ii) above);
 - (iv) the National Savings Bank;
 - (v) a municipal bank, that is to say a company which was, immediately before the coming into force of this article, exempt from the prohibition in section 3 of the Banking Act 1987 ^{M5} by virtue of section 4(1) of, and paragraph 4 of Schedule 2 to, that Act;
 - (vi) Keesler Federal Credit Union;
 - (vii) a body of persons certified as a school bank by the National Savings Bank or by an authorised person who has permission to accept deposits;
 - (viii) a local authority;
 - (xi) any body which by virtue of any enactment has power to issue a precept to a local authority in England and Wales or a requisition to a local authority in Scotland, or to the expenses of which, by virtue of any enactment, a local authority in the United Kingdom is or can be required to contribute (and in this paragraph, "enactment" includes an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, an Act of the Scottish Parliament);
 - (x) [^{F48}the European Union or] the European Atomic Energy Community ^{F48}...;
 - (xi) the European Investment Bank;
 - (xii) the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development;
 - (xiii) the International Finance Corporation;
 - (xiv) the International Monetary Fund;
 - (xv) the African Development Bank;
 - (xvi) the Asian Development Bank;
 - (xvii) the Caribbean Development Bank;
 - (xviii) the Inter-American Development Bank;
 - (xix) the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development;
 - [^{F49}(XX) the Council of Europe Development Bank;]

- (b) paid by a person other than one mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) in the course of carrying on a business consisting wholly or to a significant extent of lending money;
- (c) paid by one company to another at a time when both are members of the same group or when the same individual is a majority shareholder controller of both of them; or
- (d) paid by a person who, at the time when it is paid, is a close relative of the person receiving it or who is, or is a close relative of, a director or manager of that person or who is, or is a close relative of, a controller of that person.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(c), an individual is a majority shareholder controller of a company if he is a controller of the company by virtue of paragraph (a), (c), (e) or (g) of section 422(2) of the Act, and if in his case the greatest percentage of those referred to in those paragraphs is 50 or more.

(3) In the application of sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph (1) to a sum paid by a partnership, that sub-paragraph is to have effect as if, for the reference to the person paying the sum, there were substituted a reference to each of the partners.

Textual Amendments

- **F48** Words in art. 6(1)(a)(x) substituted (22.4.2011) by virtue of The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1043), arts. 2, **3-6**
- **F49** Art. 6(1)(a)(xx) substituted (5.6.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion and Miscellaneous Amendments) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1310), arts. 1, **4(1)**

Marginal Citations

M5 1987 c. 22. Section 3 was amended by the Bank of England Act 1998 (c. 11), Sch. 5, paras 1 and 3.
 "Municipal bank" is defined in section 103 of the Banking Act 1987, which was amended by the Local Government Act 1992 (c. 19), Sch. 3, para. 22, and by the Local Government and Rating Act 1997 (c. 29), Sch. 3, para. 21.

Sums received by solicitors etc. U.K.

7.—(1) A sum is not a deposit for the purposes of article 5 if it is received by a practising solicitor acting in the course of his profession.

- (2) In paragraph (1), "practising solicitor" means—
 - (a) a solicitor who is qualified to act as such under section 1 of the Solicitors Act 1974 ^{M6}, article 4 of the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) Order 1976 ^{M7} or section 4 of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980 ^{M8};
 - (b) a recognised body;
 - (c) a registered foreign lawyer in the course of providing professional services as a member of a multi-national partnership;
 - (d) a registered European lawyer; or
 - (e) a partner of a registered European lawyer who is providing professional services in accordance with—
 - (i) rules made under section 31^{M9} of the Solicitors Act 1974;
 - (ii) regulations made under article 26 of the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) Order 1976; or
 - (iii) rules made under section 34 of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980 M10.
- (3) In this article—

- (a) "a recognised body" means a body corporate recognised by-
 - (i) the Council of the Law Society under section 9 of the Administration of Justice Act 1985 ^{MII};
 - (ii) the Incorporated Law Society of Northern Ireland under article 26A of the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) Order 1976 ^{M12}; or
 - (iii) the Council of the Law Society of Scotland under section 34 of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980;
- (b) "registered foreign lawyer" has the meaning given by section 89 of the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990^{M13} or, in Scotland, section 65 of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980^{M14};
- (c) "multi-national partnership" has the meaning given by section 89 of the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 but, in Scotland, is a reference to a "multi-national practice" within the meaning of section 60A of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980 ^{M15}"registered European lawyer" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) of the European Communities (Lawyer's Practice) Regulations 2000 ^{M16} or regulation 2(1) of the European Communities (Lawyer's Practice) (Scotland) Regulation 2000 ^{M17}.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 Art. 7(1) applied (with modifications) (E.W.S.) (23.12.2011) by The Legal Services Act 2007 (Designation as a Licensing Authority) (No. 2) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/2866), arts. 1(2), 8(3), Sch. 3

Marginal Citations

M6 1974 c. 47.

- M7 S.I. 1976/582 (N.I. 12); relevant amending instrument is S.I. 1989/1343 (N.I. 14).
- **M8** 1980 c. 46.
- M9 Section 31 was amended by para. 10 of Sch. 17 to the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990 (c. 41), and by para. 3 of Sch. 6 to, and para. 1 of Sch. 7 to, the Access to Justice Act 1999 (c. 22).
- M10 Amended by section 31 of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 (c. 40).
- M11 1985 c. 61; section 9 was amended by para. 54 of Sch. 18 to the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990, and by para. 1 of Sch. 4 to the European Communities (Lawyer's Practice) Regulations 2000 (S.I. 2000/1119), and was repealed in part by Part II of Sch. 15 to the Access to Justice Act 1999.
- M12 Inserted by article 10 of the Solicitors (Amendment) (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (S.I. 1989/1343) (N.I. 14).
- M13 1990 c. 41; section 89 was amended by para. 14 of Sch. 4 to the European Communities (Lawyer's Practice) Regulations 2000 (S.I. 2000/1119).
- M14 Amended by para. 29(15) of Sch. 8 to the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 (c. 40).
- M15 Inserted by section 32 of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 (c. 40).
- M16 S.I. 2000/1119.
- M17 Scottish Statutory Instruments 2000 No. 121.

Sums received by persons authorised to deal etc. U.K.

8. A sum is not a deposit for the purposes of article 5 if it is received by a person who is—

- (a) an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, 37, [^{F50}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE] and 52, or
- (b) an exempt person in relation to any such activity,

in the course of, or for the purpose of, [^{F51}carrying on any such activity (or any activity which would be such an activity but for any exclusion made by this Part)] with or on behalf of the person by or on behalf of whom the sum is paid.

Textual Amendments

- **F50** Words in art. 8(a) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(3)
- **F51** Words in art. 8 substituted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), **3**

Sums received in consideration for the issue of debt securities U.K.

9.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a sum is not a deposit for the purposes of article 5 if it is received by a person as consideration for the issue by him of any investment of the kind specified by article 77 or 78.

(2) The exclusion in paragraph (1) does not apply to the receipt by a person of a sum as consideration for the issue by him of commercial paper unless—

- (a) the commercial paper is issued to persons—
 - (i) whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses; or
 - (ii) who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses; and
- (b) the redemption value of the commercial paper is not less than £100,000 (or an amount of equivalent value denominated wholly or partly in a currency other than sterling), and no part of the commercial paper may be transferred unless the redemption value of that part is not less than £100,000 (or such an equivalent amount).

 $[^{F52}(3)$ In paragraph (2), "commercial paper" means an investment of the kind specified by article 77 or 78 having a maturity of less than one year from the date of issue.]

Textual Amendments

F52 Art. 9(3) substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 12

[^{F53}Sums received in exchange for electronic money U.K.

9A. A sum is not a deposit for the purposes of article 5 if it is immediately exchanged for electronic money.]

Textual Amendments

F53 Art. 9A inserted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), **3(2)**

[^{F54}Information society services [^{F55} and managers of UCITS and AIFs] U.K.

9AA. Article 5 is subject to the [^{F56}exclusions] in article 72A (information society services) [^{F57}and article 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs).]]

Textual Amendments

- F54 Art. 9AA inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, **3(2)**
- F55 Words in art. 9AA heading inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(a)
- **F56** Word in art. 9AA substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(b)
- **F57** Words in art. 9AA inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(c)

[^{F58}Funds received for payment services U.K.

9AB.—(1) A sum is not a deposit for the purposes of article 5 if it is received by an authorised payment institution, an EEA authorised payment institution [F59 , a small payment institution, an electronic money institution or an EEA authorised electronic money institution] from a payment service user with a view to the provision of payment services.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), "authorised payment institution", "EEA authorised payment institution", "small payment institution", "payment services" and "payment service user" have the meanings given in the Payment Services Regulations 2009 [^{F60} and "electronic money institution" and "EEA authorised electronic money institution" have the meanings given in the Electronic Money Regulations 2011.]]

Textual Amendments

- **F58** Art. 9AB inserted (1.11.2009) by The Payment Services Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/209), reg. 1(2) (c), Sch. 6 para. 4(a)
- **F59** Words in art. 9AB(1) substituted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(b)(i) (with reg. 3)
- F60 Words in art. 9AB(2) inserted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(b)(ii) (with reg. 3)

[^{F61}CHAPTER IIA U.K.

ELECTRONIC MONEY

Textual Amendments

F61 Pt. 2 Ch. 2A inserted (11.4.2002 for specified purposes, 27.4.2002 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2), 4 (with arts. 9, 10)

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

The activity

Issuing electronic money U.K.

9B. Issuing electronic money [^{F62}by—

- (a) a credit institution, a credit union or a municipal bank; or
- (b) a person who is deemed to have been granted authorisation under regulation 74 of the Electronic Money Regulations 2011 or who falls within regulation 76(1) of those Regulations,]

is a specified kind of activity.

Textual Amendments

F62 Art. 9B(a)(b) and word inserted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(c) (with reg. 3)

^{F63}**9BA.** Articles 9C to 9I and 9K apply only in the case of a person falling within regulation 76(1) of the Electronic Money Regulations 2011.]

Textual Amendments

F63 Art. 9BA inserted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(d) (with reg. 3)

Exclusions

Persons certified as small issuers etc. U.K.

9C.—(1) There is excluded from article 9B the issuing of electronic money by a person to whom $[^{F64}$ the FCA] has given a certificate under this article (provided the certificate has not been revoked).

- (2) An application for a certificate may be made by—
 - (a) a body corporate, or
 - (b) a partnership,

(other than a credit institution as defined in [F65 Article 4(1)(a)] of the banking consolidation directive) which has its head office in the United Kingdom.

(3) [^{F66}The FCA] must, on the application of such a person ("A"), give A a certificate if it appears to [^{F67}the FCA] that paragraph (4), (5) or (6) applies.

- (4) This paragraph applies if—
 - (a) A does not issue electronic money except on terms that the electronic device on which the monetary value is stored is subject to a maximum storage amount of not more than 150 euro; and
 - (b) A's total liabilities with respect to the issuing of electronic money do not (or will not) usually exceed 5 million euro and do not (or will not) ever exceed 6 million euro.
- (5) This paragraph applies if—

- (a) the condition in paragraph (4)(a) is met;
- (b) A's total liabilities with respect to the issuing of electronic money do not (or will not) exceed 10 million euro; and
- (c) electronic money issued by A is accepted as a means of payment only by-
 - (i) subsidiaries of A which perform operational or other ancillary functions related to electronic money issued or distributed by A; or
 - (ii) other members of the same group as A (other than subsidiaries of A).
- (6) This paragraph applies if—
 - (a) the conditions in paragraphs (4)(a) and (5)(b) are met; and
 - (b) electronic money issued by A is accepted as a means of payment, in the course of business, by not more than one hundred persons where—
 - (i) those persons accept such electronic money only at locations within the same premises or limited local area; or
 - (ii) those persons have a close financial or business relationship with A, such as a common marketing or distribution scheme.

(7) For the purposes of paragraph (6)(b)(i), locations are to be treated as situated within the same premises or limited local area if they are situated within—

- (a) a shopping centre, airport, railway station, bus station, or campus of a university, polytechnic, college, school or similar educational establishment; or
- (b) an area which does not exceed four square kilometres;

but sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) are illustrative only and are not to be treated as limiting the scope of paragraph (6)(b)(i).

(8) For the purposes of paragraph (6)(b)(ii), persons are not to be treated as having a close financial or business relationship with A merely because they participate in arrangements for the acceptance of electronic money issued by A.

(9) In this article, references to amounts in euro include references to equivalent amounts in sterling.

(10) A person to whom a certificate has been given under this article (and whose certificate has not been revoked) is referred to in this Chapter as a "certified person".

Textual Amendments

- F64 Words in art. 9C(1) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)
 F65 Words in art. 9C(2) substituted (1.1.2007) by The Capital Requirements Regulations 2006 (S.I.
- 2006/3221), reg. 1(1), Sch. 6 para. 6(2)
- **F66** Words in art. 9C(3) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(b)
- **F67** Words in art. 9C(3) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

Applications for certificates U.K.

9D. The following provisions of the Act apply to applications to [F68 the FCA] for certificates under 9C (and the determination of such applications) as they apply to applications for Part IV permissions (and the determination of such applications)—

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- $[^{F69}(a)$ section 55U(1)(b) and (4) to (8);
 - (b) section 55V;
 - (c) section 55X(2) and (4)(f); and
 - (d) section 55Z3(1).]

Textual Amendments

- **F68** Words in art. 9D substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)
- F69 Art. 9D(a)-(d) substituted for art. 9D(a)-(c) (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(c)

Revocation of certificate on [^{F70}FCA's] own initiative U.K.

9E.—(1) [^{F71}The FCA] may revoke a certificate given to a person ("A") under article 9C if—

- (a) it appears to it that A does not meet the relevant conditions, or has failed to meet the relevant conditions at any time since the certificate was given; or
- (b) the person to whom the certificate was given has contravened any rule or requirement to which he is subject as a result of article 9G.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), A meets the relevant conditions at any time if, at that time, paragraph (4), (5) or (6) of article 9C applies.

(3) Sections [^{F72}55Z and 55Z3(2)] of the Act apply to the revocation of a certificate under paragraph (1) as they apply to the cancellation of a Part IV permission on [^{F73} the FCA's] own initiative, as if references in those sections to an authorised person were references to a certified person.

Textual Amendments

- **F70** Word in art. 9E heading substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(d)(i)
- **F71** Words in art. 9E(1) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)
- F72 Words in art. 9E(3) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(d)(ii) (aa)
- F73 Words in art. 9E(3) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(d)(ii) (bb)

Revocation of certificate on request U.K.

9F.—(1) A certified person ("B") may apply to [^{F74}the FCA] for his certificate to be revoked, and [^{F74}the FCA] must then revoke the certificate and give B written notice that it has done so.

- (2) An application under paragraph (1) must be made in such manner as [^{F74}the FCA] may direct.
- (3) If—

- (a) B has made an application under Part IV of the Act for permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by article 9B (or for variation of an existing permission so as to add a regulated activity of that kind), and
- (b) on making an application for revocation of his certificate under paragraph (1), he requests that the revocation be conditional on the granting of his application under Part IV of the Act,

the revocation of B's certificate is to be conditional on the granting of his application under Part IV of the Act.

Textual Amendments

F74 Words in art. 9F substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

Obtaining information from certified persons etc. U.K.

9G.—(1) [^{F75}The FCA] may make rules requiring certified persons to provide information to [^{F75}the FCA] about their activities so far as relating to the issuing of electronic money, including the amount of their liabilities with respect to the issuing of electronic money.

(2) [^{F76}Section 138A] of the Act (modification or waiver of rules) applies in relation to rules made under paragraph (1) as if references in that section to an authorised person were references to a certified person.

(3) [^{F77}Section 138D] of the Act (actions for damages) applies in relation to a rule made under paragraph (1) as if the reference in subsection (1) of that section to an authorised person were a reference to a certified person.

(4) [^{F78}The FCA] may, by notice in writing given to a certified person, require him—

- (a) to provide specified information or information of a specified description; or
- (b) to produce specified documents or documents of a specified description.

(5) Paragraph (4) applies only to information or documents reasonably required for the purposes of determining whether the certified person meets, or has met, the relevant conditions.

(6) Subsections (2), (5) and (6) of section 165 of the Act ($[^{F79}$ Regulator's] power to require information) apply to a requirement imposed under paragraph (4) as they apply to a requirement imposed under that section.

(7) Section 166 of the Act (reports by skilled persons) has effect as if-

^{F80}(a)

(b) the reference in section 166(2)(a) of the Act to an authorised person included a reference to a certified person.

(8) Subsection (4) of section 168 of the Act (appointment of persons to carry out investigations in particular cases) has effect as if it provided for subsection (5) of that section to apply if it appears to [^{F81} the FCA] that there are circumstances suggesting that a certified person may not meet, or may not have met, the relevant conditions.

(9) Sections 175 (information and documents: supplemental provisions), 176 (entry of premises under warrant) and 177 (offences) of the Act apply to a requirement imposed under paragraph (4) as they apply to a requirement imposed under section 165 of the Act (the reference in section 176(3) (a) to an authorised person being read as a reference to a certified person).

(10) In this article—

- (a) "specified", in paragraph (4), means specified in the notice mentioned in that paragraph;
- (b) a certified person ("A") meets the relevant conditions at any time if, at that time, paragraph (4), (5) or (6) of article 9C applies.

Textual Amendments F75 Words in art. 9G(1) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a) F76 Words in art. 9G(2) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(e)(i) F77 Words in art. 9G(3) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(e)(ii) F78 Words in art. 9G(4) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a) F79 Words in art. 9G(6) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(e)(iii) F80 Art. 9G(7)(a) omitted (1.4.2013) by virtue of The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(e)(iv) F81 Words in art. 9G(8) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

Supplemental

Rules prohibiting the issue of electronic money at a discount U.K.

9H.—(1) [^{F82}The FCA] may make rules applying to authorised persons with permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 9B, prohibiting the issue of electronic money having a monetary value greater than the funds received.

(2) [^{F83}Section 138A] of the Act (modification or waiver of rules) applies in relation to rules made under paragraph (1).

Textual Amendments

- **F82** Words in art. 9H(1) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)
- **F83** Words in art. 9H(2) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(f)

False claims to be a certified person U.K.

9I. A person who is not a certified person is to be treated as guilty of an offence under section 24 of the Act (false claims to be authorised or exempt) if he—

- (a) describes himself (in whatever terms) as a certified person;
- (b) behaves, or otherwise holds himself out, in a manner which indicates (or which is reasonably likely to be understood as indicating) that he is a certified person.

Exclusion of electronic money from the compensation scheme U.K.

9J. The compensation scheme established under Part XV of the Act is not to provide for the compensation of persons in respect of claims made in connection with any activity of the kind specified by article 9B.

Record of certified persons U.K.

9K. The record maintained by [^{F84}the FCA] under section 347 of the Act (public record of authorised persons etc.) must include every certified person.]

Textual Amendments

F84 Words in art. 9K substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

Funds received for payment services U.K.

^{F85}9L.

Textual Amendments

F85 Art. 9L omitted (9.2.2011 for specified purposes, 30.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Electronic Money Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/99), reg. 1(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(e) (with reg. 3)

CHAPTER III U.K.

INSURANCE

The activities

Effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance U.K.

10.—(1) Effecting a contract of insurance as principal is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Carrying out a contract of insurance as principal is a specified kind of activity.

Exclusions

Community co-insurers U.K.

11.—(1) There is excluded from article 10(1) or (2) the effecting or carrying out of a contract of insurance by an EEA firm falling within paragraph 5(d) of Schedule 3 to the Act—

- (a) other than through a branch in the United Kingdom; and
- (b) pursuant to a Community co-insurance operation in which the firm is participating otherwise than as the leading insurer.

(2) In paragraph (1), "Community co-insurance operation" and "leading insurer" have the same meaning as in the Council Directive of 30 May 1978 on the co-ordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to Community co-insurance (No. 78/473/EEC)^{M18}.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Marginal Citations M18 O.J. No. L151, 7.6.1978, p.25.

Breakdown insurance U.K.

12.—(1) There is excluded from article 10(1) or (2) the effecting or carrying out, by a person who does not otherwise carry on an activity of the kind specified by that article, of a contract of insurance which—

- (a) is a contract under which the benefits provided by that person ("the provider") are exclusively or primarily benefits in kind in the event of accident to or breakdown of a vehicle; and
- (b) contains the terms mentioned in paragraph (2).
- (2) Those terms are that—
 - (a) the assistance takes either or both of the forms mentioned in paragraph (3)(a) and (b);
 - (b) the assistance is not available outside the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland except where it is provided without the payment of additional premium by a person in the country concerned with whom the provider has entered into a reciprocal agreement; and
 - (c) assistance provided in the case of an accident or breakdown occurring in the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland is, in most circumstances, provided by the provider's servants.
- (3) The forms of assistance are—
 - (a) repairs to the relevant vehicle at the place where the accident or breakdown has occurred; this assistance may also include the delivery of parts, fuel, oil, water or keys to the relevant vehicle;
 - (b) removal of the relevant vehicle to the nearest or most appropriate place at which repairs may be carried out, or to—
 - (i) the home, point of departure or original destination within the United Kingdom of the driver and passengers, provided the accident or breakdown occurred within the United Kingdom;
 - (ii) the home, point of departure or original destination within the Republic of Ireland of the driver and passengers, provided the accident or breakdown occurred within the Republic of Ireland or within Northern Ireland;
 - (iii) the home, point of departure or original destination within Northern Ireland of the driver and passengers, provided the accident or breakdown occurred within the Republic of Ireland;

and this form of assistance may include the conveyance of the driver or passengers of the relevant vehicle, with the vehicle, or (where the vehicle is to be conveyed only to the nearest or most appropriate place at which repairs may be carried out) separately, to the nearest location from which they may continue their journey by other means.

(4) A contract does not fail to meet the condition in paragraph (1)(a) solely because the provider may reimburse the person entitled to the assistance for all or part of any sums paid by him in respect of assistance either because he failed to identify himself as a person entitled to the assistance or because he was unable to get in touch with the provider in order to claim the assistance.

(5) In this article—

"the assistance" means the benefits to be provided under a contract of the kind mentioned in paragraph (1);

"breakdown" means an event-

- (a) which causes the driver of the relevant vehicle to be unable to start a journey in the vehicle or involuntarily to bring the vehicle to a halt on a journey because of some malfunction of the vehicle or failure of it to function, and
- (b) after which the journey cannot reasonably be commenced or continued in the relevant vehicle;

"the relevant vehicle" means the vehicle (including a trailer or caravan) in respect of which the assistance is required.

[^{F86}Information society services [^{F87} and managers of UCITS and AIFs] U.K.

12A. Article 10 is subject to the [^{F88} exclusions] in article 72A (information society services), as qualified by paragraph (2) of that article [^{F89}, and article 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs).]]

Textual Amendments

- **F86** Art. 12A and words inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, **3(3)**
- **F87** Words in art. 12A heading inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(5)(a)
- **F88** Word in art. 12A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(5)(b)
- **F89** Words in art. 12A inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(5)(c)

Supplemental

Application of sections 327 and 332 of the Act to insurance market activities U.K.

13.—(1) In sections 327(5) and (7) and 332(3)(b) of the Act (exemption from the general prohibition for members of the professions, and rules in relation to such persons), the references to "a regulated activity" and "regulated activities" do not include—

- (a) any activity of the kind specified by article 10(1) or (2), where—
 - (i) P is a member of the Society; and
 - (ii) by virtue of section 316 of the Act (application of the Act to Lloyd's underwriting), the general prohibition does not apply to the carrying on by P of that activity; or
- (b) any activity of the kind specified by article 10(2), where—

(i) P is a former underwriting member; and

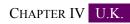
- (ii) the contract of insurance in question is one underwritten by P at Lloyd's.
- (2) In paragraph (1)—

"member of the Society" has the same meaning as in Lloyd's Act 1982 ^{M19}; and

"former underwriting member" has the meaning given by section 324(1) of the Act.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Marginal Citations M19 1982 c. 14.



DEALING IN INVESTMENTS AS PRINCIPAL

The activity

Dealing in investments as principal U.K.

14.— $[^{F90}(1)]$ Buying, selling, subscribing for or underwriting securities or contractually based investments (other than investments of the kind specified by article 87, or article 89 so far as relevant to that article) as principal is a specified kind of activity.

[^{F91}(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a kind of activity to which article 25D applies.]

Textual Amendments

- **F90** Art. 14(1): art. 14 renumbered as art. 14(1) (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **5**(a)
- F91 Art. 14(2) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 5(b)

Exclusions

Absence of holding out etc. U.K.

15.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), a person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by entering into a transaction which relates to a security or is the assignment (or, in Scotland, the assignation) of a qualifying contract of insurance (or an investment of the kind specified by article 89, so far as relevant to such a contract), unless—

- (a) A holds himself out as willing, as principal, to buy, sell or subscribe for investments of the kind to which the transaction relates at prices determined by him generally and continuously rather than in respect of each particular transaction;
- (b) A holds himself out as engaging in the business of buying investments of the kind to which the transaction relates, with a view to selling them;
- (c) A holds himself out as engaging in the business of underwriting investments of the kind to which the transaction relates; or
- (d) A regularly solicits members of the public with the purpose of inducing them, as principals or agents, to enter into transactions constituting activities of the kind specified by article 14, and the transaction is entered into as a result of his having solicited members of the public in that manner.
- (2) In paragraph (1)(d), "members of the public" means any persons other than—
 - (a) authorised persons or persons who are exempt persons in relation to activities of the kind specified by article 14;

- (b) members of the same group as A;
- (c) persons who are or who propose to become participators with A in a joint enterprise;
- (d) any person who is solicited by A with a view to the acquisition by A of 20 per cent or more of the voting shares in a body corporate;
- (e) if A (either alone or with members of the same group as himself) holds more than 20 per cent of the voting shares in a body corporate, any person who is solicited by A with a view to—
 - (i) the acquisition by A of further shares in the body corporate; or
 - (ii) the disposal by A of shares in the body corporate to the person solicited or to a member of the same group as the person solicited;
- (f) any person who-
 - (i) is solicited by A with a view to the disposal by A of shares in a body corporate to the person solicited or to a member of the same group as that person; and
 - (ii) either alone or with members of the same group holds 20 per cent or more of the voting shares in the body corporate;
- (g) any person whose head office is outside the United Kingdom, who is solicited by an approach made or directed to him at a place outside the United Kingdom and whose ordinary business involves him in carrying on activities of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, 37, 40, 45, [^{F92}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], 52 and 53 or (so far as relevant to any of those articles) article 64, or would do so apart from any exclusion from any of those articles made by this Order.

(3) This article does not apply where A enters into the transaction as bare trustee or, in Scotland, as nominee for another person and is acting on that other person's instructions (but the exclusion in article 66(1) applies if the conditions set out there are met).

 $[^{F93}(4)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- **F92** Words in art. 15(2)(g) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(3)
- **F93** Art. 15(4) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **6**

Dealing in contractually based investments U.K.

16.—[^{F94}(1)] A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by entering into a transaction relating to a contractually based investment—

- (a) with or through an authorised person, or an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt; or
- (b) through an office outside the United Kingdom maintained by a party to the transaction, and with or through a person whose head office is situated outside the United Kingdom and whose ordinary business involves him in carrying on activities of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, 37, 40, 45, [^{F95}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], 52 and 53 or, so far as relevant to any of those articles, article 64 (or would do so apart from any exclusion from any of those articles made by this Order).
- $[^{F96}(2)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

- **F94** Art. 16(1): art. 16 renumbered as art. 16(1) (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **7(a)**
- **F95** Words in art. 16(1)(b) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(3)
- **F96** Art. 16(2) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **7(b)**

Acceptance of instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness U.K.

17.—(1) A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by accepting an instrument creating or acknowledging indebtedness in respect of any loan, credit, guarantee or other similar financial accommodation or assurance which he has made, granted or provided.

(2) The reference in paragraph (1) to a person accepting an instrument includes a reference to a person becoming a party to an instrument otherwise than as a debtor or a surety.

Issue by a company of its own shares etc. U.K.

18.—(1) There is excluded from article 14 the issue by a company of its own shares or share warrants, and the issue by any person of his own debentures or debenture warrants.

- (2) In this article—
 - (a) "company" means any body corporate other than an open-ended investment company;
 - (b) "shares" and "debentures" include any investment of the kind specified by article 76 [^{F97}, 77 or 77A];
 - (c) "share warrants" and "debenture warrants" mean any investment of the kind specified by article 79 which relates to shares in the company concerned or, as the case may be, debentures issued by [^{F98}the person concerned].

Textual Amendments

- F97 Words in art. 18(2)(b) substituted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 5(a)
- **F98** Words in art. 18(2)(c) substituted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), 4

[^{F99}Dealing by a company in its own shares U.K.

18A.—(1) A company does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by purchasing its own shares where [F100 section 724 of the Companies Act 2006] (Treasury shares) applies to the shares purchased.

(2) A company does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by dealing in its own shares held as treasury shares, in accordance with I^{F101} section 727 (Treasury shares: disposal) or 729 (Treasury shares: cancellation) of that Act].

(3) In this article "shares held as treasury shares" has the same meaning as in that Act.]

Textual Amendments

- **F99** Art. 18A inserted (1.12.2003) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 3) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/2822), arts. 1, **3**
- F100 Words in art. 18A(1) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), 13(3)(a)
- F101 Words in art. 18A(2) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), 13(3)(b)

Risk management U.K.

19.—(1) A person ("B") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by entering as principal into a transaction with another person ("C") if—

- (a) the transaction relates to investments of the kind specified by any of articles 83 to 85 (or article 89 so far as relevant to any of those articles);
- (b) neither B nor C is an individual;
- (c) the sole or main purpose for which B enters into the transaction (either by itself or in combination with other such transactions) is that of limiting the extent to which a relevant business will be affected by any identifiable risk arising otherwise than as a result of the carrying on of a regulated activity; and
- (d) the relevant business consists mainly of activities other than-
 - (i) regulated activities; or
 - (ii) activities which would be regulated activities but for any exclusion made by this Part.
- (2) In paragraph (1), "relevant business" means a business carried on by-
 - (a) B;
 - (b) a member of the same group as B; or
 - (c) where B and another person are, or propose to become, participators in a joint enterprise, that other person.
- $[^{F102}(3)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

F102 Art. 19(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 8

Other exclusions U.K.

20. Article 14 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 68 (sale of goods and supply of services), 69 (groups and joint enterprises), 70 (sale of body corporate), 71 (employee share schemes)[^{F103}, 72 (overseas persons)[^{F104}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)]].

Textual Amendments

F103 Words in art. 20 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(4)

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

F104 Words in art. 20 substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)

CHAPTER V U.K.

DEALING IN INVESTMENTS AS AGENT

The activity

Dealing in investments as agent U.K.

21.— $[^{F105}(1)]$ Buying, selling, subscribing for or underwriting securities or $[^{F106}$ relevant investments] (other than investments of the kind specified by article 87, or article 89 so far as relevant to that article) as agent is a specified kind of activity.

[^{F107}(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a kind of activity to which article 25D applies.]

Textual Amendments

- F105 Art. 21(1): art. 21 renumbered as art. 21(1) (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 9(a)
- F106 Words in art. 21 substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 4(1)
- F107 Art. 21(2) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 9(b)

Exclusions

Deals with or through authorised persons U.K.

22.—(1) A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 21 by entering into a transaction as agent for another person ("the client") with or through an authorised person if—

- (a) the transaction is entered into on advice given to the client by an authorised person; or
- (b) it is clear, in all the circumstances, that the client, in his capacity as an investor, is not seeking and has not sought advice from the agent as to the merits of the client's entering into the transaction (or, if the client has sought such advice, the agent has declined to give it but has recommended that the client seek such advice from an authorised person).

[^{F108}(2) But the exclusion in paragraph (1) does not apply if—

- (a) the transaction relates to a contract of insurance; or
- (b) the agent receives from any person other than the client any pecuniary reward or other advantage, for which he does not account to the client, arising out of his entering into the transaction.]
- $[^{F109}(3)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- **F108** Art. 22(2) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **4(2)**
- F109 Art. 22(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 10

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C3 Art. 22 modified (31.10.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Interim Permissions) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3374), art. 1, Sch. para. 10 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C4 Art. 22 modified (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (Mortgages) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2615), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. para. 11 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C5 Art. 22 modified (14.1.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (General Insurance Intermediaries) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/3351), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. para. 10(1) (with Sch. para. 4)
- C6 Art. 22 modified (6.4.2007) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), art. 1(3), Sch. para. 11 (with Sch. para. 4)

Risk management U.K.

23.—(1) A person ("B") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 21 by entering as agent for a relevant person into a transaction with another person ("C") if—

- (a) the transaction relates to investments of the kind specified by any of articles 83 to 85 (or article 89 so far as relevant to any of those articles);
- (b) neither B nor C is an individual;
- (c) the sole or main purpose for which B enters into the transaction (either by itself or in combination with other such transactions) is that of limiting the extent to which a relevant business will be affected by any identifiable risk arising otherwise than as a result of the carrying on of a regulated activity; and
- (d) the relevant business consists mainly of activities other than—

(i) regulated activities; or

- (ii) activities which would be regulated activities but for any exclusion made by this Part.
- (2) In paragraph (1), "relevant person" means—
 - (a) a member of the same group as B; or
 - (b) where B and another person are, or propose to become, participators in a joint enterprise, that other person;

and "relevant business" means a business carried on by a relevant person.

 $[^{F110}(3)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

F110 Art. 23(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 11

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Other exclusions U.K.

24. Article 21 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 67 (profession or non-investment business), 68 (sale of goods and supply of services), 69 (groups and joint enterprises), 70 (sale of body corporate), 71 (employee share schemes)[^{F111}, 72 (overseas persons)][^{F112}, 72A (information society services), 72B (activities carried on by a provider of relevant goods or services)[^{F113}, 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs) and 72D (large risks contracts where risk situated outside the EEA)]].

Textual Amendments

- F111 Words in art. 24 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(5)
- F112 Words in art. 24 substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 4(3)
- F113 Words in art. 24 substituted (22.7.2013) by virtue of The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(7)



BIDDING IN EMISSIONS AUCTIONS

Textual Amendments

F114 Pt. 2 Ch. 5A inserted (20.7.2012) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1906), arts. 1, 2(3)

The activity

Bidding in emissions auctions U.K.

24A.—(1) The reception, transmission or submission of a bid at an auction of an investment of the kind specified by article 82A conducted—

- (a) on a recognised auction platform, or
- (b) on any other auction platform which has been appointed under the emission allowance auctioning regulation,

is a specified kind of activity.

(2) An activity which falls within paragraph (1) (or would do so but for the exclusions in article 24B) does not form part of any other activity specified under any other article of this Order.

(3) In this article, "recognised auction platform" has the meaning given in regulation 1(3) of the Recognised Auction Platform Regulations 2011.

Exclusions

Miscellaneous exclusions U.K.

24B.—(1) There is excluded from article 24A any activity carried on by—

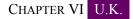
(a) an operator or an aircraft operator having an operator holding account, in either case bidding on its own account, including any parent undertaking, subsidiary undertaking or

affiliate undertaking forming part of the same group of undertakings as the operator or the aircraft operator;

- (b) business groupings of persons listed in sub-paragraph (a) bidding on their own account or acting as an agent on behalf of their members; or
- (c) public bodies or state-owned entities of the Member States that control any of the persons listed in sub-paragraph (a).

(2) There is excluded from article 24A the reception, transmission or submission of a bid by an investment firm or a credit institution on any auction platform on their own account for investments of the kind specified by article 82A which are not financial instruments.

(3) In this article, the expressions "parent undertaking", "subsidiary undertaking", "affiliate undertaking", "business grouping", "public bodies" and "state-owned entities" have the same meaning as in the emission allowance auctioning regulation.]



ARRANGING DEALS IN INVESTMENTS

The activities

Arranging deals in investments U.K.

25.—(1) Making arrangements for another person (whether as principal or agent) to buy, sell, subscribe for or underwrite a particular investment which is—

- (a) a security,
- (b) a [F115 relevant investment], or
- (c) an investment of the kind specified by article 86, or article 89 so far as relevant to that article,

is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Making arrangements with a view to a person who participates in the arrangements buying, selling, subscribing for or underwriting investments falling within paragraph (1)(a), (b) or (c) (whether as principal or agent) is also a specified kind of activity.

[^{F116}(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply to a kind of activity to which article 25D applies.]

Textual Amendments

F115 Words in art. 25(1) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(1)

F116 Art. 25(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 12

[^{F117}Arranging regulated mortgage contracts U.K.

25A.—(1) Making arrangements—

(a) for another person to enter into a regulated mortgage contract as borrower; or

(b) for another person to vary the terms of a regulated mortgage contract entered into by him as borrower after the coming into force of article 61, in such a way as to vary his obligations under that contract,

is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Making arrangements with a view to a person who participates in the arrangements entering into a regulated mortgage contract as borrower is also a specified kind of activity.

(3) In this article "borrower" has the meaning given by article 61(3)(a)(i).]

Textual Amendments

F117 Art. 25A inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 4

[^{F118}Arranging regulated home reversion plans U.K.

25B.—(1) Making arrangements—

- (a) for another person to enter into a regulated home reversion plan as reversion seller or as plan provider; or
- (b) for another person to vary the terms of a regulated home reversion plan, entered into on or after 6th April 2007 by him as reversion seller or as plan provider, in such a way as to vary his obligations under that plan,

is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Making arrangements with a view to a person who participates in the arrangements entering into a regulated home reversion plan as reversion seller or as plan provider is also a specified kind of activity.]

Textual Amendments

F118 Arts. 25B, 25C inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 4

[^{F118}Arranging regulated home purchase plans U.K.

25C.—(1) Making arrangements—

- (a) for another person to enter into a regulated home purchase plan as home purchaser; or
- (b) for another person to vary the terms of a regulated home purchase plan, entered into on or after 6th April 2007 by him as home purchaser, in such a way as to vary his obligations under that plan,

is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Making arrangements with a view to a person who participates in the arrangements entering into a regulated home purchase plan as home purchaser is also a specified kind of activity.]

Textual Amendments

F118 Arts. 25B, 25C inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 4

[^{F119}Operating a multilateral trading facility U.K.

25D.—(1) The operation of a multilateral trading facility on which MiFID instruments are traded is a specified kind of activity.

- (2) In paragraph (1), "MiFID instrument" means any investment—
 - (a) of the kind specified by article 76, 77, [^{F120}77A,] 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84 or 85; or
 - (b) of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to an investment falling within subparagraph (a),

that is a financial instrument.]

Textual Amendments

- F119 Art. 25D inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 13
- F120 Word in art. 25D(2)(a) inserted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 5(b)

[^{F121}Arranging regulated sale and rent back agreements U.K.

25E.—(1) Making arrangements—

- (a) for another person to enter into a regulated sale and rent back agreement as an agreement seller or as an agreement provider; or
- (b) for another person ("A") to vary the terms of a regulated sale and rent back agreement, entered into on or after 1st July 2009 by A as agreement seller or agreement provider, in such a way as to vary A's obligations under that agreement,

is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Making arrangements with a view to a person who participates in the arrangements entering into a regulated sale and rent back agreement as agreement seller or agreement provider is also a specified kind of activity.]

Textual Amendments

F121 Art. 25E inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 4

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Exclusions

Arrangements not causing a deal U.K.

26. There are excluded from $[^{F122}$ articles 25(1), 25A(1), 25B(1) $[^{F123}$, 25C(1) and 25E(1)]] arrangements which do not or would not bring about the transaction to which the arrangements relate.

Textual Amendments

- F122 Words in art. 26 substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 5
- F123 Words in art. 26 substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 5

Enabling parties to communicate U.K.

27. A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by $[^{F124}$ article 25(2), 25A(2), 25B(2) $[^{F125}$, 25C(2) or 25 E(2)]] merely by providing means by which one party to a transaction (or potential transaction) is able to communicate with other such parties.

Textual Amendments

- F124 Words in art. 27 substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 6
- F125 Words in art. 27 substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 6

Arranging transactions to which the arranger is a party U.K.

28.—(1) There are excluded from article 25(1) any arrangements for a transaction into which the person making the arrangements enters or is to enter as principal or as agent for some other person.

(2) There are excluded from article 25(2) any arrangements which a person makes with a view to transactions into which he enters or is to enter as principal or as agent for some other person.

 $[^{F126}(3)$ But the exclusions in paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply to arrangements made for or with a view to a transaction which relates to a contract of insurance, unless the person making the arrangements either—

- (a) is the only policyholder; or
- (b) as a result of the transaction, would become the only policyholder.]

Textual Amendments

F126 Art. 28(3) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(2)

[^{F127}Arranging contracts [^{F128}, plans or agreements] to which the arranger is a party U.K.

28A.—(1) There are excluded from [F129 articles 25A(1), 25B(1) [F130 , 25C(1) and 25E(1)]] any arrangements—

- (a) for a [^{F131}contract [^{F132}, plan or agreement]] into which the person making the arrangements enters or is to enter; or
- (b) for a variation of a [^{F131}contract [^{F132}, plan or agreement]] to which that person is (or is to become) a party.

(2) There are excluded from [F133 articles 25A(2), 25B(2) [F134 , 25C(2) and 25E(2)]] any arrangements which a person makes with a view to contracts [F135 , plans or agreements] into which he enters or is to enter.]

Textual Amendments

- F127 Art. 28A inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 7
- **F128** Words in art. 28A title substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 7(1)
- F129 Words in art. 28A(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 7(2)(a)(i)
- **F130** Words in art. 28A(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 7(2)(a)(i)
- F131 Words in art. 28A(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 7(2)(a)(ii)
- **F132** Words in art. 28A(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 7(2)(a)(ii)
- F133 Words in art. 28A(2) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 7(2)(b)(i)
- **F134** Words in art. 28A(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **7(2)(b)(i)**
- **F135** Words in art. 28A(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 7(2)(b)(ii)

Arranging deals with or through authorised persons U.K.

29.—(1) There are excluded from [^{F136}articles 25(1) and (2), 25A(1) and (2), 25B(1) and (2) [^{F137}, 25C(1) and (2) and 25E(1) and (2)]] arrangements made by a person ("A") who is not an authorised person for or with a view to a transaction which is or is to be entered into by a person ("the client") with or though an authorised person if—

- (a) the transaction is or is to be entered into on advice to the client by an authorised person; or
- (b) it is clear, in all the circumstances, that the client, in his capacity as an [^{F138}investor, borrower, reversion seller, plan provider, home purchaser, agreement provider or (as the

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

case may be) agreement seller], is not seeking and has not sought advice from A as to the merits of the client's entering into the transaction (or, if the client has sought such advice, A has declined to give it but has recommended that the client seek such advice from an authorised person).

 $[^{F139}(2)$ But the exclusion in paragraph (1) does not apply if—

- (a) the transaction relates, or would relate, to a contract of insurance; or
- (b) A receives from any person other than the client any pecuniary reward or other advantage, for which he does not account to the client, arising out of his making the arrangements.]
- $[^{F140}(3)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- F136 Words in art. 29(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 8(a)
- F137 Words in art. 29(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 8(a)
- **F138** Words in art. 29(1)(b) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **8(b)**
- **F139** Art. 29(2) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **5(3)**
- F140 Art. 29(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 14

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C7 Art. 29 modified (31.10.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Interim Permissions) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3374), art. 1, Sch. para. 11 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C8 Art. 29 modified (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (Mortgages) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2615), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. para. 11 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C9 Art. 29 modified (14.1.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (General Insurance Intermediaries) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/3351), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. para. 10(2) (with Sch. para. 4)
- C10 Art. 29 modified (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 9
- C11 Art. 29 modified (6.4.2007) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), art. 1(3), Sch. para. 12 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C12 Art. 29 modified (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 8

[^{F141}Arrangements made in the course of administration by authorised person U.K.

29A.—[

^{F142}(1)] A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25A(1)(b) as a result of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated mortgage contract which B is administering pursuant to an arrangement of the kind mentioned in article 62(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated mortgage contract in circumstances falling within article 62(b).

[

^{F143}(2) A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25B(1)(b) as a result of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated home reversion plan which B is administering pursuant to an arrangement of the kind mentioned in article 63C(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated home reversion plan in circumstances falling within article 63C(b).

(3) A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25C(1)(b) as a result of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated home purchase plan which B is administering pursuant to an arrangement of the kind mentioned in article 63G(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated home purchase plan in circumstances falling within article 63G(b).]

 $^{F144}(4)$ A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25E(1)(b) as a result of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated sale and rent back agreement which B is administering pursuant to an arrangement of the kind mentioned in article 63K(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated sale and rent back agreement in circumstances falling within article 63K(b).]]

Textual Amendments

- F141 Art. 29A inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 9
- F142 Art. 29A(1): art. 29A renumbered as art. 29A(1) (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 9(a)
- F143 Art. 29A(2)(3) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 9(b)
- F144 Art. 29A(4) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 9

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C13 Art. 29A(2)(a) applied (with modifications) (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 10

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- C14 Art. 29A(3)(a) applied (with modifications) (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 10
- C15 Art. 29A(4)(a) modified (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 9

Arranging transactions in connection with lending on the security of insurance policies U.K.

30.—(1) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) arrangements made by a money-lender under which either—

- [^{F145}(a) a relevant authorised person or a person acting on his behalf will introduce to the moneylender persons with whom the relevant authorised person has entered, or proposes to enter, into a relevant transaction, or will advise such persons to approach the money-lender, with a view to the money-lender lending money on the security of any contract effected pursuant to a relevant transaction;]
 - (b) a relevant authorised person gives an assurance to the money-lender as to the amount which, on the security of any contract effected pursuant to a relevant transaction, will or may be received by the money-lender should the money-lender lend money to a person introduced to him pursuant to the arrangements.
- (2) In paragraph (1)—

"money-lender" means a person who is-

- (a) a money-lending company within the meaning of [^{F146}section 209 of the Companies Act 2006];
- (b) a body corporate incorporated under the law of, or of any part of, the United Kingdom relating to building societies; or
- (c) a person whose ordinary business includes the making of loans or the giving of guarantees in connection with loans;

"relevant authorised person" means an authorised person who has permission to effect [^{F147}contracts of insurance] or to sell investments of the kind specified by article 89, so far as relevant to such contracts;

"relevant transaction" means the effecting of a [^{F148}contract of insurance] or the sale of an investment of the kind specified by article 89, so far as relevant to such contracts.

 $[^{F149}(3)$ This article is subject to article 4(4A).]

Textual Amendments

- F145 Art. 30(1)(a) substituted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), 5
- F146 Words in art. 30(2)(a) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), 13(4)
- F147 Words in art. 30(2) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(4)(a)
- F148 Words in art. 30(2) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(4)(b)

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

F149 Art. 30(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 15

Arranging the acceptance of debentures in connection with loans U.K.

31.—(1) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) arrangements under which a person accepts or is to accept, whether as principal or agent, an instrument creating or acknowledging indebtedness in respect of any loan, credit, guarantee or other similar financial accommodation or assurance which is, or is to be, made, granted or provided by that person or his principal.

(2) The reference in paragraph (1) to a person accepting an instrument includes a reference to a person becoming a party to an instrument otherwise than as a debtor or a surety.

Provision of finance U.K.

32. There are excluded from article 25(2) arrangements having as their sole purpose the provision of finance to enable a person to buy, sell, subscribe for or underwrite investments.

Introducing U.K.

33. There are excluded from [F150 articles 25(2), 25A(2), 25B(2) [F151 , 25C(2) and 25E(2)]] arrangements where—

- (a) they are arrangements under which persons ("clients") will be introduced to another person;
- (b) the person to whom introductions are to be made is-
 - (i) an authorised person;
 - (ii) an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt; or
 - (iii) a person who is not unlawfully carrying on regulated activities in the United Kingdom and whose ordinary business involves him in engaging in an activity of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, [^{F152}25A,][^{F153}25B, 25C,][^{F154}25E,] 37 [^{F155}, 39A] 40, 45, [^{F156}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], [^{F157}52, 53][^{F158}, 53A, 53B[^{F159}, 53C and 53D]] (or, so far as relevant to any of those articles, article 64), or would do so apart from any exclusion from any of those articles made by this Order; ^{F160}...
- (c) the introduction is made with a view to the provision of independent advice or the independent exercise of discretion in relation to investments generally or in relation to any class of investments to which the arrangements relate [^{F161}; and
- (d) the arrangements are made with a view to a person entering into a transaction which does not relate to a contract of insurance.]

Textual Amendments

F150 Words in art. 33 substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 10(a)

F151 Words in art. 33 substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 10(a)

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F152 Words in art. 33(b)(iii) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 10(b)(i)
- F153 Words in art. 33(b)(iii) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 10(b)(i)
- F154 Word in art. 33(b)(iii) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 10(b)(i)
- F155 Word in art. 33(b)(iii) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(5)(a)
- F156 Words in art. 33(b)(iii) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(3)
- F157 Words in art. 33(b)(iii) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 10(b)(ii)
- **F158** Words in art. 33(b)(iii) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **10(b)(ii)**
- **F159** Words in art. 33(b)(iii) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **10(b)(ii)**
- F160 Word in art. 33(b)(iii) omitted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(5)(b)
- F161 Art. 33(d) and preceding word inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(5)(c)

[^{F162}Introducing to authorised persons etc. U.K.

33A.—(1) There are excluded from article 25A(2) arrangements where—

- (a) they are arrangements under which a client is introduced to a person ("N") who is—
 - (i) an authorised person who has permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by any of articles 25A, 53A, and 61(1),
 - (ii) an appointed representative who may carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by either of articles 25A and 53A without contravening the general prohibition, or
 - (iii) an overseas person who carries on activities specified by any of articles 25A, 53A and 61(1); and
- (b) the conditions mentioned in paragraph (2) are satisfied.

[

- ^{F163}(1A) There are excluded from article 25B(2) arrangements where—
 - (a) they are arrangements under which a client is introduced to a person ("N") who is-
 - (i) an authorised person who has permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by any of articles 25B, 53B and 63B(1),
 - (ii) an appointed representative who may carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by either of articles 25B and 53B without contravening the general prohibition, or

- (iii) an overseas person who carries on activities specified by any of articles 25B, 53B and 63B(1); and
- (b) the conditions mentioned in paragraph (2) are satisfied.
- (1B) There are excluded from article 25C(2) arrangements where—
 - (a) they are arrangements under which a client is introduced to a person ("N") who is—
 - (i) an authorised person who has permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by any of articles 25C, 53C and 63F(1),
 - (ii) an appointed representative who may carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by either of articles 25C and 53C without contravening the general prohibition, or
 - (iii) an overseas person who carries on activities specified by any of articles 25C, 53C and 63F(1); and
 - (b) the conditions mentioned in paragraph (2) are satisfied.]
- [

^{F164}(1C) There are excluded from article 25E(2) arrangements where—

- (a) they are arrangements under which a client is introduced to a person ("N") who is-
 - (i) an authorised person who has permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by any of articles 25E, 53D and 63J(1),
 - (ii) an appointed representative who may carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by either of articles 25E or 53D without contravening the general prohibition, or
 - (iii) an overseas person who carries on activities specified by any of articles 25E, 53D and 63J(1); and
- (b) the conditions mentioned in paragraph (2) are satisfied.]
- (2) Those conditions are-
 - (a) that the person making the introduction ("P") does not receive any money, other than money payable to P on his own account, paid by the client for or in connection with any transaction which the client enters into with or through N as a result of the introduction; and
 - (b) that before making the introduction P discloses to the client such of the information mentioned in paragraph (3) as applies to P.
- (3) That information is—
 - (a) that P is a member of the same group as N;
 - (b) details of any payment which P will receive from N, by way of fee or commission, for introducing the client to N;
 - (c) an indication of any other reward or advantage received or to be received by P that arises out of his introducing clients to N.
- [^{F165}(4) In this article, "client" means—
 - (a) for the purposes of paragraph (1), a borrower within the meaning given by article 61(3)(a)
 (i), or a person who is or may be contemplating entering into a regulated mortgage contract as such a borrower;
 - (b) for the purposes of paragraph (1A), a reversion seller, a plan provider or a person who is or may be contemplating entering into a regulated home reversion plan as a reversion seller or as a plan provider;

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (c) for the purposes of paragraph (1B), a home purchaser or a person who is or may be contemplating entering into a regulated home purchase plan as a home purchaser[^{F166};
- (d) for the purposes of paragraph (1C), an agreement provider, an agreement seller or a person who is or may be contemplating entering into a regulated sale and rent back agreement as an agreement provider or agreement seller.]]]

Textual Amendments

- F162 Art. 33A inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 11
- F163 Art. 33A(1A)(1B) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 11(a)
- F164 Art. 33A(1C) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 11(a)
- F165 Art. 33A(4) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 11(b)
- F166 Art. 33A(4)(d) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 11(b)

Arrangements for the issue of shares etc. U.K.

34.—(1) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2)—

- (a) arrangements made by a company for the purposes of issuing its own shares or share warrants; and
- (b) arrangements made by any person for the purposes of issuing his own debentures or debenture warrants;

and for the purposes of article 25(1) and (2), a company is not, by reason of issuing its own shares or share warrants, and a person is not, by reason of issuing his own debentures or debenture warrants, to be treated as selling them.

(2) In paragraph (1), "company", "shares", "debentures", "share warrants" and "debenture warrants" have the meanings given by article 18(2).

International securities self-regulating organisations U.K.

35.—(1) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) any arrangements made for the purposes of carrying out the functions of a body or association which is approved under this article as an international securities self-regulating organisation, whether the arrangements are made by the organisation itself or by a person acting on its behalf.

(2) The Treasury may approve as an international securities self-regulating organisation any body corporate or unincorporated association with respect to which the conditions mentioned in paragraph (3) appear to them to be met if, having regard to such matters affecting international trade, overseas earnings and the balance of payments or otherwise as they consider relevant, it appears to them that to do so would be desirable and not result in any undue risk to investors.

- (3) The conditions are that—
 - (a) the body or association does not have its head office in the United Kingdom;

- (b) the body or association is not eligible for recognition under section 287 or 288 of the Act (applications by investment exchanges and clearing houses) on the ground that (whether or not it has applied, and whether or not it would be eligible on other grounds) it is unable to satisfy the requirements of one or both of paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 292(3) of the Act (requirements for overseas investment exchanges and overseas clearing houses);
- [^{F167}(ba) the body or association is also not eligible to become an EEA central counterparty (as defined in section 285(1)(c) of the Act) or a third country central counterparty (as defined in section 285(1)(d) of the Act);]
 - (c) the body or association is able and willing to co-operate with [^{F168}the FCA and the PRA] by the sharing of information and in other ways;
 - (d) adequate arrangements exist for co-operation between [^{F168}the FCA and the PRA] and those responsible for the supervision of the body or association in the country or territory in which its head office is situated;
 - (e) the body or association has a membership composed of persons falling within any of the following categories, that is to say, authorised persons, exempt persons, and persons whose head offices are outside the United Kingdom and whose ordinary business involves them in engaging in activities which are activities of a kind specified by this Order (or would be apart from any exclusion made by this Part); and
 - (f) the body or association facilitates and regulates the activity of its members in the conduct of international securities business.

(4) In paragraph (3)(f), "international securities business" means the business of buying, selling, subscribing for or underwriting investments (or agreeing to do so), either as principal or agent, where—

- (a) the investments are securities or [^{F169}relevant investments] and are of a kind which, by their nature, and the manner in which the business is conducted, may be expected normally to be bought or dealt in by persons sufficiently expert to understand the risks involved; and
- (b) either the transaction is international or each of the parties may be expected to be indifferent to the location of the other;

and, for the purposes of this definition, it is irrelevant that the investments may ultimately be bought otherwise than in the course of such business by persons not so expert.

(5) Any approval under this article is to be given by notice in writing; and the Treasury may by a further notice in writing withdraw any such approval if for any reason it appears to them that it is not appropriate to it to continue in force.

Textual Amendments

- F167 Art. 35(3)(ba) inserted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories) Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/504), regs. 1(2), 33(3) (with regs. 52-58)
- **F168** Words in art. 35(3)(c)(d) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(g)
- F169 Words in art. 35(4)(a) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(6)

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C16 Art. 35 extended (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (Authorised Persons etc.) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/2636), arts. 1(2)(b), 2(1), 80; S.I. 2001/3538, art. 2(1)

[^{F170}Trade repositories U.K.

35A. A trade repository does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25(2) by carrying on its functions of centrally collecting and maintaining records of derivatives under Regulation (EU) 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories.]

Textual Amendments

F170 Art. 35A inserted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories) Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/504), regs. 1(2), 33(4) (with regs. 52-58)

Other exclusions U.K.

36.—[^{F171}(1)] Article 25 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 67 (profession or non-investment business), 68 (sale of goods and supply of services), 69 (groups and joint enterprises), 70 (sale of body corporate), 71 (employee share schemes) [^{F172}, 72 (overseas persons) [^{F173}, 72A (information society services), 72B (activities carried on by a provider of relevant goods or services), 72C (provision of information about contracts of insurance on an incidental basis) [^{F174}, 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs) and 72D (large risks contracts where risk situated outside the EEA)]]].

[^{F175}(2) [^{F176}Articles 25A, 25B [^{F177}, 25C and 25E] are] also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 67 (profession or non-investment business), 72 (overseas persons) [^{F178}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

 $[^{F179}(3)$ Article 25D is also subject to $[^{F180}$ the exclusions in articles 72 (overseas persons) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

Textual Amendments

- **F171** Art. 36(1): art. 36 renumbered as art. 36(1) (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **12(a)**
- F172 Words in art. 36 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(6)
- F173 Words in art. 36(1) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 5(7)
- F174 Words in art. 36(1) substituted (22.7.2013) by virtue of The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(7)
- **F175** Art. 36(2) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **12(b)**
- F176 Words in art. 36(2) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 12

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F177 Words in art. 36(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 12
- F178 Words in art. 36(2) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)
- F179 Art. 36(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 16
- **F180** Words in art. 36(3) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(8)

[^{F181}CHAPTER 6A U.K.

CREDIT BROKING

Textual Amendments

F181 Pt. 2 Chs. 6A, 6B inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 4

The activity

Credit broking U.K.

36A.—(1) Each of the following is a specified kind of activity—

- (a) effecting an introduction of an individual or relevant recipient of credit who wishes to enter into a credit agreement to a person ("P") with a view to P entering into by way of business as lender a regulated credit agreement (or an agreement which would be a regulated credit agreement but for any of the relevant provisions);
- (b) effecting an introduction of an individual or relevant recipient of credit who wishes to enter into a consumer hire agreement to a person ("P") with a view to P entering into by way of business as owner a regulated consumer hire agreement or an agreement which would be a regulated consumer hire agreement but for article 600 (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the agreement) or 60Q (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the hirer);
- (c) effecting an introduction of an individual or relevant recipient of credit who wishes to enter into a credit agreement or consumer hire agreement (as the case may be) to a person who carries on an activity of the kind specified in sub-paragraph (a) or (b) by way of business;
- (d) presenting or offering an agreement which would (if entered into) be a regulated credit agreement (or an agreement which would be a regulated credit agreement but for any of the relevant provisions);
- (e) assisting an individual or relevant recipient of credit by undertaking preparatory work with a view to that person entering into a regulated credit agreement (or an agreement which would be a regulated credit agreement but for any of the relevant provisions);
- (f) entering into a regulated credit agreement (or an agreement which would be a regulated credit agreement but for any of the relevant provisions) on behalf of a lender.

(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply in so far as the activity is an activity of the kind specified by article 36H (operating an electronic system in relation to lending).

(3) For the purposes of paragraph (1) it is immaterial whether the credit agreement or consumer hire agreement is subject to the law of a country outside the United Kingdom.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) For the purposes of this article, the "relevant provisions" are the following provisions—
 - (a) article 60C (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the agreement);
 - (b) article 60D (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the purchase of land for non-residential purposes);
 - (c) article 60E (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the lender);
 - (d) article 60G (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the total charge for credit);
 - (e) article 60H (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the borrower).

Exclusions

Introducing by individuals in the course of canvassing off trade premises U.K.

36B.—(1) There are excluded from article 36A activities carried on by an individual by canvassing off trade premises—

- (a) a restricted-use credit agreement used to finance a transaction between the lender or a member of the lender's group and the borrower whether forming part of that agreement or not, or
- (b) a regulated consumer hire agreement.

(2) But paragraph (1) does not apply if A carries on any other activity of a kind specified by article 36A(1)(a) to (c).

(3) A canvasses a restricted-use credit agreement or a regulated consumer hire agreement off trade premises for the purposes of this article if—

- (a) A solicits the entry of an individual or relevant recipient of credit ("B") into such an agreement by making oral representations to B during a visit by A to any place (not excluded by paragraph (4)) where B is, and
- (b) that visit is made by A for the purpose of making such oral representations.

(4) A place is excluded from paragraph (3) if it is a place where a business is carried on (whether on a permanent or temporary basis) by—

- (a) the lender or owner,
- (b) the supplier under the restricted-use credit agreement,
- (c) A,
- (d) a person who employs A or has appointed A as an agent, or
- (e) B.

Activities for which no fee is paid U.K.

36C.—(1) There are excluded from sub-paragraphs (d), (e) and (f) of article 36A(1) activities carried on by a person for which that person does not receive a fee.

(2) For the purposes of this article, "fee" includes pecuniary consideration or any other form of financial consideration.

Transaction to which the broker is a party U.K.

36D. There are excluded from article 36A activities in relation to a regulated credit agreement (or an agreement which would be a regulated credit agreement but for the exclusions in articles 60C to 60H) or a regulated consumer hire agreement (or an agreement which would be a regulated consumer

hire agreement but for the exclusions in articles 60O to 60Q) into which the person carrying on the activity enters or is to enter as lender or owner.

Activities in relation to certain agreements relating to land U.K.

36E.—(1) There are excluded from article 36A activities carried on with a view to an individual or relevant recipient of credit entering into a regulated mortgage contract if the person carrying on the activity is an authorised person who has permission to—

- (a) enter into such a contract as lender, or
- (b) make an introduction to an authorised person who has permission to enter into such a contract as lender.

(2) There are excluded from article 36A activities carried on with a view to an individual or relevant recipient of credit entering into a regulated home purchase plan if the person carrying on the activity is an authorised person who has permission to—

- (a) enter into such a plan as home purchase provider, or
- (b) make arrangements for another person ("the client") to enter into such a plan by introducing the client to an authorised person who has permission to enter into such a plan as home purchase provider.

Activities carried on by members of the legal profession etc. U.K.

36F.—(1) There are excluded from article 36A activities carried on by—

- (a) a barrister or advocate acting in that capacity;
- (b) a solicitor (within the meaning of the Solicitors Act 1974) acting in the course of contentious business (as defined in section 87(1) of that Act);
- (c) a solicitor within the meaning of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980 engaging in business done in or for the purposes of proceedings before a court or before an arbitrator;
- (d) a solicitor in Northern Ireland engaging in contentious business as defined in Article 3(2) of the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) Order 1976;
- (e) a relevant person (other than a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) to (d)) acting in the course of contentious business.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (e) of paragraph (1)—

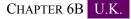
"contentious business" means business done in or for the purposes of proceedings begun before a court or before an arbitrator, not being non-contentious or common form probate business (within the meaning of section 128 of the Senior Courts Act 1981);

"relevant person" means a person who, for the purposes of the Legal Services Act 2007, is an authorised person in relation to an activity which constitutes the exercise of a right of audience or the conduct of litigation (within the meaning of that Act).

Information society services U.K.

36G. Article 36A is also subject to the exclusion in article 72A (information society services).

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)



OPERATING AN ELECTRONIC SYSTEM IN RELATION TO LENDING

The activity

Operating an electronic system in relation to lending U.K.

36H.—(1) Where the condition in paragraph (2) is satisfied, operating an electronic system which enables the operator ("A") to facilitate persons ("B" and "C") becoming the lender and borrower under an article 36H agreement is a specified kind of activity.

(2) The condition is that the system operated by A is capable of determining which agreements should be made available to each of B and C (whether in accordance with general instructions provided to A by B or C or otherwise).

(3) The following are specified kinds of activities if carried on by A in the course of, or in connection with, the carrying on by A of the activity specified by paragraph (1)—

- (a) presenting or offering article 36H agreements to B and C with a view to B becoming the lender under the article 36H agreement and C becoming the borrower under the article 36H agreement,
- (b) furnishing information relevant to the financial standing of a person ("Y") with a view to assisting in the determination as to whether another person should—
 - (i) enter into, as the lender, an article 36H agreement with Y, or
 - (ii) assume the rights of the lender under an article 36H agreement under which Y is the borrower,
- (c) taking steps to procure the payment of a debt due under an article 36H agreement,
- (d) performing duties, or exercising or enforcing rights under an article 36H agreement on behalf of the lender,
- (e) ascertaining whether a credit information agency (within the meaning given by article 89A(6)) holds information relevant to the financial standing of an individual or relevant person,
- (f) ascertaining the contents of such information,
- (g) securing the correction of, the omission of anything from, or the making of any other kind of modification of, such information, or
- (h) securing that a credit information agency which holds such information—
 - (i) stops holding the information, or
 - (ii) does not provide it to any other person.

(4) An "article 36H agreement" is an agreement between one person ("the borrower") and another person ("the lender") by which the lender provides the borrower with credit (within the meaning given by article 60L) and in relation to which the condition in either paragraph (5) or (6) is satisfied.

- (5) The condition in this paragraph is that the lender is an individual or relevant person.
- (6) The condition in this paragraph is that the borrower is an individual or relevant person and—
 - (a) the lender provides the borrower with credit less than or equal to £25,000, or
 - (b) the agreement is not entered into by the borrower wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the borrower.

(7) Paragraphs (5) and (6) of article 60C (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the agreement) apply for the purposes of paragraph (6)(b).

(8) It is immaterial for the purposes of this article whether the lender is carrying on a regulated activity.

(9) In this article, "relevant person" means—

- (a) a partnership consisting of two or three persons not all of whom are bodies corporate, or
- (b) an unincorporated body of persons which does not consist entirely of bodies corporate and is not a partnership.

Exclusion

Information society services U.K.

36I. Article 36H is subject to the exclusion in article 72A (information society services).

Supplemental

Meaning of "consumer" U.K.

36J.—(1) For the purposes of sections 1G, 404E and 425A of the Act (meaning of "consumer"), a person ("C") is only to be regarded as a person who uses, may use, has, may have used or has or may have contemplated using, services provided by authorised persons in carrying on a regulated activity of the kind specified by article 36H or article 64 in so far as relevant to that activity if—

- (a) C is, may be, has been or may have been the lender under a relevant agreement and is an individual or relevant person, or
- (b) C is, may be, has been or may have been the borrower under a relevant agreement, C is an individual or relevant person and one of the conditions in paragraph (2) is satisfied, or
- (c) C meets the following conditions—

(i) C is, was or would be the lender under a relevant agreement, and

- (ii) C is not, was not or would not be, as a result, carrying on a regulated activity.
- (2) The conditions in this paragraph are that—
 - (a) the lender provides, provided or would provide the borrower with credit (within the meaning given by article 60L) less than or equal to £25,000, or
 - (b) the agreement is not, was not or would not be entered into by the borrower wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the borrower.

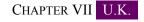
(3) Paragraphs (5) and (6) of article 60C (exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the agreement) apply for the purposes of paragraph (2)(b).

(4) In paragraph (1)—

"relevant agreement" means an agreement between one person ("the borrower") and another person ("the lender") by which the lender provides the borrower with credit (within the meaning given by article 60L);

"relevant person" has the meaning given in article 36H.]

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)



MANAGING INVESTMENTS

The activity

Managing investments U.K.

37. Managing assets belonging to another person, in circumstances involving the exercise of discretion, is a specified kind of activity if—

- (a) the assets consist of or include any investment which is a security or a contractually based investment; or
- (b) the arrangements for their management are such that the assets may consist of or include such investments, and either the assets have at any time since 29th April 1988 done so, or the arrangements have at any time (whether before or after that date) been held out as arrangements under which the assets would do so.

Exclusions

Attorneys U.K.

38.—[^{F182}(1)] A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 37 if—

- (a) he is a person appointed to manage the assets in question under a power of attorney; and
- (b) all routine or day-to-day decisions, so far as relating to investments of a kind mentioned in article 37(a), are taken on behalf of that person by—
 - (i) an authorised person with permission to carry on activities of the kind specified by article 37; ^{F183}...
 - (ii) a person who is an exempt person in relation to activities of that kind $[^{F184}]$; or
 - (iii) an overseas person.]
- $[^{F185}(2)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- **F182** Art. 38(1): art. 38 renumbered as art. 38(1) (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **17(a)**
- F183 Word in art. 38(b) omitted (1.12.2001) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), 6(a)
- **F184** Art. 38(b)(iii) and word inserted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), **6(b)**
- **F185** Art. 38(2) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **17(b)**

Other exclusions U.K.

39. Article 37 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 68 (sale of goods and supply of services)[^{F186}, 69 (groups and joint enterprises)][^{F187}, 72A (information society)]

services)[^{F188}, 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs) and 72C (provisions of information about contracts of insurance on an incidental basis)]].

Textual Amendments

- F186 Words in art. 39 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(7)
- F187 Words in art. 39 substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 6
- **F188** Words in art. 39 substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(9)



ASSISTING IN THE ADMINISTRATION AND PERFORMANCE OF A CONTRACT OF INSURANCE

Textual Amendments

F189 Pt. 2 Ch. 7A inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 7

The activity

Assisting in the administration and performance of a contract of insurance U.K.

39A. Assisting in the administration and performance of a contract of insurance is a specified kind of activity.

Exclusions

Claims management on behalf of an insurer etc. U.K.

39B.—(1) A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 39A if he acts in the course of carrying on the activity of—

- (a) expert appraisal;
- (b) loss adjusting on behalf of a relevant insurer; or
- (c) managing claims on behalf of a relevant insurer,

and that activity is carried on in the course of carrying on any profession or business.

- (2) In this article—
 - (a) "relevant insurer" means-
 - (i) a person who has Part IV permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 10;
 - (ii) a person to whom the general prohibition does not apply by virtue of section 316(1)(a) of the Act (members of the Society of Lloyd's);
 - (iii) an EEA firm falling within paragraph 5(d) of Schedule 3 to the Act (insurance undertaking); or

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(iv) a relevant reinsurer;

- (b) "relevant reinsurer" means a person whose main business consists of accepting risks ceded by—
 - (i) a person falling within sub-paragraph (i), (ii) or (iii) of the definition of "relevant insurer"; ^{F190}...
 - [^{F191}(ii) an EEA firm falling within paragraph 5(da) of Schedule 3 to the Act (reinsurance undertaking); or
 - (iii) a person established outside the United Kingdom and not falling within paragraph (ii) who carries on an activity of the kind specified by article 10 by way of business.]

Textual Amendments

- F190 Word in art. 39B(2)(b)(i) omitted (10.12.2007) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Reinsurance Directive) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/3254), arts. 1, 2(2)(a)
- **F191** Art. 39B(2)(b)(ii)(iii) substituted for art. 39B(2)(b)(ii) (10.12.2007) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Reinsurance Directive) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/3254), arts. 1, 2(2)(b)

Other exclusions U.K.

39C. Article 39A is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 67 (profession or non-investment business), 72A (information society services), 72B (activities carried on by a provider of relevant goods or services), 72C (provision of information about contracts of insurance on an incidental basis) [^{F192}, 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs) and 72D (large risks contracts where risk situated outside the EEA)].]

Textual Amendments

F192 Words in art. 39C substituted (22.7.2013) by virtue of The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(7)

[^{F193}CHAPTER 7B U.K.

ACTIVITIES IN RELATION TO DEBT

Textual Amendments

F193 Pt. 2 Ch. 7B inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 5

The activities

Debt adjusting U.K.

39D.—(1) When carried on in relation to debts due under a credit agreement—

- (a) negotiating with the lender, on behalf of the borrower, terms for the discharge of a debt,
- (b) taking over, in return for payments by the borrower, that person's obligation to discharge a debt, or
- (c) any similar activity concerned with the liquidation of a debt,

is a specified kind of activity.

- (2) When carried on in relation to debts due under a consumer hire agreement—
 - (a) negotiating with the owner, on behalf of the hirer, terms for the discharge of a debt,
 - (b) taking over, in return for payments by the hirer, that person's obligation to discharge a debt, or
 - (c) any similar activity concerned with the liquidation of a debt,

is a specified kind of activity.

Debt-counselling U.K.

39E.—(1) Giving advice to a borrower about the liquidation of a debt due under a credit agreement is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Giving advice to a hirer about the liquidation of a debt due under a consumer hire agreement is a specified kind of activity.

Debt-collecting U.K.

39F.—(1) Taking steps to procure the payment of a debt due under a credit agreement or a relevant article 36H agreement is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Taking steps to procure the payment of a debt due under a consumer hire agreement is a specified kind of activity.

(3) Paragraph (1) does not apply in so far as the activity is an activity of the kind specified by article 36H (operating an electronic system in relation to lending).

(4) In this article, "relevant article 36H agreement" means an article 36H agreement (within the meaning of article 36H) which has been entered into with the facilitation of an authorised person with permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by that article.

Debt administration U.K.

39G.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), taking steps—

- (a) to perform duties under a credit agreement or relevant article 36H agreement on behalf of the lender, or
- (b) to exercise or enforce rights under such an agreement on behalf of the lender,

is a specified kind of activity

- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), taking steps—
 - (a) to perform duties under a consumer hire agreement on behalf of the owner, or
 - (b) to exercise or enforce rights under such an agreement on behalf of the owner,

is a specified kind of activity.

(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply in so far as the activity is an activity of the kind specified by article 36H (operating an electronic system in relation to lending) or article 39F (debt-collecting).

(4) In this article, "relevant article 36H agreement" means an article 36H agreement (within the meaning of article 36H) which has been entered into with the facilitation of an authorised person with permission to carry on a regulated activity of the kind specified by that article.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Exclusions

Activities where person has a connection to the agreement U.K.

39H.—(1) There are excluded from articles 39D(1), 39E(1) and 39F(1) activities carried on by a person who is—

- (a) the lender under the agreement,
- (b) the supplier in relation to that agreement,
- (c) a person carrying on an activity of the kind specified by article 36A by way of business and who has acquired the business of the person who was the supplier in relation to the agreement, or
- (d) a person who would be carrying on an activity of the kind specified by article 36A by way of business but for the exclusion in article 36B where the agreement was made in consequence of an introduction (by that person or another person) to which article 36B applies.

(2) There are excluded from articles 39D(2), 39E(2) and 39F(2) activities carried on by a person who is—

- (a) the owner under the consumer hire agreement, or
- (b) a person who would be carrying on an activity of the kind specified by article 36A by way of business but for the exclusion in article 36B where the agreement was made in consequence of an introduction (by that person or another person) to which article 36B applies.

(3) There is excluded from article 39G(1) steps taken under or in relation to an agreement on behalf of a person who is, in relation to that agreement, a person falling within paragraph (1)(a) to (d).

(4) There is excluded from article 39G(2) steps taken under or in relation to a consumer hire agreement on behalf of a person who is, in relation to that agreement, a person falling within paragraph (2)(a) or (b).

(5) In paragraph (1), "supplier", in relation to an agreement, means—

- (a) a person, other than the lender, whose transaction with the borrower is, or is to be, financed by the agreement, or
- (b) a person to whom the rights and duties of a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) have been passed by assignment or operation of law.

Activities carried on by certain energy suppliers U.K.

39I.—(1) There are excluded from articles 39D, 39E, 39F and 39G activities carried on by a relevant energy supplier acting in that capacity in relation to debts due under a green deal plan associated with the supplier.

(2) A green deal plan is associated with a supplier if the payments under the plan are to be made to the supplier.

(3) In this article—

- (a) "green deal plan" has the meaning given by section 1 of the Energy Act 2011;
- (b) "relevant energy supplier" has the meaning given in regulations made for the purpose of section 2(9) of that Act.

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Activities carried on in relation to a relevant agreement in relation to land **U.K.**

39J. There are excluded from articles 39D, 39E, 39F and 39G activities that relate to a regulated mortgage contract or a regulated home purchase plan.

Activities carried on by members of the legal profession etc. U.K.

39K.—(1) There are excluded from articles 39D, 39E, 39F and 39G activities carried on by—

- (a) a barrister or advocate acting in that capacity;
- (b) a solicitor (within the meaning of the Solicitors Act 1974) acting in the course of contentious business (as defined in section 87(1) of that Act);
- (c) a solicitor within the meaning of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980 engaging in business done in or for the purposes of proceedings before a court or before an arbitrator;
- (d) a solicitor in Northern Ireland engaging in contentious business as defined in Article 3(2) of the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) Order 1976;
- (e) a relevant person (other than a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) to (d)) acting in the course of contentious business.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (e) of paragraph (1)—

"contentious business" means business done in or for the purposes of proceedings begun before a court or before an arbitrator, not being non-contentious or common form probate business (within the meaning of section 128 of the Senior Courts Act 1981);

"relevant person" means a person who, for the purposes of the Legal Services Act 2007, is an authorised person in relation to an activity which constitutes the exercise of a right of audience or the conduct of litigation (within the meaning of that Act).

Information society services U.K.

39L. Articles 39D, 39E, 39F and 39G are also subject to the exclusion in article 72A (information society services).

Supplemental

Meaning of "consumer" etc. U.K.

39M.—(1) For the purposes of sections 1G, 404E and 425A of the Act (meaning of "consumer"), in so far as those provisions relate to a person ("A") carrying on a regulated activity of the kind specified by article 39F (debt-collecting) or 39G (debt administration), or article 64 (agreeing to carry on specified kinds of activity) so far as relevant to that activity the following are to be treated as a "consumer"—

- (a) the borrower under the agreement or the hirer under the consumer hire agreement;
- (b) someone who has been the borrower or hirer under that agreement;
- (c) a person who is treated by A as a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) or (b).

(2) For the purposes of section 328(8) of the Act (meaning of "clients") in so far as that provision relates to a person ("A") carrying on a regulated activity of the kind specified by article 39F or 39G, the following are to be treated as a "client"—

- (a) the borrower under the agreement or the hirer under the consumer hire agreement;
- (b) someone who has been the borrower or hirer under that agreement;
- (c) a person who is treated by A as a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) or (b).

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) In this article, "borrower" includes (in addition to those persons included in the definition in article 60L)—

- (a) any person providing a guarantee or indemnity under the agreement, and
- (b) a person to whom the rights and duties of a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) have passed by assignment or operation of law.]

CHAPTER VIII U.K.

SAFEGUARDING AND ADMINISTERING INVESTMENTS

The activity

Safeguarding and administering investments U.K.

40.—(1) The activity consisting of both—

- (a) the safeguarding of assets belonging to another, and
- (b) the administration of those assets,

or arranging for one or more other persons to carry on that activity, is a specified kind of activity if the condition in sub-paragraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (2) is met.

- (2) The condition is that—
 - (a) the assets consist of or include any investment which is a security or a contractually based investment; or
 - (b) the arrangements for their safeguarding and administration are such that the assets may consist of or include such investments, and either the assets have at any time since 1st June 1997 done so, or the arrangements have at any time (whether before or after that date) been held out as ones under which such investments would be safeguarded and administered.
- (3) For the purposes of this article—
 - (a) it is immaterial that title to the assets safeguarded and administered is held in uncertificated form;
 - (b) it is immaterial that the assets safeguarded and administered may be transferred to another person, subject to a commitment by the person safeguarding and administering them, or arranging for their safeguarding and administration, that they will be replaced by equivalent assets at some future date or when so requested by the person to whom they belong.

Exclusions

Acceptance of responsibility by third party U.K.

41.—(1) There are excluded from article 40 any activities which a person carries on pursuant to arrangements which—

- (a) are ones under which a qualifying custodian undertakes to the person to whom the assets belong a responsibility in respect of the assets which is no less onerous than the qualifying custodian would have if the qualifying custodian were safeguarding and administering the assets; and
- (b) are operated by the qualifying custodian in the course of carrying on in the United Kingdom an activity of the kind specified by article 40.
- (2) In paragraph (1), "qualifying custodian" means a person who is—

- (a) an authorised person who has permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 40, or
- (b) an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt.

Introduction to qualifying custodians U.K.

42.—(1) There are excluded from article 40 any arrangements pursuant to which introductions are made by a person ("P") to a qualifying custodian with a view to the qualifying custodian providing in the United Kingdom a service comprising an activity of the kind specified by article 40, where the qualifying person (or other person who is to safeguard and administer the assets in question) is not connected with P.

- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)—
 - (a) "qualifying custodian" has the meaning given by article 41(2); and
 - (b) a person is connected with P if either he is a member of the same group as P, or P is remunerated by him.

[^{F194}Depositaries of UCITS and AIFs U.K.

42A. A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 40 if the person carries on the activity in relation to—

- (a) a UCITS, and the person has a Part 4A permission to carry on the activity specified in article 51ZB in respect of that UCITS; or
- (b) an AIF, and the person has a Part 4A permission to carry on the activity specified in article 51ZD in respect of that AIF.]

Textual Amendments

F194 Art. 42A inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(10)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C17 Art. 42A applied (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), regs. 1, 76(6)

Activities not constituting administration U.K.

43. The following activities do not constitute the administration of assets for the purposes of article 40—

- (a) providing information as to the number of units or the value of any assets safeguarded;
- (b) converting currency;
- (c) receiving documents relating to an investment solely for the purpose of onward transmission to, from or at the direction of the person to whom the investment belongs.

Other exclusions U.K.

44. Article 40 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 67 (profession or noninvestment business), 68 (sale of goods and supply of services), 69 (groups and joint enterprises) [F195 , 71 (employee share schemes)][F196 , 72A (information society services)] F197 , 72AA (managers of

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

UCITS and AIFs) and 72C (provisions of information about contracts of insurance on an incidental basis)]].

Textual Amendments

- F195 Words in art. 44 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(8)
- F196 Words in art. 44 substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 8
- F197 Words in art. 44 substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(9)

CHAPTER IX U.K.

SENDING DEMATERIALISED INSTRUCTIONS

The activities

Sending dematerialised instructions U.K.

45.—(1) Sending, on behalf of another person, dematerialised instructions relating to a security [^{F198}or a contractually based investment] is a specified kind of activity, where those instructions are sent by means of a relevant system in respect of which an Operator is approved under the [^{F199}2001] Regulations.

(2) Causing dematerialised instructions relating to a security $[^{F200}$ or a contractually based investment] to be sent $[^{F201}$ on behalf of another person] by means of such a system is also a specified kind of activity where the person causing them to be sent is a system-participant.

(3) In this Chapter—

[^{F202}(a) "the 2001 Regulations" means the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001;]

(b) "dematerialised instruction", "Operator", "settlement bank" and "system-participant" have the meaning given by regulation 3 of the [^{F203}2001] Regulations.

Textual Amendments

- **F198** Words in art. 45(1) inserted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), **13(1)(a)**
- **F199** Word in art. 45(1) substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), **13(1)(b)**
- F200 Words in art. 45(2) inserted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 13(2)
- F201 Words in art. 45(2) inserted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), 7
- F202 Art. 45(3)(a) substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 13(3)(a)
- F203 Word in art. 45(3)(b) substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 13(3)(b)

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Exclusions

Instructions on behalf of participating issuers U.K.

46. There is excluded from article 45 the act of sending, or causing to be sent, a dematerialised instruction where the person on whose behalf the instruction is sent or caused to be sent is a participating issuer within the meaning of the $[^{F204}2001]$ Regulations.

Textual Amendments

F204 Word in art. 46 substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 13(4)

Instructions on behalf of settlement banks U.K.

47. There is excluded from article 45 the act of sending, or causing to be sent, a dematerialised instruction where the person on whose behalf the instruction is sent or caused to be sent is a settlement bank in its capacity as such.

Instructions in connection with takeover offers U.K.

48.—(1) There is excluded from article 45 of the act of sending, or causing to be sent, a dematerialised instruction where the person on whose behalf the instruction is sent or caused to be sent is an offeror making a takeover offer.

- (2) In this article—
 - (a) "offeror" means, in the case of a takeover offer made by two or more persons jointly, the joint offers or any of them;
 - (b) "takeover offer" means-
 - (i) an offer to acquire shares (which in this sub-paragraph has the same meaning as in [^{F205}section 974 of the Companies Act 2006]) in a body corporate incorporated in the United Kingdom which is a takeover offer within the meaning of [^{F206}Chapter 3 of Part 28] of that Act (or would be such an offer if that Part of that Act applied in relation to any body corporate);
 - (ii) an offer to acquire all or substantially all the shares, or all the shares of a particular class, in a body corporate incorporated outside the United Kingdom; or
 - (iii) an offer made to all the holders of shares, or shares of a particular class, in a body corporate to acquire a specified proportion of those shares;

but in determining whether an offer falls within paragraph (ii) there are to be disregarded any shares which the offeror or any associate of his (within the meaning of [^{F207}section 988 of the Companies Act 2006]) holds or has contracted to acquire; and in determining whether an offer falls within paragraph (iii) the offeror, any such associate and any person whose shares the offeror or any such associate has contracted to acquire is not to be regarded as a holder of shares.

Textual Amendments

^{F205 Words in art. 48(2)(b) substituted (6.4.2007) by The Companies Act 2006 (Commencement No. 2, Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/1093), art. 1(3), Sch. 3 para. 8(2)}

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- F206 Words in art. 48(2)(b) substituted (6.4.2007) by The Companies Act 2006 (Commencement No. 2, Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/1093), art. 1(3), Sch. 3 para. 8(3)
- F207 Words in art. 48(2)(b) substituted (6.4.2007) by The Companies Act 2006 (Commencement No. 2, Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/1093), art. 1(3), Sch. 3 para. 8(4)

Instructions in the course of providing a network U.K.

49. There is excluded from article 45 the act of sending, or causing to be sent, a dematerialised instruction as a necessary part of providing a network, the purpose of which is to carry dematerialised instructions which are at all time properly authenticated (within the meaning of the [$^{F208}2001$] Regulations).

Textual Amendments

F208 Word in art. 49 substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), **13(4)**

Other exclusions U.K.

50. Article 45 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.)[^{F209}, 69 (groups and joint enterprises)[^{F210}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)]].

Textual Amendments

F209 Words in art. 50 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(9)

F210 Words in art. 50 substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)

CHAPTER X U.K.

COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT F211...

Textual Amendments

F211 Word in Pt. 2 Ch. 10 heading omitted (22.7.2013) by virtue of The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(11)

The activities

Establishing etc. a collective investment scheme U.K.

^{F212}51.

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F212 Arts. 51ZA-51ZG substituted for arts. 51 and cross-heading (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(12)

^{[F212}Managing a UCITS U.K.

51ZA.—(1) Managing a UCITS is a specified kind of activity.

(2) A person manages a UCITS when the person carries on collective portfolio management of the UCITS within the meaning of the UCITS directive, which includes the functions referred to in Annex 2 to that directive (the text of which is set out in Schedule 6) in relation to a UCITS.

(3) If a person manages a UCITS and also carries on other activities in connection with or for the purposes of the management of that UCITS, such other activities are also included in the activity specified in paragraph (1).

Textual Amendments

F212 Arts. 51ZA-51ZG substituted for arts. 51 and cross-heading (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(12)

Acting as trustee or depositary of a UCITS U.K.

51ZB.—(1) Acting as—

- (a) the trustee of an authorised unit trust scheme, or
- (b) the depositary of an open-ended investment company or authorised contractual scheme,

where the scheme or company is a UCITS, is a specified kind of activity.

(2) In paragraph (1), "authorised contractual scheme", "authorised unit trust scheme", "trustee" and "depositary" have the meanings given by section 237 of the Act (other definitions).

Textual Amendments

F212 Arts. 51ZA-51ZG substituted for arts. 51 and cross-heading (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(12)

Managing an AIF U.K.

51ZC.—(1) Managing an AIF is a specified kind of activity.

(2) A person manages an AIF when the person performs at least risk management or portfolio management for the AIF.

(3) A person does not manage an AIF if the functions they perform for the AIF have been delegated to it by another person, provided that such other person is not an AIFM that has delegated such functions to the extent that it is a letter-box entity.

- (4) Paragraph (5) applies if a person manages an AIF, and also carries on-
 - (a) one or more of the additional activities listed in paragraph 2 of Annex 1 to the alternative investment fund managers directive (the text of which is set out in Schedule 7) for that AIF; or

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) one or more other activities in connection with or for the purposes of the management of that AIF.
- (5) The additional or other activities are included in the activity specified in paragraph (1).

(6) Any expression used in this article which is not defined in this Order and is used in the alternative investment fund managers directive has the same meaning as in that directive.

Textual Amendments

F212 Arts. 51ZA-51ZG substituted for arts. 51 and cross-heading (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(12)

Acting as trustee or depositary of an AIF U.K.

51ZD.—(1) Acting as—

- (a) the depositary of an AIF falling within paragraph (2),
- (b) the trustee of an authorised unit trust scheme which is an AIF that does not fall within paragraph (2), or
- (c) the depositary of an open-ended investment company or authorised contractual scheme which is an AIF that does not fall within paragraph (2),

is a specified kind of activity.

- (2) An AIF falls within this paragraph if it is-
 - (a) an AIF managed by a full-scope UK AIFM; or
 - (b) a UK AIF managed by an EEA AIFM.
- (3) In paragraph (1)(a) "depositary" means—
 - (a) a person appointed in compliance with the requirement for the AIFM to appoint a depositary at Article 21.1 of the alternative investment fund managers directive; or
 - (b) an Article 36 custodian as defined in regulation 57(5)(a) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013.

(4) In paragraph (1)(b) "authorised unit trust scheme" and "trustee" have the meanings given by section 237 of the Act.

(5) In paragraph (1)(c) "authorised contractual scheme" and "depositary" have the meanings given by section 237 of the Act.

(6) Until 22nd July 2017, an AIF also falls within paragraph (2) if the FCA or an authority in another EEA State has permitted a person with its registered office or a branch in the United Kingdom to be appointed as a depositary of the AIF in accordance with Article 61.5 of the alternative investment fund managers directive.

Textual Amendments

F212 Arts. 51ZA-51ZG substituted for arts. 51 and cross-heading (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(12)

Establishing etc. a collective investment scheme U.K.

51ZE. Establishing, operating or winding up a collective investment scheme is a specified kind of activity.

Textual Amendments

F212 Arts. 51ZA-51ZG substituted for arts. 51 and cross-heading (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(12)

Exclusions

Persons excluded from managing an AIF U.K.

51ZF. There is excluded from article 51ZC the activity of managing an AIF if the person carrying on the activity is listed or described in Schedule 8.

Operating a collective investment scheme in relation to a UCITS or an AIF U.K.

51ZG.—(1) A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 51ZE if the person carries on the activity—

- (a) in relation to a UCITS, and—
 - (i) at the time the person carries on the activity, the UCITS is managed by a person with a Part 4A permission to carry on the activity specified by article 51ZA in respect of that UCITS; or
 - (ii) no more than the permitted period has passed since the UCITS was managed by a person with such a Part 4A permission; or
- (b) in relation to an AIF, and-
 - (i) at the time the person carries on the activity, the AIF is managed by-
 - (aa) a person with a Part 4A permission to carry on the activity specified by article 51ZC in respect of that AIF; or
 - (bb) a person registered as a small registered UK AIFM because the conditions in regulation 10(4) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 are met in respect of that AIF; or
 - (ii) no more than the permitted period has passed since the AIF was managed by a person with such a Part 4A permission or registration.
- (2) In this article "the permitted period" means a period calculated as follows-
 - (a) subject to sub-paragraphs (b) and (c), the period is 30 days;
 - (b) if, before the end of the period, the FCA receives notice of the action being taken to appoint a person with a Part 4A permission or registration to manage the UCITS or AIF, the period is extended by a further 30 days, and may be so extended a second time;
 - (c) if, before the end of the period calculated in accordance with sub-paragraphs (a) and (b), the FCA receives notice of a proposal in respect of the UCITS or AIF for a new manager under section 251(3) of the Act, a new operator under section 261Q(5) of the Act or a new director under regulation 21(1)(e) of the Open-Ended Investment Company Regulations 2001, the period is further extended until the earlier of—
 - (i) the date on which the FCA gives written notice of its approval to the proposal;
 - (ii) the date on which the FCA gives a decision notice refusing the proposal; or
 - (iii) one month after the date on which notice of the proposal was given.]

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

F212

[^{F213}Information society services [^{F214} and managers of UCITS and AIFs] U.K.

51A. [^{F215}Articles 51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, and 51ZE are also] subject to the [^{F216}exclusions] in article 72A (information society services) [^{F217} and article 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs).]]

Textual Amendments

- F213 Art. 51A and cross-heading inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(10)
- F214 Words in art. 51A heading inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(a)
- F215 Words in art. 51A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(13)
- F216 Word in art. 51A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(b)
- F217 Words in art. 51A inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(c)

CHAPTER XI U.K.

F218... PENSION SCHEMES

Textual Amendments

F218 Word in Pt. 2 Ch. 11 title omitted (1.10.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), arts. 1(2), **2(3)**

The activities

[^{F219}Establishing etc. a pension scheme U.K.

52. The following are specified kinds of activity—

- (a) establishing, operating or winding up a stakeholder pension scheme;
- (b) establishing, operating or winding up a personal pension scheme.]

Textual Amendments

F219 Art. 52 substituted (1.10.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), arts. 1(2), **2(4**)

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

[^{F220}Exclusion

Textual Amendments

F220 Art. 52A and cross-heading inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(11)

Information society services [^{F221} and managers of UCITS and AIFs] U.K.

52A. Article 52 is subject to the [^{F222}exclusions] in article 72A (information society services) [^{F223}and article 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs).]]

Textual Amendments

- F221 Words in art. 52A heading inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(a)
- F222 Word in art. 52A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(b)
- F223 Words in art. 52A inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(c)

[^{F224}CHAPTER XIA U.K.

PROVIDING BASIC ADVICE ON STAKEHOLDER PRODUCTS

Textual Amendments

F224 Pt. 2 Ch. 11A inserted (6.4.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2737), arts. 1(1), 3

The activity

Providing basic advice on stakeholder products U.K.

52B.—(1) Providing basic advice to a retail consumer on a stakeholder product is a specified kind of activity.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a person ("P") provides basic advice when-

- (a) he asks a retail consumer questions to enable him to assess whether a stakeholder product is appropriate for that consumer; and
- (b) relying on the information provided by the retail consumer P assesses that a stakeholder product is appropriate for the retail consumer and—

(i) describes that product to that consumer;

- (ii) gives a recommendation of that product to that consumer; and
- (c) the retail consumer has indicated to P that he has understood the description and the recommendation in sub-paragraph (b).
- (3) In this article—

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"retail consumer" means any person who is advised by P on the merits of opening or buying a stakeholder product in the course of a business carried on by P and who does not receive the advice in the course of a business carried on by him;

"stakeholder product" means—

- (a) an account which qualifies as a stakeholder child trust fund within the meaning given by the Child Trust Funds Regulations 2004;
- (b) [^{F225}rights under a stakeholder pension scheme;]

"relevant stakeholder pension scheme" means a stakeholder pension scheme within the meaning given by section 1 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 and which is subject to lifestyling, and

"lifestyling" means the process, applied from a date at least five years before the member's retirement date, or, in the case of a member who joins the scheme less than five years before his retirement date, immediately after he becomes a member, and continuing until the member's retirement date, by which an investment strategy is adopted by the trustees or manager which aims progressively to minimise the variation or potential variation in the value of the member's rights caused by market conditions from time to time, and the words "member" and "scheme" have the same meaning as they have in the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999;

(c) an investment of a kind specified in regulations made by the Treasury.]

Textual Amendments

F225 Words in art. 52B(3) substituted (6.4.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/593), arts. 1, 2(3)

CHAPTER XII U.K.

ADVISING ON INVESTMENTS

The activity

Advising on investments U.K.

53. Advising a person is a specified kind of activity if the advice is—

- (a) given to the person in his capacity as an investor or potential investor, or in his capacity as agent for an investor or a potential investor; and
- (b) advice on the merits of his doing any of the following (whether as principal or agent)-
 - (i) buying, selling, subscribing for or underwriting a particular investment which is a security or a [^{F226}relevant investment], or
 - (ii) exercising any right conferred by such an investment to buy, sell, subscribe for or underwrite such an investment.

Textual Amendments

F226 Words in art. 53(b)(i) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 9(1)

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

[^{F227}Advising on regulated mortgage contracts U.K.

53A.—(1) Advising a person is a specified kind of activity if the advice—

- (a) is given to the person in his capacity as a borrower or potential borrower; and
- (b) is advice on the merits of his doing any of the following-
 - (i) entering into a particular regulated mortgage contract, or
 - (ii) varying the terms of a regulated mortgage contract entered into by him after the coming into force of article 61 in such a way as to vary his obligations under that contract.
- (2) In this article, "borrower" has the meaning given by article 61(3)(a)(i).]

Textual Amendments

F227 Art. 53A inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 13

[^{F228}Advising on regulated home reversion plans U.K.

- 53B. Advising a person is a specified kind of activity if the advice—
 - (a) is given to the person in his capacity as—
 - (i) a reversion seller or potential reversion seller, or
 - (ii) a plan provider or potential plan provider; and
 - (b) is advice on the merits of his doing either of the following-
 - (i) entering into a particular regulated home reversion plan, or
 - (ii) varying the terms of a regulated home reversion plan, entered into on or after 6th April 2007 by him, in such a way as to vary his obligations under that plan.]

Textual Amendments

F228 Arts. 53B, 53C inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 13

[^{F228}Advising on regulated home purchase plans U.K.

53C. Advising a person is a specified kind of activity if the advice—

- (a) is given to the person in his capacity as a home purchaser or potential home purchaser; and
- (b) is advice on the merits of his doing either of the following—
 - (i) entering into a particular regulated home purchase plan, or
 - (ii) varying the terms of a regulated home purchase plan, entered into on or after 6th April 2007 by him, in such a way as to vary his obligations under that plan.]

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F228 Arts. 53B, 53C inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **13**

[^{F229}Advising on regulated sale and rent back agreements U.K.

53D. Advising a person is a specified kind of activity if the advice—

- (a) is given to the person ("A") in A's capacity as-
 - (i) an agreement seller or potential agreement seller, or
 - (ii) an agreement provider or potential agreement provider; and
- (b) is advice on the merits of A doing either of the following—
 - (i) entering into a particular regulated sale and rent back agreement; or
 - (ii) varying the terms of a regulated sale and rent back agreement entered into on or after 1st July 2009 by A as agreement seller or agreement provider, in such a way so as to vary A's obligations under that agreement.]

Textual Amendments

F229 Art. 53D inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 13

Exclusions

Advice given in newspapers etc. U.K.

54.—(1) There is excluded from [^{F230}articles 53, 53A, 53B [^{F231}, 53C and 53D]] the giving of advice in writing or other legible form if the advice is contained in a newspaper, journal, magazine, or other periodical publication, or is given by way of a service comprising regularly updated news or information, if the principal purpose of the publication or service, taken as a whole and including any advertisements or other promotional material contained in it, is neither—

(a) that of giving advice of a kind mentioned in article 53 [^{F232}, 53A, 53B [^{F233}, 53C or 53D,] as the case may be]; nor

 $I^{F234}(b)$ that of leading or enabling persons—

- (i) to buy, sell, subscribe for or underwrite securities or [^{F235}relevant investments], or (as the case may be),
- (ii) to enter as borrower into regulated mortgage contracts, or vary the terms of regulated mortgage contracts entered into by them as borrower[^{F236};
- (iii) to enter as reversion seller or plan provider into regulated home reversion plans, or vary the terms of regulated home reversion plans entered into by them as reversion seller or plan provider,
- (iv) to enter as home purchaser into regulated home purchase plans, or vary the terms of regulated home purchase plans entered into by them as home purchaser][^{F237};

(v) to enter as agreement seller or agreement provider into regulated sale and rent back agreements, or vary the terms of regulated sale and rent back agreements entered into by them as agreement seller or agreement provider].]

(2) There is also excluded from [F238 articles 53, 53A, 53B [F239 , 53C and 53D]] the giving of advice in any service consisting of the broadcast or transmission of television or radio programmes, if the principal purpose of the service, taken as a whole and including any advertisements or other promotional material contained in it, is neither of those mentioned in paragraph (1)(a) and (b).

(3) [^{F240}The FCA] may, on the application of the proprietor of any such publication or service as is mentioned in paragraph (1) or (2), certify that it is of the nature described in that paragraph, and may revoke any such certificate if it considers that it is no longer justified.

(4) A certificate given under paragraph (3) and not revoked is conclusive evidence of the matters certified.

Textual Amendments

- **F230** Words in art. 54(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 14(a)(i)
- **F231** Words in art. 54(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **14(a)**
- **F232** Words in art. 54(1)(a) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 14(a)(ii)
- **F233** Words in art. 54(1)(a) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **14(b)**
- **F234** Art. 54(1)(b) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **14(4)**
- F235 Words in art. 54(1)(b) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 9(2)
- F236 Art. 54(1)(b)(iii)(iv) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 14(a)(iii)
- F237 Art. 54(1)(b)(v) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 14(c)
- **F238** Words in art. 54(2) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **14(b)**
- **F239** Words in art. 54(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **14(d)**
- **F240** Words in art. 54(3) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

[^{F241}Advice given in the course of administration by authorised person U.K.

54A.—[

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

 $^{F242}(1)$] A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 53A by reason of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated mortgage contract which B is administering pursuant to arrangements of the kind mentioned in article 62(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated mortgage contract in circumstances falling within article 62(b).

[

 $^{F243}(2)$ A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 53B by reason of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated home reversion plan which B is administering pursuant to arrangements of the kind mentioned in article 63C(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated home reversion plan in circumstances falling within article 63C(b).

(3) A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 53C by reason of—

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated home purchase plan which B is administering pursuant to arrangements of the kind mentioned in article 63G(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated home purchase plan in circumstances falling within article 63G(b).]

 $^{F244}(4)$ A person who is not an authorised person ("A") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 53D by reason of

- (a) anything done by an authorised person ("B") in relation to a regulated sale and rent back agreement which B is administering pursuant to arrangements of the kind mentioned in article 63K(a); or
- (b) anything A does in connection with the administration of a regulated sale and rent back agreement in circumstances falling within article 63K(b).]]

Textual Amendments

- F241 Art. 54A inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 15
- F242 Art. 54A(1): art. 54A renumbered as art. 54A(1) (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **15(a)**
- F243 Art. 54A(2)(3) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 15(b)
- F244 Art. 54A(4) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 15

Other exclusions U.K.

55.—[^{F245}(1)] Article 53 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 67, (profession or non-investment business), 68 (sale of goods and supply of services), 69 (groups and joint enterprises), 70 (sale of body corporate) [^{F246}, 72 (overseas persons)][^{F247}, 72A (information society services), 72B (activities carried on by a provider of relevant goods or services) [^{F248}, 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs) and 72D (large risks contracts where risk situated outside the EEA)]].

[^{F249}(2) [^{F250}Articles 53A, 53B [^{F251}, 53C and 53D] are] also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 67 (profession or non-investment business) [^{F252}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

Textual Amendments

- **F245** Art. 55(1): art. 55 renumbered as art. 55(1) (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **16(a)**
- F246 Words in art. 55 substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(12)
- F247 Words in art. 55(1) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 9(3)
- F248 Words in art. 55(1) substituted (22.7.2013) by virtue of The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(7)
- **F249** Art. 55(2) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **16(b)**
- F250 Words in art. 55(2) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 16
- F251 Words in art. 55(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 16
- F252 Words in art. 55(2) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)

CHAPTER XIII U.K.

LLOYD'S

The activities

Advice on syndicate participation at Lloyd's U.K.

56. Advising a person to become, or continue or cease to be, a member of a particular Lloyd's syndicate is a specified kind of activity.

Managing the underwriting capacity of a Lloyd's syndicate U.K.

57. Managing the underwriting capacity of a Lloyd's syndicate as a managing agent at Lloyd's is a specified kind of activity.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Arranging deals in contracts of insurance written at Lloyd's U.K.

58. The arranging, by the society incorporated by Lloyd's Act 1871 ^{M20} by the name of Lloyd's, of deals in contracts of insurance written at Lloyd's, is a specified kind of activity.

Marginal Citations M20 1871 c. 21.

[^{F253}Exclusion

Textual Amendments

F253 Art. 58A and cross-heading inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(13)

Information society services [^{F254} and managers of UCITS and AIFs] U.K.

58A. Articles 56 to 58 are subject to the [F255 exclusions] in article 72A (information society services) [F256 and article 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs).]]

Textual Amendments

- F254 Words in art. 58A heading inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(a)
- F255 Word in art. 58A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(b)
- **F256** Words in art. 58A inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(c)

CHAPTER XIV U.K.

FUNERAL PLAN CONTRACTS

The activity

Funeral plan contracts U.K.

59.—(1) Entering as provider into a funeral plan contract is a specified kind of activity.

- (2) A "funeral plan contract" is a contract (other than one excluded by article 60) under which—
 - (a) a person ("the customer") makes one or more payments to another person ("the provider"); and
 - (b) the provider undertakes to provide, or secure that another person provides, a funeral in the United Kingdom for the customer (or some other person who is living at the date when the contract is entered into) on his death;

unless, at the time of entering into the contract, the customer and the provider intend or expect the funeral to occur within one month.

Commencement Information

I1 Art. 59 in force at 1.1.2002, see art. 2(2)(a)

[F257 Exclusions]

Textual Amendments

F257 Art. 60 cross-heading substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(14)

Plans covered by insurance or trust arrangements U.K.

60.—(1) There is excluded from article 59 any contract under which—

- (a) the provider undertakes to secure that sums paid by the customer under the contract will be applied towards a contract of whole life insurance on the life of the customer (or other person for whom the funeral is to be provided), effected and carried out by an authorised person who has permission to effect and carry out such contracts of insurance, for the purpose of providing the funeral; or
- (b) the provider undertakes to secure that sums paid by the customer under the contract will be held on trust for the purpose of providing the funeral, and that the following requirements are or will be met with respect to the trust—
 - (i) the trust must be established by a written instrument;
 - (ii) more than half of the trustees must be unconnected with the provider;
 - (iii) the trustees must appoint, or have appointed, an independent fund manager who is an authorised person who has permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 37, and who is a person who is unconnected with the provider, to manage the assets of the trust;
 - (iv) annual accounts must be prepared, and audited by a person who is eligible for appointment as a [^{F258}statutory auditor under Part 42 of the Companies Act 2006], with respect to the assets and liabilities of the trust; and
 - (v) the assets and liabilities of the trust must, at least once every three years, be determined, calculated and verified by an actuary who is a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries or of the Faculty of Actuaries.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b)(ii) and (iii), a person is unconnected with the provider if he is a person other than—

- (a) the provider;
- (b) a member of the same group as the provider;
- (c) a director, other officer or employee of the provider, or of any member of the same group as the provider;
- (d) a partner of the provider;
- (e) a close relative of a person falling within sub-paragraph (a), (c) or (d); or
- (f) an agent of any person falling within sub-paragraphs (a) to (e).

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F258 Words in art. 60(1)(b)(iv) substituted (6.4.2008) by virtue of The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments etc) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/948), art. 2(2), Sch. 1 para. 1(tt) (with arts. 6, 11, 12)

Commencement Information

I2 Art. 60 in force at 1.1.2002, see art. 2(2)(a)

[^{F259}Information society services [^{F260}and managers of UCITS and AIFs] U.K.

60A. Article 59 is subject to the [F261 exclusions] in article 72A (information society services) [F262 and article 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs).]]

Textual Amendments

- F259 Art. 60A inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(15)
- F260 Words in art. 60A heading inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(a)
- F261 Word in art. 60A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(b)
- **F262** Words in art. 60A inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(4)(c)

[^{F263}Chapter 14A U.K.

REGULATED CREDIT AGREEMENTS

Textual Amendments

F263 Pt. 2 Chs. 14A, 14B inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 6

The activities

Regulated credit agreements U.K.

60B.—(1) Entering into a regulated credit agreement as lender is a specified kind of activity.

(2) It is a specified kind of activity for the lender or another person to exercise, or to have the right to exercise, the lender's rights and duties under a regulated credit agreement.

(3) In this article—

"credit agreement" means an agreement between an individual or relevant recipient of credit ("A") and any other person ("B") under which B provides A with credit of any amount;

"exempt agreement" means a credit agreement which is an exempt agreement under articles 60C to 60H;

"regulated credit agreement" means any credit agreement which is not an exempt agreement.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the agreement U.K.

60C.—(1) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter in the following cases.

(2) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if it is a regulated mortgage contract or a regulated home purchase plan.

- (3) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if—
 - (a) the lender provides the borrower with credit exceeding £25,000, and
 - (b) the agreement is entered into by the borrower wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the borrower.
- (4) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if—
 - (a) the lender provides the borrower with credit of £25,000 or less,
 - (b) the agreement is entered into by the borrower wholly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the borrower, and
 - (c) the agreement is a green deal plan (within the meaning of section 1 of the Energy Act 2011).
- (5) For the purposes of paragraph (3), if an agreement includes a declaration which-
 - (a) is made by the borrower,
 - (b) provides that the agreement is entered into by the borrower wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the borrower, and
 - (c) complies with rules made by the FCA for the purpose of this article,

the agreement is to be presumed to have been entered into by the borrower wholly or predominantly for the purposes specified in sub-paragraph (b) unless paragraph (6) applies.

(6) This paragraph applies if, when the agreement is entered into—

- (a) the lender (or, if there is more than one lender, any of the lenders), or
- (b) any person who has acted on behalf of the lender (or, if there is more than one lender, any of the lenders) in connection with the entering into of the agreement,

knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that the agreement is not entered into by the borrower wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the borrower.

(7) Paragraphs (5) and (6) also apply for the purposes of paragraph (4) but with the omission of the words "or predominantly".

(8) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if it is made in connection with trade in goods or services—

- (a) between the United Kingdom and a country outside the United Kingdom,
- (b) within a country, or
- (c) between countries outside the United Kingdom, and

the credit is provided to the borrower in the course of a business carried on by the borrower.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C18 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by S.I. 2005/1529, Sch. 1 para. 4C(7) (as inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 17(6)(a))

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- C19 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by 1974 c. 39, s. 55C(5) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 20(23))
- C20 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by 1974 c. 39, s. 60(6) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 20(24))
- C21 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by 1974 c. 39, s. 61A(7) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 20(25))
- C22 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by 1974 c. 39, s. 75A(7) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 20(28))
- C23 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by 1974 c. 39, s. 77B(10) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 20(29))
- C24 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by S.I. 1983/1553, reg. 8(1B) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 23(4))
- C25 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by S.I. 2010/1013, reg. 2(6) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 26(4))
- C26 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by S.I. 2010/1013, reg. 6(3) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 26(6))
- C27 Art. 60C(5)(6) applied by S.I. 2010/1014, reg. 2(6) (as substituted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 27(4))

Exempt agreements: exemption relating to the purchase of land for non-residential purposes **U.K.**

60D.—(1) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter if, at the time it is entered into, any sums due under it are secured by a legal mortgage on land and the condition in paragraph (2) is satisfied.

(2) The condition is that less than 40% of the land is used, or is intended to be used, as or in connection with a dwelling—

- (a) by the borrower or a related person of the borrower, or
- (b) in the case of credit provided to trustees, by an individual who is a beneficiary of the trust or a related person of a beneficiary.
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2)—
 - (a) the area of any land which comprises a building or other structure containing two or more storeys is to be taken to be the aggregate of the floor areas of each of those stories;
 - (b) "related person" in relation to a person ("B") who is the borrower or (in the case of credit provided to trustees) a beneficiary of the trust, means—
 - (i) B's spouse or civil partner,
 - (ii) a person (whether or not of the opposite sex) whose relationship with B has the characteristics of the relationship between husband and wife, or
 - (iii) B's parent, brother, sister, child, grandparent or grandchild.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the lender U.K.

60E.—(1) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter in the following cases.

(2) A relevant credit agreement relating to the purchase of land is an exempt agreement if the lender is—

- (a) specified, or of a description specified, in rules made by the FCA under paragraph (3), or
- (b) a local authority.
- (3) The FCA may make rules specifying any of the following for the purpose of paragraph (2)—
 - (a) an authorised person with permission to effect or carry out contracts of insurance;
 - (b) a friendly society;
 - (c) an organisation of employers or organisation of workers;
 - (d) a charity;
 - (e) an improvement company (within the meaning given by section 7 of the Improvement of Land Act 1899);
 - (f) a body corporate named or specifically referred to in any public general Act;
 - (g) a body corporate named or specifically referred to in, or in an order made under, a relevant housing provision;
 - (h) a building society (within the meaning of the Building Societies Act 1986);
 - (i) an authorised person with permission to accept deposits.
- (4) Rules under paragraph (3) may—
 - (a) specify a particular person or class of persons;
 - (b) be limited so as to apply only to agreements or classes of agreement specified in the rules.
- (5) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if it is—
 - (a) secured by a legal mortgage on land,
 - (b) that land is used or is intended to be used as or in connection with a dwelling, and
 - (c) the lender is a housing authority.
- (6) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) the lender is an investment firm or a credit institution, and
 - (b) the agreement is entered into for the purpose of allowing the borrower to carry out a transaction relating to one or more financial instruments.
- (7) In this article—

"housing authority" means-

- (a) in England and Wales, the Homes and Communities Agency, the Welsh Ministers or a private registered provider (within the meaning of Part 2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008);
- (b) in Scotland, the Scottish Ministers or a registered social landlord (within the meaning of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010;
- (c) in Northern Ireland, the Northern Ireland Housing Executive;

"relevant credit agreement relating to the purchase of land" means-

- (a) a borrower-lender-supplier agreement financing—
 - (i) the purchase of land, or
 - (ii) provision of dwellings on land,

and secured by a legal mortgage on that land,

- (b) a borrower-lender agreement secured by a legal mortgage on land, or
- (c) a borrower-lender-supplier agreement financing a transaction which is a linked transaction in relation to—
 - (i) an agreement falling within sub-paragraph (a), or
 - (ii) an agreement falling within sub-paragraph (b) financing-
 - (aa) the purchase of land,
 - (bb) the provision of dwellings on land,

and secured by a legal mortgage on the land referred to in sub-paragraph (a) or the land referred to in paragraph (ii);

"relevant housing provision" means any of the following-

- (a) section 156(4) or 447(2)(a) of the Housing Act 1985,
- (b) section 156(4) of that Act as it has effect by virtue of section 17 of the Housing Act 1996 (the right to acquire), or
- (c) article 154(1)(a) of the Housing (Northern Ireland) Order 1981.

(8) For the purposes of the definition of "relevant credit agreement relating to the purchase of land", a transaction is, unless paragraph (9) applies, a "linked transaction" in relation to a credit agreement ("the principal agreement") if—

- (a) it is (or will be) entered into by the borrower under the principal agreement or by a relative of the borrower,
- (b) it does not relate to the provision of security,
- (c) it does not form part of the principal agreement, and
- (d) one of the following conditions is satisfied—
 - (i) the transaction is entered into in compliance with a term of the principal agreement;
 - (ii) the principal agreement is a borrower-lender-supplier agreement and the transaction is financed, or to be financed, by the principal agreement;
 - (iii) the following conditions are met—
 - (aa) the other party is a person to whom paragraph (10) applies,
 - (bb) the other party initiated the transaction by suggesting it to the borrower or the relative of the borrower, and
 - (cc) the borrower or the relative of the borrower enters into the transaction to induce the lender to enter into the principal agreement or for another purpose related to the principal agreement or to a transaction financed or to be financed by the principal agreement.
- (9) This paragraph applies if the transaction is—
 - (a) a contract of insurance,
 - (b) a contract which contains a guarantee of goods, or
 - (c) a transaction which comprises, or is effected under-
 - (i) an agreement for the operation of an account (including any savings account) for the deposit of money, or
 - (ii) an agreement for the operation of a current account, under which the customer ("C") may, by means of cheques or similar orders payable to C or to any other person,

obtain or have the use of money held or made available by the person with whom the account is kept.

- (10) The persons to whom this paragraph applies are—
 - (a) the lender;
 - (b) the lender's associate;
 - (c) a person who, in the negotiation of the transaction, is represented by a person who carries on an activity of the kind specified by article 36A (credit broking) by way of business who is or was also a negotiator in negotiations for the principal agreement;
 - (d) a person who, at the time the transaction is initiated, knows that the principal agreement has been made or contemplates that it might be made.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to number of repayments to be made U.K.

60F.—(1) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter in the following cases.

- (2) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) the agreement is a borrower-lender-supplier agreement for fixed-sum credit,
 - (b) the number of payments to be made by the borrower is not more than four,
 - (c) those payments are required to be made within a period of 12 months or less (beginning on the date of the agreement),
 - (d) the credit is-
 - (i) secured on land, or
 - (ii) provided without interest or other significant charges, and
 - (e) paragraph (7) does not apply to the agreement.
- (3) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) the agreement is a borrower-lender-supplier agreement for running-account credit,
 - (b) the borrower is to make payments in relation to specified periods which must be, unless the agreement is secured on land, of 3 months or less,
 - (c) the number of payments to be made by the borrower in repayment of the whole amount of credit provided in each such period is not more than one,
 - (d) the credit is—
 - (i) secured on land, or
 - (ii) provided without interest or other significant charges, and
 - (e) paragraph (7) does not apply to the agreement.
- (4) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) the agreement is a borrower-lender-supplier agreement financing the purchase of land,
 - (b) the number of payments to be made by the borrower is not more than four, and
 - (c) the credit is—
 - (i) secured on land, or
 - (ii) provided without interest or other charges.
- (5) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if—
 - (a) the agreement is a borrower-lender-supplier agreement for fixed-sum credit,

- (b) the credit is to finance a premium under a contract of insurance relating to land or anything on land,
- (c) the lender is the lender under a credit agreement secured by a legal mortgage on that land,
- (d) the credit is to be repaid within the period (which must be 12 months or less) to which the premium relates,
- (e) in the case of an agreement secured on land, there is no charge forming part of the total charge for credit under the agreement other than interest at a rate not exceeding the rate of interest from time to time payable under the agreement mentioned at sub-paragraph (c),
- (f) in the case of an agreement which is not secured on land, the credit is provided without interest or other charges, and
- (g) the number of payments to be made by the borrower is not more than twelve.
- (6) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) the agreement is a borrower-lender-supplier agreement for fixed-sum credit,
 - (b) the lender is the lender under a credit agreement secured by a legal mortgage on land,
 - (c) the agreement is to finance a premium under a contract of whole life insurance which provides, in the event of the death of the person on whose life the contract is effected before the credit referred to in sub-paragraph (b) has been repaid, for payment of a sum not exceeding the amount sufficient to meet the amount which, immediately after that credit has been advanced, would be payable to the lender in respect of that credit (including interest from time to time payable under that agreement),
 - (d) in the case of an agreement secured on land, there is no charge forming part of the total charge for credit under the agreement other than interest at a rate not exceeding the rate of interest from time to time payable under the agreement mentioned at sub-paragraph (b),
 - (e) in the case of an agreement which is not secured on land, the credit is provided without interest or other charges, and
 - (f) the number of payments to be made by the borrower is not more than twelve.
- (7) This paragraph applies to—
 - (a) agreements financing the purchase of land;
 - (b) agreements which are conditional sale agreements or hire-purchase agreements;
 - (c) agreements secured by a pledge (other than a pledge of documents of title or of bearer bonds).

(8) In this article, "payment" means a payment comprising an amount in respect of credit with or without any other amount.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the total charge for credit U.K.

60G.—(1) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter in the following cases.

- (2) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) it is a borrower-lender agreement, and
 - (b) the lender is a credit union and the rate of the total charge for credit does not exceed 42.6 per cent.
- (3) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if—
 - (a) it is a borrower-lender agreement,

- (b) it is an agreement of a kind offered to a particular class of individual or relevant recipient of credit and not offered to the public generally,
- (c) it provides that the only charge included in the total charge for credit is interest,
- (d) interest under the agreement may not at any time be more than the sum of one per cent and the highest of the base rates published by the banks specified in paragraph (7) on the date 28 days before the date on which the interest is charged, and
- (e) paragraph (5) does not apply to the agreement.
- (4) A credit agreement is an exempt agreement if-
 - (a) it is a borrower-lender agreement,
 - (b) it is an agreement of a kind offered to a particular class of individual or relevant recipient of credit and not offered to the public generally,
 - (c) it does not provide for or permit an increase in the rate or amount of any item which is included in the total charge for credit,
 - (d) the total charge for credit under the agreement is not more than the sum of one per cent and the highest of the base rates published by the banks specified in paragraph (7) on the date 28 days before the date on which the charge is imposed, and
 - (e) paragraph (5) does not apply to the agreement.
- (5) This paragraph applies to an agreement if—
 - (a) the total amount to be repaid by the borrower to discharge the borrower's indebtedness may vary according to a formula which is specified in the agreement and which has effect by reference to movements in the level of any index or other factor, or
 - (b) the agreement—
 - (i) is not secured on land,
 - (ii) is not offered by a lender who is an employer to a borrower as an incident of employment with the lender, and
 - (iii) does not meet the general interest test.
- (6) For the purposes of paragraph (5), an agreement meets the general interest test if-
 - (a) the agreement is offered under an enactment with a general interest purpose, and
 - (b) the terms on which the credit is provided are more favourable to the borrower than those prevailing on the market, either because the rate of interest is lower than that prevailing on the market, or because the rate of interest is no higher than that prevailing on the market but the other terms on which credit is provided are more favourable to the borrower.
- (7) The banks specified in this paragraph are—
 - (a) the Bank of England;
 - (b) Bank of Scotland;
 - (c) Barclays Bank plc;
 - (d) Clydesdale Bank plc;
 - (e) Co-operative Bank Public Limited Company;
 - (f) Coutts & Co;
 - (g) National Westminster Bank Public Limited Company;
 - (h) the Royal Bank of Scotland plc.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the borrower U.K.

60H. A credit agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter if—

- (a) the borrower is an individual,
- (b) the agreement is either—
 - (i) secured on land, or
 - (ii) for credit which exceeds £60,260,
- (c) the agreement includes a declaration made by the borrower which provides that the borrower agrees to forgo the protection and remedies that would be available to the borrower if the agreement were a regulated credit agreement and which complies with rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this paragraph,
- (d) a statement has been made in relation to the income or assets of the borrower which complies with rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this paragraph,
- (e) the connection between the statement and the agreement complies with any rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this paragraph (including as to the period of time between the making of the statement and the agreement being entered into), and
- (f) a copy of the statement was provided to the lender before the agreement was entered into.

Exclusions

Arranging administration by authorised person U.K.

60I. A person ("A") who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 60B(2) in relation to a regulated credit agreement where A—

- (a) arranges for another person, who is an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of that kind, to exercise or to have the right to exercise the lender's rights and duties under the agreement, or
- (b) exercises or has the right to exercise the lender's rights and duties under the agreement during a period of not more than one month beginning with the day on which any such arrangement comes to an end.

Administration pursuant to agreement with authorised person U.K.

60J. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 60B(2) in relation to regulated credit agreement if that person exercises or has the right to exercise the lender's rights and duties under the agreement pursuant to an agreement with an authorised person who has permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 60B(2).

Information society services U.K.

60K. Article 60B is also subject to the exclusion in article 72A (information society services).

Supplemental

Interpretation of Chapter 14A etc. U.K.

60L.—(1) In this Chapter—

"assignment", in relation to Scotland, means assignation;

"associate" means, in relation to a person ("P")-

- (a) where P is an individual, any person who is or who has been-
 - (i) P's spouse or P's civil partner;
 - (ii) a relative of P, of P's spouse or of P's civil partner;
 - (iii) the spouse or civil partner of a relative of P or P's spouse or civil partner;
 - (iv) if P is a member of a partnership, any of P's partners and the spouse or civil partner of any such person;
- (b) where P is a body corporate—
 - (i) any person who is a controller ("C") of P, and
 - (ii) any other person for whom C is a controller;

"borrower" means a person who receives credit under a credit agreement or a person to whom the rights and duties of a borrower under a credit agreement have passed by assignment or operation of law;

"borrower-lender agreement" means—

- (a) a credit agreement—
 - (i) to finance a transaction between the borrower and a person ("the supplier") other than the lender, and
 - (ii) which is not made by the lender under pre-existing arrangements, or in contemplation of future arrangements, between the lender and the supplier,
- (b) a credit agreement to refinance any existing indebtedness of the borrower, whether to the lender or another person, or
- (c) a credit agreement which is—
 - (i) an unrestricted-use credit agreement, and
 - (ii) not made by the lender—
 - (aa) under pre-existing arrangements between the lender and a person other than the borrower ("the supplier"), and
 - (bb) in the knowledge that the credit is to be used to finance a transaction between the borrower and the supplier;

"borrower-lender-supplier agreement" means-

- (a) a credit agreement to finance a transaction between the borrower and the lender, whether forming part of that agreement or not;
- (b) a credit agreement—
 - (i) to finance a transaction between the borrower and a person ("the supplier") other than the lender, and
 - (ii) which is made by the lender under pre-existing arrangements, or in contemplation of future arrangements, between the lender and the supplier, or
- (c) a credit agreement which is—
 - (i) an unrestricted-use credit agreement, and
 - (ii) made by the lender under pre-existing arrangements between the lender and a person ("the supplier") other than the borrower in the knowledge that the credit is to be used to finance a transaction between the borrower and the supplier;

"conditional sale agreement" means an agreement for the sale of goods or land under which the purchase price or part of it is payable by instalments, and the property in the goods or land is to remain with the seller (notwithstanding that the buyer is to be in possession of the goods

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

or land) until such conditions as to the payment of instalments or otherwise as may be specified in the agreement are fulfilled;

"credit" includes a cash loan and any other form of financial accommodation;

"credit agreement" has the meaning given by article 60B;

"credit union" means a credit union within the meaning of-

(a) the Credit Unions Act 1979;

(b) the Credit Unions (Northern Ireland) Order 1985;

"deposit" (except where specified otherwise) means any sum payable by a borrower by way of deposit or down-payment, or credited or to be credited to the borrower on account of any deposit or down-payment, whether the sum is to be or has been paid to the lender or any other person, or is to be or has been discharged by a payment of money or a transfer or delivery of goods or other means;

"exempt agreement" has the meaning given by article 60B;

"finance" includes financing in whole or in part, and "refinance" is to be read accordingly;

"fixed-sum credit" means a facility under a credit agreement whereby the borrower is enabled to receive credit (whether in one amount or by instalments) but which is not running-account credit;

"hire-purchase agreement" means an agreement-

- (a) which is not a conditional sale agreement,
- (b) under which goods are bailed or (in Scotland) hired to a person ("P") in return for periodical payments by P, and
- (c) the property in the goods will pass to P if the terms of the agreement are complied with and one or more of the following occurs—
 - (i) the exercise by P of an option to purchase the goods;
 - (ii) the doing by any party to the agreement of any other act specified in the agreement;
 - (iii) the happening of any event specified in the agreement;

"legal mortgage" includes charge and, in Scotland, a heritable security;

"lender" means-

- (a) the person providing credit under a credit agreement, or
- (b) a person who exercises or has the right to exercise the rights and duties of a person who provided credit under such an agreement;

"payment" (except in article 60F) means a payment comprising or including an amount in respect of credit;

"regulated credit agreement" has the meaning given by article 60B;

"relative" means brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, lineal ancestor or lineal descendent; "relevant recipient of credit" means—

- (a) a partnership consisting of two or three persons not all of whom are bodies corporate, or
- (b) an unincorporated body of persons which does not consist entirely of bodies corporate and is not a partnership;

"restricted-use credit agreement" means a credit agreement-

(a) to finance a transaction between the borrower and the lender, whether forming part of that agreement or not,

- (b) to finance a transaction between the borrower and a person ("the supplier") other than the lender, or
- (c) to refinance any existing indebtedness of the borrower's, whether to the lender or another person;

"running-account credit" means a facility under a credit agreement under which the borrower or another person is enabled to receive from time to time from the lender or a third party cash, goods or services to an amount or value such that, taking into account payments made by or to the credit of the borrower, the credit limit (if any) is not at any time exceeded;

"security" in relation to a credit agreement, means a mortgage, charge, pledge, bond, debenture, indemnity, guarantee, bill, note or other right provided by the borrower or at the implied or express request of the borrower to secure the carrying out of the obligations of the borrower under the agreement;

"total charge for credit" has the meaning given in rules made by the FCA under article 60M;

"total price" means the total sum payable by the debtor under a hire-purchase agreement, including any sum payable on the exercise of an option to purchase but excluding any sum payable as a penalty or as compensation or damages for a breach of the agreement;

"unrestricted-use credit agreement" means a credit agreement which is not a restricted-use credit agreement.

(2) For the purposes of the definition of "restricted-use credit agreement"—

- (a) a credit agreement does not fall within the definition if the credit is in fact provided in such a way as to leave the borrower free to use it as the borrower chooses, even though certain uses would contravene that or any other agreement; and
- (b) an agreement may fall within paragraph (b) of the definition even though the identity of the supplier is unknown at the time the agreement is made.

(3) For the purposes of the definition of "borrower-lender agreement", a credit agreement is, subject to paragraph (6), entered into under pre-existing arrangements between a lender and a supplier if it is entered into in accordance with, or in connection with, arrangements previously made between the lender (or the lender's associate) and the supplier (or the supplier's associate) unless the arrangements fall within paragraph (5).

(4) For the purposes of the definition of "borrower-lender agreement", a credit agreement is entered into in contemplation of future arrangements between a lender and a supplier if it is entered into in the expectation that arrangements will subsequently be made between the lender (or the lender's associate) and the supplier (or the supplier's associate) for the supply of cash, goods or services to be financed by the credit agreement unless the arrangements fall within paragraph (5).

(5) Arrangements fall within this paragraph if they are—

- (a) for the making, in circumstances specified in the credit agreement, of payments to the supplier by the lender ("L") and L indicates that L is willing to make, in such circumstances, payments of the kind to suppliers generally, or
- (b) for the electronic transfer of funds from a current account held with an authorised person with permission to accept deposits (within the meaning given by article 3).

(6) If a lender is an associate of the supplier's, the credit agreement is to be treated as entered into under pre-existing arrangements between the lender and the supplier unless the lender can show that this is not the case.

(7) For the purposes of the definition of "running-account credit", "credit limit" means, as respects any period, the maximum debit balance which, under a credit agreement, is allowed to stand on the account during that period, disregarding any term of the agreement allowing that maximum to be exceeded on a temporary basis.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(8) For the purposes of this Chapter, a person by whom goods are bailed or (in Scotland) hired to an individual or relevant recipient of credit under a hire-purchase agreement is to be taken to be providing that individual or person with fixed-sum credit to finance the transaction of an amount equal to the total price of the goods less the aggregate of the deposit (if any) and the total charge for credit.

(9) For the purposes of this Chapter, where credit is provided otherwise than in sterling, it is to be treated as provided in sterling of an equivalent amount.

Total charge for credit U.K.

60M.—(1) The FCA may make rules specifying how the total charge for credit to the borrower under a credit agreement is to be determined for the purposes of this Chapter.

(2) Rules made under paragraph (1) may in particular—

- (a) specify how the total charge for credit to a person who is, or is to become, the borrower under a credit agreement is to be determined;
- (b) specify what items are to be included in determining the total charge for credit and how the value of those items is to be determined;
- (c) specify the method of calculating the rate of the total charge for credit;
- (d) provide for the whole or part of the amount payable by the borrower or a relative of the borrower under a linked transaction (within the meaning given by article 60E(8)) to be included in the total charge for credit, whether or not the lender is a party to the transaction or derives a benefit from it.

CHAPTER 14B U.K.

REGULATED CONSUMER HIRE AGREEMENTS

The activities

Regulated consumer hire agreements U.K.

60N.—(1) Entering into a regulated consumer hire agreement as owner is a specified kind of activity.

(2) It is a specified kind of activity for the owner or another person to exercise, or to have the right to exercise, the owner's rights and duties under a regulated consumer hire agreement.

(3) In this Chapter—

"consumer hire agreement" means an agreement between a person ("the owner") and an individual or relevant recipient of credit ("the hirer") for the bailment or, in Scotland, the hiring, of goods to the hirer which—

- (a) is not a hire-purchase agreement, and
- (b) is capable of subsisting for more than three months;

"exempt agreement" means a consumer hire agreement which is an exempt agreement under articles 600 to 60Q;

"owner" means-

- (a) the person who bails or, in Scotland, hires, goods under a regulated consumer hire agreement, or
- (b) a person who exercises or has the right to exercise the rights and duties of a person who bailed or, in Scotland, hired, goods under such an agreement;

"regulated consumer hire agreement" means a consumer hire agreement which is not an exempt agreement.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to nature of agreement U.K.

600.—(1) An agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter if—

- (a) the hirer is required by the agreement to make payments exceeding $\pounds 25,000$, and
- (b) the agreement is entered into by the hirer wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the hirer.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), if an agreement includes a declaration which-
 - (a) is made by the hirer,
 - (b) provides that the agreement is entered into by the hirer wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the hirer, and
 - (c) complies with rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this article,

the agreement is to be presumed to have been entered into by the hirer wholly or predominantly for the purpose in sub-paragraph (b) unless paragraph (3) applies.

- (3) This paragraph applies if, when the agreement is entered into—
 - (a) the owner (or, if there is more than one owner, any of the owners), or
 - (b) any person who has acted on behalf of the owner (or, if there is more than one owner, any of the owners), in connection with the entering into of the agreement,

knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that the agreement is not entered into by the hirer wholly or predominantly for the purposes of a business carried on, or intended to be carried on, by the hirer.

(4) For the purposes of this article, where credit is provided otherwise than in sterling, it is to be treated as provided in sterling of an equivalent amount.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to supply of essential services U.K.

60P. An agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter if—

- (a) the owner is a body corporate which is authorised by or under an enactment to supply gas, electricity or water, and
- (b) the subject of the agreement is a meter or metering equipment which is used (or is to be used) in connection with the supply of gas, electricity or water.

Exempt agreements: exemptions relating to the nature of the hirer U.K.

60Q. An agreement is an exempt agreement for the purposes of this Chapter if—

- (a) the hirer is an individual,
- (b) the agreement includes a declaration made by the hirer which provides that the hirer agrees to forgo the protection and remedies that would be available to the hirer if the agreement were a regulated consumer hire agreement and which complies with rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this paragraph,
- (c) a statement has been made in relation to the income or assets of the hirer which complies with rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this paragraph,
- (d) the connection between the statement and the agreement complies with any rules made by the FCA for the purposes of this paragraph (including as to the period of time between the making of the statement and the agreement being entered into), and

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(e) a copy of the statement was provided to the owner before the agreement was entered into.

Exclusion

Information society services U.K.

60R. Article 60N is subject to the exclusion in article 72A (information society services).]

CHAPTER XV U.K.

REGULATED MORTGAGE CONTRACTS

The activities

Regulated mortgage contracts U.K.

61.—(1) Entering into a regulated mortgage contract as lender is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Administering a regulated mortgage contract is also a specified kind of activity, where the contract was entered into $[^{F264}$ by way of business] after the coming into force of this article.

- (3) In this Chapter—
- [^{F265}(a) a contract is a "regulated mortgage contract" if, at the time it is entered into, the following conditions are met—
 - (i) the contract is one under which a person ("the lender") provides credit to an individual or to trustees ("the borrower");
 - (ii) the contract provides for the obligation of the borrower to repay to be secured by a first legal mortgage on land (other than timeshare accommodation) in the United Kingdom;
 - (iii) at least 40% of that land is used, or is intended to be used, as or in connection with a dwelling by the borrower or (in the case of credit provided to trustees) by an individual who is a beneficiary of the trust, or by a related person;

[^{F266}but such a contract is not a regulated mortgage contract if it is a regulated home purchase plan;]]

- (b) "administering" a regulated mortgage contract means either or both of-
 - (i) notifying the borrower of changes in interest rates or payments due under the contract, or of other matters of which the contract requires him to be notified; and
 - (ii) taking any necessary steps for the purposes of collecting or recovering payments due under the contract from the borrower;

but a person is not to be treated as administering a regulated mortgage contract merely because he has, or exercises, a right to take action for the purposes of enforcing the contract (or to require that such action is or is not taken);

- (c) "credit" includes a cash loan, and any other form of financial accommodation.
- (4) For the purposes of $[^{F267}$ paragraph 3(a)]—
 - (a) a "first legal mortgage" means a legal mortgage ranking in priority ahead of all other mortgages (if any) affecting the land in question, where "mortgage" includes charge and (in Scotland) a heritable security;
 - (b) the area of any land which comprises a building or other structure containing two or more storeys is to be taken to be the aggregate of the floor areas of each of those storeys;

- (c) "related person", in relation to the borrower or (in the case of credit provided to trustees) a beneficiary of the trust, means—
 - (i) that person's spouse [^{F268}or civil partner];
 - (ii) a person (whether or not of the opposite sex) whose relationship with that person has the characteristics of the relationship between husband and wife; or
 - (iii) that person's parent, brother, sister, child, grandparent or grandchild; and
- [^{F269}(d) "timeshare accommodation" means overnight accommodation which is the subject of a timeshare contract within the meaning of the Timeshare, Holiday Products, Resale and Exchange Contracts Regulations 2010.]

Textual Amendments

- **F264** Words in art. 61(2) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(1)(b), 8(a)
- **F265** Art. 61(3)(a) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(1)(b), **8(b)**
- F266 Words in art. 61(3)(a) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 17
- F267 Words in art. 61(4) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(1)(b), 8(c)
- F268 Words in art. 61(4)(c)(i) inserted (5.12.2005) by The Civil Partnership Act 2004 (Amendments to Subordinate Legislation) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/2114), reg. 1, Sch. 16 para. 1(3)
- F269 Art. 61(4)(d) substituted (23.2.2011) by The Timeshare, Holiday Products, Resale and Exchange Contracts Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/2960), reg. 1(2), Sch. 6 para. 7(2) (with Sch. 7 para. 4)

Commencement Information

I3 Art. 61 in force at 31.10.2004, see art. 1(2)(b) (as read with Treasury notice dated 9.7.2003)

Exclusions

Arranging administration by authorised person U.K.

62. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 61(2) in relation to a regulated mortgage contract where he—

- (a) arranges for another person, being an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of that kind, to administer the contract; or
- (b) administers the contract himself during a period of not more than one month beginning with the day on which any such arrangement comes to an end.

Commencement Information

I4 Art. 62 in force at 31.10.2004, see art. 1(2)(b) (as read with Treasury notice dated 9.7.2003)

Administration pursuant to agreement with authorised person U.K.

63. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 61(2) in relation to a regulated mortgage contract where he administers the contract pursuant to an agreement with an authorised person who has permission to carry on an activity of that kind.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I5 Art. 63 in force at 31.10.2004, see art. 1(2)(b) (as read with Treasury notice dated 9.7.2003)

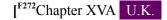
[^{F270}Other exclusions U.K.

63A. Article 61 is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 72 (overseas persons) [^{F271}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

Textual Amendments

F270 Art. 63A substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 17

F271 Words in art. 63A substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)



Regulated Home Reversion Plans

Textual Amendments

F272 Pt. 2 Chs. 15A, 15B inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 18

The activities

Entering into and administering regulated home reversion plans U.K.

63B.—(1) Entering into a regulated home reversion plan as plan provider is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Administering a regulated home reversion plan is also a specified kind of activity where the plan was entered into on or after 6th April 2007.

- (3) In this Chapter—
 - (a) a "regulated home reversion plan" is an arrangement comprised in one or more instruments or agreements, in relation to which the following conditions are met at the time it is entered into—
 - (i) the arrangement is one under which a person (the "plan provider") buys all or part of a qualifying interest in land (other than timeshare accommodation) in the United Kingdom from an individual or trustees (the "reversion seller");
 - (ii) the reversion seller (if he is an individual) or an individual who is a beneficiary of the trust (if the reversion seller is a trustee), or a related person, is entitled under the arrangement to occupy at least 40% of the land in question as or in connection with a dwelling, and intends to do so; and
 - (iii) the arrangement specifies one or more qualifying termination events, on the occurrence of which that entitlement will end;
 - (b) "administering" a regulated home reversion plan means any of-

- (i) notifying the reversion seller of changes in payments due under the plan, or of other matters of which the plan requires him to be notified;
- (ii) taking any necessary steps for the purposes of making payments to the reversion seller under the plan; and
- (iii) taking any necessary steps for the purposes of collecting or recovering payments due under the plan from the reversion seller,

but a person is not to be treated as administering a regulated home reversion plan merely because he has, or exercises, a right to take action for the purposes of enforcing the plan (or to require that such action is or is not taken).

- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (3)—
 - (a) the reference to a "qualifying interest" in land—
 - (i) in relation to land in England or Wales, is to an estate in fee simple absolute or a term of years absolute, whether subsisting at law or in equity;
 - (ii) in relation to land in Scotland, is to the interest of an owner in land or the tenant's right over or interest in a property subject to a lease;
 - (iii) in relation to land in Northern Ireland, is to any freehold estate or any leasehold estate, whether subsisting at law or in equity;
 - (b) "timeshare accommodation" has the meaning given by section 1 of the Timeshare Act 1992;
 - (c) "related person" in relation to the reversion seller or, where the reversion seller is a trustee, a beneficiary of the trust, means—
 - (i) that person's spouse or civil partner;
 - (ii) a person (whether or not of the opposite sex) whose relationship with that person has the characteristics of the relationship between husband and wife; or
 - (iii) that person's parent, brother, sister, child, grandparent or grandchild; and
 - (d) "qualifying termination event", in relation to a person's entitlement to occupy land, means-
 - (i) the person becomes a resident of a care home;
 - (ii) the person dies;
 - (iii) the end of a specified period of at least twenty years beginning with the day on which the reversion seller entered into the arrangement.

(5) For the purposes of paragraph (3)(a)(ii), the area of any land which comprises a building or other structure containing two or more storeys is to be taken to be the aggregate of the floor areas of each of those storeys.

(6) For the purposes of the definition of "qualifying termination event" in paragraph (4), "care home"—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, has the meaning given by section 3 of the Care Standards Act 2000;
- (b) in relation to Scotland, means accommodation provided by a [^{F273}"care home service" within the meaning of paragraph 2 of schedule 12 to the Public Services Reform (Scotland) Act 2010];
- (c) in relation to Northern Ireland, means-
 - (i) a residential care home within the meaning of article 10 of the Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003; or

(ii) a nursing home within the meaning of article 11 of that Order.

- (7) In this Order—
 - (a) references to entering into a regulated home reversion plan as plan provider include acquiring any obligations or rights (including his interest in land) of the plan provider, under such a plan; but
 - (b) in relation to a person who acquires any such obligations or rights, an activity is a specified kind of activity for the purposes of articles 25B(1)(b) and 53B(b)(ii) and paragraph (2) only if the plan was entered into by the plan provider (rather than the obligations or rights acquired) on or after 6th April 2007.

(8) Accordingly, references in this Order to a plan provider, other than in paragraph (7), include a person who acquires any such obligations or rights.

Textual Amendments

F273 Words in art. 63B(6)(b) substituted (28.10.2011) by The Public Services Reform (Scotland) Act 2010 (Consequential Modifications of Enactments) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/2581), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. 2 para. 32

Exclusions

Arranging administration by authorised person U.K.

63C. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63B(2) in relation to a regulated home reversion plan where he—

- (a) arranges for another person, being an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of that kind, to administer the plan; or
- (b) administers the plan himself during a period of not more than one month beginning with the day on which any such arrangement comes to an end.

Administration pursuant to agreement with authorised person U.K.

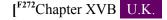
63D. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63B(2) in relation to a regulated home reversion plan where he administers the plan pursuant to an agreement with an authorised person who has permission to carry on an activity of that kind.

Other exclusions U.K.

63E. Article 63B is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 72 (overseas persons) $[^{F274}$, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

Textual Amendments

F274 Words in art. 63E substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)



Regulated Home Purchase Plans

The activities

Entering into and administering regulated home purchase plans U.K.

63F.—(1) Entering into a regulated home purchase plan as home purchase provider is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Administering a regulated home purchase plan is also a specified kind of activity where the plan was entered into by way of business on or after 6th April 2007.

- (3) In this Chapter—
 - (a) a "regulated home purchase plan" is an arrangement comprised in one or more instruments or agreements, in relation to which the following conditions are met at the time it is entered into—
 - (i) the arrangement is one under which a person (the "home purchase provider") buys a qualifying interest or an undivided share of a qualifying interest in land (other than timeshare accommodation) in the United Kingdom;
 - (ii) where an undivided share of a qualifying interest in land is bought, the interest is held on trust for the home purchase provider and the individual or trustees mentioned in paragraph (iii) as beneficial tenants in common;
 - (iii) the arrangement provides for the obligation of an individual or trustees (the "home purchaser") to buy the interest bought by the home purchase provider over the course of or at the end of a specified period; and
 - (iv) the home purchaser (if he is an individual) or an individual who is a beneficiary of the trust (if the home purchaser is a trustee), or a related person, is entitled under the arrangement to occupy at least 40% of the land in question as or in connection with a dwelling during that period, and intends to do so;
 - (b) "administering" a regulated home purchase plan means either or both of-
 - (i) notifying the home purchaser of changes in payments due under the plan, or of other matters of which the plan requires him to be notified; and
 - (ii) taking any necessary steps for the purposes of collecting or recovering payments due under the plan from the home purchaser;

but a person is not to be treated as administering a regulated home purchase plan merely because he has, or exercises, a right to take action for the purposes of enforcing the plan or to require that such action is or is not taken.

(4) Article 63B(4)(a) to (c) applies for the purposes of paragraph (3)(a) with references to the "reversion seller" being read as references to the "home purchaser".

(5) Article 63B(5) applies for the purposes of paragraph (3)(a)(iv) with the reference to "paragraph (3)(a)(ii)" being read as a reference to "paragraph (3)(a)(iv)".

Exclusions

Arranging administration by authorised person U.K.

63G. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63F(2) in relation to a regulated home purchase plan where he—

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) arranges for another person, being an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of that kind, to administer the plan; or
- (b) administers the plan himself during a period of not more than one month beginning with the day on which any such arrangement comes to an end.

Administration pursuant to agreement with authorised person U.K.

63H. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63F(2) in relation to a regulated home purchase plan where he administers the plan pursuant to an agreement with an authorised person who has permission to carry on an activity of that kind.

Other exclusions U.K.

63I. Article 63F is also subject to the exclusions in articles 66 (trustees etc.), 72 (overseas persons) [^{F275}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

Textual Amendments

F275 Words in art. 63I substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)

[^{F276}CHAPTER XVC U.K.

REGULATED SALE AND RENT BACK AGREEMENTS

Textual Amendments

F276 Pt. 2 Ch. 15C inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 17

The activities

Entering into and administering regulated sale and rent back agreements U.K.

63J.—(1) Entering into a regulated sale and rent back agreement as an agreement provider is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Administering a regulated sale and rent back agreement is also a specified kind of activity when the agreement was entered into on or after 1st July 2009.

(3) In this Chapter—

- (a) a "regulated sale and rent back agreement" is an arrangement comprised in one or more instruments or agreements, in relation to which the following conditions are met at the time it is entered into—
 - (i) the arrangement is one under which a person (the "agreement provider") buys all or part of the qualifying interest in land (other than timeshare accommodation) in the United Kingdom from an individual or trustees (the "agreement seller"); and
 - (ii) the agreement seller (if the agreement seller is an individual) or an individual who is the beneficiary of the trust (if the agreement seller is a trustee), or a related person, is entitled under the arrangement to occupy at least 40% of the land in question as or in connection with a dwelling, and intends to do so;

but such an arrangement is not a regulated sale and rent back agreement if it is a regulated home reversion plan;

- (b) "administering" a regulated sale and rent back agreement means any of-
 - (i) notifying the agreement seller of changes in payments due under the agreement, or of other matters of which the agreement requires the agreement seller to be notified;
 - (ii) taking any necessary steps for the purpose of making payments to the agreement seller under the agreement; and
 - (iii) taking any necessary steps for the purposes of collecting or recovering payments due under the agreement from the agreement seller,

but a person is not to be treated as administering a regulated sale and rent back agreement because that person has, or exercises, a right to take action for the purposes of enforcing the agreement (or to require that such action is or is not taken).

- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (3)—
 - (a) the reference to a "qualifying interest" in land—
 - (i) in relation to land in England and Wales, is to an estate in fee simple absolute or a term of years absolute, whether subsisting at law or in equity;
 - (ii) in relation to land in Scotland, is to the interest of an owner in land or the tenant's right over or interest in a property subject to a lease;
 - (iii) in relation to land in Northern Ireland, is to any freehold estate or any leasehold estate, whether subsisting at law or in equity;
- [^{F277}(b) "timeshare accommodation" means overnight accommodation which is the subject of a timeshare contract within the meaning of the Timeshare, Holiday Products, Resale and Exchange Contracts Regulations 2010; and]
 - (c) "related person" in relation to the agreement seller or, where the agreement seller is a trustee, a beneficiary of the trust, means—
 - (i) that person's spouse or civil partner;
 - (ii) a person (whether or not of the opposite sex) whose relationship with that person has the characteristic of the relationship between husband and wife;
 - (iii) that person's parent, brother, sister, child, grandparent or grandchild.

(5) For the purposes of paragraph (3)(a)(ii), the area of any land which compromises a building or other structure containing two or more storeys is to be taken to be the aggregate of the floor areas of each of those storeys.

- (6) In this Order—
 - (a) references to entering into a regulated sale and rent back agreement as agreement provider include acquiring any obligations or rights of the agreement provider, including the agreement provider's interest in land or interests under one or more of the instruments or agreements referred to in paragraph (3)(a); but
 - (b) in relation to a person who acquires any such obligations or rights, an activity is a specified kind of activity for the purposes of articles 25E(1)(b) and 53D(b)(ii) and paragraph (2) only if the agreement was entered into by the agreement provider (rather than the obligations or rights acquired) on or after 1st July 2009.

(7) Accordingly, references in this Order to an agreement provider, other than in paragraph (6), include a person who acquires any such obligations or rights.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F277 Art. 63J(4)(b) substituted (23.2.2011) by The Timeshare, Holiday Products, Resale and Exchange Contracts Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/2960), reg. 1(2), Sch. 6 para. 7(3) (with Sch. 7 para. 4)

Exclusions

Arranging administration by authorised person U.K.

63K. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63J(2) in relation to a regulated sale and rent back agreement where that person—

- (a) arranges for another person, being an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of that kind, to administer the agreement; or
- (b) administers the agreement during a period of not more than one month beginning with the day on which any such arrangement comes to an end.

Administration pursuant to agreement with authorised person U.K.

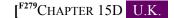
63L. A person who is not an authorised person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63J(2) in relation to a regulated sale and rent back agreement where that person administers the agreement pursuant to an agreement with an authorised person who has permission to carry on activity of that kind.

Other exclusions U.K.

63M. Article 63J is also subject to the exclusions in article 66 (trustees etc.), 72 (overseas persons) [^{F278}, 72A (information society services) and 72AA (managers of UCITS and AIFs)].]

Textual Amendments

F278 Words in art. 63M substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(6)



ACTIVITIES OF RECLAIM FUNDS

Textual Amendments

F279 Pt. 2 Ch. 15D inserted (13.7.2009) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1389), arts. 1, 4

The activities

Dormant account funds U.K.

63N.—(1) The following are specified kinds of activity—

(a) the meeting of repayment claims by a reclaim fund;

- (b) the management of dormant account funds (including the investment of such funds) by a reclaim fund.
- (2) In this article—

"account", "balance", "dormant" and "reclaim fund" have the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Dormant Bank and Building Society Accounts Act 2008 (transfer of balances in dormant accounts) (see section 6 of that Act);

"dormant account funds" and "repayment claims" have the same meaning as in section 5 of that Act;

"management of dormant account funds" means the acceptance of a transfer from a bank or building society of the balance of a dormant account, or a proportion of such a balance, and the management of those funds in such a way as to enable the reclaim fund to meet whatever repayment claims it is prudent to anticipate.]



SPECIFIED BENCHMARKS

Textual Amendments

F280 Pt. 2 Ch. 15E inserted (2.4.2013) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/655), arts. 1, 5

The activities

Specified benchmarks U.K.

630.—(1) The following are specified kinds of activity—

- (a) providing information in relation to a specified benchmark;
- (b) administering a specified benchmark.
- (2) In this Chapter—
 - (a) "providing information" in relation to a specified benchmark means providing any information or expression of opinion that is—
 - (i) provided to, or for the purpose of passing to, a person who has permission to carry on the activity specified in paragraph (1)(b) in relation to that specified benchmark;
 - (ii) required in connection with the determination of the specified benchmark; and
 - (iii) provided for the purpose of determining the specified benchmark;
 - (b) "administering" a specified benchmark means-
 - (i) administering the arrangements for determining a specified benchmark;
 - (ii) collecting, analysing or processing information or expressions of opinion provided for the purpose of determining a specified benchmark;
 - (iii) determining a specified benchmark through the application of a formula or other method of calculation to the information or expressions of opinion provided for that purpose.

Publicly available factual data and subscription services U.K.

63P. A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63O(1)(a) in relation to a specified benchmark where the information provided—

- (a) consists solely of factual data obtained from a publicly available source; or
- (b) is—
 - (i) compiled by a subscription service for purposes other than in connection with the determination of a specified benchmark;
 - (ii) provided to a person who has permission to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63O(1)(b) and who is a subscriber to the service; and
 - (iii) provided to such a person only in that person's capacity as a subscriber.

Administration of a specified benchmark by the FCA U.K.

63Q.-(1) The FCA does not carry on the activity of the kind specified by article 63O(1)(b) in relation to a specified benchmark where the FCA administers the specified benchmark itself.

(2) Where a specified benchmark is administered by the FCA, the reference in article 63O(2)(a) (i) to a person who has permission to carry on the activity specified in 63O(1)(b) in relation to that specified benchmark is to be read as referring to the FCA.

Schedule U.K.

63R. Schedule 5 specifies benchmarks for the purposes of section 22(1A)(b) of the Act.]

CHAPTER XVI U.K.

AGREEING TO CARRY ON ACTIVITIES

The activity

Agreeing to carry on specified kinds of activity U.K.

64. Agreeing to carry on an activity of the kind specified by any other provision of this Part [^{F281} or Part 3A] (other than article 5, [^{F282}9B,] 10, [^{F283}25D,][^{F284}[^{F285}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], 52 or 63N]) is a specified kind of activity.

Textual Amendments

- **F281** Words in art. 64 inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **8(1)**
- **F282** Word in art. 64 inserted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 5
- F283 Word in art. 64 inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 18
- **F284** Words in art. 64 substituted (13.7.2009) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1389), arts. 1, 5
- F285 Words in art. 64 substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(14)

[^{F286}Exclusions

Textual Amendments

F286 Art. 65 and cross-heading substituted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 3(17)

Overseas persons etc U.K.

65. Article 64 is subject to the exclusions in articles 72 (overseas persons) and 72A (information society services).]

CHAPTER XVII U.K.

EXCLUSIONS APPLYING TO SEVERAL SPECIFIED KINDS OF ACTIVITY

Trustees, nominees and personal representatives U.K.

66.—(1) A person ("X") does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 where he enters into a transaction as bare trustee or, in Scotland, as nominee for another person ("Y") and—

- (a) X is acting on Y's instructions; and
- (b) X does not hold himself out as providing a service of buying and selling securities or contractually based investments.

(2) Subject to paragraph (7), there are excluded from $[^{F287}$ articles 25(1) and (2)] $[^{F288}$, 25A(1) and (2), 25B(1) and (2) $[^{F289}$, 25C(1) and (2) and 25E (1) and (2)] arrangements made by a person acting as trustee or personal representative for or with a view to a transaction which is or is to be entered into—

- (a) by that person and a fellow trustee or personal representative (acting in their capacity as such); or
- (b) by a beneficiary under the trust, will or intestacy.

(3) Subject to paragraph (7), there is excluded from article 37 any activity carried on by a person acting as trustee or personal representative, unless—

- (a) he holds himself out as providing a service comprising an activity of the kind specified by article 37; or
- (b) the assets in question are held for the purposes of an occupational pension scheme, and, by virtue of article 4 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Carrying on Regulated Activities by Way of Business) Order 2001 ^{M21}, he is to be treated as carrying on that activity by way of business.

[^{F290}(3A) Subject to paragraph (7), there is excluded from article 39A any activity carried on by a person acting as trustee or personal representative, unless he holds himself out as providing a service comprising an activity of the kind specified by article 39A.]

(4) Subject to paragraph (7), there is excluded from article 40 any activity carried on by a person acting as trustee or personal representative, unless he holds himself out as providing a service comprising an activity of the kind specified by article 40.

[^{F291}(4A) There is excluded from article 40 any activity carried on by a person acting as trustee which consists of arranging for one or more other persons to safeguard and administer trust assets where—

(a) that other person is a qualifying custodian; or

(b) that safeguarding and administration is also arranged by a qualifying custodian.

In this paragraph, "qualifying custodian" has the meaning given by article 41(2).]

(5) A person does not, by sending or causing to be sent a dematerialised instruction (within the meaning of article 45), carry on an activity of the kind specified by that article if the instruction relates to an investment which that person holds as trustee or personal representative.

(6) Subject to paragraph (7), there is excluded from $[^{F292}articles 53][^{F293}, 53A, 53B [^{F294}, 53C and 53D]]$ the giving of advice by a person acting as trustee or personal representative where he gives the advice to—

- (a) a fellow trustee or personal representative for the purposes of the trust or the estate; or
- (b) a beneficiary under the trust, will or intestacy concerning his interest in the trust fund or estate.

 $[^{F295}(6A)$ Subject to paragraph (7), a person acting as trustee or personal representative does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 61(1) or (2) where the borrower under the regulated mortgage contract in question is a beneficiary under the trust, will or intestacy.]

 $[^{F296}(6B)$ Subject to paragraph (7), a person acting as trustee or personal representative does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63B(1) or (2) where the reversion seller under the regulated home reversion plan in question is a beneficiary under the trust, will or intestacy.

(6C) Subject to paragraph (7), a person acting as trustee or personal representative does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63F(1) or (2) where the home purchaser under the regulated home purchase plan in question is a beneficiary under the trust, will or intestacy.]

 $[^{F297}(6D)$ Subject to paragraph (7), a person acting as a trustee or personal representative does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 63J(1) or (2) where the agreement seller under the regulated sale and rent back agreement is a beneficiary under the trust, will or intestacy.]

(7) Paragraphs (2), (3) $[^{F298}, (3A)]$, $[^{F299}(4), (6)][^{F300}, (6A), (6B) [^{F301}, (6C) and (6D)]]$ do not apply if the person carrying on the activity is remunerated for what he does in addition to any remuneration he receives as trustee or personal representative, and for these purposes a person is not to be regarded as receiving additional remuneration merely because his remuneration is calculated by reference to time spent.

 $[^{F302}(8)$ This article is subject to article 4(4A).]

Textual Amendments

- **F287** Words in art. 66(2) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **18(a)**
- **F288** Words in art. 66(2) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **19(a)**
- **F289** Words in art. 66(2) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **18(a)**
- **F290** Art. 66(3A) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **10(1)(a)**
- F291 Art. 66(4A) inserted (6.4.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/593), arts. 1, 2(4)
- F292 Words in art. 66(6) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 18(b)

- **F293** Words in art. 66(6) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **19(b)**
- **F294** Words in art. 66(6) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **18(b)**
- **F295** Art. 66(6A) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **18(c)**
- **F296** Art. 66(6B)(6C) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **19(c)**
- **F297** Art. 66(6D) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **18(c)**
- **F298** Word in art. 66(7) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **10(1)(b)**
- **F299** Words in art. 66(7) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **18(d)**
- **F300** Words in art. 66(7) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **19(d**)
- F301 Words in art. 66(7) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 18(d)
- F302 Art. 66(8) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 19

Marginal Citations

M21 S.I. 2001/.

Activities carried on in the course of a profession or non-investment business U.K.

67.—(1) There is excluded from articles 21, 25(1) and (2) [^{F303}, 25A], [^{F304}25B, 25C,][^{F305}25E,][^{F306}39A, 40][^{F307}53][^{F308}, 53A, 53B [^{F309}, 53C and 53D]] any activity which—

- (a) is carried on in the course of carrying on any profession or business which does not otherwise consist of [^{F310}the carrying on of regulated activities in the United Kingdom]; and
- (b) may reasonably be regarded as a necessary part of other services provided in the course of that profession or business.

(2) But the exclusion in paragraph (1) does not apply if the activity in question is remunerated separately from the other services.

[^{F311}(3) This article is subject to article 4(4) and (4A).]

Textual Amendments

F303 Word in art. 67(1) inserted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), **19(a)**

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- **F304** Words in art. 67(1) inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **20(a)**
- **F305** Word in art. 67(1) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **19(a)**
- **F306** Words in art. 67 substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **10(2)**
- F307 Words in art. 67(1) substituted (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 1) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1475), arts. 1(3), 19(b)
- **F308** Words in art. 67(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **20(b)**
- **F309** Words in art. 67(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **19(b)**
- F310 Words in art. 67(1)(a) substituted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), 9
- F311 Art. 67(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 20

Activities carried on in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services U.K.

68.— $^{F312}(1)$ Subject to paragraphs (9), (10) and (11), this article concerns certain activities carried on for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services by a supplier to a customer, where—

"supplier" means a person whose main business is to sell goods or supply services and not to carry on any activities of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, 37 [^{F312}, 39A], 40, 45, [^{F313}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], 52 and 53 and, where the supplier is a member of a group, also means any other member of that group; and

"customer" means a person, other than an individual, to whom a supplier sells goods or supplies services, or agrees to do so, and, where the customer is a member of a group, also means any other member of that group;

and in this article "related sale or supply" means a sale of goods or supply of services to the customer otherwise than by the supplier, but for or in connection with the same purpose as the sale or supply mentioned above.

(2) There is excluded from article 14 any transaction entered into by a supplier with a customer, if the transaction is entered into for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services, or a related sale or supply.

(3) There is excluded from article 21 any transaction entered into $[^{F314}$ by a supplier as agent for a customer], if the transaction is entered into for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services, or a related sale or supply, and provided that—

(a) where the investment to which the transaction relates is a security, the supplier does not hold himself out (other than to the customer) as engaging in the business of buying securities of the kind to which the transaction relates with a view to selling them, and does not regularly solicit members of the public for the purpose of inducing them (as principals or agents) to buy, sell, subscribe for or underwrite securities;

- (b) where the investment to which the transaction relates is a contractually based investment, the supplier enters into the transaction—
 - (i) with or through an authorised person, or an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt; or
 - (ii) through an office outside the United Kingdom maintained by a party to the transaction, and with or through a person whose head office is situated outside the United Kingdom and whose ordinary business involves him in carrying on activities of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, 37, 40, 45, [^{F315}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], 52 and 53 or, so far as relevant to any of those articles, article 64, or would do so apart from any exclusion from any of those articles made by this Order.

(4) In paragraph (3)(a), "members of the public" has the meaning given by article 15(2), references to "A" being read as references to the supplier.

(5) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) arrangements made by a supplier for, or with a view to, a transaction which is or is to be entered into by a customer for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services, or a related sale or supply.

(6) There is excluded from article 37 any activity carried on by a supplier where the assets in question—

- (a) are those of a customer; and
- (b) are managed for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services, or a related sale or supply.

(7) There is excluded from article 40 any activity carried on by a supplier where the assets in question are or are to be safeguarded and administered for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services, or a related sale or supply.

(8) There is excluded from article 53 the giving of advice by a supplier to a customer for the purposes of or in connection with the sale of goods or supply of services, or a related sale or supply, or to a person with whom the customer proposes to enter into a transaction for the purposes of or in connection with such a sale or supply or related sale or supply.

(9) Paragraphs (2), (3) and (5) do not apply in the case of a transaction for the sale or purchase of a [F316 contract of insurance], an investment of the kind specified by article 81, or an investment of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to such a contract or such an investment.

(10) Paragraph (6) does not apply where the assets managed consist of qualifying contracts of insurance, investments of the kind specified by article 81, or investments of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to such contracts or such investments.

(11) Paragraph (8) does not apply in the case of advice in relation to an investment which is a [^{F317}contract of insurance], is of the kind specified by article 81, or is of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to such a contract or such an investment.

[^{F318}(12) This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- F312 Word in art. 68(1) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 10(3)(a)
- F313 Words in art. 68(1) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(14)
- F314 Words in art. 68(3) substituted (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3544), arts. 1(a), 10

- F315 Words in art. 68(3)(b)(ii) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(14)
- **F316** Words in art. 68(9) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **10(3)(b)**
- F317 Words in art. 68(11) substituted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 10(3)(c)
- **F318** Art. 68(12) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **21**

Groups and joint enterprises U.K.

69.—(1) There is excluded from article 14 any transaction into which a person enters as principal with another person if that other person is also acting as principal and—

- (a) they are members of the same group; or
- (b) they are, or propose to become, participators in a joint enterprise and the transaction is entered into for the purposes of or in connection with that enterprise.

(2) There is excluded from article 21 any transaction into which a person enters as agent for another person if that other person is acting as principal, and the condition in paragraph (1)(a) or (b) is met, provided that—

- (a) where the investment to which the transaction relates is a security, the agent does not hold himself out (other than to members of the same group or persons who are or propose to become participators with him in a joint enterprise) as engaging in the business of buying securities of the kind to which the transaction relates with a view to selling them, and does not regularly solicit members of the public for the purpose of inducing them (as principals or agents) to buy, sell, subscribe for or underwrite securities;
- (b) where the investment to which the transaction relates is a contractually based investment, the agent enters into the transaction—
 - (i) with or through an authorised person, or an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt; or
 - (ii) through an office outside the United Kingdom maintained by a party to the transaction, and with or through a person whose head office is situated outside the United Kingdom and whose ordinary business involves him in carrying on activities of the kind specified by any of articles 14, 21, 25, 37, 40, 45, [^{F319}51ZA, 51ZB, 51ZC, 51ZD, 51ZE], 52 and 53 or, so far as relevant to any of those articles, article 64, or would do so apart from any exclusion from any of those articles made by this Order.

(3) In paragraph (2)(a), "members of the public" has the meaning given by article 15(2), references to "A" being read as references to the agent.

- (4) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) arrangements made by a person if-
 - (a) he is a member of a group and the arrangements in question are for, or with a view to, a transaction which is or is to be entered into, as principal, by another member of the same group; or
 - (b) he is or proposes to become a participator in a joint enterprise, and the arrangements in question are for, or with a view to, a transaction which is or is to be entered into, as principal, by another person who is or proposes to become a participator in that enterprise, for the purposes of or in connection with that enterprise.

- (5) There is excluded from article 37 any activity carried on by a person if—
 - (a) he is a member of a group and the assets in question belong to another member of the same group; or
 - (b) he is or proposes to become a participator in a joint enterprise with the person to whom the assets belong, and the assets are managed for the purposes of or in connection with that enterprise.
- (6) There is excluded from article 40 any activity carried on by a person if—
 - (a) he is a member of a group and the assets in question belong to another member of the same group; or
 - (b) he is or proposes to become a participator in a joint enterprise, and the assets in question—
 - (i) belong to another person who is or proposes to become a participator in that joint enterprise; and
 - (ii) are or are to be safeguarded and administered for the purposes of or in connection with that enterprise.

(7) A person who is a member of a group does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 45 where he sends a dematerialised instruction, or causes one to be sent, on behalf of another member of the same group, if the investment to which the instruction relates is one in respect of which a member of the same group is registered as holder in the appropriate register of securities, or will be so registered as a result of the instruction.

(8) In paragraph (7), "dematerialised instruction" and "register of securities" have the meaning given by regulation 3 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations [^{F320}2001].

- (9) There is excluded from article 53 the giving of advice by a person if—
 - (a) he is a member of a group and gives the advice in question to another member of the same group; or
 - (b) he is, or proposes to become, a participator in a joint enterprise and the advice in question is given to another person who is, or proposes to become, a participator in that enterprise for the purposes of or in connection with that enterprise.

 $[^{F321}(10)$ Paragraph (2) does not apply to a transaction for the sale or purchase of a contract of insurance.

(11) Paragraph (4) does not apply to arrangements for, or with a view to, a transaction for the sale or purchase of a contract of insurance.

(12) Paragraph (9) does not apply where the advice relates to a transaction for the sale or purchase of a contract of insurance.]

 $[^{F322}(13)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- **F319** Words in art. 69(2)(b)(ii) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(14)
- F320 Word in art. 69(8) substituted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 13(4)
- **F321** Art. 69(10)-(12) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **10(4)**

F322 Art. 69(13) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 22

Activities carried on in connection with the sale of a body corporate U.K.

70.—(1) A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by entering as principal into a transaction if—

- (a) the transaction is one to acquire or dispose of shares in a body corporate other than an open-ended investment company, or is entered into for the purposes of such an acquisition or disposal; and
- (b) either-
 - (i) the conditions set out in paragraph (2) are met; or
 - (ii) those conditions are not met, but the object of the transaction may nevertheless reasonably be regarded as being the acquisition of day to day control of the affairs of the body corporate.
- (2) The conditions mentioned in paragraph (1)(b) are that—
 - (a) the shares consist of or include 50 per cent or more of the voting shares in the body corporate; or
 - (b) the shares, together with any already held by the person acquiring them, consist of or include at least that percentage of such shares; and
 - (c) in either case, the acquisition or disposal is between parties each of whom is a body corporate, a partnership, a single individual or a group of connected individuals.
- (3) In paragraph (2)(c), "a group of connected individuals" means—
 - (a) in relation to a party disposing of shares in a body corporate, a single group of persons each of whom is—
 - (i) a director or manager of the body corporate;
 - (ii) a close relative of any such director or manager;
 - (iii) a person acting as trustee for any person falling within paragraph (i) or (ii); and
 - (b) in relation to a party acquiring shares in a body corporate, a single group of persons each of whom is—
 - (i) a person who is or is to be a director or manager of the body corporate;
 - (ii) a close relative of any such person; or
 - (iii) a person acting as trustee for any person falling within paragraph (i) or (ii).

(4) A person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 21 by entering as agent into a transaction of the kind described in paragraph (1).

(5) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) arrangements made for, or with a view to, a transaction of the kind described in paragraph (1).

(6) There is excluded from article 53 the giving of advice in connection with a transaction (or proposed transaction) of the kind described in paragraph (1).

[$^{F323}(7)$ Paragraphs (4), (5) and (6) do not apply in the case of a transaction for the sale or purchase of a contract of insurance.]

 $[^{F324}(8)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).]

Textual Amendments

- **F323** Art. 70(7) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), **10(5)**
- **F324** Art. 70(8) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **23**

Activities carried on in connection with employee share schemes U.K.

71.—(1) A person ("C"), a member of the same group as C or a relevant trustee does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 by entering as principal into a transaction the purpose of which is to enable or facilitate—

- (a) transactions in shares in, or debentures issued by, C between, or for the benefit of, any of the persons mentioned in paragraph (2); or
- (b) the holding of such shares or debentures by, or for the benefit of, such persons.

(2) The persons referred to in paragraph (1) are—

- (a) the bona fide employees or former employees of C or of another member of the same group as C;
- (b) the wives, husbands, widows, widowers, [^{F325}civil partners, surviving civil partners,] or children or step-children under the age of eighteen of such employees or former employees.

(3) C, a member of the same group as C or a relevant trustee does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 21 by entering as agent into a transaction of the kind described in paragraph (1).

(4) There are excluded from article 25(1) or (2) arrangements made by C, a member of the same group as C or a relevant trustee if the arrangements in question are for, or with a view to, a transaction of the kind described in paragraph (1).

(5) There is excluded from article 40 any activity if the assets in question are, or are to be, safeguarded and administered by C, a member of the same group as C or a relevant trustee for the purpose of enabling or facilitating transactions of the kind described in paragraph (1).

- (6) In this article—
 - (a) "shares" and "debentures" include—
 - (i) any investment of the kind specified by article 76 [^{F326}, 77 or 77A];
 - (ii) any investment of the kind specified by article 79 or 80 so far as relevant to articles 76 [^{F327}, 77 and 77A]; and
 - (iii) any investment of the kind specified by article 89 so far as relevant to investments of the kind mentioned in paragraph (i) or (ii);
 - (b) "relevant trustee" means a person who, in pursuance of the arrangements made for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (1), holds, as trustee, shares in or debentures issued by C.

Textual Amendments

F325 Words in art. 71(2)(b) inserted (5.12.2005) by The Civil Partnership Act 2004 (Amendments to Subordinate Legislation) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/2114), reg. 1, Sch. 16 para. 1(4)

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- **F326** Words in art. 71(6)(a)(i) substituted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 5(c)
- F327 Words in art. 71(6)(a)(ii) substituted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 5(d)

Overseas persons U.K.

72.—(1) An overseas person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 14 $[^{F328}$ or 25D] by—

- (a) entering into a transaction as principal with or though an authorised person, or an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt; or
- (b) entering into a transaction as principal with a person in the United Kingdom, if the transaction is the result of a legitimate approach.

(2) An overseas person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 21 [F329 or 25D] by—

- (a) entering into a transaction as agent for any person with or through an authorised person or an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt; or
- (b) entering into a transaction with another party ("X") as agent for any person ("Y"), other than with or through an authorised person or such an exempt person, unless—
 - (i) either X or Y is in the United Kingdom; and
 - (ii) the transaction is the result of an approach (other than a legitimate approach) made by or on behalf of, or to, whichever of X or Y is in the United Kingdom.

(3) There are excluded from article 25(1) [^{F330} or 25D] arrangements made by an overseas person with an authorised person, or an exempt person acting in the course of a business comprising a regulated activity in relation to which he is exempt.

(4) There are excluded from article 25(2) [^{F331} or 25D] arrangements made by an overseas person with a view to transactions which are, as respects transactions in the United Kingdom, confined to—

- (a) transactions entered into by authorised persons as principal or agent; and
- (b) transactions entered into by exempt persons, as principal or agent, in the course of business comprising regulated activities in relation to which they are exempt.

(5) There is excluded from article 53 the giving of advice by an overseas person as a result of a legitimate approach.

 $[^{F332}(5A)$ An overseas person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25A(1) (a), 25B(1)(a) $[^{F333}$, 25C(1)(a) or 25E(1)(a)] if each person who may be contemplating entering into the relevant type of agreement in the relevant capacity is non-resident.

(5B) There are excluded from articles 25A(1)(b), 25B(1)(b) [^{F334}, 25C(1)(b) and 25E(1)(b)] arrangements made by an overseas person to vary the terms of a qualifying agreement.

(5C) There are excluded from articles 25A(2), 25B(2) [^{F335}, 25C(2) and 25E(2)], arrangements made by an overseas person which are made solely with a view to non-resident persons who participate in those arrangements entering, in the relevant capacity, into the relevant type of agreement.

(5D) An overseas person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified in article 61(1), 63B(1) [^{F336}, 63F(1) or 63J(1)] by entering into a qualifying agreement.

(5E) An overseas person does not carry on an activity of the kind specified in article 61(2), 63B(2) [^{F337}, 63F(2) or 63J(2)] where he administers a qualifying agreement.

- (5F) In paragraphs (5A) to (5E)-
 - (a) "non-resident" means not normally resident in the United Kingdom;
 - (b) "qualifying agreement" means—
 - (i) in relation to articles 25A and 61, a regulated mortgage contract where the borrower (or each borrower) is non-resident when he enters into it;
 - (ii) in relation to articles 25B and 63B, a regulated home reversion plan where the reversion seller (or each reversion seller) is non-resident when he enters into it;
 - (iii) in relation to articles 25C and 63F, a regulated home purchase plan where the home purchaser (or each home purchaser) is non-resident when he enters into it;
 - [^{F338}(iv) in relation to articles 25E and 63J, a regulated sale and rent back agreement where the agreement seller (or each agreement seller) is non-resident when the agreement seller enters into it;]
 - (c) "the relevant capacity" means—
 - (i) in the case of a regulated mortgage contract, as borrower;
 - (ii) in the case of a regulated home reversion plan, as reversion seller or plan provider;
 - (iii) in the case of a regulated home purchase plan, as home purchaser;
 - [^{F339}(iv) in the case of a regulated sale and rent back agreement, as agreement seller or agreement provider;]
 - (d) "the relevant type of agreement" means—
 - (i) in relation to article 25A, a regulated mortgage contract;
 - (ii) in relation to article 25B, a regulated home reversion plan;
 - (iii) in relation to article 25C, a regulated home purchase plan^{F340};
 - (iv) in relation to article 25E, a regulated sale and rent back agreement].]

(6) There is excluded from article 64 any agreement made by an overseas person to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 25(1) or (2), $37 [^{F341}, 39A]$, 40 or 45 if the agreement is the result of a legitimate approach.

- (7) In this article, "legitimate approach" means-
 - (a) an approach made to the overseas person which has not been solicited by him in any way, or has been solicited by him in a way which does not contravene section 21 of the Act; or
 - (b) an approach made by or on behalf of the overseas person in a way which does not contravene that section.

 $[^{F342}(8)$ Paragraphs (1) to (5) do not apply where the overseas person is an investment firm or credit institution—

- (a) who is providing or performing investment services and activities on a professional basis; and
- (b) whose home Member State is the United Kingdom.]

[$^{F343}(9)$ Paragraphs (1) to (5) do not apply where the overseas person is providing clearing services as a central counterparty (within the meaning of section 313(1) of the Act).]

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

- **F328** Words in art. 72(1) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **24(a)**
- **F329** Words in art. 72(2) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **24(b)**
- **F330** Words in art. 72(3) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **24(c)**
- **F331** Words in art. 72(4) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **24(d)**
- F332 Art. 72(5A)-(5F) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 21
- **F333** Words in art. 72(5A) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(a)**
- **F334** Words in art. 72(5B) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(b**)
- **F335** Words in art. 72(5C) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(c)**
- **F336** Words in art. 72(5D) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(d)**
- **F337** Words in art. 72(5E) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(e)**
- **F338** Art. 72(5F)(b)(iv) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(f)**
- **F339** Art. 72(5F)(c)(iv) inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **20(g)**
- F340 Art. 72(5F)(d)(iv) and semi-colon inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 20(h)
- F341 Word in art. 72(6) inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 10(6)
- **F342** Art. 72(8) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **24(e)**
- F343 Art. 72(9) inserted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Over the Counter Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories) Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/504), regs. 1(2), 33(5) (with regs. 52-58)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C28 Art. 72 modified in part (31.10.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Interim Permissions) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3374), art. 1, Sch. para. 12 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C29 Art. 72 modified in part (31.10.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (Mortgages) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2615), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. para. 12 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C30 Art. 72 modified in part (14.1.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Transitional Provisions) (General Insurance Intermediaries) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/3351), art. 1(2)(b), Sch. para. 11 (with Sch. para. 4)
- C31 Art. 72 modified in part (6.4.2007) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), art. 1(3), Sch. para. 13 (with Sch. para. 4)

[^{F344}Information society services U.K.

72A.—(1) There is excluded from this Part any activity consisting of the provision of an information society service from an EEA State other than the United Kingdom.

(2) The exclusion in paragraph (1) does not apply to the activity of effecting or carrying out a contract of insurance as principal, where—

- (a) the activity is carried on by an undertaking which has received official authorisation in accordance with [^{F345}Article 4 of the life assurance consolidation directive] or the first nonlife insurance directive, and
- (b) the insurance falls within the scope of any of the insurance directives.]

Textual Amendments

- F344 Art. 72A inserted (21.8.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1776), arts. 1, 2
- F345 Words in art. 72A(2)(a) substituted (11.1.2005) by The Life Assurance Consolidation Directive (Consequential Amendments) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/3379), regs. 1, 17

[^{F346}Managers of UCITS and AIFs U.K.

72AA.—(1) This article applies to a person with a Part 4A permission to carry on the activity of the kind specified by article 51ZA or 51ZC.

(2) Activities carried on by the person in connection with or for the purposes of managing a UCITS or, as the case may be, managing an AIF, are excluded from the activities specified by this Part, other than the activities mentioned in paragraph (1).]

Textual Amendments

F346 Art. 72AA inserted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(16)

[^{F347}Activities carried on by a provider of relevant goods or services U.K.

72B.—(1) In this article—

"connected contract of insurance" means a contract of insurance which-

(a) is not a contract of long-term insurance;

- (b) has a total duration (or would have a total duration were any right to renew conferred by the contract exercised) of five years or less;
- (c) has an annual premium (or, where the premium is paid otherwise than by way of annual premium, the equivalent of an annual premium) of 500 euro or less, or the equivalent amount in sterling or other currency;
- (d) covers the risk of—
 - (i) breakdown, loss of, or damage to, non-motor goods supplied by the provider; or
 - (ii) [^{F348}damage to, or loss of, baggage and other risks linked to the travel booked with the provider ("travel risks") in circumstances where—
 - (aa) the travel booked with the provider relates to attendance at an event organised or managed by that provider and the party seeking insurance is not an individual (acting in his private capacity) or a small business; or
 - (bb) the travel booked with the provider is only the hire of an aircraft, vehicle or vessel which does not provide sleeping accommodation;]
- (e) does not cover any liability risks (except, in the case of a contract which covers travel risks, where that cover is ancillary to the main cover provided by the contract);
- (f) is complementary to the non-motor goods being supplied or service being provided by the provider; and
- (g) is of such a nature that the only information that a person requires in order to carry on an activity of the kind specified by article 21, 25, 39A or 53 in relation to it is the cover provided by the contract;

"non-motor goods" means goods which are not mechanically propelled road vehicles;

"provider" means a person who supplies non-motor goods or provides services related to travel in the course of carrying on a profession or business which does not otherwise consist of the carrying on of regulated activities. [^{F349}For these purposes, the transfer of possession of an aircraft, vehicle or vessel under an agreement for hire which is not—

- (a) a hire-purchase agreement [^{F350}within the meaning of section 189(1) of the Consumer Credit Act 1974], or
- (b) any other agreement which contemplates that the property in those goods will also pass at some time in the future,

is the provision of a service related to travel, not a supply of goods;

"small business" means-

- (a) subject to paragraph (b) a sole trader, body corporate, partnership or an unincorporated association which had a turnover in the last financial year of less than £1,000,000;
- (b) where the business concerned is a member of a group within the meaning of [^{F351}section 474(1) of the Companies Act 2006], reference to its turnover means the combined turnover of the group;

"turnover" means the amounts derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the business's ordinary activities, after deduction of trade discounts, value added tax and any other taxes based on the amounts so derived.]

(2) There is excluded from article 21 any transaction for the sale or purchase of a connected contract of insurance into which a provider enters as agent.

(3) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) any arrangements made by a provider for, or with a view to, a transaction for the sale or purchase of a connected contract of insurance.

(4) There is excluded from article 39A any activity carried on by a provider where the contract of insurance in question is a connected contract of insurance.

(5) There is excluded from article 53 the giving of advice by a provider in relation to a transaction for the sale or purchase of a connected contract of insurance.

(6) For the purposes of this article, a contract of insurance which covers travel risks is not to be treated as a contract of long-term insurance, notwithstanding the fact that it contains related and subsidiary provisions such that it might be regarded as a contract of long-term insurance, if the cover to which those provisions relate is ancillary to the main cover provided by the contract.

Textual Amendments

- F347 Arts. 72B-72D inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 11
- F348 Words in art. 72B(1) substituted (30.6.2008 for specified purposes, 1.1.2009 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/3510), arts. 1(2), 2(2) (with regs. 3-9)
- **F349** Words in art. 72B(1) inserted (30.6.2008 for specified purposes, 1.1.2009 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/3510), arts. 1(2), **2(3)** (with regs. 3-9)
- **F350** Words in art. 72B(1) omitted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **9(1)**
- **F351** Words in art. 72B(1) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), **13(5)**

Provision of information on an incidental basis U.K.

72C.—(1) There is excluded from articles 25(1) and (2) the making of arrangements for, or with a view to, a transaction for the sale or purchase of a contract of insurance or an investment of the kind specified by article 89, so far as relevant to such a contract, where that activity meets the conditions specified in paragraph (4).

- (2) There is excluded from articles 37 and 40 any activity—
 - (a) where the assets in question are rights under a contract of insurance or an investment of the kind specified by article 89, so far as relevant to such a contract; and
 - (b) which meets the conditions specified in paragraph (4).

(3) There is excluded from article 39A any activity which meets the conditions specified in paragraph (4).

(4) The conditions specified in this paragraph are that the activity—

- (a) consists of the provision of information to the policyholder or potential policyholder;
- (b) is carried on by a person in the course of carrying on a profession or business which does not otherwise consist of the carrying on of regulated activities; and
- (c) may reasonably be regarded as being incidental to that profession or business.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F347 Arts. 72B-72D inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 11

Large risks contracts where risk situated outside the EEA U.K.

72D.—(1) There is excluded from articles 21, 25(1) and (2), 39A and 53 any activity which is carried on in relation to a large risks contract of insurance, to the extent that the risk or commitment covered by the contract is not situated in an EEA State.

(2) In this article, a "large risks contract of insurance" is a contract of insurance the principal object of which is to cover—

- (a) risks falling within paragraph 4 (railway rolling stock), 5 (aircraft), 6 (ships), 7 (goods in transit), 11 (aircraft liability) or 12 (liability of ships) of Part 1 of Schedule 1;
- (b) risks falling within paragraph 14 (credit) or 15 (suretyship) of that Part provided that the risks relate to a business carried on by the policyholder; or
- (c) risks falling within paragraph 3 (land vehicles), 8 (fire and natural forces), 9 (damage to property), 10 (motor vehicle liability), 13 (general liability) or 16 (miscellaneous financial loss) of that Part provided that the risks relate to a business carried on by the policyholder and that the condition specified in paragraph (3) is met in relation to that business.

(3) The condition specified in this paragraph is that at least two of the three following criteria were met in the most recent financial year for which information is available—

- (a) the balance sheet total of the business [^{F352}(within the meaning of section 382(5) or 465(5) of the Companies Act 2006)] exceeded 6.2 million euro,
- (b) the net turnover [^{F353}(within the meaning given to "turnover" by section 474(1) of the Companies Act 2006)] exceeded 12.8 million euro,
- (c) the number of employees [^{F354}(within the meaning given by sections 382(6) and 465(6) of the Companies Act 2006)] exceeded 250,

and for a financial year which is a company's financial year but not in fact a year, the net turnover of the policyholder shall be proportionately adjusted.

(4) For the purposes of paragraph (3), where the policyholder is a member of a group for which consolidated accounts (within the meaning of the Seventh Company Law Directive) are drawn up, the question whether the condition specified by that paragraph is met is to be determined by reference to those accounts.]

Textual Amendments

- F347 Arts. 72B-72D inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 11
- F352 Words in art. 72D(3)(a) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), 13(6)(a)
- F353 Words in art. 72D(3)(b) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), 13(6)(b)
- **F354** Words in art. 72D(3)(c) substituted (12.5.2011) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1265), arts. 1(2), **13(6)(c)**

[^{F355}Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Funds U.K.

72E.—(1) A body corporate of a type specified in paragraph (7) does not carry on the activity of the kind specified by article 21 by entering as agent into a transaction on behalf of the participants of a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund.

(2) There are excluded from article 25(1) and (2) arrangements, made by a body corporate of a type specified in paragraph (7), for or with a view to a transaction which is or is to be entered into by or on behalf of the participants in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund.

(3) There is excluded from article 37 any activity, carried on by a body corporate of a type specified in paragraph (7), which consists in the managing of assets belonging to the participants in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund.

(4) There is excluded from article 40 any activity, carried on by a body corporate of a type specified in paragraph (7), in respect of assets belonging to the participants in a Business Angelled Enterprise Capital Fund.

(5) A body corporate of a type specified in paragraph (7) does not carry on the activity of the kind specified in article [^{F356}51ZA, 51ZC or 51ZE] where it carries on the activity of establishing, operating or winding up a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund.

(6) A body corporate of a type specified in paragraph (7) does not carry on the activity of the kind specified in article 53 where it is advising the participants in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund on investments to be made by or on behalf of the participants of that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund.

- (7) The type of body corporate specified is a limited company—
- (i) which operates a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund; and
- (ii) the members of which are participants in the Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund operated by that limited company and between them have invested at least 50 per cent of the total investment in that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund excluding any investment made by the Secretary of State.

(8) For the purposes of paragraph (7), "a limited company" means a body corporate with limited liability which is a company or firm formed in accordance with the law of an EEA State and having its registered office, central administration or principal place of business within the territory of an EEA State.

(9) Nothing in this article has the effect of excluding a body corporate from the application of the Money Laundering Regulations [^{F357}2007], in so far as those Regulations would have applied to it but for this article.

(10) Nothing in this article has the effect of excluding a body corporate from the application of section 397 of the Act (misleading statements and practices), in so far as that section would have applied to it but for this article.

 $F^{358}(11)$ This article is subject to article 4(4).

Textual Amendments

- F355 Arts. 72E, 72F inserted (1.10.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/1518), arts. 1, 2(3)
- **F356** Words in art. 72E(5) substituted (22.7.2013) by The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (S.I. 2013/1773), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 1(15)
- **F357** Word in art. 72E(9) substituted (15.12.2007) by The Money Laundering Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2157), reg. 1(1), Sch. 6 para. 10

F358 Art. 72E(11) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 25

[^{F355}Interpretation U.K.

72F.—(1) For the purposes of this article and of article 72E—

"Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund" means a collective investment scheme which-

- (a) is established for the purpose of enabling participants to participate in or receive profits or income arising from the acquisition, holding, management or disposal of investments falling within one or more of—
 - (i) article 76, being shares in an unlisted company;
 - (ii) article 77, being instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness in respect of an unlisted company;
 - (iia) [^{F359}article 77A, being rights under an alternative finance investment bond issued by an unlisted company;] and
 - (iii) article 79, being warrants or other instruments entitling the holder to subscribe for shares in an unlisted company;
- (b) has only the following as its participants—
 - (i) the Secretary of State;
 - (ii) a body corporate of a type specified in article 72E(7); and
 - (iii) one or more persons each of whom at the time they became a participant was-
 - (aa) a sophisticated investor;
 - (bb) a high net worth individual;
 - (cc) a high net worth company;
 - (dd) a high net worth unincorporated association;
 - (ee) a trustee of a high value trust; or
 - (ff) a self-certified sophisticated investor;
- (c) is prevented, by the arrangements by which it is established, from—
 - (i) acquiring investments, other than those falling within paragraphs (i) to (iii) of subparagraph (a); and
 - (ii) acquiring investments falling within paragraphs (i) to (iii) of sub-paragraph (a) in an unlisted company, where the aggregated cost of those investments exceeds £2 million, unless that acquisition is necessary to prevent or reduce the dilution of an existing share-holding in that unlisted company;

"high net worth company" means a body corporate which-

- (a) falls within article 49(2)(a) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001 (high net worth companies, unincorporated associations etc.); and
- (b) has executed a document [^{F360}(in a manner which binds the company)] in the following terms:

"This company is a high net worth company and falls within article 49(2)(a) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001. We understand that any Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund (within the

meaning of article 72F of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001), in which this company participates, or any person who operates that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund, in which this company participates, will not be authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (and so will not have to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Part I of Schedule 6 to that Act and will not be subject to Financial Services Authority rules such as those on holding client money). We understand that this means that redress through the Financial Services Authority, the Financial Ombudsman Scheme or the Financial Services Compensation Scheme will not be available. We also understand the risks associated in investing in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund and are aware that it is open to us to seek advice from someone who is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and who specialises in advising on this kind of investment."

"high net worth individual" means an individual who-

- (a) is a "certified high net worth individual" within the meaning of article 48(2) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001 (certified high net worth individuals); and
- (b) has signed a statement in the following terms:

"I declare that I am a certified high net worth individual within the meaning of article 48(2) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001 and that I understand that any Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund (within the meaning of article 72F of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001), in which I participate, or any person who operates that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund, in which I participate, will not be authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (and so will not have to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Part I of Schedule 6 to that Act and will not be subject to Financial Services Authority rules such as those on holding client money). I understand that this means that redress through the Financial Services Authority, the Financial Ombudsman Scheme or the Financial Services Compensation Scheme will not be available. I also understand the risks associated in investing in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund and am aware that it is open to me to seek advice from someone who is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and who specialises in advising on this kind of investment.";

"high net worth unincorporated association" means an unincorporated association-

- (a) which falls within article 49(2)(b) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001; and
- (b) on behalf of which an officer of that association or a member of its governing body has signed a statement in the following terms:

"This unincorporated association is a high net worth unincorporated association and falls within article 49(2)(b) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001. I understand that any Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund (within the meaning of article 72F of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001), in which this association participates, or any person who operates that Business Angelled Enterprise Capital Fund, in which this association participates, will not be authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (and so will not have to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Part I of Schedule 6 to that Act and will not be subject to Financial Services Authority rules such as those on holding client money). I understand that this means that redress through the Financial

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Services Authority, the Financial Ombudsman Scheme or the Financial Services Compensation Scheme will not be available. I also understand the risks associated in investing in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund and am aware that it is open to the association to seek advice from someone who is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and who specialises in advising on this kind of investment.";

"high value trust" means a trust-

- (a) where the aggregate value of the cash and investments which form a part of the trust's assets (before deducting the amount of its liabilities) is £10 million or more;
- (b) on behalf of which a trustee has signed a statement in the following terms:

"This trust is a high value trust. I understand that any Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund (within the meaning of article 72F of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001), in which this trust participates, or any person who operates that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund, in which this trust participates, will not be authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (and so will not have to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Part I of Schedule 6 to that Act and will not be subject to Financial Services Authority rules such as those on holding client money). I understand that this means that redress through the Financial Services Compensation Scheme will not be available. I also understand the risks associated in investing in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund and am aware that it is open to the trust to seek advice from someone who is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and who specialises in advising on this kind of investment.";

"self-certified sophisticated investor" means an individual who-

- (a) is a "self-certified sophisticated investor" within the meaning of article 50A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001;
- (b) has signed a statement in the following terms:

"I declare that I am a self-certified sophisticated investor within the meaning of article 50A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001 and that I understand that any Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund (within the meaning of article 72F of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001), in which I participate, or any person who operates that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund, in which I participate, will not be authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (and so will not have to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Part I of Schedule 6 to that Act and will not be subject to Financial Services Authority rules such as those on holding client money). I understand that this means that redress through the Financial Services Authority, the Financial Ombudsman Scheme or the Financial Services Compensation Scheme will not be available. I also understand the risks associated in investing in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund and am aware that it is open to me to seek advice from someone who is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and who specialises in advising on this kind of investment.";

"sophisticated investor" means an individual who-

- (a) is a "certified sophisticated investor" within the meaning of article 50(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001; and
- (b) has signed a statement in the following terms:

> "I declare that I am a certified sophisticated investor within the meaning of article 50(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001 and that I understand that any Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund (within the meaning of article 72F of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001), in which I participate, or any person who operates that Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund, in which I participate, will not be authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (and so will not have to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Part I of Schedule 6 to that Act and will not be subject to Financial Services Authority rules such as those on holding client money). I understand that this means that redress through the Financial Services Authority, the Financial Ombudsman Scheme or the Financial Services Compensation Scheme will not be available. I also understand the risks associated in investing in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund and am aware that it is open to me to seek advice from someone who is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and who specialises in advising on this kind of investment.";

"unlisted company" has the meaning given by article 3 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001.

(2) References in this Article and in Article 72E to a participant in a Business Angel-led Enterprise Capital Fund, doing things on behalf of such a participant and property belonging to such a participant are, respectively, references to that participant in that capacity, to doing things on behalf of that participant in that capacity or to the property of that participant held in that capacity.]

Textual Amendments

- **F355** Arts. 72E, 72F inserted (1.10.2005) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/1518), arts. 1, **2(3)**
- **F359** Words in art. 72F(1) inserted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 5(e)
- F360 Words in art. 72F(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 22

PART III U.K.

SPECIFIED INVESTMENTS

Investments: general U.K.

73. The following kinds of investment are specified for the purposes of section 22 of the Act.

Deposits U.K.

74. A deposit.

[^{F361}Electronic money U.K.

74A. Electronic money.]

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F361 Art. 74A inserted (27.4.2002) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/682), arts. 1(2)(b), 6

Contracts of insurance U.K.

75. Rights under a contract of insurance.

Shares etc. U.K.

76.—(1) Shares or stock in the share capital of—

- (a) any body corporate (wherever incorporated), and
- (b) any unincorporated body constituted under the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom.
- (2) Paragraph (1) includes—
 - (a) any shares of a class defined as deferred shares for the purposes of section 119 of the Building Societies Act 1986 ^{M22} [^{F362} or section 31A of the Credit Unions Act 1979]; and
 - (b) any transferable shares in a body incorporated under the law of, or any part of, the United Kingdom relating to industrial and provident societies or credit unions, or in a body constituted under the law of another EEA State for purposes equivalent to those of such a body.

(3) But subject to paragraph (2) there are excluded from paragraph (1) shares or stock in the share capital of—

- (a) an open-ended investment company;
- (b) a building society incorporated under the law of, or any part of, the United Kingdom;
- (c) a body incorporated under the law of, or any part of, the United Kingdom relating to industrial and provident societies or credit unions;
- (d) any body constituted under the law of an EEA State for purposes equivalent to those of a body falling within sub-paragraph (b) or (c).

Textual Amendments

F362 Words in art. 76 inserted (8.1.2012) by The Legislative Reform (Industrial and Provident Societies and Credit Unions) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/2687), arts. 1(1)(b), **22**

Marginal Citations

M22 1986 c. 53.

Instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness U.K.

77.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), such of the following as do not fall within $[^{F363}$ article F364 ... 78]—

- (a) debentures;
- (b) debenture stock;
- (c) loan stock;

- (d) bonds;
- (e) certificates of deposit;
- (f) any other instrument creating or acknowledging indebtedness.

(2) If and to the extent that they would otherwise fall within paragraph (1), there are excluded from that paragraph—

- (a) an instrument acknowledging or creating indebtedness for, or for money borrowed to defray, the consideration payable under a contract for the supply of goods or services;
- (b) a cheque or other bill of exchange, a banker's draft or a letter of credit (but not a bill of exchange accepted by a banker);
- (c) a banknote, a statement showing a balance on a current, deposit or savings account, a lease or other disposition of property, or a heritable security; and
- (d) a contract of insurance.
- ^{F365}(e)

(3) An instrument excluded from paragraph (1) of article 78 by paragraph (2)(b) of that article is not thereby to be taken to fall within paragraph (1) of this article.

Textual Amendments

- **F363** Words in art. 77(1) substituted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), arts. 1(2), **2(2)(a)**
- F364 Words in art. 77(1) omitted (16.2.2011) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/133), arts. 1(2), 2(2)(a) (with art. 4)
- F365 Art. 77(2)(e) omitted (16.2.2011) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/133), arts. 1(2), 2(2)(b) (with art. 4)

[^{F366}Alternative finance investment bonds U.K.

77A.—(1) Rights under an alternative finance investment bond, to the extent that they do not fall within article [$^{F367}77$ or] 78.

(2) For the purposes of this article, arrangements constitute an alternative finance investment bond if—

- (a) the arrangements provide for a person ("the bond-holder") to pay a sum of money ("the capital") to another ("the bond-issuer");
- (b) the arrangements identify assets, or a class of assets, which the bond-issuer will acquire for the purpose of generating income or gains directly or indirectly ("the bond assets");
- (c) the arrangements specify a period at the end of which they cease to have effect ("the bond term");
- (d) the bond-issuer undertakes under the arrangements—
 - (i) to make a repayment in respect of the capital ("the redemption payment") to the bond-holder during or at the end of the bond term (whether or not in instalments); and
 - (ii) to pay to the bond-holder other payments on one or more occasions during or at the end of the bond term ("the additional payments");
- (e) the amount of the additional payments does not exceed an amount which would, at the time at which the bond is issued, be a reasonable commercial return on a loan of the capital; and
- (f) the arrangements are a security admitted to-

- (i) an official list (in accordance with the provisions of Directive 2001/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the admission of securities to official stock exchange listing and on information to be published on those securities); or
- (ii) trading on a regulated market (within the meaning of Article 4.1(14) of Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments) or on a recognised investment exchange (within the meaning of section 285 of the Act).
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2)—
 - (a) the bond-issuer may acquire the bond assets before or after the arrangements take effect;
 - (b) the bond assets may be property of any kind, including rights in relation to property owned by someone other than the bond-issuer;
 - (c) the identification of the bond assets mentioned in paragraph (2)(b) and the undertakings mentioned in paragraph (2)(d) may (but need not) be described as, or accompanied by a document described as, a declaration of trust;
 - (d) the reference to a period in paragraph (2)(c) includes any period specified to end upon the redemption of the bond by the bond-issuer;
 - (e) the bond-holder may (but need not) be entitled under the arrangements to terminate them, or participate in terminating them, before the end of the bond term;
 - (f) the amount of the additional payments may be—
 - (i) fixed at the beginning of the bond term;
 - (ii) determined wholly or partly by reference to the value of or income generated by the bond assets; or
 - (iii) determined in some other way;
 - (g) if the amount of the additional payments is not fixed at the beginning of the bond term, the reference in paragraph (2)(e) to the amount of the additional payments is a reference to the maximum amount of the additional payments;
 - (h) the amount of the redemption payment may (but need not) be subject to reduction in the event of a fall in the value of the bond assets or in the rate of income generated by them; and
 - (i) entitlement to the redemption payment may (but need not) be capable of being satisfied (whether or not at the option of the bond-issuer or the bond-holder) by the issue or transfer of shares or other securities.

(4) An instrument excluded from paragraph (1) of article 78 by paragraph (2)(b) of that article is not thereby taken to fall within paragraph (1) of this article.]

Textual Amendments

- F366 Art. 77A inserted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), arts. 1(2), 2(3)
- **F367** Words in art. 77A(1) inserted (16.2.2011) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/133), arts. 1(2), **2(3)** (with art. 4)

Government and public securities U.K.

78.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), loan stock, bonds and other instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness, issued by or on behalf of any of the following—

(a) the government of the United Kingdom;

- (b) the Scottish Administration;
- (c) the Executive Committee of the Northern Ireland Assembly;
- (d) the National Assembly for Wales;
- (e) the government of any country or territory outside the United Kingdom;
- (f) a local authority in the United Kingdom or elsewhere; or
- (g) a body the members of which comprise—
 - (i) states including the United Kingdom or another EEA State; or
 - (ii) bodies whose members comprise states including the United Kingdom or another EEA State.
- (2) [^{F368}Subject to paragraph (3),] there are excluded from paragraph (1)—
 - (a) so far as applicable, the instruments mentioned in article 77(2)(a) to (d);
 - (b) any instrument creating or acknowledging indebtedness in respect of-
 - (i) money received by the Director of Savings as deposits or otherwise in connection with the business of the National Savings Bank;
 - (ii) money raised under the National Loans Act 1968 ^{M23} under the auspices of the Director of Savings or treated as so raised by virtue of section 11(3) of the National Debt Act 1972 ^{M24}.

 $[^{F369}(3)$ Paragraph (2)(a) does not exclude an instrument which meets the requirements set out in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e) of article 77A(2).]

Textual Amendments

- **F368** Words in art. 78(2) inserted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), arts. 1(2), 2(4)
- F369 Art. 78(3) inserted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), arts. 1(2), 2(5)

Marginal Citations

M231968 c. 13.M241972 c. 65.

Instruments giving entitlements to investments U.K.

79.—(1) Warrants and other instruments entitling the holder to subscribe for any investment of the kind specified by article 76, 77 [F370 , 77A] or 78.

(2) It is immaterial whether the investment to which the entitlement relates is in existence or identifiable.

(3) An investment of the kind specified by this article is not to be regarded as falling within article 83, 84 or 85.

Textual Amendments

F370 Word in art. 79(1) inserted (24.2.2010) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/86), art. 1(2), **Sch. para. 5(f)**

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Certificates representing certain securities U.K.

80.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), certificates or other instruments which confer contractual or property rights (other than rights consisting of an investment of the kind specified by article 83)—

- (a) in respect of any investment of the kind specified by any of articles 76 to 79, being an investment held by a person other than the person on whom the rights are conferred by the certificate or instrument; and
- (b) the transfer of which may be effected without the consent of that person.

(2) There is excluded from paragraph (1) any certificate or other instrument which confers rights in respect of two or more investments issued by different persons, or in respect of two or more different investments of the kind specified by article 78 and issued by the same person.

Units in a collective investment scheme U.K.

81. Units in a collective investment scheme (within the meaning of Part XVII of the Act).

[^{F371}Rights under a pension scheme U.K.

- **82.**—(1) Rights under a stakeholder pension scheme.
- (2) Rights under a personal pension scheme.]

Textual Amendments

F371 Art. 82 substituted (1.10.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1969), arts. 1(2), **2(5)**

[^{F372}Greenhouse gas emissions allowances U.K.

82A. Greenhouse gas emissions allowances which are auctioned as financial instruments or as two-day spots within the meaning of Article 3.3 of the emission allowance auctioning regulation.]

Textual Amendments

F372 Art. 82A inserted (20.7.2012) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1906), arts. 1, 2(4)

Options U.K.

83.—[^{F373}(1)] Options to acquire or dispose of—

- (a) a security or contractually based investment (other than one of a kind specified by this article);
- (b) currency of the United Kingdom or any other country or territory;
- (c) palladium, platinum, gold or silver; ^{F374}...
- (d) an option to acquire or dispose of an investment of the kind specified by this article by virtue of paragraph (a), (b) or (c) [^{F375};
- (e) subject to paragraph (4), an option to acquire or dispose of an option to which paragraph 5, 6, 7 or 10 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive (the text of which is set out in Part I of Schedule 2) applies].

- [^{F376}(2) Subject to paragraph (4), options—
 - (a) to which paragraph (1) does not apply;
 - (b) which relate to commodities;
 - (c) which may be settled physically; and
 - (d) either—
 - (i) to which paragraph 5 or 6 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive, the text of which is set out in Part 1 of Schedule 2, applies, or
 - (ii) which in accordance with Article 38 of the Commission Regulation (the text of which is set out in Part 2 of Schedule 2) are to be considered as having the characteristics of other derivative financial instruments and not being for commercial purposes, and to which paragraph 7 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive applies.
- (3) Subject to paragraph (4), options—
 - (a) to which paragraph (1) does not apply;
 - (b) which may be settled physically; and
 - (c) to which paragraph 10 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive (read with the Commission Regulation) applies.
- (4) Paragraphs (1)(e), (2) and (3) only apply to options in relation to which—
 - (a) an investment firm or credit institution is providing or performing investment services and activities on a professional basis,
 - (b) a management company is providing, in accordance with [^{F377}Article 6(3)] of the UCITS directive, the investment service specified in paragraph 4 or 5 of Section A, or the ancillary service specified in paragraph 1 of Section B, of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive, or
 - (c) a market operator is providing the investment service specified in paragraph 8 of Section A of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive.

(5) Expressions used in paragraphs (1)(e), (2) and (3) and in the markets in financial instruments directive have the same meaning as in that directive.]

Textual Amendments

- **F373** Art. 83(1): art. 83 renumbered as art. 83(1) (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **26(a)**
- **F374** Word in art. 83(1)(c) omitted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **26(b)(i)**
- **F375** Art. 83(1)(e) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **26(b)(ii)**
- **F376** Art. 83(2)-(5) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **26(c)**
- F377 Words in art. 83(4)(b) substituted (1.7.2011) by The Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/1613), reg. 1, Sch. para. 1(3)

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Futures U.K.

84.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), rights under a contract for the sale of a commodity or property of any other description under which delivery is to be made at a future date and at a price agreed on when the contract is made.

[^{F378}(1A) Subject to paragraph (1D), futures—

- (a) to which paragraph (1) does not apply;
- (b) which relate to commodities;
- (c) which may be settled physically; and
- (d) to which paragraph 5 or 6 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive applies.
- (1B) Subject to paragraph (1D), futures and forwards-
 - (a) to which paragraph (1) does not apply;
 - (b) which relate to commodities;
 - (c) which may be settled physically;
 - (d) which in accordance with Article 38 of the Commission Regulation (the text of which is set out in Part 2 of Schedule 2) are to be considered as having the characteristics of other derivative financial instruments and not being for commercial purposes; and
 - (e) to which paragraph 7 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive applies.
- (1C) Subject to paragraph (1D), futures—
 - (a) to which paragraph (1) does not apply;
 - (b) which may be settled physically; and
 - (c) to which paragraph 10 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive (read with the Commission Regulation) applies.
- (1D) Paragraph (1A), (1B) and (1C) only apply to futures or forwards in relation to which—
 - (a) an investment firm or credit institution is providing or performing investment services and activities on a professional basis,
 - (b) a management company is providing, in accordance with [^{F379}Article 6(3)] of the UCITS directive, the investment service specified in paragraph 4 or 5 of Section A, or the ancillary service specified in paragraph 1 of Section B, of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive, or
 - (c) a market operator is providing the investment service specified in paragraph 8 of Section A of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive.

(1E) Expressions used in paragraphs (1A) to (1C) and in the markets in financial instruments directive have the same meaning as in that directive.]

(2) There are excluded from paragraph (1) rights under any contract which is made for commercial and not investment purposes.

(3) A contract is to be regarded as made for investment purposes if it is made or traded on a recognised investment exchange, or is made otherwise than on a recognised investment exchange but is expressed to be as traded on such an exchange or on the same terms as those on which an equivalent contract would be made on such an exchange.

(4) A contract not falling within paragraph (3) is to be regarded as made for commercial purposes if under the terms of the contract delivery is to be made within seven days, unless it can be shown

that there existed an understanding that (notwithstanding the express terms of the contract) delivery would not be made within seven days.

(5) The following are indications that a contract not falling within paragraph (3) or (4) is made for commercial purposes and the absence of them is an indication that it is made for investment purposes—

- (a) one or more of the parties is a producer of the commodity or other property, or uses it in his business;
- (b) the seller delivers or intends to deliver the property or the purchaser takes or intends to take delivery of it.

(6) It is an indication that a contract is made for commercial purposes that the prices, the lot, the delivery date or other terms are determined by the parties for the purposes of the particular contract and not by reference (or not solely by reference) to regularly published prices, to standard lots or delivery dates or to standard terms.

- (7) The following are indications that a contract is made for investment purposes—
 - (a) it is expressed to be as traded on an investment exchange;
 - (b) performance of the contract is ensured by an investment exchange or a clearing house;
 - (c) there are arrangements for the payment or provision of margin.

(8) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a price is to be taken to be agreed on when a contract is made—

- (a) notwithstanding that it is left to be determined by reference to the price at which a contract is to be entered into on a market or exchange or could be entered into at a time and place specified in the contract; or
- (b) in a case where the contract is expressed to be by reference to a standard lot and quality, notwithstanding that provision is made for a variation in the price to take account of any variation in quantity or quality on delivery.

Textual Amendments

- **F378** Art. 84(1A)-(1E) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), **27**
- **F379** Words in art. 84(1D)(b) substituted (1.7.2011) by The Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/1613), reg. 1, Sch. para. 1(4)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C32 Art. 84 applied (1.12.2001) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/1335), reg. 1(2), Sch. 1 para. 22(3); S.I. 2001/3538, art. 2(1)

Contracts for differences etc. U.K.

85.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), rights under—

- (a) a contract for differences; or
- (b) any other contract the purpose or pretended purpose of which is to secure a profit or avoid a loss by reference to fluctuations in—
 - (i) the value or price of property of any description; or
 - (ii) an index or other factor designated for that purpose in the contract.
- (2) There are excluded from paragraph (1)—

- (a) rights under a contract if the parties intend that the profit is to be secured or the loss is to be avoided by one or more of the parties taking delivery of any property to which the contract relates;
- (b) rights under a contract under which money is received by way of deposit on terms that any interest or other return to be paid on the sum deposited will be calculated by reference to fluctuations in an index or other factor;
- (c) rights under any contract under which—
 - (i) money is received by the Director of Savings as deposits or otherwise in connection with the business of the National Savings Bank; or
 - (ii) money is raised under the National Loans Act 1968 under the auspices of the Director of Savings or treated as so raised by virtue of section 11(3) of the National Debt Act 1972;
- (d) rights under a qualifying contract of insurance.
- [^{F380}(3) Subject to paragraph (4), derivative instruments for the transfer of credit risk—
 - (a) to which neither article 83 nor paragraph (1) applies; and
 - (b) to which paragraph 8 of Section C of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive applies.
- (4) Paragraph (3) only applies to derivatives in relation to which-
 - (a) an investment firm or credit institution is providing or performing investment services and activities on a professional basis,
 - (b) a management company is providing, in accordance with [^{F381}Article 6(3)] of the UCITS directive, the investment service specified in paragraph 4 or 5 of Section A, or the ancillary service specified in paragraph 1 of Section B, of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive, or
 - (c) a market operator is providing the investment service specified in paragraph 8 of Section A of Annex I to the markets in financial instruments directive.

(5) "Derivative instruments for the transfer of credit risk" has the same meaning as in the markets in financial instruments directive.]

Textual Amendments

- F380 Art. 85(3)-(5) inserted (1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 1.11.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment No. 3) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3384), arts. 1(2), 28
- **F381** Words in art. 85(4)(b) substituted (1.7.2011) by The Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/1613), reg. 1, Sch. para. 1(5)

Lloyd's syndicate capacity and syndicate membership U.K.

86.—(1) The underwriting capacity of a Lloyd's syndicate.

(2) A person's membership (or prospective membership) of a Lloyd's syndicate.

Funeral plan contracts U.K.

87. Rights under a funeral plan contract.

Commencement Information

I6 Art. 87 in force at 1.1.2002, see art. 2(2)(a)

Regulated mortgage contracts U.K.

88. Rights under a regulated mortgage contract.

Commencement Information

I7 Art. 88 in force at 31.10.2004, see art. 1(2)(b) (as read with Treasury notice dated 9.7.2003)

[^{F382}Regulated home reversion plans U.K.

88A. Rights under a regulated home reversion plan.]

Textual Amendments

F382 Arts. 88A, 88B inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **23**

[^{F382}Regulated home purchase plans U.K.

88B. Rights under a regulated home purchase plan.]

Textual Amendments

F382 Arts. 88A, 88B inserted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), **23**

[^{F383}Regulated sale and rent back agreements U.K.

88C. Rights under a regulated sale and rent back agreement.]

Textual Amendments

F383 Art. 88C inserted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), **21**

[^{F384}Credit agreement U.K.

88D. Rights under a credit agreement.

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F384 Arts. 88D, 88E inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 7

Consumer hire agreement U.K.

88E. Rights under a consumer hire agreement.]

Textual Amendments

F384 Arts. 88D, 88E inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 7

Rights to or interests in investments U.K.

89.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) to (4), any right to or interest in anything which is specified by any other provision of this Part (other than $[^{F385}$ article 88, $[^{F386}$ 88A, 88B or 88C]]).

- (2) Paragraph (1) does not include interests under the trusts of an occupational pension scheme.
- (3) Paragraph (1) does not include—
 - (a) rights to or interests in a contract of insurance of the kind referred to in paragraph (1)(a) of article 60; or
 - (b) interests under a trust of the kind referred to in paragraph (1)(b) of that article.
- (4) Paragraph (1) does not include anything which is specified by any other provision of this Part.

Textual Amendments

- F385 Words in art. 89(1) substituted (6.11.2006 for specified purposes, 6.4.2007 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/2383), arts. 1(2), 24
- F386 Words in art. 89(1) substituted (1.7.2009 for specified purposes, 30.6.2010 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1342), arts. 1(2), 22

[^{F387}PART 3A U.K.

SPECIFIED ACTIVITIES IN RELATION TO INFORMATION

Textual Amendments

F387 Pt. 3A inserted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), 8(2)

The activities U.K.

Providing credit information services U.K.

89A.—(1) Taking any of the steps in paragraph (3) on behalf of an individual or relevant recipient of credit is a specified kind of activity.

(2) Giving advice to an individual or relevant recipient of credit in relation to the taking of any of the steps specified in paragraph (3) is a specified kind of activity.

- (3) Subject to paragraph (4), the steps specified in this paragraph are steps taken with a view to—
 - (a) ascertaining whether a credit information agency holds information relevant to the financial standing of an individual or relevant recipient of credit;
 - (b) ascertaining the contents of such information;
 - (c) securing the correction of, the omission of anything from, or the making of any other kind of modification of, such information;
 - (d) securing that a credit information agency which holds such information—

(i) stops holding the information, or

(ii) does not provide it to any other person.

(4) Steps taken by a credit information agency in relation to information held by that agency are not steps specified in paragraph (3).

(5) Paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply to an activity of the kind specified by article 36H (operating an electronic system in relation to lending).

(6) "Credit information agency" means a person who carries on by way of business an activity of the kind specified by any of the following—

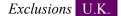
- (a) article 36A (credit broking);
- (b) article 39D (debt adjusting);
- (c) article 39E (debt-counselling);
- (d) article 39F (debt-collecting);
- (e) article 39G (debt administration);
- (f) article 60B (regulated credit agreements) disregarding the effect of article 60F;
- (g) article 60N (regulated consumer hire agreements) disregarding the effect of article 60P;
- (h) article 89B (providing credit references).

Providing credit references U.K.

89B.—(1) Furnishing of persons with information relevant to the financial standing of individuals or relevant recipients of credit is a specified kind of activity if the person has collected the information for that purpose.

(2) There are excluded from paragraph (1) activities carried on in the course of a business which does not primarily consist of activities of the kind specified by paragraph (1).

(3) Paragraph (1) does not apply to an activity of the kind specified by article 36H (operating an electronic system in relation to lending).



Activities carried on by members of the legal profession etc. U.K.

89C.--(1) There are excluded from articles 89A and 89B activities carried on by--

- (a) a barrister or advocate acting in that capacity;
- (b) a solicitor (within the meaning of the Solicitors Act 1974) acting in the course of contentious business (as defined in section 87(1) of that Act);
- (c) a solicitor within the meaning of the Solicitors (Scotland) Act 1980 engaging in business done in or for the purposes of proceedings before a court or before an arbitrator;
- (d) a solicitor in Northern Ireland engaging in contentious business as defined in Article 3(2) of the Solicitors (Northern Ireland) Order 1976;
- (e) a relevant person (other than a person falling within sub-paragraph (a) to (d)) acting in the course of contentious business.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (e) of paragraph (1)—

"contentious business" means business done in or for the purposes of proceedings begun before a court or before an arbitrator, not being non-contentious or common form probate business (within the meaning of section 128 of the Senior Courts Act 1981);

"relevant person" means a person who, for the purposes of the Legal Services Act 2007, is an authorised person in relation to an activity which constitutes the exercise of a right of audience or the conduct of litigation (within the meaning of that Act).

Information society services U.K.

89D. Articles 89A and 89B are subject to the exclusion in article 72A (information society services).

Supplemental U.K.

Meaning of "consumer" etc. U.K.

89E.—(1) For the purposes of sections 1G, 404E and 425A of the Act (meaning of "consumer")

- (a) an individual or a relevant recipient of credit who is, may be, has been or may have been the subject of the information referred to in article 89A, and
- (b) an individual or a relevant recipient of credit who is, may be, has been or may have been the subject of information furnished in the course of a person carrying on an activity of the kind specified by article 89B,

is to be treated as a "consumer".

- (2) For the purposes of section 328(8) of the Act (meaning of "clients")-
 - (a) an individual or a relevant recipient of credit who is, may be, has been or may have been the subject of the information referred to in article 89A, and
 - (b) an individual or a relevant recipient of credit who is, may be, has been or may have been the subject of information furnished in the course of a person carrying on an activity of the kind specified by article 89B,

is to be treated as a "client".]

PART IV U.K.

CONSEQUENTIAL PROVISIONS

Regulated mortgage contracts: consequential provisions

[^{F388}Consequential amendments of the Consumer Credit Act 1974 U.K.

90.—(1) The Consumer Credit Act 1974^{M25} is amended as follows.

- (2) In section 16 (exempt agreements)^{M26}, after subsection (6B) insert—
 - "(6C) This Act does not regulate a consumer credit agreement if-
 - (a) it is secured by a land mortgage; and
 - (b) entering into that agreement as lender is a regulated activity for the purposes of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

(6D) But section 126, and any other provision so far as it relates to section 126, applies to an agreement which would (but for subsection (6C)) be a regulated agreement.

- (6E) Subsection (6C) must be read with—
 - (a) section 22 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (regulated activities: power to specify classes of activity and categories of investment);
 - (b) any order for the time being in force under that section; and
 - (c) Schedule 2 to that Act.".
- (3) In section 43 (advertisements), after subsection (3) insert—

"(3A) An advertisement does not fall within subsection (1)(a) in so far as it is a communication of an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, other than an exempt generic communication.

(3B) An "exempt generic communication" is a communication to which subsection (1) of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 does not apply, as a result of an order under subsection (5) of that section, because it does not identify a person as providing an investment or as carrying on an activity to which the communication relates.".

(4) In section 52 (quotations), after subsection (2) insert—

"(3) In this section, "quotation" does not include—

- (a) any document which is a communication of an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000; or
- (b) any document (other than one falling within paragraph (a)) provided by an authorised person (within the meaning of that Act) in connection with an agreement which would or might be an exempt agreement as a result of section 16(6C).".

(5) In section 53 (duty to display information), after "land" insert " (other than credit provided under an agreement which is an exempt agreement as a result of section 16(6C)) ".

(6) In section 137 (extortionate credit bargains), in subsection (2)(a), after "any agreement" insert " (other than an agreement which is an exempt agreement as a result of section 16(6C))".

(7) In section 151 (advertisements for the purposes of ancillary credit business), after subsection (2) insert—

Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

"(2A) An advertisement does not fall within subsection (1) or (2) in so far as it is a communication of an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, other than an exempt generic communication (as defined in section 43(3B))."]

Textual Amendments

F388 Art. 90 omitted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **9(2)**

Commencement Information

I8 Art. 90 in force at 31.10.2004, see art. 1(2)(b) (as read with Treasury notice dated 9.7.2003)

Marginal Citations

M25 1974 c. 39.

M26 Subsection (6B) was inserted by s. 22(3) of the Housing and Planning Act 1986 (c. 63) and amended by the Housing Act 1988 (c. 50), Sch. 17, Part I, para. 20, and by the Government of Wales Act 1998 (c. 38), Sch. 18, Part VI.

[^{F389} Consequential amendments of subordinate legislation under the Consumer Credit Act 1974 U.K.

91.—(1) In the Consumer Credit (Advertisements) Regulations 1989^{M27}, after paragraph (2) of regulation 9 (application of Regulations) insert—

"(3) These Regulations do not apply to any advertisement in so far as it is a communication of an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, other than an exempt generic communication.

(4) An "exempt generic communication" is a communication to which subsection (1) of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 does not apply, as a result of an order under subsection (5) of that section, because it does not identify a person as providing an investment or as carrying on an activity to which the communication relates.".

(2) In the Consumer Credit (Content of Quotations) and Consumer Credit (Advertisements) (Amendment) Regulations 1999^{M28}, in the definition of "quotation" in paragraph (1) of regulation 2 (interpretation of Part II)—

- (a) omit "or" at the end of sub-paragraph (c); and
- (b) after sub-paragraph (d) insert—
 - "(e) any document which is a communication of an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000; or
 - (f) any document (other than one falling within sub-paragraph (e)), provided by an authorised person (within the meaning of that Act) in connection with an agreement which would or might be an exempt agreement as a result of section 16(6C) of the Act.".]

Textual Amendments

F389 Art. 91 omitted (26.7.2013 for specified purposes) by virtue of The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1881), arts. 1(2), **9(3)**

Commencement Information

19 Art. 91 in force at 31.10.2004, see art. 1(2)(b) (as read with Treasury notice dated 9.7.2003)

Marginal Citations

- M27 Subsection (6B) was inserted by s. 22(3) of the Housing and Planning Act 1986 (c. 63) and amended by the Housing Act 1988 (c. 50), Sch. 17, Part I, para. 20, and by the Government of Wales Act 1998 (c. 38), Sch. 18, Part VI.
- **M28** S.I. 1989/1125, amended by S.I. 1999/2725, S.I. 1999/3177 and S.I. 2000/1797, and modified by S.I. 1992/3218.

[^{F390}PART V U.K.

UNAUTHORISED PERSONS CARRYING ON INSURANCE MEDIATION ACTIVITIES

Textual Amendments

F390 Pt. 5 inserted (31.10.2004 for specified purposes, 14.1.2005 in so far as not already in force) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1476), arts. 1(3), 13

Interpretation U.K.

92. In this Part—

"designated professional body" means a body which is for the time being designated by the Treasury under section 326 of the Act (designation of professional bodies);

"insurance mediation activity" means any regulated activity of the kind specified by article 21, 25(1) or (2), 39A or 53, or, so far as relevant to any of those articles, article 64, which is carried on in relation to a contract of insurance;

"the record" means the record maintained by [^{F391}the FCA] under section 347 of the Act (public record of authorised persons etc.);

"recorded insurance intermediary" has the meaning given by article 93(4);

"a relevant member", in relation to a designated professional body, means a member (within the meaning of section 325(2) of the Act) of the profession in relation to which that designated professional body is established, or a person who is controlled or managed by one or more such members.

Textual Amendments

F391 Words in art. 92 substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

Duty to maintain a record of unauthorised persons carrying on insurance mediation activities **U.K.**

93.—(1) Subject to articles 95 and 96, [F392 the FCA] must include in the record every person who—

- (a) as a result of information obtained by virtue of its rules or by virtue of a direction given, or requirement imposed, under [^{F393}section 55U(4)] of the Act (procedure for applications under Part IV), appears to [^{F392}the FCA] to fall within paragraph (2); or
- (b) as a result of information obtained by virtue of article 94, appears to [^{F392}the FCA] to fall within paragraph (3).

(2) A person falls within this paragraph if he is, or has entered into a contract by virtue of which he will be, an appointed representative who carries on any insurance mediation activity.

(3) A person falls within this paragraph if—

- (a) he is a relevant member of a designated professional body who carries on, or is proposing to carry on, any insurance mediation activity; and
- (b) the general prohibition does not (or will not) apply to the carrying on of those activities by virtue of section 327 of the Act (exemption from the general prohibition).

(4) In this Part, "recorded insurance intermediary" means a person who is included in the record by virtue of paragraph (1).

(5) The record must include—

- (a) in the case of any recorded insurance intermediary, its address; and
- (b) in the case of a recorded insurance intermediary which is not an individual, the name of the individuals who are responsible for the management of the business carried on by the intermediary, so far as it relates to insurance mediation activities.

Textual Amendments

F392 Words in art. 93(1) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

F393 Words in art. 93(1)(a) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(h)

Members of designated professional bodies U.K.

94.—(1) A designated professional body must, by notice in writing, inform [^{F394}the FCA] of—

- (a) the name,
- (b) the address, and
- (c) in the case of a relevant member which is not an individual, the name of the individuals who are responsible for the management of the business carried on by the member, so far as it relates to insurance mediation activities,

of any relevant member who falls within paragraph (2).

(2) A relevant member of a designated professional body falls within this paragraph if, in accordance with the rules of that body, he carries on, or proposes to carry on any insurance mediation activity but does not have, and does not propose to apply for, Part IV permission on the basis that the general prohibition does not (or will not) apply to the carrying on of that activity by virtue of section 327 of the Act.

(3) A designated professional body must also, by notice in writing, inform [^{F395} the FCA] of any change in relation to the matters specified in sub-paragraphs (a) to (c) of paragraph (1).

(4) A designated professional body must inform [F395 the FCA] when a relevant member to whom paragraph (2) applies ceases, for whatever reason, to carry on insurance mediation activities.

(5) [^{F395}The FCA] may give directions to a designated professional body as to the manner in which the information referred to in paragraphs (1), (3) and (4) must be provided.

Textual Amendments

F394 Words in art. 94(1) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)
F395 Words in art. 94(3)(4)(5) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

Exclusion from record where not fit and proper to carry on insurance mediation activities **U.K.**

95.—(1) If it appears to [^{F396}the FCA] that a person who falls within article 93(2) (appointed representatives) ("AR") is not a fit and proper person to carry on insurance mediation activities, it may decide not to include him in the record or, if that person is already included in the record, to remove him from the record.

(2) Where [F396 the FCA] proposes to make a determination under paragraph (1), it must give AR a warning notice.

(3) If [^{F396}the FCA] makes a determination under paragraph (1), it must give AR a decision notice.

(4) If [F396 the FCA] gives AR a decision notice under paragraph (3), AR may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

(5) $[^{F396}$ The FCA] may, on the application of AR, revoke a determination under paragraph (1).

(6) If [^{F396}the FCA] decides to grant the application, it must give AR written notice of its decision.

- (7) If [^{F396}the FCA] proposes to refuse the application, it must give AR a warning notice.
- (8) If [^{F396}the FCA] decides to refuse the application, it must give AR a decision notice.

(9) If [F396 the FCA] gives AR a decision notice under paragraph (8), AR may refer the matter to the Tribunal.

(10) Sections 393 and 394 of the Act (third party rights and access to $[^{F397}FCA$ or PRA] material) apply to a warning notice given in accordance with paragraph (2) or (7) and to a decision notice given in accordance with paragraph (3) or (8).

Textual Amendments

F396 Words in art. 95(1)-(9) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)

F397 Words in art. 95(10) substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(i)

Exclusion from the record where [^{F398}FCA] has exercised its powers under Part XX of the Act U.K.

96.—(1) If a person who appears to [^{F399}the FCA] to fall within article 93(3) (member of a designated professional body) falls within paragraph (2) or (3), [^{F399}the FCA] must not include him in the record or, if that person is already included in the record, must remove him from the record.

Status: Point in time view as at 26/07/2013. Changes to legislation: The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all

changes to registration. The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2007 is up to date with difchanges known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(2) A person falls within this paragraph if, by virtue of a direction given by [F399 the FCA] under section 328(1) of the Act (directions in relation to the general prohibition), section 327(1) of the Act does not apply in relation to the carrying on by him of any insurance mediation activity.

(3) A person falls within this paragraph if [F399 the FCA] has made an order under section 329(2) of the Act (orders in relation to the general prohibition) disapplying section 327(1) of the Act in relation to the carrying on by him of any insurance mediation activity.]

Textual Amendments

F398 Word in art. 96 heading substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(j)
F399 Words in art. 96 substituted (1.4.2013) by The Financial Services Act 2012 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/472), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 35(a)



MISCELLANEOUS

Textual Amendments

F400 Pt. 6 and heading inserted (15.7.2004) by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) (Amendment) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1610), arts. 1(2), **3**

Disapplication of section 49(2) of the Act U.K.

97. In section 49 of the Act (persons connected with an applicant for Part 4 permission), after subsection (2) insert—

- "(2A) But subsection (2) does not apply to the extent that the permission relates to—
 - (a) an insurance mediation activity (within the meaning given by paragraph 2(5) of Schedule 6); or
 - (b) a regulated activity involving a regulated mortgage contract.".]

Greg Pope Jim Dowd Two of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury

Status:

Point in time view as at 26/07/2013.

Changes to legislation:

The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 22 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.