

# Land Registration Act 2002

# **2002 CHAPTER 9**

# PART 3

DISPOSITIONS OF REGISTERED LAND

#### Powers of disposition

## 23 Owner's powers

- (1) Owner's powers in relation to a registered estate consist of-
  - (a) power to make a disposition of any kind permitted by the general law in relation to an interest of that description, other than a mortgage by demise or sub-demise, and
  - (b) power to charge the estate at law with the payment of money.
- (2) Owner's powers in relation to a registered charge consist of-
  - (a) power to make a disposition of any kind permitted by the general law in relation to an interest of that description, other than a legal sub-mortgage, and
  - (b) power to charge at law with the payment of money indebtedness secured by the registered charge.

(3) In subsection (2)(a), "legal sub-mortgage" means-

- (a) a transfer by way of mortgage,
- (b) a sub-mortgage by sub-demise, and
- (c) a charge by way of legal mortgage.

### 24 Right to exercise owner's powers

A person is entitled to exercise owner's powers in relation to a registered estate or charge if he is—

- (a) the registered proprietor, or
- (b) entitled to be registered as the proprietor.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

#### 25 Mode of exercise

- (1) A registrable disposition of a registered estate or charge only has effect if it complies with such requirements as to form and content as rules may provide.
- (2) Rules may apply subsection (1) to any other kind of disposition which depends for its effect on registration.

#### 26 Protection of disponees

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), a person's right to exercise owner's powers in relation to a registered estate or charge is to be taken to be free from any limitation affecting the validity of a disposition.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a limitation—
  - (a) reflected by an entry in the register, or
  - (b) imposed by, or under, this Act.
- (3) This section has effect only for the purpose of preventing the title of a disponee being questioned (and so does not affect the lawfulness of a disposition).