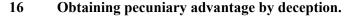


Theft Act 1968

1968 CHAPTER 60

Fraud and blackmail

15	Obtaining property by deception.	
	FI	
Texti	ual Amendments	
F1	S. 15 repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 1(a)(i), Sch. 3 (with Sch. 2 para. 3); S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2	
15A	Obtaining a money transfer by deception.	
	F2	
Textu	ual Amendments	
F2	S. 15A repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 1(ii), Sch. 3 (with Sch. 2 para. 3); S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2	
15B	Section 15A: supplementary.	
	F3	
Textu	ual Amendments	
F3	S. 15B repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 3, Sch. 3 ; S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2	



F4

Textual Amendments

F4 S. 16 repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 1(a)(iii), Sch. 3 (with Sch. 2 para. 3); S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2

17 False accounting.

- (1) Where a person dishonestly, with a view to gain for himself or another or with intent to cause loss to another,—
 - (a) destroys, defaces, conceals or falsifies any account or any record or document made or required for any accounting purpose; or
 - (b) in furnishing information for any purpose produces or makes use of any account, or any such record or document as aforesaid, which to his knowledge is or may be misleading, false or deceptive in a material particular;

he shall, on conviction on indictment, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years.

(2) For purposes of this section a person who makes or concurs in making in an account or other document an entry which is or may be misleading, false or deceptive in a material particular, or who omits or concurs in omitting a material particular from an account or other document, is to be treated as falsifying the account or document.

18 Liability of company officers for certain offences by company.

- (1) Where an offence committed by a body corporate under section FS... 17 of this Act is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of any director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate, or any person who was purporting to act in any such capacity, he as well as the body corporate shall be guilty of that offence, and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.
- (2) Where the affairs of a body corporate are managed by its members, this section shall apply in relation to the acts and defaults of a member in connection with his functions of management as if he were a director of the body corporate.

Textual Amendments

Words in s. 18(1) repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 4, Sch. 3; S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 18 applied by Theft Act 1978 (c. 31, SIF 39:6), s. 5(1)

19 False statements by company directors, etc.

(1) Where an officer of a body corporate or unincorporated association (or person purporting to act as such), with intent to deceive members or creditors of the body

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Theft Act 1968, Cross Heading: Fraud and blackmail. (See end of Document for details)

corporate or association about its affairs, publishes or concurs in publishing a written statement or account which to his knowledge is or may be misleading, false or deceptive in a material particular, he shall on conviction on indictment be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years.

- (2) For purposes of this section a person who has entered into a security for the benefit of a body corporate or association is to be treated as a creditor of it.
- (3) Where the affairs of a body corporate or association are managed by its members, this section shall apply to any statement which a member publishes or concurs in publishing in connection with his functions of management as if he were an officer of the body corporate or association.

20 Suppression, etc. of documents.

(1) A person who dishonestly, with a view to gain for himself or another or with intent to cause loss to another, destroys, defaces or conceals any valuable security, any will or other testamentary document or any original document of or belonging to, or filed or deposited in, any court of justice or any government department shall on conviction on indictment be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years.

(3) For the purposes of this section ^{F7}... "valuable security" means any document creating, transferring, surrendering or releasing any right to, in or over property, or authorising the payment of money or delivery of any property, or evidencing the creation, transfer, surrender or release of any such right, or the payment of money or delivery of any property, or the satisfaction of any obligation.

Textual Amendments

- F6 S. 20(2) repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 1(a)(iv), Sch. 3 (with Sch. 2 para. 3); S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2
- F7 Words in s. 20(3) repealed (15.1.2007) by Fraud Act 2006 (c. 35), ss. 14(1)(3), 15(1), Sch. 1 para. 5, Sch. 3; S.I. 2006/3200, art. 2

21 Blackmail.

- (1) A person is guilty of blackmail if, with a view to gain for himself or another or with intent to cause loss to another, he makes any unwarranted demand with menaces; and for this purpose a demand with menaces is unwarranted unless the person making it does so in the belief—
 - (a) that he has reasonable grounds for making the demand; and
 - (b) that the use of the menaces is a proper means of reinforcing the demand.
- (2) The nature of the act or omission demanded is immaterial, and it is also immaterial whether the menaces relate to action to be taken by the person making the demand.
- (3) A person guilty of blackmail shall on conviction on indictment be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding fourteen years.

Theft Act 1968 (c. 60)
Document Generated: 2023-08-10

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Theft Act 1968, Cross Heading: Fraud and blackmail. (See end of Document for details)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 S. 21 extended (2.10.1991) by Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983 (c. 18, SIF 8), ss. 1(1)(d), 8(2); S.I. 1991/1716, art. 2

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Theft Act 1968, Cross Heading: Fraud and blackmail.