Draft Regulations laid before Parliament under paragraph 1(3) of Schedule 7 to the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, for approval by resolution of each House of Parliament.

DRAFT STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 2020 No. 000

# EXITING THE EUROPEAN UNION PLANT HEALTH

The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020

Made - - - - \*\*\* Coming into force in accordance with regulation 1(2)

The Secretary of State makes these Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by section 8(1) of, and paragraph 21 of Schedule 7 to, the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018(1).

A draft of this instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament in accordance with paragraph 1(3) of Schedule 7 to that Act.

## PART 1

#### Introductory

#### Citation and commencement

**1.**—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

(2) They come into force on IP completion day.

<sup>(1) 2018</sup> c. 16; section 8 was amended by section 27 of the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement Act) 2020 (c. 1) and paragraph 21 of Schedule 7 was amended by section 41(4) of, and paragraph 53(2) of Schedule 5 to, that Act.

#### PART 2

#### Amendment to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

#### **Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072**

**2.**—(1) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants(**2**) is amended as follows.

(2) In Article 1, for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"1. This Regulation makes provision for the purposes of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.

**1A.** It makes provision about:

- (a) GB quarantine pests, provisional GB quarantine pests, PFA quarantine pests and GB regulated non-quarantine pests; and
- (b) measures in relation to the introduction of plants, plant products and other objects into Great Britain and the movement of plants, plant products and other objects within Great Britain to reduce the risks in connection with those pests to an acceptable level.".
- (3) In Article 2, in paragraph 2—
  - (a) in point (a)—

(i) for "Union" substitute "GB";

(ii) for "protected zone" substitute "PFA";

- (b) in point (b), before "plant" insert "UK";
- (c) in point (c), for the words from "Union" to the end substitute "GB quarantine pests, provisional GB quarantine pests and PFA quarantine pests";
- (d) at the end insert—
  - "(d) 'EPPO code', in relation to a pest, means the code for that pest in the EPPO code database maintained by the European and Meditteranean Plant Protection Organization;
  - (e) 'wood packaging material' means wood in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums or similar packings, pallets, box pallets or other load boards, pallet collars or dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of any kind.".
- (4) In Article 3-
  - (a) in the heading, for "Union" substitute "GB";
  - (b) for the first unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 2 makes provision about GB quarantine pests.";

- (c) omit the second unnumbered paragraph.
- (5) After Article 3 insert—

<sup>(2)</sup> EUR 2019/2072.

"Article 3a

#### *List of provisional GB quarantine pests*

Annex 2A makes provision about provisional GB quarantine pests.".

- (6) In Article 4—
  - (a) for the heading substitute "List of PFA quarantine pests and GB pest-free areas";
  - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 3 makes provision about PFA quarantine pests and their respective GB pest-free areas.".

- (7) In Article 5—
  - (a) for the heading substitute "List of GB regulated non-quarantine pests and their respective plants for planting";
  - (b) for the first unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 4 makes provision about GB regulated non-quarantine pests ('RNQPs') and the thresholds relating to the presence of those pests on specific plants for planting.";

- (c) omit the second unnumbered paragraph.
- (8) In Article 6—
  - (a) for paragraph 1 substitute—

"1. Annex 5 makes provision about the measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting which are moved within, or introduced into, Great Britain.";

(b) in paragraph 2-

 (i) for the words from the beginning to "pursuant to" substitute "Nothing in Annex 4 or 5 shall affect the application of the requirements specified in retained EU law which transposed the provisions in";

- (c) in paragraph 3—
  - (i) in the words before point (a)—
    - (aa) for the words from "the list" to "pursuant to" substitute "nothing in Annex 4 or 5 shall affect the application of the exceptions from the requirements on marketing, specified in retained EU law which transposed the provisions in";
    - (bb) omit ", from the requirements for marketing set out by those Directives";
  - (ii) omit point (f).
- (9) In Article 7—
  - (a) in the heading, for "whose introduction into the Union from certain third countries is prohibited" substitute "which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries";
  - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph, substitute—

"Annex 6 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries.".

- (10) In Article 8—
  - (a) in the heading—
    - (i) for "the Union territory", in the first place where it occurs, substitute "a CD territory or Great Britain";

- (ii) for "the Union territory", in the second place where it occurs, substitute "Great Britain";
- (b) for paragraph 1 substitute—

"Annex 7 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain.".

(c) for paragraph 2 substitute—

"Annex 8 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain.

- (11) In Article 9-
  - (a) in the heading, for ", whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited" substitute "which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas";
  - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 9 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries or CD territories or within Great Britain which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas.".

- (12) In Article 10-
  - (a) in the heading—

(i) for "protected zones", in the first place where it occurs, substitute "GB pest-free areas";

- (ii) omit "for protected zones";
- (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 10 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects which are to be introduced into or moved within GB pest-free areas and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into or for their movement within those GB pest-free areas."

(13) In Article 11, for paragraphs 1 to 3 substitute—

"1. Annex 11 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating or dispatched from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

**2.** Part A of that Annex makes provision for the purposes of Article 72 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 about the plants, plant products and other objects originating or dispatched from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

**3.** Part B of that Annex makes provision about plants, other than plants listed in Parts A and C of that Annex, which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

**4.** Part C of that Annex makes provision about plants which are subject to the exception referred to in Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2031.".

- (14) In Article 12-
  - (a) in the heading for "protected zone" substitute "GB pest-free area";
  - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 12 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating or dispatched from third countries which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.".

#### (15) In Article 13-

- (a) in the heading—
  - (i) before "plant passport" insert "UK";
  - (ii) for "the Union territory" substitute "Great Britain, or their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory";
- (b) for paragraph 1 substitute—

"Annex 13 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects in respect of which a UK plant passport is required for their movement within Great Britain, or their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory.";

- (c) omit paragraph 2.
- (16) In Article 14-
  - (a) in the heading—
    - (i) before "plant passport" insert "UK;
    - (ii) for "PZ" substitute "PFA";
    - (iii) for "protected zones" substitute "GB pest free areas";
  - (b) for the first unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 14 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects in respect of which a UK plant passport is required for their introduction into or their movement within GB pest-free areas.";

- (c) in the second unnumbered paragraph—
  - (i) for "Plant passports" substitute "UK plant passports";
  - (ii) for "PZ" substitute "PFA".

(17) After Article 18, omit the words from "This Regulation" to "Member States".

**3.** In Annex 1, in the unnumbered paragraph, for the words from ", when" to the end substitute "have the same meaning in the Annexes listed in the first column of the table in Part B as they have in the retained EU law transposing the Directives listed in the corresponding entries in the second column of that table".

- 4. For Annex 2, substitute the Annex in Schedule 1.
- 5. After Annex 2, insert new Annex 2A in Schedule 2.
- 6. For Annex 3, substitute the Annex in Schedule 3.
- 7. For Annex 4, substitute the Annex in Schedule 4.
- 8. For Annex 5, substitute the Annex in Schedule 5.
- 9. For Annex 6, substitute the Annex in Schedule 6.
- **10.** For Annex 7, substitute the Annex in Schedule 7.
- 11. For Annex 8, substitute the Annex in Schedule 8.
- **12.** In Annex 9—
  - (a) in the heading, for ", whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited" substitute "which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas";

- (b) omit the unnumbered paragraph;
- (c) in the table—
  - (i) omit the column headed "CN Code";
  - (ii) for the column headings in the table substitute-

"(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Description of GB pest-free area"
(iii) omit the entries in the table.	
13. For Annex 10, substitute the Annex in Scher	dule 9.
14. For Annex 11, substitute the Annex in Scher	dule 10.
<b>15.</b> In Annex 12—	
(a) in the heading for " <b>protected zone</b> " subs	titute "GB pest-free area";
(b) omit the entries in the table.	
<b>16.</b> For Annex 13, substitute the Annex in Schee	dule 11.
<b>17.</b> In Annex 14—	
(a) in the heading—	
(i) before "plant passport" insert "UK	·"·,
(ii) for " <b>PZ</b> " substitute " <b>PFA</b> ";	
(iii) for " <b>protected zones</b> " substitute "G	GB pest-free areas";
(b) before paragraph 1 insert—	
"(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Description of GB pest-free area"

(c) omit paragraphs 1 to 12.

Name Parliamentary Under Secretary of State Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

Date

#### SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 4

#### New Annex 2 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 2

#### List of GB quarantine pests

Table of Contents		
Part A:	Pests not known to occur in Great Britain	
A.	Bacteria	
B.	Fungi and oomycetes	
C.	Insects and mites	
D.	Nematodes	
E.	Parasitic plants	
F.	Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas	
Part B: Pests known to occur in Great Britain		

- A. Bacteria
- B. Fungi and oomycetes
- C. Nematodes
- D. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas

## PART A

#### Pests not known to occur in Great Britain

#### GB quarantine pests and their EPPO codes

A. Bacteria		
1.	Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al. [CORBSE]	
2.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Collins and Jones [CORBFL]	
3.	Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters [ERWIST]	
4.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto [PSDMAK]	
5.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	
6.	Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al. [RALSPS]	
7.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebesensis Safni et al. [RALSSC]	
8.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. [RALSSI]	
9.	Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPR]	

- 10. *Xylella fastidiosa* (Wells et al.) [XYLEFA]
- 11. *Xylophilus ampelinus* (Panagopoulos) Willems, Gillis, Kersters, van den Broeke & De Ley [XANTAM]

B. Fu	ngi and oomycetes			
1.	Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller [CRSPAN]			
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schweinitz) von Arx [DIBOMO]			
3	Atropellis apiculata M.L. Lohman, E.K. Cash & R.W. Davidson [ATRPAP]			
4.	Atropellis pinicola Zeller & Goodding [ATRPPC]			
5.	Atropellis piniphila (Weir) Lohmann & Cash [ATRPPP]			
6.	Atropellis tingens Lohman & Cash [ATRPTI]			
7.	Botryosphaeria laricina (Sawada) Shang [GUIGLA]			
8.	Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka [PHYOPI]			
9.	Bretziella fagacearum Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAFA]			
10.	Ceratocystis platani (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr [CERAFP]			
11.	Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel [CHMYAR]			
12.	Coniferiporia sulphurascens (Pilát) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [PHELSU]			
13.	Coniferiporia weirii (Murrill) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [INONWE]			
14.	<i>Cronartium</i> spp. Fries [1CRONG], except <i>Cronartium gentianeum</i> Thümen [CRONGE], <i>Cronartium pini</i> (Willdenow) Jørstad [ENDCPI] and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> Fischer [CRONRI].			
15.	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]			
16.	Davidsoniella virescens (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAVI]			
17.	Diaporthe vaccinii Shear [DIAPVA]			
18.	Dothistroma pini Hulbary [DOTSPI]			
19.	Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]			
20.	Geosmithia morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat [GEOHMO]			
21.	Gymnosporangium spp. [1GYMNG], except:			
	Gymnosporangium amelanchieris E. Fisch. ex F. Kern [GYMNAM], Gymnosporangium atlanticum Guyot & Malençon [GYMNAT], Gymnosporangium clavariiforme (Wulfen) DC [GYMNCF], Gymnosporangium confusum Plowright [GYMNCO], Gymnosporangium cornutum Arthur ex F. Kern [GYMNCR], Gymnosporangium fusisporum E. Fisch. [GYMNFS], Gymnosporangium gaeumannii H. Zogg			

[GYMNGA], *Gymnosporangium gracile* Pat. [GYMNGR], *Gymnosporangium minus* Crowell [GYMNMI], *Gymnosporangium orientale* P. Syd. & Syd. [GYMNOR], *Gymnosporangium sabinae* (Dickson) G. Winter [GYMNFU], *Gymnosporangium torminali-juniperini* E. Fisch. [GYMNTJ], *Gymnosporangium tremelloides* R. Hartig [GYMNTR]

- 22. *Lecanosticta acicola* (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]
- 23. *Melampsora farlowii* (Arthur) Davis [MELMFA]
- 24. *Melampsora medusae* f. sp. *tremuloidis* Shain [MELMMT]
- 25. Mycodiella laricis-leptolepidis (Kaz. Itô, K. Satô & M. Ota) Crous [MYCOLL]
- 26. *Phoma andina* Turkensteen [PHOMAN]
- 27. *Phyllosticta solitaria* Ellis & Everhart [PHYSSL]
- 28. *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora* (Duggar) Hennebert [PHMPOM]
- 29. *Phytophthora ramorum* (non-European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]
- 30. Pseudocercospora pini-densiflorae (Hori & Nambu) Deighton [CERSPD]
- 31. Puccinia pittieriana Hennings [PUCCPT]
- 32. Septoria malagutii E.T. Cline [SEPTLM]
- 33. Sphaerulina musiva (Peck) Quaedvl, Verkley & Crous. [MYCOPP]
- 34. Stegophora ulmea (Fr.) Syd. & P. Syd [GNOMUL]
- 35. *Thecaphora solani* (Thirumulachar & O'Brien) Mordue [THPHSO]
- 36. *Tilletia indica* Mitra [NEOVIN]

#### C. Insects and mites

1.	Acleris gloverana (Walsingham) [ACLRGL]
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- 2. *Acleris issikii* Oku [ACLRIS]
- 3. Acleris minuta (Robinson) [ACLRMI]
- 4. Acleris nishidai Brown [ACLRNI]
- 5. *Acleris nivisellana* (Walsingham) [ACLRNV]
- 6. *Acleris robinsoniana* (Forbes) [ACLRRO]
- 7. *Acleris semipurpurana* (Kearfott) [CROISE]
- 8. *Acleris senescens* (Zeller) [ACLRSE]
- 9. *Acleris variana* (Fernald) [ACLRVA]
- 10. Acrobasis pyrivorella (Matsumura) [NUMOPI]
- 11. Agrilus anxius Gory [AGRLAX]
- 12. Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire [AGRLPL]
- 13. *Aleurocanthus spiniferus* (Quaintance) [ALECSN]
- 14. Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) [ANOLCN]
- 15. Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) [ANOLGL]
- 16. Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling [ANTHBI]
- 17. Anthonomus eugenii Cano [ANTHEU]
- 18. Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say [TACYQU]
- 19. Anthonomus signatus Say [ANTHSI]

- 20. Aromia bungii (Faldermann) [AROMBU]
- 21. Arrhenodes minutus Drury [ARRHMI]
- 22. Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye [ASCXEP]
- 23. Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) [PARZCO]
- 24. *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendal) [DACULA]
- 25. Bactrocera tau (Walker) [BCTRTA]
- 26. Bactrocera tryoni (Froggatt) [DACUTR]
- 27. *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius). [BEMITA]
- 28. Carposina sasakii Matsumara [CARSSA]
- 29. Choristoneura biennis Freeman [CHONBI]
- 30. Choristoneura carnana (Barnes & Busck) [CHONCA]
- 31. Choristoneura conflictana (Walker) [ARCHCO]
- 32. *Choristoneura fumiferana* (Clemens) [CHONFU]
- 33. Choristoneura lambertiana (Busck) [TORTLA]
- 34. Choristoneura occidentalis (Walsingham) [CHONOC]
- 35. Choristoneura orae Freeman [CHONOR]
- 36. Choristoneura parallela (Robinson) [CHONPA]
- 37. Choristoneura pinus pinus Freeman [CHONPI]
- 38. *Choristoneura retiniana* (Walsingham) [CHONRE]
- 39. Choristoneura rosaceana (Harris) [CHONRO]
- 40. *Cicadellidae* (non-European) [1CICDF] known to be vector of *Xylella fastidiosa*, such as:
  - -Carneocephala fulgida (Nottingham) [CARNFU],
  - -Draeculacephala minerva Ball [DRAEMI],
  - -Graphocephala atropunctata (Signoret) [GRCPAT],
  - -Homalodisca vitripennis (Germar) [HOMLTR]
- 41. *Circulifer tenellus* (Baker) [CICTA]
- 42. *Conotrachelus nenuphar* (Herbst) [CONHNE]
- 43. Dacus ciliatus Loew [DACUCI]
- 44. Dacus frontalis Becker [DACUFR]
- 45. Dacus punctatifrons Karsch [DACUPU]
- 46. Dendrolimus sibiricus Chetverikov [DENDSI]
- 47. *Diabrotica barberi* Smith and Lawrence [DIABLO]
- 48. *Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi* Barber [DIABUH]

- 49. *Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata* Mannerheim [DIABUN]
- 50. *Diabrotica virgifera zeae* Krysan & Smith [DIABVZ]
- 51. *Eotetranychus lewisi* (McGregor) [EOTELE]
- 52. *Epitrix cucumeris* (Harris) [EPIXCU]
- 53. *Epitrix papa* (Orlova-Bienkowskaja) [EPIXPP]
- 54. *Epitrix subcrinita* (Leconte) [EPIXSU]
- 55. *Epitrix tuberis* Gentner [EPIXTU]
- 56. Euphranta canadensis (Loew) [EPOCCA]
- 57. Euphranta japonica (Ito) [RHACJA]
- 58. *Exomala orientalis* (Waterhouse) [ANMLOR]
- 59. *Grapholita inopinata* (Heinrich) [CYDIIN]
- 60. Grapholita packardi Zeller [LASPPA]
- 61. *Grapholita prunivora* (Walsh) [LASPPR]
- 62. *Haplaxius crudus* (van Duzee) [MYNDCR]
- 63. *Helicoverpa armigera* (Hübner) [HELIAR]
- 64. Helicoverpa assulta (Guenée) [HELIAS]
- 65. *Helicoverpa zea* (Boddie)[HELIZE]
- 66. *Ips amitinus* (Eichhoff) [IPSXAM]
- 67. *Ips duplicatus* (Sahlberg) [IPSXDU]
- 68. *Ips typographus* (L.) [IPSXTY]
- 69. *Keiferia lycopersicella* (Walsingham) [GNORLY]
- 70. *Leptinotarsa decemlineata* Say [LPTNDE]
- 71. Lopholeucaspis japonica (Cockerell) [LOPLJA]
- 72. *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) [LIRIHU]
- 73. *Liriomyza sativae* Blanchard [LIRISA]
- 74. Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) [LIRITR]
- 75. Listronotus bonariensis (Kuschel) [HYROBO]
- 76. *Margarodes*, non-European species [1MARGG], such as:
  - -Margarodes prieskaensis (Jakubski) [MARGPR],
  - -Margarodes vitis (Philippi) [MARGVI],
  - *—Margarodes vredendalensis* de Klerk [MARGVR]
- 77. *Monochamus* spp. Dejean [1MONCG]
- 78. Myiopardalis pardalina (Bigot) [CARYPA]
- 79. *Naupactus leucoloma* Boheman [GRAGLE]

- 80. *Neoceratitis cyanescens* (Bezzi) [CERTCY]
- 81. Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch) [AMAZMA]
- 82. Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) [NEOLEL]
- 83. Oemona hirta (Fabricius) [OEMOHI]
- 84. Oligonychus perditus Pritchard and Baker [OLIGPD]
- 85. Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) [PAYSAR]
- 86. *Phyllocoptes fructiphilus* Keifer [PHYCFR]
- 87. *Pissodes cibriani* O'Brien [PISOCI]
- 88. *Pissodes fasciatus* Leconte [PISOFA]
- 89. *Pissodes nemorensis* Germar [PISONE]
- 90. *Pissodes nitidus* Roelofs [PISONI]
- 91. *Pissodes punctatus* Langor & Zhang [PISOPU]
- 92. *Pissodes strobi* (Peck) [PISOST]
- 93. *Pissodes terminalis* Hopping [PISOTE]
- 94. *Pissodes yunnanensis* Langor & Zhang [PISOYU]
- 95. *Pissodes zitacuarense* Sleeper [PISOZI]
- 96. *Pityophthorus juglandis* Blackman [PITOJU]
- 97. Polygraphus proximus Blandford [POLGPR]
- 98. *Popillia japonica* Newman [POPIJA]
- 99. *Premnotrypes spp.* Pierce (non-European) [1PREMG]
- 100. Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus (Zimmermann) [PSDPMI]
- 101. Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff) [PSDPPR]
- 102. Rhagoletis fausta (Osten-Sacken) [RHAGFA];
- 103. Rhagoletis indifferens Curran [RHAGIN];
- 104. Rhagoletis mendax Curran [RHAGME];
- 105. Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) [RHAGPO];
- 106. Rhagoletis ribicola Doane [RHAGRI];
- 107. Rhagoletis suavis (Loew) [RHAGSU];
- 108. Rhizoecus hibisci Kawai and Takagi [RHIOHI]
- 109. Rhynchophorus palmarum (L.) [RHYCPA]
- 110. Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier) [RHYCFE]
- 111. Saperda candida Fabricius [SAPECN]
- 112. Scirtothrips aurantii Faure [SCITAU]
- 113. Scirtothrips citri (Moulton) [SCITCI]
- 114. Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood [SCITDO]

- 115. *Scolytidae* spp. (non-European) [1SCOLF]
- 116. Spodoptera eridania (Cramer) [PRODER]
- 117. Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) [LAPHFR]
- 118. Spodoptera littoralis (Boisduval) [SPODLI]
- 119. Spodoptera litura (Fabricus) [PRODLI]
- 120. Strauzia longipennis (Wiedemann) [STRALO]
- 121. Tecia solanivora (Povolný) [TECASO]
- 122. Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) [ARGPLE]
- 123. Thaumetopoea pityocampa Denis & Schiffermüller [THAUPI]
- 124. *Thrips palmi* Karny [THRIPL]
- 125. Zeugodacus cucumis (French) [DACUCM]
- 126. Zeugodacus cucurbitae (Coquillett) [DACUCU]

#### **D.** Nematodes

- 1. *Aphelenchoides besseyi* Christie [APLOBE]
- 2. Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner and Bührer) Nickle [BURSXY]
- 3. *Globodera pallida (Stone)* Behrens [HETDPA] (Non-European Strains)
- 4. *Globodera rostochiensis* (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO] (Non-European Strains)
- 5. *Hirschmanniella* spp., Luc & Goodey [1HIRSG], except:
  - -Hirschmanniella behningi Micoletzky [HIRSBE],
  - -Hirschmanniella gracilis (de Man) Luc & Goodey [HIRSGR],
  - -Hirschmanniella halophila Sturhan & Hallman [HIRSHA],
  - -Hirschmanniella loofi Sher [HIRSLO] and
  - *—Hirschmanniella zostericola* Allgén [HIRSZO]
- 6. *Longidorus diadecturus* Eveleigh and Allen [LONGDI]
- 7. *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* Golden *et al.* [MELGCH]
- 8. *Nacobbus aberrans* (Thorne) Thorne and Allen [NACOBA]
- 9. *Xiphinema americanum sensu stricto* Cobb [XIPHAA]
- 10. *Xiphinema bricolense* Ebsary, Vrain & Graham [XIPHBC]
- 11. *Xiphinema californicum* Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHCA]
- 12. Xiphinema neoamericanum Saxena, Chhabra & Joshi [XIPHNA]
- 13. *Xiphinema intermedium* Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHIM]
- 14. *Xiphinema rivesi* (non-European populations) Dalmasso [XIPHRI]
- 15. *Xiphinema ta rjanense* Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHTA]

#### E. Parasitic plants

1.	Arceuthobium spp. [1AREG], except:			
	-Arceuthobium azoricum Wiens & Hawksworth [AREAZ],			
	—Arceuthobium gambyi Fridl [AREGA] and			
	-Arceuthobium oxycedri (de Candolle) Marschall von Bieberstein [AREOX]			
F. Vir	uses, viroids and phytoplasmas			
1.	Beet curly top virus [BCTV00]			
2.	Begomoviruses [1BEGOG]			
3.	Blueberry scorch virus [BLSCV0]			
4.	Blueberry shoestring virus [BSSV00]			
5.	Candidatus Phytoplasma 'aurantifolia' Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHYPAF]			
6.	Candidatus Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPMA]			
7.	Candidatus Phytoplasma 'pruni' Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas [PHYPPN]			
8.	<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino, Zhao, Casati, Bulgari, Bianco, Wei & Davis [PHYPSO]			
9.	Candidatus Phytoplasma 'ulmi' Lee, Martini, Marcone & Zhu [PHYPUL]			
10.	Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus [CSNV00]			
11.	Coconut lethal yellowing phytoplasma [PHYP56]			
12.	Cowpea mild mottle virus [CPMMV0]			
13.	Cucumber vein yellowing virus [CVYV00]			
14.	Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus [CYSDV0]			
15.	Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma [PHYP64]			
16.	Lettuce infectious yellows virus [LIYV00]			
17.	Melon yellowing-associated virus [MYAV00]			
18.	Potato viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas, such as:			
	—Andean potato latent virus [APLV00],			
	—Andean potato mild mosaic virus [APMMV0],			
	—Andean potato mottle virus [APMOV0],			
	—Arracacha virus B, oca strain [AVBO00],			
	—Potato black ringspot virus [PBRSV0],			
	—Potato yellowing virus [PYV000],			
	—Potato yellow vein virus [PYVV00],			

—Potato virus T [PVT000],

—Non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Yo, Yn and Yc) and Potato leafroll virus [PVA000, PVM000, PVS000, PVV000, PVX000 and PVY000 (including PVY000, PVYN00, PVYC00)] and [PLRV00]

- 19. Rose Rosette virus [RRV000]
- 20. Strawberry vein banding virus [SVBV00]
- 21. Squash vein yellowing virus [SQVYVX]
- 22. Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus [SPCSV0]
- 23. Sweet potato mild mottle virus [SPMMV0]
- 24. Tobacco ringspot virus [TRSV00]
- 25. Tobacco streak virus black raspberry latent strain [TSVBL0]
- 26. Tomato brown rugose fruit virus [TOBRFV]
- 27. Tomato chocolate virus [TOCHV0]
- 28. Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus [TOLCND]
- 29. Tomato marchitez virus [TOANV0]
- 30. Tomato mild mottle virus [TOMMOV]
- 31. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L., such as:
  - -Blueberry leaf mottle virus [BLMOV0],
  - -Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense Davis, Gillaspie, Vidaver & Harris [PHYPAU],
  - *—Candidatus* Phytoplasma *phoenicium* Verdin, Salar, Danet, Choueiri, Jreijiri, El Zammar, Gélie, Bové & Garnier [PHYPPH],
  - -Cherry rasp leaf virus [CRLV00],
  - -Grapevine ajinashika virus [GAV000],
  - -Peach mosaic virus [PCMV00],
  - -Peach rosette mosaic virus [PRMV00],
  - -American plum line pattern virus [APLPV0],
  - -Raspberry leaf curl virus [RLCV00],
  - -Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma [SYWB00],

—Non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L.

## PART B

#### Pests known to occur in Great Britain

#### GB quarantine pests and their EPPO codes

A. Bacteria				
1.	Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. [RALSSL]			
B. Fungi and oomycetes				
1.	Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival [SYNCEN]			
C. Nematodes				
1.	Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens [HETDPA] (European Strains)			
2.	Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO] (European Strains)			
D. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas				
1.	Candidatus Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]"			

#### SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 5

New Annex 2A to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 2A

#### List of provisional GB quarantine pests

#### Provisional GB quarantine pests and their EPPO codes

A. Fur	ngi and oomycetes		
1.	Alternaria mali Roberts [ALTEMA]		
2.	Heterobasidion irregulare Garbelotto & Otrosina [HETEIR]		
3.	<i>Neocosmospora euwallaceae</i> (S. Freeman, Z. Mendel, T. Aoki & O'Donnell) Sandoval- Denis, L. Lombard & Crous [FUSAEW]		
4.	Phytophthora kernoviae Brasier, Beales & S.A. Kirk [PHYTKE]		
5.	Phytophthora ramorum (European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]		
6.	Thekopsora minima (Arthur) Sydow & P. Sydow [THEKMI]		
B. Insect and mites			
1.	Agrilus fleischeri Obenberger [AGRLFL]		
2.	Agrilus bilineatus (Weber) [AGRLBL]		
3.	Ceratothripoides brunneus Bagnall [CRTZBR]		
4.	Ceratothripoides claratris (Shumsher) [CRTZCL		
5.	Euwallacea fornicatus senso lato (Eichhoff) [XYLBFO]		

6. *Neocerambyx raddei* (Blessig) [MALLRA]

- 7. *Platynota stultana* Walsingham [PLAAST]
- 8. *Prodiplosis longifila* Gagné [PRDILO]
- 9. *Scaphoideus luteolus* van Duzee [SCAPLU]
- 10. Scaphoideus titanus Ball [SCAPLI]
- 11. Scolytus morawitzi Semenov [SCOLMO]
- 12. *Tetranychus evansi* Baker & Pritchard [TETREV]
- 13. *Thaumetopoea pinivora* (Treitschke)[THAUPV]
- 14. *Trialeurodes abutiloneus* Haldeman [TRIAAB]
- 15. *Toumeyella parvicornis* (Cockerell)[TOUMPA]
- 16. *Xyleborus glabratus* Eichhoff [XYLBGR]
- 17. *Xylotrechus* spp. Chevrolat [1XYLOG]

#### C. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas

1. Apple dimple fruit viroid [AI	DFVD0]
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- 2. Citrus exocortis viroid [CEVD00]
- 3. Columnea latent viroid [CLVD00]
- 4. Pepper chat fruit viroid [PCFVD0]
- 5. Tomato chlorosis virus [TOCV00]
- 6. Tomato infectious chlorosis virus [TICV00]
- 7. Tomato planta macho viroid [TPMVD0]
- 8. Tomato torrado virus [TOTV00]
- 9. Tomato yellow leaf curl Sardinia virus [TYLCSV]
- 10. Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0]"

#### SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 6

#### New Annex 3 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 3

#### List of PFA quarantine pests and GB pest-free areas

	(1)		(2)
	<i>PFA quarantine pest (with code)</i>	EPPO	Description of GB pest-free area
1.	Dendroctonus micans [DENCMI]	Kugelan	The eastern boundary for the pest-free area runs from Dumbarton along the A82 to Crianlarich. From Crianlarich the boundary continues along the A82 to Loch Tulla and then it follows the railway line from Loch Tulla to Rannoch Station,

	(1)	(2)
	<i>PFA quarantine pest (with EPPO code)</i>	Description of GB pest-free area
		to Tulloch Station to Roybridge Station. It then follows the C road by the river Roy up to Brae Roy Lodge, following the River Turret then cutting across the watershed following the Allt an t- Sidhean stream to the A82 at Laggan and then to Invergarry where it follows the A87 to the Kyle of Lochalsh and the islands of Skye, Mull, Jura, Arran, Scarba, Seil, Luing, Shuna, Torsa, Ulva, Gometra, Kerrera, Lismore and Eilean Shona
2.	<i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer [IPSXCE]	The eastern boundary for the pest-free area runs from Dumbarton along the A82 to Crianlarich. From Crianlarich the boundary continues along the A82 to Loch Tulla and then it follows the railway line from Loch Tulla to Rannoch Station, to Tulloch Station to Roybridge Station. It then follows the C road by the river Roy up to Brae Roy Lodge, following the River Turret then cutting across the watershed following the Allt an t- Sidhean stream to the A82 at Laggan and then to Invergarry where it follows the A87 to the Kyle of Lochalsh and the islands of Skye, Mull, Jura, Arran, Scarba, Seil, Luing, Shuna, Torsa, Ulva, Gometra, Kerrera, Lismore and Eilean Shona
3.	<i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Bőrner [IPSXSE]	The eastern boundary for the pest-free area runs from Dumbarton along the A82 to Crianlarich. From Crianlarich the boundary continues along the A82 to Loch Tulla and then it follows the railway line from Loch Tulla to Rannoch Station, to Tulloch Station to Roybridge Station. It then follows the C road by the river Roy up to Brae Roy Lodge, following the River Turret then cutting across the watershed following the Allt an t- Sidhean stream to the A82 at Laggan and then to Invergarry where it follows the A87 to the Kyle of Lochalsh and the islands of Skye, Mull, Jura, Arran, Scarba, Seil, Luing, Shuna, Torsa, Ulva, Gometra, Kerrera, Lismore and Eilean Shona
4.	<i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. [THAUPR]	Great Britain (excluding the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham, Barnet, Basildon, Basingstoke and Deane, Bexley, Bracknell Forest, Brent, Brentwood, Bromley, Broxbourne, Camden, Castle Point, Chelmsford, Chiltern, City of London, City of Westminster, Crawley, Croydon, Dacorum, Dartford, Ealing, East Hertfordshire, Elmbridge District, Enfield, Epping Forest, Epsom and Ewell District, Gravesham, Greenwich, Guildford, Hackney,

(1)	(2)
<i>PFA quarantine pest (with EPPO code)</i>	Description of GB pest-free area
	Hammersmith & Fulham, Haringey, Harlow,
	Harrow, Hart, Havering, Hertsmere, Hillingdon,
	Horsham, Hounslow, Islington, Kensington
	& Chelsea, Kingston-upon-Thames, Lambeth,
	Lewisham, Littlesford, Medway, Merton,
	Mid Sussex, Mole Valley, Newham, North
	Hertfordshire, Reading, Redbridge, Reigate and
	Banstead, Richmond-upon-Thames, Runnymede
	District, Rushmoor, Sevenoaks, Slough, South
	Bedfordshire, South Bucks, South Oxfordshire,
	Southwark, Spelthorne District, St Albans,
	Sutton, Surrey Heath, Tandridge, Three Rivers,
	Thurrock, Tonbridge and Malling, Tower Hamlets,
	Waltham Forest, Wandsworth, Watford, Waverley,
	Welwyn Hatfield, West Berkshire, Windsor
	and Maidenhead, Woking, Wokingham and
	Wycombe)"

#### **SCHEDULE 4**

Regulation 7

#### New Annex 4 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 4

List of GB regulated non-quarantine pests and their respective plants for planting In this Annex, 'RNQPs' means GB regulated non-quarantine pests.

#### **Table of Contents**

Part A: RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed

Part B: RNQPs concerning vine propagating material

Part C: RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

Part D: RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds

Part E: RNQPs concerning vegetable seed

Part F: RNQPs concerning seed potatoes

Part G: RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants

Part H: RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds

Part I: RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Part J: RNQPs concerning seeds of Solanum tuberosum

Part K: RNQPs concerning plants for planting of Humulus lupulus, other than seeds

## PART A

## RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	6	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds certified seed
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]		0%	0%	0%
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0%	0%	0%

## PART B

## RNQPs concerning vine propagating material

Insects and mites					
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4) Thresholds for standard material	
RNQPs or symptom. caused by RNQPs		olanting seeds (genus	Thresholds for initial propagating material, basic propagating material and certified material		
Daktulosphaira vitifoliae F [VITEVI]	Non-grafte itch <i>vinifera</i> L.	d Vitis	0%	0%	
Daktulosphaira vitifoliae F [VITEVI]	<i>Vitis</i> L. oth itch grafted <i>Viti</i>		Practically free	Practically free	
Viruses, viroids, vi	rus-like disease	s and phytop	lasmas		
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	
RNQPs or symptom. caused by RNQPs	0 1	olanting seeds (genus	Thresholds for initial propagating material, basic propagating material and certified material	Thresholds for standard material	
Arabis mosaic v [ARMV00]	irus <i>Vitis</i> L.		0%	0%	

Document Generated: 2023-12-16

**Draft Legislation:** This is a draft item of legislation and has not yet been made as a UK Statutory Instrument. This draft has been replaced by a new draft, The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 ISBN 978-0-348-21490-1

Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00]	Vitis L.	0%	0%
Grapevine fleck virus [GFKV00]	Rootstocks of <i>Vitis</i> spp. and their hybrids, except <i>Vitis vinifera</i> L.		Not applicable
		Not applicable for basic propagating material and certified material.	
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1 [GLRAV1]	Vitis L.	0%	0%
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3 [GLRAV3]	Vitis L.	0%	0%

## PART C

RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobtrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> Bosc ex Spach, <i>Photinia davidiana</i> Decne., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%

#### Fungi and oomycetes

rungi and oomyeetes		
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
Phytophthora austrocedri Greslebin & Hansen [PHYTAU]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>lawsoniana</i> (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> nootkatensis (D.Don) Sudw./(Lamb.) Spach, <i>Cupressus</i> sempervirens var. <i>sempervirens</i> L., <i>Juniperus</i> <i>communis</i> ssp. <i>communis</i> L. and <i>Libocedrus chilensis</i> (D.Don) Endl.	0%
<i>Phytophthora lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess [PHYTLI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>formosensis</i> Matsum., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> lawsoniana (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>obtusa</i> Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., <i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt. and <i>Thuja occidentalis</i> L.	0%
<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Seeds of Helianthus annuus L.	0%
Puccinia horiana P. Hennings [PUCCHN]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0%
Insects and mites		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bo [OPOGSC]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Beaucarnea</i> Lem., <i>Bougainvillea</i> Comm. ex Juss., <i>Crassula</i> L., <i>Crinum</i> L., <i>Dracaena</i> Vand. ex L., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Pachira</i> Aubl., <i>Palmae</i> , <i>Sansevieria</i> Thunb. and <i>Yucca</i> L.	0%
Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by	Plants for planting (genus or	Thresholds for the

RNQPs or symptoms caused by<br/>RNQPsPlants for planting (genus or<br/>species)Thresholds for the<br/>propagating mater

propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants Document Generated: 2023-12-16

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for planting intended for ornamental purposes

<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus</i> <i>flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L, <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit. and <i>Tulipa</i> L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip. and <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0%
<i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i> Fotsch, <i>Impatiens</i> L. and New	0%
	Guinea Hybrids	
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L.:	0%
	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi.,	

	Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl. and other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus	
Tomato ringspot virus [TORSV0]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pelargonium x hortorum</i> , <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds, of <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i>	0%
	Fotsch, <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Gerbera</i> L., <i>Impatiens</i> L., New Guinea Hybrids and <i>Pelargonium</i> L.	

## PART D

RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	<i>Plants for planting (genus or species)</i>	Thresholds for the forest reproductive material concerned
Dothistromaseptosporum(Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Pinus L.	0%

## PART E

#### RNQPs concerning vegetable seed

Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Candidatus Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPH]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0%
Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. fuscans Schaad et al. [XANTFF]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTVE]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
Insects and mites		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say) [ACANOB]	<i>Phaseolus coccineus</i> L. and <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	0%
Bruchus pisorum (Linnaeus) [BRCHPI]	Pisum sativum L.	0%
Bruchus rufimanus Boheman [BRCHRU]	Vicia faba L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	eases and phytoplasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)

<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato apical stunt viroid [TASVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid [TCDVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%

## PART F

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	direct pr basic se	lds for the rogeny of pre- ed potatoes PB	Thresholds for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Thresholds for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.5%	4%	10%
Blackleg ( <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp. [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp. [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
Candidatus Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>Ditylenchudestructor</i> Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]		0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
2	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	tubers over		3% affecting tubers over more than 10% of their surface

## RNQPs concerning seed potatoes

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	direct p basic se	olds for the rogeny of pre- red potatoes PB	Thresholds for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Thresholds for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
subterranea (Wallr.) Lagerh. [SPONSU]			10% of their surface	10% of their surface	
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.1%	0.8%	6%
and					
symptoms caused by Potato leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen [MELGFA]		0%	0%	0%	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%

## PART G

## RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants

In this Part, 'specified size', in relation to a seed lot, means-

- (a) in the case of seed of Brassica rapa L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs, 70g;
- (b) in the case of seed of Brassica napus L. (partim), 100g;
- (c) in the case of seed of Sinapis alba L., 200g.

Fungi and oomy	vcetes			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre- basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
Alternaria linicola Groves & Skolko [ALTELI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5% 5% affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. linicola, <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% 5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. linicola, <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% 5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. linicola, <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusariun</i> spp.

Boeremia exigua	Linum usitatissimum	1%	1%	1%
	L flax	5% affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.
Boeremia exigua	Linum usitatissimum	5%	5%	5%
	L linseed	5% affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.
<i>Botrytis cinerea</i> de Bary [BOTRCI]	Helianthus annuus L. and Linum usitatissimum L.	5%	5%	5%
<i>Colletotrichum lini</i> Westerdijk [COLLLI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	8	with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum	with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua
Diaporthe caulivora (Athow & Caldwell) J.M. Santos, Vrandecic & A.J.L. Phillips [DIAPPC];	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex		infection with
Diaporthe phaseolorum var. sojae Lehman [DIAPPS]				
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 %	5 %	5 %

Document Generated: 2023-12-16

Draft Legislation: This is a draft item of legislation and has not yet been made as a UK Statutory Instrument. This draft has been replaced by a new draft, The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 ISBN 978-0-348-21490-1

[1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]		affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell	affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell	affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Helianthus annuus L.	0%	0%	0%
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Brassica rapa L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs,	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory	fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot of the	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Brassica napus L. (partim) and Helianthus annuus L.	10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot of the	10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Sinapis alba L.	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory	fragments of	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory

a representative	a representative	a representative
sample of each seed		
lot of a the specified		
size (if any)	specified size (if	specified size (if
	any)	any)

## PART H

RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material other than seeds

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
<i>Candidatus Liberibacter</i> 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
	Capsicum annuum L. an Solanum lycopersicum L.	d 0%
	Capsicum annuum L. an Solanum lycopersicum L.	d 0%
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L. an Solanum lycopersicum L.	d 0%
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L. an Solanum lycopersicum L.	d 0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Fusarium Link (anamorphic genus) [1FUSAG] other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0%
Helicobasidium brebissonii (Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0%

Stromatinia cepivora Berk. [SCLOCE]	Allium cepa L., Allium fistulosum L., Allium porrum L. and Allium sativum L.	0%
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Cynara cardunculus L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	Allium sativum L.	1%
Onion yellow dwarf virus [OYDV00]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L. and <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	1%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tobacco mild green mosaic virus [TMGMV0]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato apical stunt viroid [TASVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid [TCDVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Capsicum annuum L., Lactuca sativa L., Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	0%

## PART I

RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Bacteria	
(1)	(2)

(3)

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	<i>Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned</i>
Agrobacterium tumefaciens (Smith & Townsend) Conn [AGRBTU]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L. and Vaccinium L.	0%
<i>Agrobacterium</i> spp. Conn [1AGRBG]	Rubus L.	0%
<i>Candidatus Phlomobacter</i> 'fragariae' Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHMBFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pseudomonas avellanae Janse et al. [PSDMAL]	Corylus avellana L.	0%
Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi (Smith) Gardan et al. [PSDMSA]	Olea europaea L.	0%
morsprunorum (Wormald)	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. Syringae van Hall [PSDMSY]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L. and Prunus armeniaca L.	0%
Pseudomonasviridiflava(Burkholder)Dowson[PSDMVF]	Prunus armeniaca L.	0%
<i>Rhodococcus fascians</i> Tilford [CORBFA]	Rubus L.	0%
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Corylina (Miller, Bollen, Simmons, Gross & Barss) Vauterin, Hoste, Kersters & Swings [XANTCY]	Corylus avellana L.	0%

Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Juglandi (Pierce) Vauterin et al. [XANTJU]	Jugland regia L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>fici</i> (Cavara) Dye [XANTFI]	Ficus carica L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas fragariae</i> Kennedy & King [XANTFR]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	<i>Plants for planting (genus or species)</i>	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned
Armillariella mellea (Vahl) Kummer [ARMIME]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L	0%
Chondrostereum purpureum Pouzar [STERPU]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Colletotrichum acutatum Simmonds [COLLAC]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Diaporthe strumella</i> (Fries) Fuckel [DIAPST]	Ribes L.	0%
<i>Exobasidium vaccinii</i> (Fuckel) Woronin [EXOBVA]	Vaccinium L.	0%
<i>Glomerella</i> cingulata (Stoneman) Spaulding & von Schrenk [GLOMCI]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Godronia cassandrae (anamorph Topospora myrtilli) Peck [GODRCA]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Microsphaera grossulariae (Wallroth) Léveillé [MCRSGR]	Ribes L.	0%
Mycosphaerella punctiformis Verkley & U. Braun [RAMUEN]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0%
<i>Neofabraea alba</i> Desmazières [PEZIAL]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Neofabraea malicorticis Jackson [PEZIMA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%

0% Peronospora rubi Rabenhorst Rubus L. [PERORU] Phytophthora cactorum (Lebert Cydonia oblonga Mill., 0% & Cohn) J.Schröter [PHYTCC] Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L. cambivora Castanea sativa Mill. and 0% Phytophthora (Petri) Buisman [PHYTCM] Pistacia vera L. 0% Phytophthora cinnamomi Castanea sativa Mill. Rands [PHYTCN] citrophthora Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle 0% *Phytophthora* (R.E. Smith & E.H. Smith) and Poncirus Raf. Leonian [PHYTCO] Phytophthora 0% cryptogea Pistacia vera L. Pethybridge & Lafferty [PHYTCR] *Phytophthora fragariae* C.J. Plants for planting, other than 0% Hickman [PHYTFR] seeds, of Fragaria L. Phytophthora nicotianae var. Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle 0% parasitica (Dastur) Waterhouse and Poncirus Raf. [PHYTNP] 0% Phytophthora spp. de Bary Rubus L. [1PHYTG] Podosphaera aphanis Fragaria L. 0% (Wallroth) Braun & Takamatsu [PODOAP] 0% Podosphaera mors-uvae Ribes L. (Schweinitz) Braun & Takamatsu [SPHRMU] 0% Rhizoctonia fragariae Hussain Fragaria L. & W.E. McKeen [RHIZFR] Rosellinia necatrix Prillieux Pistacia vera L. 0% [ROSLNE] Sclerophora pallida Yao & Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus 0% Spooner [SKLPPA] Mill. and Pyrus L. Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke Corylus avellana L., Cydonia 0% & Berthold [VERTAA] oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L. Verticillium dahliae Kleb Corylus avellana L., Cydonia 0% [VERTDA] oblonga Mill., Fragaria L.,

Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.

Insects and mites		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned
Cecidophyopsis ribis Westwood [ERPHRI]	Ribes L.	0%
Chaetosiphon fragaefolii Cockerell [CHTSFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
Dasineura tetensi Rübsaamen [DASYTE]	Ribes L.	0%
<i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> Signoret [EPIDBE]	Juglans regia L.	0%
<i>Eriosoma lanigerum</i> Hausmann [ERISLA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Phytoptus avellanae Nalepa [ERPHAV]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> Banks [TARSPA]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> Targioni-Tozzetti [PSEAPE]	Juglans regia L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Ribes L.	0%
Psylla spp. Geoffroy [1PSYLG]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Resseliella theobaldi</i> Barnes [THOMTE]	Rubus L.	0%
<i>Tetranychus urticae</i> Koch [TETRUR]	Ribes L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	<i>Plants for planting (genus or species)</i>	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants

concerned

Aphelenchoides blastophthorus Franklin [APLOBL]	Fragaria L.	0%
Aphelenchoidesfragariae(Ritzema Bos)Christie[APLOFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi (Schwartz) Steiner & Buhrer [APLORI]	Fragaria L. and Ribes L.	0%
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Fragaria L. and Ribes L.	0%
<i>Heterodera fici</i> Kirjanova [HETDFI]	Ficus carica L.	0%
Longidorus attenuatus Hooper [LONGAT]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Rubus L.	0%
	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Longidorus macrosoma Hooper [LONGMA]	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Meloidogyne arenaria Chitwood [MELGAR]	Ficus carica L. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Meloidogyne hapla Chitwood [MELGHA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L.	0%
Meloidogyne javanica Chitwood [MELGJA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%

	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Malus Mill., Pistacia vera L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%
Pratylenchus vulnus Allen & Jensen [PRATVU]	Citrus L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Fortunella Swingle, Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Poncirus Raf., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%
<i>Xiphinema diversicaudatum</i> (Mikoletzky) Thorne [XIPHDI]	Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
<i>Xiphinema index</i> Thorne & Allen [XIPHIN]	Pistacia vera L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	eases and phytoplasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	<i>Plants for planting (genus or species)</i>	<i>Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned</i>
Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus [ACLSV0]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%
Apple flat limb agent [AFL000]	Malus Mill.	0%
A mula magaia vinua [ADMIV00]	Complus quallana I Malus	00/

Apple mosaic virus [APMV00] Corylus avellana L., Malus 0% Mill., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica

	L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley and <i>Rubus</i> L.	
Apple star crack agent [APHW00]	Malus Mill.	0%
Apple rubbery wood agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Apple scar skin viroid [ASSVD0]	Malus Mill.	0%
Apple stem-grooving virus [ASGV00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Apple stem-pitting virus [ASPV00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Apricot latent virus [ALV000]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L. and <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch	0%
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Fragaria L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Aucuba mosaic agent and blackcurrant yellows agent combined	Ribes L.	0%
Black raspberry necrosis virus [BRNV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Blackcurrant reversion virus [BRAV00]	Ribes L.	0%
Blueberry mosaic associated virus [BLMAV0]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Blueberry red ringspot virus [BRRV00]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Blueberry shock virus [BLSHV0]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Candidatus Phytoplasma 'asteris' Lee et al. [PHYPAS]	Fragaria L. and Vaccinium L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'fragariae' Valiunas, Staniulis & Davis [PHYPFG]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pyri' [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'rubi' Malembic-Maher <i>et al.</i> [PHYPRU]	Rubus L.	0%

Cherry green ring mottle virus [CGRMV0]	Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Cherry leaf roll virus [CLRV00]	Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Cherry mottle leaf virus [CMLV00]	Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus [CRNRM0]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L. and <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0%
Chestnut mosaic agent	Castanea sativa Mill.	0%
Citrus cristacortis agent [CSCC00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Citrus impietratura agent [CSI000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Citrus leaf Blotch virus [CLBV00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Citrus variegation virus [CVV000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Clover phyllody phytoplasma [PHYP03]	Fragaria L.	0%
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma [PHYPFB]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Cucumber mosaic virus [CMV000]	Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Fruit disorders: chat fruit [APCF00], green crinkle [APGC00], bumpy fruit of Ben Davis, rough skin [APRSK0], star crack, russet ring [APLP00], russet wart	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0%
Gooseberry vein banding associated virus [GOVB00]	Ribes L.	0%
Little cherry virus 1 and 2 [LCHV10], [LCHV20])	Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Myrobalan latent ringspot virus [MLRSV0]	Prunus domestica L. and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Olive leaf yellowing associated virus [OLYAV0]	Olea europaea L.	0%
Olive yellow mottling and decline associated virus [OYMDAV]	Olea europaea L.	0%
Peach latent mosaic viroid [PLMVD0]	Prunus persica (L.) Batsch	0%

Pear bark necrosis agent [PRBN00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pear bark split agent [PRBS00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pear blister canker viroid [PBCVD0]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pear rough bark agent [PRRB00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasifera, Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley.	0%
	In the case of Prunus hybrids where material is grafted onto rootstocks, other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. rootstocks susceptible to Plum pox virus.	
Prune dwarf virus [PDV000]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Prunus necrotic ringspot virus [PNRSV0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Quince yellow blotch agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Raspberry bushy dwarf virus [RBDV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry leaf mottle virus [RLMV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry ringspot virus [RPRSV0]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry vein chlorosis virus [RVCV00]	Rubus L.	0%

Raspberry yellow sp [RYS000]	ot <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
Rubus yellow net viru [RYNV00]	as <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
Strawberry crinkle viru [SCRV00]	us Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Strawberry latent ringspot viru [SLRSV0]	as Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Strawberry mild yellow edg virus [SMYEV0]	ge Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Strawberry mottle viru [SMOV00]	is <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Strawberry multiplier diseas phytoplasma [PHYP75]	se <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Tomato black ring viru [TBRV00]	us Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> <i>avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
Tomato ringspot viru [TORSV0]	as Prunus L. and Malus L.	0%

# PART J

RNQPs concerning seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQP	Plants for planting	Threshold for seed	
Potato spindle tuber viroio [PSTVD0]	d Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	

# PART K

## RNQPs concerning plants for planting of Humulus lupulus, other than seeds

Fungi and o	omycetes		
(1)		(2)	(3)
RNQP		Plants for planting	Threshold for seed
<i>Verticillium</i> [VERTDA]	dahliae	Kleb. Humulus lupulus L.	0%

Verticillium nonalfalfae Humulus lupulus L. 0%" Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]

#### SCHEDULE 5

Regulation 8

#### New Annex 5 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 5

#### Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting

Table of	Table of Contents			
Part A:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed			
Part B:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of Vitis sp.			
Part C:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes			
Part D:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds			
Part E:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on vegetable seed			
Part F:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed potatoes			
Part G:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of oil and fibre plants			
Part H:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds			
Part I:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed of Solanum tuberosum L.			
Part J:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on plants for planting of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> , other than seeds			

#### Interpretation

In this Annex:

'competent authority', in relation to plants for planting originating in a third country, means the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin or any official authority or body acting under the supervision of the national plant protection organisation;

'RNQPs' means GB regulated non-quarantine pests.

## PART A

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed

1. Inspection of the crop

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out field inspections on the crop from which the fodder plant seed

is produced concerning the presence of RNQPs in the crop to ensure that the presence of RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in the table in Part A of Annex 4.

(2) For the purposes of point (1), the competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(3) Field inspections may only be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. At least one field inspection must be carried out each year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(4) The competent authority must determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

(5) The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority must be at least 5%.

2. Sampling and testing of fodder plant seed

(1) The competent authority must:

- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of fodder plant seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;
- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers provided for in point (2).

(2) The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision must sample and test the fodder plant seed in accordance with up-to-date international methods.

(3) Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority must check a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification.

(4) That proportion must be as spread as evenly possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(5) In the case of automatic sampling, appropriate procedures must be applied and the sampling must be officially supervised.

(6) For the examination of seed for certification, samples must be drawn from homogeneous lots and, as regards the lot and sample weights, in accordance with the table in Annex 3 to Directive  $\frac{66}{401}$ /EEC.

**3.** The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus	Pre-basic, basic and certified seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	<ul> <li>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> spp. <i>insidiosus</i>,</li> <li>(b) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop was present during the last three years prior to sowing, and no symptoms of <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> have</li> </ul>

<i>RNQPs or symptoms</i> <i>caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		<ul> <li>been observed during any field inspection at the site of production or no symptoms of <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> have been observed on any <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop adjacent to it, during the previous cropping, or</li> <li>(c) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> and the content of inert matter does not exceed 0.1% by weight</li> </ul>
Ditylenchus dipsaci	Pre-basic, basic and certified seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	<ul> <li>(a) no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping, no main host crops have been grown during the two preceding years on the site of production and appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infestation of the place of production,</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> has been found by laboratory tests on a representative sample, or</li> <li>(c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> and have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.</li> </ul>

## PART B

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of Vitis sp.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Insects and mites				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for (genus or spec	1 0	Requirements	

Daktulosphaira vitifoliae Fitch [VITEVI]	Vitis vinifera L.	<ul> <li>(a) the plants have been produin areas known to be free <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i></li> <li>(b) the plants have been grafter on rootstocks resistant to <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i></li> <li>(c) in the case where propaga material which is intended marketing showed signs of symptoms of <i>Daktulospha vitifoliae</i> Fitch, the entire that material has been subfumigation, hot water treat another appropriate treatm accordance with protocols European and Mediterrant Protection Organization, of protocols which are interm recognised to ensure freed <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i></li> </ul>	from Fitch, ed Fitch, or ting I for r <i>tira</i> lot of jected to tment or nent in s of the ean Plant or other ationally lom from
Viruses, viroids, virus-like	diseases and phytoplasm	18	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements	
<i>Arabis</i> mosaic virus [ARMV00], Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00], Grapevine fleck virus [GFKV00], Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1	<i>Vitis vinifera</i> L.	Symptoms of all viruses listed i 1 have been observed on no n 10% of vines in the stock nurs those vines have been elimina propagation.	nore than eries and

# PART C

[GLRAV1] and Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3

[GLRAV3]

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements

<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobtrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> Bosc ex Spach, <i>Photinia</i> davidiana Decne., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.	(b)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> , or the plants have been grown in a production site that has been visually inspected at an appropriate time during the last growing season for the detection of that pest and plants showing symptoms of that pest, and any surrounding host plants, have been immediately rogued out and destroyed.
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L.	In the (a)	e case of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i>

(b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or

euvesicatoria Jones et al.,

(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* 

In the case of plants other than seeds:

- (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the above requirements, and
- (b) the plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

*Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex *Capsicum annuum* L. Šutič) Jones *et al.* [XANTGA] In the case of seeds:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas* gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate

*Xanthomonas perforans Capsicum annuum* L. Jones *et al.* [XANTPF]

times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or

(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas* gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones et al.

In the case of plants other than seeds:

- (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the above requirements, and
- (b) the plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

In the case of seeds:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at the site of production at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants, or
- (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

In the case of plants other than seeds:

- (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the above requirements, and
- (b) the plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

Fungi and oomycetes			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requ	uirements
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Pinus L.	(a) (b)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet, no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet, have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,
		(c)	or appropriate treatments have been carried out against needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet and the plants have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of needle blight.
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>lawsoniana</i> (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>nootkatensis</i> (D.Don) Sudw./(Lamb.) Spach, <i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	(a) (b)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>austrocedri</i> Greslebin & Hansen, or no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>austrocedri</i> Greslebin & Hansen have been observed on plants at the site of production since the
	var. sempervirens L., Juniperus communis ssp. communis L., and Libocedrus chilensis (D.Don) Endl.		beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
<i>Phytophthora lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess [PHYTLI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>formosensis</i> Matsum., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>lawsoniana</i> (Murr.) Parl.,		the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess, or no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely

> Chamaecyparis obtusa Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., Chamaecyparis pisifera Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., Taxus brevifolia Nutt. and Thuja occidentalis L.

*Plasmopara halstedii* Seeds of *Helianthus* (a) (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni *annuus* L. [PLASHA]

& T.I. Burgess have been observed on plants at the site of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,

- (b) no symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been observed at the seed production site in at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season,
- (c) (i) the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest, during the growing season,
  - (ii) no more than 5% of plants have shown symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during those inspections, and all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection, and
  - (iii) at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,
- (d) (i) the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season,
  - (ii) all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection, and
  - (iii) at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of

		(e)	Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni, and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni, or the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.
Hennings [PUCCHN]	Chrysanthemum L.	(a) (b)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been inspected at least monthly during the previous three months and no symptoms have been seen at the site of production, or mother plants showing symptoms have been removed and destroyed, along with plants within a 1 m radius, and an appropriate physical or chemical treatment has been applied to the plants which have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms.
Insects and mites	(2)	(2)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	uirements
<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer [OPOGSC]	Beaucarnea Lem., Bougainvillea Comm. ex Juss., Crassula L., Crinum L., Dracaena Vand. ex L., Ficus L., Musa L., Pachira Aubl., Palmae, Sansevieria Thunb. and Yucca L.		the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer, the plants have been grown at a production site at which no symptoms or signs of <i>Opogona</i> <i>sacchari</i> Bojer have been observed on visual inspections carried out at least every three months during a period of at least six months prior to movement, or a regime is applied on the site of production aimed at monitoring and suppressing the population of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer and at removing infested plants and each lot has been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to

detect the pest, before movement and found free from symptoms of *Opogona sacchari* Bojer.

			1 8 9			
Nematodes						
(1)	(2)	(3)				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requ	quirements			
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus</i> flavus Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, Sternbergia Waldst. & Kit., <i>Scilla</i> L., and <i>Tulipa</i> L.		the plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and have been packed for sale to the final consumer.			
Viruses, viroids, virus-like	diseases and phytoplasm	as				
(1)	(2)	(3)				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requ	irements			
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pyrus</i> L.	(a)	<ul> <li>the plants:</li> <li>(i) derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pyri' Seemüller &amp; Schneider, and</li> <li>(ii) (aa) have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pyri' Seemüller &amp; Schneide or</li> <li>(bb) the plants have been grown in a site of production found free from the pest over the last complete growing season by visual</li> </ul>			

		(b)	have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, or no more than 2% of plants in the site of production have shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]	other than seeds, of <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb	of pro found	blants derive within three generations opagation from stock which has been d to be free from Chrysanthemum viroid by testing.
Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Begonia</i> <i>x</i> hiemalis, Fotsch, <i>Impatiens</i> L. and New Guinea Hybrids	(a) (b)	the plants have been grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors ( <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> Pergande) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations, and no symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period, or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants has been tested and found free from Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus.
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capiscum annuum L.	(a) (b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found

#### Document Generated: 2023-12-16

**Draft Legislation:** This is a draft item of legislation and has not yet been made as a UK Statutory Instrument. This draft has been replaced by a new draft, The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 ISBN 978-0-348-21490-1

#### Plum pox virus [PPV000]

Plants for planting, other (a) than seeds, of following species of *Prunus* L.:

Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera (b) Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus glandulosa Thunb... Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus *mandshurica* (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl. and all other Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus Fotsch

in those tests to be free from that pest.

in the case of vegetatively propagated rootstocks of *Prunus* L., they are derived from mother plants which have been sampled and tested within the previous five years and found free from Plum pox virus, and

- (i) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from Plum pox virus,
- (ii) no symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on the plants at the site of production over the last complete growing season and in the most appropriate period of the year, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, or
- (iii) where symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on no more than 1% of plants at the site of production over the last complete growing season and in the most appropriate period of the year, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested and found free from the pest.

Tomato ringspot [TORSV0]	virus	<i>Pelargonium</i> L'Herit. ex Ait.	(a) (b)	the plants originate from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus, or the plants are no more than fourth generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus by testing.
Tomato ringspot [TORSV0]	virus	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Malus L. and <i>Prunus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the pest Tomato ringspot virus, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found free from the pests tested, and no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato ringspot virus item have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
Tomato spotted tospovirus [TSWV00]		Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Begonia</i> <i>x</i> hiemalis Fotsch, <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., Gerbera L., <i>Impatiens</i> L., New Guinea Hybrids and <i>Pelargonium</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors ( <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> ) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations, and no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period, or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus.

### PART D

# Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds

#### 1. Visual inspections

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements in point (2) are satisfied in respect of forest reproductive material, other than seeds, of *Pinus* spp.

(2) The requirements are that the forest reproductive material is found free from *Dothistroma* septosporum upon visual inspection at the production site or place.

(3) The visual inspections must take place once a year, in the most appropriate period to detect those pests, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant, and the biology of the pest.

#### **2.** Other requirements

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that, the requirements in point (2) are satisfied in respect of forest reproductive material of *Pinus* spp.

- (2) The requirements are that:
  - (a) the forest reproductive material originates in areas known to be free from *Dothistroma septosporum*;
  - (b) no symptoms of needle blight caused by *Dothistroma septosporum* have been observed at the place or site of production or its immediate vicinity over the last complete growing season; or
  - (c) appropriate treatments have been carried out in the place or site of production against needle blight caused by *Dothistroma septosporum* and the forest reproductive material has been visually inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of *Dothistroma septosporum*.

## PART E

#### Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable seed

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Bacteria					
(1)		(2)		(3)	
RNQPs or sy by RNQPs	mptoms caused	ed Plants for planting (genus or species)		Requirements	
<i>Clavibacter</i> subsp.	michiganensis michiganensis		lycopersicum	(a)	the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid

(Smith) Davis *et al.* [CORBMI]

extraction method or an equivalent method, and

- (b) (i) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *michiganensis* (Smith) Davis *et al.*,
  - (ii) no symptoms of disease caused by *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
  - (iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *michiganensis* (Smith) Davis *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.*,
- (b) the crop from which the seed was harvested has been visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.*, or
- (c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.*.
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.*,
- (b) the crop from which the seed was harvested has been visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and

*Xanthomonas axonopodis Phaseolus vulgaris* L. pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.* [XANTPH]

*Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *Phaseolus vulgaris* L. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.* [XANTFF]

*Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Capsicum annuum* L. Jones *et al.* [XANTEU]

*Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Solanum lycopersicum* (a) Jones *et al.* [XANTEU] L.

found free from *Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.*, or

- (c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.*
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

the seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction, and originate in areas known to free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.*, and

(b) either:

 (i) no symptoms of disease caused by *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or

(ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest. *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex *Capsicum annuum* L. Šutič) Jones *et al.* [XANTGA]

- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas* gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al.,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
  - the seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction and originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones *et al.*, and
- (b) either:
  - (i) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
  - (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of

*Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex *Solanum lycopersicum* (a) Šutič) Jones *et al.* L. [XANTGA]

*Xanthomonas perforans Capsicum annuum* L Jones *et al.* [XANTPF]

			(c)	vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Solanum L.	lycopersicum	(a) (b)	<ul> <li>the seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction and originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> <i>Jones et al.</i>, or</li> <li>(i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et al</i> have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or</li> <li>(ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.</li> </ul>
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum	annuum L	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ,

- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by *Xanthomonas vesicatoria* (ex Doidge) Vauterin *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas vesicatoria* (ex Doidge) Vauterin *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an

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		appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	2 1	•
Insects and mites		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say) [ACANOB]		A representative sample of the seed thas been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect <i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i> (Say), which may be following an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found to be free from that pest.
Bruchus pisorum (L.) [BRCHPI]	Pisum sativum L.	A representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect <i>Bruchus</i> <i>pisorum</i> (L.), which may be following an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found to be free from that pest.
Bruchus rufimanus L. [BRCHRU]	<i>Vicia faba</i> L.	A representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the

Nematodes

most appropriate time to detect *Bruchus rufimanus* L., which may be following an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found to be free from that pest.

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI] Viruses, viroids, virus-like	Allium porrum L.	<ul> <li>inspected at least once at an appropriate time to detect <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of that pest have been observed,</li> <li>(b) the harvested seeds have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample, or</li> <li>(c) the planting material has been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and the seeds have been found to be free of that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample, or</li> </ul>
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	<ul> <li>(a) the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method, and</li> <li>(b) (i) the seeds originate in areas where Pepino mosaic virus is known not to occur,</li> <li>(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Pepino mosaic virus have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or</li> <li>(iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Pepino mosaic virus, on a representative sample using appropriate methods, and</li> </ul>

Potato spindle tuber viroio [PSTVD0]	<i>Capsicum</i> and <i>lycopersicu</i>	Solanum	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur, no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tomato apical stunt viroio [TASVD0]	l <i>Solanum</i> L.	lycopersicum	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds originate in areas where Tomato apical stunt viroid is not known to occur, no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato apical stunt viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Tomato apical stunt viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tomato chlorotic dwar viroid [CSVS0]	Solanum L.	lycopersicum	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds originate in areas where Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid is not known to occur, no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

# PART F

## Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed potatoes

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure

that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Blackleg (Dickeya Samson et al. spp. [1DICKG]; Pectobacterium Waldee emend. Hauben et al. spp. [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes, official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp. and <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp.
		In the case of all categories, the growing plants have been subjected to official field inspections by the competent authority.
	Solanum tuberosum L.	In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes,
'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]		official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i>
		In the case of all categories:
		<ul> <li>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>, taking into account the possible presence of the vectors, or</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i>, have been seen during official inspections by the competent authority of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and symptoms caused by Potato leaf roll virus	Solanum tuberosum L.	In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes, they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato virus A, Potato virus M, Potato virus S, Potato virus X, Potato virus Y and Potato leaf roll virus.
		Where methods of micro-propagation are used, compliance with this requirement must be established by

(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements	
		official testing, or testing und supervision, of the mother pl	
		Where methods of clonal sel- used, compliance with this re- must be established by offici testing under official supervi clonal stock.	equirement al testing, o
		In the case of all categories, plants have been subjected to inspection by the competent	official
Meloidogyne fallax Karssen [MELGFA]	Solanum tuberosum L.	<ul> <li>(a) the tubers originate in a which <i>Meloidogyne fall</i> is known not to occur.</li> <li>(b) where they originate in which <i>Meloidogyne fall</i> is known to occur: <ul> <li>(i) that the tubers originate in which <i>Meloidogyne fall</i> is known to occur:</li> <li>(ii) that the tubers or from a place of prowhich has been for <i>Meloidogyn</i> Karssen based on survey of host crowisual inspection plants at appropriate and by visual inspection plants at appropriate for the potato crops grow place of production</li> <li>(ii) that after harvest have been random and checked for t of symptoms or labor tested, as well as visually, both extra and by cutting the appropriate times</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	lax Karssen or an area in lax Karssen ginate roduction ound free <i>e fallax</i> an annual ops, by of host ate times bection both cutting rvest from <i>n</i> at the on, or the tubers nly sampled he presence r an od to induce oratory inspected ernally e tubers, at
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	<i>fallax</i> Karssen ha found. In the case of clonal stock, or testing, or testing under offic	fficial

testing, or testing under official supervision, has shown that they derive

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		from mother plants which are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid.
		In the case of pre-basic and basic seed potatoes, no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been found, or for each lot, official post-harvest testing of tubers have been performed and those tubers have been found free from Potato spindle tuber viroid.
		In the case of certified seed potatoes, official visual inspection has shown that they are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid, and if any symptoms of the pest were seen, testing was carried out.
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	During official inspection of the direct progeny, the number of symptomatic plants did not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i> Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
Black scurf affecting tubers over more than 10% of their surface, as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
Powdery scab affecting tubers over more than 10% of their surface as caused by <i>Spongospora</i> <i>subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh. [SPONSU].	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.

In addition, the competent authority must carry out official inspections to ensure that the presence of the RNQPS on the growing plants specified in any entry of the table below do not exceed the thresholds in the corresponding entries of the table:

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	direct p	olds for the rogeny of pre- red potatoes PB	Thresholds for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Thresholds for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.5%	4%	10%
	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Ditylenchudestructor Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]		0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
2	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.1%	0.8%	6%
and					
symptoms caused by Potato leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen [MELGFA]		0%	0%	0%	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%

## PART G

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPS on seed of oil and fibre plants

**1.** Inspection of the crop

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out field inspections on the crop from which the seed of *Helianthus annuus* L. is produced concerning the presence of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni in the crop to ensure that the presence of that pest does not exceed the thresholds set out in the table in Part G of Annex 4.

(2) For the purposes of point (1), the competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(3) Those field inspections must be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. At least one field inspection must be carried out each year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(4) The competent authority must determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

(5) The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority must be at least 5%.

2. Sampling and testing of oil and fibre plants

- (1) The competent authority must:
  - (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of oil and fibre plants;
  - (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;
  - (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
  - (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers.

(2) The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision must sample and test oil and fibre plants in accordance with up-to-date international methods.

(3) Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority must check a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification.

(4) That proportion must be spread as evenly as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(5) In the case of automatic sampling, appropriate procedures must be applied and the sampling must be officially supervised.

(6) For the examination of seed for certification, samples must be drawn from homogeneous lots and, as regards the lot and sample weights, in accordance with the table in Annex 3 to Directive  $\frac{66}{401}$ /EEC.

**3.** The competent authority, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out additional inspections and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

(1)	(2)		(3)		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for pla (genus or spe	-	Req	uirem	ents
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni		Helianthus	(a)	L. or free t	eeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> iginate in areas known to be from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> ow) Berlese & de Toni,
			(b)	no sy halst Toni prode	mptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>edii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de have been observed at the uction site in at least two ections at appropriate times ag the growing season, or
			(c)	(i)	the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times to detect <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during the growing season,
				(ii)	no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptons of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during field inspection and all plants showing symptoms of that pest have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection and
				(iii)	at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni
			(d)	(i)	the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times during the growing season,
				(ii)	all plants showing symptom of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection, and
				(iii)	at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara. Halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		<ul> <li>and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from that plant pest, or</li> <li>(e) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese &amp; de Toni.</li> </ul>
Botrytis cinerea	Seeds of <i>Helianthus</i> annuus L. and <i>Linum</i> usitatissimum L	<ul> <li>(a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> has been applied, or</li> <li>(b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.</li> </ul>
Diaporthe caulivora (Diaporthe phaseolorum var. caulivora)	Seeds of <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merryl	<ul> <li>(a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Diaporthe caulivora</i> (<i>Diaporthe phaseolorum</i> var. <i>caulivora</i>) has been applied, or</li> <li>(b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.</li> </ul>
Diaporthe var. sojae	Seeds of <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merryl	<ul> <li>(a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Diaporthe</i> var. <i>sojae</i> has been applied, or</li> <li>(b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.</li> </ul>
Alternaria linicola	Seeds of <i>Linum</i> usitatissimum L.	<ul> <li>(a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Alternaria linicola</i> has been applied, or</li> <li>(b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.</li> </ul>
Boeremia exigua var. linicola	Seeds of <i>Linum</i> usitatissimum L.	<ul> <li>(a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> has been applied, or</li> <li>(b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)		(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for plantin (genus or species	0	Req	nuirements
Colletotrichum lini	Seeds of <i>usitatissimum</i> L.	Linum	(a) (b)	seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> has been applied, or the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	Seeds of <i>usitatissimum</i> L.	Linum	(a) (b)	seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, has been applied, or the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded based on laboratory test of a representative sample.

## PART H

# Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds

1. The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that:

- (a) the plants appear at least, on visual inspection, to be practically free from pests listed in the table below, in respect of the genera or species concerned;
- (b) any plants showing visible signs or symptoms of the pests listed in the table below, at the stage of the growing crop, have been treated properly immediately upon their appearance or, where appropriate, have been eliminated;
- (c) in the case of bulbs of shallots and garlic, the plants derive directly from material which, at the stage of the growing crop, has been checked and found to be practically free from any pest listed in the table below.

2. In addition, the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are satisfied:

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements

<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> [LIBEPS]	P 1	<ul> <li>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i>, taking into account the possible presence of the vectors, or</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i>, have been seen during official inspections by the competent authority of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]		The plants have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. [XANTGA]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements

*Fusarium* Link (anamorphic *Asparagus officinalis* L. (a) genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell ("the pest") the crop has been visually inspected as follows:(i) it has been inspected at

- an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of the pest have been observed, or
- (ii) it has been inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of the pest have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of the pest have been seen.
  - ) the crop has been visually inspected as follows:
    - (i) it has been inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of *Helicobasidium* brebissonii (Desm.) Donk during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of that pest have been observed, or
    - (ii) it has been inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of *Helicobasidium brebissonii* (*Desm.*) Donk during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of that pest have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of *Helicobasidium brebissonii* (Desm.) Donk have been seen.

Helicobasidium brebissonii Asparagus officinalis L. (a) (Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]

[SCLOCE]

Stromatinia cepivora Berk. Allium cepa L., Allium (a) fistulosum L. and Allium porrum L.

the plants are module-raised transplants grown in medium free from Stromatinia cepivora Berk., or

- the crop has been visually (b) inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of Stromatinia cepivora Berk. during the growing season, and:
  - no symptoms of that pest (i) have been observed, or
  - plants showing symptoms (ii) of Stromatinia cepivora Berk. have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (c) the plants have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of Stromatinia cepivora Berk, have been seen.
- (a) the crop has been visually inspected as follows:
  - it has been inspected at an (i) appropriate time for the detection of Stromatinia *cepivora* Berk. during the growing season and no symptoms of that pest have been observed, or
  - (ii) it has been inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of Stromatinia *cepivora* Berk. during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of that pest have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (b) the plants have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of Stromatinia cepivora Berk. have been seen.
- mother plants derive from (a) pathogen-tested material,
- the plants have been grown in a (b) site of production of which the cropping history is known, with

Stromatinia cepivora Berk. Allium sativum L. [SCLOCE]

Verticillium dahlia Kleb. Cynara cardunculus L. [VERTDA]

no records of the occurrence of

			<ul> <li>no records of the occurrence of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb., and</li> <li>(c) the plants have been visually inspected at appropriate times since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and found to be free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.</li> </ul>
Nematodes			
(1)	(2)		(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)		Requirements
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium cepa L. Allium sativum L.	and	<ul> <li>In the case of plants, other than plants for the production of a commercial crop: <ul> <li>(a) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed,</li> <li>(b) (i) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and not more than 2% of plants have shown symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev infestation,</li> <li>(ii) the plants found to be infected by that pest have been rogued out immediately, and</li> <li>(iii) the plants have subsequently been found to be free from that pest through laboratory tests on a representative sample, or</li> <li>(c) the plants have been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and have been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.</li> </ul></li></ul>
	74		commercial crop:

			(a)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed,
			(b)	<ul> <li>(i) the crop has been inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>(ii) plants showing symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i></li> <li>(Kuehn) Filipjev have been rogued out immediately, and</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>(iii) the plants have</li> <li>subsequently been found</li> <li>to be free from that pest</li> <li>after laboratory tests on a</li> <li>representative sample, or</li> </ul>
			(c)	the plants have been subject to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like	1 1 1			
(1) RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	(2) Plants for planting (genus or species)	(3) Reqi	uirem	nents
Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	Allium sativum L.	(a)	insp app of I sinc con no s bee	crop has been visually bected at least once at an ropriate time for the detection Leek yellow stripe virus the beginning of the last hplete cycle of vegetation and symptoms of that pest have n seen, or
		(b)	(i)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time

		<ul> <li>for the detection of Leek yellow stripe virus since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation on which inspection not more than 10% of the plants showed symptoms of that pest,</li> <li>(ii) the plants found infected by that pest were rogued out immediately, and</li> <li>(iii) not more than 1% of plants showed symptoms of that pest on a final inspection.</li> </ul>
Onion yellow dwarf virus <i>Allium cepa</i> L. a [OYDV00] <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	nd (a) (b)	<ul> <li>the crop has been visually</li> <li>inspected at least once at an</li> <li>appropriate time since the</li> <li>beginning of the last complete</li> <li>cycle of vegetation and no</li> <li>symptoms of Onion yellow dwarf</li> <li>virus have been seen, or</li> <li>(i) the crop has been visually</li> <li>inspected at least once at</li> <li>an appropriate time for</li> <li>the detection of Onion</li> <li>yellow dwarf virus since</li> <li>the beginning of the last</li> <li>complete cycle of vegetation</li> <li>on which inspection not</li> <li>more than 10% of the plants</li> <li>showed symptoms of that</li> <li>pest, and</li> <li>(ii) the plants found infected by</li> <li>that pest were rogued out</li> <li>immediately, and</li> <li>(iii) not more than 1% of plants</li> <li>showed symptoms of that</li> <li>pest on a final inspection.</li> </ul>
Potato spindle tuber viroid <i>Capsicum annuum</i> [PSTVD0] and <i>Solanı</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L.		no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found to be in those tests, free from that pest.
Tomato apical stunt viroid Solanumlycopersici[TASVD0]L.	um (a)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato apical stunt viroid have

			(b)	been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the plants have been subjected to official testing for Tomato apical stunt viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid [TCDVD0]	Solanum L.	lycopersicum	(a)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or
			(b)	the plants have been subjected to official testing for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tobacco mild green mosaic virus [TMGMV0]	<i>Solanum</i> L. and <i>annuum</i> L.	lycopersicum Capsicum	(a)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Tobacco mild green mosaic virus have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or
			(b)	the plants have been subjected to official testing for Tobacco mild green mosaic virus on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Capsicum <i>Lactuca</i> <i>Solanum</i> L. and <i>melongena</i>		(a) (b)	the plants have been grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring regime of relevant thrips vectors ( <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> Pergande and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> Lindeman), and upon detection of those vectors appropriate treatments have been carried out to ensure effective suppression of populations, and (i) no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at
				the site of production during

the current growing period, or

 (ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants has been tested and found to be free from that pest.

# PART I

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the following requirements are satisfied in relation to seed of *Solanum tuberosum*:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur;
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
- (c) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

# PART J

### Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on plants for planting of *Humulus lupulus* L., other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Fungi			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	uirements
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Humulus</i> <i>lupulus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found to be free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium</i> <i>dahlia</i> , and the plants for planting have been:

- (i) produced in a place of production known to be free from *Verticilium dahlia*, or
- (ii) isolated from production crops of *Humulus lupulus*, and:
  - (aa) the production site has been found to be free from *Verticillium dahliae* over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage at the most appropriate time, and
  - (bb) the cropping and soilborne disease history of fields has been recorded and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of *Verticillium dahliae* and the next planting.
- (a) the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found to be free from symptoms of *Verticillium nonalfalfae*, and
- (b) the plants for planting have been:
   (i) produced in a place of production known to be free from *Verticillium nonalfalfae*, or
  - (ii) isolated from production crops of *Humulus lupulus*, and
    - (aa) the production site has been found to be free from *Verticillium nonalfalfae* over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage, and
    - (bb) the cropping and soilborne disease history of fields have been

Verticillium nonalfalfae Humulus lupulus L. Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]

> recorded and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of *Verticillium nonalfalfae* and the next planting.

#### SCHEDULE 6

Regulation 9

New Annex 6 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 6

List of plants, plant products and other objects which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries

# PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects from third countries, other than high-risk plants, plant products and other objects, which may not be introduced into Great Britain

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
1.	Mill., Cedrus Trew, Chamaecyparis Spach, Juniperus L., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr.,	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
2.		Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco,

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
		Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
3.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves	Canada, Mexico and the USA
4.	Isolated bark of Castanea Mill.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	Canada, Mexico and the USA
6.	Isolated bark of Acer saccharum Marsh.	Canada, Mexico and the USA
7.	Isolated bark of Populus L.	The Americas
8.	plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits, of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Crataegus</i> L.,	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
9.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L.	Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia,

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
		(Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwesterr Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the USA, other than Hawaii
10.	Plants, other than fruits, of Vitis L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
11.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle and <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
12.	1 0	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea and the USA
13.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Phoenix</i> spp.	Algeria and Morocco
14.	of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> and <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> , <i>Bouteloua</i> Lag., <i>Calamagrostis</i> , <i>Cortaderia</i> Stapf., <i>Glyceria</i> R. Br., <i>Hakonechloa</i> Mak. ex Honda, <i>Hystrix</i> ,	Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
15.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., seed potatoes	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
16.	Plants for planting of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. and their hybrids, other than tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 15	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
17.		Any third country other than Algeria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Egypt, EU Member States, Israel, Libya, Liechtenstein, Morocco, Serbia, Syria, Switzerland, Tunisia and Turkey
18.		Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
19.	Soil consisting in part of solid organic substances	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
20.	Growing medium, other than soil, consisting in whole or in part of solid organic substances, other than any composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., previously not used for	

### PART B

growing of plants or for any agricultural

List of high-risk plants, plant products and other objects from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain pending a risk assessment

**1.** Plants for planting, other than seeds, *in vitro* material and naturally or artificially dwarfed woody plants for planting, originating from any third country, other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland, and belonging to the following genera or species:

purposes

*<sup>—</sup>Acacia* Mill.

*<sup>—</sup>Acer* L.

<sup>-</sup>Albizia Durazz.

-Alnus Mill.

- —Annona L.
- *—Bauhinia* L.
- *—Berberis* L.
- -Betula L.
- -Caesalpinia L.
- -Cassia L.
- -Castanea Mill.
- -Cornus L.
- *—Corylus* L.
- -Crataegus L.
- -Diospyros L.
- -Fagus L.
- *—Ficus carica* L
- -Fraxinus L.
- -Hamamelis L.
- *—Jasminum* L.
- -Juglans L.
- -Ligustrum L.
- *—Lonicera* L.
- -Malus Mill.
- *—Nerium* L.
- -Persea Mill.
- -Populus L.
- -Prunus L.
- -Quercus L.
- -Robinia L.
- -Salix L.
- —Sorbus L.
- *—Taxus* L.
- *—Tilia* L.
- *—Ulmus* L.

**<sup>2.</sup>** Plants of *Ullucus tuberosus* Loz., originating from any third country, other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland.

**3.** Fruits of *Momordica* L. originating from any third country or area of a third country where *Thrips palmi* Karny is known to occur and where effective mitigation measures for that pest are lacking.

**4.** Wood of *Ulmus* L. originating from any third country or area of a third country where *Saperda tridentata* Olivier is known to occur.

## PART C

Other plants, plant products and other objects from third countries which are subject to emergency control measures and may not be introduced into Great Britain

	(1)	(2)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	<i>Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country</i>	
1.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Coffea</i>	Costa Rica and Honduras	
2.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Quercus</i> spp. L. and <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt.	The USA"	

#### SCHEDULE 7

Regulation 10

New Annex 7 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 7

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain

### PART A

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

#### Interpretation

In this Annex:

'associated controlled dunnage', in entry 109, 111, 112, 113, 120, 123, 125, 130, 132, 135, 136, 138 or 140 of Part A, means wood which supports a consignment of wood of a genus or species specified in that entry and which—

- (i) is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment; and
- (ii) meets the requirements specified in column (3) of that entry;

'EPPO PM 9/2' means the standard describing a national regulatory control system for *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *sepedonicus* that provides guidance on surveillance for the pathogen and its containment and eradication if found, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(**3**);

'EPPO PM 9/5' means the standard describing the procedures for official control of *Synchytrium endobioticum*, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(**4**);

'EPPO PM 9/26' means the standard describing a national regulatory control system for *Globodera pallida* and *Globodera rostochiensis*, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(**5**);

'list of Xylella host plants' means the list, published by the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom from time to time, of plants that may host *Xylella fastidiosa* (Wells et al.).

1

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
Ι.	attached to or	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:</li> <li>(a) that the growing medium at the time of their planting: <ul> <li>(i) was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes,</li> <li>(ii) was composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L. and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes,</li> <li>(iii) was subjected to effective fumigation or heat treatment* to ensure freedom from pests, or</li> <li>(iv) was subjected to an effective systems approach* to ensure freedom from pests, and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<sup>(3)</sup> First approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2003 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ j.1365-2338.2011.02488.x.

<sup>(4)</sup> First approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2006 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/epp.12440/ epdf.

<sup>(5)</sup> Approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2018 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ epp.12510.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate conditions to keep it free from GB quarantine pests and
		<ul> <li>(b) that since planting: <ul> <li>(i) appropriate measures hav been taken to ensure that the growing medium has been kept free from GB quarantine pests, includin at least:</li> <li>(aa) physical isolation of the growing medium from soil and other possible sources of contamination,</li> <li>(bb) hygiene measures,</li> <li>(cc) using water free from GB</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		GB quarantine pests or (ii) in the two weeks prior to export, the growing medium including, where appropriate, soil was completely removed by washing using water free from GB quarantine pests and where replanting occurred, the the growing medium used met the requirements specified in point (a) and the measure described in point (b)(i) were taken to ensure that it remains free from GB quarantine pests.
		* Details of the treatment or the use of a systems approach must also be included on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
2.	vehicles which have been operated for	other than EU Member States,	The machinery or vehicles must be accompanied by an official statement that the machinery or vehicles have been cleaned and are free from soil and plant debris.
3.	vehicles which have		<ul> <li>The machinery or vehicles must be accompanied by an official statement that the machinery or vehicles have been:</li> <li>(a) moved from an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of export in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (Walter) Engelbrecht &amp; Harrington, or</li> <li>(b) in the case of machinery or vehicles moved from an area infected with <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (Walter) Engelbrecht &amp; Harrington, they have been cleaned and made free from soil and plant debris prior to their movement out of the infected area.</li> </ul>
4.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the place of production has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival.
5.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
6.	Plants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes,	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in a nursery and: <ul> <li>(a) that they originate in:</li> <li>(i) an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or</li> <li>(ii) a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or</li> <li>(b) that immediately prior to export, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment<sup>+</sup> against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			† Details of the treatment must also be included on the phytosanitary certificate.
7.	Plants for planting, other than seeds	Any third country other than:	<ul><li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:</li><li>(a) that they have been grown in a nursery,</li></ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Mortenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	<ul> <li>(b) that they are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and</li> <li>(c) that they have been inspected at appropriate times and have been found prior to their export to be: <ul> <li>(i) free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and</li> <li>(ii) free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
8.	Plants for planting other than dorman plants, plants in tissue culture, seeds, bulbs	t where any of the e following GB	<ul><li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:</li><li>(a) in all cases, that no symptoms of the relevant pests have</li></ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	-	<ul> <li>are known to occur ("the relevant pests"):</li> <li>Begomoviruses,</li> <li>Cowpea mild mottle virus,</li> <li>Cucumber vein yellowing virus,</li> <li>Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus,</li> <li>Lettuce infectious yellows virus,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and</li> <li>(b) in the case of plants originating in any third country where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) or other vectors of the relevant pests are known to occur, that no symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation and: <ul> <li>(i) that the plants originate in areas which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, are known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Melon yellowing- associated virus,</li> <li>Squash vein yellowing virus,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>vectors of the relevant pests,</li> <li>(ii) that the site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of the relevant</li> </ul>
		—Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus,	plant pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect those pests, or (iii) that the plants have been subjected to an effective
		—Sweet potato mild mottle virus, —Tomato mild mottle virus,	treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and the other vectors of the relevant pests and have
		—Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus	been found free from those pests prior to export.
9.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Cucurbitaceae and Solanaceae		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) in all cases: (i) that the plants originate in an area which, in

accordance with the measures specified in

	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spe	cial requirements
			(b)	<ul> <li>ISPM4, is known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus, or</li> <li>(ii) that no symptoms of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and</li> <li>in the case of any plants originating in an area where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are known to occur:</li> <li>(i) that their site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are known to occur:</li> <li>(i) that their site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest, or</li> <li>(ii) that the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus.</li> </ul>
10.	Unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch	Any third country	offic (a)	plants must be accompanied by an ial statement: that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius),
			(b)	that no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on the cuttings, or on plants from which the cuttings were derived and held or produced, at the place of production on official inspections carried out

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			during the whole production period of the plants at that place of production, or (c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production: (i) that the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings were derived and held and produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius), and (ii) that subsequently the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from that place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to their movement, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period.
11.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch and unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement: (i) that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), and (aa) that no signs of

(aa) that no signs of *Bemisia tabaci* 

(2) (1) (3) Description of Origin Special requirements plants, plant products or other objects (Gennadius) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the nine weeks prior to export, or (bb) in cases where Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production, that the plants held or produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from *Bemisia tabaci* and subsequently this place of production has been found free from *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) in official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to movement, and that evidence is available (ii) that they have been

produced from cuttings

which:

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special require	ments
objects		(aa) (bb)	originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), have been grown at a place of production where no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the whole production period of these
		(cc)	plants, or in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced at the place of production having undergone an
			appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabac</i> (Gennadius) and subsequently this place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabac</i> (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate
			procedures aimed ai eradicating <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius), in official inspection carried out weekly

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to movement, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period, or</li> <li>(b) in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) prior to their movement.</li> </ul>
12.	Plants for planting of <i>Begonia</i> L., other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants for planting, other than seeds, of	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i></li> </ul>
	Ajuga L., Crossandra Salisbury, Dipladenia A.DC., Ficus L., Hibiscus L., Mandevilla Lindl. and Nerium oleander L.		<ul> <li>(Gennadius),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the nine weeks prior to</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>marketing,</li> <li>(c) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i></li> <li>(Gennadius) has been found at the place of production, an official statement that the plants, held or produced at the place of</li> </ul>

_	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>production, have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and subsequently the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from the place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to their movement from the place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period, or</li> <li>(d) in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower development or from other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) immediately prior to their movement.</li> </ul>
13.	herbaceous species, other than bulbs corms, plants of the family Poaceae	, where <i>Liriomyza</i> , <i>sativae</i> Blanchard f and <i>Nemorimyza</i> , <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) , are known to occur	•

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch), on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that immediately prior to export, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment<sup>†</sup> against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch).</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			† Details of the treatment must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate.
14.	Trees and shrubs for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	other than:	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:</li> <li>(a) that have been grown in a nursery,</li> <li>(b) that they are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and</li> <li>(c) that they have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and have been found to be free from:</li> </ul>

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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine	<ul> <li>(i) symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and viruslike organisms, and</li> <li>(ii) signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</li> </ul>
15.	Deciduous trees and shrubs for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	other than:	The trees and shrubs must be accompanied by an official statement that they are dormant and free from leaves.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
16		Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Mortenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	
16.	Root and tubercle vegetables, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The vegetables must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
17.	Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	The bulbs, corms, rhizomes or tubers, must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
18.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.		The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium
19.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The tubers must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country where <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný) is not known to occur, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný).</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
20.			The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that: (i) they originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , or (ii) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> as

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Specia	l requirements
			implementation of the procedures set out in EPP PM 9/2,
		o th o IS th e P b e P o p	hat they originate in a place f production established by ne national plant protection rganisation in accordance with SPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>ndobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) vercival or is considered to the free from <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>ndobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) vercival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM /5,
		(c) th w (1 S (i	hat they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. afni <i>et al.</i>
		ai ci p	hat they either originate in an rea in which <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>hitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all opulations) is known not to ccur or in an area in which

Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
objects		<ul> <li>et al. (all populations) is known to occur and:</li> <li>(i) they originate from a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne</i> chitwoodi Golden et al. (a populations) based on an annual survey of host crop by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or</li> <li>(ii) after harvest, they have been randomly sampled and checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method</li> </ul>
		to induce symptoms has been applied or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting tubers at appropriate times to detect the presence of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> , and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages or containers before
		<ul> <li>movement, and found to b free from symptoms of the pest, and</li> <li>(e) they originate in a place of production established by</li> </ul>
		the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of productio that is free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i>

to be free from Globodera

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
21.		Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that :</li> <li>(a) they belong to advanced selections,</li> <li>(b) they have been produced in an EU Member State or Switzerland, and</li> <li>(c) they have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected in an EU Member State or Switzerland to official quarantine testing and has been found in those tests to be free from GB quarantine pests.</li> </ul>
22.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in column (1) of entry 20	Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>There must be a registration number on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded tubers transported in bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that:</li> <li>(a) the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>,</li> <li>(b) they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival or is</li> </ul>

<sup>(6)</sup> S.I. 2001/3510, amended by S.I. 2004/2949, 2007/1871, 2009/1273, 2010/1195, 2011/464, 1043, 2014/487, 2018/942, 2019/162; there are other amending instruments but none is relevant.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	<i>objects</i>		<ul> <li>considered to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5,</li> <li>(c) they originate in a place of production which had been found to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann &amp; Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann &amp; Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM9/2(2), and</li> <li>(d) they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM9/2(2), and</li> </ul>
23.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	where <i>Epitrix cucumeris</i> (Harris),	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement in relation to each pest listed in column (2) of this entry that is known to be present in the third country concerned ("the relevant plant pests"): (a) that: (i) they have been grown in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4 as an area that is free from the relevant plant pests, or

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>(ii) they have been washed or brushed so that there is no more than 0.1% of soil remaining, or have undergone an equivalent method specifically applied in order to achieve the same outcome and remove the relevant plant pests and to ensure that there is no risk of the relevant plant pests spreading,</li> <li>(b) that they have been found in an official examination carried out immediately prior to export to be free from the relevant plant pests and from the signs of infestation by those plant pests on potato tubers, and do not contain more them 0.1% of actil and</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>than 0.1% of soil, and</li><li>(c) that the packaging material in which the potato tubers are exported is clean.</li></ul>
			* The name of the area must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
24.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Spain other than the Balearic Islands	The tubers must accompanied by ar official statement that they have beer washed so that there is no more than $0.1\%$ of soil remaining.
25.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	Poland	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement tha they have been found to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i>
26.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	Egypt	<ul> <li>The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement:</li> <li>(a) that the tubers have been subjected to an intensive control regime to ensure the absence of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Vabuuchi at al amond Safai at</li> </ul>

Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>al., covering growing conditions, field inspections, transport, packing, pre-export inspections and testing,</li> <li>(b) that each lot* is made up of tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. which have been harvested in a single pest free area**, and</li> <li>(c) that each bag of tubers was sealed under the control of the competent Egyptian authorities.</li> </ul>
			In addition, each bag of tubers in the consignment must be clearly labelled with an indelible indication of the relevant individual official code number of the area from which they have been harvested and the relevant lot number, and each consignment must indicate the name or trademark of the officially registered exporter.
			* The lot number(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Distinguishing marks".
			<b>**</b> The official code number for the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of Egypt has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
27.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	<i>n</i> Any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that: (i) they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , or (ii) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free froe <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPF PM 9/2,
		<ul> <li>(b) that: <ul> <li>(i) they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival (al races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of an adequate period,</li> <li>(ii) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of</li> </ul></li></ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival or is considered to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5, and</li> <li>(c) that they originate in an area in which Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al.</li> <li>emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syziygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syziygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. are known not to occur.</li> </ul>
Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Lavandula</i> L., Solanaceae, <i>Vitis</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Candidiatus</i> Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino <i>et al.</i>, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
		The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that the seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in entry 20, and (a) that the seeds: (i) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i>
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Lavandula</i> L., Solanaceae, <i>Vitis</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Description of Origin plants, plant products or other objects Plants for planting, Any third country other than seeds, of Fragaria L., Lavandula L., Solanaceae, Vitis L. and Vaccinium L. Seeds of Solanum EU Member States, tuberosum L., ('true Liechtenstein and

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(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
<i>UUJELIS</i>		Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , and <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , or have been produced in a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the GB quarantine pests referred to in point (i) have been observed and where the following actions have been taken: (aa) staff and other items, such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants

30. Plants for planting, Any third country The plants must be accompanied by: other than seeds, where *Ralstonia* (a) an official statement that they of *Capsicum annuum solanacearum* originate in an area which, in

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Musa L., Nicotiana L. and Solanum melongena L.	pseudosolanacear- um Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur	no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia</i> solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
31.	with roots, of		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
32.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. L., and <i>Fragaria</i> L.	Liechtenstein and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
33.	Plants for planting of bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus spp.</i> Ex L, <i>Iris</i> spp. L , <i>Lilium</i> spp. Ex L, <i>Narcissus</i> L. and <i>Tulipa</i> L.	Liechtenstein and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
34.	Plants, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), or</li> <li>(b) an official statement they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham).</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
35.		where Beet curly	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptom of Beet curly top virus have been observed at place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
36.	seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.,	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	objects Pelargonium l'Hérit. ex Ait.		<ul> <li>with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Spodoptera eridania (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) and Spodoptera litura (Fabricius),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no signs of Spodoptera eridania (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) or Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that the plants have undergone appropriate treatment** to protect them from those pests.</li> <li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".</li> </ul>
			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
37.	other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i>	other than EU	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Chrysanthemum stem</li> </ul>

necrosis virus, or

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>(c) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
8.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) and <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisduval),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>signs of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) or <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that</li> </ul>
			the plants have undergone appropriate treatment** to protect them from those pests.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentione on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
39.	Chrysanthemum L.,	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The cut flowers and leafy vegetables must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch).</li> </ul>
40.	Plants of herbaceous species for planting, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds, tubers	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Liriomyza</i> huidobrensis (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no signs of <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifoli</i> (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i></li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	<i>UDJECIS</i>		<ul> <li>subjected to an appropriate treatment** against those pests, or</li> <li>(d) an official statement that they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess), are grown <i>in vitro</i> in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and are exported in transparent containers under sterile conditions.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
41.	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae		originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or
			(b) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
42.		Any third country other than:	<ul><li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:</li><li>(a) that the plants, including those collected directly from natural</li></ul>

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(1)	(2)	(3)		
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spec	cial re	equirements
	Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine	(b)	held two dispa nurs an o regin that durin	tats, have been grown, and trained for at least consecutive years prior to atch in officially registered eries, which are subject to fficially supervised control me, the plants have at least ng the period referred to in t (a): been potted, in pots whice are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground have been subjected to appropriate treatments* t ensure freedom from non European rusts, have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriat intervals for the presence of GB quarantine pests of concern and these inspections have also bee carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to i point (a), at least by visua examination of each row the field or nursery and b visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a random sample of at leass 300 plants from a given genus where the number plants of that genus is no more than 3000 plants, or 10 % of the plants if ther are more than 3000 plant from that genus,

 (iv) have been found to be free, in those inspections, from the relevant GB quarantine pests of concern, infested plants have been removed and the remaining plants,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	J		* The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
			** The registration number must be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
43.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Pinales	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been produced in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Pissodes cibriani</i> O'Brien, <i>Pissodes fasciatus</i> Leconte, <i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> Germar, <i>Pissodes nitidus</i> Roelofs, <i>Pissodes strobi</i> (Peck), <i>Pissodes terminalis</i> Hopping, <i>Pissodes yunnanensis</i> Langor & Zhang and <i>Pissodes zitacuarense</i> Sleeper.
44.	Plants of Pinales, other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in height		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been produced in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Scolytidae</i> spp. (non-European).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine	
45.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of Cronartium gentianeum Thümen, <i>Cronartium pini</i> (Willdenow) Jørstad and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> Fischer, have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
46.	Plants for planting of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is not known to occur, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which, in accordance with the measures</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.
47.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is not known to occur,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
48.	Plants for planting, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L.	North America	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> ((Bretz) Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading
49.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Corylus</i> L.		<ul> <li>"Additional declaration".</li> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants have been grown in a nursery and that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	υσμετικ		<ul> <li>ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that the plants have been grown in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller on the basis of official inspections carried out at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
50.	fruit and seeds, of Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carrière., Juglans mandshurica Maximowicz., Ulmus davidiana Planchon.	China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire.
		UJA	A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
51.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Ulmus</i> L.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'ulmi' Lee, Martini, Marcone & Zhu have been observed at the place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
52.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>duplicatus</i> (Sahlberg).
53.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carrière., over 3 m in height	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>typographus</i> L.
54.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>amitinus</i> (Eichhoff).
55.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill., Cedrus Trew, <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill, <i>Pinus</i> L., Pseudotsuga Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is	The plants: (a) must be accompanied by an official statement: (i) that they have been grown in places of production where <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle and its symptoms have not been observed since the

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>beginning of the last complete growing cycle,</li> <li>(ii) that they have been grown throughout their life under complete physical protection to prevent <i>Monochamus</i> spp. reaching the plants,</li> <li>(iii) that they have been officially inspected, tested and found free from any <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner &amp; Bührer) Nickle and <i>Monochamus</i> spp., and</li> <li>(b) must only be transported from those places of production and through areas in which the pest is known to occur outside the flight season of <i>Monochamus</i> spp. or in closed containers or packaging to prevent infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner &amp; Bührer) Nickle or <i>Monochamus</i> spp.</li> </ul>
56.	L. or Pseudotsuga		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:</li> <li>(a) that the plants originate in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation and,</li> <li>(b) that they: <ul> <li>(i) have been grown throughout their life in a country where <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg &amp; O'Donnell is known not to occur,</li> <li>(ii) have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Fusarium</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	ODJECIS		<i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, or (iii) originate in a place of production where no signs of <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, including its vicinity of at least 1 km radius, have been observed during official inspections carried out within a period of two years prior to export and that they were tested immediately prior to export for <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
57.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cedrus</i> Trew and <i>Pinus</i> L.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country in which <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis &amp; Schiffermüller) is not known to occur,</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(b) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis &amp; Schiffermüller),</li> <li>(c) an official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries which, along with their vicinity, have been found free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis &amp; Schiffermüller) on the basis of official inspections and</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>official surveys carried out at appropriate times, or</li> <li>(d) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis &amp; Schiffermüller) and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis &amp; Schiffermüller).</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional Declaration".
58.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary and <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, of</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary or <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
59.		EU Member States and the USA	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector, <i>Pityophthorus</i>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	objects		<ul> <li>(b) an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that the plants originate</li> <li>in a place of production,</li> <li>including its vicinity</li> <li>of at least 5 km radius,</li> <li>where neither symptoms</li> <li>of <i>Geosmithia morbida</i></li> <li>Kolarík, Freeland, Utley &amp;</li> <li>Tisserat nor the presence</li> <li>of its vector, <i>Pityophthorus</i></li> <li><i>juglandis</i> Blackman have</li> <li>been observed during</li> <li>official inspections within</li> <li>a period of two years prior</li> <li>to export, and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(ii) that the plants have been inspected immediately</li> <li>prior to export and handled and packaged in ways</li> <li>to prevent infestation</li> <li>after leaving the place of</li> <li>production, or</li> </ul> (c) an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production with complete physical isolation and have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production with complete physical isolation and have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production with complete physical isolation and have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
50.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Betula</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
51.		EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
62.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by a official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> f.sp. <i>tremuloidi</i> Shain have been observed at their plac of production or in the immediat vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycl of vegetation.
63.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L.	Americas	The plants must be accompanie by an official statement that new symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina musiv</i> . (Peck) Quaedvlieg, Verkley & Crou have been observed at their place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
64.	Plants for planting, other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medikus., <i>Aronia</i> Medikus., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., Malus Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., Pyracantha M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life: <ul> <li>(i) in a place of production established as a place of production that is free from <i>Saperda candida</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special r	equirements
objects			<ul> <li>Fabricius in accordance with ISPM10:</li> <li>(aa) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin an has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius carried out</li> </ul>
			at appropriate times and (bb) where they have bee grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius or a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatmen which was surrounded by a buffer zone with
			a width of at least 500 m in which the absence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius has been confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times and
		(ii)	immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius, which

included destructive

(1) (2) (3) Description of Origin Special requirements plants, plant products or other objects sampling, where appropriate. \* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". 65. Plants, other than fruit The USA The plants must be accompanied by: and seeds, of Acer (a) an official statement: macrophyllum Pursh, that the plants originate (i) in an area\* in which non-Acer pseudoplatanus European isolates of Adiantum L.. Phytophthora ramorum aleuticum (Ruprecht) C.A. Paris, Adiantum Werres, De Cock & Man jordanii Muell. in 't Veld are known not to Aesculus californica occur, and (Spach) Nuttall, (ii) that prior to export, they were inspected and found Aesculus hippocastanum L., free from non- European Arbutus isolates of Phytophthora menziesii Pursh., Arbutus ramorum Werres, De Cock unedo L., & Man in 't Veld. or an official statement: Arctostaphylos spp. (b) Calluna vulgaris that no signs of non-(i) European isolates of (L.) Hull, Camellia Phytophthora ramorum spp., Castanea sativa Werres, De Cock & Man Mill., Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula in 't Veld have been californica observed on any plants listed in column (1) at (Eschscholtz) A. the place of production Grav Frangula during official inspections, purshiana (DC.) Fraxinus which included laboratory Cooper, excelsior testing of any suspicious L., Griselinia littoralis symptoms carried out since the beginning of (Raoul), Hamamelis the last complete cycle of virginiana L., Heteromeles vegetation, and arbutifolia (Lindl) (ii) that prior to export, they were inspected and found Roemer, Kalmia latifolia L., Laurus free from non-European isolates of Phytophthora nobilis L., Leucothoe ramorum Werres, De Cock spp., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hooker & Man in 't Veld. & Arnott) Rehder, hispidula Lonicera

## Document Generated: 2023-12-16

## Draft Legislation: This is a draft item of legislation and has not yet been made as a UK Statutory Instrument. This draft has been replaced by a new draft, The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 ISBN 978-0-348-21490-1

(1) (2) (3) Description of Origin plants, plant products or other objects Dougl. ex Torr. & Gray, Magnolia spp., Magnolia doltsopa (de Candolle) Figlar, Nothofagus obliqua (Mirbel) Ørsted Oerst. Osmanthus heterophyllus (G. Don) P. S. Green, Parrotia persica (de Candolle) von Meyer, *Photinia* x fraseri Dress, Pieris spp., Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco, Quercus spp., Rhododendron other than spp., Rhododendron simsii Planchon., Rosa gymnocarpa Nuttall., Salix caprea L., Sequoia sempervirens (D. Don) Endl., Syringa vulgaris L., Taxus spp., Trientalis latifolia Hooker., Umbellularia californica (Hooker & Arnott) Nuttall Vaccinium ovatum Pursh and Viburnum spp. 66. Plants for planting, China other than seeds, that (a) have a stem or root collar diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of Acer spp. L., Aesculus hippocastanum L., Alnus spp. Miller, Betula spp. L., Carpinus spp., Citrus spp.L., Cornus spp., Corylus spp.,

Special requirements

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

The plants must be accompanied by:

an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by national plant protection organisation in China and which is situated in an area\* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anoplophora chinensis (Forster),

(2)

(1)

Description of Origin plants, plant products or other objects Cotoneaster spp., Crataegus spp. L., Fagus spp., Lagerstroemia spp., Malus spp., Platanus spp.L., Populus spp.L., Prunus laurocerasus L., Pyrus spp., Rosa spp. L., Salix spp. L., and Ulmus spp. L.

Special requirements

(3)

(b) an official statement that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster) in accordance with ISPM10:

- (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of China,
- (ii) which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found,
- (iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) or in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and where signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to

 (1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
oojecis		<ul> <li>restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone, and</li> <li>(iv) where immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their roots and stems, were subjected to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and have been subject to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 99%.</li> </ul>
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include any of the official statements referred to in points (a) to (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of China has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the unique registration number of the place(s) of production.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		The phytosanitary certificate must also include the registration number of the place of production under the heading "Additional declaration".
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
other than seeds, that have a stem or root	other than China, where <i>Anoplophora</i> <i>chinensis</i> (Forster)	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and which is situated in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), (b) an official statement: (i) that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Anoplophora</i> <i>chinensis</i> (Forster) in accordance with ISPM No. 10: (aa) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin,

(bb) which has been subject annually

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
oojecis		to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of Anoplopho chinensis (Forster) carried out at appropriate times a no signs of the plan pest have been foun (cc) where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) or in a site with the application of appropriate preventative treatments which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or sign of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and where signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buff zone, and (ii) that immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their roots

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	objects		<ul> <li>to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"
68.	other than seeds, that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of <i>Acer</i> spp. L., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Alnus</i> spp. Miller, <i>Betula</i> spp. L., <i>Carpinus</i> spp., <i>Cercidiphyllum</i> spp. L., <i>Corylus</i> spp., <i>Fagus</i> spp.,	other than any EU Member State where <i>Anoplophora</i> <i>glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) is known not to occur and any other third country	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area* established by that organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky),

(1) (2) (3) Description of Special requirements Origin plants, plant products or other objects Koelreuteria an official statement that the (b) spp. Medikus, Platanus plants have been grown during spp. L., Populus spp. a period of at least two years L., Salix spp. L., Tilia prior to export, or in the case spp. and Ulmus spp. of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown L. throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) in accordance with ISPM10: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, (ii) which has been subject annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, (iii) where the plants have been grown in a site: (aa) with complete physical protection against the introduction of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), or (bb) with the application of appropriate preventative treatments and which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) are

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>carried out annually at appropriate times and where signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buff zone, and</li> <li>(iv) that immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their branches and stems, were subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora glabripenn</i> (Motschulsky), which included targeted destructive sampling and, in the case of plants originating in sites which at the time of their production were located in a buffer zone where the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripenn</i> (Motschulsky) have been found, targeted destructive sampling and, in the case of plants originating in sites which at the time of their production were located in a buffer zone where the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripenn</i> (Motschulsky) have been found, targeted destructive sampling at the appropriate level, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to a meticulous official inspection</li> </ul>
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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<i>glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), in the manner specified in point (b) (iv).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			For the purpose of point (b)(iv), the appropriate level is 10% of the plants where the number of plants is 4,500 o less, and 450 plants where the number of plants is more than 4,500 plants.
69.	Plants for planting , other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.		<ul> <li>ico The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production that is free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with ISPM10:</li> <li>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</li> <li>(ii) which has been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest,</li> <li>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>of <i>Grapholita packardi</i></li> <li>Zeller was confirmed by</li> <li>official surveys carried out</li> <li>annually at appropriate</li> <li>times of the year to detect</li> <li>the presence of the pest,</li> <li>and</li> <li>(iv) immediately prior to</li> <li>export the plants have been</li> <li>subjected to a meticulous</li> <li>inspection for the presence</li> <li>of <i>Grapholita packardi</i></li> <li>Zeller, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they</li> <li>originate in an insect proof</li> <li>site of production to prevent</li> <li>the introduction of <i>Grapholita packardi</i></li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
70.		where <i>Phyllosticta</i> solitaria Ellis &	The plants must be accompanied by ar official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. & Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
71.	Live pollen of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. or plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl., ("the specified plants")	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a country where <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu &amp; Goto is known not to occur,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area* established by that</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
<i>JUJECIS</i>		organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto, (c) an official statement that the plants have been produced in a place or site of production whice is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and established in accordance with the ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto where: (i) they have been grown in a structure with a degree of isolation and protection from the outside environment that effectively excluded <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto and have been officially inspected twice at the most appropriate times for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement and found free from that pest, and (ii) the place or site of production was surrounde by a zone with a radius of at least 100 m, where: (aa) official inspections were carried out twice at the place or site and in the zone a the most appropriate times for detecting

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
products or other objects		symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, and (bb) where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed, (d) an official statement that the specified plants have been produced in a place of production established in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto and which is surrounded: (i) by a zone with a radius of 500 m where: (aa) official inspections, sampling and testing have been carried out at that place of production and throughout that zone twice at the most appropriate times for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, (bb) where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during
		those inspections,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		specified plants in the zone were immediately destroyed or have been regularly tested at the most appropriate times and found free from that pest, and (ii) by a further zone lying between 500 m and 4,500 m of that place of production where: (aa) official inspections, sampling and testing have been carried out twice at the most appropriate times throughout the area for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, and (bb) where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed and all specified plants in the further zone were immediately destroyed or have been tested according to a sampling scheme that is able to confirm with 99% reliability that the level of presence of pest in the specified plants is below 0.1%.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			Where point (b) or (c) applies, the official statement must also confirm that:
			—the specified plants have been derived directly from mother plants under conditions which comply with the requirements specified in points (a) or (b),
			—the specified plants have been directly derived from mother plants, which were subject to prior individual testing confirming their freedom from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto, or
			—the specified plants have been tested according to a sampling scheme that is able to confirm with 99% reliability that the level of presence of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto in the specified plants is below 0.1%.
72.	other than seeds,	where non- European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas or	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests listed in column (2) have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
73.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill.		

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from the pests tested, or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from the pests tested, and</li> <li>(b) that no symptoms of diseases caused by Cherry rasp leaf virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
74.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller &amp; Schneider, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that the plants, other than plants raised from seeds: <ul> <li>(i) have been officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	(2)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
<i>ODJECIS</i>		derived in direct li from material which been maintained u appropriate condit and has been subject to official testing f at least <i>Candidatu</i> . Phytoplasma 'mall Seemüller & Schn using appropriate indicators or equiv methods and has be found free from th or (ii) have been derived line from material has been maintaine appropriate condit and has been subject at least once within the last six complect cycles of vegetation to official testing f at least <i>Candidatu</i> . Phytoplasma 'mall Seemüller & Schn using appropriate indicators or equiv methods and has b found free in those from that pest, and (iii) in either case, no symptoms of diseat caused by <i>Candida</i> . Phytoplasma 'mall Seemüller & Schn have been observe on plants at the plat of production, or of susceptible plants immediate vicinity the beginning of th three complete cyo vegetation.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
75. Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: <ul> <li>(a) that they have been:</li> <li>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least the pests listed in column</li> <li>(2) of this entry using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those pests, or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been found free from those pests, or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the pests listed in column (2) of this entry using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those pests, and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) that in either case, no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests listed in column (2) have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
76.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: <ul> <li>(a) that they have been:</li> <li>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene &amp; Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been found free from that pest, or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene &amp; Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) that in either case, no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene &amp; Douglas have been observed on the plants at the place of</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity,
			since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
77.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller &amp; Schneider, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller &amp; Schneider have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
78.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Prunus</i> <i>salicina</i> Lindley	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &amp;. Gardan) Young, Dye &amp; Wilkie, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement no symptoms of diseases caused by the <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &amp;. Gardan) Young, Dye &amp; Wilkie have been observed on plants at the place of production, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.</li> </ul>
79.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Any third country	<ul><li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li><li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout</li></ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
objects		<ul> <li>their life in a place of production in a country where <i>Xanthomona arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have shown no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> during the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of that pest have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or</li> <li>(d) in the case of plants of <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> L. or <i>Prunus lusitanica</i> L. for which there is evidence from their packing or from other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed on plants at the place of production, an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> py. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed on plants at the place of production, an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> py. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle arboricola py.</li> </ul>

\* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
80.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area* established in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Aromia</i> bungii (Faldermann),</li> <li>(b) an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Aromia</i> bungii (Faldermann) in accordance with ISPM10:</li> <li>(a) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin,</li> <li>(bb) which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of <i>Aromia</i> bungii (Faldermann) carried out at appropriate times which, in the case of any increased level of suspicion of infestation by</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Origin	Special requirements
	<ul> <li>that pest, included targeted destructive sampling of the stem and branches of the plants, and no signs of infestation by that pest were found on those inspections,</li> <li>(cc) which has complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) or has been subjected to appropriate preventive treatments, and</li> <li>(ii) that immediately prior to export, the plants were subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) which included targeted destructive sampling at the appropriate level, or</li> <li>(c) in the case of plants which have been grafted with scions that have not been grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (a), an official statement that:</li> <li>(i) the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (a), an official statement that:</li> <li>(ii) at the time of export, the scions were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point, and</li> <li>(iii) the plants have been subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) which in the requirements specified in point (a), an official statement that:</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		manner specified in point (a)(i)(bb).
			For the purpose of point (a)(ii), the appropriate level is 10% of the plants where the number of plants is 4,500 c less, and 450 plants where the number of plants is more than 4,500.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
31.	Plants for planting of <i>Rubus</i> L., other than seeds originating in third countries where Raspberry leaf curl virus and Cherry rasp leaf virus are known to occur.	where Tobacco streak virus black raspberry latent strain, Raspberry leaf curl virus or	<ul> <li>(a) be free from aphids, including their eggs, and</li> <li>(b) be accompanied by an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that the plants have been:</li> <li>(a) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the pests referred to in column (2), using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found to be free in those tests, from</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
			those pests, or (bb) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has

been subjected,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for the pests referred to in column (2), using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found to be free in those tests from those pests, and</li> <li>(ii) that no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests referred to in column (2) have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
82.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>has been found to be free from those pests, or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found to be free from those pests, and</li> <li>(b) that no symptoms of diseases caused by Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</li> </ul>
3.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> spp. and <i>Rubus</i> spp.	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by ar official statement that they originate ir an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> Schenkling.
4.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,</li> <li>(b) in the case of plants in tissue culture, an official statement</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>with point (a) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie, or</li> <li>(c) in the case of plants originating in any EU Member State, an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie.</li> </ul>
85.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i> Shear, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i> Shear have been observed at the production site over the last complete growing season.</li> </ul>
86.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> (Panagopoulos) Willems, Gillis, Kersters, van der Broeke & De Ley have been observed on the mother stock plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation.
87.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that the plants originate in a site of production where:</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special	requirements
		thewa	<ul> <li>flavescence dorée</li> <li>phytoplasma on <i>Vitis</i> spp.</li> <li>have been observed at</li> <li>the site of production and</li> <li>in its immediate vicinity</li> <li>since the beginning of</li> <li>the last complete cycle</li> <li>of vegetation and, in the</li> <li>case of plants used for</li> <li>the propagation of <i>Vitis</i></li> <li>spp., no symptoms of</li> <li>Grapevine flavescence</li> <li>dorée phytoplasma on <i>Viti</i></li> <li>spp. have been observed at</li> <li>the site of production and</li> <li>in its immediate vicinity</li> <li>since the beginning of the</li> <li>last two complete cycles of</li> <li>vegetation,</li> <li>monitoring of the</li> <li>vectors is conducted and</li> <li>appropriate treatments</li> <li>are carried out to control</li> <li>the vectors of Grapevine</li> <li>flavescence dorée</li> <li>phytoplasma, and</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)		(3)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Spec	cial requirements
88.	Plants, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture, of <i>Rosa</i> spp., L.	Mexico		offici (a) (b)	plants must be accompanied by an ial statement: that they have been grown throughout entire their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM4 as free from Rose Rosette Virus and <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> Keifer, and that they have been packed to prevent infestation by <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> Keifer during transport.
				be in certif	cluded in the phytosanitary ficate under the heading litional declaration".
89.	Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. in tissue culture	Canada, Mexico USA		offici produ	plants must be accompanied by an ial statement that they have been uced from mother plants tested and d free from Rose Rosette Virus.
90.	Plants for planting of <i>Arecaceae (Palmae)</i> having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm	Any third	country	The I (a) (b)	plants must be accompanied by: an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where <i>Paysandisia</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmeister) is not known to occur, an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), or an official statement that they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production: (i) which is registered and supervised by the

Special requirements national plant protection organisation in the countr of origin, (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against
organisation in the countr of origin, (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against
<ul> <li>the introduction of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), and</li> <li>(iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) have been observed.</li> <li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".</li> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) is known not to occur,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production: <ul> <li>(i) which is registered</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			organisation in the country of origin, (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), and (iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
92.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Aeraceae</i> ( <i>Palmae</i> )		<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by those pests have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		(Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine	<ul> <li>to rid them of <i>Haplaxius crudus</i> (Van Duzee), or</li> <li>(c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, an official statement that the plants are derived from plants which have met the requirements in point (a) or (b).</li> </ul>
93.	<i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the roots have been subjected to testing for at leas nematode pests, of a representative sample, using appropriate methods for the detection of the pests and have been found on those tests to be free from the nematode pests.
94.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> (L.)	Any country of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius, Israel	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick),</li> <li>(c) an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
objects		<ul> <li>Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), and</li> <li>(ii) that they are free from that pest as shown from official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, which included a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, and</li> <li>(iii) which includes information on traceability, or</li> <li>(d) in the case of fruits which have been subjected to an effective treatment, an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), an official statement they have been subjected to suc a treatment.</li> </ul>
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
		—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
		—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the treatment or approach.
L., Momordica L., Solanum aethiopicum	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> (Smith) is not known to be present,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> (Smith), or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they originate in areas other than those referred to in point (b), and they comply with the following conditions: <ul> <li>(i) the plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin,</li> <li>(ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements (Smith) has been detected on the plants, and (iii) prior to their export, the plants have been subject to
96.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.		<ul> <li>an official inspection.</li> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by: <ul> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which have shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller.</li> </ul></li></ul>
			<ul> <li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".</li> <li>** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.</li> </ul>
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
			—the official statement referred to in point (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
97.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka, have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability, or</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
				(d) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka.
				* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
				** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.
				A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
				—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
				—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
				—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
98	Eruits of Malus Mill	Any third	country	The fruits must be accompanied by:

98. Fruits of *Malus* Mill. Any third country The fruits must be accompanied by: and Pyrus L. other than EU

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spec	rial requirements
	Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	(a)	an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from <i>Anthonomus</i>
		(b)	<i>quadrigibbus</i> Say, an official statement that they originate in an area* establishe by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbu</i> .
		(c) (d)	Say, an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say, are carried out at appropriate times during the growing seaso including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of the pest and which includes information on traceability, or
		(d)	an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbu</i> . Say.
		be in certif	e name of the area(s) must cluded in the phytosanitary icate under the heading litional declaration".
		or de must	ne use of a systems approach tails of the treatment method be included in the phytosanitary icate.
		A phy inclue	ytosanitary certificate may not de:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
			—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
			—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
99.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Grapholita</i> <i>prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita</i> <i>inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh),
			(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis</i>
			<ul> <li><i>pomonella</i> (Walsh),</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or of objects		Special requirements
objecis		<ul> <li>of <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis</i> <i>pomonella</i> (Walsh) have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability, or</li> <li>(d) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis</i> <i>pomonella</i> (Walsh).</li> </ul>
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		<b>**</b> The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
		—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
	169	—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the

Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
-		
		national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
		—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the treatment or approach.
Fruits of <i>Solanaceae</i>		<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, ir accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known the free from from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* establishe by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.),</li> <li>(c) an official statement that: <ul> <li>(i) they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.) have been carried out during the last three months prior to export at the place of production and its immediate vicninty, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of tha pest, and which includes information on traceabilit and</li> <li>(ii) in the case of fruit of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Fruits of Solanaceae	Americas and New

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>that all green parts have been removed, or</li> <li>(d) an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and which includes information on traceability.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
			—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
101.	annuum L., Solanum	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée),</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), or</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(c) an official statement:</li> <li>(i) that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(ii) that they are free from that pest as shown from officia inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, which included an examination on representative samples of fruit, and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(iii) which includes informatio on traceability, or</li> <li>(d) an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and which includes information on traceability.</li> </ul>
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	Objects		** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
			—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
02.	Fruits of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	other than EU	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham),</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) on</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
03.	Fruits of <i>Solanum</i> <i>melongena</i> L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
04.	Fruits of <i>Momordica</i> L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny or
			(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"
105.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L.	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, French Polynesia, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico and the USA	<ul> <li>The fruits must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
06.	Seeds of Zea mays L.	Any third country where <i>Pantoea</i> <i>stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters is known to occur	The seeds must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith)

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	,		Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or (b) an official statement that a
			representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters.
07.		Iran, Iraq, Mexico,	The seeds must be accompanied by ar official statement that they originate in an area* where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
108.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>x Triticosecale</i>	-	<ul> <li>The grain must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before export and have been tested and found free from</li> </ul>
			<i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement mentioned in point (b), the statement "tested and found free from <i>Tilletia</i> <i>indica</i> Mitra" must be included under the heading "name of produce".

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
109.	Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than wood of <i>Thuja</i> L. and <i>Taxus</i> L. and wood in the form of: —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, —wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, —wood of <i>Libocedrus decurrens</i> Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight- day period,	Japan, Republic	The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement: (i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), and (ii) that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp. taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or, in the case of wood which is not free from bark, with a protective covering to prevent infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle or its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp. or
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		<ul> <li>(b) an official statement:</li> <li>(i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and</li> </ul>

 (ii) kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.
			There must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark.
110.	(Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap	Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan, the USA and EU Member States other than	The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement: (i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), and (ii) that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or, in the case of wood which is not free from bark, with a protective covering to prevent infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., or
			(b) an official statement:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>(i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and</li> <li>(ii) kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expresse as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.</li> </ul>
			There must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in th case of point (b), evidence of the kiln drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD or another internationally recognised mark.
111.	<ul> <li>Wood of <i>Thuja</i> L. and <i>Taxus</i> L., other than in the form of:</li> <li>—chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,</li> <li>—wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,</li> <li>but including wood</li> </ul>	Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico,	<ul> <li>bark-free,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expresse as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or</li> </ul>
	which has not kept its natural round surface		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referre to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
112.	Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than in the form of:	Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey	<ul> <li>a The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* known to</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>—chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,</li> <li>—wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,</li> <li>but including wood which has not kept</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>be free from:</li> <li>(i) Monochamus spp.</li> <li>(ii) Pissodes cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte. Pissodes nemorensis</li> <li>Germar, Pissodes nitidus</li> <li>Roelofs, Pissodes nitidus</li> <li>Roelofs, Pissodes</li> <li>punctatus Langor &amp; Zhang, Pissodes strobi</li> <li>(Peck), Pissodes terminalis</li> <li>Hopping, Pissodes</li> <li>yunnanensis Langor</li> <li>&amp; Zhang and Pissodes</li> <li>zitacuarense Sleeper, and</li> <li>(iii) Scolytidae spp. (non-</li> </ul>
	its natural round		European), (b) an official statement that it is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., which are
			<ul> <li>larger than 3 mm across,</li> <li>an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>time/temperature schedule, or</li><li>(d) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a</li></ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
113.	Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than in the form of: —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Canary Islands, China, ELL Member	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., which are larger than 3 mm across,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expresse as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate</li> </ul>
	wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,	EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Japan, Liechtenstein, Kazakhstan, Mexico, Moldova	<ul> <li>achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30</li> </ul>
	but including wood which has not kept	Mexico, Moldova, Monaco,	for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	its natural round surface.	Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Republic of Korea, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, Ukraine and the USA	the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
114.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from conifers (Pinales)	other than: Albania, Albania, Andorra, Armenia,	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the wood originates in areas* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, are known to be free from: <ul> <li>(i) Monochamus spp.</li> <li>(ii) Pissodes cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis</li> <li>Germar, Pissodes nitidus</li> <li>Roelofs, Pissodes nitidus</li> <li>Roelofs, Pissodes strobi</li> <li>(Peck), Pissodes terminalis</li> <li>Hopping, Pissodes</li> <li>yunnanensis Langor &amp; Zhang and Pissodes</li> <li>zitacuarense Sleeper, and</li> <li>(iii) Scolytidae spp. (non-European),</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has been produced from debarked round wood,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	Ukraine and the USA	<ul> <li>20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or</li> <li>(d) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).</li> </ul>
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
5. Isolated bark conifers (Pinales)	of Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian	<ul> <li>The bark must be accompanied by an official statement:</li> <li>(a) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark, and</li> <li>(b) that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner &amp; Bührer) Nickle et al. or its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp. cannot occur.</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)		
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements		
		Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine; and			
		EU Member States where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur			
116.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country where <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur, other than EU Member States	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in a country* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg &amp; O'Donnell,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg &amp; O'Donnell, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).</li> </ul>		
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".		
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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
117.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country	<ul> <li>The wood must:</li> <li>(a) be bark-free,</li> <li>(b) be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Eichhoff), <i>Ips duplicatus</i> (Sahlberg) and <i>Ips typographus</i> (L.), or</li> <li>(c) have evidence by a mark "kilndried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.</li> </ul>
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
118.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country	<ul> <li>The bark must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Eichhoff), <i>Ips duplicatus</i></li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements (Sahlberg) and Ips typographus (L.).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
119.	Isolated bark conifers (Pinales)	of Any third country where <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur, other than EU Member States	<ul> <li>The bark must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg &amp; O'Donnell,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg &amp; O'Donnell, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).</li> <li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading</li> </ul>
			"Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing.

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
				Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referre to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitar certificate.
120.	<ul> <li>Wood of <i>Juglans</i></li> <li>L. and <i>Pterocarya</i></li> <li>Kunth, other than in the form of:</li> <li>—chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants,</li> <li>—wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,</li> <li>but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</li> </ul>	EU Member and the USA	States	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley &amp; Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface.</li> </ul>
				* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
				Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referre to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitar certificate.
121.		EU Member and the USA	States	The wood or the isolated bark must b accompanied by:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	<i>objects</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants		<ul> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley &amp; Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>the entire profile of the bark or the wood.</li> <li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading</li> </ul>
			"Additional declaration".
122.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> macrophyllum Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus</i> <i>densiflorus</i> (Hook &	The USA	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* in which non- European isolates of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock &amp; Man in 't Veld are known not to occur,</li> </ul>
	Arn.) Rehd., <i>Quercus</i> spp. L. and		<ul> <li>(b) an official statement that the wood has been stripped of its bark and:</li> </ul>
	<i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt.		(i) that it has been squared so as to entirely remove the rounded surface,
			<ul> <li>(ii) that the water content of the wood does not exceed 20% expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, or</li> </ul>
			(iii) that the wood has been disinfected by an appropriate hot-air or hot water-water treatment, or
			(c) in the case of sawn wood with or without residual bark attached,

	(1)	(2)			(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin			Special requirements
	00,0013				an official statement that it has undergone kiln drying to below 20% moisture content, expresse as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
					* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
					Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or its packaging in accordance with current usage.
123.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh., other than in the form of:	Canada USA	and	the	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that it has undergon kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a
	—wood intended for the production of veneer sheets,				percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, and
	chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,				there must be evidence of that kiln drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with
	—wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,				current usage.
	including wood which has not kept its natural round surface				
124.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh., intended for the	Canada USA	and 189	the	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	production of veneer sheets		the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Davidsoniella</i> <i>virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
125.	Wood of Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., other than in the form of —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees,	China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan,	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that the wood originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire.</li> </ul>
	wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,	Ukraine and the USA	<ul><li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".</li><li>A phytosanitary certificate may not</li></ul>
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood		include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
126.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap	Belarus, Canada, China, the 190	The official statement must confirm that the wood originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	obtained in whole or in part from Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch.	Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and the USA	<ul> <li>with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire.</li> <li>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".</li> <li>A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.</li> </ul>
127.	objects made of bark of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i>	Democratic People's Republic of Korea,	The official statement must confirm that the bark originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and the USA	A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
128.	Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Any third country	<ul> <li>The wood must:</li> <li>(a) be bark-free, or</li> <li>(b) be accompanied by an official statement:</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<ul> <li>(i) that it originates in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr., or</li> <li>(ii) that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.</li> </ul>
129.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Any third country	The isolated bark must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr.
130.	<ul> <li>Wood of <i>Quercus</i></li> <li>L., other than in the form of:</li> <li>—chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,</li> <li>—casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, including staves, where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes</li> <li>—wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,</li> </ul>	Canada and the USA	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it is squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface,</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it is bark-free and the water content is less than 20% expressed as a percentage of the dry matter,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it is bark-free and has been disinfected by an appropriate hot air or hot water treatment, or</li> <li>(d) in the case of sawn wood, with or without residual bark attached, an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.</li> <li>Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Origin		Special requirements
131.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L.		nd the	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expresse as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).</li> <li>Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred</li> </ul>
				to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
132.	Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of: —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these trees,	Canada ar USA <i>Agrilus anxi</i> is known to	(where us Gory	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that its bar and at least 2.5 cm of the outer sapwood have been removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed</li> </ul>
	-wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,			dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture			

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects and other objects made of untreated wood	Origin	Special requirements
133.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	The wood must be accompanied by a an official statement that it originates in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
134.	Bark and objects made of bark of <i>Betula</i> L.	USA (where	The bark or objects made out of bark must be accompanied by an official statement confirming that it is free from wood.
135.	L., other than wood packaging material,		<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platanti</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. &amp; T.C. Harr., or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.</li> <li>Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also and there must be evidence of that kiln-</li> </ul>
			drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage. * The name of the area(s) must
			be included in the phytosanitary

be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

	(1)	(2)			(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin			Special requirements
136.	<ul> <li>Wood of <i>Populus</i></li> <li>L., other than in the form of:</li> <li>—chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,</li> <li>—wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,</li> <li>but including wood which has not kept its natural round</li> </ul>	Americas			<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it is bark-free, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.</li> <li>Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in the wood or on any wrappi</li></ul>
137.	surface Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from <i>Acer</i> <i>saccharum</i> Marsh., or <i>Populus</i> L.		and	the	<ul> <li>accordance with current usage.</li> <li>The wood must be accompanied by: <ul> <li>(a) an official statement that it has been produced from debarked round wood,</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).</li> </ul>
					to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
138.	Wood of Amelanchier Medik.,	Canada USA	and	the	The wood must be accompanied by:

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
	objects Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M.			<ul> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius,</li> </ul>
	Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L., other than in the form of:			(b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C
	chips, sawdust and shavings, obtained in whole or part from these plants,			<ul> <li>for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it has undergone appropriate</li> </ul>
	wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,			ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
				* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
139.	Wood in the form of chips obtained in whole or part from <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster Medik.</i> , <i>Crataegus</i> L.,		the	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius,</li> </ul>
	Cydonia Mill., MalusMill., Prunus L.,Pyracantha M.Roem., Pyrus L. and			(b) an official statement that it has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width, or
	Sorbus L.			(c) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate

heat treatment to achieve a

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughou the entire profile of the wood.
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referr to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
140.	Wood of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than in the form of: —chips, particles,	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Vietnam	<ul> <li>The wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known</li> </ul>
	sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these plants,	and EU Member States other than any EU Member State where <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Foldormonn)	has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a
	-wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,	(Faldermann) is known not to occur	<ul> <li>minimum temperature of 56 °C</li> <li>for a minimum duration of 30</li> <li>continuous minutes throughou</li> <li>the entire profile of the wood,</li> <li>(c) an official statement that it</li> <li>has undergone appropriate</li> </ul>
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referr to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanita certificate.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
141.	of chips, particles,	People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic	originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann),
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
142.	Wood, obtained in whole or in part,	EU Member States other than any EU Member State	In the case of wood: (a) in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste or scrap,
	from Acer spp. L. <i>Aesculus</i>	where <i>Anoplophora</i> glabripennis (Motschulsky) is	<ul> <li>the wood must be accompanied</li> <li>by:</li> <li>(i) an official statement</li> </ul>
	spp., <i>Alnus s</i> pp. Miller, <i>Betula</i> spp. L.	known not to occur and any other third country	that it originates in an area* established by the national plant
	Carpinus spp., Cercidiphyllum	where Anoplophora glabripennis	protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4

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(1)	(2)		(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
spp. L., Corylus spp., Fagus spp., Fraxinus spp. L., Koelreuteria spp. Medikus, Platanus spp.L., Populus spp. L., Salix spp. L., Tilia spp. and Ulmus spp.L., other than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not retained its natural round surface.	(Motschulsky) known to occur	is	<ul> <li>as an area that is free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky),</li> <li>(ii) an official statement that it is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), or</li> <li>(iii) an official statement that the wood has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width,</li> <li>(b) in any other form, the wood must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(i) an official statement that it originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), or</li> <li>(ii) an official statement that it is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).</li> </ul>
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b)(ii), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage

usage.

(1)(2)(3)Description of<br/>plants, plant<br/>products or other<br/>objectsOriginSpecial requirements\* The name of the area(s) must<br/>be included in the phytosanitary<br/>certificate under the heading<br/>"Additional declaration".

## PART B

## Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which are subject to emergency measures and may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

In this Part, 'ISPM31' means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 31 of April 2008 on methodogies for sampling of consignments prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations(7).

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
1.	other than seeds,	EU Member Liechtenstein Switzerland	States, and	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock &amp; Man in 't Veld;</li> <li>(b) an official statement that since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation no signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock &amp; Man in 't Veld have been observed on the plants at the place of production during official inspections, including laboratory testing of any suspicious symptoms, carried out at least twice during the growing season at appropriate times when the plants were in active growth and with an</li> </ul>

<sup>(7)</sup> Available from the IPPC Secretariat, AGPP-FAO, Viale Delle Terme di Caracalla, 00153, Rome, Italy and at https:// www.ippc.int/int.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>intensity which took into account the particular production system of the plants, or</li> <li>(c) where signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock &amp; Man in 't Veld have been found on the plants at the place of production, an official statement that appropriate procedures have been implemented for the purpose of eradicating that pest and the plants have been found free from the pest following those procedures, which consisted of at least: <ul> <li>(i) destruction of the infected plants and all susceptible plants within a 2 m radius of the infected plants, including associated growing media and plant debris,</li> <li>(ii) in the case of plants listed in column (1) of this entry within a 10 m radius of the infected lott: <ul> <li>(a) they have been retained at the place of production,</li> <li>(bb) additional official inspections have been carried out at least twice in the three months after the eradication measures have been taken when the plants are in active growth,</li> <li>(cc) no treatments that may suppress symptoms of the plants have been found the plants have been carried out in that three month period, and</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			pest on these official inspections, (iii) in the case of all other plants listed in column (1) of this entry at the place of production, the plants have been subjected to intensive official re-inspection and have been found free from the pest on those inspections and (iv) appropriate phytosanitary measures have been taken on the growing surface within a 2 m radius of infected plants.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additiona declaration".
2.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, which belong to the genera and species listed in the list of <i>Xylella</i> host plants	where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known not	is not present in the country,

Description of Origin plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements (c) in the case of plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, of <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i> L., that prior
	seeds, intended for planting, of
	<ul> <li>to their movement out of their production site and as close to that time as possible, each lot of plants was subjected in addition to official visual inspection and sampling, as well as testing, in line with international standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 5%, in which the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) was confirmed.</li> <li>A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom in writing that <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is not present in the country.</li> </ul>
	by the national plant protection r organisation in accordance with r ISPM4 as as area* that is free
	protection or Sumbwirdh

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special require	ments
		(bb)	in accordance with ISPM10 as a site that is free from <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) and its vectors, that is physically protected against the introduction of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> by its
		(cc)	a zone with a width of 100 m which has been subject to official
			inspections twice a year and where all of the plants found to be infected with, or to have symptoms of, <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) have been immediately removed
			and appropriate phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) have been applied before that removal,
		(dd)	that at appropriate times throughout the year, is subject to phytosanitary treatments to maintain freedom from the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) including the removal
		(ee)	of plants,
			fastidiosa (Wells et al.)

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
1		<ul> <li>(ff) where throughout the production time of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) nor its vectors were found in the site or if suspect symptoms were observed, testing was carried out and the absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) confirmed, and</li> <li>(gg) where throughout the production time of the plants, no symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) were found in the zone referred to in point (cc) or if suspect symptoms were observed, testing was carried out and the absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) confirmed,</li> <li>(ii) that representative samples of each species of the plants from the site have been subject to annual testing, at the most appropriate time, and the absence of <i>Y</i> and the absence of <i>Y</i> and the absence of <i>Y</i> and the absence of</li> </ul>
		<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) has been confirmed on the basis of tests carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods,
		<ul> <li>(iii) that the plants have been transported in closed containers or packaging, to prevent infection with <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or</li> </ul>
		(iv) that as practically close to the time of export as possible,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>subject to official visual inspection, sampling and molecular testing, carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 1% and targeting in particular plants displaying symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), which confirmed the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), which confirmed the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and</li> <li>(v) that immediately prior to export, the lots of the plants were subject to phytosanitary treatments against any known vectors of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), or</li> <li>(c) in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>, an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that the plants have been grown in a site** of production:</li> <li>(aa) that is authorised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM10 as site of production that is free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) and its vectors,</li> <li>(bb) that is physically protected against the introduction of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) and its vectors,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
-		(cc) that is subjected annually to at least two official inspections carried out at appropriate times, and
		(dd) where throughout the production time of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al. nor its vectors were found in the site or, if suspect symptoms were observed, testing was carried out, and the absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al. confirmed,
		<ul> <li>(ii) that the plants have been transported under sterile conditions in a transparent container that precludes the possibility of infection by <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) through its vectors, and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(iii) that the plants have</li> <li>been grown from seeds,</li> <li>propagated under sterile</li> <li>conditions from mother</li> <li>plants which have spent</li> <li>their entire lives in an area</li> <li>free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i></li> <li>(Wells et al.) and have been</li> <li>tested and found free from</li> <li><i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or have been propagated</li> <li>under sterile conditions from</li> <li>mother plants which have</li> <li>been grown in a site which</li> <li>meets the requirements in</li> <li>point (b)(i) and have been</li> <li>tested and found free from</li> <li><i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.)</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
				A phytosanitary certificate may not include any of the official statements referred to in point (a) to (c) unless the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area(s) or the site(s) (as the case may be).
				* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
				** The name of the site(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
4.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, which belong to the genera and species listed in the list of Xylella host plants and have never been grown in an area where <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to occur	Liechtenstein	States, and	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they have been grown in a site that is subject to annual official inspection, and in the case of symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), sampling, taking into account the technical guidelines for the survey of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) published by the European Commission from time to time(8), and testing in line with international standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) was confirmed, or</li> <li>(b) in the case of plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Coffea, Lavandula dentata</i> L., <i>Nerium oleander</i> L., Olea <i>europaea</i> L., <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i> L. and <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D.A. Webb, an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that they have been grown in a site that is subject to</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<sup>(8)</sup> https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/supporting/pub/en-1873.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>annual official inspection an sampling, taking into accour the technical guidelines for the survey of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) published by the European Commission from time to time, and testing in line with international standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), usin a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 5%, in which the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) was confirmed, and</li> <li>(ii) in respect of any plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i> L., that prior to their movement out of their production site and as close to that time as possible, each lot of plants was subjected in addition to official visual inspection and sampling, as well as testing, in line with international standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) was confirmed, and standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), was confirmed.</li> </ul>
		For the purposes of point (b), the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) must have been screened by one test and in the case of positive results, its

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presence must have been identified by carrying out, in line with international

	(1)	(2)	(3)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special require	
			standards, at lea test.	st one positive molecula
5.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, which belong to the genera and species listed in the list of Xylella host plants and have been grown for at least part of their life in an area in the European Union, Liechtenstein or Switzerland where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to occur	Liechtenstein	grown for their <i>in vitro</i> , the plar (a) be accomp statement: (i) that a situ (aa)	panied by an official

 (1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special r	requirements
			plants, at appropriate times of the year to maintain freedom from vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), (dd) is subject annually, together with the zone referred to in point (bb) to at least two official inspections, taking into account the technical guidelines for
			<ul> <li>the survey of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) published by the European Commission from time to time,</li> <li>(ee) where throughout the time of growth of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) nor its vectors were found in the site or, if</li> </ul>
			suspect symptoms were observed, tests were carried out confirming the absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and (ff) where throughout the time of growth of the
			plants, no symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) were found in the zone referred to in point (bb) or, if suspect symptoms were observed, testing has been undertaken and absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.)
		(ii)	confirmed, that representative samples of each species of the plants from the site have been subject to annual testing,

(1)	(2)		(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements	
			at the most appropriate time, and the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) has been confirmed on the basis of tests carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, (iii) that as practically close to the time of export as possible, the lots of the plants were subject to official visual inspection, sampling and molecular testing, carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1% or above and targeting in particular plants displaying symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), in accordance with ISPM31, and (iv) that prior to their movement from the area, the lots of the plants were subject to phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and b) be moved in closed containers or packaging from the area to prevent infection with <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or any of its vectors.	
		S	<ul><li>eeds, of <i>Vitis</i> intended for planting, the lants must:</li><li>(a) be accompanied by an official</li></ul>	
			statement:	
			(i) that they have been grown in a site that is registered by the	
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 (1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special req	nuirements
			<ul> <li>national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and that as practically close to the time of export as possible, the plants have undergone an appropriate thermotherapy treatment in an authorised treatment facility authorised and supervised by that national plant protection organisation for that purpose, where the dormant plants were submerged for 45 minutes in water heated to 50°C in accordance with EPPO PM 10/18, and</li> <li>(ii) that prior to their movement from the area, the lots of the plants were subject to reference.</li> </ul>
			phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and
		cc th w	e transported in closed ontainers or packaging from he area to prevent infection rith <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells al.) or any of its vectors.
		no ar $fa$ un in cl to $X_{2}$	a addition, the plants must ot have been moved through ny other area where <i>Xylella</i> <i>astidiosa</i> is known to occur nless they were transported to and through the area in losed containers or packaging o prevent infection with <i>tylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) r any of its vectors,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>(c) in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>, an official statement that</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>(i) the plants have been grown in a site** of production:</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>(aa) that is</li> <li>authorised by</li> <li>the national</li> <li>plant protection</li> <li>organisation</li> <li>in the country</li> <li>of origin in</li> <li>accordance with</li> <li>ISPM10 as a sit</li> <li>of production</li> <li>that is free</li> <li>from <i>Xylella</i></li> <li><i>fastidiosa</i> (Well</li> <li>et al.) and its</li> <li>vectors,</li> <li>(bb) that is physicall</li> <li>protected agains</li> <li>the introduction</li> <li>of <i>Xylella</i></li> <li><i>fastidiosa</i> (Well</li> </ul>
		et al.) by its vectors, (cc) that is subjected annually to at least two officia inspections carried out at appropriate times, and
		(dd) where throughout the production time of the plants, neither symptoms

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Well et al.) nor its vectors were found in the site or, if suspect symptoms were observed, testing has beer undertaken and the absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.)
		<ul> <li>(ii) that the plants have</li> <li>been transported under</li> <li>sterile conditions in a</li> <li>transparent container tha</li> <li>precludes the possibility</li> <li>of infection by <i>Xylella</i></li> <li><i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.)</li> <li>by its vectors, and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(iii) that the plants have been grown from seeds, propagated under sterile conditions from mother plants which have spent their entire lives in an area free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) and have been tested an found free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or have been propagated under sterile conditions from mother plants which have been grown in a site which meets the requirements in point (c) (i) and have been tested and found free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.)</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			In the second paragraph, in point (a)(i), 'EPPO PM 10/18' means the standard describing a long-duration hot water treatment of grapevine material against flavescence dorée phytoplasma, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization( <b>9</b> ).
6.	Seeds of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., intended for planting	Any third country	<ul> <li>The seeds must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they are of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement: <ul> <li>(i) that the mother plants of seeds have been produced in a production site* where Tomato brown rugose fruit virus is known not to occur on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect that pest, and</li> <li>(ii) that the seeds or their mother plants have undergone official sampling and testing for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus and have been found, according to those tests, to be free from that pest.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
			*The name of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			For the purposes of point (b)(ii), the official sampling and testing of the seeds must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.

<sup>(9)</sup> Approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2012 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ epp.2594.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			The official sampling of seeds for testing must be carried out in accordance with the following sampling schemes referred to in the relevant table of ISPM31:
			—in the case of seed lots which include 3000 or fewer seeds, a hypergeometric sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 10% or above,
			—in the case of seed lots which include 30000 or fewer seeds, but more than 3000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1% or above,
			—in the case of seed lots which include more than 30000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 0.1% or above.
			Sub samples must consist of nor more tha 1000 seeds for Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) methods.
			The testing of seeds must be carried out using one of the following methods and the method used must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration":
			—real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protocol (2020), or
			—real-time RT-PCR using primers and probe of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).
7.	Plants for planting of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp.	n	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they are of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to</li> </ul>

 (1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Tomato brown rugose fruit virus, or(b) an official statement that:(i) the plants are derived from seeds which have undergone sampling and testing for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus in the manner set out in column (3) of entry 6 which has shown them to be free from that pest, and(ii) the plants have been produced in a production site* which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation 
		*The name of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		For the purposes of point (b)(ii), the official sampling and testing of the seeds must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.
		In the case of plants for planting, 200 leaves must be collected per site of production and cultivar.
	2	18

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		In case of symptomatic plants, sampling for testing must be performed on at least 3 symptomatic leaves.
		One of the following testing methods must be carried out for the detection of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus:
		—in the case of symptomatic material only, ELISA,
		—conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Alkowni et al. (2019),
		—conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Rodriguez-Mendoza et al. (2019),
		—real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protocol (2020),
		—real-time RT-PCR using primers and probe of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).
		In case of a positive result of the detection test, a second testing method, different from the one used for detection must be carried out with one of the RT-PCR methods mentioned above, using the same sample to confirm the identification."

#### SCHEDULE 8

Regulation 11

#### New Annex 8 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

### "ANNEX8

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain

# PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain

#### Interpretation

In this Part—

'relevant PCN provisions' means-

- (i) in relation to potatoes produced in England, Part 4 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) (England) Regulations 2019(10);
- (ii) in relation to potatoes produced in Wales, Part 4 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) (Wales) Regulations 2020(11);
- (iii) in relation to potatoes produced in Scotland, paragraphs 4 and 5 of Part 2, and Part 4, of Schedule 2 to the Plant Health (Official Controls and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Regulations 2019(12);

'relevant Potato Wart Disease provisions' means-

- (i) in relation to potatoes produced in England, Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) Regulations 2019;
- (ii) in relation to potatoes produced in Wales, Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) (Wales) Regulations 2020;
- (iii) in relation to potatoes produced in Scotland, Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Plant Health (Official Controls and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Rgulations 2019.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
1.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air	There must be evidence that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival.

<sup>(10)</sup> S.I. 2019/1517 to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.

<sup>(11)</sup> S.I. 2020/206 (W. 48).

<sup>(12)</sup> S.S.I. 2019/421, amended by S.S.I. 2020/152, 176.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
2.	tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, being stored	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been held under quarantine conditions and have been found free from any GB quarantine pests by laboratory testing, as described in entry 3, before release from quarantine.
		Each organisation or research body holding such material must inform the competent authority of the material held.
3.	<ul> <li>Plants for planting of stolon or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, other than:</li> <li>—those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entries 4, 5 and 6; and</li> <li>—seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 18</li> </ul>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been held under quarantine conditions and: (a) have been found free from GB quarantine pests by laboratory testing before release from quarantine, using methods described in EPPO PM 3/21, which was: (i) supervised by the competent authority and executed by scientifically trained staff of that authority or of any officially approved body, (ii) executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain GB quarantine pests and maintain the material, including indicator plants, in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading GB quarantine pests; (iii) executed on each unit of the material: (aa) by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any GB quarantine pests and

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
products or other objects	<ul> <li>—in the case of all potato material at least for:</li> <li>—Andean potato latent virus,</li> <li>—Andean potato mild mottle virus,</li> <li>—Andean potato mottle virus,</li> <li>—Andean potato mottle virus,</li> <li>—Arracacha virus B. oca strain,</li> <li>—Potato black ringspot virus,</li> <li>—Potato virus T,</li> <li>—Potato yellowing virus,</li> <li>—Potato yellow vein virus,</li> <li>—non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Yo, Yn and Yc) and Potato leafroll virus (including Yo),</li> <li>—<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann &amp; Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i>,</li> <li>—<i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni <i>et al.</i>,</li> <li>—in the case of seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in entry 18, at least for the viruses and viroids listed above, with the exception of</li> </ul>

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Yo, Yn and Yc) and Potato leafroll virus, and (iv) included appropriate testing on any other symptoms observed in the visual examination in order to identify the GB quarantine pests having caused such symptoms.
		In point (a), 'EPPO PM 3/21' means the standard describing inspection and tests for detection of pests infecting <i>Solanum</i> species or hybrids imported for germplasm, conservation, breeding or research purposes in post-entry quarantine, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization( <b>13</b> ).
4.		The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the relevant Potato Wart provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been complied with.
5.		The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> : (a) is known not to occur; or (b) is known to occur, and the tubers originate from a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> or considered to be free of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aimed at eradicating

<sup>(13)</sup> First approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 1983 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ epp.12613.

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
	Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.
for planting, other than those which are authorised to be planted for the purposes of this entry by the	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the relevant PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuch <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Globoderc</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globoderc</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are known not to occur.
for planting, other than tubers of those varieties accepted on to the GB Variety List pursuant to the	(a) that they belong to advanced selections,
other than those mentioned in entries	
	products or other objects          Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting, other than those which are authorised to be planted for the purposes of this entry by the competent authority, originating in Great Britain         Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting, originating in a CD territory         Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties accepted on to the GB Variety List pursuant to the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001         Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties accepted on to the GB Variety List pursuant to the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		endobioticum (Schilbersky) Perciva and the relevant PCN provisions to combat Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens and Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in entry 7, originating in a CD territory	There shall be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the accompanying documents demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production indicating that the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival, <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.
11.	of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than those	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the relevant PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
12.	of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are known not to occur.
13.	Plants for planting, other than seeds. of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	<ul> <li>The plants must be accompanied by:</li> <li>(a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, or</li> <li>(b) an official statement that</li> </ul>

(b) an official statement that no symptoms of *Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi

cial requirements
<i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
re must be evidence that the relevant of provisions to combat <i>Globoder</i> <i>ida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globoder</i> <i>ochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens hav n complied with.
plants must be accompanied by a sial statement that they originate in a in which <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone rens and <i>Globodera rostochiensi</i> llenweber) Behrens are known not t tr.
re must be evidence that the relevant provisions to combat <i>Globoder</i> <i>ida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globoder</i> <i>ochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens hav a complied with.
plants must be accompanied by a sial statement that they originate in a in which <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone rens and <i>Globodera rostochiensi</i> llenweber) Behrens are known not t ir.
seeds must be accompanied by an bial statement: that they derive from plants which comply with the requirements set out in entries 4 to 6, 8 and 9, and that they:

Special requirements         Percival and Ralstonia         solanacearum (Smith)         Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.; or         (ii)       comply with all of the following requirements:         (aa)       they have been produce in a site where, since the beginning of the las cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the GB quarantine pests referre
<ul> <li>solanacearum (Smith)</li> <li>Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.; or</li> <li>(ii) comply with all of the following requirements:</li> <li>(aa) they have been produce in a site where, since the beginning of the las cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the GB</li> </ul>
to in point (b)(i) have been observed; (bb) they have been produce at a site where all of the following actions have been taken: staff and other items, such as tools, machiner vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants have been prevented from coming into contact with the site or other appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants, and only water free from all GB quarantine pests referred to point (b)(i) has been used
The plants must be accompanied by official statement that: (a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemülle & Schneider, or

 (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
	have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

# PART B

List of plants, plant products or other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain that are subject to emergency measures and may only be introduced into Great Britain from a CD territory or moved within Great Britain if special requirements are met

In this Part, "ISPM 31" has the same meaning as in Part B of Annex 7.

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
1. Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Viburnum</i> spp. L., <i>Camellia</i> spp. L. and <i>Rhododendron</i> spp. L., other than <i>Rhododendron simsii</i> Planch,	(a) an official statement that the plants

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		<ul> <li>(i) destruction of the infected plants and all susceptible plants within a 2 m radius of the infected plants, including associated growing media and plant debris,</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(ii) in the case of plants listed in column (1) of this entry within a 10 m radius of the infected plants and any remaining plants from the infected lot:</li> <li>(aa) they have been retained at the place of production,</li> <li>(bb) additional official inspections have been carried out at least twice in the three months after the eradication measures have been taken when the plants are in active growth,</li> <li>(cc) no treatments that may suppress symptoms of the pest have been carried out in that three month period, and</li> <li>(dd) the plants have been found free from the pest on these official inspections,</li> <li>(iii) in the case of all other plants listed</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>in column (1) of this entry at the place of production, the plants have been subjected to intensive official re-inspection and have been found free from the pest on those inspections, and</li> <li>(iv) appropriate phytosanitary measures have been taken on the growing</li> </ul>
		surface within a 2 m radius of infected plants.
2.	Seeds of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., intended for planting, other than plants for planting of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	

(b) that the seeds or their mother plants have undergone sampling and testing for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus by the competent authority, or have been

(1)	(2)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements	
	<ul> <li>subjected to sampling and testing by professional operators under official supervision of the competent authority, and have been found, according to those tests, to be free from that pest, and</li> <li>(c) in the case of any seeds which were in storage prior to 15th August 2020, that the seeds have been sampled and tested for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus by the competent authority and found in those tests to be free from that pest.</li> </ul>	
	For the purposes of point (b), the sampling and testing of the seeds must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.	
	The official sampling of seeds for testing must be carried out in accordance with the following sampling schemes referred to in the relevant table of ISPM31:	
	—in the case of seed lots which include 3000 or fewer seeds, a hypergeometric sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 10% or above,	
	—in the case of seed lots which include 30000 or fewer seeds, but more than 3000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1% or above,	
	—in the case of seed lots which include more than 30000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 0.1% or above.	
	Sub samples must consist of no more than 1000 seeds for Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) methods.	
	The testing of seeds must be carried out using one of the following methods and the method used must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration":	

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protocol (2020), or
		real-time RT-PCR using primers and probe of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).
3.	Plants for planting of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., other than plants for planting of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	
		For the purposes of point (b)(ii), the sampling and testing of the seeds must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.
		In the case of plants for planting, 200 leaves must be collected per site of production and cultivar.
		In case of symptomatic plants, sampling for testing must be performed on at least 3 symptomatic leaves.
		One of the following testing methods must be carried out for the detection of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus:
		—in the case of symptomatic material only, ELISA,
		-conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Alkowni et al. (2019),

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
	conventional RT-PCR using the primers o Rodriguez-Mendoza et al. (2019),
	—real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protocol (2020),
	—real-time RT-PCR using primers and prob of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).
	In case of a positive result of the detection test, a second testing method, different from the one used for detection, must be carried o with one of the RT-PCR methods mentioned above, using the same sample to confirm the identification."

### SCHEDULE 9

Regulation 13

### New Annex 10 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

### "ANNEX 10

List of plants, plant products and other objects to be introduced into, or moved within, GB pest-free areas and corresponding special requirements

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements	Description of GB pest-free area
1.	Plants for planting, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus</i> <i>suber</i> L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at a height of 1.2 m from the root collar	5	Great Britain (excluding the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham, Barnet, Basildon, Basingstoke and Deane, Bexley, Bracknell Forest, Brent, Brentwood, Bromley, Broxbourne, Camden, Castle Point, Chelmsford, Chiltern, City of London, City of Westminster, Crawley, Croydon, Dacorum, Dartford, Ealing, East Hertfordshire, Elmbridge District, Enfield, Epping Forest,

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(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements	Description of GB pest-free area
	L. established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumetopoea</i> processionea L., or (c) an official statement that he plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L.	Epsom and Ewell District, Gravesham, Greenwich, Guildford, Hackney, Hammersmith & Fulham, Haringey, Harlow, Harrow, Hart, Havering, Hertsmere, Hillingdon, Horsham, Hounslow, Islington, Kensington & Chelsea, Kingston-upon-Thames, Lambeth, Lewisham, Littlesford, Medway, Merton, Mid Sussex, Mole Valley, Newham, North Hertfordshire, Reading, Redbridge, Reigate and Banstead, Richmond-upon- Thames, Runnymede District, Rushmoor, Sevenoaks, Slough, South Bedfordshire, South Bucks, South Oxfordshire, Southwark, Spelthorne District, St Albans, Sutton, Surrey Heath, Tandridge, Three Rivers, Thurrock, Tonbridge and Malling, Tower Hamlets, Waltham Forest, Wandsworth, Watford, Waverley, Welwyn Hatfield, West Berkshire, Windsor and Maidenhead, Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe)"

#### SCHEDULE 10

Regulation 14

#### New Annex 11 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

### "ANNEX 11

List of plants, plant products and other objects and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch in respect of which phytosanitary certificates are required

# PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
Misc	cellaneous		
1.	which have been	Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation already having been operated; lawn or sports-ground rollers – already operated:	Any third country
		-Ploughs:	
		ex 8432 10 00	
		-Harrows, scarifiers, cultivators, weeders and hoes:	
		ex 8432 21 00	
		ex 8432 29 10	
		ex 8432 29 30	
		ex 8432 29 50	
		ex 8432 29 90	
		–Seeders, planters and transplanters:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation	Country of origin or dispatch
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 8432 31 00	
	ex 8432 39 11	
	ex 8432 39 19	
	ex 8432 39 90	
	–Manure spreaders and fertiliser distributors:	
	ex 8432 41 00	
	ex 8432 42 00	
	-Other machinery:	
	ex 8432 80 00	
	-Parts:	
	ex 8432 90 00	
	Harvesting or threshing machinery, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs, fruit or other agricultural produce, other than machinery of heading 8437 – already operated:	
	-Straw or fodder balers, including pick-up balers:	
	ex 8433 40 00	
	-Combine harvesters - threshers:	
	ex 8433 51 00	
	-Root or tuber harvesting machines:	
	235	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 8433 53 10	
	ex 8433 53 30	
	ex 8433 53 90	
	Other agricultural,	
	horticultural, forestry,	
	poultry-keeping or bee-	
	keeping machinery, including	
	germination plant fitted	
	with mechanical or thermal	
	equipment; poultry incubators and brooders – already	
	operated:	
	–Forestry machinery:	
	ex 8436 80 10	
	Tractors (other than tractors	
	of heading 8709) – already	
	operated:	
	Dood tractors for some	
	-Road tractors for semi- trailers:	
	ex 8701 20 90	
	Other than single axle tractors,	
	road tractors or track-laying	
	tractors:	
	-Agricultural tractors and	
	forestry tractors, wheeled:	
	-	
	ex 8701 9110	
	ex 8701 9210	
	ex 8701 9310	
	ex 8701 9410	
	ex 8701 9510	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
2.	Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants	Not applicable	Any third country
3.		Wheat and meslin, other than seeds for sowing: 1001 19 00 1001 99 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA
		Rye, other than seed for sowing:	
		1002 90 00	
		Triticale, other than seed for sowing:	
		ex 1008 60 00	
Ger	ieral categories		
4.	Plants for planting, other than seeds	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212:	Any third country
		0601 10 10	
		0601 10 20	
		0601 10 30	
		0601 10 40	
		0601 10 90	
		0601 20 10	
		0601 20 30	
		0601 20 90	

237

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; other than mushroom spawn:	
	0602 10 90	
	0602 20 20	
	0602 20 80	
	0602 30 00	
	0602 40 00	
	0602 90 20	
	0602 90 30	
	0602 90 41	
	0602 90 45	
	0602 90 46	
	0602 90 47	
	0602 90 48	
	0602 90 50	
	0602 90 70	
	0602 90 91	
	0602 90 99	
	Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh, for planting:	
	ex 0703 10 11	
	ex 0703 10 90	
	ex 0703 20 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
5	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	Cabbages, cauliflowers,	
	kohlrabi, kale and similar	
	edible brassicas, fresh, planted	
	in a growing substrate:	
	ov 0704 10 00	
	ex 0704 10 00	
	ex 0704 90 10	
	ex 0704 90 90	
	Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and	
	chicory ( <i>Cichorium</i> spp.),	
	fresh, planted in a growing	
	substrate:	
	ex 0705 11 00	
	ex 0705 19 00	
	ex 0705 21 00	
	ex 0705 29 00	
	Celery other than celeriac,	
	planted in a growing substrate:	
	ex 0709 40 00	
	Salad vegetables, other than	
	lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and	
	chicory (Cichorium spp.),	
	planted in a growing substrate:	
	ex 0709 99 10	
	Other vegetables, planted in a	
	growing substrate:	
	growing substrate.	
	ex 0709 99 90	
	Ginger, saffron, turmeric	
	(curcuma), and other spices,	
	for planting or planted in a	
	growing substrate:	
	239	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10	Country of origin or dispatch
		ex 0910 30 00	
		ex 0910 99 31	
		ex 0910 99 33	
5.	Root and tubercle vegetables	• Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
		0706 10 00	
		0706 90 10	
		0706 90 30	
		0706 90 90	
		Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh or chilled:	
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, not sliced or in the form of pellets:	
		ex 0714 10 00	
		ex 0714 20 10	
		ex 0714 20 90	
		ex 0714 30 00	
		ex 0714 40 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation	
		(EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 0714 50 00	
		ex 0714 90 20	
		ex 0714 90 90	
		Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices in the form of root or tubercle plant parts, fresh or chilled, other than dried:	
		ex 0910 11 00	
		ex 0910 30 00	
		ex 0910 99 91	
		Sugar beet, not ground, fresh and chilled:	
		ex 1212 91 80	
		Chicory roots, fresh and chilled:	
		ex 1212 94 00	
		Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh and chilled:	
		ex 1212 99 95	
		Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, similar forage products, not in the form of pellets, fresh or chilled, other than dried:	
		ex 1214 90 10	
		ex 1214 90 90	
6.	sp Fischer ex Wydler,	Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; other than mushroom spawn:	Any third country

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 0602 10 90	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 0602 90 50	
	Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
	ex 0604 20 90	
Parts of plants, other than fr		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<ul> <li>Foliage, branches and other</li> <li>parts of tomato or eggplant</li> <li>plants, without flowers or</li> <li>flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or</li> <li>for ornamental purposes, fresh:</li> <li>ex 0604 20 90</li> <li>Vegetable products of</li> </ul>	Any third country
	tomato or eggplant plants, not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	
8. Zea mays L.	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
	-Sweetcorn:	
	ex 0709 99 60	
	Maize (corn), other:	
	1005 90 00	
	Vegetable products of maize ( <i>Zea mays</i> ), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
	ex 1404 90 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
9.		Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Americas, Australia and New Zealand
		ex 0603 19 70	
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
10.		Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
		0709 40 00	
		ex 0709 99 10	
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered:	
		ex 1211 90 86	
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
11.	Leaves of <i>Manihot</i> esculenta Crantz	Leaves of cassava ( <i>Manihot</i> esculenta), fresh or chilled:	Any third country
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Vegetable products of cassava ( <i>Manihot esculenta</i> ), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
12.	Conifers (Pinales)	Foliage, branches and other parts of conifer (Pinales) plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country
		ex 0604 20 20	
		ex 0604 20 40	
13.	Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., Dianthus	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country
	L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L., <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Herit. ex	0603 12 00	
	Ait, <i>Phoenix</i> spp. L, <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L. and <i>Solidago</i> L.	0603 14 00	
		ex 0603 19 70	
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or	
		included, fresh:	

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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
14.	Acer saccharun Marshall	<ul> <li>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</li> </ul>	Canada and the USA
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products of plants of sugar maple ( <i>Acer saccharum</i> ), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
15.	Prunus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of <i>Prunus</i> spp. of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country other that Albania, Andorra, Armeni Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosm and Herzegovina, Canar Islands, EU Member State
		ex 0603 19 70	Faroe Islands, Georgia, Icelan Liechtenstein, Moldov
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Monaco, Montenegro, Nor Macedonia, Norway, Russ (only the following part Central Federal Distri (Tsentralny federalny okrug Northwestern Federal Distri
		ex 0604 20 90	(Severo-Zapadny federalr okrug), Southern Feder District (Yuzhny federalr
		Vegetable products of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	okrug), North Caucasia Federal District (Severa Kavkazsky federalny okrug and Volga Federal Distri-
		ex 1404 90 00	(Privolzhsky federalny okrug) San Marino, Serbi Switzerland, Turkey ar Ukraine
16.	Betula L.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a	Any third country

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products of plants of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.) not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
17.	L., Pterocarya Kunth	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan,
		for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Mongolia, the
		ex 0604 20 90	Republic of Korea,
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or	Russia, Taiwan,
		included, fresh:	Ukraine and the USA
		ex 1404 90 00	
18.	Pursh, Acer	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	The USA
	(Rupr.) Paris, <i>Adiantum</i> <i>jordanii</i> C. Muell.,	ex 0603 19 70	
	Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Aesculus hippocastanum L., Arbutus menziesii Pursch., Arbutus unedo	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
	L., <i>Arctostaphylos</i> spp. Adans, <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (L.) Hull, <i>Camellia</i>	ex 0604 20 90	
	spp. L., Castanea sativa Mill., Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia,	
	Gray, Frangula	cleaned, bleached or dyed cereal straw, and lime bark),	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
Griselinia littoralis		
(Raoul), Hamamelis		
	Vegetable products not	
Heteromeles arbutifolia		
(Lindley) M. Roemer,		
Kalmia latifolia L.,		
Laurus nobilis L.,	ex 1404 90 00	
Leucothoe spp. D. Don,		
Lithocarpus densiflorus		
(Hook. & Arn.) Rehd.,		
Lonicera hispidula		
(Lindl.) Dougl. ex Torr.&		
Gray, <i>Magnolia</i> spp.		
L., Michelia doltsopa		
(de Candolle) Figlar		
Nothofagus obliqua		
(Mirbel) Orsted, Osmanthus		
heterophyllus (G. Don)		
P. S. Green, <i>Parrotia</i>		
persica (DC) C.A.		
Meyer, <i>Photinia</i> $x$		
fraseri Dress, Pieris		
spp. D. Don,		
Pseudotsuga menziesii		
(Mirbel) Franco,		
Quercus spp. L.,		
<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.		
L., other than		
Rhododendron simsii		
Planch., Rosa		
gymnocarpa Nutt., Salix		
caprea L., Sequoia		
<i>sempervirens</i> (Lamb. ex D. Don) Endl., <i>Syringa</i>		
vulgaris L., Taxus spp. L., Trientalis latifolia		
(Hook), Umbellularia		
<i>californica</i> (Hook. &		
Arn.) Nutt., Vaccinium		
ovatum Pursh and		
Viburnum spp. L		

## Fruits of:

<sup>19.</sup> *Momordica* L. and Tomatoes, fresh or chilled: Any third country Solanaceae Juss.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		0702 00 00	
		Other vegetables, of Solanaceae, fresh or chilled:	
		0709 30 00	
		0709 60 10	
		0709 60 91	
		0709 60 95	
		0709 60 99	
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Other fruit, fresh or chilled:	
		ex 0810 90 75	
20.		Avocados, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
	Cydonia Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Persea americana Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L., Syzygium Gaertn., Vaccinium L. and Vitis L.	ex 0804 40 00	
		Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or chilled:	
		ex 0804 50 00	
		Grapes, fresh or chilled:	
		0806 10 10	
		0806 10 90	
		Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh or chilled:	
		-Papaws (papayas):	
		0807 20 00	
		Apples, pears and quinces, fresh or chilled:	
		248	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	0808 10 10	
	0808 10 80	
	0808 30 10	
	0808 30 90	
	0808 40 00	
	Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh or chilled:	
	0809 10 00	
	0809 21 00	
	0809 29 00	
	0809 30 10	
	0809 30 90	
	0809 40 05	
	0809 40 90	
	Strawberries, fresh or chilled:	
	0810 10 00	
	Raspberries, blackberries, mulberries and loganberries, fresh or chilled:	
	08010 20 10	
	ex 0810 20 90	
	Black-, white- or redcurrants and gooseberries, fresh or chilled:	
	0810 30 10	

plant products or other       and its respective description         under Council Regulation       (EEC) No. 2658/87         0810 30 30       0810 30 90         Cranberries, bilberries and       other fruit of the genus         Vaccinium, fresh or chilled:       0810 40 10         0810 40 10       0810 40 30         0810 40 50       0810 40 50         0810 50 00       Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:         0810 50 00       Persimmons, fresh or chilled:         0810 70 00       Other, fresh or chilled:         0810 90 20       ex 0810 90 75         Cut flowers of:       Orchids, fresh:         21.       Orchidaceae       Orchids, fresh:		(1)	(2)	(3)
objects       and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No. 2658/87         0810 30 30         0810 30 90         Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled:         0810 40 10         0810 40 30         0810 40 30         0810 40 50         0810 40 90         Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:         0810 50 00         Persimmons, fresh or chilled:         0810 70 00         Other, fresh or chilled:         ex 0810 90 20         ex 0810 90 75         Cut flowers of:         21.       Orchidaceae			CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
0810 30 90         Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled:         0810 40 10         0810 40 30         0810 40 30         0810 40 50         0810 40 90         Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:         0810 50 00         Persimmons, fresh or chilled:         0810 70 00         Other, fresh or chilled:         ex 0810 90 20         ex 0810 90 75			under Council Regulation	
Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled: 0810 40 10 0810 40 30 0810 40 50 0810 40 50 0810 40 90 Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled: 0810 50 00 Persimmons, fresh or chilled: 0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: 21. Orchidaceae Orchids, fresh: Any third country			0810 30 30	
other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled: 0810 40 10 0810 40 30 0810 40 50 0810 40 90 Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled: 0810 50 00 Persimmons, fresh or chilled: 0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: 21. Orchidaceae Orchids, fresh: Any third country			0810 30 90	
0810 40 30         0810 40 50         0810 40 90         Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:         0810 50 00         Persimmons, fresh or chilled:         0810 70 00         Other, fresh or chilled:         ex 0810 90 20         ex 0810 90 75         Cut flowers of:         21. Orchidaceae         Orchids, fresh:			other fruit of the genus	
0810 40 50 0810 40 90 Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled: 0810 50 00 Persimmons, fresh or chilled: 0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: 21. Orchidaceae Orchids, fresh: Any third country			0810 40 10	
0810 40 90Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:0810 50 00Persimmons, fresh or chilled:0810 70 00Other, fresh or chilled:ex 0810 90 20ex 0810 90 75Cut flowers of:21. OrchidaceaeOrchids, fresh:Any third country			0810 40 30	
Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:         0810 50 00         Persimmons, fresh or chilled:         0810 70 00         Other, fresh or chilled:         ex 0810 90 20         ex 0810 90 75         Cut flowers of:         21. Orchidaceae         Orchids, fresh:			0810 40 50	
0810 50 00 Persimmons, fresh or chilled: 0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: 21. Orchidaceae Orchids, fresh: Any third country			0810 40 90	
Persimmons, fresh or chilled: 0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: Persimmons, fresh: Any third country			Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:	
0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: 21. Orchidaceae Orchids, fresh: Any third country			0810 50 00	
Other, fresh or chilled:         ex 0810 90 20         ex 0810 90 75         Cut flowers of:         21. Orchidaceae         Orchids, fresh:			Persimmons, fresh or chilled:	
ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Cut flowers of: 21. Orchidaceae Orchids, fresh: Any third country			0810 70 00	
ex 0810 90 75         Cut flowers of:         21. Orchidaceae         Orchids, fresh:    Any third country			Other, fresh or chilled:	
Cut flowers of:			ex 0810 90 20	
OrchidaceaeOrchids, fresh:Any third country			ex 0810 90 75	
	Cut			
0602 12 00	21.	Orchidaceae	Orchids, fresh:	Any third country
0603 13 00			0603 13 00	
Hypericum Tournier ex for ornamental purposes, fresh: Azerbaijan, Belarus, Be	22.	Tournier ex Linnaeus., Hypericum Tournier ex	a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Albania, Andorra, Armenia Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosni
Rosa L. and Trachelium 0603 11 00 Islands, EU Member St				Islands, EU Member States Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland
ex 0603 1970 Liechtenstein, Mole Monaco, Montenegro, M Macedonia, Norway, R (only the following p			ex 0603 1970	Liechtenstein, Moldova Monaco, Montenegro, Nort Macedonia, Norway, Russi (only the following parts
(Tsentralny federalny ok			250	(Tsentralny federalny okrug

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
			Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)) San Marino, Serbia Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
Tub	ers of:		
23.	Solanum tuberosum L.	Potatoes, fresh or chilled, other than seed potatoes:	Any third country
		ex 0701 90 10	
		ex 0701 90 50	
		ex 0701 90 90	
Seed	ds of:		
24.	<i>Brassicaceae</i> , <i>Poaceae</i> and <i>Trifolium</i> spp.	Seeds of wheat and meslin:	Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, New Zealand,
		1001 11 00	Uruguay
		1001 91 10	
		1001 91 20	
		1001 91 90	
		Seed of rye:	
		1002 10 00	
		Seed of barley:	
		1003 10 00	
		Seed of oats:	
		1004 10 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Seed of maize (corn):	
	1005 10 13	
	1005 10 15	
	1005 10 18	
	1005 10 90	
	Seed of rice:	
	1006 10 10	
	Seed of sorghum:	
	1007 10 10	
	1007 90 00	
	Seed of millet:	
	1008 21 00	
	Canary seed for sowing:	
	ex 1008 30 00	
	Fonio ( <i>Digitaria</i> spp.) seed for sowing:	
	ex 1008 40 00	
	Seed of triticale:	
	ex 1008 60 00	
	Seed of other cereals for sowing:	
	ex 1008 90 00	
	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing:	
	1205 10 10	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 1205 90 00	
	Mustard seed, for sowing:	
	1207 50 10	
	Clover ( <i>Trifolium</i> spp.) seeds for sowing:	
	1209 22 10	
	1209 22 80	
	Fescue seeds for sowing:	
	1209 23 11	
	1209 23 15	
	1209 23 80	
	Kentucky blue grass ( <i>Poa pratensis</i> L.) seed for sowing:	
	1209 24 00	
	Ryegrass ( <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Lam., <i>Lolium</i> perenne L.) seeds for sowing:	
	1209 25 10	
	1205 25 90	
	Timothy grass seed; seeds of the genus Poa ( <i>Poa palustris</i> L., <i>Poa trivialis</i> L.); cocksfoot grass ( <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L.) and bent grass ( <i>Agrostis</i> ) seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 29 45	
	Seeds of other grasses for sowing:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 1209 29 80	
	Seeds of ornamental grasses for sowing:	
	ex 1209 30 00	
	Other brassicas' ( <i>Brassicaceae</i> ) seeds for sowing:	
	ex 1209 91 80	
	Seeds of wheat and meslin:	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Irac Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, Sout
Triticosecale Wittm. ex	1001 11 00	Africa and the USA
A. Camus	1001 91 10	
	1001 91 20	
	1001 91 90	
	Seeds of rye:	
	1002 10 00	
	Seeds of triticale:	
	ex 1008 60 00	
	Sweetcorn for sowing:	Any third country
Helianthus annuus L.,	ex 0709 99 60	
L., Medicago sativa L., Prunus L., Rubus L., Zea		
L., Allium porrum L.,	0713 33 10	
Phaseolus cocineus. and Phaseolus vulgaris L.	Almonds, for sowing:	
	ex 0802 11 10	
	ex 0802 11 90	
	ex 0802 12 10	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects Genera Triticum L., Secale L. and x Triticosecale Wittm. ex A. Camus Capsicum spp. L., Castanea Mill., Helianthus annuus L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Medicago sativa L., Prunus L., Rubus L., Zea mays L., Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L., Phaseolus cocineus. and	Description of plants, plant products or other objectsCN codeand its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No. 2658/87ex 1209 29 80Seeds of ornamental grasses for sowing: ex 1209 30 00Other brassicas' (Brassicaceae) seeds for sowing: ex 1209 91 80Genera Triticosecale L. and x Triticosecale Wittm. ex A. CamusMathematical extreme A. CamusGenera Triticosecale Wittm. ex 1001 91 10 1001 91 10 1001 91 10 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90 Seeds of rye: 1002 10 00 Seeds of triticale: ex 1008 60 00Capsicum Capsicum L., Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L., Phaseolus cocineus. and Phaseolus vulgaris L.Allmonds, for sowing: ex 0802 11 10

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 0802 12 90	
	Maize (corn) seeds, for sowing:	
	1005 10 13	
	1005 10 15	
	1005 10 18	
	1005 10 90	
	Rice, for sowing:	
	1006 10 10	
	Sunflower seeds, for sowing:	
	1206 00 10	
	Lucerne (alfalfa) seeds, for sowing:	
	1209 21 00	
	Other vegetable seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 91 80	
	Other seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 99 99	
	Chestnuts ( <i>Castanea</i> spp.) seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 99 10	
	Chestnuts ( <i>Castanea</i> spp.) in shells, for sowing:	
	ex 0802 41 00	
Solanum tuberosum L.	Potato true seeds, for sowing:	Any third country

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 1209 91 80	
Veg	etable seeds of:		
28.	Pisum sativum L.	Peas ( <i>Pisum sativum</i> ) seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		0713 10 10	
29.	Vicia faba L.	Broad beans and horse beans seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		ex 0713 50 00	
		Other, seeds for sowing:	
		ex 0713 90 00	
Seed	ls of oil and fibre plants o	f:	
30.	<i>Brassica napus</i> L.	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		1205 10 10	
		ex 1205 90 00	
31.	Brassica rapa L.,	Seeds of <i>Brassica</i> rapa, for sowing:	Any third country
		ex 1209 91 80	
32.	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merrill	Soya bean seeds for sowing:	Any third country
		1201 10 00	
33.	Linum usitatissimum L.	Linseed, for sowing :	Any third country
		1204 00 10	
34.	Sinapis alba L.	Mustard seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		1207 50 10	
Isola	ated bark of:		
35.	Conifers (Pinales)	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:	Any third country
		ex 1404 90 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
36.	<i>Populus</i> L., and <i>Quercus</i> L. other than <i>Quercus</i>	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:	Any third country
	suber L.	ex 1404 90 00	
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
37.		Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan,
		ex 1404 90 00	Mongolia, the
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets,	Republic of Korea,
		in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or	Russia, Taiwan,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
38.	Betula L.	briquettes, pellets or similar forms: –Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 Vegetable products of bark of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.), not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Canada and the USA
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
39.	Pursh,Aesculuscalifornica(Spach)Nutt.,Lithocarpus	Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	The USA
	Arn.) Rehd. and <i>Taxus</i> brevifolia Nutt.		
		–Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 4401 40 90	
10	<b>T</b> 1 <b>T</b> 1		
40.	<i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth.	Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included:	EU Member States
		ex 1404 90 00	
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
Woo	od of:		
41.	than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, except where the	similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs,	The USA
	including staves, and there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature	forms: -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: -Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00	
	of casks, barrels, vats, tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, including staves, and there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature	forms: -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: -Non-coniferous:	
	of casks, barrels, vats, tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, including staves, and there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature	forms: Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 Wood in chips or particles:	

(1)	(2)		(3)
Description of plant products		de	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its under	respective descript Council Regulation No.2658/87	ion
	-Sawdi	ust and wood waste not agglomerated:	and
	-Sawdu	ust:	
	ex 440	1 40 10	
	–Wood than sa	waste and scrap (ot wdust):	her
	ex 440	1 40 90	
	strippe	n the rough, not d of bark or sapwoo y squared:	d, or
		ed with paint, stains, te or other preservati	
	–Non-c	coniferous:	
	ex 440.	3 12 00	
	or not s	n the rough, whethe stripped of bark or od, or roughly square	
		than treated with tains, creosote or ot ratives:	her
	–Of oal	k ( <i>Quercus</i> spp.):	
	4403 9	1 00	
	stakes	oles; piles, pickets a of wood, pointed bu engthwise:	
	–Non-c	coniferous:	
	ex 4404	4 20 00	
		oniferous railway or ny sleepers (cross-tie	es)

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 –Not impregnated	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	–Of oak ( <i>Quercus</i> spp.):	
	4407 91 15	
	4407 91 31	
	4407 91 39	
	4407 91 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Other:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products 261	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
42.	than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Albania, Armenia, the EU Member States, Switzerland Turkey and the USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	
		ex 4401 40 10	
		-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
		ex 4401 40 90	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants plant products or oth		Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 9900	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: 263	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 4407 99 27	
		ex 4407 99 40	
		ex 4407 99 90	
		Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		ex 4408 90 15	
		ex 4408 90 35	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
43.	than wood packaging material, but including	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Americas

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	–Fuel wood, in logs, in billets,	
	in twigs, in faggots or in	
	similar forms:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 12 00	
	-Wood in chips or particles:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 22 00	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and	
	scrap, not agglomerated:	
	-Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other	
	than sawdust):	
	1101 10 00	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not	
	stripped of bark or sapwood, or	
	roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains,	
	creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether	
	or not stripped of bark or	
	sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with	
	paint, stains, creosote or other	
	preservatives:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Of poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.):	
	4403 97 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.):	
	4407 97 10	
	4407 97 91	
	4407 97 99	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, 266	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	(1) Description of plants, plant products or other objects	<ul> <li>(2) CN code</li> <li>and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87</li> <li>whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</li> <li>ex 4408 90 15</li> <li>ex 4408 90 35</li> <li>ex 4408 90 85</li> <li>ex 4408 90 95</li> <li>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</li> <li>ex 4416 00 00</li> <li>Prefabricated buildings of</li> </ul>	(3) Country of origin or dispatch
		wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
44.	other than wood packaging material, but including wood which	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Canada and the USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	-Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	–Not impregnated	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
5	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.):	
	4407 93 10	
	4407 93 91	
	4407 93 99	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
	ex 4416 00 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	<i>CN code</i> <i>and its respective description</i> <i>under Council Regulation</i> <i>(EEC) No.2658/87</i> Prefabricated buildings of wood:	Country of origin or dispatch
		ex 9406 10 00	
tl n w it	than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Any third country
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Coniferous	
		4401 11 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Coniferous	
		4401 21 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	
		ex 4401 40 10	
		-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
		ex 4401 40 90	
		Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
		-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
		270	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Coniferous:	
	4403 11 00	
	Wood in the rough, not	
	stripped of bark or sapwood, or	
	roughly squared:	
	-Coniferous, other than treated	
	with paint, stains, creosote or	
	other preservatives:	
	-Of pine (Pinus spp.):	
	ex 4403 21 10	
	ex 4403 21 90	
	ex 4403 22 00	
	-Of fir (Abies spp.) and spruce	
	( <i>Picea</i> spp.):	
	ex 4403 23 10	
	ex 4403 23 90	
	ex 4403 24 00	
	-Other, coniferous:	
	ex 4403 25 10	
	ex 4403 25 90	
	ex 4403 26 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4404 10 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Coniferous railway or tramway	
	sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	4406 11 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	4406 91 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Coniferous:	
	-Of pine (Pinus spp.):	
	4407 11 10	
	4407 11 20	
	4407 11 90	
	-Of fir ( <i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce ( <i>Picea</i> spp.):	
	4407 12 10	
	4407 12 20	
	4407 12 90	
	-Other, coniferous:	
	4407 19 10	
	4407 19 20	
	4407 19 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing 272	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		-Coniferous:	
		4408 10 15	
		4408 10 91	
		4408 10 98	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
46.	L., <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth and <i>Ulmus davidiana</i> Planch., other than wood packaging material, but including wood which	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Belarus, Canada, Chin Democratic People's Republ of Korea, Japan, Kazakhsta Mongolia, Republic of Kore Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine ar the USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		–Wood in chips or particles:	
		272	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 22 00	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and	
	scrap, not agglomerated:	
	–Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other	
	than sawdust):	
	than suveust).	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not	
	stripped of bark or sapwood, or	
	roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains,	
	creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether	
	or not stripped of bark or	
	sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with	
	paint, stains, creosote or other	
	preservatives:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	UA TTUJ 77 UU	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and	
	stakes of wood, pointed but not	
	sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of ash (Fraxinus spp.):	
	4407 95 10	
	4407 95 91	
	4407 95 99	
	-Other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	

ex 4408 90 15

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 4408 90 35	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
7.	than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Canada and the USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
<i>objects</i>	and its respective description	
0	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other	
	than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not	
	stripped of bark or sapwood, or	
	roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains,	
	creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether	
	or not stripped of bark or	
	sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with	
	paint, stains, creosote or other	
	preservatives:	
	-Of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.):	
	4403 95 10	
	4403 95 90	
	4403 96 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and	
	stakes of wood, pointed but not	
	sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or	
	tramway sleepers (cross-ties)	
	of wood:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.):	
	4407 96 10	
	4407 96 91	
	4407 96 99	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs	
	and other coopers' products	
	and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
	-	
	ex 4416 00 00	
	278	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
48.	Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than wood packaging material, but	-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	Canada and the USA
		–Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00	
		–Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
		ex 4401 40 90	
		Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
		-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4403 12 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Wood in the rough, whether	
	or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
		under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		ex 4408 90 15	
		ex 4408 90 35	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
49.	than wood packaging material, but including	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, EU Member States, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, the USA and Vietnam
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 22 00	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	-Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	282	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of cherry (Prunus spp.):	
	4407 94 10	
	4407 94 91	
	4407 94 99	
	-Other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants,	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	plant products or other objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
50.	L., Alnus L., Betula L., Carpinus L., Cercidiphyllum Siebold & Zucc., Corylus L., Fagus L., Fraxinus L.,	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Any third country when Anoplophora glabripennis i known to be present
	than wood packaging material, but including		
	wood which has not kept its natural round surface	-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	
		ex 4401 40 10	
		–Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Of beech (Fagus spp.):	
	4403 93 00	
	4403 94 00	
	-Of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.):	
	4403 95 10	
	4403 95 90	
	4403 96 00	
	-Of poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.):	
	4403 97 00	
	–Of other:	
	ex 4403 99 00	

plant products or other objectsand its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00-Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00-Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 004407 93 104407 93 914407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91	(1)	(2)	(3)
objectsand its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2558/87Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00-Note (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech (Fagus spp.): 4407 92 00-Of maple (Acer spp.): 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash (Fraxinus spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
(EEC) No.2658/87Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:Non-coniferous:ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:Not impregnated:ex 4406 12 00Other (than not impregnated):ex 4406 92 00Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:Of beech (Fagus spp.):4407 92 00-Of maple (Acer spp.):4407 93 914407 93 99Of ash (Fraxinus spp.):4407 95 91		and its respective description	
Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:         -Non-coniferous:         ex 4404 20 00         Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:         -Not impregnated:         ex 4406 12 00         -Other (than not impregnated):         ex 4406 92 00         Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:         -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.):         4407 92 00         -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.):         4407 93 10         4407 93 91         4407 95 10         4407 95 91			
stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10			
sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 -Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 91 4407 95 10 4407 95 11			
-Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-tics) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 -Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10			
ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 -Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 10		sawn tengthwise.	
<ul> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> <li>-Other (than not impregnated):</li> <li>ex 4406 92 00</li> <li>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</li> <li>-Of beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.):</li> <li>4407 92 00</li> <li>-Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):</li> <li>4407 93 10</li> <li>4407 93 91</li> <li>4407 93 99</li> <li>-Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.):</li> <li>4407 95 10</li> <li>4407 95 11</li> </ul>		-Non-coniferous:	
tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 -Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		ex 4404 20 00	
tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 -Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		Non-coniferous railway or	
Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10		tramway sleepers (cross-ties)	
ex 4406 12 00 Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		of wood:	
-Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10		-Not impregnated:	
ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		ex 4406 12 00	
Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		-Other (than not impregnated):	
lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		ex 4406 92 00	
lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		Wood sawn or chipped	
or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
exceeding 6 mm: Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91			
-Of beech ( <i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4407 92 00 -Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91			
4407 92 00 Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		exceeding o min.	
-Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		-Of beech (Fagus spp.):	
4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		4407 92 00	
4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		-Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.):	
4407 93 99 Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		4407 93 10	
-Of ash ( <i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91		4407 93 91	
4407 95 10 4407 95 91		4407 93 99	
4407 95 91		-Of ash (Fraxinus spp.):	
		4407 95 10	
4407 95 99		4407 95 91	
		4407 95 99	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Of birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.):	
	4407 96 10	
	4407 96 91	
	4407 96 99	
	Of poplar and aspen ( <i>Populus</i> spp.):	
	4407 97 10	
	4407 97 91	
	4407 97 99	
	Of other:	
	4407 99 27	
	4407 99 40	
	4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
		and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
51.	<i>macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd.	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	The USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Coniferous:	
		ex 4401 11 00	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		–Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Coniferous:	
		ex 4401 21 00	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
<i>objects</i>	and its respective description	
5	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other	
	than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not	
	stripped of bark or sapwood, or	
	roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains,	
	creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4403 11 00	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, not	
	stripped of bark or sapwood, or	
	roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with	
	paint, stains, creosote or other	
	preservatives:	
	-Other, coniferous:	
	ex 4403 25 10	
	ex 4403 25 90	
	ex 4403 26 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether	
	or not stripped of bark or	
	sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with	
	paint, stains, creosote or other	
	preservatives:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
-	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Other, of non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and	
	stakes of wood, pointed but not	
	sawn lengthwise:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4404 10 00	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Railway or tramway sleepers	
	(cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4406 11 00	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4406 91 00	
	-Non-coniferous	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	CAUCUMINE O MIMI.	
	-Coniferous:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
-	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 4407 19 10	
	ex 4407 19 20	
	ex 4407 19 90	
	-Of maple ( <i>Acer</i> spp.):	
	4407 93 10	
	4407 93 91	
	4407 93 99	
	–Of other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4408 10 15	
	ex 4408 10 91	
	ex 4408 10 98	
	-Other:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	201	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description	
		under Council Regulation	
		(EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs	
		and other coopers' products	
		and parts thereof, of wood,	
		including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of	
		wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
52.	Wood of Juglans L. and	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets,	EU Member States
	Pterocarya Kunth.	in twigs, in faggots or in	
		similar forms; wood in chips	
		or particles; sawdust and wood	
		waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs,	
		briquettes, pellets or similar	
		forms:	
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets,	
		in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		–Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		–Sawdust:	
		ex 4401 40 10	

Description of plants, plant products or other objectsCN codeCountry of origin or dispatchand its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2653/87Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous: ex 4406 12 00Not impregnated: Not impregnated):	(1)	(2)	(3)
objects       and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87         -Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):       ex 4401 40 90         Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:      Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:         -Non-coniferous:       ex 4403 12 00         Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:         -Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:         -Other, non-coniferous:         ex 4403 99 00         Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:         -Non-coniferous:         ex 4404 20 00         Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:         -Not impregnated:         -Not impregnated:		CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
<ul> <li>than sawdust):</li> <li>ex 4401 40 90</li> <li>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 12 00</li> <li>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>			
ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
<ul> <li>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 12 00</li> <li>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>		than sawdust):	
<ul> <li>stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 12 00</li> <li>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>		ex 4401 40 90	
<ul> <li>stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 12 00</li> <li>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>		Wood in the rough, not	
<ul> <li>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 12 00</li> <li>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>		-	
creosote or other preservatives: Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
-Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		-Treated with paint, stains,	
ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		creosote or other preservatives:	
<ul> <li>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</li> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>		-Non-coniferous:	
or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		ex 4403 12 00	
or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		Wood in the rough, whether	
<ul> <li>-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</li> <li>-Other, non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4403 99 00</li> <li>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</li> <li>-Non-coniferous:</li> <li>ex 4404 20 00</li> <li>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</li> <li>-Not impregnated:</li> <li>ex 4406 12 00</li> </ul>			
paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		sapwood, or roughly squared:	
preservatives:-Other, non-coniferous:ex 4403 99 00Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:-Non-coniferous:ex 4404 20 00Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:-Not impregnated:ex 4406 12 00		-Other than treated with	
-Other, non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: –Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		preservatives:	
Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: –Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		-Other, non-coniferous:	
stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		ex 4403 99 00	
stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		Split poles; piles, pickets and	
-Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: -Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		-Non-coniferous:	
tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		ex 4404 20 00	
tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00		Non-coniferous railway or	
-Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00			
ex 4406 12 00		of wood:	
		-Not impregnated:	
-Other (than not impregnated):		ex 4406 12 00	
		-Other (than not impregnated):	
293		203	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
<i>objects</i>	and its respective description	
·	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	–Of other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Other:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs	
	and other coopers' products	
	and parts thereof, of wood,	
	and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
	including staves:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 9406 10 00	

## PART B

List of other plants which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 73(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
1.	meaning of Article 2(1)		Any third country
		ex 0601 10 90	
		ex 0601 20 10	
		Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		0603 15 00	
		0603 19 10	
		0603 19 20	
		ex 0603 19 70	
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, not mosses or lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 295	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 0604 20 90	Country of origin or dispatch
	Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than for planting:	
	ex 0703 10 19	
	ex 0703 10 90	
	ex 0703 20 00	
	ex 0703 90 00	
	Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:	
	ex 0704 10 00	
	ex 0704 90 10	
	ex 0704 90 90	
	Lettuce ( <i>Lactuca sativa</i> ) and chicory ( <i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:	
	ex 0705 11 00	
	ex 0705 19 00	
	ex 0705 21 00	
	ex 0705 29 00	
	Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled:	
	0707 00 05	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled:	
	0708 10 00	
	0708 20 00	
	0708 90 00	
	Asparagus, celery other than celeriac, spinach, New Zealand spinach and orache spinach (garden spinach), globe artichokes, olives, pumpkins, squash and gourds ( <i>Cucurbita</i> spp.), salad vegetables, (other than lettuce ( <i>Lactuca sativa</i> ) and chicory ( <i>Cichorium</i> spp.)), chard (or white beet) and cardoons, capers, fennel and other vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:	
	0709 20 00	
	ex 0709 40 00	
	ex 0709 70 00	
	0709 91 00	
	0709 92 10	
	0709 92 90	
	0709 93 10	
	0709 93 90	
	ex 0709 99 10	
	ex 0709 99 20	
	0709 99 40	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 0709 99 50	
	ex 0709 99 90	
	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, not skinned or split,	
	for sowing:	
	ioi so wing.	
	ex 0713 20 00	
	ex 0713 31 00	
	ex 0713 32 00	
	ex 0713 34 00	
	ex 0713 35 00	
	ex 0713 39 00	
	ex 0713 40 00	
	ex 0713 60 00	
	ex 0713 90 00	
	Brazil nuts and cashew nuts,	
	fresh, whole, not shelled, not	
	peeled, also for ssowing:	
	ex 0801 21 00	
	ex 0801 31 00	
	Other nuts, fresh, whole not	
	shelled, not peeled, also for	
	sowing:	
	ex 0802 11 10	
	ex 0802 11 90	
	ex 0802 21 00	
	ex 0802 31 00	
	200	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 0802 41 00	
	ex 0802 51 00	
	ex 0802 61 00	
	ex 0802 70 00	
	ex 0802 80 00	
	ex 0802 90 10	
	ex 0802 90 50	
	ex 0802 90 85	
	Figs, fresh or chilled:	
	0804 20 10	
	Melons, fresh or chilled:	
	0807 11 00	
	0807 19 00	
	Other fruit, fresh or chilled:	
	ex 0810 20 90	
	ex 0810 90 20	
	ex 0810 90 75	
	Coffee berries (other than beans), fresh, whole in husk, not roasted:	
	ex 0901 11 00	
	Tea leaves, fresh, whole, not cut, not fermented, not flavoured:	
	ex 0902 10 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 0902 20 00	
	Thyme and fenugreek seeds for sowing:	
	ex 0910 99 10	
	ex 0910 99 31	
	ex 0910 99 33	
	Bay leaves, fresh:	
	ex 0910 99 50	
	Barley, seed for sowing:	
	1003 10 00	
	Oats, seed for sowing:	
	1004 10 00	
	Grain sorghum, seed for sowing:	
	1007 10 10	
	1007 10 90	
	Buckwheat, millet and canary seed, other cereals, seed for sowing:	
	ex 1008 10 00	
	1008 21 00	
	ex 1008 30 00	
	ex 1008 40 00	
	ex 1008 50 00	
	ex 1008 90 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 Groundnuts, fresh, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whole, not shelled, not broken, also seed for sowing:	Country of origin or dispatch
	1202 30 00	
	ex 1202 41 00	
	Other oil seeds for sowing and oleaginous fruits, fresh, not broken:	
	ex 1207 10 00	
	1207 21 00	
	ex 1207 30 00	
	1207 40 10	
	ex 1207 60 00	
	ex 1207 70 00	
	1207 91 10	
	1207 99 20	
	Seeds and fruit, of a kind used for sowing:	
	1209 10 00	
	1209 22 10	
	1209 22 80	
	1209 23 11	
	1209 23 15	
	1209 23 80	
	1209 24 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	1209 25 10	
	1209 25 90	
	1209 29 45	
	1209 29 50	
	1209 29 60	
	1209 29 80	
	1209 30 00	
	1209 91 30	
	1209 91 80	
	1209 99 10	
	1209 99 91	
	1209 99 99	
	Hop cones, fresh:	
	ex 1210 10 00	
	Plants, other than for planting, and parts of plants (including seeds for sowing and fruits), fresh or chilled, not cut nor crushed or powdered:	
	ex 1211 30 00	
	ex 1211 40 00	
	ex 1211 50 00	
	ex 1211 90 30	
	ex 1211 90 86	
	Locust beans for sowing, and sugar cane, fresh or chilled, 302	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
5	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	not ground; fruit stones and	
	kernels for sowing and other	
	fresh vegetable products	
	not elsewhere specified or	
	included:	
	ex 1212 92 00	
	ex 1212 93 00	
	ex 1212 94 00	
	ex 1212 99 41	
	ex 1212 99 95	
	Vegetable materials of a kind	
	used primarily for plaiting,	
	fresh:	
	ex 1401 90 00	
	Vegetable products not	
	elsewhere specified or	
	included, fresh:	
	ex 1404 90 00	

# PART C

List of plants, together with the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, which do not require phytosanitary certificates pursuant to Article 73(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Country of origin or dispatch
1.	Fruits of <i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merrill	Any third country
2.	Fruits of Actinidia sp. Lindl	Any third country
3.	Fruits of Cocos nucifera L.	Any third country

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Country of origin or dispatch
4.	Fruit and leaves of Citrus sp. L.	Any third country
5.	Fruit of Fortunella sp. Swingle	Any third country
6.	Fruit of Poncirus L. Raf	Any third country
7.	Fruit of Diospyros sp. L.	Any third country
8.	Fruits of <i>Durio zibethinus</i> Murray	Any third country
9.	Fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp.	Any third country
10.	Grain of Oryza spp. L.	Any third country
11.	Leaves of Murraya spp.	Any third country
12.	Fruits of Musa	Any third country
13.	Fruits of Mangifera sp. L.	Any third country
14.	Fruits of <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L.	Any third country
15.	Fruits of Passiflora sp. L	Any third country
16.	Fruits of Psidium sp.	Any third country"

### SCHEDULE 11

Regulation 16

## New Annex 13 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

#### "ANNEX 13

List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a UK plant passport is required for their movement within Great Britain or for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory

In this Annex:

- (a) 'Seeds Marketing Regulations' has the meaning given in regulation 2(1) of the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001(14);
- (b) the references to seed in paragraphs 2, 4, 5 and 6 do not include seed where it is subject to an exception described in Article 6(3) and the special requirements in Annex 8 or 10 do not apply in relation to the seed.
- 1. All plants for planting, other than seeds.

**2.** Seed of the following species, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Seeds Marketing Regulations and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing:

- (a) Allium cepa L.,
- (b) Allium porrum L.,
- (c) Phaseolus coccineus L.,

<sup>(14)</sup> S.I. 2001/3510; relevant amending instruments are S.I. 2011/464, 2016/106 (W.52), S.S.I. 2015/395, 2018/942.

- (d) Phaseolus vulgaris L.,
- (e) Pisum sativum L.,
- (f) Vicia faba L.
- **3.** Seeds of the following species:
  - (a) Castanea Mill.,
  - (b) Capsicum spp L.,
  - (c) Solanum lycopersicum L.,
  - (d) Solanum tuberosum L.

**4.** Seed of *Medicago sativa* L, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Seeds Marketing Regulations and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing.

**5.** Seed of the following species, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Seeds Marketing Regulations and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing:

- (a) Brassica napus L.,
- (b) Brassica rapa L.,
- (c) Glycine max (L.) Merrill,
- (d) Helianthus annuus L.,
- (e) Linum usitatissimum L.,
- (f) Sinapis alba L.

6. Seed of the following species, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Marketing of Ornamental Propagating Material Regulations 1999(15) and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing:

- (a) *Capsicum annuum* L.;
- (b) Helianthus annuus L.

7. Plants of *Abies* Mill., *Larix* Mill., *Picea* A. Dietr., *Pinus* L. and *Pseudotsuga* Carr over three metres in height, including felled or fallen trees, other than fruit, seeds, leaves or foliage.

**8.** Wood, where it is considered to be a plant product and has been obtained in whole or in part from the following genera or species, other than wood which is bark-free:

- (a) conifers (Pinales),
- (b) Castanea Mill.

9. Wood, where it is considered to be a plant product and has been obtained in whole or part from the following species, including wood which has not kept its natural round surface:

- (a) Juglans L.,
- (b) Platanus L.,
- (c) Pterocarya L.

10. Isolated bark of the following genera or species:

- (a) conifers (Pinales),
- (b) Castanea Mill."

<sup>(15)</sup> S.I. 1999/1801.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations are made in exercise of the powers conferred by the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (c. 16) in order to address failures of retained EU law to operate effectively and other deficiencies (in particular the deficiencies referred to in paragraphs (a), (d) and (g) of section 8(2)) arising from the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union.

The Regulations make amendments to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants.

An impact assessment has not been produced for this instrument as no, or no significant, impact on the private or voluntary sector is foreseen.