

[^{F1}ANNEX I

**NATURAL HABITAT TYPES OF COMMUNITY
INTEREST WHOSE CONSERVATION REQUIRES THE
DESIGNATION OF SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION**

Textual Amendments

- F1** Substituted by [Council Directive 2013/17/EU of 13 May 2013 adapting certain directives in the field of environment, by reason of the accession of the Republic of Croatia.](#)

Interpretation

Guidance on the interpretation of habitat types is given in the *Interpretation Manual of European Union Habitats* as approved by the committee set up under Article 20 ('Habitats Committee') and published by the European Commission⁽¹⁾.

The code corresponds to the Natura 2000 code.

The sign '*' indicates priority habitat types.

1. COASTAL AND HALOPHYTIC HABITATS

11. **Open sea and tidal areas**

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|------|--|
| 1110 | Sandbanks which are slightly covered by sea water all the time |
| 1120 | * <i>Posidonia</i> beds (<i>Posidonion oceanicae</i>) |
| 1130 | Estuaries |
| 1140 | Mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide |
| 1150 | * Coastal lagoons |
| 1160 | Large shallow inlets and bays |
| 1170 | Reefs |
| 1180 | Submarine structures made by leaking gases |

12. **Sea cliffs and shingle or stony beaches**

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|------|--|
| 1210 | Annual vegetation of drift lines |
| 1220 | Perennial vegetation of stony banks |
| 1230 | Vegetated sea cliffs of the Atlantic and Baltic Coasts |
| 1240 | Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic <i>Limonium</i> spp. |
| 1250 | Vegetated sea cliffs with endemic flora of the Macaronesian coasts |

13. **Atlantic and continental salt marshes and salt meadows**

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|------|--|
| 1310 | <i>Salicornia</i> and other annuals colonizing mud and sand |
| 1320 | <i>Spartina</i> swards (<i>Spartinion maritimae</i>) |
| 1330 | Atlantic salt meadows (<i>Glauco-Puccinellietalia maritimae</i>) |
| 1340 | * Inland salt meadows |

14. **Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic salt marshes and salt meadows**

- | | |
|------|---|
| 1410 | Mediterranean salt meadows (<i>Juncetalia maritimi</i>) |
| 1420 | Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic halophilous scrubs (<i>Sarcocornetea fruticosi</i>) |
| 1430 | Halo-nitrophilous scrubs (<i>Pegano-Salsoletea</i>) |

15. **Salt and gypsum inland steppes**

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- 1510 * Mediterranean salt steppes (*Limnietalia*)
 1520 * Iberian gypsum vegetation (*Gypsophiletalia*)
 1530 * Pannonic salt steppes and salt marshes
16. **Boreal Baltic archipelago, coastal and landupheaval areas**
- 1610 Baltic esker islands with sandy, rocky and shingle beach vegetation and sublittoral vegetation
 1620 Boreal Baltic islets and small islands
 1630 * Boreal Baltic coastal meadows
 1640 Boreal Baltic sandy beaches with perennial vegetation
 1650 Boreal Baltic narrow inlets
2. **COASTAL SAND DUNES AND INLAND DUNES**
21. **Sea dunes of the Atlantic, North Sea and Baltic coasts**
- 2110 Embryonic shifting dunes
 2120 Shifting dunes along the shoreline with *Ammophila arenaria* ('white dunes')
 2130 * Fixed coastal dunes with herbaceous vegetation ('grey dunes')
 2140 * Decalcified fixed dunes with *Empetrum nigrum*
 2150 * Atlantic decalcified fixed dunes (*Calluno-Ulicetea*)
 2160 Dunes with *Hippophaë rhamnoides*
 2170 Dunes with *Salix repens* ssp. *argentea* (*Salicion arenariae*)
 2180 Wooded dunes of the Atlantic, Continental and Boreal region
 2190 Humid dune slacks
 21A0 Machairs (* in Ireland)
22. **Sea dunes of the Mediterranean coast**
- 2210 *Crucianellion maritimae* fixed beach dunes
 2220 Dunes with *Euphorbia terracina*
 2230 *Malcolmietalia* dune grasslands
 2240 *Brachypodietalia* dune grasslands with annuals
 2250 * Coastal dunes with *Juniperus* spp.
 2260 *Cisto-Lavenduletalia* dune sclerophyllous scrubs
 2270 * Wooded dunes with *Pinus pinea* and/or *Pinus pinaster*
23. **Inland dunes, old and decalcified**
- 2310 Dry sand heaths with *Calluna* and *Genista*
 2320 Dry sand heaths with *Calluna* and *Empetrum nigrum*
 2330 Inland dunes with open *Corynephorus* and *Agrostis* grasslands
 2340 * Pannonic inland dunes
3. **FRESHWATER HABITATS**
31. **Standing water**
- 3110 Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals of sandy plains (*Littorelletalia uniflorae*)
 3120 Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals generally on sandy soils of the West Mediterranean, with *Isoetes* spp.
 3130 Oligotrophic to mesotrophic standing waters with vegetation of the *Littorelletea uniflorae* and/or of the *Isoëto-Nanojuncetea*
 3140 Hard oligo-mesotrophic waters with benthic vegetation of *Chara* spp.

- 3150 Natural eutrophic lakes with *Magnopotamion* or *Hydrocharition* — type vegetation
- 3160 Natural dystrophic lakes and ponds
- 3170 * Mediterranean temporary ponds
- 3180 * Turloughs
- 3190 Lakes of gypsum karst
- 31A0 * Transylvanian hot-spring lotus beds
32. **Running water — sections of water courses with natural or semi-natural dynamics (minor, average and major beds) where the water quality shows no significant deterioration**
- 3210 Fennoscandian natural rivers
- 3220 Alpine rivers and the herbaceous vegetation along their banks
- 3230 Alpine rivers and their ligneous vegetation with *Myricaria germanica*
- 3240 Alpine rivers and their ligneous vegetation with *Salix elaeagnos*
- 3250 Constantly flowing Mediterranean rivers with *Glaucium flavum*
- 3260 Water courses of plain to montane levels with the *Ranunculion fluitantis* and *Callitriche-Batrachion* vegetation
- 3270 Rivers with muddy banks with *Chenopodium rubri* p.p. and *Bidention* p.p. vegetation
- 3280 Constantly flowing Mediterranean rivers with *Paspalo-Agrostidion* species and hanging curtains of *Salix* and *Populus alba*
- 3290 Intermittently flowing Mediterranean rivers of the *Paspalo-Agrostidion*
- 32A0 Tufa cascades of karstic rivers in the Dinaric Alps
4. **TEMPERATE HEATH AND SCRUB**
- 4010 Northern Atlantic wet heaths with *Erica tetralix*
- 4020 * Temperate Atlantic wet heaths with *Erica ciliaris* and *Erica tetralix*
- 4030 European dry heaths
- 4040 * Dry Atlantic coastal heaths with *Erica vagans*
- 4050 * Endemic macaronesian heaths
- 4060 Alpine and Boreal heaths
- 4070 * Bushes with *Pinus mugo* and *Rhododendron hirsutum* (*Mugo-Rhododendretum hirsuti*)
- 4080 Sub-Arctic *Salix* spp. Scrub
- 4090 Endemic oro-Mediterranean heaths with gorse
- 40A0 * Subcontinental peri-Pannonic scrub
- 40B0 Rhodope *Potentilla fruticosa* thickets
- 40C0 * Ponto-Sarmatic deciduous thickets
5. **SCLEROPHYLLOUS SCRUB (MATORRAL)**
51. **Sub-Mediterranean and temperate scrub**
- 5110 Stable xerothermophilous formations with *Buxus sempervirens* on rock slopes (*Berberidion* p.p.)
- 5120 Mountain *Cytisus purgans* formations
- 5130 *Juniperus communis* formations on heaths or calcareous grasslands
- 5140 * *Cistus palhinhae* formations on maritime wet heaths
52. **Mediterranean arborescent matorral**
- 5210 Arborescent matorral with *Juniperus* spp.
- 5220 * Arborescent matorral with *Zyziphus*

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- 5230 * Arborescent matorral with *Laurus nobilis*
53. **Thermo-Mediterranean and pre-steppe brush**
- 5310 *Laurus nobilis* thickets
- 5320 Low formations of *Euphorbia* close to cliffs
- 5330 Thermo-Mediterranean and pre-desert scrub
54. **Phrygana**
- 5410 West Mediterranean clifftop phryganas (*Astragalo-Plantaginetum subulatae*)
- 5420 *Sarcopoterium spinosum* phryganas
- 5430 Endemic phryganas of the *Euphorbio-Verbascion*
6. NATURAL AND SEMI-NATURAL GRASSLAND FORMATIONS
61. **Natural grasslands**
- 6110 * Rupicolous calcareous or basophilic grasslands of the *Alysso-Sedion albi*
- 6120 * Xeric sand calcareous grasslands
- 6130 Calaminarian grasslands of the *Violetalia calaminariae*
- 6140 Siliceous Pyrenean *Festuca eskia* grasslands
- 6150 Siliceous alpine and boreal grasslands
- 6160 Oro-Iberian *Festuca indigesta* grasslands
- 6170 Alpine and subalpine calcareous grasslands
- 6180 Macaronesian mesophile grasslands
- 6190 Rupicolous pannonic grasslands (*Stipo-Festucetalia pallentis*)
62. **Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies**
- 6210 Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies on calcareous substrates (*Festuco-Brometalia*) (* important orchid sites)
- 6220 * Pseudo-steppe with grasses and annuals of the *Thero-Brachypodietea*
- 6230 * Species-rich *Nardus* grasslands, on silicious substrates in mountain areas (and submountain areas in Continental Europe)
- 6240 * Sub-Pannonic steppic grasslands
- 6250 * Pannonic loess steppic grasslands
- 6260 * Pannonic sand steppes
- 6270 * Fennoscandian lowland species-rich dry to mesic grasslands
- 6280 * Nordic alvar and precambrian calcareous flatrocks
- 62A0 Eastern sub-Mediterranean dry grasslands (*Scorzoneratalia villosae*)
- 62B0 * Serpentinophilous grassland of Cyprus
- 62C0 * Ponto-Sarmatic steppes
- 62D0 Oro-Moesian acidophilous grasslands
63. **Sclerophyllous grazed forests (dehesas)**
- 6310 Dehesas with evergreen *Quercus* spp.
64. **Semi-natural tall-herb humid meadows**
- 6410 *Molinia* meadows on calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-laden soils (*Molinion caeruleae*)
- 6420 Mediterranean tall humid grasslands of the *Molinio-Holoschoenion*
- 6430 Hydrophilous tall herb fringe communities of plains and of the montane to alpine levels

- 6440 Alluvial meadows of river valleys of the *Cnidion dubii*
6450 Northern boreal alluvial meadows
6460 Peat grasslands of Troodos
65. **Mesophile grasslands**
- 6510 Lowland hay meadows (*Alopecurus pratensis*, *Sanguisorba officinalis*)
6520 Mountain hay meadows
6530 * Fennoscandian wooded meadows
6540 Sub-Mediterranean grasslands of the *Molinio-Hordeion secalini*
7. **RAISED BOGS AND MIRES AND FENS**
71. **Sphagnum acid bogs**
- 7110 * Active raised bogs
7120 Degraded raised bogs still capable of natural regeneration
7130 Blanket bogs (* if active bog)
7140 Transition mires and quaking bogs
7150 Depressions on peat substrates of the *Rhynchosporion*
7160 Fennoscandian mineral-rich springs and springfens
72. **Calcareous fens**
- 7210 * Calcareous fens with *Cladium mariscus* and species of the *Caricion davallianae*
7220 * Petrifying springs with tufa formation (*Cratoneurion*)
7230 Alkaline fens
7240 * Alpine pioneer formations of the *Caricion bicoloris-atrofuscae*
73. **Boreal mires**
- 7310 * Aapa mires
7320 * Palsa mires
8. **ROCKY HABITATS AND CAVES**
81. **Scree**
- 8110 Siliceous scree of the montane to snow levels (*Androsacetalia alpinae* and *Galeopsietalia ladani*)
8120 Calcareous and calcshist scree of the montane to alpine levels (*Thlaspietea rotundifolii*)
8130 Western Mediterranean and thermophilous scree
8140 Eastern Mediterranean scree
8150 Medio-European upland siliceous scree
8160 * Medio-European calcareous scree of hill and montane levels
82. **Rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation**
- 8210 Calcareous rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation
8220 Siliceous rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation
8230 Siliceous rock with pioneer vegetation of the *Sedo-Scleranthion* or of the *Sedo albi-Veronicion dillenii*
8240 * Limestone pavements
83. **Other rocky habitats**
- 8310 Caves not open to the public

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- 8320 Fields of lava and natural excavations
- 8330 Submerged or partially submerged sea caves
- 8340 Permanent glaciers

9. FORESTS

(Sub)natural woodland vegetation comprising native species forming forests of tall trees, with typical undergrowth, and meeting the following criteria: rare or residual, and/or hosting species of Community interest

90. Forests of Boreal Europe

- 9010 * Western Taïga
- 9020 * Fennoscandian hemiboreal natural old broad-leaved deciduous forests (*Quercus*, *Tilia*, *Acer*, *Fraxinus* or *Ulmus*) rich in epiphytes
- 9030 * Natural forests of primary succession stages of landupheaval coast
- 9040 Nordic subalpine/subarctic forests with *Betula pubescens* ssp. *czerepanovii*
- 9050 Fennoscandian herb-rich forests with *Picea abies*
- 9060 Coniferous forests on, or connected to, glaciofluvial eskers
- 9070 Fennoscandian wooded pastures
- 9080 * Fennoscandian deciduous swamp woods

91. Forests of Temperate Europe

- 9110 *Luzulo-Fagetum* beech forests
- 9120 Atlantic acidophilous beech forests with *Ilex* and sometimes also *Taxus* in the shrublayer (*Quercion robori-petraeae* or *Ilici-Fagenion*)
- 9130 *Asperulo-Fagetum* beech forests
- 9140 Medio-European subalpine beech woods with *Acer* and *Rumex arifolius*
- 9150 Medio-European limestone beech forests of the *Cephalanthero-Fagion*
- 9160 Sub-Atlantic and medio-European oak or oak-hornbeam forests of the *Carpinion betuli*
- 9170 *Galio-Carpinetum* oak-hornbeam forests
- 9180 * *Tilio-Acerion* forests of slopes, screes and ravines
- 9190 Old acidophilous oak woods with *Quercus robur* on sandy plains
- 91A0 Old sessile oak woods with *Ilex* and *Blechnum* in the British Isles
- 91B0 Thermophilous *Fraxinus angustifolia* woods
- 91C0 * Caledonian forest
- 91D0 * Bog woodland
- 91E0 * Alluvial forests with *Alnus glutinosa* and *Fraxinus excelsior* (*Alno-Padion*, *Alnion incanae*, *Salicion albae*)
- 91F0 Riparian mixed forests of *Quercus robur*, *Ulmus laevis* and *Ulmus minor*, *Fraxinus excelsior* or *Fraxinus angustifolia*, along the great rivers (*Ulmion minoris*)
- 91G0 * Pannonic woods with *Quercus petraea* and *Carpinus betulus*
- 91H0 * Pannonian woods with *Quercus pubescens*
- 91I0 * Euro-Siberian steppic woods with *Quercus* spp.
- 91J0 * *Taxus baccata* woods of the British Isles
- 91K0 Illyrian *Fagus sylvatica* forests (*Aremonio-Fagion*)
- 91L0 Illyrian oak-hornbeam forests (*Erythronio-Carpinion*)
- 91M0 Pannonian-Balkan turkey oak — sessile oak forests
- 91N0 * Pannonic inland sand dune thicket (*Junipero-Populetum albae*)
- 91P0 Holy Cross fir forest (*Abietetum polonicum*)
- 91Q0 Western Carpathian calcicolous *Pinus sylvestris* forests

- 91R0 Dinaric dolomite Scots pine forests (*Genisto januensis-Pinetum*)
- 91S0 * Western Pontic beech forests
- 91T0 Central European lichen Scots pine forests
- 91U0 Sarmatic steppe pine forest
- 91V0 Dacian Beech forests (*Symphyto-Fagion*)
- 91W0 Moesian beech forests
- 91X0 * Dobrogean beech forests
- 91Y0 Dacian oak & hornbeam forests
- 91Z0 Moesian silver lime woods
- 91AA * Eastern white oak woods
- 91BA Moesian silver fir forests
- 91CA Rhodopide and Balkan Range Scots pine forests
- 92. Mediterranean deciduous forests**
- 9210 * Apennine beech forests with *Taxus* and *Ilex*
- 9220 * Apennine beech forests with *Abies alba* and beech forests with *Abies nebrodensis*
- 9230 Galicio-Portuguese oak woods with *Quercus robur* and *Quercus pyrenaica*
- 9240 *Quercus faginea* and *Quercus canariensis* Iberian woods
- 9250 *Quercus trojana* woods
- 9260 *Castanea sativa* woods
- 9270 Hellenic beech forests with *Abies borisii-regis*
- 9280 *Quercus frainetto* woods
- 9290 *Cupressus* forests (*Acero-Cupression*)
- 92A0 *Salix alba* and *Populus alba* galleries
- 92B0 Riparian formations on intermittent Mediterranean water courses with *Rhododendron ponticum*, *Salix* and others
- 92C0 *Platanus orientalis* and *Liquidambar orientalis* woods (*Platanion orientalis*)
- 92D0 Southern riparian galleries and thickets (*Nerio-Tamaricetea* and *Securinegion tinctoriae*)
- 93. Mediterranean sclerophyllous forests**
- 9310 Aegean *Quercus brachyphylla* woods
- 9320 *Olea* and *Ceratonia* forests
- 9330 *Quercus suber* forests
- 9340 *Quercus ilex* and *Quercus rotundifolia* forests
- 9350 *Quercus macrolepis* forests
- 9360 * Macaronesian laurel forests (*Laurus*, *Ocotea*)
- 9370 * Palm groves of *Phoenix*
- 9380 Forests of *Ilex aquifolium*
- 9390 * Scrub and low forest vegetation with *Quercus alnifolia*
- 93A0 Woodlands with *Quercus infectoria* (*Anagyro foetidiae-Quercetum infectoriae*)
- 94. Temperate mountainous coniferous forests**
- 9410 Acidophilous *Picea* forests of the montane to alpine levels (*Vaccinio-Piceetea*)
- 9420 Alpine *Larix decidua* and/or *Pinus cembra* forests
- 9430 Subalpine and montane *Pinus uncinata* forests (* if on gypsum or limestone)

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95. **Mediterranean and Macaronesian mountainous coniferous forests**

- 9510 * Southern Apennine *Abies alba* forests
- 9520 *Abies pinsapo* forests
- 9530 * (Sub-) Mediterranean pine forests with endemic black pines
- 9540 Mediterranean pine forests with endemic Mesogean pines
- 9550 Canarian endemic pine forests
- 9560 * Endemic forests with *Juniperus* spp.
- 9570 * *Tetraclinis articulata* forests
- 9580 * Mediterranean *Taxus baccata* woods
- 9590 * *Cedrus brevifolia* forests (*Cedrosetum brevifoliae*)
- 95A0 High oro-Mediterranean pine forests]

- (1) ^{F1(+)} Interpretation Manual of European Union Habitats, version EUR 15/2, adopted by the Habitats Committee on 4 October 1999 and Amendments to the 'Interpretation Manual of European Union Habitats' with a view to EU enlargement (Hab. 01/11b-rev. 1), adopted by the Habitats Committee on 24 April 2002 after written consultation, European Commission, Directorate General for Environment;

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