

Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/2242 of 23 December 2020 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N1 in the United Kingdom (notified under document C(2020) 9628) (Only the English text is authentic) (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION (EU) 2020/2242

of 23 December 2020

concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N1 in the United Kingdom

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(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/662/EEC of 11 December 1989 concerning veterinary checks in intra-Community trade with a view to the completion of the internal market⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof, in conjunction with Article 131 of the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community ('Withdrawal Agreement'),

Having regard to Council Directive 90/425/EEC of 26 June 1990 concerning veterinary checks applicable in intra-Union trade in certain live animals and products with a view to the completion of the internal market⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10(4) thereof, in conjunction with Article 131 of the Withdrawal Agreement,

Whereas:

- (1) Avian influenza is an infectious viral disease in birds, including poultry. Infections with avian influenza viruses in domestic poultry cause two main forms of that disease that are distinguished by their virulence. The low pathogenic form generally only causes mild symptoms, while the highly pathogenic form results in very high mortality rates in most poultry species. The disease may have a severe impact on the profitability of poultry farming causing disturbance to trade within the Union and exports to third countries.
- (2) Since 2005, highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) viruses of the H5 subtype have been shown to be able to infect migratory birds, which can then spread these viruses over long distances during their autumn and spring migrations.
- (3) The presence of HPAI viruses in wild birds poses a continuous threat for the direct and indirect introduction of these viruses into holdings where poultry or other captive birds are kept.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/2242. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) In the event of an outbreak of HPAI, there is a risk that the disease agent may spread to other holdings where poultry or other captive birds are kept.
- (5) Council Directive 2005/94/EC⁽³⁾ sets out certain preventive measures relating to the surveillance and the early detection of avian influenza and the minimum control measures to be applied in the event of an outbreak of that disease in poultry or other captive birds. That Directive provides for the establishment of protection and surveillance zones in the event of an outbreak of HPAI. This regionalisation is applied in particular to preserve the health status of birds in the remainder of the territory of the country by preventing the introduction of the pathogenic agent and ensuring the early detection of the disease.
- (6) The United Kingdom recently notified the Commission of an outbreak of HPAI of subtype H5N1 on its territory, in one holding where poultry or other captive birds are kept in North Yorkshire, and it immediately took the measures required pursuant to Directive 2005/94/EC, including the establishment of protection and surveillance zones.
- (7) The Commission has examined those measures in collaboration with the United Kingdom, and it is satisfied that the borders of the protection and surveillance zones, established by the competent authority of the United Kingdom, are at a sufficient distance to the holding where the outbreak was confirmed.
- (8) In order to prevent any unnecessary disturbance to trade within the Union and to avoid unjustified barriers to trade being imposed by third countries, it is necessary to rapidly describe at Union level the protection and surveillance zones established in relation to HPAI in the United Kingdom.
- (9) Accordingly, the protection and surveillance zones in the United Kingdom where the animal health control measures as laid down in Directive 2005/94/EC are applied, should be defined in the Annex to this Decision and the duration of that regionalisation fixed.
- (10) Given the urgency of the epidemiological situation as regards the spread of the HPAI viruses, it is important that this Decision be adopted as soon as possible.
- (11) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The United Kingdom shall ensure that the protection and surveillance zones established in accordance with Article 16(1) of Directive 2005/94/EC comprise at least the areas listed in Parts A and B of the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until 31 December 2020.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Done at Brussels, 23 December 2020.

For the Commission

Stella KYRIAKIDES

Member of the Commission

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/2242. (See end of Document for details)

ANNEX

PART A

Protection zone as referred to in Article 1:

United Kingdom

Area comprising:	Date until applicable in accordance with Article 29(1) of Directive 2005/94/EC
Those parts of North Yorkshire County (ADNS code 00176) contained within a circle of a radius of three kilometres, centred on WGS84 dec. coordinates N54.37 and W2.16	31.12.2020

PART B

Surveillance zone as referred to in Article 1:

United Kingdom

Area comprising:	Date until applicable in accordance with Article 31 of Directive 2005/94/EC
Those parts of North Yorkshire County (ADNS code 00176) extending beyond the area described in the protection zone and within the circle of a radius of ten kilometres, centred on WGS84 dec. coordinates N54.37 and W2.16	31.12.2020

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/2242. (See end of Document for details)

- (1) [OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 13.](#)
- (2) [OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 29.](#)
- (3) Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza and repealing Directive 92/40/EEC ([OJ L 10, 14.1.2006, p. 16](#)).

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/2242.