

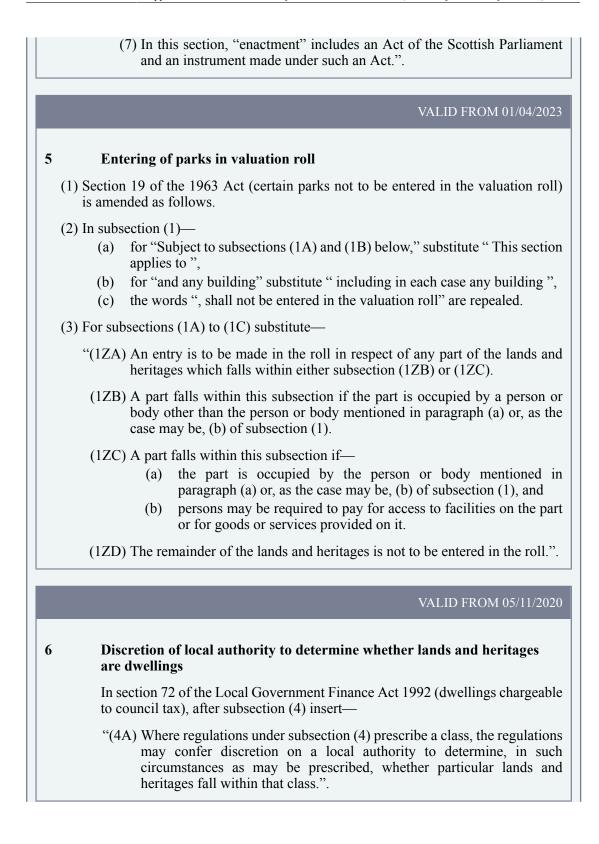
Non-Domestic Rates (Scotland) Act 2020 2020 asp 4

	VALID FROM 02/04/2020
	PART 2 Administration and enforcement of non-domestic rates Valuation roll
	VALID FROM 05/11/2020
2	Revaluation years In section 37(1) of the 1975 Act (general interpretation), in the definition of "year of revaluation"— (a) for "2017-18" substitute " 2022-23 ", (b) for "fifth" substitute " third ".
	VALID FROM 05/11/2020
3	New or improved properties: mark in valuation roll After section 2 of the 1975 Act insert—
	"2A Mark in valuation roll for new or improved properties
	 (1) Subsection (2) applies where an assessor— (a) makes or alters an entry in the valuation roll, and (b) the entry as made or altered relates to newly built lands and heritages or improved lands and heritages.

- (2) The assessor must include a mark in the entry to show that it relates to newly built lands and heritages or (as the case may be) improved lands and heritages.
- (3) An entry in the valuation roll relates to newly built lands and heritages if—
 - (a) the entry as made or (as the case may be) altered shows one or more buildings or parts of a building, and
 - (b) none of those buildings or parts of a building—
 - (i) were shown in any entry in the valuation roll or valuation list for the day immediately prior to the day on which the entry or (as the case may be) alteration takes effect, or
 - (ii) would have been shown in such an entry in the valuation roll but for an enactment providing for them not to be entered in the roll.
- (4) An entry in the valuation roll relates to improved lands and heritages if—
 - (a) the entry is altered to show a relevant increase in the rateable value of the lands and heritages to which the entry relates, and
 - (b) the entry as altered does not relate to newly built lands and heritages.
- (5) A "relevant increase" in the rateable value of lands and heritages is an increase—
 - (a) which is caused, in whole or in part, by the erection, construction, refurbishment or extension of one or more buildings or parts of a building which form part of the lands and heritages, and
 - (b) none of which is attributable to—
 - (i) the combination, division or reorganisation of lands and heritages which were shown, in whole or in part, in different entries in the valuation roll for the day immediately prior to the day on which the alteration takes effect, or
 - (ii) a change in the way the lands and heritages are being used.
- (6) A mark included in an entry in the valuation roll under subsection (2) must be removed from the entry on the next occasion when the entry is altered by an assessor.
- (7) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations—
 - (a) make provision about things that are, or are not, to be treated as a "building" for the purposes of this section,
 - (b) modify the definition of "relevant increase" in subsection (5).
- (8) Before—
 - (a) making regulations under subsection (7)(a), or
 - (b) laying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (7)(b) before the Scottish Parliament,

the Scottish Ministers must consult such persons as they consider appropriate.

(9) Regulations under subsection (7) may make different provision for different purposes, (a) may make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, (b) transitory or saving provision. (10) Regulations undersubsection (7)(a) are subject to the negative procedure, (a) (b) subsection (7)(b) are subject to the affirmative procedure. (11) In subsection (3)(b)(ii), "enactment" includes an Act of the Scottish Parliament and an instrument made under such an Act.". VALID FROM 01/04/2022 4 Power of Scottish Ministers to remove exempt status of lands and heritages After section 8C of the 1956 Act insert— "8D Power of Scottish Ministers to remove exempt status of lands and heritages (1) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision requiring lands and heritages falling within subsection (2) to be entered in the valuation roll. (2) Land and heritages fall within this subsection if they are not entered in the valuation roll by virtue of an enactment, other than Part 2 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, providing for them not to be so entered. (3) Before laying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing (a) regulations under subsection (1) to which subsection (5) applies before the Scottish Parliament, or making regulations under subsection (1) to which subsection (6)(b) applies. the Scottish Ministers must consult such persons as they consider appropriate. (4) Regulations under subsection (1) may make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, (a) transitory or saving provision, make different provision for different purposes, (b) modify any enactment (including this Act). (c) (5) Regulations under this section that add to, replace or omit any part of the text of an Act are subject to the affirmative procedure. (6) Otherwise, regulations under this section are subject to the negative procedure.



	VALID FROM 05/11/2020
7	Agreement as to valuation
	In section 1 of the 1975 Act (the valuation roll and revaluation), after subsection (3) insert—
	"(3A) Subsection (3B) applies where the assessor and the proprietor, tenant of occupier of lands and heritages have reached an agreement in writing as to the details to be included in the entry in the valuation roll for the lands and heritages (whether that agreement was reached before or after the draft valuation roll was published under section 1B(1)).
	(3B) The assessor must include those details in the entry for the lands and heritages, unless, since the agreement was reached, there has been an alteration in the value of the lands and heritages due to a material change of circumstances.".
	VALID FROM 05/11/2020
1	Draft valuation roll and draft valuation notices
	After section 1A of the 1975 Act insert—
	"1B Draft valuation roll and draft valuation notices
	(1) Before making up a valuation roll under section 1(1), an assessor must—
	 (a) publish a draft of the roll, and (b) send a draft valuation notice to each person who is a proprietor tenant or occupier of lands and heritages entered in the draft valuation roll.
	(2) A draft valuation notice is a notice setting out—(a) the details included in the entry for the lands and heritages in the
	 draft valuation roll, (b) the effect of subsections (3) and (4), and (c) such other information as— (i) the Scottish Ministers may specify in regulations, or (ii) the assessor considers appropriate.
	(3) A person who receives a draft valuation notice may make representation to the assessor as to the details to be included in the entry for the land and heritages in the valuation roll when it is made up under section 1(1)
	(4) When the assessor makes up the valuation roll under section 1(1), the assessor may include details in an entry for lands and heritages which are different to those included in the entry for the lands and heritages in the draft valuation roll, whether as a result of representations made unde subsection (3) or otherwise (but see also section 1(3A) and (3B)).

	transitory or saving provision. (6) Regulations under subsection (2)(c)(i) are subject to the negative
	procedure.".
	VALID FROM 05/11/202
9	Valuation notices
	In section 3 of the 1975 Act (provisions supplementary to sections 1 and 2)— (a) after subsection (2) insert—
	 "(2ZA) A notice under subsection (2)— (a) must include such information in relation to the rateab value included in the entry to which the notice relates a the Scottish Ministers may specify in regulations, (b) may include such other information as the assesse considers appropriate.
	 (2ZB) The assessor may send a notice under subsection (2) be electronic means if— (a) the assessor and the recipient of the notice have, before the notice is sent, agreed in writing that the assessor may send such a notice to the recipient by transmission to a electronic address and in an electronic form specified be the recipient for that purpose, and (b) the notice is sent to that address in that form.", (b) after subsection (5) insert—
	 "(6) Regulations under subsection (2ZA)(a)— (a) may make different provision for different purposes, (b) may make incidental, supplementary, consequentia transitional, transitory or saving provision.
	(7) Regulations under subsection (2ZA)(a) are subject to the negative procedure.".
	VALID FROM 05/11/202
10	Proposals to alter, and appeals against, valuation roll

- "(a) a proposal being made under section 3ZA(1), or (b)",
- (b) in subsection (2)(cc), for "an appeal by virtue of section 3(2A) of this Act" substitute "a proposal made by virtue of section 3ZA(2)(b) or an appeal under section 3ZB(1) in relation to such a proposal ",
- (c) after subsection (3) insert—
 - "(3A) Where an appeal has been made to the valuation appeal committee in relation to the entry, subsection (3) applies only if the appeal has been withdrawn.".

(3) In section 3 (provisions supplementary to sections 1 and 2)—

- (a) in subsection (2), the words from "; and any such person" to the end are repealed,
- (b) subsections (2A), (2B), (4) and (4A) are repealed,
- (c) in subsection (5), after "pending" insert " proposal under section 3ZA(1), ".

(4) After section 3 insert—

"3ZA Proposal to alter entry in valuation roll

- (1) The proprietor, tenant or occupier of lands and heritages may make a proposal to the assessor who has the function of valuing the lands and heritages to alter the entry for those lands and heritages in the valuation roll in accordance with this section.
- (2) A proposal may be made in relation to an entry—
 - (a) where the proprietor, tenant or occupier receives a notice under section 3(2) in relation to the entry, other than a notice sent following an alteration to the valuation roll under—
 - (i) section 2(1A) as a result of a proposal or appeal made by the proprietor, tenant or (as the case may be) occupier, or
 - (ii) section 2(3) as a result of an agreement between the proprietor, tenant or (as the case may be) occupier and the assessor,
 - (b) where a person becomes the proprietor, tenant or occupier of the lands and heritages to which the entry relates,
 - (c) on the ground that, since the entry was made, there has been a material change of circumstances,
 - (d) on the ground that there is an error in the entry of the type referred to in section 2(1)(f).
- (3) A person may not make a proposal in pursuance of subsection (2)(a) where—
 - (a) the notice under section 3(2) relates to an entry included in the valuation roll when it was made up under section 1(1), and
 - (b) the details included in the entry are in accordance with an agreement in writing between that person and the assessor as to the details to be included in the entry.
- (4) A proposal may be made in pursuance of subsection (2)(b) whether or not any previous proprietor, tenant or occupier of the lands and heritages—

- (a) reached an agreement with the assessor in relation to the entry,
- (b) made a proposal to the assessor in relation to the entry,
- (c) appealed to the valuation appeal committee in relation to the entry.
- (5) A proposal must—
 - (a) be made in writing,
 - (b) set out how the person making the proposal wants the assessor to alter the entry.
- (6) The assessor may decide—
 - (a) to alter the entry in accordance with—
 - (i) the proposal, or
 - (ii) an agreement in writing between the assessor and the person who made the proposal reached after the proposal was made,
 - (b) to alter the entry other than in accordance with the proposal or such an agreement (including by either increasing or decreasing the rateable value shown in the entry),
 - (c) not to alter the entry.

(7) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision for or about—

- (a) the period within which a proposal may be made,
- (b) the form in which a proposal is to be made,
- (c) information to be included in, and documents to be submitted with, a proposal,
- (d) notices to be sent by an assessor to the person who made the proposal or any other person with an interest in the lands and heritages to which the proposal relates,
- (e) fees payable in connection with a proposal (including provision about circumstances in which a fee may be repaid),
- (f) the day from which an alteration made to an entry in the valuation roll following a decision under subsection (6)(a) or (b) is to have effect,
- (g) such other matters in connection with the making of a proposal as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate.
- (8) Before laying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (7)(e) before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult—
 - (a) such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of—
 - (i) local authorities,
 - (ii) assessors,
 - (iii) the business sector, and
 - (iv) other ratepayers,
 - as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate,
 - (b) such other persons as they consider appropriate.
- (9) Regulations under subsection (7)—
 - (a) may make different provision for different purposes,

(b) may make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision.
 (10) Regulations under subsection (7) are subject to— (a) the affirmative procedure, if they make provision under subsection (7)(e), (b) otherwise, the negative procedure.
(11) In this section and section 3ZB, "proposal" means a proposal made under subsection (1).
3ZB Appeal to valuation appeal committee
 (1) A person who is the proprietor, tenant or occupier of lands and heritages may appeal to the valuation appeal committee— (a) against a decision of the assessor, in relation to a proposal made by the person, under section 3ZA(6)(b) or (c), (b) if—
 (i) the person has made a proposal in relation to the entry, (ii) the period set out in regulations under subsection (7)(a) for an appeal to be made has begun, and (iii) the assessor has not made a decision under section 3ZA(6).
(2) An appeal under subsection (1)(b) is to be treated as if it were an appeal against a decision under section 3ZA(6)(c).
(3) An appeal under subsection (1)—
 (a) must be made within the period set out in regulations under subsection (7)(a) (and the valuation appeal committee may not allow it to be made after the end of that period), (b) may be withdrawn only with the permission of the valuation appeal committee (whether or not the appellant and the assessor have reached an agreement as to the alteration of the entry to which the appeal relates).
(4) On an appeal under subsection (1), the valuation appeal committee—
(a) is to decide what alterations (if any) the assessor is to make to the entry,
(b) may (in particular) decide that the rateable value shown in the entry is to be either increased or decreased.
(5) Subsection (6) applies where—
(a) an appeal under subsection (1) relates to a proposal made in pursuance of section 3ZA(2)(c), and
 (b) it is proved that there has been a change of circumstance which has materially reduced the extent to which beneficial occupation of the lands and heritages to which the appeal relates can be enjoyed.
(6) The valuation appeal committee may decide that the entry is to be altered

- (6) The valuation appeal committee may decide that the entry is to be altered even if it is not proved that the change of circumstances has affected the value of the lands and heritages to any specific extent.
- (7) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision for or about-

- the period within which an appeal under subsection (1) is to be (a) made, information to be included in, and documents to be submitted with, (b) such an appeal, circumstances in which such an appeal may be made only with the (c) permission of the valuation appeal committee, fees payable in connection with such an appeal (including (d) provision about circumstances in which a fee may be repaid), the procedure to be followed in such an appeal (including evidence (e) which may be led), the period within which such an appeal is to be disposed of, (f) such other matters in connection with such appeals as the Scottish (g) Ministers consider appropriate. (8) Before laying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (7)(d) before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consultsuch person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to (a) represent the interests of-(i) local authorities, (ii) assessors, (iii) the business sector, and (iv) other ratepayers, as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate, (b) such other persons as they consider appropriate. (9) Regulations under subsection (7) may make different provision for different purposes, (a) may make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, (b) transitory or saving provision. (10) Regulations under subsection (7) are subject to— (a) the affirmative procedure, if they make provision under subsection (7)(d), otherwise, the negative procedure.". (b) VALID FROM 01/04/2023 11 **Proposals and appeals: consequential modifications** (1) In section 13 of the 1956 Act (times for giving notices etc.), after subsection (3) insert-
 - "(3A) This section does not apply to any notice or thing required to be given or done in relation to—
 - (a) a proposal under section 3ZA of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975,
 - (b) an appeal under section 3ZB of that Act.".

(2) In section 15(2) of the 1963 Act (proceedings in appeals), after "committees" where it second occurs insert "other than appeals under section 3ZB of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975".

VALID FROM 01/04/2023

12 **Restriction on making complaints**

In section 13 of the 1854 Act (complaints with regard to valuations)-

- (a) the existing text becomes subsection (1),
- (b) after that subsection insert—
 - "(2) A person may not make a complaint as mentioned in subsection (1) in respect of lands and heritages of which the person is the proprietor, tenant or occupier.".

13 Meaning of "material change of circumstances"

In section 37 (interpretation) of the 1975 Act, in the definition of "material change of circumstances"—

- (a) the words from "and, without prejudice to" to the end become paragraph (a), and
- (b) after that paragraph insert—

"(b) but does not include any change—

- (i) in the rent of the lands and heritages (or any other lands and heritages), or
- (ii) in the level of valuations generally or in the value of lands and heritages generally,".

VALID FROM 05/11/2020

Reform of reliefs etc.

14 New or improved properties: rates relief

(1) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision for relief from the payment of non-domestic rates in respect of—

- (a) newly built lands and heritages,
- (b) improved lands and heritages.

(2) Regulations under subsection (1) may (in particular) make provision for or about—

- (a) rates of relief (including by reference to thresholds),
- (b) periods for which relief is available,
- (c) eligibility for relief (including eligibility based on use or occupation of, or changes to, the lands and heritages).
- (3) Regulations under subsection (1)—

- (a) may make different provision for different purposes,
- (b) may make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision.
- (4) Regulations under subsection (1) are subject to the negative procedure.
- (5) Before making regulations under subsection (1), the Scottish Ministers must consult such persons as they consider appropriate.

(6) In this section—

"improved lands and heritages" means lands and heritages for which an entry in the valuation roll is altered as described in section 2A(4) of the 1975 Act, "newly built lands and heritages" means lands and heritages for which an entry in the valuation roll is made or altered as described in section 2A(3) of the 1975 Act.

15 Contribution to net-zero emissions target: rates relief

(1) Section 153 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 (power to prescribe amount of non-domestic rate) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (3)(b) insert—

"(c) which-

- (i) contribute to the net-zero emissions target (for example, by virtue of forming part of a district heating network) and those which do not so contribute,
- (ii) contribute as mentioned in sub-paragraph (i) and whose contributions fall into different categories prescribed for the purpose of this sub-paragraph in rules under subsection (1).".
- (3) In subsection (3A) after "subsection (3)(b)" insert " or (c)(ii) ".
- (4) After subsection (6) insert—
 - "(7) In subsection (3)(c), "net-zero emissions target" has the meaning given by section A1(1) of the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009.".

16 Specialist music provision in public schools: rates relief

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision for relief from the payment of non-domestic rates in respect of any part of lands and heritages which falls within subsection (2).
- (2) A part of lands and heritages falls within this subsection if-
 - (a) the lands and heritages are wholly or mainly used as a public school, some or all of the pupils of which—
 - (i) are selected for attendance at the school on the basis of musical ability or potential, and
 - (ii) follow a curriculum which includes tuition aimed at developing musical excellence, and
 - (b) the part is wholly or mainly used to provide such tuition to pupils who follow that curriculum.

- (3) Regulations under subsection (1) may (in particular) make provision as to how a part of lands and heritages falling within subsection (2) is to be identified and may provide—
 - (a) for there to be separate entries in the valuation roll in respect of any part of lands and heritages falling within subsection (2) and the remainder of the lands and heritages,
 - (b) for the rateable value included in those entries to be determined in accordance with the regulations.
- (4) Regulations under subsection (1) may make further provision for or about eligibility for relief.
- (5) Regulations under subsection (1)—
 - (a) may make different provision for different purposes,
 - (b) may make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision.
- (6) Regulations under subsection (1) are subject to the negative procedure.
- (7) In this section, "public school" has the meaning given by section 135(1) of the Education (Scotland) Act 1980.

VALID FROM 01/04/2022

17 Charitable relief: independent schools

- (1) Section 4 of the 1962 Act (reduction and remission of rates payable by charitable and other organisations) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (9) (which provides for certain lands and heritages to be ineligible for reduction or remission of rates), after "1956," insert " to lands and heritages which are wholly or mainly used for the purpose of carrying on an independent school other than a school falling within subsection (9A), ".
- (3) After that subsection insert—

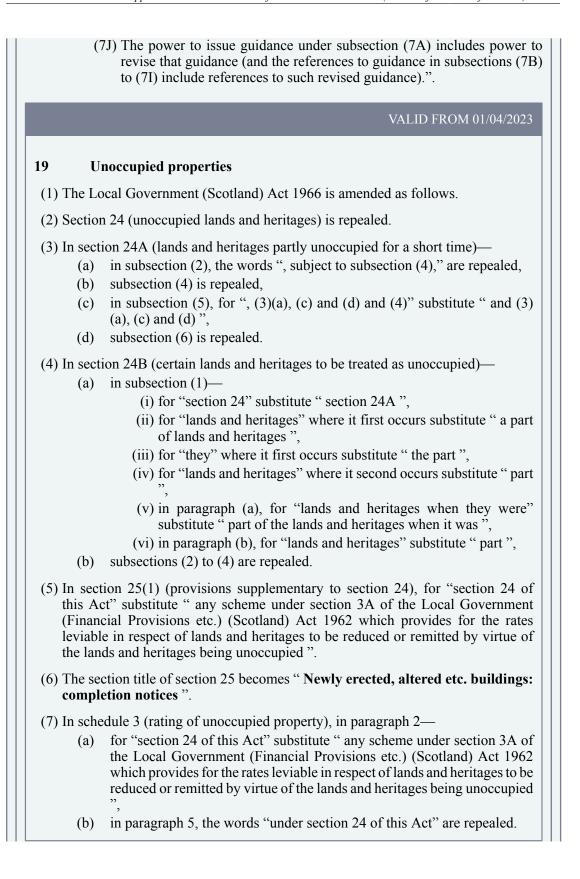
"(9A) The schools falling within this subsection are-

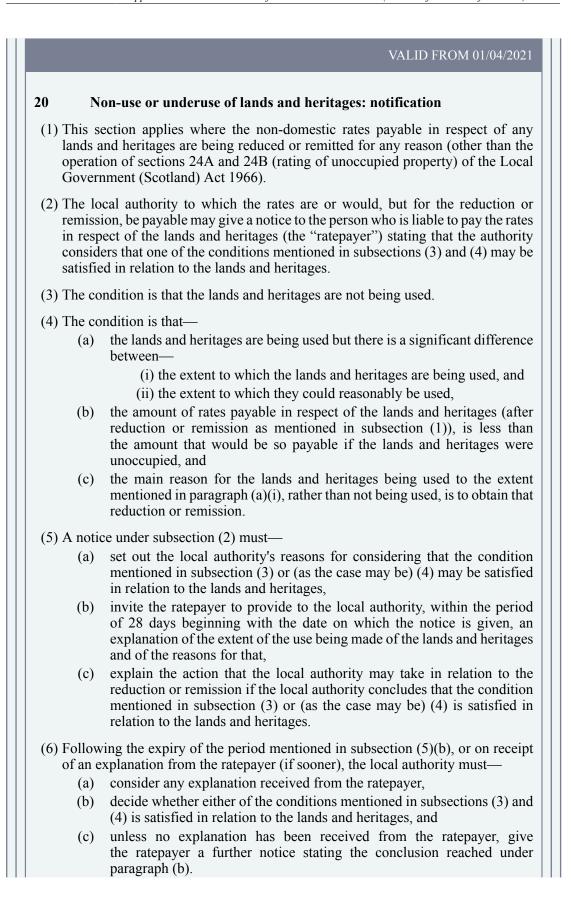
- (a) any independent school all the pupils of which—
 - (i) are selected on the basis of musical ability or potential, and
 - (ii) follow a curriculum which includes classes aimed at developing musical excellence,
- (b) any independent school which is a special school.".

(4) In subsection (10)—

- (a) after paragraph (a) insert—
 - "(aa) "independent school" has the meaning given by section 135(1) of the Education (Scotland) Act 1980,",
- (b) after paragraph (c) insert ",
 - (d) "special school" means a school falling within paragraph (a) of the definition of "special school" in

	section 29(1) of the Education (Additional Support for Learning) (Scotland) Act 2004.".
(5)	After subsection (13) insert—
"(14) Any reduction or remission of rates in respect of lands and her which are wholly or mainly used for the purpose of carrying of independent school, other than a school falling within subsection granted under subsection (5) before the day on which section 17 Non-Domestic Rates (Scotland) Act 2020 comes into force ceases to effect on that day.".	
8	Power to reduce or remit rates for certain organisations: guidance
	In section 4 of the 1962 Act (reduction and remission of rates payable by charitable and other organisations), after subsection (7) insert—
	"(7A) The Scottish Ministers may issue guidance to rating authorities about the exercise of the powers conferred by subsections (5) to (7) in relation to lands and heritages of the type mentioned in subsection (5)(c).
	(7B) A rating authority must have regard to such guidance.
	 (7C) Guidance under subsection (7A) may be— (a) general or for particular purposes, (b) different in relation to different persons or otherwise for different purposes.
	(7D) Before issuing guidance under subsection (7A), the Scottish Minister must—
	(a) lay a draft of the proposed guidance before the Scottish Parliament,
	 (b) consult— (i) such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of local authorities and
	(ii) such other persons as they consider appropriate.
	(7E) The Scottish Ministers must not issue guidance under subsection (7A until after a period of 40 days beginning with the day on which the draf guidance was laid before the Parliament under subsection (7D)(a).
	(7F) If, within that period, the Parliament resolves that the guidance proposed should not be issued, Ministers must not issue it.
	(7G) In calculating any period of 40 days for the purposes of subsection (7E or (7F) above, no account is to be taken of any time during which th Parliament is dissolved or is in recess for more than 4 days.
	(7H) Subsection (7D) is complied with even if the consultation took place, o began, before section 18 of the Non-Domestic Rates (Scotland) Act 2020 comes into force.
	(7I) The Scottish Ministers must publish, in such manner as they conside appropriate, any guidance issued under subsection (7A).





(7) Where the local authority concludes that one of the conditions mentioned in subsections (3) and (4) is satisfied in relation to the lands and heritages, the notice given under subsection (6)(c) must also—

- (a) explain the reasons for that conclusion, and
- (b) explain what action the local authority is taking, or intends to take, in relation to the reduction or remission.

VALID FROM 01/04/2021

Failure to pay instalments

21 Failure to pay instalments

- (1) The 1975 Act is amended in accordance with subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) After section 8 insert—

"8A Failure to pay instalments

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) a person (the "ratepayer") is liable to pay the rates chargeable for a year, or part of a year, in respect of lands and heritages,
 - (b) the rates are payable by instalments under section 8(1), and
 - (c) the ratepayer fails to pay an instalment (the "missed instalment") in accordance with that section.
- (2) The rating authority must give the ratepayer a notice (a "reminder notice") setting out—
 - (a) details of the missed instalment,
 - (b) the effect of subsections (3) and (4), and
 - (c) where the notice is the second reminder notice given to the ratepayer in respect of the rates due for the year, the effect of subsection (5).
- (3) The ratepayer must, within the period of 7 days beginning with the day on which the reminder notice is given to the ratepayer by the rating authority, pay the missed instalment and any other instalment which is due to be paid within that period.

(4) If the ratepayer fails to comply with subsection (3)—

- (a) the rates are no longer payable by instalments, and
- (b) the unpaid amount of the total rates due for the year (or part of the year) becomes payable at the end of the period of 7 days beginning with the day on which the period mentioned in subsection (3) ends.
- (5) Where the ratepayer has already been given two reminder notices in respect of the rates due for the year—
 - (a) subsections (2) to (4) do not apply,
 - (b) the rates are no longer payable by instalments, and

(c) the unpaid amount of the total rates due for the year (or part or year) becomes payable on the day following the day on which missed instalment was due to be paid.".	
(3) In section 8 (payment of rates by instalments)—	
(a) in subsection (1), for "(9)" substitute " (7C) ",	
(b) subsections (8) and (9) are repealed.	
(4) In the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1947, in section 247 (recovery of ra in subsection (2)—	ites),
(a) after paragraph (a) insert—	
"(aa) in a case to which section 8A of the Local Governm (Scotland) Act 1975 applies, stating that—	ment
 (i) the authority has served a notice on each sperson under section 8A(2) of that Act in resoft the rates, 	
 (ii) the unpaid amount of the rates due for the year part of the year) to which the notice relates become payable under section 8A(4)(b) or (4) of that Act, and 	has
(iii) a period of 14 days beginning with the day which that amount became payable has expire	
(b) in paragraph (b), at the beginning insert " in any other case, ",	
 (c) in paragraph (c), leave out from "said period" to the end and insert "period" to the end and insert "period" to the end and insert "period" to the days mentioned in paragraph (aa)(iii) or (as the case may be) (b) expired without payment of the amount mentioned in that paragraph;) has
of 14 days mentioned in paragraph (aa)(iii) or (as the case may be) (b)) has ".
of 14 days mentioned in paragraph (aa)(iii) or (as the case may be) (b) expired without payment of the amount mentioned in that paragraph;) has ".
of 14 days mentioned in paragraph (aa)(iii) or (as the case may be) (b) expired without payment of the amount mentioned in that paragraph; VALID FROM 05/11/2) has ".
of 14 days mentioned in paragraph (aa)(iii) or (as the case may be) (b) expired without payment of the amount mentioned in that paragraph; VALID FROM 05/11/2 Electronic communications) has ". 2020
of 14 days mentioned in paragraph (aa)(iii) or (as the case may be) (b) expired without payment of the amount mentioned in that paragraph; VALID FROM 05/11/2 <i>Electronic communications</i> 22 Electronic communication of information (1) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision allowing or requiri) has ". 2020
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	given by being made available to that person and to others (for example, by publication on a website),
(b)	information to be provided to facilitate the giving or receipt of a notice by electronic means (for example, an electronic address),
(c)	circumstances in which a notice may be given by electronic means only with the consent of the intended recipient,
(d)	exceptions to a provision allowing or requiring a notice to be given by electronic means,
(e)	the calculation of the date on which a notice given by electronic means is to be treated as having been given,
(f)	such other matters in connection with the giving of a notice by electronic means as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate.
(4) Regula	ations under subsection (1) may—
(a)	modify any enactment (including this Act),
(b)	make different provision for different purposes,
(c)	make incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision.
(5) In this	section—
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	notice" includes any information given to another person,
	notice" includes any information given to another person, the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.
a	the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and
a 23 Pro	the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.
a 2 <b>3 Pro</b> (1) Regula (2) Before	the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.
a 2 <b>3 Pro</b> (1) Regula (2) Before	the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation. <b>Secture for regulations under section 22</b> ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure.
23 Pro (1) Regula (2) Before section	<ul> <li>the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.</li> <li><b>becedure for regulations under section 22</b></li> <li>ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure.</li> <li>alaying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under a 22 before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult— such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the</li> </ul>
23 Pro (1) Regula (2) Before section	<ul> <li>the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.</li> <li><b>becdure for regulations under section 22</b></li> <li>ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure.</li> <li>elaying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under a 22 before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult— such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of—</li> </ul>
23 Pro (1) Regula (2) Before section	<ul> <li>the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.</li> <li><b>Cedure for regulations under section 22</b></li> <li>ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure.</li> <li>alaying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under 22 before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult— such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of— <ul> <li>(i) local authorities, or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 Pro (1) Regula (2) Before section	the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation. <b>cedure for regulations under section 22</b> ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure. elaying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under a 22 before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult— such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of— (i) local authorities, or (ii) assessors,
23 Pro (1) Regula (2) Before section (a)	<ul> <li>the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.</li> <li>cedure for regulations under section 22</li> <li>ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure.</li> <li>elaying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under a 22 before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult— such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of— <ul> <li>(i) local authorities, or</li> <li>(ii) assessors,</li> </ul> </li> <li>as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate,</li> <li>such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the</li> </ul>
23 Pro (1) Regula (2) Before section (a) (b) (c) (3) The Se	<ul> <li>the Valuation Acts" means the 1854 Act, the Acts amending that Act, and ny other enactment relating to valuation.</li> <li><b>becedure for regulations under section 22</b></li> <li>ations under section 22 are subject to the affirmative procedure.</li> <li>claying a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under 22 before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult— such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of— <ul> <li>(i) local authorities, or</li> <li>(ii) assessors,</li> </ul> </li> <li>as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate,</li> <li>such person or persons as appear to the Scottish Ministers to represent the interests of ratepayers or potential ratepayers, and</li> </ul>

	VALID FROM 05/11/20:
	Report on number of assessors and availability of resources
24	Duty to report on number of assessors and availability of resources
(1)	Subsection (2) applies to— (a) a joint valuation board established by an order under section 27(7) of the
	Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994,
	(b) a valuation authority from whom functions have not been delegated to such a board by virtue of section 27(8) of that Act.
(2)	<ul> <li>The board or authority must, in each reporting year, prepare a report on—</li> <li>(a) the number of assessors and depute assessors appointed by the board authority holding office on 1 April in that year,</li> </ul>
	(b) whether that number is sufficient for the proper exercise of the function of those assessors and depute assessors in relation to non-domestic rates
	(c) whether the board or authority has sufficient resources for the prop exercise of its functions in relation to non-domestic rates,
	(d) such other matters relating to non-domestic rates as the board or authoric considers appropriate.
(3)	A report under subsection (2) must be laid before the Scottish Parliament by 3 May in the reporting year.
(4)	In this section, "reporting year" means 2025 and each third year thereafter.
	VALID FROM 05/11/20
	Valuation appeal panels and committees
25	Status of secretary of valuation appeal panel
	In schedule 2 of the Tribunals (Scotland) Act 2014 (transfer-in of members), paragraph 1, after sub-paragraph (3) insert—
	"(4) In relation to a valuation appeal committee constituted und section 29(1)(a) of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994, person who is a secretary or assistant secretary of a valuation apper panel constituted under that section is also a transferable person."

## Status:

Point in time view as at 12/03/2020. This version of this part contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

## Changes to legislation:

Non-Domestic Rates (Scotland) Act 2020, PART 2 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 26 December 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.