# **TENEMENTS (SCOTLAND) ACT 2004**

### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

#### **COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS**

#### Miscellaneous and General

## Section 29 - Interpretation

- 128. Subsection (1) explains certain terms used in the Act. Only a small number of definitions require explanation here.
  - Flat. It is made clear that a flat may be premises which comprise more than one storey and may include business and other premises, not merely premises used or intended to be used for residential purposes.
  - Sector. The term "sector" is used in the context of boundaries. In the definition of "sector", the reference to "any other three-dimensional space not comprehended by a flat, close or lift" is intended to make clear that boundaries are an issue only where the units are in separate ownership. For example, a broom cupboard within a flat would not be a sector for the purposes of the Act.
  - *Tenement burden*. This term means any real burden (within the meaning of the Title Conditions Act) which affects the tenement or any sector of the tenement.
- 129. Subsection (2) explains how "floor area" is to be calculated. The "floor area" is the total floor area within the boundaries of a flat or flats including the area occupied by any internal wall or other internal dividing structure. No account is to be taken of the pertinents or a balcony. A loft or a basement will also be excluded when it is used for storage. If they are used for another purpose then they should be taken into account.