SCHEDULE 1

Eligible Students

PART 1

Interpretation

- 1.—(1) For the purposes of this Schedule—
 - "EEA frontier self-employed person" ("person hunan-gyflogedig ffin yr AEE") means an EEA national who —
 - (a) is a self-employed person in Wales; and
 - (b) resides in Switzerland or the territory of an EEA State other than the United Kingdom and returns to his or her residence in Switzerland or that EEA State, as the case may be, daily or at least once a week;
 - "EEA frontier worker" ("gweithiwr ffin yr AEE") means an EEA national who—
 - (a) is a worker in Wales; and
 - (b) resides in Switzerland or the territory of an EEA State other than the United Kingdom and returns to his or her residence in Switzerland or that EEA State, as the case may be, daily or at least once a week;
 - "EEA migrant worker" ("gweithiwr mudol o'r AEE") means an EEA national who is a worker, other than an EEA frontier worker, in the United Kingdom;
 - "EEA national" ("gwladolyn o'r AEE") means a national of an EEA State other than the United Kingdom;
 - "EEA self-employed person" ("person hunan gyflogedig o'r AEE") means an EEA national who is a self-employed person, other than an EEA frontier self-employed person, in the United Kingdom;
 - "EEA State" ("gwladwriaeth AEE") means a Member State of the European Economic Area;
 - "employed person" ("person cyflogedig") means an employed person within the meaning of Annex 1 to the Swiss Agreement;
 - "European Economic Area" ("Ardal Economaidd Ewropeaidd") means the area comprised by the EEA States:
 - "family member" ("aelod o deulu") means (unless otherwise indicated)—
 - (a) in relation to an EEA frontier worker, an EEA migrant worker, an EEA frontier selfemployed person or an EEA self-employed person—
 - (i) his or her spouse or civil partner;
 - (ii) his or her child or the child of his or her spouse or civil partner; or
 - (iii) dependent direct relatives in his or her ascending line or that of his or her spouse or civil partner;
 - (b) in relation to a Swiss employed person, a Swiss frontier employed person, a Swiss frontier self-employed person or a Swiss self-employed person
 - (i) his or her spouse or civil partner; or
 - (ii) his or her child or the child of his or her spouse or civil partner;
 - (c) in relation to an EC national who falls within Article 7(1)(c) of Directive 2004/38—

- (i) his or her spouse or civil partner; or
- (ii) direct descendants of his or her or of his or her spouse or civil partner who are—
 - (aa) under the age of 21; or
 - (bb) dependants of his or her or of his or her spouse or civil partner;
- (d) in relation to an EC national who falls within Article 7(1)(b) of Directive 2004/38—
 - (i) his or her spouse or civil partner; or
 - (ii) direct descendants of his or her or of his or her spouse or civil partner who are—
 - (aa) under the age of 21; or
 - (bb) dependants of his or her or of his or her spouse or civil partner;
 - (iii) dependent direct relatives in his or her ascending line or that of his or her spouse or civil partner;
- (e) in relation to a United Kingdom national, for the purposes of paragraph 9—
 - (i) his or her spouse or civil partner; or
 - (ii) direct descendants of his or her or of his or her spouse or civil partner who are—
 - (aa) under the age of 21; or
 - (bb) dependants of his or her or of his or her spouse or civil partner;
- "self-employed person" ("person hunan-gyflogedig") means—
- (a) in relation to an EEA national, a person who is self-employed within the meaning of article 7 of Directive 2004/38 or the EEA Agreement, as the case may be; or
- (b) in relation to a Swiss national, a person who is a self-employed person within the meaning of Annex 1 to the Swiss Agreement;
- "settled" ("wedi setlo") has the meaning given by section 33(2A) of the Immigration Act 1971(1);
- "Swiss Agreement" ("Cytundeb y Swistir") means the Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation of the other, on the Free Movement of Persons signed at Luxembourg on 21st June 1999(2) and which came into force on 1st June 2002;
- "Swiss employed person" ("person cyflogedig Swisaidd") means a Swiss national who is an employed person, other than a Swiss frontier employed person, in the United Kingdom;
- "Swiss frontier employed person" ("person hunan -gyflogedig ffin y Swistir") means a Swiss national who—
- (a) is an employed person in Wales; and
- (b) resides in Switzerland or in the territory of an EEA State other than the United Kingdom and returns to his or her residence in Switzerland or that EEA State, as the case may be, daily or at least once a week;
- "Swiss frontier self-employed person" ("person hunan-gyflogedig ffin y Swistir") means a Swiss national who—
- (a) is a self-employed person in Wales; and
- (b) resides in Switzerland or in the territory of an EEA State, other than the United Kingdom, and returns to his or her residence in Switzerland or that EEA State, as the case may be, daily or at least once a week;

^{(1) 1971} c. 77; section 33(2A) was inserted by paragraph 7 of Schedule 4 to the British Nationality Act 1981 (c. 61).

⁽²⁾ Cm. 4904.

"Swiss self-employed person" ("person hunan-gyflogedig Swisaidd") means a Swiss national who is a self-employed person, other than a Swiss frontier self-employed person, in the United Kingdom;

"worker" ("gweithiwr") means a worker within the meaning of article 7 of Directive 2004/38 or the EEA Agreement, as the case may be;

- (2) For the purposes of this Schedule, "parent" ("rhiant") includes a guardian, any other person having parental responsibility for a child and any person having care of a child and "child" ("plentyn") is to be construed accordingly.
- (3) For the purposes of this Schedule, a person who is ordinarily resident in Wales, England, Scotland, Northern Ireland or the Islands, as a result of having moved from another of those areas for the purpose of undertaking—
 - (a) the present course; or
 - (b) a course which, disregarding any intervening vacation, the student undertook immediately before undertaking the present course,

is to be considered to be ordinarily resident in the place from which he or she moved.

- (4) For the purposes of this Schedule, a person is to be treated as ordinarily resident in Wales, the United Kingdom and Islands or in the territory comprising the European Economic Area Switzerland and Turkey if he or she would have been so resident but for the fact that—
 - (a) he or she;
 - (b) his or her spouse or civil partner;
 - (c) his or her parent; or
 - (d) in the case of a dependent direct relative in the ascending line, his or her child or child's spouse or civil partner,

is or was temporarily employed outside Wales, the United Kingdom and Islands or, as the case may be, outside the territory comprising the European Economic Area and Switzerland.

- (5) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (4), temporary employment outside Wales, the United Kingdom and Islands or the territory comprising the European Economic Area, Switzerland and Turkey includes—
 - (a) in the case of members of the regular naval, military or air forces of the Crown, any period which they serve outside the United Kingdom as members of such forces; and
 - (b) in the case of members of the regular armed forces of an EEA State or Switzerland, any period which they serve outside the territory comprising the European Economic Area and Switzerland as members of such forces; and
 - (c) in the case of members of the regular armed forces of Turkey, any period which they serve outside of the territory comprising the European Economic Area, Switzerland and Turkey as members of such forces.
 - (6) For the purposes of this Schedule an area which—
 - (a) was previously not part of the European Community or the European Economic Area; but
 - (b) at any time before or after these Regulations come into force has become part of one or other or both of these areas,

is to be considered to have always been a part of the European Economic Area.