
WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2002 No. 2304

The Disease Control (Interim Measures) (Wales) (No. 2) Order 2002

Interpretation

2. In this Order—

“animals” (“*anifeiliaid*”) means cattle (excluding bison and yak), deer, goats, sheep, and swine;

“the Act” (“*y Ddeddf*”) means the Animal Health Act 1981;

“approved disinfectant” (“*dihentydd a gymeradwyir*”) means a disinfectant listed in schedule 1 to the Diseases of Animals (Approved Disinfectants) Order 1978(1), as being approved for use in respect of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Orders;

“breeding isolation facility” (“*cyfleuster ynysu ar gyfer bridio*”) has the meaning assigned to it in article 3(3)(g)(i);

“Cattle Identification Regulations” (“*Rheoliadau Adnabod Gwartheg*”) means the Cattle Identification Regulations 1998(2);

“cattle passport” (“*pasbort gwartheg*”) has the meaning it is given in the Cattle Identification Regulations save that it shall not include a calf passport as defined in those Regulations;

“collecting centre” (“*canolfan gasglu*”) means premises used for the intermediate reception of animals intended to be moved elsewhere and includes any place used, whether as a market or otherwise, for the sale or trading of animals but only where the animals being sold or traded are intended for immediate slaughter thereafter;

“controlled area order” (“*gorchymyn ardal a reolir*”) means any declaratory order made under article 30 of the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Order 1983(3);

“CPH number” (“*rhif daliad*” and “*rhif y daliad*”) means the farm holding number assigned from time to time to any premises or part of any premises by the National Assembly for Wales;

“disinfect” (“*diheintio*”) means disinfect with an approved disinfectant;

“hunting” (“*hela*”) means the use of hounds, beagles or other dogs for the purpose of hunting or coursing any deer, fox, mink, hare or rabbit or for hunting any drag or other trail;

“individual identification number” (“*rhif adnabod unigol*”) has the same meaning as in the Sheep and Goats Identification and Movement (Interim Measures) (Wales) Order 2002(4);

“keeper” (“*ceidwad*”) means any person having care and control of animals even on a temporary basis and includes, for the purposes of article 6(6)(a), any person transporting the animals;

“land” (“*tir*”) includes common or unenclosed land;

(1) S.I. 1978/32 to which relevant amendments have been made by S.I. 1999/919 and, as regards Wales, by S.I. 2001/641.

(2) S.I. 1998/871, as amended by S.I. 1998/1796, S.I. 1998/2969, S.I. 1999/1339 and as regards Wales by S.I. 2001/2360.

(3) S.I. 1983/1950, as amended by S.I. 1993/3119, S.I. 1995/2922 and further amended, as regards Wales, by S.I. 2001/572 (W.26), S.I. 2001/658 (W.33), S.I. 2001/968 (W.46), S.I. 2001/1033 (W.47) (itself amended by S.I. 2001/1234 (W.67)), S.I. 2001/1406 (W.93), S.I. 2001/1509 (W.106), S.I. 2001/1874 (W.134), S.I. 2001/2236 (W.162), S.I. 2001/2813 (W.242), S.I. 2001/2981 (W.248), S.I. 2001/3145 (W.260), S.I. 2001/3706 (W.303), and S.I. 2001/4009 (W.335).

(4) S.I. 2002/1357 (W.133).

“premises” (“*safle*”) includes land, with or without buildings;

“qualified veterinary surgeon” (“*milfeddyg cymwysedig*”) means a fellow or member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons;

“registered right of common” (“*hawl gofrestredig i gomin*”) means a right of common registered under the Commons Registration Act 1965⁽⁵⁾;

“S Mark” (“*Marc S*”) has the same meaning as in the Sheep and Goats Identification and Movement (Interim Measures) (Wales) Order 2002;

“Scottish Ministers” (“*Gweinidogion yr Alban*”) has the meaning it is given in section 44 of the Scotland Act 1998⁽⁶⁾;

“slaughterhouse” (“*lladd-dy*”) has the meaning it is given in the Fresh Meat (Hygiene and Inspection) Regulations 1995⁽⁷⁾;

“sole occupancy group” (“*grŵp meddianaeth unigol*”) means any group of premises in relation to which an authority has been issued by the Secretary of State permitting movements between each of the premises in the group;

“tack land” (“*tir tac*”) means land on to which animals belonging to another have been taken to be fed or pastured for reward by an agister; and

“veterinary treatment” (“*triniaeth filfeddygol*”) includes, in the case of goats, the collection of semen.

⁽⁵⁾ 1965 c. 64.

⁽⁶⁾ 1998 c. 46.

⁽⁷⁾ S.I. 1995/539, as last amended by S.I. 2002/118.