

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2015 No. 426

The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015

PROSPECTIVE

PART 1

General

Citation, commencement and extent

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 and come into force on 6th April 2015.

(2) These Regulations extend to England and Wales.

Commencement Information

II Reg. 1 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Interpretation

2. In these Regulations—

“the 1989 Act” means the Control of Pollution (Amendment) Act 1989;

“the 1990 Act” means the Environmental Protection Act 1990;

“claim period” means the period determined in accordance with regulation 10;

“date of seizure” means the date on which the property was seized under section 5 of the 1989 Act(1) (power to require production of authority, stop and search etc.) or section 34B of the 1990 Act(2) (power to search and seize vehicles etc.);

“date of the determination notice” means the date on which the determination notice is given in accordance with regulation 12(2)(b);

“date of the seizure notice” means the first working day on which the period for display of the seizure notice begins in accordance with regulation 7(1)(a)(i);

“determination notice” means the notice given in accordance with regulation 12(1)(c);

“entitled person” means a person determined under regulation 12(1)(a) as entitled to all or part of the seized property;

- (1) Section 5 was substituted (together with section 5A), in relation to England and Wales, by the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005, section 37. It was amended by the 1990 Act, Schedule 15, paragraph 31.
- (2) Section 34B was inserted, in relation to England and Wales, by the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005, section 46(1). It was amended by [S.I. 2005/2900](#), [2007/3538](#), [2010/675](#) and [2013/755](#).

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

“forfeiture offence” means an offence specified in section 33C(1) of the 1990 Act (section 33 offences: forfeiture of vehicles), in respect of which an order for forfeiture can be made under subsection (2) of that section(3);

“relevant collection period” means the period determined in accordance with regulation 12(1)(b)(ii);

“seizure authority” means—

- (a) a regulation authority(4) on whose behalf property is seized under section 5 of the 1989 Act; or
- (b) an enforcement authority(5) on whose behalf property is seized under section 34B of the 1990 Act;

“seizure notice” means a notice given in accordance with regulation 7(1);

“working day” means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday or a day which is a bank holiday under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971(6).

Commencement Information

I2 Reg. 2 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Notices

3.—(1) Any notice required by these Regulations to be served on or given to a person may be served or given by—

- (a) personal delivery;
- (b) leaving it at the person’s proper address; or
- (c) sending it by post or by electronic means to the person’s proper address.

(2) Any such notice may—

- (a) in the case of a body corporate, be served on or given to the secretary or clerk;
- (b) in the case of a partnership, be served on or given to a partner or a person having control or management of the partnership business.

(3) For the purposes of this regulation, “proper address” means—

- (a) in the case of a body corporate or its secretary or clerk—
 - (i) the registered or principal office of that body; or
 - (ii) the email address of the secretary or clerk;
- (b) in the case of a partnership or a partner or person having control or management of the partnership business—
 - (i) the principal office of the partnership; or
 - (ii) the email address of a partner or a person having that control or management;
- (c) in any other case, a person’s last known address, including an email address.

(3) Section 33C was inserted, in relation to England and Wales, by the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005, section 44(1). Section 33C(1) was substituted, in relation to England and Wales, by [S.I. 2007/3538](#) and amended, in relation to England and Wales, by [S.I. 2010/675](#).

(4) For the definition of “regulation authority”, see section 9(1), (1A) and (1AA) of the 1989 Act.

(5) For the definition of “enforcement authority”, see section 34B(11) of the 1990 Act.

(6) [1971 c. 80](#).

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

(4) For the purposes of this regulation, the principal office of a company registered outside the United Kingdom or of a partnership established outside the United Kingdom is its principal office in the United Kingdom.

Commencement Information

I3 Reg. 3 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

PART 2

General duties in relation to seized property

General duty in relation to seized property

4. Where any property is seized on behalf of a seizure authority under section 5 of the 1989 Act or section 34B of the 1990 Act, the seizure authority must deal with the seized property in accordance with these Regulations.

Commencement Information

I4 Reg. 4 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Duty of safe custody

5. A seizure authority must keep the seized property in safe custody until—
- (a) any duty to return under regulation 14, 15(2)(b), 16(2)(b) or 17(2)(c) ceases in accordance with regulation 19(1); or
 - (b) where applicable, the ability to sell, destroy or otherwise dispose of the seized property arises in accordance with regulation 21 or 22.

Commencement Information

I5 Reg. 5 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Ascertainment of entitled person

6.—(1) Where the seized property is a vehicle, a seizure authority must, on the date of seizure or the first working day after that date—

- (a) request information as to the registered keeper of the vehicle—
 - (i) where there is a Great Britain or Northern Ireland registration mark, from the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency;
 - (ii) where there is a foreign registration mark, from the relevant authority in the country of registration; and
- (b) take reasonable steps to identify whether the vehicle is subject to a hire-purchase agreement and, if so, to identify the person entitled to possession of the vehicle under that agreement.

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

(2) In this regulation, “hire-purchase agreement” has the meaning given in section 189(1) of the Consumer Credit Act 1974(7) (definitions).

Commencement Information

I6 Reg. 6 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Notice of seizure

7.—(1) A seizure authority must give notice of the seizure of property under section 5 of the 1989 Act or under section 34B of the 1990 Act by—

- (a) displaying a notice at the office of the seizure authority on whose behalf the seizure was made, for the period—
 - (i) beginning with the first working day after the date of seizure; and
 - (ii) ending 15 working days after that date; and
 - (b) publishing such notice in a newspaper or on the seizure authority’s website in accordance with regulation 8.
- (2) A seizure notice must contain the following information—
- (a) a brief description of the seized property, including any registration mark;
 - (b) the time and place where the property was seized;
 - (c) the power under which the property was seized;
 - (d) the name and contact details, including the address, of the seizure authority;
 - (e) the address and contact details of where to claim entitlement to the property (if different from that given under sub-paragraph (d));
 - (f) the claim period;
 - (g) an explanation of the evidence that a claimant will need to provide to the seizure authority to establish entitlement to the seized property in accordance with regulation 11; and
 - (h) an explanation that the seized property can be sold, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in accordance with regulation 21 if it is not claimed within the claim period or if a claimant who brought a claim within such period is not determined as entitled.

Commencement Information

I7 Reg. 7 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Publication of seizure notice

8. The requirements in relation to publication in regulation 7(1)(b) are—
- (a) where publication is in a newspaper—
 - (i) the newspaper must be a local newspaper, or, if there is none, a local newsletter, circular or similar document, circulating within the area of the office of the seizure authority on whose behalf the seizure was made; and

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

- (ii) the seizure notice must be published on at least one occasion within the period beginning with the date of the seizure notice and ending 15 working days after that date;
- (b) where publication is on the seizure authority’s website—
 - (i) the website must be its only website or, if not, the website that is wholly or mainly used by the authority to publicise matters relating to waste; and
 - (ii) the seizure notice must be published for the period beginning with the first working day after the date of the seizure notice and ending 15 working days after that date.

Commencement Information

I8 Reg. 8 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Service of seizure notice

- 9.**—(1) A copy of the seizure notice must be served on—
- (a) the chief officer of police for the police area in which the property was seized;
 - (b) the person (if any) identified as the registered keeper under regulation 6(1)(a); and
 - (c) the person (if any) identified as entitled to possession under regulation 6(1)(b).
- (2) The copy of the seizure notice must be served—
- (a) in the case of notice served under paragraph (1)(a) or (b), within the period beginning with the date of the seizure notice and ending 5 working days after that date;
 - (b) in the case of notice served under paragraph (1)(c), within the period beginning with the date on which the person entitled to possession was identified and ending 5 working days after that date.
- (3) In this regulation, “chief officer of police” has the meaning given in section 101(1) of the Police Act 1996(8) (interpretation).

Commencement Information

I9 Reg. 9 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

PART 3

Retention and return of seized property

Claim period

- 10.** A person may make a claim of entitlement to seized property, accompanied by the evidence required by regulation 11, within the period—
- (a) beginning with the date of seizure; and
 - (b) ending 15 working days after the date of the seizure notice.

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

110 Reg. 10 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Evidence for determination of entitlement

11.—(1) The evidence accompanying a claim under regulation 10 must be sufficient to enable the seizure authority to make a determination of entitlement to the seized property and must include—

- (a) the claimant’s name, address and proof of identity;
- (b) where an agent makes the claim on behalf of their principal, the information in subparagraph (a) in respect of the agent and proof of authority to act as agent;
- (c) where the seized property is a vehicle with a registration mark, and the person claiming entitlement purports to be the registered keeper of the vehicle, the registration document.

(2) Where the claimant does not provide sufficient information to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (1), the seizure authority must, within the period beginning with the date on which the claim is made under regulation 10 and ending 1 working day after that date, require the claimant to provide such information within 2 further working days.

Commencement Information

111 Reg. 11 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Determination of entitlement

12.—(1) Where a claim is made which satisfies the requirements of regulation 10, a seizure authority must—

- (a) determine entitlement in respect of a claim;
 - (b) where a claimant is determined as entitled, determine—
 - (i) whether a duty to retain arises under regulation 15(2)(a) or 16(2)(a); and
 - (ii) where such a duty does not arise, the period for collection, which is the period beginning with the date of the determination notice and ending 10 working days after that date; and
 - (c) give notice of such determination.
- (2) The notice under paragraph (1) must—
- (a) meet the requirements of regulation 13; and
 - (b) be given within the period—
 - (i) beginning with the date on which the claim was made and ending 3 working days after that date; or
 - (ii) where applicable, beginning with the date on which evidence was provided in accordance with regulation 11(2) and ending 3 working days after that date.

(3) Where there is more than one claim to the seized property or any part of the seized property, a seizure authority must determine under paragraph (1) which person is entitled to such property (including any part of that property) on the basis of the evidence provided to the authority.

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

I12 Reg. 12 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Content of determination notice

13. The determination notice must state—

- (a) where the determination is of entitlement to all or part of the seized property—
 - (i) the determination of entitlement;
 - (ii) the property to which the determination relates; and
 - (iii) whether the property is to be—
 - (aa) collected, where regulation [12\(1\)\(b\)\(ii\)](#) applies, and accordingly the relevant collection period and details to enable collection by the claimant including contact details, the place and any times for collection;
 - (bb) retained in accordance with regulation [15](#), and accordingly the determination as to retention and an explanation of the ability to retain in accordance with that regulation; or
 - (cc) retained in accordance with regulation [16](#), and accordingly the determination as to retention, and the periods for retention and return as determined in accordance with that regulation;
- (b) where the determination is that a person is not entitled to all or part of the seized property—
 - (i) the determination that the claimant is not entitled;
 - (ii) the property to which the determination relates; and
 - (iii) an explanation that the seized property can be sold, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in accordance with regulation [21](#).

Commencement Information

I13 Reg. 13 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Return of seized property

14. Where a seizure authority has made a determination in accordance with regulation [12\(1\)\(b\)\(ii\)](#), it is under a duty to return the seized property by enabling the entitled person to collect the seized property to which that person is entitled within the relevant collection period.

Commencement Information

I14 Reg. 14 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Retention and return when court proceedings have been commenced

15.—(1) A seizure authority must deal with seized property in accordance with paragraph [\(2\)](#) where—

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

- (a) before the date of the determination notice, the authority has commenced proceedings in respect of the offence, or one of the offences, in relation to which the property was seized;
 - (b) such an offence is a forfeiture offence; and
 - (c) the authority is of the opinion that it is necessary to retain the seized property in respect of such proceedings.
- (2) The duty in relation to the seized property is to—
- (a) retain it during the continuance of such proceedings while the seizure authority is of the opinion in paragraph (1)(c); and
 - (b) return it in accordance with regulation 18.

Commencement Information

I15 Reg. 15 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Retention and return when an offence is being investigated

16.—(1) A seizure authority must deal with seized property in accordance with paragraph (2) where—

- (a) before the date of the determination notice, the authority is investigating an offence in respect of which the property was seized; and
 - (b) the authority is of the opinion that it is necessary to retain the property in order to investigate the offence.
- (2) The duty in relation to the seized property is to—
- (a) retain it during the continuance of the period determined in accordance with paragraph (3) while the seizure authority is of the opinion in paragraph (1)(b); and
 - (b) return it during the period determined in accordance with paragraph (4), in accordance with regulation 18.
- (3) The period for retention is the period which—
- (a) begins with the date of the determination notice; and
 - (b) ends no later than—
 - (i) 15 working days after that date; or
 - (ii) 30 working days after that date, where the seizure authority is the Environment Agency or the Natural Resources Body for Wales and the offence, or one of the offences, in respect of which the property was seized is a forfeiture offence.
- (4) The period for return is the period which—
- (a) begins with the last day of the period in paragraph (3); and
 - (b) ends 10 working days after that date.

Commencement Information

I16 Reg. 16 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Retention and return when court proceedings are commenced during the retention period

17.—(1) A seizure authority must deal with seized property in accordance with paragraph (2) where—

- (a) during the period for retention (determined in accordance with regulation 16(3)) the seizure authority has commenced court proceedings in respect of the offence, or one of the offences, in respect of which the property was seized;
 - (b) such an offence is a forfeiture offence; and
 - (c) the authority is of the opinion that it is necessary to retain the seized property in respect of such proceedings.
- (2) The duty is to—
- (a) retain the seized property during the continuance of proceedings while the seizure authority is of the opinion in paragraph (1)(c);
 - (b) notify the entitled person of the commencement of such proceedings and of the effect of this regulation; and
 - (c) return the property in accordance with regulation 18.

Commencement Information

I17 Reg. 17 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Duty to return arising during the retention period

18.—(1) Where a seizure authority retains property in accordance with regulation 15(2) (a), 16(2)(a) or 17(2)(a), it must return the seized property to the entitled person and, unless a court order provides for the return of the seized property, it must give notice of the return of the seized property in accordance with paragraph (2), where—

- (a) the authority is no longer of the opinion that it is necessary to retain such property in accordance with the appropriate regulation; or
- (b) proceedings have been discontinued or have ended.

(2) A notice under paragraph (1) must be given within the period beginning with the date on which paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) applies and ending 1 working day after that date, and must state that the seized property may be—

- (a) collected within the period beginning with the date of the notice under this regulation and ending 10 working days after that date; and
- (b) sold, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in accordance with regulation 21, if it is not collected within that period.

Commencement Information

I18 Reg. 18 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Ending of duty to return

19.—(1) Where a duty to return has arisen under regulation 14, 15(2)(b), 16(2)(b) or 17(2)(c), the duty ceases—

- (a) on the return of the seized property;

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

- (b) where the court makes an order for forfeiture of the seized property; or
- (c) where the entitled person has not collected the seized property by the end of—
 - (i) the period determined in accordance with regulation 16(4) or, if applicable, 18(2)(a); or
 - (ii) otherwise, the relevant collection period.

(2) Where the duty to return ceases, any duties of the seizure authority applicable at that date in relation to the seized property under Part 2 or this Part cease to apply.

Commencement Information

I19 Reg. 19 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

PART 4

Sale, destruction and disposal of seized property

Prohibition of sale etc.

20. A seizure authority must not sell, destroy or otherwise dispose of seized property other than in accordance with this Part.

Commencement Information

I20 Reg. 20 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Circumstances permitting sale etc.

21. A seizure authority may sell, destroy or otherwise dispose of seized property where a seizure notice has been published and served in accordance with regulations 7 to 9 and—

- (a) the claim period has ended and no claim was made;
- (b) a claim was made within the claim period but the seizure authority did not determine that the claimant was entitled; or
- (c) a duty to return arose but has ceased in accordance with regulation 19.

Commencement Information

I21 Reg. 21 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Immediate disposal

22. Where the condition of any seized property requires its disposal without delay, a seizure authority may immediately dispose of such property and accordingly—

- (a) the requirements of regulation 21 are dispensed with; and
- (b) the duties placed on the seizure authority under Part 2 or 3 of these Regulations, if applicable at the time of such disposal, cease to apply.

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

I22 Reg. 22 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Notice of sale

23. Where a seizure authority has sold seized property in accordance with regulation [21](#), it must give notice of this within 10 working days of the sale—

- (a) to any person notified in respect of such property under regulation [9\(1\)\(a\)](#); and
- (b) where the seized property is a vehicle with a Great Britain or Northern Ireland registration mark, to the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency.

Commencement Information

I23 Reg. 23 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Notice of destruction or disposal

24. Where a seizure authority has destroyed seized property in accordance with regulation [21](#), or disposed of such property in accordance with regulation [21](#) or [22](#), it must give notice of this within 10 working days of the destruction or disposal to any person notified in respect of such property under regulation [9\(1\)\(a\)](#).

Commencement Information

I24 Reg. 24 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Proceeds of sale

25.—(1) Subject to paragraph [\(2\)](#), a seizure authority may use the proceeds of the sale of any seized property sold under regulation [21](#) towards meeting expenses incurred by the authority in exercising its functions under—

- (a) section 5 or 5A of the 1989 Act; or
- (b) section 34B or 34C of the 1990 Act.

(2) A seizure authority must pay the net proceeds of sale of any seized property sold under regulation [21](#) to any person who, before the end of the period of three months beginning with the date on which the property is sold—

- (a) provides the evidence specified in regulation [11\(1\)](#); and
- (b) satisfies the authority that at the time of the sale that person was entitled to the property.

(3) Where there is more than one person who claims entitlement to the seized property or any part of the seized property under paragraph [\(2\)](#), a seizure authority must determine which person was entitled to such property (including any part of that property) on the basis of the evidence provided to the authority.

(4) In paragraph [\(2\)](#), “the net proceeds of sale” means any sum by which the proceeds of the sale of the seized property exceed the total expenses incurred by the seizure authority in respect of the seizure, retention and sale of that property.

Status: This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

I25 Reg. 25 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

PART 5

Revocation and saving

Revocation

26. The Controlled Waste (Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles) Regulations 1991⁽⁹⁾ are revoked.

Commencement Information

I26 Reg. 26 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

Saving

27. Notwithstanding regulation **26**, the Controlled Waste (Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles) Regulations 1991 continue to have effect in relation to any vehicle seized under section 6 of the 1989 Act⁽¹⁰⁾ (seizure and disposal of vehicles used for illegal waste disposal) before 6th April 2015.

Commencement Information

I27 Reg. 27 in force at 6.4.2015, see [reg. 1\(1\)](#)

3rd March 2015

3rd March 2015

Dan Rogerson
Parliamentary Under Secretary of State
Department for Environment, Food and Rural
Affairs
Carl Sargeant
Minister for Natural Resources, one of the
Welsh Ministers

⁽⁹⁾ [S.I. 1991/1624](#), amended by [S.I. 1997/2971](#) and [2011/988](#).

⁽¹⁰⁾ Section 6 was amended by the 1990 Act, Schedule 15, paragraph 31 and the Environment Act [1995 \(c. 25\)](#), Schedule 22, paragraph 37(4), and is repealed by [S.I. 2015/425](#) on the same date as this instrument comes into force.

Status:

This version of this Instrument contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation:

There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Control of Waste (Dealing with Seized Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

[View outstanding changes](#)

Changes and effects yet to be applied to :

- reg. 1 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 2 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 3 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 4 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 5 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 6 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 7 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 8 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 9 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 10 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 11 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 12 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 13 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 14 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 15 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 16 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 17 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 18 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 19 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 20 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 21 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 22 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 23 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 24 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 25 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 26 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)
- reg. 27 coming into force by S.I. 2015/426 reg. 1(1)