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#### SCHEDULE 2

Applications in respect of pharmaceutical lists and the procedures to be followed

# PART 5

# Notification, taking effect of decisions and rights of appeal to the Secretary of State

# Notification of decisions on routine and excepted applications

**28.**—(1) As regards any routine application, once it has determined the application, a Primary Care Trust (PCT1) must, as soon as is practicable, give notice of its decision to—

- (a) the applicant;
- (b) any Local Pharmaceutical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts);
- (c) any Local Medical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts);
- (d) any person-
  - (i) included in its pharmaceutical list, or
  - (ii) who is entitled to be included in its pharmaceutical list because of the grant of a routine or excepted application but who is not (yet) included,

whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT1, be significantly affected by the decision;

- (e) any LPS chemist-
  - (i) with whom the Primary Care Trust has made arrangements for the provision of any local pharmaceutical services, and
  - (ii) whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT1, be significantly affected by the decision;
- (f) any relevant local involvement network, and any other patient, consumer or community group in its area which in the opinion of PCT1 has a significant interest in the decision;
- (g) if the applicant is seeking to locate premises in or within 1.6 kilometres of a controlled locality in its area—
  - (i) any provider of primary medical services, or
  - (ii) any other person on its dispensing doctors list if it has one (being a performer but not a provider of primary medical services),
  - who, in the opinion of PCT1, has a significant interest in the decision;
- (h) any person-
  - (i) whom PCT1 notified under paragraph 19(2), and
  - (ii) who made representations in writing about the application under paragraph 19(4); and
- (i) any other Primary Care Trust or Local Health Board any part of whose area is within 2 kilometres of the pharmacy premises to which the decision relates.
- (2) A Primary Care Trust notified under paragraph (1)(i) (PCT2) must, as soon as is practicable—
  - (a) give notice of the decision to—
    - (i) any Local Pharmaceutical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts) not already given notice of the decision,

- (ii) any Local Medical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts) not already given notice of the decision,
- (iii) any person-
  - (aa) included in its pharmaceutical list, or
  - (bb) who is entitled to be included in its pharmaceutical list because of the grant of a routine or excepted application but who is not (yet) included,

whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT2, be significantly affected by the decision;

- (iv) any LPS chemist-
  - (aa) with whom PCT2 has made arrangements for the provision of any local pharmaceutical services, and
  - (bb) whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT2, be significantly affected by the decision,
- (v) any relevant local involvement network, and any other patient, consumer or community group in its area which in the opinion of PCT2 has a significant interest in the decision, and
- (vi) if the applicant is seeking to locate premises within 1.6 kilometres of a controlled locality in its area—
  - (aa) any provider of primary medical services, or
  - (bb) any other person on its dispensing doctors list if it has one (being a performer but not a provider of primary medical services),
  - who, in the opinion of PCT2, has a significant interest in the decision, and
- (b) notify the Primary Care Trust that gave it notice under sub-paragraph (1)(i) of the action that it has taken under paragraph (a).

(3) As regards any excepted application, once it has determined the application, PCT1 must, as soon as is practicable, give notice of its decision to—

- (a) in the case of an application pursuant to regulation 23, the applicant;
- (b) in the case of an application pursuant to regulation 24, 25 or 26(2)—
  - (i) the applicant,
  - (ii) any Local Pharmaceutical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts),
  - (iii) any Local Medical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts), and
  - (iv) any person whom a Primary Care Trust (not necessarily PCT1) notified under paragraph 19 and who made representations in writing about the application under paragraph 19(4);
- (c) in the case of an application pursuant to regulation 26(1) or 27 to 29—
  - (i) the applicant,
  - (ii) any Local Pharmaceutical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts),
  - (iii) any Local Medical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts),
  - (iv) any person-
    - (aa) included in its pharmaceutical list, or

(bb) who is entitled to be included in its pharmaceutical list because of the grant of a routine or excepted application but who is not (yet) included,

whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT1, be significantly affected by the decision;

- (v) any LPS chemist-
  - (aa) with whom PCT1 has made arrangements for the provision of any local pharmaceutical services, and
  - (bb) whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT1, be significantly affected by the decision,
- (vi) any relevant local involvement network, and any other patient, consumer or community group in its area which in the opinion of PCT1 has a significant interest in the decision, and
- (vii) any other Primary Care Trust or Local Health Board any part of whose area is within 2 kilometres of the pharmacy premises to which the decision relates.

(4) A Primary Care Trust notified under sub-paragraph (3)(c)(vii) (PCT3) must as soon as is practicable—

- (a) give notice of the decision to—
  - (i) any Local Pharmaceutical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts) not already given notice of the decision,
  - (ii) any Local Medical Committee for its area (including one for its area and that of one or more other Primary Care Trusts) not already given notice of the decision,
  - (iii) any person-

(aa) included in its pharmaceutical list, or

(bb) who is entitled to be included in its pharmaceutical list because of the grant of a routine or excepted application but who is not (yet) included,

whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT3, be significantly affected by the decision;

- (iv) any LPS chemist-
  - (aa) with whom PCT3 has made arrangements for the provision of any local pharmaceutical services, and
  - (bb) whose interests might, in the opinion of PCT3, be significantly affected by the decision,
- (v) any relevant local involvement network, and any other patient, consumer or community group in its area which in the opinion of PCT3 has a significant interest in the decision, and
- (b) notify the Primary Care Trust that gave it notice under sub-paragraph (3)(c)(vii) of the action that it has taken under paragraph (a).

(5) Where a Primary Care Trust has decided to consider 2 or more applications together pursuant to paragraph 22(3), it must give notice to each applicant of the decision taken with regard to each other application considered together with their application.

(6) Each notification of a decision under this paragraph must include a statement by PCT1 of the reasons for the decision.

#### Template notice of commencement to be included with a notice of decision

**29.** A Primary Care Trust must send with a notice of decision under paragraph 28 in respect of the grant of an application a template of a notice of commencement, for the applicant to send to it under paragraph 34, in which the applicant is to provide the following information (some of which the Primary Care Trust may have included in the template that it sends)—

- (a) the address of the premises to which the application relates;
- (b) the services that are to be provided from those premises;
- (c) the date of the grant of the application;
- (d) a declaration with regard to when the applicant intends to commence the provision of those services at those premises;
- (e) in the case of pharmacy premises, the registration number for those premises with the General Pharmaceutical Council; and
- (f) a signature on behalf of the applicant and the date of the notice.

#### Third party rights of appeal to the Secretary of State where an application is granted

**30.**—(1) A person with third party rights (as provided for in this paragraph) may appeal to the Secretary of State against a decision of a Primary Care Trust (PCT1) to grant a notifiable application, or an application to which regulation 26(1), 27 or 28 applies, provided that the person notifies the Secretary of State with a valid notice of appeal within 30 days of the date on which that person was notified of PCT1's decision under paragraph 28.

- (2) For the purposes of this Schedule, a person (P1) is a person with third party rights if—
  - (a) P1 is a person to whom sub-paragraph (3) applies; or
  - (b) P1 was entitled to receive notification of the decision to grant the application by virtue of paragraph 28(5).
- (3) P1 is a person to whom this sub-paragraph applies if—
  - (a) P1 was a person whom a Primary Care Trust (not necessarily PCT1) was required to notify about the decision on the application by virtue of P1 being—
    - (i) included in its pharmaceutical list, or
    - (ii) entitled to be included in its pharmaceutical list because of the grant of a routine or excepted application but who is not (yet) included,

and a person whose interests might, in the opinion of the Primary Care Trust, be significantly affected by the decision;

- (b) in the case of a notifiable application, P1 made representations in writing about the application under paragraph 19(4); and
- (c) in the case of a notifiable application but subject to sub-paragraph (6), PCT1 is satisfied, having regard to those representations in writing and any oral representations made in accordance with paragraph 25, that P1—
  - (i) made a reasonable attempt to express P1's grounds for opposing the application adequately in P1's representations, and
  - (ii) has grounds for opposing the application, which—
    - (aa) do not amount to a challenge to the legality or reasonableness of PCT1's pharmaceutical needs assessment, or to the fairness of the process by which PCT1 undertook that assessment, and
    - (bb) are not vexatious or frivolous.

(4) If PCT1 considers that a person notified under paragraph 28 is a person with third party appeal rights, it must notify that person of that fact when it notifies that person of the determination.

(5) A notice of appeal under sub-paragraph (1) is only valid if it includes a concise and reasoned statement of the grounds of appeal.

(6) A person to whom sub-paragraph (3)(a) and (b) applies (P2) who is not notified by the Primary Care Trust that they are person with third party appeal rights may appeal to the Secretary of State against the determination (D1) by the Primary Care Trust that it is not satisfied as mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(c), provided that P2—

- (a) notifies the Secretary of State within 30 days of the date on which that person was notified of PCT1's decision under paragraph 28 (D2) that P2 wishes to appeal against D1 and D2; and
- (b) includes within that notification concise and reasoned statements of P2's grounds of appeal against both D1 and D2,

and if the appeal against D1 is successful, P2 is a person with third party appeal rights in relation to D2 for the purposes of this Schedule.

# Conditional grant of applications where the address of the premises is unknown

**31.**—(1) As regards any routine application, sub-paragraph (2) applies where—

- (a) the applicant (A) is seeking the listing of premises not already listed in relation to A (whether or not A is already included in the pharmaceutical list); and
- (b) prior to the determination of the application, A was only able to provide a best estimate of where the proposed listed chemist premises would be (not the address of those premises).

(2) Where this sub-paragraph applies, it is a condition of the grant of that application that A notifies to the Primary Care Trust that granted the application the address of the premises to be listed within 6 months of—

- (a) the date on which A was sent the notice of decision under paragraph 28 (having regard also to paragraph 10(2) of Schedule 3);
- (b) if the grant of the application is appealed to the Secretary of State by a person with third party appeal rights, the date on which the appeal is determined by the Secretary of State; or
- (c) in a case of an application which is subject to a condition imposed by virtue of paragraph 33(2), the date on which that condition becomes spent,

whichever is the latest.

(3) A notification under sub-paragraph (2) is only valid if the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the premises are at a location that is within the range of possible locations covered by the estimate referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b).

(4) If a Primary Care Trust receives a purported notification under sub-paragraph (2), it must, within 14 days of receiving that purported notification—

- (a) notify A of whether or not it is satisfied that it is a valid notification;
- (b) if it is satisfied that it is a valid notification, notify the address to the persons notified of the decision to grant the application; and
- (c) if the Primary Care Trust is not satisfied that it is a valid notification, it must include with that notification—
  - (i) the reasons for its decision, and
  - (ii) an explanation of how A's rights of appeal under paragraph 36(1)(b) may be exercised.

(5) A Primary Care Trust may not vary or remove a condition imposed by virtue of this paragraph.

(6) If A breaches a condition imposed by virtue of this paragraph, the grant of the application lapses.

# Changes to the premises specified in an application after its grant but before the listing of the premises

**32.**—(1) As regards any routine application, sub-paragraph (2) applies where—

- (a) the applicant (A) is seeking the listing of premises not already listed in relation to A (whether or not A is already included in the pharmaceutical list); and
- (b) prior to the determination of the application, A provided the address of where the proposed listed chemist premises would be.

(2) Where this sub-paragraph applies, A may notify to the Primary Care Trust (PCT1) that granted the application a different address ("new address") as the address to which the application relates within—

- (a) 4 months of the date on which A was sent the notice of decision under paragraph 28 (having regard also to paragraph 10(2) of Schedule 3); or
- (b) if the grant of the application is appealed to the Secretary of State by a person with third party appeal rights, 4 months of the date on which the appeal is determined by the Secretary of State.

(3) A notification under sub-paragraph (2) is only valid if PCT1 is satisfied that accepting the notification as valid would neither—

- (a) result in a significant change to the arrangements that are in place (having regard to the grant of A's application) for the provision of local pharmaceutical services or of pharmaceutical services other than those provided by a person on a dispensing doctor list—
  - (i) in any part of its area, or
  - (ii) in a controlled locality of a neighbouring Primary Care Trust, where that controlled locality is within 1.6 kilometres of the new address; nor
- (b) cause significant detriment to proper planning in respect of the provision of pharmaceutical services in its area.

(4) If PCT1 receives a purported notification under sub-paragraph (2), it must, within 14 days of receiving that purported notification—

- (a) notify A of whether or not it is satisfied that it is a valid notification, together with the reasons for its decision;
- (b) if PCT1 is not satisfied that it is a valid notification, it must include with that notification—
  - (i) the reasons for its decision, and
  - (ii) an explanation of how A's rights of appeal under paragraph 36(1)(b) may be exercised.
- (c) if it is satisfied that it is a valid notification, notify the new address to the persons notified of the decision to grant the application, and must include with that notification—
  - (i) the reasons for its decision, and
  - (ii) if the person has a right of appeal under sub-paragraph (5), an explanation of how that right of appeal may be exercised.
- (5) A person (X) who-
  - (a) is notified under sub-paragraph (4)(c); and
  - (b) was entitled to be notified of the decision to grant the application-

- (i) by virtue of paragraph 28(5), or
- (ii) as a person whom a Primary Care Trust (not necessarily PCT1) was required to notify about the application by virtue of X being—
  - (aa) included in its pharmaceutical list, or
  - (bb) entitled to be included in its pharmaceutical list because of the grant of a routine or excepted application but who is not (yet) included,

and a person whose interests might, in the opinion of the Primary Care Trust, be significantly affected by the decision;

may appeal against a decision by PCT1 to accept the purported notification as a valid notification, provided X notifies the Secretary of State with a valid notice of appeal within 30 days of the date on which X was notified under sub-paragraph (4)(c).

(6) A notice of appeal under sub-paragraph (5) is only valid if it includes a concise and reasoned statement of the grounds of appeal.

#### Conditional grant in cases relating to future needs or future improvements or better access

33.-(1) Where a Primary Care Trust (PCT1) grants a routine application because doing so-

- (a) will meet a future need for pharmaceutical services, or pharmaceutical services of a specified type in its area; or
- (b) will secure future improvements or better access to pharmaceutical services, or pharmaceutical services of a specified type, in its area,

sub-paragraph (2) applies.

(2) Where this sub-paragraph applies, PCT1 may grant the application subject to a condition that pharmaceutical services are not provided at the listed chemist premises to which the application relates (or at any premises to which the business relocates) until—

- (a) some or all of the future circumstances, as a consequence of which the application was granted, have arisen; or
- (b) a specified date (having regard to when some or all of the future circumstances, as a consequence of which the application was granted, are likely to arise).

(3) PCT1 may vary or remove a condition imposed by virtue of sub-paragraph (2), but if it varies the condition, the revised condition (which becomes a condition imposed by virtue of sub-paragraph (2)) must be a condition that it also meets the requirements of that paragraph.

(4) The condition imposed by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) becomes spent once—

- (a) where a date has been specified, that date passes; or
- (b) where the condition relates to future circumstances arising, PCT1 notifies the successful applicant (P) that the future circumstances have arisen.

(5) P may by a notice request a determination from PCT1 as to whether the future circumstances have arisen at any time (but only once in any 60 days), and PCT1 must give notice of that determination within 30 days of that request.

#### Taking effect of listing decisions: general

**34.**—(1) As regards any application—

- (a) for inclusion in a pharmaceutical list of a Primary Care Trust (PCT1) by a person who is not already included in it; or
- (b) by a person who is included in a PCT1's pharmaceutical list and who is seeking-

- (i) to open, within the area of PCT1, additional premises from which to provide the same or different pharmaceutical services;
- (ii) to relocate to different premises in the area of PCT1, and at those premises to provide the same or different pharmaceutical services;
- (iii) to provide, from the person's listed chemist premises within the area of PCT1, services that are in addition to those already listed in relation to that person,

if the application is granted, paragraph (2) applies.

(2) Subject to paragraph 35, PCT1 may only change its pharmaceutical list to give effect to that decision if the successful applicant (P) gives PCT1 a valid notice of commencement, in the correct form, informing PCT1 that P is to commence the provision of the services in respect of which the application was made and at the premises to which the application related in the next 14 days.

- (3) A notice of commencement is in the correct form if it—
  - (a) includes the information required under paragraph 29; and
  - (b) is in the same format as the version of the notice sent by the Primary Care Trust with the notice of decision under paragraph 28.
- (4) A notice of commencement is invalid unless it is sent to PCT1 within—
  - (a) if, prior to PCT1 determining the application—
    - (i) P undertook to commence the provision of the services in respect of which the application was made within a period of less than 6 months, and
    - (ii) that undertaking was not withdrawn,

that period;

- (b) 6 months of—
  - (i) unless paragraph (a) applies, the date on which P was sent the notice of PCT1's decision under paragraph 28 granting the application,
  - (ii) if the grant was appealed by a person with third party appeal rights, the date on which that appeal is determined by the Secretary of State,
  - (iii) if, in the course of granting the application, a decision is taken to impose a condition in accordance with regulation 35 and that condition is appealed by P, the date on which that appeal is determined by the First-tier Tribunal (unless regulation 35(8) applies),
  - (iv) if the grant of the application was subject to a condition imposed by virtue of paragraph 31, the date on which—
    - (aa) P validly notifies to PCT1 under a condition imposed by virtue of paragraph 31 of the address of the premises, or
    - (bb) if P appeals successfully against a decision of PCT1 that a notification under a condition imposed by virtue of paragraph 31 is invalid, that appeal is determined by the Secretary of State,
  - (v) if P, pursuant to paragraph 32—
    - (aa) notifies PCT1 of a new address,
    - (bb) PCT1 does not accept the validity of the notification, and
    - (cc) P appeals successfully against that decision,

the date on which that appeal is determined by the Secretary of State, or

(vi) if the grant of the application was subject to a condition imposed by virtue of paragraph 33, the date on which the condition imposed by virtue of that paragraph becomes spent or is removed on appeal, or

whichever is the latest; or

- (c) such longer period-
  - (i) not exceeding a further 3 months as PCT1 may allow, or

(ii) if—

- (aa) the grant is appealed by a person with third party appeal rights,
- (bb) a decision to accept a notification pursuant to paragraph 32 is appealed by a third party,
- (cc) P appeals successfully against a notice under paragraph 35, or
- (dd) if P appeals successfully against a decision not to allow a longer period under sub-paragraph (i),

as the Secretary of State may allow when the appeal is determined,

and so once a valid notice of commencement can no longer be sent in relation to an application (having regard also to paragraph 10(2) of Schedule 3), the grant of that application lapses.

(5) A notice of commencement ceases to have effect if the Secretary of State receives a valid notice of appeal—

- (a) from a person with third party appeal rights relating to the grant to which the notice of commencement relates; or
- (b) from a third party, in a case to which sub-paragraph (4)(c)(ii)(bb) applies.

#### Notice requiring the commencement of pharmaceutical services

**35.**—(1) A Primary Care Trust that has granted a routine application—

- (a) for inclusion in a pharmaceutical list by a person (P) not already included; or
- (b) if P is already included in that list, for inclusion also in relation to premises not already listed in relation to P,

may, if the grant has not lapsed and is not under appeal to the Secretary of State, give notice to P requiring P to commence the provision of pharmaceutical services by a date specified in the notice.

(2) If a Primary Care Trust gives notice under sub-paragraph (1) but afterwards a valid notice of appeal is given against the grant, the notice under sub-paragraph (1) lapses.

- (3) A notice under sub-paragraph (1) may not specify a date that is—
  - (a) earlier than 30 days from the date of the notice under that paragraph; or
  - (b) later than 9 months after the date on which the grant of the application was notified to P.
- (4) The Primary Care Trust may change its pharmaceutical list to give effect to that notice—
  - (a) on the specified date, unless the decision to give notice under sub-paragraph (1) is appealed; or
  - (b) if the notice under paragraph (1) is appealed and the appeal is unsuccessful or discontinued—

(i) if the appeal is discontinued, 30 days after P discontinues the appeal,

- (ii) if the appeal is unsuccessful, 30 days after the appeal is determined, or
- (iii) on the specified date,

whichever is the latest.

#### Appeals to the Secretary of State by the applicant

**36.**—(1) As regards any routine or excepted application, other than an application pursuant to regulation 29, the applicant (A) may appeal to the Secretary of State against a decision by a Primary Care Trust—

- (a) to refuse the application on grounds set out in Parts 3 to 5 or 7 of these Regulations;
- (b) that a notification pursuant to a condition imposed by virtue of paragraph 31 is invalid;
- (c) to refuse to accept that a notification under paragraph 32(2) is a valid notification;
- (d) to impose or vary a condition imposed pursuant to paragraph 33;
- (e) to refuse to allow A an extension period under paragraph 34(4)(c)(i); or
- (f) to give notice under paragraph 35,

provided A notifies the Secretary of State with a valid notice of appeal within 30 days of the date on which A was notified of the decision that is being appealed.

(2) A notice of appeal under paragraph (1) is only valid if it includes a concise and reasoned statement of the grounds of appeal.