STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2010 No. 2955

The Family Procedure Rules 2010

PART 21

MISCELLANEOUS RULES ABOUT DISCLOSURE AND INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

Orders for disclosure against a person not a party

- **21.2.**—(1) This rule applies where an application is made to the court under any Act for disclosure by a person who is not a party to the proceedings.
 - (2) The application—
 - (a) may be made without notice; and
 - (b) must be supported by evidence.
- (3) The court may make an order under this rule only where disclosure is necessary in order to dispose fairly of the proceedings or to save costs.
 - (4) An order under this rule must—
 - (a) specify the documents or the classes of documents which the respondent must disclose; and
 - (b) require the respondent, when making disclosure, to specify any of those documents—
 - (i) which are no longer in the respondent's control; or
 - (ii) in respect of which the respondent claims a right or duty to withhold inspection.
 - (5) Such an order may—
 - (a) require the respondent to indicate what has happened to any documents which are no longer in the respondent's control; and
 - (b) specify the time and place for disclosure and inspection.
- (6) An order under this rule must not compel a person to produce any document which that person could not be compelled to produce at the final hearing.
- (7) This rule does not limit any other power which the court may have to order disclosure against a person who is not a party to proceedings.
- (Rule 35.3 contains provisions in relation to the disclosure and inspection of evidence arising out of mediation of cross-border disputes.)