## SCHEDULE 3

## PROVISIONS FOR CLASSIFYING DANGEROUS PREPARATIONS

## PART II

## CONCENTRATION LIMITS TO BE USED IN THE EVALUATION OF HEALTH HAZARDS

Other than gaseous preparations

**2.1** For substances that produce non-lethal irreversible effects after a single exposure (R39/route of exposure, R68/route of exposure), the individual concentration limits specified in Table II determine, when appropriate, the classification of the preparation.

Table II

Classificationof the substance	Classification of the preparation		
	T+	T	Xn
T+ with R39/route of exposure	concentration ≥ 10%	1% ≤ concentration <10%	0.1% ≤ concentration <1%
	R39 (*) obligatory	R39(*) obligatory	R68(*) (†) obligatory
T with R39/ route of exposure		concentration $\geq 10\%$	1% ≤ concentration <10%
. F		R39(*) obligatory	
			R68(*) (†) obligatory
X <sub>n</sub> with R68/route of			concentration $\geq 10\%$
exposure			R68(*)(†) obligatory

<sup>(\*)</sup> In order to indicate the route of administration/ exposure the combined R phrases listed in Annex III of Council Directive 67/548/EEC shall be used.

<sup>(†)</sup> R68 here refers to substances classified as harmful. Concentration limits for substances required to be labelled R68 but classified as mutagenic are given in Table VI.