
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2008 No. 3252

AGRICULTURE, ENGLAND

The Beef and Veal Labelling Regulations 2008

Made - - - - 17th December 2008
Laid before Parliament 23rd December 2008
Coming into force - - 19th January 2009

The Secretary of State—

- (a) who is a Minister designated(1) for the purposes of making Regulations under section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972(2) in relation to food (including drink) including the primary production of food; and
- (b) who has carried out the consultation required by Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety(3),

makes these Regulations in accordance with section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972.

Title, application and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Beef and Veal Labelling Regulations 2008; they apply in England and come into force on 19th January 2009.

The competent authority

- 2. The Secretary of State is the competent authority for the purposes of—
 - (a) Title II of Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products(4);
 - (b) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1825/2000 laying down detailed rules for the application of Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000(5);

(1) S. I. 2003/2901.

(2) 1972 c. 68.

(3) OJ No L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1 as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 202/2008 (OJ No L 60, 5.3.2008, p. 17).

(4) OJ No L 204, 11.8.2000, p. 1 as last amended by Council Regulation (EC) No 1791/2006 (OJ No L 363, 20.12.2006, p. 1).

(5) OJ No L 216, 26.8.2000, p. 8 as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 275/2007 (OJ No L76, 16.3.2007, p. 12).

- (c) Article 113b of, and Annex XIa to, Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products(6);
- (d) Commission Regulation (EC) No 566/2008 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 as regards the marketing of the meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less(7).

The enforcement authorities

3.—(1) In relation to retail supply these Regulations are enforced by—

- (a) where there is a unitary authority, within the meaning of the Local Government Changes for England Regulations 1994(8), that authority;
- (b) where there is not a unitary authority—
 - (i) in a metropolitan district, the council of that district;
 - (ii) in a non-metropolitan county, the council of that county;
 - (iii) in each London borough, the council of that borough; or
 - (iv) in the City of London, the Common Council.

(2) Otherwise they are enforced by those local authorities, a port health authority and the Secretary of State.

Offences

4. Any person who fails to comply with any of the following is guilty of an offence—

- (a) the following provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and the Council—
 - (i) Article 11 (requirement to label);
 - (ii) Article 13(1) (general rules);
 - (iii) Article 13(2) (indications on the label);
 - (iv) Article 13(5) (additional information on the label);
 - (v) Article 14 (labelling of minced beef);
 - (vi) Article 15 (beef from third countries);
 - (vii) Article 16(4) (voluntary labelling);
 - (viii) Article 17(1) (voluntary labelling of beef from third countries);
- (b) the following provisions of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1825/2000—
 - (i) Article 1 (traceability);
 - (ii) Article 2 (labelling);
 - (iii) Article 4 (size and composition of a group);
 - (iv) Article 5(2) (minced beef);
 - (v) Article 6(3) (beef in small retail packages);
 - (vi) Article 7 (access to premises and records);
- (c) the following provision of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007—

(6) OJ No L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1 as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 510/2008 (OJ No L 149, 7.6.2008, p. 61). These provisions were added by Council Regulation (EC) No 361/2008 (OJ No L 121, 7.5.2008, p. 1).

(7) OJ No L 160, 19.6.2008, p. 22.

(8) S.I. 1994/867 to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.

- (i) Article 113b (marketing of the meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less);
 - (ii) paragraph II of Annex XIa (classification at the slaughterhouse);
 - (iii) paragraph III of Annex XIa (sales descriptions);
 - (iv) paragraph IV of Annex XIa (compulsory information on the label);
 - (v) paragraph V of Annex XIa (optional information on the label);
 - (vi) paragraph VI of Annex XIa (recording);
 - (vii) paragraph VIII of Annex XIa (meat from third countries);
- (d) the following provision of [Commission Regulation \(EC\) No 566/2008](#)—
- (i) Article 4(1) (compulsory information on the label);
 - (ii) Article 4(2) (indication of age);
 - (iii) Article 5 (recording information).

Enforcement notices

5.—(1) Where beef or veal has been labelled and marketed in a manner that does not comply with these Regulations, an authorised officer of an enforcement authority may serve a notice on the person in possession of the beef or veal requiring its removal from sale until it is relabelled in accordance with these Regulations; and any person who fails to comply with that notice is guilty of an offence.

(2) A notice may authorise the beef or veal to be sent directly for processing into products other than those indicated in the first indent of Article 12 of Regulation [\(EC\) No 1760/2000](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council.

(3) A notice must state the right of appeal to a magistrates' court and the period within which the appeal may be brought.

(4) Any person who is aggrieved by a notice may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) The procedure is by way of complaint for an order, and the Magistrates' Court Act 1980(9) applies to the proceedings.

(6) The period within which an appeal may be brought is one month from the date on which the notice was served.

(7) On an appeal the court may either cancel or affirm the notice and, if the court affirms the notice, it may do so either in its original form or with such modifications as the court may in the circumstances think fit.

(8) A person who is aggrieved by any decision by a magistrates' court on an appeal under this regulation may appeal to the Crown Court.

Powers of entry

6.—(1) An authorised officer of an enforcement authority may, on producing a duly authenticated authorisation if required, enter any premises at any reasonable hour for the purpose of ascertaining whether—

- (a) there is or has been on the premises any contravention of these Regulations; or
- (b) there is on the premises any evidence of any contravention of these Regulations.

(2) The officer may be accompanied by such other persons as the officer considers necessary, including any representative of the European Commission.

(9) [1980 c. 43](#); sections 51 and 52 have been substituted by the Courts Act [2003 \(c. 39\)](#), section 47.

(3) If a justice of the peace, on sworn information in writing, is satisfied that there is reasonable ground for entry into any premises (excluding premises used only as a dwelling) for any purpose in paragraph (1) and that either—

- (a) admission to the premises has been refused, or a refusal is anticipated, and that notice of the intention to apply for a warrant has been given to the occupier; or
- (b) an application for admission, or the giving of such notice, would defeat the object of the entry, or that the case is one of urgency, or that the premises are unoccupied or the occupier temporarily absent,

the justice may by signed warrant authorise an authorised officer to enter the premises, if need be by reasonable force.

(4) A warrant granted under this regulation continues in force for one month.

(5) An officer who enters any unoccupied premises, or premises in which the occupier is temporarily absent, must leave them as effectively secured against unauthorised entry as they were before entry.

Powers of authorised officers

7. An authorised officer of an enforcement authority entering any premises under these Regulations may—

- (a) inspect any beef or veal present on those premises;
- (b) take samples from any beef or veal on those premises and, if necessary, send the samples for testing;
- (c) inspect any labels and relevant business records (including electronic records) in whatever form they are held;
- (d) seize and detain any such labels and records (including electronic records) that may be required as evidence in proceedings under these Regulations.

Obstruction

8. Any person who—

- (a) intentionally obstructs any person acting in the execution of these Regulations,
- (b) without reasonable cause, fails to give any person acting in execution of these Regulations any assistance or information that that person may reasonably require for the purpose of carrying out functions under these Regulations, or
- (c) furnishes to any person acting in the execution of these Regulations any information knowing it to be false or misleading,

is guilty of an offence.

Offences by bodies corporate

9.—(1) Where a body corporate is guilty of an offence under these Regulations, and that offence is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to have been attributable to any neglect on the part of—

- (a) any director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate, or
- (b) any person who was purporting to act in any such capacity,

that person as well as the body corporate is guilty of the offence and liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

(2) For the purposes of this regulation “director”, in relation to a body corporate whose affairs are managed by its members, means a member of the body corporate.

Penalties

10. A person guilty of an offence under these Regulations is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

Revocation

11. The following are revoked—

- (a) the Beef Labelling (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2000(**10**); and
- (b) the Beef Labelling (Enforcement) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2002(**11**).

Jane Kennedy
Minister of State
Department for Environment, Food and Rural
Affairs

17th December 2008

(10) S. I. 2000/3047.

(11) S. I. 2002/2315.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations replace the Beef Labelling (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2000 with Regulations setting out requirements for the labelling of veal as well as beef.

They continue to enforce Title II of Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products and subsidiary Commission Regulations. They also enforce the provisions relating to meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products as well as the provisions of Commission Regulation (EC) No 566/2008 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 as regards the marketing of the meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less.

They are enforced by the local authority, port health authority or Secretary of State in accordance with regulation 3.

Breach of the Regulations is an offence punishable on summary conviction with a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

A full impact assessment has been produced and placed in the library of each House of Parliament. It is available on the Defra website at www.defra.gov.uk.