
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2006 No. 871

CAPITAL GAINS TAX

The Capital Gains Tax (Annual Exempt Amount) Order 2006

Made - - - - *22nd March 2006*

The Treasury, in discharge of the duty imposed upon them by section 3(4) of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992⁽¹⁾, make the following Order:

Citation

1. This Order may be cited as the Capital Gains Tax (Annual Exempt Amount) Order 2006.

Exempt amount of capital gains for 2006-07

2. The amount specified, which by virtue of section 3 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 is, unless Parliament otherwise determines, the exempt amount for the year 2006-07, is £8,800.

22nd March 2006

Tom Watson
Dave Watts
Two of the Lords Commissioners of Her
Majesty's Treasury

⁽¹⁾ 1992 c. 12. Section 3 was amended by section 83 of the Finance Act 1993 (c. 34), paragraph 3 of Schedule 21 to the Finance Act 1998 (c. 36) and paragraph 3 of Schedule 28 to the Finance Act 2003 (c. 14). The annual exempt amount was last increased by S.I. 2005/721.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order specifies £8,800 as the amount which, by virtue of section 3 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12) (“the 1992 Act”), is the exempt amount for the year 2006-07 unless Parliament otherwise determines. Section 3(1) of the 1992 Act provides that an individual is chargeable to capital gains tax for a year of assessment only on the amount by which his taxable amount for the year exceeds the exempt amount. Section 3(5) of the 1992 Act provides that an individual’s taxable amount for a year of assessment is the amount of chargeable gains on which he is chargeable to capital gains tax after any available allowable losses have been deducted and any available capital gains tax taper relief has been applied.

By virtue of the Capital Gains Tax (Annual Exempt Amount) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/721) the exempt amount for the year 2005-06 was specified as £8,500. The amount of £8,800 is the amount for 2005-06 increased by the amount of the percentage increase in the retail prices index for September 2005 over that for September 2004, and rounded up to the nearest £100 in accordance with section 3(3) of the 1992 Act (as amended by section 83 of the Finance Act 1993 (c. 34)).

Under section 288(2) of the 1992 Act, “retail prices index” has the same meaning as in the Income Tax Acts; and “retail prices index” is defined in section 833(2) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (c. 1), as amended by paragraph 22 of Schedule 2 to the Transfer of Functions (Registration and Statistics) Order 1996 (S.I. 1996/273), as the “general index of retail prices (for all items) published by the Office for National Statistics”. The retail prices index for September 2004 is 188.1 and for September 2005 is 193.1 (based on January 1987 as 100) (see Table 3.1 on page 92 of *Economic Trends*, issue number 624, a National Statistics publication).