#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

## 2005 No. 2222

# The River Tyne (Tunnels) Order 2005

#### PART 2

#### WORKS PROVISIONS

#### Supplemental powers

### Safeguarding works to buildings

- **14.**—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this article, the undertaker may at its own expense and from time to time carry out safeguarding works to any building lying within the limits of land to be acquired or used.
  - (2) Safeguarding works may be carried out—
    - (a) at any time before or during the construction in the vicinity of the building of any part of the authorised works; or
    - (b) after the completion of that part of the authorised works, at any time up to the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which that part of the authorised works is first opened for use
- (3) For the purpose of determining how the functions under this article are to be exercised the undertaker may enter and survey any building falling within paragraph (1) and any land belonging to it
- (4) For the purpose of carrying out safeguarding works under this article to a building the undertaker may (subject to paragraphs (5) and (6))—
  - (a) enter the building and any land belonging to it; and
  - (b) where the works cannot be carried out reasonably conveniently without entering land adjacent to the building, enter the adjacent land (but not any building erected on it).
  - (5) Before exercising a right—
    - (a) under paragraph (1) to carry out safeguarding works to a building,
    - (b) under paragraph (3) to enter a building,
    - (c) under paragraph (4)(a) to enter a building or land, or
    - (d) under paragraph (4)(b) to enter land,

the undertaker shall, except in the case of emergency, serve on the owners and occupiers of the building or land not less than 14 days' notice of its intention to exercise the right and, in a case falling within sub-paragraph (a) or (c), specifying the safeguarding works proposed to be carried out.

(6) Where notice is served under paragraph (5)(a), (c) or (d), the owner or occupier of the building or land concerned may, by serving a counter-notice within the period of 10 days beginning with the day on which the notice was served, require the question of whether it is necessary or expedient to

carry out the safeguarding works or to enter the building or land to be referred to arbitration under article 54.

- (7) The undertaker shall compensate the owners and occupiers of any building or land in relation to which the powers of this article have been exercised for any loss or damage arising to them by reason of the exercise of those powers.
  - (8) Where—
    - (a) safeguarding works are carried out under this article to a building, and
    - (b) within the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which the part of the authorised works constructed within the vicinity of the building is first opened for use it appears that the safeguarding works are inadequate to protect the building against damage caused by the construction or operation of that part of the works,

the undertaker shall compensate the owners and occupiers for any damage sustained by them.

- (9) Subject to article 53, nothing in this article shall relieve the undertaker from any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act.
- (10) Any compensation payable under paragraph (7) or (8) shall be determined, in case of dispute, under Part I of the Land Compensation Act 1961(1).
  - (11) In this article "safeguarding works", in relation to a building, means—
    - (a) underpinning, strengthening and any other works the purpose of which is to prevent damage which may be caused to the building by the authorised works;
    - (b) any works the purpose of which is to remedy any damage which has been caused to the building by the authorised works; and
    - (c) any works the purpose of which is to secure the safe operation and use of the tunnel crossing or to prevent or minimise the risk of such operation and use being disrupted.