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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**2004 No. 102**

**PRICES**

**The Price Marking Order 2004**

<i>Made</i>	- - - -	<i>19th January 2004</i>
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>		<i>21st January 2004</i>
<i>Coming into force</i>	- -	<i>22nd July 2004</i>

Whereas the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 2(6) of the Prices Act 1974<sup>(1)</sup> as applied by section 4(3) of that Act has consulted in such a manner as appeared to her to be appropriate having regard to the subject-matter and urgency of this Order, with such organisations representative of interests substantially affected by this Order as appeared to her, having regard to those matters, to be appropriate;

Now, therefore, the Secretary of State, in exercise of the powers under section 4 of the said Act, hereby makes the following Order—

**Citation, commencement and interpretation**

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Price Marking Order 2004 and shall come into force on 22nd July 2004.

(2) In this Order—

“advertisement” means any form of advertisement which is made in order to promote the sale of a product but does not include any advertisement by means of which the trader intends to encourage a consumer to enter into a distance contract, a catalogue, a price list, a container or a label;

“consumer” means any individual who buys a product for purposes that do not fall within the sphere of his commercial or professional activity;

“cosmetic products” means any substance or preparation intended to be placed in contact with an external part of the human body, or with the teeth, inside of the mouth or throat with a view exclusively or mainly to one or more of the following purposes: cleaning, perfuming, changing the appearance of, protecting, and keeping in good condition it or them or correcting body odour;

“distance contract” means any contract concerning products concluded between a trader and a consumer, by any means, without the simultaneous physical presence of the trader and the consumer;

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(1) 1974 c. 24. Section 4 was amended by section 16 of the Price Commission Act 1977 (c. 33).

“itinerant trader” means any trader who, as a pedestrian, or from a train, aircraft, vessel, vehicle, stall, barrow, or other mobile sales unit, offers products to consumers other than by means of pre-printed material;

“liquid medium” has the meaning given for the purposes of paragraph 4 of Article 8 of Directive [2000/13/EC](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the labelling, presentation and advertising of foodstuffs<sup>(2)</sup>;

“make-up products” means cosmetic products solely intended temporarily to change the appearance of the face or nails, including (but not limited to) lipsticks, mascaras, eye shadows, blushers and concealers;

“net drained weight” means the weight of a solid food product when it is presented in a liquid medium;

“precious metal” means gold, silver or platinum, or any other metal to which by an order under section 17 of the Hallmarking Act 1973<sup>(3)</sup> the provisions of that Act are applied;

“products sold from bulk” means products which are not pre-packaged and are weighed or measured at the request of the consumer;

“relevant floor area” in relation to a shop means the internal floor area of the shop excluding any area not used for the retail sale of products or for the display of such products for retail sale;

“selling price” means the final price for a unit of a product, or a given quantity of a product, including VAT and all other taxes;

“shop” includes a store, kiosk and a franchise or concession within a shop;

“small shop” means any shop which has a “relevant floor area” not exceeding 280 square metres;

“standard of fineness” means any one of the standards of fineness specified in column (2) of paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 to the Hallmarking Act 1973;

“trader” means any person who sells or offers or exposes for sale products which fall within his commercial or professional activity;

“unit price” means the final price, including VAT and all other taxes, for one kilogram, one litre, one metre, one square metre or one cubic metre of a product, except (i) in respect of the products specified in Schedule 1, where unit price means the final price including VAT and all other taxes for the corresponding units of quantity set out in that Schedule; and (ii) in respect of products sold by number, where unit price means the final price including VAT and all other taxes for an individual item of the product.

## **Revocation**

2. The Price Marking Order 1999<sup>(4)</sup> is hereby revoked.

## **Scope of application of the Order**

- 3.—(1) This Order shall not apply:
  - (a) to products which are supplied in the course of the provision of a service; or
  - (b) to sales by auction or sales of works of art or antiques.

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(2) OJ No. L109, 6.5.2000, p. 29.

(3) 1973 c. 43.

(4) S.I. 1999/3042.

(2) The Electronic Commerce (EC Directive) Regulations 2002<sup>(5)</sup> shall apply to this Order notwithstanding Regulation 3(2) of those Regulations.

#### **Obligation to indicate selling price**

4.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) and articles 9 and 10, where a trader indicates that any product is or may be for sale to a consumer, he shall indicate the selling price of that product in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

(2) The requirement in paragraph (1) above shall not apply in respect of:

- (a) products sold from bulk; or
- (b) an advertisement for a product.

#### **Obligation to indicate unit price**

5.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), (3) and (4) and article 9, where a trader indicates that any product is or may be for sale to a consumer, he shall indicate the unit price of that product in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

(2) The requirement in paragraph (1) only applies in respect of products sold from bulk or required by or under Parts IV or V of the Weights and Measures Act 1985<sup>(6)</sup> to be:

- (a) marked with an indication of quantity; or
- (b) made up in a quantity prescribed by or under that Act.

(3) The requirement in paragraph (1) shall not apply in relation to:

- (a) any product which falls within Schedule 2;
- (b) any product the unit price of which is identical to its selling price;
- (c) bread made up in a prescribed quantity which is or may be for sale in a small shop, by an itinerant trader or from a vending machine; or
- (d) any product which is pre-packaged in a constant quantity which is or may be for sale in a small shop, by an itinerant trader or from a vending machine.

(4) The requirement in paragraph (1) applies in relation to an advertisement for a product only where the selling price of the product is indicated in the advertisement.

#### **Manner of indication of selling price and unit price**

6.—(1) The indication of selling price and unit price shall be in sterling.

(2) If a trader indicates his willingness to accept foreign currency in payment for a product, he shall, in addition to the required price indications in sterling:

- (a) give an indication of the selling price and any unit price required for the product in the foreign currency in question together with any commission to be charged; or
- (b) clearly identify the conversion rate on the basis of which the foreign currency price will be calculated together with any commission to be charged; and

indicate that such selling price, unit price or conversion rate as the case may be does not apply to transactions via a payment card to be applied to accounts denominated in currencies other than sterling, the conversion rate for which will be that applied by the relevant payment scheme which processes the transaction.

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(5) S.I. 2002/2013.

(6) 1985 c. 72.

7.—(1) An indication of selling price, unit price, commission, conversion rate or a change in the rate or coverage of value added tax given in accordance with article 11 shall be—

- (a) unambiguous, easily identifiable and clearly legible;
- (b) subject to paragraph 2, given in proximity to:
  - (i) the product; or
  - (ii) in the case of distance contracts and advertisements, a visual or written description of the product; and
- (c) so placed as to be available to consumers without the need for them to seek assistance from the trader or someone on his behalf in order to ascertain it.

(2) Paragraph (1)(b)(i) does not apply to an indication given in relation to any item of jewellery, item of precious metal, or watch displayed in a window of the premises where it is or may be for sale and the selling price of which is in excess of £3,000.

(3) The indication of any charges for postage, package or delivery of a product shall be unambiguous, easily identifiable and clearly legible.

(4) Where, in addition to a unit price, a price per quantity is indicated in relation to a supplementary indication of quantity the unit price shall predominate and the price per supplementary indication of quantity shall be expressed in characters no larger than the unit price.

(5) In paragraph (4) “supplementary indication of quantity” refers to an indication of quantity expressed in a unit of measurement other than a metric unit as authorised by section 8(5A) of the Weights and Measures Act 1985(7).

8. In the case of a pre-packaged solid food product presented in a liquid medium, the unit price shall refer to the net drained weight of the product. Where a unit price is also given with reference to the net weight of the product, it shall be clearly indicated which unit price relates to net drained weight and which to net weight.

### **Special provisions relating to general reductions**

9. Where a trader proposes to sell products to which this Order applies at less than the selling price or the unit price previously applicable and indicated in accordance with article 7(1), he may comply with the obligations specified in articles 4(1) (to indicate the selling price) and 5(1) (to indicate the unit price) by indicating by a general notice or any other visible means that the products are or may be for sale at a reduction, provided that the details of the reduction are prominently displayed, unambiguous, easily identifiable and clearly legible.

### **Special provisions relating to precious metals**

10. In the case of products the selling price of which varies from day to day according to the price of the precious metals contained in them the obligation to indicate the selling price referred to in article 4(1) may be complied with by indicating in a manner which is unambiguous, easily identifiable and clearly legible:

- (a) the weight, type and standard of fineness of each precious metal contained in the product; and
- (b) any element of the selling price which is not referable to weight,

accompanied by a clearly legible and prominent notice stating the price per unit of weight for the type and standard of fineness of each precious metal contained in the product.

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(7) 1985 c. 72. Section 8(5A) was inserted by article 5(2) of S.I. 1994/2867 and amended by article 3(2) of S.I. 2001/55.

### **Change in Value Added Tax etc.**

**11.** Where there is a change in the rate or coverage of VAT or any other tax, a trader who adjusts his prices in consequence may comply with the provisions of this Order—

- (a) by means of a general notice or notices for a period of 14 days from the date any such change takes effect, indicating that any products subject to that change are not for sale at the price indicated and that such price will be adjusted to take account of the change; and
- (b) if he continues to distribute any catalogue or sales literature printed or ordered to be printed before a change is announced and there is firmly attached to it a label which prominently states that some or all of the prices printed in it are to be adjusted to reflect the change, and:
  - (i) the label includes sufficient information to enable consumers to establish the adjusted price of any product listed, or
  - (ii) the label refers to and is accompanied by a supplement which enables them to do so.

### **Decimal places and rounding of unit prices**

**12.** Where the unit price of a product falls below £1 it shall be expressed to the nearest 0.1p. Where the figure denoting one hundredths of one penny in the unit price is 5 or higher, it shall be rounded up and where it is 4 or lower it shall be rounded down.

**13.** Where the unit price of a product falls above £1 it may be expressed to the nearest:

- (a) 1p, in which case where the figure denoting tenths of one penny in the unit price is 5 or higher, it shall be rounded up and where it is 4 or lower it shall be rounded down; or
- (b) 0.1p, in which case where the figure denoting one hundredths of one penny in the unit price is 5 or higher it shall be rounded up and where it is 4 or lower it shall be rounded down.

### **Units of Quantity**

**14.** For the purposes of Schedule 1, the figure denoting the relevant units of quantity in the second column of the table for the corresponding product in the first column of the table refers, as indicated by or under the Weights and Measures Act 1985(8), and unless specified otherwise to:

- (a) grams where the product is sold by weight;
- (b) millilitres where the product is sold by volume; and
- (c) either grams or millilitres, as indicated by the manufacturer of the product, where the product is permitted to be sold by either weight or volume.

### **Enforcement**

**15.** For the purpose of ascertaining whether any trader enjoys exemption from unit pricing under article 5(3)(c) or (d) in respect of a small shop, a local weights and measures authority may require that trader to produce such documentary evidence relating to the shop in question as it considers necessary.

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(8) 1985 c. 72.

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**Status:** *This is the original version (as it was originally made). UK  
Statutory Instruments are not carried in their revised form on this site.*

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19th January 2004

*Gerry Sutcliffe,*  
Parliamentary under Secretary of State for  
Employment Relations, Competition and  
Consumers,  
Department of Trade and Industry

## SCHEDULE 1

Articles 1(2) and 14

RELEVANT UNITS OF QUANTITY FOR SPECIFIED PRODUCTS  
FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE DEFINITION OF “UNIT PRICE”

<i>Product</i>	<i>Units of Quantity</i>
Flavouring essences	10
Food colourings	10
Herbs	10
Make-up Products	10 (except where sold by number)
Seeds other than pea, bean, grass and wild bird seeds	10
Spices	10
Biscuits and shortbread	100 (except where sold by number)
Bread	100 (except where sold by number)
Breakfast cereal products	100 (except where required to be quantity marked by number)
Chocolate confectionery and sugar confectionery	100
Coffee	100
Cooked or ready-to-eat fish, seafoods and crustacea	100
Cooked or ready-to-eat meat including game and poultry	100
Cosmetic products other than make-up products	100
Cream and non-dairy alternatives to cream	100
Dips and spreads excluding edible fats	100
Dry sauce mixes	100
Fresh processed salad	100
Fruit juices, soft drinks	100
Handrolling and pipe tobacco	100
Ice cream and frozen desserts	100
Lubricating oils other than oils for internal combustion engines	100
Pickles	100
Pies, pasties, sausage rolls, puddings and flans indicating net quantity	100 (except where sold by number)
Potato crisps and similar products commonly known as snack foods	100
Preserves including honey	100

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<i>Product</i>	<i>Units of Quantity</i>
Ready to eat desserts	100
Sauces, edible oils	100
Soups	100
Tea and other beverages prepared with liquid	100
Waters, including spa waters and aerated waters	100
Wines, sparkling wine, liqueur wine, fortified wine	75 cl
Coal, where sold by the kilogram	50 kg
Ballast, where sold by the kilogram	1,000 kg

SCHEDULE 2

Article 5(3)

PRODUCTS IN RESPECT OF WHICH A TRADER IS  
EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO UNIT PRICE

1. Any product which is offered by traders to consumers by means of an advertisement which is:
  - (a) purely aural;
  - (b) broadcast on television;
  - (c) shown at a cinema; or
  - (d) inside a small shop.
2. Any product the price of which has been reduced from the usual price at which it is sold, on account of:
  - (a) its damaged condition; or
  - (b) the danger of its deterioration.
3. Any product which comprises an assortment of different items sold in a single package.
4. Any product the unit price of which is 0.0p as a result of article 12 (Decimal places and rounding of unit prices) of this Order.

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**EXPLANATORY NOTE**

*(This note is not part of the Order)*

This Order implements Directive [98/6/EC](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJNo. L180, 18.3.98 p. 27) on consumer protection in the indication of prices of products offered to consumers. It revokes the [Price Marking Order 1999 \(S.I. 1999 No. 3042\)](#) which previously implemented the Directive.

Article 4 requires traders to indicate the selling prices of all products offered for sale to consumers except those offered in the course of the provision of a service, those sold by auction, works of art or antiques (article 3(1)) and products sold from bulk. Article 1 defines the selling price as the final price including VAT and other taxes.

Article 3(2) applies to this Order the requirements of the [Electronic Commerce \(EC Directive\) Regulations 2002 \(S.I. 2002 No. 2013\)](#).

Article 5 requires, with exceptions, that the unit price must be indicated for all products sold from bulk and pre-packaged products that are required by or under Parts IV or V of the Weights and Measures Act 1985 to be marked with quantity or to be made up in a prescribed quantity. Article 14 specifies the units of quantity to be used for unit prices of the items listed in Schedule 1 to the Order.

Article 6 requires selling and unit prices to be indicated in sterling but provides for additional indications to be given where a trader indicates that he is willing to accept payment in a foreign currency.

Article 7 requires prices and other indications required under the Order to be given in a clear and unambiguous manner.

The Order includes specific provisions relating to general price reductions (article 9), precious metals the selling price of which varies from day to day (article 10), and changes in VAT or other taxes which cause adjustments in prices (article 11).

A regulatory impact assessment and a Transposition Note in relation to these Regulations have been prepared and are available from the Consumer and Competition Policy Directorate, Department of Trade and Industry, 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H 0ET or at [www.dti.gov.uk/ccp/](http://www.dti.gov.uk/ccp/). Copies of both these documents have also been placed in the libraries of both Houses of Parliament.