2003 No. 3364

TRANSPORT AND WORKS, ENGLAND TRANSPORT, ENGLAND

The Alconbury Airfield (Rail Facilities and Connection to East Coast Main Line) Order 2003

Made - - - - 22nd December 2003

Coming into force - - 12th January 2004

ARRANGEMENT OF ARTICLES

PART 1

PRELIMINARY

- 1. Citation and commencement
- 2. Interpretation
- 3. Incorporation of enactments relating to railways
- 4. Incorporation of local railway enactments

PART 2

WORKS PROVISIONS

Principal powers

- 5. Power to construct and maintain works
- 6. Power to deviate

Streets

- 7. Power to execute street works
- 8. Permanent and temporary stopping up and diversion of streets
- 9. Access to works

Supplemental Powers

- 10. Discharge of water
- 11. Power to survey and investigate land
- 12. Power to transfer and lease rights of operation etc.

PART 3

ACQUISITION AND POSSESSION OF LAND

Powers of acquisition

13. Power to acquire land

[DFT 13201]

- 14. Application of Part 1 of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965
- 15. Powers to acquire new rights

Temporary possession of land

- 16. Temporary use of land for construction of works
- 17. Temporary use of land for maintenance of works

Compensation

18. Disregard of certain interests and improvements

Supplementary

- 19. Acquisition of part of certain properties
- 20. Extinction or suspension of private rights of way
- 21. Time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition

PART 4

MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

- 22. Power to operate and use railways
- 23. Maintenance of approved works etc.
- 24. Disclosure of confidential information
- 25. Statutory undertakers etc.
- 26. Certification of plans etc.
- 27. Service of notices
- 28. No double recovery
- 29. Arbitration
- 30. Trespass on Railway
- 31. Agreements with Network Rail
- 32. For the protection of Network Rail
- 33. For the protection of the Environment Agency

SCHEDULES

Schedule 1.	Scheduled works		
Schedule 2.	Acquisition of certain land		
Schedule 3.	Schedule of Street Works		
	Part 1 Streets subject to the works		
	Part 2 Streets subject to permanent closure and diversion		
	Part 3 Streets subject to temporary closure and diversion		
Schedule 4.	Modification of compensation and compulsory purchase enactments for creation of new rights		
Schedule 5.	Land of which temporary possession may be taken		
Schedule 6.	Provisions relating to Statutory Undertakers etc.		
Schedule 7.	Provisions for the protection of Network Rail		
Schedule 8.	Provisions for the protection of the Environment Agency		

Whereas an application has been made to the Secretary of State for Transport ("the Secretary of State"), in accordance with the Transport and Works (Applications and Objections Procedure) Rules 1992(a) made under sections 6, 7 and 10 of the Transport and Works Act 1992(b) ("the Act"), for an Order under sections 1 and 5 of the Act;

And whereas the Secretary of State caused an inquiry to be held for the purposes of the application pursuant to section 11 of the Act;

And whereas the Secretary of State, having considered the report of the person who held the inquiry, has determined to make an Order giving effect to the proposals comprised in the application with modifications which in his opinion do not make any substantial change in the proposals;

And whereas the Secretary of State is satisfied that the provision of an alternative right of way for the street mentioned in Part 2 of Schedule 3 is not required;

And whereas, having considered representations duly made to him pursuant to section 13 of the Act, the Secretary of State has determined to make the Order applied for with modifications;

And whereas notice of the Secretary of State's determination was published in the London Gazette on 16th December 2003;

Now, therefore, the Secretary of State, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 1 and 5 of, and paragraphs 1 to 8, 10 and 11 and 15 to 17 of Schedule 1 to the Act and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:—

PART 1

PRELIMINARY

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Alconbury Airfield (Rail Facilities and Connection to East Coast Main Line) Order 2003 and shall come into force on 12th January 2004.

Interpretation

- **2.**—(1) In this Order—
 - "the 1965 Act" means the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965(c);
 - "the 1991 Act" means the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991(d);
 - "the Applications Rules" means the Transport and Works (Applications and Objections Procedure) Rules 1992(e);
 - "authorised railway" means any railway line or siding constructed as part of the works specified in Schedule 1 to this Order;
 - "authorised works" means the scheduled works and any other works authorised by this Order;
 - "the book of reference" means the book of reference certified by the Secretary of State as the book of reference for the purposes of this Order;
 - "highway" and "highway authority" have the same meaning as in the Highways Act 1980(f);
 - "the land plan" means the plan certified by the Secretary of State as the land plan for the purpose of this Order;
 - "maintain" includes inspect, repair, adjust, alter, remove, reconstruct and replace and "maintenance" shall be construed accordingly;

⁽a) S.I. 1992/2902.

⁽b) 1992 c. 42.

⁽c) 1965 c. 56.

⁽d) 1991 c. 22.

⁽e) S.I. 1992/2902.

⁽**f**) 1980 c. 66.

"Network Rail" means Network Rail Infrastructure Limited and any associated company of Network Rail Infrastructure Limited which holds property for railway purposes, and for the purposes of this definition "associated company" means any company which is (within the meaning of section 736 of the Companies Act 1985(a)) the holding company of Network Rail Infrastructure Limited, a subsidiary of Network Rail Infrastructure Limited or another subsidiary of the holding company of Network Rail Infrastructure Limited:

"owner", in relation to land, means a person, other than a mortgagee not in possession, who is for the time being entitled to dispose of the fee simple of land (whether in possession or reversion) and includes a person holding, or entitled to the rents and profits of, the land under a lease or tenancy having an unexpired term exceeding 3 years;

"the scheduled works" means the works specified in Schedule 1 to this Order or any part of them;

"the sections" means the sections certified by the Secretary of State as the deposited sections for the purposes of this Order;

"street" includes part of a street;

"street authority", in relation to a street, has the same meaning as in Part III of the 1991 Act;

"the tribunal" means the Lands Tribunal;

"the undertaker" means Alconbury Developments Limited;

"the works plans" means the plans described in rule 7(1)(a) of the Applications Rules prepared in connection with the application for this Order certified by the Secretary of State as the works plans for the purpose of this Order.

- (2) References in this Order to rights over land include references to rights to do, or to place and maintain, anything in or on land or in the air-space over its surface.
- (3) Any reference in this Order to a work identified by the number of the work shall be construed as a reference to the work of that number authorised by this Order.
- (4) All distances, directions and lengths stated in the description of the scheduled works or in any description of power shall be construed as if the words "or thereabouts" were inserted after each such distance, direction and length.

Incorporation of enactments relating to railways

3.—(1) The following provisions of the Railways Clauses Consolidation Act 1845(**b**) shall be incorporated in this Order—

section 24 (obstructing construction of railway);

(subject to paragraph (4)), section 46 (crossing of roads and construction of bridges)

section 58 (company to repair roads used by them), except for the words from "and if any question" to the end;

section 68 (accommodation works by company);

section 71 (additional accommodation works by owners), except for the words "or directed by such justices to be made by the company" and "or, in case of difference, as shall be authorised by two justices";

sections 72 and 73 (supplementary provisions relating to accommodation works);

section 75 (omission to fasten gates);

section 77 (presumption that minerals exempted from acquisition of land);

sections 78 to 85E and Schedules 1 to 3 (minerals under railways), as respectively substituted and inserted by section 15 of the Mines (Working Facilities and Support) Act 1923;

section 105 (carriage of dangerous goods on railway);

section 145 (recovery of penalties);

⁽a) 1985 c. 6.

⁽b) 1845 c. 20.

- (2) The following provision of the Railways Clauses Act 1863(a) shall be incorporated in this Order
 - section 12 (signals, watchmen etc.).
 - (3) In that provision, as incorporated in this Order—
 - "the company" means the undertaker;
 - "the railway" means any railway authorised to be constructed by this Order and, except where the context otherwise requires, any other authorised works.
- (4) In section 46 of the said Act of 1845, as incorporated in this Order, for the proviso there shall be substituted the words "Provided always that the plans and specification of such works are subject to the approval of the highway authority and subject to such conditions as the authority may reasonably impose".

Incorporation of local railway enactments

- **4.**—(1) Any enactment by which any railway or former railway of Network Rail situated within the limits of deviation was authorised shall have effect subject to the provisions of this Order.
 - (2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall prejudice any express statutory provision for—
 - (a) the protection of the owner, lessee or occupier of any specifically designated property,
 - (b) the protection or benefit of any public trustees or commissioners, corporation or other person, specifically named in such provision, or
 - (c) the protection of apparatus of water or sewerage undertakers.

PART 2

WORKS PROVISIONS

Principal powers

Power to construct and maintain works

- **5.**—(1) The undertaker may construct and maintain the scheduled works.
- (2) Subject to article 6, the scheduled works shall be constructed in the lines or situations shown on the works plans and in accordance with the levels shown on the sections.
- (3) Subject to paragraph (5), the undertaker may carry out and maintain such of the following works as may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of, in connection with, or in consequence of, the construction of the scheduled works, namely—
 - (a) works to alter the position of apparatus, including mains, sewers, drains and cables,
 - (b) works to alter the course of, or otherwise interfere with, non-navigable rivers, streams or watercourses,
 - (c) landscaping and other works to mitigate any adverse effects of the construction, maintenance or operation of the scheduled works, and
 - (d) works for the benefit or protection of premises affected by the scheduled works.
- (4) Subject to paragraph (5), the undertaker may carry out such other works (of whatever nature) as may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of, in connection with or in consequence of, the construction of the scheduled works.
 - (5) Paragraphs (3) and (4)—
 - (a) shall only authorise the carrying out or maintenance of works outside the limits of deviation for the scheduled works shown on the works plans if the works are carried out on land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 2 to this Order for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule, and
 - (b) shall not authorise the carrying out or maintenance of works to alter the course of, or otherwise interfere with, navigable rivers or watercourses.

Power to deviate

- **6.** In constructing or maintaining any of the scheduled works, the undertaker may—
 - (a) deviate laterally from the lines or situations shown on the works plans within the limits of deviation for that work shown on those plans, and
 - (b) deviate vertically from the levels shown on the sections—
 - (i) to any extent not exceeding 1 metre upwards in respect of the works described as Work No. 3 in Schedule 1 and 2 metres upwards in respect of the remainder of the works described in Schedule 1, or
 - (ii) to any extent downwards.

Streets

Power to execute street works

- 7.—(1) The undertaker may, for the purposes of the authorised works, enter upon so much of any of the streets specified in Part 1 of Schedule 3 to this Order as is within the limits of deviation for the scheduled works shown on the works plans and may—
 - (a) place apparatus in the street,
 - (b) maintain apparatus in the street or change its position, and
 - (c) execute any works required for or incidental to any works referred to in subparagraphs (a) and (b) (including, in particular, breaking up or opening the street or any sewer, drain or tunnel under it, or tunnelling or boring under the street).
- (2) This article is subject to paragraph 3 of Schedule 6 (provisions relating to statutory undertakers etc.) to this Order.
 - (3) In this article "apparatus" has the same meaning as in Part III of the 1991 Act.

Permanent and temporary stopping up and diversion of streets

- **8.**—(1) Subject to the provisions of this article, the undertaker may, in connection with the construction of the authorised works, permanently stop up each of the streets specified in column (1) of Part 2 of Schedule 3 to this Order to the extent specified in column (2) of Part 2 of that Schedule.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this article, the undertaker may, in connection with the construction of the authorised works, temporarily stop up each of the streets specified in column (1) of Part 3 of Schedule 3 to this Order to the extent specified in column (2) of Part 3 of that Schedule.
- (3) No street specified in column (1) of Parts 2 and 3 of Schedule 3 to this Order (being a street stopped up for which a substitute is to be provided) shall be wholly or partly stopped up under this article until the new street to be substituted for it, and which is specified in column (3) of Part 2 and 3 of that Schedule has been completed to the reasonable satisfaction of the highway authority and is open for use.
 - (4) Where a street has been permanently stopped up under this article—
 - (a) all rights of way over or along the street so stopped up shall be extinguished, and
 - (b) the undertaker may, without making any payment but subject to sections 77 to 85E of, and Schedules 1 to 3 to, the Railways Clauses Consolidation Act 1845(a) (which relates to minerals under railways) appropriate and use for the purposes of its railway undertaking so much of the site of the street as is bounded on both sides by land owned by the undertaker.
- (5) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment or suspension of any private right of way under this article shall be entitled to compensation to be determined in case of dispute, under Part I of the Land Compensation Act 1961(b).
- (6) This article is subject to paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 (provisions relating to statutory undertakers etc.) to this Order.

⁽a) 1845 c. 20.

⁽b) 1961 c. 33.

Access to works

9. The undertaker may, for the purposes of the scheduled works, form and lay out means of access or improve existing means of access in such location within the limits of deviation for those works shown on the works plans as may be approved by the highway authority, but such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

Supplemental Powers

Discharge of water

- 10.—(1) The undertaker may use any watercourse or any public sewer or drain for the drainage of water in connection with the construction or maintenance of the authorised works and for that purpose may lay down, take up and alter pipes and may, on any land shown on the works plans, make openings into, and connections with, the watercourse, sewer or drain.
- (2) The undertaker shall not discharge any water into any watercourse, public sewer or drain except with the consent of the authority to which it belongs; and such consent may be given subject to such terms and conditions as the authority may reasonably impose but shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (3) The undertaker shall not make any opening into any public sewer or drain except in accordance with plans approved by, and under the superintendence (if provided) of, the authority to which the sewer or drain belongs, but such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (4) The undertaker shall not, in the exercise of the powers conferred by this article, damage or interfere with the beds or banks of any watercourse forming part of a main river.
- (5) The undertaker shall take such steps as are reasonably practicable to secure that any water discharged into a watercourse or public sewer or drain under the powers conferred by this article is as free as may be practicable from gravel, soil or other solid substance or oil or matter in suspension.
- (6) This article does not authorise the entry into controlled waters of any matter whose entry or discharge into controlled waters is prohibited by section 85(1), (2) or (3) of the Water Resources Act 1991(a).
 - (7) In this article—
 - (a) "public sewer or drain" means a sewer or drain which belongs to a sewerage undertaker, the Environment Agency, an internal drainage board, a local authority, or a joint planning board,
 - (b) "watercourse" includes all rivers, streams, ditches, drains, cuts, culverts, dykes, sluices, sewers and passages through which water flows except a public sewer or drain, and
 - (c) other expressions used both in this article and in the Water Resources Act 1991 have the same meaning as in that Act.

Power to survey and investigate land

- 11.—(1) The undertaker may for the purposes of this Order—
 - (a) survey or investigate any land shown on the land plan or which may be affected by the authorised works,
 - (b) without prejudice to the generality of sub-paragraph (a), make trial holes in such positions as the undertaker thinks fit on the land to investigate the nature of the surface layer and subsoil samples,
 - (c) place on, leave on and remove from the land apparatus for use in connection with the survey and investigation of land and making of trial holes, and
 - (d) enter on the land for the purpose of exercising the powers conferred by sub-paragraphs (a) to (c).
- (2) No land may be entered, or equipment placed or left on or removed from the land under paragraph (1), unless at least 7 days' notice has been served on every owner and occupier of the land.

- (3) Any person entering land under this article on behalf of the undertaker—
 - (a) shall, if so required, before or after entering the land produce written evidence of his authority to do so, and
 - (b) may take with him such vehicles and equipment as are necessary to carry out the survey or investigation or to make the trial holes.
- (4) No trial holes shall be made under this article in a carriageway or footway without the consent of the street authority, but such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (5) The undertaker shall make compensation for any damage occasioned, by the exercise of the powers conferred by this article, to the owners and occupiers of the land, such compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part I of the Land Compensation Act 1961.

Power to transfer and lease rights of operation etc.

- 12.—(1) The undertaker may, with the consent of the Secretary of State—
 - (a) transfer to another person ("the transferee") its right to construct, maintain, use or operate the authorised railway (or any part of it) and such related statutory rights as may be agreed between the undertaker and the transferee, or
 - (b) grant to another person ("the lessee") for a period agreed between the undertaker and the lessee the right to construct, maintain, use or operate the authorised railway (or any part of it) and such related statutory rights as may be so agreed.
- (2) Where an agreement is made by virtue of paragraph (1) references in this Order to the undertaker shall include references to the transferee or the lessee.

PART 3

ACQUISITION AND POSSESSION OF LAND

Powers of acquisition

Power to acquire land

- 13.—(1) The undertaker may acquire compulsorily—
 - (a) so much of the land shown on the land plan within the limits of deviation for the scheduled works shown on the works plans and described in the book of reference as may be required for the purposes of the authorised works, and
 - (b) so much of the land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 2 to this Order (being land shown on the land plan and described in the book of reference) as may be required for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule;

and may use land so acquired for those purposes or for any purpose connected with or ancillary to its railway undertaking.

(2) This article is subject to article 16(8).

Application of Part I of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965

- **14.**—(1) Part I of the 1965 Act, insofar as not modified by or inconsistent with the provisions of this Order, shall apply to the acquisition of land under this Order—
 - (a) as it applies to a compulsory purchase to which the Acquisition of Land Act 1981(a) applies, and
 - (b) as if this Order were a compulsory purchase order under that Act.
 - (2) Part I of the 1965 Act, as so applied, shall have effect as if—
 - (a) section 4 (which provides a time limit for compulsory purchase of land) and paragraph 3(3) of Schedule 3 (which makes provision as to the giving of bonds) were omitted, and

⁽a) 1981 c. 67.

(b) in section 11(1) (which confers power to enter, on and to take possession of land subject to a notice to treat on giving not less than 14 days' notice) for the reference to 14 days' notice there were substituted a reference to notice of 3 months.

Powers to acquire new rights

- 15.—(1) The undertaker may compulsorily acquire such easements or other rights over any land referred to in article 13 as may be required for any purpose for which that land may be acquired under that provision, by creating them as well as by acquiring easements or other rights already in existence.
- (2) Subject to section 8 of the 1965 Act (as substituted by paragraph 5 of Schedule 4 to this Order), where the undertaker acquires a right over land under paragraph (1) the undertaker shall not be required to acquire a greater interest in it.
- (3) Schedule 4 to this Order shall have effect for the purpose of modifying the enactments relating to compensation and the provisions of the 1965 Act in their application in relation to the compulsory acquisition under this article of a right over land by the creation of a new right.

Temporary possession of land

Temporary use of land for construction of works

- 16.—(1) The undertaker may, in connection with the carrying out of the authorised works—
 - (a) enter upon and take temporary possession of the land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 5 to this Order for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule relating to the authorised works specified in column(4) of that Schedule,
 - (b) remove any buildings and vegetation from that land, and
 - (c) construct temporary works (including the provision of means of access) and buildings on the land
- (2) Not less than 28 days before entering upon and taking temporary possession of land under this article the undertaker shall serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land.
- (3) The undertaker may not, without the agreement of the owners of the land, remain in possession of any land under this article after the end of the period of one year beginning with the date of completion of the work specified in relation to that land in column (4) of Schedule 5 to this Order.
- (4) Before giving up possession of the land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, the undertaker shall remove all temporary works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land; but the undertaker shall not be required to replace a building removed under this article.
- (5) The undertaker shall pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the powers conferred by this article.
- (6) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (5), or as to the amount of the compensation, shall be determined under Part I of the Land Compensation Act 1961.
- (7) Without prejudice to article 28, nothing in this article shall affect any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the execution of any works, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (5).
- (8) The powers of compulsory acquisition of land conferred by this Order shall not apply in relation to the land referred to in paragraph (1) except that the undertaker shall not be precluded from acquiring new rights over any part of that land under article 15.
- (9) Where the undertaker takes possession of land under this article, it shall not be required to acquire the land or any interest in it.
 - (10) In this article and in article 17 "building" includes structure or any other erection.

Temporary use of land for maintenance of works

- 17.—(1) At any time during the maintenance period relating to any of the scheduled works, the undertaker may—
 - (a) enter upon and take temporary possession of any land shown on the land plan for the purpose of, or in connection with, maintaining the work or any ancillary works connected with it,
 - (b) construct such temporary works (including the provision of means of access) and buildings on the land as may be reasonably necessary for that purpose.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) shall not authorise the undertaker to take temporary possession of—
 - (a) any house or garden belonging to a house, or
 - (b) any building (other than a house) if it is not for the time being occupied.
- (3) Not less than 28 days before entering upon and taking temporary possession of land under this article the undertaker shall serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land.
- (4) The undertaker may only remain in possession of land under this article for so long as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the maintenance works for which possession of the land was taken.
- (5) Before giving up possession of the land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, the undertaker shall remove all temporary works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land.
- (6) The undertaker shall pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of the land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the powers conferred by this article.
- (7) Any disputes as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (6), or as to the amount of compensation, shall be determined under Part I of the Land Compensation Act 1961.
- (8) Without prejudice to article 28, nothing in this article shall affect any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act, or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the execution of any works, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (6).
- (9) Where the undertaker takes possession of land under this article, it shall not be required to acquire the land or any interest in it.
- (10) In this article "the maintenance period", in relation to a scheduled work, means the period of 5 years beginning with the date on which the scheduled works are opened for use.

Compensation

Disregard of certain interests and improvements

- **18.**—(1) In assessing the compensation (if any) payable to any person on the acquisition from him of any land under this Order, the tribunal shall not take into account—
 - (a) any interest in land, or
 - (b) any enhancement of the value of any interest in land by reason of any building erected, works executed or improvement or alteration made on relevant land,

if the tribunal is satisfied that the creation of the interest, the erection of the building, the execution of the works or the making of the improvement or alteration was not reasonably necessary and was undertaken with a view to obtaining compensation or increased compensation.

(2) In paragraph (1) "relevant land" means the land acquired from the person concerned or any other land with which he is, or was at the time when the building was erected, the works executed or the improvements or alterations made, directly or indirectly concerned.

Acquisition of part of certain properties

- **19.**—(1) This article shall apply instead of section 8(1) of the 1965 Act (as applied by article 14) in any case where—
 - (a) a notice to treat is served on a person ("the owner") under the 1965 Act (as so applied) in respect of land forming only part of a house, building or factory or of land consisting of a house with a park or garden ("the land subject to the notice to treat"), and
 - (b) a copy of this article is served on the owner with the notice to treat.
- (2) In such a case, the owner may, within a period of 21 days beginning with the day on which the notice was served, serve on the undertaker a counter-notice objecting to the sale of the land subject to the notice to treat and stating that he is willing and able to sell the whole ("the land subject to the counter-notice").
- (3) If no such counter-notice is served within that period, the owner shall be required to sell the land subject to the notice to treat.
- (4) If such a counter-notice is served within that period, the question whether the owner shall be required to sell only the land subject to the notice to treat shall, unless the undertaker agrees to take the land subject to the counter-notice, be referred to the tribunal.
- (5) If on such a reference the tribunal determine that the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken—
 - (a) without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counternotice, or
 - (b) in the case of part of land consisting of a house with a park or garden, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house,

the owner shall be required to sell the land subject to the notice to treat.

- (6) If on such a reference the tribunal determine that only part of the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken—
 - (a) without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counternotice, or
 - (b) in the case of part of land consisting of a house with a park or garden, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house,

the notice to treat shall be deemed to be a notice to treat for that part.

- (7) If on such a reference the tribunal determine that—
 - (a) the land subject to the notice to treat cannot be taken without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice, but
- (b) the material detriment is confined to a part of the land subject to the counter-notice, the notice to treat shall be deemed to be a notice to treat for the land to which the material detriment is confined in addition to the land already subject to the notice, whether or not the additional land is land which the undertaker is authorised to acquire compulsorily under this Order.
- (8) If the undertaker agrees to take the land subject to the counter-notice, or if the tribunal determine that—
 - (a) none of the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice or, as the case may be, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house, and
 - (b) the material detriment is not confined to a part of the land subject to the counternotice.

the notice to treat shall be deemed to be a notice to treat for the land subject to the counternotice whether or not the whole of that land is land which the undertaker is authorised to acquire compulsorily under this Order.

- (9) In any case where by virtue of a determination by the tribunal under this article a notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for less land or more land than that specified in the notice, the undertaker may, within the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the determination is made, withdraw the notice to treat; and if it does so shall pay to the owner compensation for any loss or expense occasioned to him by the giving and withdrawal of the notice, to be determined in case of dispute by the tribunal.
- (10) Where the owner is required under this article to sell only part of a house, building or factory or of land consisting of a house with a park or garden, the undertaker shall pay him compensation for any loss sustained by him due to the severance of that part in addition to the value of the interest acquired.

Extinction or suspension of private rights of way

- **20.**—(1) All private rights of way over land subject to compulsory acquisition under this Order shall be extinguished—
 - (a) as from the acquisition of the land by the undertaker, whether compulsorily or by agreement, or
- (b) on the entry on the land by the undertaker under section 11(1) of the 1965 Act, whichever is sooner.
- (2) All private rights of way over land of which the undertaker takes temporary possession under this Order shall be suspended and unenforceable for as long as the undertaker remains in lawful possession of the land.
- (3) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment or suspension of any private right of way under this article shall be entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part I of the Land Compensation Act 1961.
- (4) This article does not apply in relation to any right of way to which section 271 or 272 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990(a) (extinguishment of rights of statutory undertakers etc.) applies.

Time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition

- **21.**—(1) The powers conferred by this Order to acquire land or rights over land compulsorily, and the power conferred by article 16 to enter upon and take temporary possession of land, shall cease at the end of the period of 5 years beginning on the day on which this Order comes into force.
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall not prevent the undertaker remaining in possession of land in accordance with article 16 after the end of that period, if the land was entered, and possession of it was taken, before the end of that period.

PART 4

MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

Power to operate and use railways

22. The undertaker may operate and use the railways and other authorised works as a system, or part of a system, of transport for the carriage of goods.

Maintenance of approved works etc.

- 23.—(1) Where, pursuant to regulations(a) made under section 41 of the Act (approval of works, plant and equipment), approval has been obtained from the Health and Safety Executive with respect to any works, plant or equipment (including vehicles) forming part of the railways authorised by this Order, such works, plant and equipment shall not be used in a state or condition other than that in which they were at the time that the approval was given, unless any change thereto does not materially impair the safe operation of the railways so authorised.
- (2) If without reasonable cause the provisions of paragraph (1) are contravened, the undertaker shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- (3) No proceedings shall be instituted in England and Wales in respect of an offence under this article except by or with the consent of the Health and Safety Executive or the Director of Public Prosecutions.

Disclosure of confidential information

- **24.** A person who—
 - (a) enters a factory, workshop or workplace in pursuance of the provisions of article 11, and
 - (b) discloses to any person any information obtained by him relating to any manufacturing process or trade secret,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale unless the disclosure is made in the course of performing his duty in connection with the purpose for which he was authorised to enter the land.

Statutory undertakers etc.

25. The provisions of Schedule 6 to this Order shall have effect.

Certification of plans etc.

26. The undertaker shall, as soon as practicable after the making of this Order, submit copies of the book of reference, the land plan, the sections and the works plans to the Secretary of State for certification that they are true copies of, respectively, the book of reference, sections and plans referred to in this Order; and a document so certified shall be admissible in any proceedings as evidence of the contents of the document of which it is a copy.

Service of notices

- **27.**—(1) A notice or other document required or authorised to be served for the purposes of this Order may be served by post.
- (2) Where the person on whom a notice or other document to be served for the purposes of this Order is a body corporate, the notice or document is duly served if it is served on the secretary or clerk of that body.
- (3) For the purposes of section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978(**b**) as it applies for the purposes of this article, the proper address of any person in relation to the service on him of a notice or document under paragraph (1) is, if he has given an address for service, that address, and otherwise—
 - (a) in the case of the secretary or clerk of a body corporate, the registered or principal office of that body, and
 - (b) in any other case, his last known address at the time of service.
- (4) Where for the purposes of this Order a notice or other document is required or authorised to be served on a person as having any interest in, or as the occupier of, land and his name or address cannot be ascertained after reasonable enquiry, the notice may be served by—
 - (a) addressing it to him by name or by the description of "owner", or as the case may be "occupier", of the land (describing it), and

⁽a) S.I. 1994/157.

⁽b) 1978 c. 30.

- (b) either, leaving it in the hands of a person who is or appears to be resident or employed on the land, or leaving it conspicuously affixed to some building or object on or near the land.
- (5) This article shall not be taken to exclude the employment of any method of service not expressly provided for by it.

No double recovery

28. Compensation shall not be payable in respect of the same matter both under this Order and under any other enactment, any contract or any rule of law.

Arbitration

29. Any difference under any provision of this Order (other than a difference which falls to be determined by the tribunal) shall be referred to and settled by a single arbitrator to be agreed between the parties or, failing agreement, to be appointed on the application of either party (after notice in writing to the other) by the President of the Institution of Civil Engineers.

Trespass on railway

- **30.**—(1) Any person who—
 - (a) trespasses on any authorised railway, or
 - (b) trespasses upon any land of the undertaker in dangerous proximity to the authorised railway or to any electrical or other apparatus used for or in connection with the operation of the authorised railway,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(2) No person shall be convicted of an offence under this article unless it is shown that notices warning the public not to trespass upon the railway were clearly exhibited and maintained at the boundary fence of the railway in the location where any streets cross the authorised railway.

Agreements with Network Rail

- **31.**—(1) The undertaker and Network Rail may enter into and carry into effect agreements with respect to the construction, maintenance, renewal, use and operation of—
 - (a) any of the authorised works, or any part of those works, and
 - (b) any works required for the purposes thereof or in connection therewith, including any works to alter or adapt any property of Network Rail or to connect with any railway operated by Network Rail

by Network Rail or by the undertaker, or by the undertaker and Network Rail jointly.

- (2) Any agreement made under paragraph (1) may make provision with respect to any other matters incidental or subsidiary thereto or consequential thereon, including the defraying of, or the making of contributions towards, costs of such works or the maintenance and renewal thereof incurred by either party to the agreement.
- (3) Without prejudice to the generality of paragraph (1), any such agreement may provide for the exercise by Network Rail or by the undertaker, or by the undertaker and Network Rail jointly, of all or any of the powers of the undertaker with respect to any of the authorised works and any works required for the purposes thereof or in connection therewith.
- (4) The exercise by Network Rail or the undertaker or by the undertaker and Network Rail jointly, of any powers and rights under any enactment or contract pursuant to any such agreement as is authorised in paragraph (1) shall be subject to the same provisions relating thereto as would apply if such powers and rights were exercised by the undertaker or Network Rail (as the case may be) alone, and accordingly, those provisions, with any necessary modification, shall apply to the exercise of such powers and rights by Network Rail or the undertaker, or by the undertaker and Network Rail jointly, as the case may be.

- (5) In constructing the scheduled works the undertaker may with the agreement of Network Rail, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld but may be given subject to reasonable conditions, re-align so much of any of Network Rail's railways as lie within the limits of deviation of the scheduled works and may connect to Network Rail's railway in such locations within the limits of deviation for those works as shall be agreed between the undertaker and Network Rail.
- (6) The undertaker and Network Rail may enter into, and carry into effect, agreements for the transfer to, and vesting in Network Rail or the undertaker, or the undertaker and Network Rail jointly, of—
 - (a) any of the authorised works or any part of any of those works,
 - (b) any works, lands or other property required or held for the purposes thereof or in connection therewith

together with the rights and obligations of the undertaker or Network Rail (as the case may be) in relation thereto.

(7) Nothing in this Order, or in any enactment incorporated with or applied by this Order, shall prejudice or affect the operation of the provisions of Part 1 of the Railways Act 1993(a) in relation to anything done under or in pursuance of this Order.

For the protection of Network Rail

32. The provisions of Schedule 7 to this Order shall have effect.

For the protection of the Environment Agency

33. The provisions of Schedule 8 to this Order shall have effect.

Signed by authority of the Secretary of State for Transport

Ellis Harvey
Head of the Transport and Works Act Orders Unit,
Department for Transport

22nd December 2003

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1 SCHEDULED WORKS

Articles 5 and 6

In the district of Huntingdonshire in the county of Cambridgeshire:—

Work No. 1—A railway 946.5 metres in length commencing at a point corresponding to Ordnance Survey grid reference 522569 (E) and 275930 (N) and running in an easterly and then northerly direction by cutting before terminating approximately 95 metres north of milepost $61\frac{3}{4}$ by a junction with the East Coast Main Line railway. At chainage 30 metres branching to form two sidings a total of 130 metres in length. At chainage 61 metres branching to form a siding of 292 metres in length. At chainage 879 metres branching to form a siding of 67 metres in length.

Work No. 2—A railway 1,334 metres in length commencing by a junction with Work No. 1, and running in a south-easterly and then southerly direction by cutting before terminating at a point approximately 14 metres south of milepost 61 by a junction with the East Coast Main Line railway. At chainage 1,274 metres branching to form a siding of 55 metres in length. An overbridge with a span of 10.5 metres and a width of 6 metres to carry a bridleway over the railway. An overbridge with a span of 35 metres to carry a re-routed public footpath over the railway. The extension of an existing culvert carrying a watercourse under the East Coast Main Line railway along the line of the watercourse by 15 metres.

Work No. 3—A railway 1,517.2 metres in length commencing by a junction with Work No. 2, and running in a south-easterly, then east-south-easterly and then southerly direction by part cutting and part embankment before terminating approximately 152 metres south of milepost 61 by a junction with the East Coast Main Line railway. At chainage 1,457 metres branching to form a siding of 55 metres in length. An overbridge with a span of 10.5 metres and a width of 6 metres to carry a bridleway over the railway. An overbridge with a span of 33.5 metres to carry the railway over the East Coast Main Line railway. The extension of an existing culvert carrying a watercourse under the East Coast Main Line railway along the line of the watercourse by 35 metres.

Work No. 4—A railway 1,062 metres in length commencing at a point corresponding to Ordnance Survey grid reference 522569 (E) and 275930 (N), the point of commencement for Work Nos. 1 and 5, and running in a north-westerly direction by cutting, forming sidings between chainages 25.4 and 1,062, before terminating at a point corresponding to Ordnance Survey grid reference 521569 (E) and 276294 (N). At chainage 1,062 metres branching to form a siding of 140 metres in length.

Work No. 5—A railway 1,887.6 metres in length, commencing at a point corresponding to Ordnance Survey grid reference 522569 (E) and 275930 (N), the point of commencement for Work Nos. 1 and 4, and running in an easterly and then north-westerly direction by part cutting and part embankment before terminating at a point corresponding to Ordnance Survey grid reference 521436 (E) and 276838 (N).

Work No. 6—A railway 813.5 metres in length commencing at the termination of Work No. 5, and running in a north-westerly direction by cutting, forming sidings between chainages 0 and 740 metres, before terminating at a point corresponding to Ordnance Survey grid reference 520684 (E) and 277149 (N).

Work No. 7—A railway 324 metres in length commencing at a point approximately 52 metres north of milepost 62 by a junction with the East Coast Main Line railway and running in a north-north-westerly direction at grade before terminating 22 metres south of milepost $62\frac{1}{4}$ by a junction with the East Coast Main Line railway.

SCHEDULE 2 ACQUISITION OF CERTAIN LAND

(1) Area	(2) Description of land shown on land plan	(3) Purpose for which land may be acquired
District of Huntingdonshire	AREA 1	The construction of the railway connections to Alconbury Airfield from the East Coast Main Line and the provision of associated sidings, bridges and the extension of the culvert to an existing watercourse.
District of Huntingdonshire	AREA 2	The provision of mitigation measures involving habitat creation and enhancement.
District of Huntingdonshire	AREA 6	The construction of part of the railway connections to Alconbury Airfield from the East Coast Main Line.
District of Huntingdonshire	AREA 7	The construction of part of the railway connections to Alconbury Airfield from the East Coast Main Line and the provision of an associated bridge to carry the railway.

SCHEDULE 3 PART 1

Articles 7 and 8

SCHEDULE OF STREET WORKS

(1)	(2)
Area	Street subject to street works
District of Huntingdonshire	Footpath 11 and Bridleway 10

PART 2 STREETS SUBJECT TO PERMANENT CLOSURE AND DIVERSION

(1)	(2)	(3)
Right of Way	Extent of closure	Permanent diversion
Footpath 11	155 metres between Ordnance Survey grid reference 523437 (E) 275448 (N) and 523430 (E) 275588 (N)	181 metres between Ordnance Survey grid reference 523437 (E) 275448 (N) and 523430 (E) 275588 (N)

PART 3

STREETS SUBJECT TO TEMPORARY CLOSURE AND DIVERSION

(1) Right of Way	(2) Extent of closure	(3) Temporary diversion
Bridleway 10	140 metres between Ordnance Survey grid reference 523114 (E) 275661 (N) and 523220 (E) 275707 (N)	121 metres between Ordnance Survey grid reference 523114 (E) 275661 (N) and 523220 (E) 275707 (N)
Footpath 11	245 metres between Ordnance Survey grid reference 523437 (E) 275448 (N) and 523396 (E) 275671 (N)	625 metres between Ordnance Survey grid reference 523437 (E) 275448 (N) and 523396 (E) 275671 (N)

SCHEDULE 4

Article 15

MODIFICATION OF COMPENSATION AND COMPULSORY PURCHASE ENACTMENTS FOR CREATION OF NEW RIGHTS

Compensation enactments

- 1. The enactments for the time being in force with respect to compensation for the compulsory purchase of land shall apply with the necessary modifications as respects compensation in the case of a compulsory acquisition under this Order of a right by the creation of a new right as they apply as respects compensation on the compulsory purchase of land and interests in land.
- 2.—(1) Without prejudice to the generality of paragraph 1, the Land Compensation Act 1973(a) shall have effect subject to the modifications set out in sub-paragraphs (2) and (3).
- (2) In section 44(1) (compensation for injurious affection), as it applies to compensation for injurious affection under section 7 of the 1965 Act as substituted by paragraph 4—
 - (a) for the words "land is acquired or taken" there shall be substituted the words "a right over land is purchased", and
 - (b) for the words "acquired or taken from him" there shall be substituted the words "over which the right is exercisable".
- (3) In section 58(1) (determination of material detriment where part of house etc. proposed for compulsory acquisition), as it applies to determinations under section 8 of the 1965 Act as substituted in paragraph 5—
 - (a) for the word "part" in paragraphs (a) and (b) there shall be substituted the words "a right over land consisting".
 - (b) for the word "severance" there shall be substituted the words "right over the whole of the house, building or manufactory or of the house and the park or garden",
 - (c) for the words "part proposed" there shall be substituted the words "right proposed", and
 - (d) for the words "part is" there shall be substituted the words "right is".
- 3.—(1) The 1965 Act shall have effect with the modifications necessary to make it apply to the compulsory acquisition under this Order of a right by the creation of a new right as it applies to the compulsory acquisition under this Order of land, so that, in appropriate contexts, references in that Act to land are read (according to the requirements of the particular context) as referring to, or as including references to—
 - (a) the right acquired or to be acquired, or
 - (b) the land over which the right is or is to be exercisable.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-paragraph (1), Part I of the 1965 Act shall apply in relation to the compulsory acquisition under this Order of a right by the creation of a new right with the modifications specified in the following provisions of this Schedule.

- **4.** For section 7 of the 1965 Act (measure of compensation) there shall be substituted the following section—
 - "7. In assessing the compensation to be paid by the acquiring authority under this Act regard shall be had not only to the extent (if any) to which the value of the land over which the right is to be acquired is depreciated by the acquisition of the right but also to the damage (if any) to be sustained by the owner of the land by reason of its severance from other land of his, or injuriously affecting that other land by the exercise of the powers conferred by this or the special Act."
- **5.** For section 8 of the 1965 Act (provisions as to divided land) there shall be substituted the following—
 - "8.—(1) Where in consequence of the service on a person under section 5 of this Act of a notice to treat in respect of a right over land consisting of a house, building or manufactory or of a park or garden belonging to a house ("the relevant land")—
 - (a) a question of disputed compensation in respect of the purchase of the right would apart from this section fall to be determined by the Lands Tribunal ("the tribunal"); and
 - (b) before the tribunal has determined that question the person satisfies the tribunal that he has an interest which he is able and willing to sell in the whole of the relevant land and—
 - (i) where that land consists of a house, building or manufactory, that the right cannot be purchased without material detriment to that land, or
 - (ii) where that land consists of such a park or garden, that the right cannot be purchased without seriously affecting the amenity or convenience of the house to which that land belongs.

the Alconbury Airfield (Rail Facilities and Connection to East Coast Main Line) Order 2003 ("the Order") shall, in relation to that person, cease to authorise the purchase of the right and be deemed to authorise the purchase of that person's interest in the whole of the relevant land including, where the land consists of such a park or garden, the house to which it belongs, and the notice shall be deemed to have been served in respect of that interest on such date as the tribunal directs.

- (2) Any question as to the extent of the land in which the Order is deemed to authorise the purchase of an interest by virtue of subsection (1) of this section shall be determined by the tribunal.
- (3) Where in consequence of a determination of the tribunal that it is satisfied as mentioned in subsection (1) of this section the Order is deemed by virtue of that subsection to authorise the purchase of an interest in land, the acquiring authority may, at any time within the period of six weeks beginning with the date of the determination, withdraw the notice to treat in consequence of which the determination was made; but nothing in this subsection prejudices any other power of the authority to withdraw the notice."
- **6.** The following provisions of the 1965 Act (which state the effect of a deed poll executed in various circumstances where there is no conveyance by persons with interests in the land), that is to say—
 - (a) section 9(4) (failure by owners to convey),
 - (b) paragraph 10(3) of Schedule 1 (owners under incapacity),
 - (c) paragraph 2(3) of Schedule 2 (absent and untraced owners), and
 - (d) paragraphs 2(3) and 7(2) of Schedule 4 (common land),

shall be so modified as to secure that, as against persons with interests in the land which are expressed to be overridden by the deed, the right which is to be compulsorily acquired is vested absolutely in the acquiring authority.

- 7. Section 11 of the 1965 Act (powers of entry) shall be so modified as to secure that, as from the date on which the acquiring authority have served notice to treat in respect of any right, they have power, exercisable in the like circumstances and subject to the like conditions, to enter for the purpose of exercising that right (which shall be deemed for this purpose to have been created on the date of service of the notice); and sections 12 (penalty for unauthorised entry) and 13 (entry on warrant in the event of obstruction) of the 1965 Act shall be modified correspondingly.
- **8.** Section 20 of the 1965 Act (protection for interests of tenants at will etc.) shall apply with the modifications necessary to secure that persons with such interests in land as are mentioned in that section are compensated in a manner corresponding to that in which they would be compensated on a compulsory acquisition under this Order of that land, but taking into account only the extent (if any) of such interference with such an interest as is actually caused, or likely to be caused, by the exercise of the right in question.
- **9.** Section 22 of the 1965 Act (protection of acquiring authority's possession where by inadvertence an estate, right or interest has not been got in) shall be so modified as to enable the acquiring authority, in circumstances corresponding to those referred to in that section, to continue to be entitled to exercise the right acquired, subject to compliance with that section as respects compensation.

LAND OF WHICH TEMPORARY POSSESSION MAY BE TAKEN

(1) Area	(2) Description of land shown on land plan	(3) Purpose for which temporary possession may be taken	(4) Authorised work
District of Huntingdonshire	AREA 4	Access for construction work and for work site	Work Nos. 2 and 3
District of Huntingdonshire	AREA 5	Access for construction work and for maintenance purposes	Work Nos. 2 and 3

SCHEDULE 6

Articles 7, 8 and 25

PROVISIONS RELATING TO STATUTORY UNDERTAKERS ETC.

Apparatus of statutory undertakers etc. on land acquired

- 1.—(1) Sections 271 to 274 of the 1990 Act (power to extinguish rights of statutory undertakers etc. and power of statutory undertakers etc. to remove or re-site apparatus) shall apply in relation to any land acquired or appropriated by the undertaker under this Order subject to the following provisions of this paragraph; and all such other provisions of that Act as apply for the purposes of those provisions (including sections 275 to 278, which contain provisions consequential on the extinguishment of any rights under sections 271 and 272, and sections 279(2) to (4), 280 and 282, which provide for the payment of compensation) shall have effect accordingly.
- (2) In the provisions of the 1990 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (1), references to the appropriate Minister are references to the Secretary of State.
- (3) Where any apparatus of public utility undertakers or of a public communications provider is removed in pursuance of a notice or order given or made under section 271, 272 or 273 of the 1990 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (1), any person who is the owner or occupier of premises to which a supply was given from that apparatus shall be entitled to recover from the undertaker compensation in respect of expenditure reasonably incurred by him, in consequence of the removal, for the purpose of effecting a connection between the premises and any other apparatus from which a supply is given.
- (4) Sub-paragraph (3) shall not apply in the case of the removal of a public sewer but where such a sewer is removed in pursuance of such a notice or order as is mentioned in that paragraph, any person who is—
 - (a) the owner or occupier of premises the drains of which communicated with that sewer, or
 - (b) the owner of a private sewer which communicated with that sewer,

shall be entitled to recover from the undertaker compensation in respect of expenditure reasonably incurred by him, in consequence of the removal, for the purpose of making his drain or sewer communicate with any other public sewer or with a private sewage disposal plant.

(5) In this paragraph:—

"the 1990 Act" means the Town and Country Planning Act 1990(a),

"public communications provider" has the same meaning as in section 151(1) of the Communications Act 2003(b), and

"public utility undertakers" has the same meaning as in the Highways Act 1980(c).

Apparatus of statutory undertakers etc. in stopped up streets

- 2.—(1) Where a street is stopped up under article 8 of this Order any statutory utility whose apparatus is under, in, upon, over, along or across the street shall have the same powers and rights in respect of that apparatus, subject to the provisions of this paragraph, as if this Order had not been made.
- (2) Where a street is stopped up under article 8 of this Order any statutory utility whose apparatus is under, in, upon, over, along or across the street may and, if reasonably requested so to do by the undertaker, shall—
 - (a) remove the apparatus and place it or other apparatus provided in substitution for it in such other position as the utility may reasonably determine and have power to place it, or

⁽a) 1990 c. 8.

⁽b) 2003 c. 21.

⁽c) 1980 c. 66.

- (b) provide other apparatus in substitution for the existing apparatus and place it in such position as aforesaid.
- (3) Subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, the undertaker shall pay to any statutory utility an amount equal to the cost reasonably incurred by the utility in or in connection with—
 - (a) the execution of relocation works required in consequence of the stopping up of the street, and
 - (b) the doing of any other work or thing rendered necessary by the execution of relocation works.
 - (4) If in the course of the execution of relocation works under sub-paragraph (2)—
 - (a) apparatus of better type, of greater capacity or of greater dimensions is placed in substitution for existing apparatus of worse type, of smaller capacity or of smaller dimensions, or
 - (b) apparatus (whether existing apparatus or apparatus substituted for existing apparatus) is placed at a depth greater than the depth at which the existing apparatus was,

and the placing of apparatus of that type or capacity or of those dimensions or the placing of apparatus at that depth, as the case may be, is not agreed by the undertaker, or, in default of agreement, is not determined by arbitration to be necessary, then, if it involves cost in the execution of the relocation works exceeding that which would have been involved if the apparatus placed had been of the existing type, capacity or dimensions, or at the existing depth, as the case may be, the amount which apart from this paragraph would be payable to the statutory utility by virtue of sub-paragraph (3) shall be reduced by the amount of that excess.

- (5) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (4)—
 - (a) an extension of apparatus to a length greater than the length of existing apparatus shall not be treated as a placing of apparatus of greater dimensions than those of the existing apparatus, and
 - (b) where the provision of a joint in a cable is agreed, or is determined to be necessary, the consequential provision of a jointing chamber or of a manhole shall be treated as if it also had been agreed or had been so determined.
- (6) An amount which apart from this sub-paragraph would be payable to a statutory utility in respect of works by virtue of sub-paragraph (3) (and having regard, where relevant, to sub-paragraph (4)) shall, if the works include the placing of apparatus provided in substitution for apparatus placed more than seven years and six months earlier so as to confer on the utility any financial benefit by deferment of the time for renewal of the apparatus in the ordinary course, be reduced by the amount which represents that benefit as calculated in accordance with the Code of Practice entitled "Measures Necessary where Apparatus is Affected by Major Works (Diversionary Works) and dated June 1992 and approved by the Secretary of State on 30 June 1992.
- (7) Sub-paragraphs (3) to (6) shall not apply where the authorised works constitute major transport works for the purposes of Part III of the 1991 Act, but instead—
 - (a) the allowable costs of the relocation works shall be determined in accordance with section 85 of that Act (sharing of cost of necessary measures) and any regulations for the time being having effect under that section, and
 - (b) the allowable costs shall be borne by the undertaker and the statutory utility in such proportions as may be prescribed by any such regulations.
 - (8) In this paragraph—
 - "apparatus" has the same meaning as in Part III of the 1991 Act;
 - "relocation works" means works executed, or apparatus provided, under sub-paragraph (2); and "statutory utility" means a statutory undertaker for the purposes of the Highways Act 1980 or a public communications provider as defined in paragraph 1(5).

Railway and navigation undertakings

- 3.—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, the powers under article 7 of this Order to break up or open a street shall not be exercisable where the street, not being a highway maintainable at public expense (within the meaning of the Highways Act 1980)—
 - (a) is under the control or management of, or is maintainable by, railway or tramway undertakers or a navigation authority, or
 - (b) forms part of a level crossing belonging to any such undertakers or to such an authority or to any other person,

except with the consent of the undertakers or authority or, as the case may be, of the person to whom the level crossing belongs.

- (2) Sub-paragraph (1) shall not apply to the carrying out under this Order of emergency works, within the meaning of Part III of the 1991 Act.
- (3) A consent given for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) may be made subject to such reasonable conditions as may be specified by the person giving it but shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(4) In this paragraph "navigation authority" means any person who has a duty or power under any enactment to work, maintain, conserve, improve or control any canal or other inland navigation, navigable river, estuary, harbour or dock.

SCHEDULE 7

Article 32

PROVISIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF NETWORK RAIL

- 1.—(1) The following provisions of this Schedule shall have effect subject to the provisions of article 31 or to any agreement under or in pursuance of that article or any access contract, or unless otherwise agreed in writing between the undertaker and Network Rail.
 - (2) In this Schedule—
 - "access contract" means an access contract within the meaning of section 17 of the Railways Act 1993 between the undertaker and Network Rail;
 - "construction" includes execution, placing, alteration and reconstruction and "construct" and "constructed" have corresponding meanings;
 - "the engineer" means an engineer to be appointed by Network Rail for the purpose in question;
 - "plans" includes sections, designs, drawings, specifications, soil reports, calculations, descriptions (including descriptions of methods of construction), staging proposals and programmes;
 - "railway property" means any railway belonging to Network Rail and any works, apparatus and equipment belonging to Network Rail connected with any such railway and includes any land held or used by Network Rail for the purposes of such railway or works, apparatus or equipment; and "identified work" means so much of any of the authorised works as is situated upon, across, under, over or within 15 metres of, or may in any way adversely affect, railway property.
- 2.—(1) The undertaker shall not under the powers conferred by this Order acquire or use or acquire new rights over any railway property unless such acquisition or use is with the consent of Network Rail.
- (2) Where so required by the engineer, the undertaker shall, to the reasonable satisfaction of the engineer, fence off (whether on a temporary or permanent basis or both) any part of any identified work from railway property.
- (3) The undertaker shall not exercise the powers conferred by article 11 or the powers conferred by section 11(3) of the 1965 Act in respect of any railway property unless the exercise of such powers is with the consent of Network Rail.
- (4) The undertaker shall not in the exercise of the powers conferred by this Order prevent pedestrian or vehicular access to any railway property, unless preventing such access is with the consent of Network Rail.
- (5) The provisions of article 20 shall not apply to any right of access of Network Rail to railway property but such right of access may be diverted with the consent of Network Rail.
- (6) Where Network Rail is asked to give its consent pursuant to sub-paragraphs (1), (3), (4), or (5), such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld but may be given subject to reasonable conditions.
- 3.—(1) The undertaker shall, before commencing construction of any identified work, supply to Network Rail proper and sufficient plans of that work for the reasonable approval of the engineer and shall not commence such construction of the identified work until plans of that work have been approved in writing by the engineer or settled by arbitration.
- (2) The approval of the engineer under sub-paragraph (1) shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, and if by the end of the period of 56 days beginning with the date on which such plans have been supplied to Network Rail the engineer has not intimated his disapproval of those plans and the grounds of his disapproval he shall be deemed to have approved the plans as submitted.
- (3) If by the end of the period of 56 days beginning with the date on which such plans have been supplied to Network Rail, Network Rail gives notice to the undertaker that Network Rail desires itself to construct any part of an identified work which in the opinion of the engineer will or may affect the stability of railway property or the safe operation of traffic on the railways of Network Rail then, if the undertaker desires such part of the identified work to be constructed, Network Rail shall construct it with all reasonable dispatch on behalf of and to the reasonable satisfaction of the undertaker in accordance with the plans approved or deemed to be approved or settled under this paragraph and under the supervision (where appropriate and if given) of the undertaker.
- (4) When signifying his approval of the plans, the engineer may specify any protective works (whether temporary or permanent) which in his opinion should be carried out before the commencement of construction of an identified work to ensure the safety or stability of railway property or the continuation of safe and efficient operation of the railways of Network Rail or the services of operators using the same

(including any relocation of works, apparatus and equipment necessitated by an identified work), and such protective works as may be reasonably necessary for those purposes shall be constructed by Network Rail or by the undertaker, if Network Rail so desires, with all reasonable dispatch and the undertaker shall not commence the construction of the identified works until the engineer has notified the undertaker that the protective works have been completed to his reasonable satisfaction.

- **4.** Any identified work shall, when commenced, be constructed—
 - (a) with all reasonable dispatch in accordance with the plans approved or deemed to have been approved or settled under paragraph 3;
 - (b) under the supervision (where appropriate and if given) and to the reasonable satisfaction of the engineer;
 - (c) in such manner as to cause as little damage as is possible to railway property; and as little interference as may be reasonably practicable with the conduct of traffic on the railways of Network Rail.

and, if any damage to railway property or any such interference or obstruction is caused by the carrying out of an identified work, the undertaker shall, notwithstanding any such approval, make good such damage and shall pay to Network Rail all reasonable expenses to which Network Rail may be put and compensation for any loss which it may sustain by reason of any such damage, interference or obstruction.

5. The undertaker shall—

- (a) at all times afford reasonable facilities to the engineer for access to an identified work during its construction; and
- (b) supply the engineer with all such information as he may reasonably require with regard to an identified work or the method of constructing it.
- 6. Network Rail shall at all times afford reasonable facilities to the undertaker and its agents for access to any works carried out by Network Rail under this Schedule during their construction and shall supply the undertaker with such information as it may reasonably require with regard to such works or the method of constructing them.
- 7.—(1) If any alterations or additions, either permanent or temporary, to railway property are reasonably necessary during the construction of an identified work, or during a period of 12 months after the commencement of regular revenue-earning train operations using the new railways comprised in the identified works, in consequence of the construction of an identified work, and Network Rail gives to the undertaker reasonable notice of its intention specifying the alterations or additions to be carried out the undertaker shall pay to Network Rail the reasonable cost of those alterations or additions including, in respect of any such alterations and additions as are to be permanent, a capitalised sum representing the increase of the costs which may be expected to be reasonably incurred by Network Rail in maintaining, working and, when necessary, renewing any such alterations or additions.
- (2) The engineer shall, in respect of the capitalised sums referred to in this paragraph and paragraph 8(a), provide such details of the formula by which those sums have been calculated as the undertaker may reasonably require.
- (3) If the cost of maintaining, working or renewing railway property is reduced in consequence of any such alterations or additions a capitalised sum representing such saving shall be set off against any sum payable by the undertaker to Network Rail under this paragraph.
- **8.** The undertaker shall repay to Network Rail all reasonable fees, costs, charges and expenses reasonably incurred by Network Rail—
 - (a) in constructing any part of the identified works on behalf of the undertaker as provided by paragraph 3(3) or in constructing any protective works under the provisions of paragraph 3(4) including, in respect of any permanent protective works, a capitalised sum representing the cost of maintaining and renewing those works; and
 - (b) in respect of the approval by the engineer of plans submitted by the undertaker and the supervision by their engineer of the construction of an identified work.

9.—(1) In this paragraph—

"EMI" means, subject to sub-paragraph (2), electromagnetic interference with Network Rail's apparatus generated by the operation of the authorised works (including the operation of trains using the new railways comprised in the works) where such interference is of a level which adversely affects the safe operation of Network Rail's apparatus; and

"Network Rail's apparatus" means any lines, circuits, wires, apparatus or equipment (whether or not modified or installed as part of the works) which are owned or used, by Network Rail for the purpose of transmitting or receiving electrical energy or of radio, telegraphic, telephonic, electric, electronic or other like means of signalling or other communications.

- (2) This paragraph shall apply to EMI only to the extent that such EMI is not attributable to any change to Network Rail's apparatus carried out after approval of plans under paragraph 3(1) for the relevant part of the authorised works giving rise to EMI (unless the undertaker has been given notice in writing before the approval of those plans of the intention to make such change).
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), the undertaker shall, in the design and construction of the authorised works, take all measures necessary to prevent EMI and shall establish with Network Rail (both parties acting reasonably) appropriate arrangements to verify their effectiveness.
 - (4) In order to facilitate the undertaker's compliance with sub-paragraph (3)—
 - (a) the undertaker shall consult with Network Rail as early as reasonably practicable to identify all Network Rail's apparatus which may be at risk of EMI, and thereafter shall continue to consult with Network Rail (both before and after formal submission of plans under paragraph 3(1)) to identity all potential causes of EMI and the measures required to eliminate them;
 - (b) Network Rail shall make available to the undertaker all information in Network Rail's possession reasonably requested by the undertaker in respect of Network Rail's apparatus identified pursuant to paragraph (a);
 - (c) Network Rail shall allow the undertaker reasonable facilities for the inspection of Network Rail's apparatus identified pursuant to paragraph (a).
- (5) In any case where it is established that EMI can only reasonably be prevented by modifications to Network Rail's apparatus, Network Rail shall not withhold its consent unreasonably to modifications of Network Rail's apparatus, but the means of prevention and the method of their execution shall be selected in Network Rail's reasonable discretion and in relation to such modifications paragraph 3(1) shall have effect subject to this sub-paragraph.
- (6) If at any time prior to the commencement of regular revenue-earning train operations on the new railways comprised in the authorised works and notwithstanding any measures adopted pursuant to subparagraph (3), the testing or commissioning of the authorised works causes EMI then the undertaker shall immediately upon receipt of notification by Network Rail of such EMI either in writing or communicated orally (such oral communication to be confirmed in writing as soon as reasonably practicable after it has been issued) forthwith cease to use (or procure the cessation of use of) the undertaker's apparatus causing such EMI until all measures necessary have been taken to remedy such EMI by way of modification to the source of such EMI or (in the circumstances, and subject to the consent, specified in sub-paragraph (5)) to Network Rail's apparatus.
 - (7) In the event of EMI having occurred:—
 - (a) the undertaker stall afford reasonable facilities to Network Rail for access to the undertaker's apparatus in the investigation of such EMI;
 - (b) Network Rail shall afford reasonable facilities to the undertaker for access to Network Rail's apparatus in the investigation of such EMI; and
 - (c) Network Rail shall make available to the undertaker any additional material information in its possession reasonably requested by the undertaker in respect of Network Rail's apparatus or such EMI.
- (8) Where Network Rail approves modifications to Network Rail's apparatus pursuant to sub-paragraphs (5) or (6):—
 - (a) Network Rail shall allow the undertaker reasonable facilities for the inspection of the relevant part of Network Rail's apparatus;
 - (b) any modifications to Network Rail's apparatus approved pursuant to those sub-paragraphs shall be carried out and completed by the undertaker in accordance with paragraph 4.
- (9) To the extent that it would not otherwise do so, the indemnity in paragraph 14(1) shall apply to the costs and expenses reasonably incurred or losses suffered by Network Rail through the implementation of the provisions of this paragraph (including costs incurred in connection with the consideration of proposals, approval of plans, supervision and inspection of works and facilitating access to Network Rail's apparatus) or in consequence of any EMI to which sub-paragraph (6) applies.
- (10) For the purpose of paragraph 8(a) any modifications to Network Rail's apparatus under this paragraph shall be deemed to be protective works referred to in that paragraph.
- (11) In relation to any dispute arising under this paragraph the reference in article 29 to the Institution of Civil Engineers shall be read as a reference to the Institution of Electrical Engineers.
- 10. If at any time after the completion of an identified work, not being a work vested in Network Rail, Network Rail gives notice to the undertaker informing it that the state of maintenance of an identified work appears to be such as adversely affects the operation of railway property, the undertaker shall, on receipt of such notice, take such steps as may be reasonably necessary to put the identified work in such state of maintenance as not adversely to affect railway property.

- 11. The undertaker shall not provide any illumination or illuminated sign or signal on or in connection with an identified work in the vicinity of any railway belonging to Network Rail unless it shall have first consulted Network Rail and it shall comply with Network Rail's reasonable requirements for preventing confusion between such illumination or illuminated sign or signal and any railway signal or other light used for controlling, directing or securing the safety of traffic on the railway.
- 12. Any additional expenses which Network Rail may reasonably incur in altering, reconstructing or maintaining railway property under any powers existing at the making of this Order by reason of the existence of an identified work shall, provided that 56 days' previous notice of the commencement of such alteration, reconstruction or maintenance has been given to the undertaker, be repaid by the undertaker to Network Rail.
- 13.—(1) The undertaker shall pay to Network Rail all reasonable costs, charges, damages and expenses not otherwise provided for in this Schedule which may be occasioned to or reasonably incurred by Network Rail—
 - (a) by reason of the construction or maintenance of an identified work or the failure thereof; or
 - (b) by reason of any act or omission of the undertaker or of any person in its employ or of its contractors or others whilst engaged upon the identified work;

and the undertaker shall indemnify Network Rail from and against all claims and demands arising out of or in connection with an identified work or any such failure, act or omission; and the fact that any act or thing may have been done by Network Rail on behalf of the undertaker or in accordance with plans approved by the engineer or in accordance with any requirement of the engineer or under his supervision shall not (if it was done without negligence or default on the part of Network Rail or of any person in its employ or of its contractors or agents) excuse the undertaker from any liability under the provisions of this sub-paragraph.

- (2) Network Rail shall give the undertaker reasonable notice of any such claim or demand and no settlement or compromise of such a claim or demand shall be made without the prior consent of the undertaker.
- (3) Any liability of the undertaker under this paragraph or under any other paragraph of this schedule shall be reduced proportionately to the extent to which any costs, charges, damages and expenses are attributable to the neglect or default of Network Rail or of any person in its employ, or of its contractors or agents.
- (4) The sums payable by the undertaker under sub-paragraph (1) shall include a sum equivalent to the relevant costs.
- (5) Subject to the terms of any agreement between Network Rail and a train operator regarding the timing or method of payment of the relevant costs in respect of that train operator, Network Rail shall promptly pay to each train operator the amount of any sums which Network Rail receives under subparagraph (3) which relates to the relevant costs of that train operator.
- (6) The obligation under sub-paragraph (3) to pay Network Rail the relevant costs shall, in the event of default, be enforceable directly by any train operator concerned to the extent that such sums would be payable to that operator pursuant to sub-paragraph (4).
 - (7) In this paragraph—
 - "the relevant costs" means the costs, direct losses and expenses (including loss of revenue) reasonably incurred by each train operator as a consequence of any restriction of the use of Network Rail's railway network as a result of the construction, maintenance or failure of the identified works or any such act or omission as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1).
- 14. In the assessment of any sums payable to Network Rail under this Schedule there shall not be taken into account any increase in the sums claimed that is attributable to any action taken by or any agreement entered into by Network Rail if that action or agreement was not reasonably necessary and was taken or entered into with a view to obtaining the payment of those sums by the undertaker under this Schedule or increasing the sums so payable.
- 15. The provisions of Schedule 6 to this Order shall not apply for the purposes of this Order as respects any rights or apparatus vested in or belonging to Network Rail or as respects any street under the control or management of, or maintainable by, or forming part of a level crossing belonging to, Network Rail or its lessees.
- 16. Nothing in this Schedule shall impose any liability on the undertaker with respect to any damage, cost, expense or loss which is attributable to the neglect or default of Network Rail or its servants or agents.

PROVISIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

- 1.—(1) The following provisions shall apply for the protection of the Environment Agency unless otherwise agreed in writing between the undertaker and the Environment Agency.
 - (2) In this Schedule—
 - "damage" shall include scouring, erosion and environmental damage and "damaged" shall be construed accordingly;
 - "construction" shall include execution, placing, altering, replacing, relaying and removal and "construct" and "constructed" shall be construed accordingly;
 - "drainage work" shall mean any watercourse and includes any land which is expected to provide flood storage capacity for any watercourse and any bank, wall, embankment or other structure, or any appliance, constructed or used for land drainage or flood defence;
 - "the fishery" shall mean any waters containing fish and fish in, or migrating to or from such waters and the spawn, habitat or food of such fish;
 - "plans" shall include sections, drawings, specifications and method statements;
 - "specified work" shall mean so much of any work or operation authorised by this Order as is in, on, under, over or within 16 metres of a watercourse or is otherwise likely to—
 - (a) affect any drainage work or the volumetric rate of flow of water in or flowing to or from any drainage work;
 - (b) affect the flow, purity or quality of water in any watercourse or other surface waters or ground water;
 - (c) cause obstruction to the free passage of fish or damage to any fishery; or
 - (d) affect the conservation, distribution or use of water resources; and
 - "watercourse" shall include all rivers, streams, ditches, drains, cuts, culverts, dykes, sluices, sewers and passages through which water flows (whether or not the flow is intermittent) except a public sewer.
- **2.**—(1) Before beginning to construct any specified work, the undertaker shall submit to the Environment Agency plans of the work and such further particulars available to it as the Environment Agency may within 28 days of the submission of the plans reasonably require.
- (2) Any such specified work shall not be constructed except in accordance with such plans as may be approved in writing by the Environment Agency, or determined under paragraph 12.
 - (3) Any approval of the Environment Agency required under this paragraph—
 - (a) shall not be unreasonably withheld;
 - (b) shall be deemed to have been given if it is neither given nor refused in writing within two months of the submission of the plans for approval and in the case of a refusal, accompanied by a statement of the grounds of refusal; and
 - (c) may be given subject to such reasonable requirements as the Environment Agency may make for the protection of any drainage work or fishery or for the protection of water resources, or for the prevention of flooding or pollution and in the discharge of its environmental and recreational duties.
- 3. Without prejudice to the generality of paragraph 2, the requirements which the Environment Agency may make under that paragraph include conditions requiring the undertaker at its own expense to construct such protective works, whether temporary or permanent, during the construction of the specified works (including the provision of flood banks, walls or embankments or other new works and the strengthening, repair or renewal of existing banks, walls or embankments) as are reasonably necessary—
 - (a) to safeguard any drainage work against damage, or
 - (b) to secure that its efficiency for flood defence purposes is not impaired and that the risk of flooding is not otherwise increased by reason of any specified work.
- **4.**—(1) Any specified work, and all protective works required by the Environment Agency under paragraph 2 shall be constructed—
 - (a) with all reasonable despatch in accordance with the plans approved or deemed to have been approved or settled under this Schedule; and
 - (b) to the reasonable satisfaction of the Environment Agency,
- and the Environment Agency shall be entitled by its officer to watch and inspect the construction of such works.
- (2) The undertaker shall give to the Environment Agency not less than fourteen days' notice in writing of its intention to commence construction of any specified work and notice in writing of its completion not later than seven days after the date on which it is brought into use.

- (3) If any part of the works comprising a structure in, over or under a drainage work is constructed otherwise than in accordance with the requirements of this Schedule, the Environment Agency may by notice in writing require the undertaker, at the undertaker's own expense, to comply with the requirements of this Schedule or (if the undertaker so elects and the Environment Agency in writing consents, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld) to remove, alter or pull down the work and, where removal is required, to restore the site to its former condition to such extent and within such limits as the Environment Agency reasonably requires.
- (4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), if within a reasonable period, being not less than 28 days from the date when a notice under sub-paragraph (3) is served upon the undertaker, it has failed to begin taking steps to comply with the requirements of the notice and thereafter to make reasonably expeditious progress towards their implementation, the Environment Agency may execute the works specified in the notice and any expenditure incurred by it in so doing shall be recoverable from the undertaker.
- (5) In the event of any dispute as to whether sub-paragraph (3) is properly applicable to any work in respect of which a notice has been served under that sub-paragraph, or as to the reasonableness of any requirement of such a notice, the Environment Agency shall not except in emergency exercise the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (4) until the dispute has been finally determined.
- 5.—(1) The undertaker shall from the commencement of the construction of the specified works maintain in good repair and condition and free from obstruction any drainage work which is situated within the limits of deviation or on land held by the undertaker for the purposes of or in connection with the specified works, whether or not the drainage work is constructed under the powers of the Order or is already in existence.
- (2) If any such work which the undertaker is liable to maintain is not maintained to the reasonable satisfaction of the Environment Agency, the Environment Agency may by notice in writing require the undertaker to repair and restore the work, or my part thereof, or (if the undertaker so elects and the Environment Agency in writing consents, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld), to remove the work and restore the site to its former condition, to such extent and within such limits as the Environment Agency reasonably requires.
- (3) If, within a reasonable period being not less than 28 days beginning with the date on which a notice in respect of any work is served under sub-paragraph (2) on the undertaker, the undertaker has failed to begin taking steps to comply with the reasonable requirements of the notice and has not thereafter made reasonably expeditious progress towards their implementation, the Environment Agency may do anything necessary for such compliance and may recover any expenditure reasonably incurred by it in so doing from that person.
- (4) In the event of any dispute as to the reasonableness of any requirement of a notice served under subparagraph (3), the Environment Agency shall not, except in a case of an emergency, exercise the powers of sub-paragraph (3) until the dispute has been finally determined.
- **6.** If by reason of the construction of any specified work or of the failure of any such work the efficiency of any drainage work for flood defence purposes is impaired, or that work is otherwise damaged, such impairment or damage shall be made good by the undertaker to the reasonable satisfaction of the Environment Agency and if the undertaker fails to do so, the Environment Agency may make good the same and recover from the undertaker the expense reasonably incurred by it in so doing.
- 7.—(1) The undertaker shall take all such measures as may be reasonably practicable to prevent any interruption of the free passage of fish in any fishery during the construction of any specified work.
 - (2) If by reason of—
 - (i) the construction of any specified work, or
 - (ii) the failure of any such work,

damage to the fishery is caused, or the Environment Agency has reason to expect that such damage may be caused, the Environment Agency may serve notice on the undertaker requiring it to take such steps as may be reasonably practicable to make good the damage, or, as the case may be, to protect the fishery against such damage.

- (3) If, within such time as may be reasonably practicable for that purpose after the receipt of written notice from the Environment Agency of any damage or expected damage to the fishery, the undertaker fails to take such steps as are described in sub-paragraph (2), the Environment Agency may take those steps and may recover from the undertaker the expense reasonably incurred by it in doing so.
- (4) In any case where immediate action by the Environment Agency is reasonably required in order to secure that the risk of damage to the fishery is avoided or reduced, the Environment Agency may take such steps as are reasonable for the purpose, and may recover from the undertaker the reasonable cost of so doing provided that a notice specifying those steps is served on the undertaker as soon as is reasonably practicable after the Environment Agency has taken, or commenced to take, the steps specified in the notice.

- 8. The undertaker shall indemnify the Environment Agency in respect of all costs, charges and expenses which the Environment Agency may reasonably incur or have to pay or which it may sustain—
 - (a) in the examination or approval of plans under this Schedule;
 - (b) in the inspection of the construction of the specified works or any protective works required by the Environment Agency under this Schedule.
- **9.**—(1) Without prejudice to the other provisions of this Schedule, the undertaker shall indemnify the Environment Agency from all claims, demands, proceedings, costs, damages or expenses or loss, which may be made or taken against, or recovered from or incurred by the Environment Agency by reason of—
 - (a) any damage to any drainage work so as to impair its efficiency for the purposes of flood defence,
 - (b) any damage to the fishery,
 - (c) any raising or lowering of the water table in land adjoining the works authorised by this Order or any sewers, drains and watercourses,
 - (d) any flooding or increased flooding of any such lands, or
 - (e) inadequate water quality in any watercourse or other surface waters or in any groundwater, which is caused by, or results from, the construction of any of the works or any act or omission of the undertaker, its contractors, agents or employees whilst engaged upon the work.
- (2) The Environment Agency shall give to the undertaker reasonable notice of any such claim or demand and no settlement or compromise thereof shall be made without the agreement of the undertaker which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 10. The fact that any work or thing has been executed or done in accordance with a plan approved or deemed to be approved by the Environment Agency, or to its satisfaction, or in accordance with any directions or award of an arbitrator, shall not relieve the undertaker from any liability under the provisions of this Schedule.
- 11. For the purposes of Chapter II of Part II of the Water Resources Act 1991(a) (abstraction and impounding of water) and section 109 of that Act (as to structures in, over or under watercourses) as applying to the construction of any specified work, any consent or approval given or deemed to be given by the Environment Agency under this Schedule with respect to such construction shall be deemed also to constitute an impounding licence under that Chapter or, as the case may be, approval under that section, and the undertaker shall not be obliged to serve any notice which would otherwise be required by section 30 of the said Act of 1991 (which relates to the construction of boreholes and similar works in respect of which a licence is not required).
- 12. Any dispute arising between the undertaker and the Environment Agency under this Schedule (other than a difference as to its meaning or construction) shall, if the parties agree, be determined by arbitration, but shall otherwise be determined by the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the Secretary of State for Transport acting jointly on a reference to them by the undertaker or the Environment Agency, after notice in writing by one to the other.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order authorises Alconbury Developments Limited to construct works to provide rail freight facilities at Alconbury Airfield, in the District of Huntingdonshire, in the County of Cambridgeshire, including railway sidings within the Airfield, bridges and railway connections to the East Coast Main Line for use in relation to an industrial warehousing and distribution development. The Order includes compulsory powers for the acquisition of land and rights in land for the purpose of the authorised works.

A copy of the works plans and deposited sections mentioned in this Order may be inspected free of charge during working hours at the offices of Alconbury Developments Limited, Building 137, North Gate, Alconbury Airfield, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE17 5WX.