

SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 2(2)

LIST OF TREE SPECIES AND ARTIFICIAL HYBRIDS

<i>Abies alba</i> Mill.	<i>Pinus canariensis</i> C.Smith
<i>Abies cephalonica</i> Loud.	<i>Pinus cembra</i> L.
<i>Abies grandis</i> Lindl.	<i>Pinus contorta</i> Loud.
<i>Abies pinsapo</i> Boiss.	<i>Pinus halepensis</i> Mill.
<i>Acer platanoides</i> L.	<i>Pinus leucodermis</i> Antoine
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L.	<i>Pinus nigra</i> Arnold
<i>Alnus glutinosa</i> Gaertn.	<i>Pinus pinaster</i> Ait.
<i>Alnus incana</i> Moench.	<i>Pinus pinea</i> L.
<i>Betula pendula</i> Roth	<i>Pinus radiata</i> D. Don
<i>Betula pubescens</i> Ehrh.	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> L.
<i>Carpinus betulus</i> L.	<i>Prunus avium</i> L.
<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	<i>Populus</i> spp.
<i>Cedrus atlantica</i> Carr.	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> Franco
<i>Cedrus libani</i> A.Richard	<i>Quercus cerris</i> L.
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.	<i>Quercus ilex</i> L.
<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i> Vahl.	<i>Quercus petraea</i> Liebl.
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L.	<i>Quercus pubescens</i> Willd.
<i>Larix decidua</i> Mill.	<i>Quercus robur</i> L.
<i>Larix x eurolepis</i> Henry	<i>Quercus rubra</i> L.
<i>Larix kaempferi</i> Carr.	<i>Quercus suber</i> L.
<i>Larix sibirica</i> Ledeb.	<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> L.
<i>Picea abies</i> Karst.	<i>Tilia cordata</i> Mill.
<i>Picea sitchensis</i> Carr.	<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i> Scop.
<i>Pinus brutia</i> Ten.	

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 4(1)(a)

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE APPROVAL OF BASIC MATERIAL INTENDED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL TO BE CERTIFIED AS “SOURCE-IDENTIFIED”

1. The basic material shall be a seed source or stand located within a single Region of Provenance.
 - (a) (a) The applicant shall inform the Commissioners of the Region of Provenance and the location and the altitude or altitudinal range of the place(s) where the reproductive material is to be collected or otherwise harvested.
 - (b) The applicant shall inform the Commissioners or their authorised officer whether the basic material is:
 - (i) autochthonous;
 - (ii) indigenous;
 - (iii) neither (in which case the origin must be stated if known); or
 - (iv) the origin is unknown.

SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 4(1)(b)

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE APPROVAL OF BASIC MATERIAL INTENDED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL TO BE CERTIFIED AS “SELECTED”

General:

The Commissioners will assess a stand with respect to the purpose specified in the application made under regulation 7(7) to which the reproductive material produced from it is intended to be put (“the specified purpose”). They shall give due weight to such of the criteria for selection set out in paragraphs 1 to 10 below as are appropriate to the specified purpose.

Origin:

1. The Commissioners shall determine either by historical evidence or other appropriate means whether the stand is autochthonous, indigenous or neither (in which case the origin must be established if known), or that the origin is not known.

Isolation:

2. The Commissioners shall be satisfied that stands are situated at a reasonable distance from poor stands of the same species, or from stands of a related species or variety which can form hybrids with the species in respect of which application is made, so as to reduce the chances of the stand’s quality and characteristics being detrimentally affected by such poor stands. The Commissioners shall pay particular attention to this requirement when the stands surrounding autochthonous or indigenous stands are not autochthonous or indigenous or if they are of unknown origin.

Effective Size of the Population:

3. The Commissioners shall be satisfied that stands consist of one or more groups of trees well distributed and sufficiently numerous to ensure adequate inter-pollination. Selected stands

shall consist of a sufficient number and density of individuals on a given area so as to avoid the unfavourable effects of inbreeding.

Age and Development:

4. Stands must consist of trees of such an age or stage of development that the Commissioners may clearly assess them against the criteria given for the selection.

Uniformity:

5. The Commissioners shall be satisfied that stands show a normal degree of individual variation in morphological characters and, when in the Commissioners' judgment it is necessary, inferior trees shall be removed.

Adaptation:

6. Adaptation to the ecological conditions prevailing in the Region of Provenance must be evident to the Commissioners.

Health and Resistance:

7. Trees in stands must in general be free from attacks by damaging organisms and show resistance to any adverse climatic and site conditions in the place where they are growing, except that resistance to damage by pollution need not be demonstrated.

Volume production:

8. For the approval of stands, the Commissioners shall be satisfied that volume production of wood is superior to the accepted mean under similar ecological and management conditions.

Wood Quality:

9. The Commissioners shall take into account the quality of the wood and, if they think fit in any particular case, may regard this as an essential criterion.

Form or Growth Habit:

10. The Commissioners shall be satisfied that trees in stands show particularly good morphological features, especially straightness and circularity of stem, favourable branching habit, small size of branches and good natural pruning. In addition, they shall be satisfied that the proportion of forked trees and those showing spiral grain is low.

SCHEDULE 4

Regulation 4(1)(c)

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE APPROVAL OF
BASIC MATERIAL INTENDED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF
REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL TO BE CERTIFIED AS "QUALIFIED"

Seed Orchards

- (a) (a) The Commissioners shall approve the type, objective, crossing design and field layout, components, isolation and location of the seed orchard.

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- (b) The component clones or families shall be selected for their outstanding characters and the Commissioners shall assess them in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 1 to 10 of Schedule 3, giving particular weight to those requirements set out in paragraphs 4 and 6 to 10.
- (c) The component clones or families shall be planted according to a plan approved by the Commissioners and shall be established in such a way that each component can be identified.
- (d) In the case of a seed orchard intended for the production of an artificial hybrid, the percentage of hybrids in the reproductive material must be determined by a verification test the methodology of which shall be approved in writing by the Commissioners.

Parents of Family

- (a) (a) The Commissioners shall be satisfied that the parents shall be selected either for their combining ability, or for their outstanding characters as assessed by them in accordance with paragraphs 1 to 10 of Schedule 3, giving particular weight to the requirements of paragraphs 4 and 6 to 10 of that Schedule.
- (b) The Commissioners shall approve the objective, crossing design and pollination system, components, isolation and location of the parents.
- (c) The identity, number and proportion of the parents in a combination must be notified to the Commissioners when the application is made under regulation 7(7) and the Commissioners' approval of these features shall be obtained before the parents may be approved.
- (d) In the case of parents intended for the production of an artificial hybrid, the percentage of hybrids in the reproductive material must be determined by a verification test the methodology of which shall be approved in writing by the Commissioners.

Clones

- (a) (a) Clones shall be identifiable by distinctive characters which must be notified to the Commissioners in the application referred to in regulation 7(7) and must be approved by the Commissioners if the basic material is itself to be approved.
- (b) The superiority of individual clones shall be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Commissioners by the established use in forestry practice of the clones, or from the results of experimentation which is in the Commissioners' view of sufficient duration to be a reliable indication of the individual clone's characters.
- (c) The Commissioners shall be satisfied that ortets used for the production of clones shall be selected for their outstanding characters as judged by the Commissioners in accordance with such of the requirements of paragraphs 1 to 10 of Schedule 3 as apply to ortets, with particular weight being given to the requirements of paragraphs 4 and 6 to 10 of that Schedule.

Clonal Mixtures

- (a) (a) Clonal mixtures shall meet the requirements of points 3(a), 3(b) and 3(c) above.
- (b) The identity, number and proportion of the component clones in a clonal mixture, and information as to the selection method and foundation stock must be notified to the Commissioners when the application is made under regulation 7(7) and the Commissioners shall be satisfied as to the suitability of these features.

- (c) The Commissioners shall be satisfied that any clonal mixture for which approval is given is genetically diverse.

SCHEDULE 5

Regulation 4(1)(d)

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE APPROVAL OF BASIC MATERIAL INTENDED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL TO BE CERTIFIED AS “TESTED”

Requirements for all tests

- (a) (a) General

The basic material must satisfy the requirements of Schedules 3 or 4 which are relevant to the type of basic material. Tests set up for the approval of basic material are to be prepared, laid out, conducted and their results interpreted in accordance with internationally recognised procedures, which the provisions of paragraph (e) require shall be approved by the Commissioners in writing. For comparative tests, the reproductive material under test must be compared with one or preferably several standards approved by the Commissioners or the standards set out in paragraph 3(b) below.
- (b) Characters to be examined
 - (i) The Commissioners shall be satisfied that tests relied on by an applicant seeking approval under regulation 7(7) are designed in such a way as to assess specific characters, which must be indicated for each test.
 - (ii) Weight shall be given in the testing process to adaptation, growth, biotic and abiotic factors of importance. In addition, the Commissioners shall be satisfied that other characters which are important in light of the specified purpose, have been evaluated in relation to the ecological conditions of the region in which the test is carried out.
- (c) Documentation

The age of the material and results at the time of the evaluation must be notified to the Commissioners.
- (d) Setting up the tests
 - (i) Each sample of reproductive material shall be raised, planted and managed in an identical way as far as the types of plant material permit.
 - (ii) Each experiment must be established in a valid statistical design with a sufficient number of trees in order that the individual characteristics of each component under examination can be evaluated. The statistical design shall be approved by the Commissioners in writing.
- (e) Analysis and validity of results
 - (i) The data from experiments must be analysed using statistical methods, which the Commissioners are satisfied are internationally recognised, and which they shall approve in writing; and results shall be presented to the Commissioners for each character examined.
 - (ii) The methodology used for the test and the detailed results obtained shall be made freely available by the applicant to the public on request and payment of reasonable copying and postage charges.

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- (iii) An applicant seeking approval under regulation 7(7) shall inform the Commissioners of the likely region of adaptation within the country in which the test was carried out and information as to any characteristics which might limit the usefulness of the material must also be provided to the Commissioners.
- (iv) If during tests it is proved that the reproductive material produced from the basic material the subject of the application under regulation 7(7) does not possess the characteristics of the basic material, or similar resistance of the basic material to plant pests within the meaning of the Plant Health Act 1967(1) and any other harmful organisms which may have an undesirable economic impact, then such reproductive material shall be eliminated from further comparative testing.

Requirements for genetic evaluation of components of basic material

- (a) (a) Only the components of the following basic material may be genetically evaluated: seed orchards, parents of family, clones and clonal mixtures.
- (b) Documentation
 - The following additional documentation is required for approval of the basic material:
 - (i) evidence or a statement of the identity, origin and pedigree of the evaluated components; and
 - (ii) evidence or a statement or plan of the crossing design used to produce the reproductive material used in the evaluation tests.
- (c) Test procedures
 - The following requirements must be met:
 - (i) the genetic value of each component must be estimated in two or more evaluation test-sites, at least one of which must be in an environment relevant to the proposed specified use of the reproductive material;
 - (ii) the estimated superiority of the reproductive material to be marketed shall be calculated on the basis of these genetic values and the specific crossing design; and
 - (iii) evaluation tests and genetic calculations must be approved in writing by the Commissioners.
- (d) Interpretation
 - (i) The estimated superiority of the reproductive material shall be calculated against a reference population for a character or set of characters.
 - (ii) The applicant seeking approval under regulation 7(7) shall advise the Commissioners whether the estimated genetic value of the reproductive material is inferior to the reference population for any important character.

Requirements for comparative testing of reproductive material

- (a) (a) Sampling of the reproductive material
 - (i) The sample of the reproductive material for comparative testing must be truly representative of the reproductive material derived from the basic material to be approved.
 - (ii) Sexually produced reproductive material for comparative testing shall be:

(1) 1967, c. 8.

- harvested by methods that ensure that the samples obtained are representative;
- harvested in years of good flowering and good fruit or seed production, and
- in any event may be produced by artificial pollination.

(b) Standards

- (i) The performance of standards used for comparative purposes in comparative tests should if possible have been known in the region in which the test is to be carried out over a sufficiently long period to enable their use as a standard, namely, they shall represent, in principle, material that has been shown useful for forestry at the time that the test starts, and in ecological conditions for which it is proposed to certify the material. They should come as far as possible from stands selected according to the criteria in Schedule 3 or from basic material approved by the Commissioners or another official body for production of tested material.
- (ii) For comparative testing of artificial hybrids, both parent species shall, if it is practically possible, be included among the standards.
- (iii) Whenever possible several standards are to be used. When necessary and justified, standards may be replaced by the most suitable of the material under test or the mean of the components of the test.
- (iv) The same standards will be used in all tests over as wide a range of site conditions as possible.

(c) Interpretation

- (i) A statistically significant superiority as compared with the standards must be demonstrated for at least one important character.
- (ii) The applicant under regulation 7(7) shall clearly report in his application for approval if there are any characters of economic or environmental importance which show significantly inferior results to the standards; and the Commissioners must be satisfied before approving the basic material that the effect of these inferior qualities is compensated for by other favourable characters.

Conditional approval

4. The requirements of this Schedule are subject to the discretion of the Commissioners to grant conditional approval under regulation 7(2).

Early tests

5. Nursery, greenhouse and laboratory tests may be accepted by the Commissioners for approval or for conditional approval if they are satisfied that there is a close correlation between the measured trait and the characters which would normally be assessed in forest stage tests. Other characters to be tested must meet the requirements set out in paragraph 3.

SCHEDULE 6

Regulation 13(7)

MODEL MASTER CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY FOR REPRODUCTIVE
MATERIAL DERIVED FROM SEED SOURCES AND STANDS
(Certificate must contain all the information outlined below, and in the exact format)

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

ISSUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIVE 1999/105/EC

MEMBER STATE:	CERTIFICATE No EC:/(MEMBER STATE CODE)/ (No).....
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It is certified that the forest reproductive material described below has been produced:

in accordance with the EC Directive
 reproductive material under transitional arrangements

1. Botanical name:

2. Nature of reproductive material:	
Seed unit	<input type="checkbox"/>
Part of plants	<input type="checkbox"/>
Planting stock	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Category of reproductive material	
Source-identified	<input type="checkbox"/>
Selected	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tested	<input type="checkbox"/>

4. Type of basic material:	
Seed source	<input type="checkbox"/>
Stand	<input type="checkbox"/>

5. Purpose:

6. Country register reference or identity of basic material in National register:
/Mixture:

7. Autochthonous Not autochthonous Unknown
 Indigenous Not indigenous

8. Origin of basic material (for material which is not autochthonous or indigenous, if known):.....

9. Country and Region of provenance of basic material:.....
 Provenance (Short title, if appropriate):.....

10. Altitude or altitudinal range of site of basic material:

11. Year in which seeds ripened:

12. Quantity of reproductive material:

13. Is the material covered by this certificate the result of a subdivision of a larger lot covered by a previous EC Certificate?		Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Previous certificate number.....		Quantity in initial lot	

14. Length of time in nursery:
.....

15. Has there been subsequent vegetative propagation of material derived from seed? Yes No

Method of propagation..... Number of cycles of propagation

16. Other relevant information:

17. Name and address of supplier

Name and Address of Official Body:

Stamp of Official Body:
Date:

Name of Responsible Officer:
Signature:

SCHEDULE 7

Regulation 13(7)

MODEL MASTER CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY FOR REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL DERIVED FROM SEED ORCHARDS OR PARENTS OF FAMILY
(Certificate must contain all the information outlined below, and in the exact format)

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

ISSUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIVE 1999/105/EC

MEMBER STATE:	CERTIFICATE No EC:/(MEMBER STATE CODE)/ (No.).....
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It is certified that the forest reproductive material described below has been produced:

in accordance with the EC Directive
 under transitional arrangements

1. (a) Botanical name:
 (b) Name of basic material (as mentioned in the catalogue):.....

2. Nature of reproductive material:	
Seed unit	<input type="checkbox"/>
Part of plants	<input type="checkbox"/>
Planting stock	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Category of reproductive material	
Qualified	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tested	<input type="checkbox"/>

4. Type of basic material:	
Seed orchard	<input type="checkbox"/>
Parent of family(ies)	<input type="checkbox"/>

5. Purpose:.....

6. Country register reference or identity of basic material in National register:

7. (if appropriate) Autochthonous Not autochthonous Unknown
 Indigenous Not indigenous

8. Origin of basic material (for material which is not autochthonous or indigenous, if known):.....

9. Country and Region of provenance or location of basic material:

Provenance (Short title):

10. Seed derived from:	open pollination	<input type="checkbox"/>
	supplemental pollination	<input type="checkbox"/>
	controlled pollination	<input type="checkbox"/>

11. Year in which seeds ripened:

12. Quantity of reproductive material:.....

13. Is the material covered by this certificate the result of a subdivision of a larger lot covered by a previous EC Certificate?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Previous certificate number..... Quantity in initial lot		

14. Length of time in nursery:	15. Number of components represented: Families Clones.....	
16. Altitude or altitudinal range of site of basic material:		
17. Has genetic modification been used in the production of the basic material? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
18. For reproductive material derived from parents of family(ies): Crossing design Range of percentage composition of component families.....		
19. Has there been subsequent vegetative propagation of material derived from seed? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Method of propagation Number of cycles of propagation.....		
20. Other relevant information:		
21. Name and address of supplier		
Name and Address of Official Body:	Stamp of Official Body: Date:	Name of Responsible Officer: Signature:

SCHEDULE 8

Regulation 13(7)

MODEL MASTER CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY FOR REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL DERIVED FROM CLONES AND CLONAL MIXTURES
(Certificate must contain all the information outlined below, and in the exact format)

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

ISSUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIVE 1999/105/EC

MEMBER STATE:	CERTIFICATE No EC:/(MEMBER STATE CODE)/(No).....
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It is certified that the forest reproductive material described below has been produced:

in accordance with the EC Directive
 under transitional arrangements

1. (a) Botanical name:
 (b) Name of clone or clonal mixture:.....

2. Nature of reproductive material:	
Part of plants	<input type="checkbox"/>
Planting stock	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Category of reproductive material	
Qualified	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tested	<input type="checkbox"/>

4. Type of basic material:	
Clones	<input type="checkbox"/>
Clonal mixture	<input type="checkbox"/>

5. Purpose:

6. Country register reference or identity of basic material in National register:

7. (if appropriate) Autochthonous Not autochthonous Unknown
 Indigenous Not indigenous

8. Origin of basic material (for material which is not autochthonous or indigenous, if known):.....

.....

9. Country and Region of provenance or location of basic material:.....

Provenance (Short title):.....

10. Has genetic modification been used in the production of the basic material? Yes No

11. (a) Method of propagation
(b) Number of cycles of propagation.....

12. Quantity of reproductive material:

13. Is the material covered by this certificate the result of a subdivision of a larger lot covered by a previous EC Certificate? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Previous certificate numberQuantity in initial lot

14. Length of time in nursery:.....
.....

15. For clonal mixtures: Number of clones in mixture Range of percentage composition of component clones
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16. Other relevant information:.....

17. Name and address of supplier

Name and Address of Official Body:

Stamp of Official Body:
Date:

Name of Responsible Officer:
Signature:

SCHEDULE 9

Regulation 17(10)

REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTERNAL QUALITY STANDARDS FOR
POPULUS SPP. PROPAGATED BY STEM CUTTINGS OR SETS

Stem cuttings

- (a) (a) Stem cuttings shall not be considered to be of fair marketable quality if any of the following defects exist:
 - (i) their wood is more than two years old;
 - (ii) they have less than two well formed buds;
 - (iii) they are affected by necroses or show damage by harmful organisms;
 - (iv) they show signs of desiccation, overheating, mould or decay.
- (b) Minimum dimensions for stem cuttings–
 - minimum length: 20 cm,
 - minimum top diameter:
 - Class EC 1: 8 mm
 - Class EC 2: 10 mm.

Sets

- (a) (a) Sets shall not be considered to be of fair marketable quality if any of the following defects exist:
 - (i) their wood is more than three years old;
 - (ii) they have less than five well formed buds;
 - (iii) they are affected by necroses or show damage by harmful organisms;
 - (iv) they show signs of desiccation, overheating, mould or decay;
 - (v) they have injuries other than pruning cuts;
 - (vi) they have multiple stems;

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(vii) they have excessive stem curvature.

(b) Size classes for sets

<i>Class</i>	<i>Minimum diameter (mm) at mid-length</i>	<i>Minimum height (m)</i>
Non-Mediterranean regions		
N1	6	1.5
N2	15	3.00
Mediterranean regions		
S1	25	3.00
S2	30	4.00

SCHEDULE 10

Regulation 17(12)

REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST BE MET BY PLANTING STOCK WHICH IS TO BE MARKETED TO THE END-USER IN THE MEDITERRANEAN CLIMATIC REGION

Planting stock shall not be marketed unless 95 per cent of each lot is of fair marketable quality and the requirements and specifications of paragraphs 1 to 3 of this Schedule are met.

1. Planting stock shall not be considered to be of fair marketable quality if any of the following defects exist:

- (a) injuries other than pruning cuts or injuries due to damage when lifting;
- (b) lack of buds with the potential to form a leading shoot;
- (c) multiple stems;
- (d) deformed root system;
- (e) signs of desiccation, overheating, mould, decay or other harmful organisms;
- (f) the plants are not well balanced.

2. Size of the plants:

<i>Species</i>	<i>Maximum age (years)</i>	<i>Minimum height (cm)</i>	<i>Maximum height (cm)</i>	<i>Minimum root collar diameter (mm)</i>
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	1	8	25	2
	2	12	40	3
<i>Pinus leucodermis</i>	1	8	25	2
	2	10	35	3
<i>Pinus nigra</i>	1	8	15	2
	2	10	20	3
<i>Pinus pinaster</i>	1	7	30	2

<i>Species</i>	<i>Maximum age (years)</i>	<i>Minimum height (cm)</i>	<i>Maximum height (cm)</i>	<i>Minimum root collar diameter (mm)</i>
	2	15	45	3
<i>Pinus pinea</i>	1	10	30	3
	2	15	40	4
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	1	8	30	2
	2	15	50	3
<i>Quercus suber</i>	1	13	60	3

3. Size of the container, where used:

<i>Species</i>	<i>Minimum volume of the container (cm³)</i>
<i>Pinus pinaster</i>	120
Other species	200

SCHEDULE 11

Regulation 19(4)

SMALL QUANTITIES OF SEEDS WHICH MAY BE MARKETED WITHOUT FULFILLING THE REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATION 19(2)(b) AND (d) (Listed by species)

CONIFERS		small quantity
<i>Abies alba</i>	Mill.	1,200 g
<i>Abies cephalonica</i>	Loud.	1,800 g
<i>Abies grandis</i>	Lindl.	500 g
<i>Abies pinsapo</i>	Boiss.	1,600 g
<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>	Carr.	2,000 g
<i>Cedrus libani</i>	A.Richard	2,000 g
<i>Larix decidua</i>	Mill.	170 g
<i>Larix x eurolepis</i>	Henry	160 g
<i>Larix kaempferi</i>	Carr.	100 g
<i>Larix sibirica</i>	Ledeb.	100 g
<i>Picea abies</i>	Karst.	200 g
<i>Picea sitchensis</i>	Carr.	60 g
<i>Pinus brutia</i>	Ten.	500 g
<i>Pinus canariensis</i>	C.Smith	300 g
<i>Pinus cembra</i>	Linne	7,000 g

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CONIFERS		small quantity
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Loud.	90 g
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Mill.	500 g
<i>Pinus leudodermis</i>	Antoine	600 g
<i>Pinus nigra</i>	Arnold	500 g
<i>Pinus pinaster</i>	Ait.	1,200 g
<i>Pinus pinea</i>	L.	10,000 g
<i>Pinus radiata</i>	D.Don	800 g
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	L.	200 g
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Franco	300 g
BROAD LEAVED SPECIES		
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	L.	3,500 g
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	L.	3,000 g
<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Gaertn.	40 g
<i>Alnus incana</i>	Moench.	20 g
<i>Betula pendula</i>	Roth	50 g
<i>Betula pubescens</i>	Ehrh.	50 g
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	L.	2,500 g
<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Mill.	45,000 g
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	L.	6,000 g
<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Vahl.	2,000 g
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	L.	2,000 g
<i>Populus spp.</i>		20 g
<i>Prunus avium</i>	L.	4,500 g
<i>Quercus spp.</i>	L.	40,000 g
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	L.	500 g
<i>Tilia cordata</i>	Mill.	900 g
<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	Scop.	2,500 g

SCHEDULE 12

Regulation 28(2)

FORM OF CERTIFICATE TO BE GIVEN BY AUTHORISED OFFICER
UPON TAKING SAMPLES PURSUANT TO REGULATION 28(2)
THE FOREST REPRODUCTIVE MATERIAL (GREAT BRITAIN) REGULATIONS 2002

Name

Address

.....

1. Species:.....

2. Quantity from which sample is taken:.....

3. The number(s) of any of the following documents which have been issued in respect of the material from which the sample is taken:

● the Master Certificate:

● the supplier's label or document:

4. Any reference number by which the supplier identifies the lot from which the sample is taken:

.....

5. In the case of seed not covered by the Master Certificate, the place of provenance and altitude:

.....

6. Date of sampling:

.....

7. Sampler's reference number:

I certify that in taking the sample referred to above I used the following method of sampling: ...

.....

(Signed)

Date