STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2002 No. 1559

The Landfill (England and Wales) Regulations 2002

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Citation, commencement and extent

- 1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Landfill (England and Wales) Regulations 2002.
- (2) These Regulations shall come into force on 15th June 2002 except for regulation 19(1) which shall come into force on 31st August 2002.
 - (3) These Regulations extend to England and Wales only.

Interpretation

- 2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - "the 2000 Regulations" means the Pollution Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations 2000(1);
 - "biodegradable waste" means any waste that is capable of undergoing anaerobic or aerobic decomposition, such as food or garden waste and paper and cardboard;
 - "hazardous waste" has the meaning given by regulation 7(2);
 - "holder" means the producer of waste or the person who is in possession of it;
 - "inert waste" has the meaning given by regulation 7(4);
 - "landfill" means a landfill to which these Regulations apply (see regulations 3 and 4);
 - "landfill gas" means any gas generated from landfilled waste;
 - "landfill permit" has the meaning given by regulation 6(2);
 - "leachate" means any liquid percolating through deposited waste and emitted from or contained within a landfill;
 - "municipal waste" means waste from households as well as other waste which because of its nature or composition is similar to waste from households;
 - "non-hazardous waste" has the meaning given by regulation 7(3);
 - "operator" has the meaning given by regulation 2(1) and (2) of the 2000 Regulations;
 - "relevant authorisation" means, in relation to a landfill, the landfill permit or waste management licence for the time being in force in relation to the landfill;
 - "relevant waste acceptance criteria" means, in relation to a landfill, the waste acceptance criteria set out in Schedule 1 which apply to the class of landfill to which that landfill belongs;

"treatment" means physical, thermal, chemical or biological processes (including sorting) that change the characteristics of waste in order to reduce its volume or hazardous nature, facilitate its handling or enhance recovery;

"waste" means controlled waste within the meaning of section 75(4) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990(2);

"waste management licence" means a waste management licence within the meaning of Part II of the Environmental Protection Act 1990; and

other expressions used in these Regulations which are also used in Directive 99/31/EC on the landfill of waste(3) shall have the same meaning as in that Directive.

Application of regulations

- **3.**—(1) Subject to regulation 4, these Regulations apply to landfills.
- (2) Subject to paragraphs (3) and (4), for the purposes of this regulation, a landfill is a waste disposal site for the deposit of the waste onto or into land.
 - (3) Landfills include—
 - (a) subject to paragraph (4), any site which is used for more than a year for the temporary storage of waste; and
 - (b) any internal waste disposal site, that is to say a site where a producer of waste is carrying out its own waste disposal at the place of production.
 - (4) Landfills do not include—
 - (a) any facility where waste is unloaded in order to permit its preparation for further transport for recovery, treatment or disposal elsewhere;
 - (b) any site where waste is stored as a general rule for a period of less than three years prior to recovery or treatment; or
 - (c) any site where waste is stored for a period of less than one year prior to disposal.

Cases where regulations do not apply

- 4. These Regulations do not apply to—
 - (a) the spreading of sludges (including sewage sludges and sludges resulting from dredging operations) and similar matter on the soil for the purposes of fertilisation or improvement;
 - (b) the use of suitable inert waste for redevelopment, restoration and filling-in work or for construction purposes;
 - (c) the deposit of—
 - (i) non-hazardous dredging sludges along the bank or towpath of a waterway from which they have been dredged where that activity falls within the exemption from waste management licensing in paragraph 25 of Schedule 3 to the Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994(4);
 - (ii) non-hazardous sludges in surface waters, including the bed and its sub-soil; or
 - (d) any landfill which finally ceased to accept waste for disposal before 16th July 2001.

^{(2) 1990} c. 43 and *see* regulation 7A of S.I. 1992/588 as amended by S.I. 1993/566, regulations 1 and 24(8) of, and paragraph 9 of Schedule 4 to, S.I. 1994/1056 and the prospective amendments made to section 75 by paragraph 88 of Schedule 22 to the Environment Act 1995 (c. 25).

⁽³⁾ OJNo. L182, 16.7.1999, p.1; the Directive was designated by S.I. 2001/3585 as a relevant directive for the purposes of paragraph 20(2)(c) of Schedule 1 to the 1999 Act.

⁽⁴⁾ S.I. 1994/1056; relevant amendments were made by S.I. 1995/288.

Location

5. A planning permission under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990(**5**) may be granted for a landfill only if the requirements of paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 2 to these Regulations have been taken into consideration.

Extension of categories of landfill subject to the 2000 Regulations etc.

- **6.**—(1) At the end of Part A(1) of Section 5.2 in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the 2000 Regulations (disposal of waste by landfill) insert—
 - "(b) The disposal of waste in any other landfill to which the 2002 Regulations apply."
- (2) In these Regulations "landfill permit" means the permit which is required by the 2000 Regulations for the carrying out of the disposal of waste in a landfill.
 - (3) Regulations 11 and 12(1) to (11) and (14) of the 2000 Regulations shall not apply to landfills.
- (4) Paragraph 5(b) in Part 1 of Schedule 4, and paragraph 4(8)(b) in Part 2 of Schedule 7 to the 2000 Regulations (requirement to advertise in the London Gazette), shall not apply to landfills falling within paragraph (b) of Part A(1) of Section 5.2 in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to those Regulations.