

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1998 No. 3132

The Civil Procedure Rules 1998

PART 31

DISCLOSURE AND INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** Pt. 31 applied (with modifications) (5.4.2010) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2010 \(S.I. 2010/60\)](#), Preamble, [rule 61.9](#) (with rule 2)
- C2** Pt. 31 applied (with modifications) (30.6.2011) by [The Investment Bank Special Administration \(England and Wales\) Rules 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1301\)](#), rules 2, [230](#), 251 (with rule 5)
- C3** Pt. 31 excluded (30.6.2011) by [The Investment Bank Special Administration \(England and Wales\) Rules 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1301\)](#), rules 2, [55\(12\)](#) (with rule 5)
- C4** Pt. 31 excluded (30.6.2011) by [The Investment Bank Special Administration \(England and Wales\) Rules 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1301\)](#), rules 2, [60\(11\)](#) (with rule 5)
- C5** Pt. 31 modified (3.10.2011) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1709\)](#), Preamble, [rule 61.9](#)
- C6** Pt. 31 modified (1.10.2012) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2012 \(S.I. 2012/1726\)](#), [rule 61.9\(3\)](#)
- C7** Pt. 31 excluded (7.6.2013) by [The Energy Supply Company Administration Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/1046\)](#), rules 1, [17\(10\)](#) (with rules 3, 208)
- C8** Pt. 31 excluded (7.6.2013) by [The Energy Supply Company Administration Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/1046\)](#), rules 1, [21\(10\)](#) (with rules 3, 208)
- C9** Pt. 31 modified (7.10.2013) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/1554\)](#), [rule 61.9\(3\)](#) (with rule 2.1)
- C10** Pt. 31 excluded (31.1.2014) by [The Postal Administration Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/3208\)](#), rules 1, [21\(10\)](#) (with rules 3, 210)
- C11** Pt. 31 excluded (31.1.2014) by [The Postal Administration Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/3208\)](#), rules 1, [17\(10\)](#) (with rules 3, 210)
- C12** Pt. 31 modified (6.10.2014) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2014 \(S.I. 2014/1610\)](#), [rule 61.9\(3\)](#) (with rule 2.1)
- C13** Pt. 31 modified (5.10.2015) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2015 \(S.I. 2015/1490\)](#), [rule 33.40\(3\)](#)
- C14** Pt. 31 excluded (5.7.2018) by [The Housing Administration \(England and Wales\) Rules 2018 \(S.I. 2018/719\)](#), rules 1.1, [3.34\(1\)](#) (with rule 1.2)
- C15** Pt. 31 excluded (31.1.2019) by [The Education Administration Rules 2018 \(S.I. 2018/1135\)](#), rules 1, [3.34\(1\)](#) (with rule 1.2)
- C16** Pt. 31 excluded (1.8.2020) by [The Smart Meter Communication Licensee Administration \(England and Wales\) Rules 2020 \(S.I. 2020/629\)](#), rules 1, [18\(11\)](#), [24\(11\)](#) (with rule 4(1))
- C17** Pt. 31 modified (5.10.2020) by [The Criminal Procedure Rules 2020 \(S.I. 2020/759\)](#), [rule 33.40\(3\)](#)
- C18** Pt. 31 excluded (12.11.2021) by [The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency \(England and Wales\) Rules 2021 \(S.I. 2021/1178\)](#), rules 2, [27\(10\)](#)
- C19** Pt. 31 applied (with modifications) (12.11.2021) by [The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency \(England and Wales\) Rules 2021 \(S.I. 2021/1178\)](#), rules 2, [187](#), 192, 213

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the
The Civil Procedure Rules 1998, PART 31. (See end of Document for details)

- C20** Pt. 31 excluded (12.11.2021) by [The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency \(England and Wales\) Rules 2021 \(S.I. 2021/1178\)](#), rules 2, **22(11)**
- C21** Pt. 31 excluded (18.7.2023) by [The Relevant Licensee Nuclear Company Administration \(England and Wales\) Rules 2023 \(S.I. 2023/712\)](#), rules 1(2)(a), **18(12)**, **24(11)** (with rule 2)

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Scope of this Part

- 31.1.—(1) This Part sets out rules about the disclosure and inspection of documents.
- (2) This Part applies to all claims except a claim on the small claims track.

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Commencement Information

I1 [Rule 31.1](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Meaning of disclosure

31.2 A party discloses a document by stating that the document exists or has existed.

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Commencement Information

I2 [Rule 31.2](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Right of inspection of a disclosed document

31.3.—(1) A party to whom a document has been disclosed has a right to inspect that document except where—

- (a) the document is no longer in the control of the party who disclosed it;
- (b) the party disclosing the document has a right or a duty to withhold inspection of it; [^{F2}or]
- (c) paragraph (2) applies ; ^{F3}...
- ^{F4}(d)

(Rule 31.8 sets out when a document is in the control of a party)

(Rule 31.19 sets out the procedure for claiming a right or duty to withhold inspection)

^{F5} ...

31.3.—(2) Where a party considers that it would be disproportionate to the issues in the case to permit inspection of documents within a category or class of document disclosed under rule 31.6(b) —

- (a) he is not required to permit inspection of documents within that category or class; but
- (b) he must state in his disclosure statement that inspection of those documents will not be permitted on the grounds that to do so would be disproportionate.

(Rule 31.6 provides for standard disclosure)

(Rule 31.10 makes provision for a disclosure statement)

(Rule 31.12 provides for a party to apply for an order for specific inspection of documents)

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Textual Amendments

F2 Word in rule 31.3(1)(b) inserted (31.12.2020) by [The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019](#) (S.I. 2019/521), regs. 1(1), **10(2)(a)(i)** (with reg. 22) (as amended by S.I. 2020/1493, regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the
The Civil Procedure Rules 1998, PART 31. (See end of Document for details)*

- F3** Word in rule 31.3(1)(c) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/521\)](#), regs. 1(1), **10(2)(a)(ii)** (with reg. 22) (as amended by [S.I. 2020/1493](#), regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))
- F4** Rule 31.3(1)(d) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/521\)](#), regs. 1(1), **10(2)(a)(iii)** (with reg. 22) (as amended by [S.I. 2020/1493](#), regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))
- F5** Words in rule 31.3(1) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/521\)](#), regs. 1(1), **10(2)(b)** (with reg. 22) (as amended by [S.I. 2020/1493](#), regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))

Commencement Information

- I3** [Rule 31.3](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Meaning of document

31.4 In this Part—

“document” means anything in which information of any description is recorded; and
“copy”, in relation to a document, means anything onto which information recorded in the document has been copied, by whatever means and whether directly or indirectly.

Commencement Information

- I4** [Rule 31.4](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Disclosure ^{F6}...

31.5.—^{F7}(1)

(2) Unless the court otherwise orders, paragraphs (3) to (8) apply to all [^{F8}intermediate and] multi-track claims, other than those which include a claim for personal injuries.

(3) Not less than 14 days before the first case management conference [^{F9}, if any,] each party must file and serve a report verified by a statement of truth, which—

- (a) describes briefly what documents exist or may exist that are or may be relevant to the matters in issue in the case;
- (b) describes where and with whom those documents are or may be located;
- (c) in the case of electronic documents, describes how those documents are stored;
- (d) estimates the broad range of costs that could be involved in giving standard disclosure in the case, including the costs of searching for and disclosing any electronically stored documents; and
- (e) states which of the directions under paragraphs (7) or (8) are to be sought.

(4) In cases where the Electronic Documents Questionnaire has been exchanged, the Questionnaire should be filed with the report required by paragraph (3).

(5) Not less than seven days before the first case management conference, and on any other occasion as the court may direct, the parties must, at a meeting or by telephone, discuss and seek to agree a proposal in relation to disclosure that meets the overriding objective.

(6) If—

- (a) the parties agree proposals for the scope of disclosure; and

(b) the court considers that the proposals are appropriate in all the circumstances, the court may approve them without a hearing and give directions in the terms proposed.

(7) At the first or any subsequent case management conference, the court will decide, having regard to the overriding objective and the need to limit disclosure to that which is necessary to deal with the case justly, which of the following orders to make in relation to disclosure—

- (a) an order dispensing with disclosure;
- (b) an order that a party disclose the documents on which it relies, and at the same time request any specific disclosure it requires from any other party;
- (c) an order that directs, where practicable, the disclosure to be given by each party on an issue by issue basis;
- (d) an order that each party disclose any documents which it is reasonable to suppose may contain information which enables that party to advance its own case or to damage that of any other party, or which leads to an enquiry which has either of those consequences;
- (e) an order that a party give standard disclosure;
- (f) any other order in relation to disclosure that the court considers appropriate.

(8) The court may at any point give directions as to how disclosure is to be given, and in particular—

- (a) what searches are to be undertaken, of where, for what, in respect of which time periods and by whom and the extent of any search for electronically stored documents;
- (b) whether lists of documents are required;
- (c) how and when the disclosure statement is to be given;
- (d) in what format documents are to be disclosed (and whether any identification is required);
- (e) what is required in relation to documents that once existed but no longer exist; and
- (f) whether disclosure shall take place in stages.

(9) To the extent that the documents to be disclosed are electronic, the provisions of Practice Direction 31B – Disclosure of Electronic Documents will apply in addition to paragraphs (3) to (8).

(The court may make an order requiring standard disclosure under rule 28.3 which deals with directions in relation to cases on the fast track and under rule 29.2 which deals with case management in relation to cases on the multi-track)

Textual Amendments

- F6** Words in rule 31.5 heading omitted (1.10.2013) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No.7\) Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/1974\)](#), rules 2, **13**
- F7** [Rule 31.5\(1\)](#) omitted (6.4.2024) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment\) Rules 2024 \(S.I. 2024/106\)](#), rules 1(1), **8(a)**
- F8** Words in [rule 31.5\(2\)](#) inserted (6.4.2024) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment\) Rules 2024 \(S.I. 2024/106\)](#), rules 1(1), **8(b)**
- F9** Words in [rule 31.5\(3\)](#) inserted (6.4.2024) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment\) Rules 2024 \(S.I. 2024/106\)](#), rules 1(1), **8(c)**

Commencement Information

- I5** [Rule 31.5](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Standard disclosure—what documents are to be disclosed

31.6 Standard disclosure requires a party to disclose only—

- (a) the documents on which he relies; and
- (b) the documents which—
 - (i) adversely affect his own case;
 - (ii) adversely affect another party’s case; or
 - (iii) support another party’s case; and
- (c) the documents which he is required to disclose by a relevant practice direction.

Commencement Information

I6 [Rule 31.6](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Duty of search

31.7.—(1) When giving standard disclosure, a party is required to make a reasonable search for documents falling within rule 31.6(b) or (c).

(2) The factors relevant in deciding the reasonableness of a search include the following—

- (a) the number of documents involved;
- (b) the nature and complexity of the proceedings;
- (c) the ease and expense of retrieval of any particular document; and
- (d) the significance of any document which is likely to be located during the search.

(3) Where a party has not searched for a category or class of document on the grounds that to do so would be unreasonable, he must state this in his disclosure statement and identify the category or class of document.

(Rule 31.10 makes provision for a disclosure statement)

Commencement Information

I7 [Rule 31.7](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Duty of disclosure limited to documents which are or have been in party’s control

31.8.—(1) A party’s duty to disclose documents is limited to documents which are or have been in his control.

(2) For this purpose a party has or has had a document in his control if—

- (a) it is or was in his physical possession;
- (b) he has or has had a right to possession of it; or
- (c) he has or has had a right to inspect or take copies of it.

Commencement Information

I8 [Rule 31.8](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Disclosure of copies

- 31.9.**—(1) A party need not disclose more than one copy of a document.
- (2) A copy of a document that contains a modification, obliteration or other marking or feature—
- (a) on which a party intends to rely; or
 - (b) which adversely affects his own case or another party’s case or supports another party’s case;

shall be treated as a separate document.

(Rule 31.4 sets out the meaning of a copy of a document)

Commencement Information

19 [Rule 31.9](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Procedure for standard disclosure

- 31.10.**—(1) The procedure for standard disclosure is as follows.
- (2) Each party must make and serve on every other party, a list of documents in the relevant practice form.
- (3) The list must identify the documents in a convenient order and manner and as concisely as possible.
- (4) The list must indicate—
- (a) those documents in respect of which the party claims a right or duty to withhold inspection; and
 - (b) (i) those documents which are no longer in the party’s control; and
(ii) what has happened to those documents.

(Rule 31.19 (3) and (4) require a statement in the list of documents relating to any documents inspection of which a person claims he has a right or duty to withhold)

- (5) The list must include a disclosure statement.
- (6) A disclosure statement is a statement made by the party disclosing the documents—
- (a) setting out the extent of the search that has been made to locate documents which he is required to disclose;
 - (b) certifying that he understands the duty to disclose documents; and
 - (c) certifying that to the best of his knowledge he has carried out that duty.
- (7) Where the party making the disclosure statement is a company, firm, association or other organisation, the statement must also—
- (a) identify the person making the statement; and
 - (b) explain why he is considered an appropriate person to make the statement.
- (8) The parties may agree in writing—
- (a) to disclose documents without making a list; and
 - (b) to disclose documents without the disclosing party making a disclosure statement.
- (9) A disclosure statement may be made by a person who is not a party where this is permitted by a relevant practice direction.

Commencement Information

I10 [Rule 31.10](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Duty of disclosure continues during proceedings

31.11.—(1) Any duty of disclosure continues until the proceedings are concluded.

(2) If documents to which that duty extends come to a party’s notice at any time during the proceedings, he must immediately notify every other party.

Commencement Information

I11 [Rule 31.11](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Specific disclosure or inspection

31.12.—(1) The court may make an order for specific disclosure or specific inspection.

(2) An order for specific disclosure is an order that a party must do one or more of the following things—

- (a) disclose documents or classes of documents specified in the order;
- (b) carry out a search to the extent stated in the order;
- (c) disclose any documents located as a result of that search.

(3) An order for specific inspection is an order that a party permit inspection of a document referred to in rule 31.3(2).

(Rule 31.3(2) allows a party to state in his disclosure statement that he will not permit inspection of a document on the grounds that it would be disproportionate to do so)

F10

Textual Amendments

F10 Words in rule 31.12 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/521\)](#), regs. 1(1), **10(3)** (with reg. 22) (as amended by S.I. 2020/1493, regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))

Commencement Information

I12 [Rule 31.12](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Disclosure in stages

31.13 The parties may agree in writing, or the court may direct, that disclosure or inspection or both shall take place in stages.

Commencement Information

I13 [Rule 31.13](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Documents referred to in statements of case etc.

31.14.—^{F11}(1) A party may inspect a document mentioned in—

- (a) a statement of case;
- (b) a witness statement;
- (c) a witness summary; ^{F12}or]
- (d) an affidavit^(GL)^{F13}.]

^{F14}(e)

(Rule 35.10(4) makes provision in relation to instructions referred to in an expert’s report)

^{F15}(2) Subject to rule 35.10(4), a party may apply for an order for inspection of any document mentioned in an expert’s report which has not already been disclosed in the proceedings.]

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Textual Amendments

F11 Rule 31.14 renumbered as rule 31.14(1) (25.3.2002) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No. 5\) Rules 2001 \(S.I. 2001/4015\)](#), rules 1(c), **20(a)**

F12 Word in rule 31.14(1)(c) inserted (25.3.2002) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No. 5\) Rules 2001 \(S.I. 2001/4015\)](#), rules 1(c), **20(b)**

F13 Full stop in rule 31.14(1)(d) substituted for word (25.3.2002) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No. 5\) Rules 2001 \(S.I. 2001/4015\)](#), rules 1(c), **20(c)**

F14 Rule 31.14(1)(e) omitted (25.3.2002) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No. 5\) Rules 2001 \(S.I. 2001/4015\)](#), rules 1(c), **20(d)**

F15 Rule 31.14(2) inserted (25.3.2002) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No. 5\) Rules 2001 \(S.I. 2001/4015\)](#), rules 1(c), **20(e)**

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Commencement Information

I14 [Rule 31.14](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Inspection and copying of documents

31.15 Where a party has a right to inspect a document—

- (a) that party must give the party who disclosed the document written notice of his wish to inspect it;
- (b) the party who disclosed the document must permit inspection not more than 7 days after the date on which he received the notice; and
- (c) that party may request a copy of the document and, if he also undertakes to pay reasonable copying costs, the party who disclosed the document must supply him with a copy not more than 7 days after the date on which he received the request.

(Rule 31.3 and 31.14 deal with the right of a party to inspect a document)

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Commencement Information

I15 [Rule 31.15](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Disclosure before proceedings start

31.16.—(1) This rule applies where an application is made to the court under any Act for disclosure before proceedings have started⁽¹⁾.

- (2) The application must be supported by evidence.
- (3) The court may make an order under this rule only where—
 - (a) the respondent is likely to be a party to subsequent proceedings;
 - (b) the applicant is also likely to be a party to those proceedings;
 - (c) if proceedings had started, the respondent’s duty by way of standard disclosure, set out in rule 31.6, would extend to the documents or classes of documents of which the applicant seeks disclosure; and
 - (d) disclosure before proceedings have started is desirable in order to—
 - (i) dispose fairly of the anticipated proceedings;
 - (ii) assist the dispute to be resolved without proceedings; or
 - (iii) save costs.
- (4) An order under this rule must—
 - (a) specify the documents or the classes of documents which the respondent must disclose; and
 - (b) require him, when making disclosure, to specify any of those documents—
 - (i) which are no longer in his control; or
 - (ii) in respect of which he claims a right or duty to withhold inspection.
- (5) Such an order may—
 - (a) require the respondent to indicate what has happened to any documents which are no longer in his control; and
 - (b) specify the time and place for disclosure and inspection.

F16

<p>Textual Amendments</p> <p>F16 Words in rule 31.16 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/521), regs. 1(1), 10(4) (with reg. 22) (as amended by S.I. 2020/1493, regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))</p> <hr/> <p>Commencement Information</p> <p>I16 Rule 31.16 in force at 26.4.1999, see Signature</p>

Orders for disclosure against a person not a party

31.17.—(1) This rule applies where an application is made to the court under any Act for disclosure by a person who is not a party to the proceedings⁽²⁾.

- (2) The application must be supported by evidence.

(1) An application for disclosure before proceedings have started is permitted under section 33 of the Supreme Court Act 1981(c. 54) or section 52 of the County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28).

(2) An application for disclosure against a person who is not a party to proceedings is permitted under section 34 of the Supreme Court Act 1981(c. 54) or section 53 of the County Courts Act 1984 (c. 28).

- (3) The court may make an order under this rule only where—
 - (a) the documents of which disclosure is sought are likely to support the case of the applicant or adversely affect the case of one of the other parties to the proceedings; and
 - (b) disclosure is necessary in order to dispose fairly of the claim or to save costs.
- (4) An order under this rule must—
 - (a) specify the documents or the classes of documents which the respondent must disclose; and
 - (b) require the respondent, when making disclosure, to specify any of those documents—
 - (i) which are no longer in his control; or
 - (ii) in respect of which he claims a right or duty to withhold inspection.
- (5) Such an order may—
 - (a) require the respondent to indicate what has happened to any documents which are no longer in his control; and
 - (b) specify the time and place for disclosure and inspection.

F17

Textual Amendments
F17 Words in rule 31.17 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure Rules 1998 \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/521\)](#), regs. 1(1), **10(5)** (with reg. 22) (as amended by S.I. 2020/1493, regs. 1(1), 9(2)(e); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))

Commencement Information
I17 [Rule 31.17](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Rules not to limit other powers of the court to order disclosure

- 31.18** Rules 31.16 and 31.17 do not limit any other power which the court may have to order—
- (a) disclosure before proceedings have started; and
 - (b) disclosure against a person who is not a party to proceedings.

Commencement Information
I18 [Rule 31.18](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Claim to withhold inspection or disclosure of a document

- 31.19.**—(1) A person may apply, without notice, for an order permitting him to withhold disclosure of a document on the ground that disclosure would damage the public interest.
- (2) Unless the court orders otherwise, an order of the court under paragraph (1)—
 - (a) must not be served on any other person; and
 - (b) must not be open to inspection by any person.
 - (3) A person who wishes to claim that he has a right or a duty to withhold inspection of a document, or part of a document, must state in writing—
 - (a) that he has such a right or duty; and

- (b) the grounds on which he claims that right or duty.
- (4) The statement referred to in paragraph (3) must be made—
 - (a) in the list in which the document is disclosed; or
 - (b) if there is no list, to the person wishing to inspect the document.
- (5) A party may apply to the court to decide whether a claim made under paragraph (3) should be upheld.
- (6) For the purpose of deciding an application under paragraph (1) (application to withhold disclosure) or paragraph (3) (claim to withhold inspection) the court may—
 - (a) require the person seeking to withhold disclosure or inspection of a document to produce that document to the court; and
 - (b) invite any person, whether or not a party, to make representations.
- (7) An application under paragraph (1) or paragraph (5) must be supported by evidence.
- (8) This Part does not affect any rule of law which permits or requires a document to be withheld from disclosure or inspection on the ground that its disclosure or inspection would damage the public interest.

Commencement Information

I19 [Rule 31.19](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Restriction on use of a privileged document inspection of which has been inadvertently allowed

31.20 Where a party inadvertently allows a privileged^(GL) document to be inspected, the party who has inspected the document may use it or its contents only with the permission of the court.

Commencement Information

I20 [Rule 31.20](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Consequence of failure to disclose documents or permit inspection

31.21 A party may not rely on any document which he fails to disclose or in respect of which he fails to permit inspection unless the court gives permission.

Commencement Information

I21 [Rule 31.21](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

Subsequent use of disclosed documents [^{F18}and completed Electronic Documents Questionnaires]

31.22.—(1) A party to whom a document has been disclosed may use the document only for the purpose of the proceedings in which it is disclosed, except where—

- (a) the document has been read to or by the court, or referred to, at a hearing which has been held in public;
- (b) the court gives permission; or

- (c) the party who disclosed the document and the person to whom the document belongs agree.
- (2) The court may make an order restricting or prohibiting the use of a document which has been disclosed, even where the document has been read to or by the court, or referred to, at a hearing which has been held in public.
- (3) An application for such an order may be made—
 - (a) by a party; or
 - (b) by any person to whom the document belongs.

[^{F19}(4) For the purpose of this rule, an Electronic Documents Questionnaire which has been completed and served by another party pursuant to Practice Direction 31B is to be treated as if it is a document which has been disclosed.]

Textual Amendments

- F18** Words in rule 31.22 heading inserted (1.10.2010) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No.2\) Rules 2010 \(S.I. 2010/1953\)](#), rules 1(2), **4(b)**
- F19** Rule 31.22(4) inserted (1.10.2010) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No.2\) Rules 2010 \(S.I. 2010/1953\)](#), rules 1(2), **4(c)**

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- I22** [Rule 31.22](#) in force at 26.4.1999, see [Signature](#)

[^{F20}**False, disclosure statements**

31.23.—(1) Proceedings for contempt of court may be brought against a person if he makes, or causes to be made, a false disclosure statement, without an honest belief in its truth.

[^{F21}(Part 81 deals with proceedings in relation to contempt of court.)]

^{F22}(2)]

Textual Amendments

- F20** Rule 31.23 inserted (2.5.2000) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment\) Rules 2000 \(S.I. 2000/221\)](#), rules 1(b), **16**
- F21** Words in rule 31.23 substituted (1.10.2020) by [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No. 3\) Rules 2020 \(S.I. 2020/747\)](#), rules 1(1), **7**
- F22** Rule 31.23(2) omitted (1.10.2012) by virtue of [The Civil Procedure \(Amendment No.2\) Rules 2012 \(S.I. 2012/2208\)](#), rules 1, **5(b)** (with rule 20)

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Civil Procedure Rules 1998, PART 31.