

SCHEDULE 3

CLASSIFICATION PROVISIONS FOR PREPARATIONS DANGEROUS FOR SUPPLY

PART II

CONCENTRATION LIMITS TO BE USED IN APPLYING THE CONVENTIONAL METHOD OF ASSESSING HEALTH EFFECTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART I OF THIS SCHEDULE WHERE NO SUCH LIMITS ARE GIVEN IN THE APPROVED SUPPLY LIST

*Other than gaseous preparations*

2.1 For substances that produce non-lethal irreversible effects after a single exposure (R39/route of exposure, R40/route of exposure), the individual concentration limits specified in Table II determine, when appropriate, the classification of the preparation.

TABLE II

<i>Classification of the substance</i>	<i>Classification of the preparation</i>		
	<i>T</i>	<i>Xn</i>	
T+ with R39/route of exposure	concentration > 10% R39 <sup>(*)</sup> obligatory	1% < concentration < 10% R39 <sup>(*)</sup> obligatory	0.1% < concentration < 1% R40 <sup>(*)</sup> <sup>(†)</sup> obligatory
T with R39/route of exposure		concentration > 10% R39 <sup>(*)</sup> obligatory	1% < concentration < 10% R40 <sup>(*)</sup> <sup>(†)</sup> obligatory
Xn with R40/route of exposure			concentration > 10% R40 <sup>(*)</sup> <sup>(†)</sup> obligatory

(\*) In order to indicate the route of administration/exposure the combined R phrases listed in paragraphs 44, 45 and 46 of the approved classification and labelling guide shall be used.

(†) R40 here refers to substances classified as harmful. Concentration limits for substances required to be labelled R40 but classified as carcinogenic or mutagenic are given in Table VI.