
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1994 No. 311

The Public Health (International Trains) Regulations 1994

Interpretation

2.—(1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—
“animal” means—

- (a) any mammal except man; and
- (b) any four-footed beast whether or not a mammal;

“designated customs approved area” means a customs approved area which has been designated as a control area in accordance with regulation 5(c)(ii);

“designated shuttle control area” means a part of the tunnel system which has been designated as a control area in accordance with regulation 5(b);

“designated terminal control point” means a terminal control point which has been designated as a control area in accordance with regulation 5(c)(i);

“enforcement authority” means—

- (a) in relation to any place in England or Wales, the authority (or authorities) by whom these Regulations are to be enforced and executed at that place in accordance with regulation 10;
- (b) in relation to any function to be executed and enforced on board any through train in accordance with regulation 9, the Secretary of State;

“freight terminal area” means any place in England or Wales at which a freight service begins or terminates its journey other than a designated customs approved area;

“freight service” means any international service other than a shuttle service or a passenger service;

“international train” means any shuttle train or through train;

“international service” has the same meaning as in section 13(6) of the Channel Tunnel Act 1987;

“next stopping place” means—

- (a) if the train is part of a passenger service or a shuttle service, the next stopping place at which the train is due to stop; or
- (b) if the train is part of a freight service, the next stopping place through which the train is due to pass;

“passenger service” means any international service—

- (a) which uses rolling stock designed for the carriage of passengers by way of the tunnel system; or
- (b) which comprises solely of a locomotive which is used by a train operator for moving such rolling stock,

other than a shuttle service;

“rolling stock” includes any railway vehicle, but does not include—

- (a) any vehicle other than a railway vehicle; or
- (b) any tank, container, pallet, package, fixture or fitting which is not an integral part of a railway vehicle;

“serious epidemic, endemic or infectious disease” does not include venereal disease or infection with human immunodeficiency virus;

“shuttle service” and “shuttle train” have the same meaning as in section 1(9) of the Channel Tunnel Act 1987;

“sick traveller” means a person on an international train who has a serious epidemic, endemic or infectious disease, or in relation to whom there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that he has such a disease;

“stopping place” means—

- (a) in relation to a shuttle train which enters the United Kingdom, a designated shuttle control area;
- (b) in relation to a through train which enters the United Kingdom as part of a passenger service, a designated terminal control point;
- (c) in relation to a through train which enters the United Kingdom as part of a freight service, a designated customs approved area;

“stowaway animal” means any animal, whether dead or alive, which is on board an international train, except one which—

- (a) is lawfully being transported through the tunnel system; or
- (b) is being imported into Great Britain contrary to any order made, or which has effect as if made, under section 10 of the Animal Health Act 1981(1);

“through train” means a train, other than a shuttle train, which for the purposes of sections 11 and 12 of the Channel Tunnel Act 1987 is engaged on an international service;

“train manager” means, in relation to a through train or a shuttle train, the person designated as train manager by the person operating the international service on which the train is engaged;

“train operator” means a person operating any international service, except where the service is operated by a joint international undertaking and part of that undertaking is a British undertaking, in which case it means the British undertaking which forms part of that joint international undertaking;

“tunnel system” has the same meaning as in section 1(7) of the Channel Tunnel Act 1987;

“viral haemorrhagic fever” has the same meaning as in the Public Health (Infectious Diseases) Regulations 1988(2).

- (2) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference—
- (a) to a numbered regulation is to the regulation in these Regulations bearing that number;
 - (b) in a regulation to a lettered or numbered paragraph is to the paragraph in that regulation bearing that letter or number;
 - (c) in a paragraph to a lettered sub-paragraph is to the sub-paragraph in that paragraph bearing that letter.

(1) 1981 c. 22; amended by article 2(1) of and Schedule 1 to S.I.1990/2371, and article 8(1) of and paragraph 2 of Part I of Schedule 5 to S.I. 1993/1813.

(2) S.I. 1988/1546.