STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1971 No. 1918

WAGES COUNCILS

The Wages Regulation (Corset) Order 1971

Made -		24th November 1971
Coming into	Operation	13th December 1971

Whereas the Secretary of State has received from the Corset Wages Council the wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto;

Now, therefore, the Secretary of State in exercise of his powers under section 11 of the Wages Councils Act 1959(a), and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:—

¹ 1. This Order may be cited as the Wages Regulation (Corset) Order 1971.

2.—(1) In this Order the expression "the specified date" means the 13th December 1971, provided that where, as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression "the specified date" means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889(b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament and as if this Order and the Order hereby revoked were Acts of Parliament.

3. The wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedules hereto shall have effect as from the specified date and as from that date the Wages Regulation (Corset) (No. 2) Order 1970(c) shall cease to have effect.

Signed by order of the Secretary of State. 24th November 1971.

J. R. Lloyd Davies, Assistant Secretary, Department of Employment.

(b) 1889 c. 63.

⁽a) 1959 c. 69.
(c) S.I. 1970/1529 (1970 III, p. 5280).

Article 3

SCHEDULE 1

The following minimum remuneration shall be substituted for the statutory minimum remuneration fixed by the Wages Regulation (Corset) (No. 2) Order 1970 (Order K. (70)).

STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION

PART I

GENERAL

1. The minimum remuneration payable to a worker to whom this Schedule applies for all work except work to which a minimum overtime rate applies under Part IV of this Schedule is:-

- (1) in the case of a time worker, the general minimum time rate payable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule:
- (2) in the case of a worker employed on piece work, piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker at least the same amount of money as the general minimum time rate applicable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule.

PART II

FEMALE WORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES

2. Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, the general minimum time rates payable

(1) LEARNERS (as defined in paragraph 8) during the following periods of employment in the trade:---

(a) Up to and including 2nd January 1972:—	First six months of employment per hour	Second six months of employment per hour	Second year of employment per hour
Entering the trade	р	р	р
Aged 15 and under 16 years	16-23 17-55 18-86 22-81	18·86 20·18 21·49 24·12	23·68 25·00 25·00 28·50
(b) On and after 3rd January 1972:—			
Entering the trade	р	р	р
Aged 15 and under 16 years	17:08 18:47 19:85 24:01	19·85 21·24 22·62 25·39	24·93 26·32 26·32 30·00
(2) ALL OTHER WORKERS			
(a) Up to and including 2nd January 19 (b) On and after 3rd January 1972	72		p per hour p per hour

PART III

MALE WORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES

3. Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, the general minimum time rates payable to male time workers are as follows:—

						General Minimum Time Rates per hour		
						Up to and including 2nd January 1972	On and after 3rd January 1972	
(1) Workers employed in CUTTING, MARKING-OUT (other than process working), HAND PRESSING, MATCHING-UP or SHADING whose experience in any of the said occupations after the age of 18 years is:-						р	р	
(a) Not less than 5 years						37-25	38.75	
(b) Less than 5 years but	not less t	han 3	years	•••	•••	36.50	38.00	
Provided that in reckoning such experience, there shall be included any experience of a worker after the age of 18 years in folding, hand-fitting, parting, separating or making-up, up to a maximum of 12 months.					s in			
(2) Workers employed in Fe PARTING, SEPARATIN less than three years' expe pations after the age of 18	G or M	ÁKIN any c	IG-UP	, with	not	36.00	37.50	
(3) WAREHOUSEMEN OR over with not less than t housemen or packers	PACKE wo years	ERS as	ged 21 crience	years as wa	or are-	36.00	37.50	
•	•	••	•••	•••	•••	30.00	37.50	
(4) ALL OTHER WORKERS	(includi	ng pro	cess wa	orkers)):			
Aged 21 years of over		••	•••	•••	•••	35·25	36.75	
20 and under 21 yea		••	•••	•••	•••	31-33	32.66	
10 10	••• •	••	•••	•••	•••	29.81	31.08	
18, 19 17 18	••••		•••	•••	•••	26·98	28·13	
16 17	•••		•••	•••	•••	22·63 19·80	23·59 20·64	
, 10 , . 17 , , under 16 years	••••		•••	•••	•••	19:80	20·04 17·69	
•			•••	•••	•••	10.97	17.09	
Provided that the minimum ra year's employment in the trade to has entered, the trade for the firs years shall be:	a male	worke	r who	enters,	or			
Aged 21 years or over						29.81	31.08	
Aged under 21 years	••• •		•••	•••	•••	26.98	28.13	

PART IV

OVERTIME AND WAITING TIME

NORMAL NUMBER OF HOURS

4. Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Schedule, the minimum overtime rates set out in paragraph 5 are payable to a worker in respect of any time worked—

- (1) in excess of the hours following, that is to say,
 - (a) in any week 40 hours
 (b) on any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or customary holiday—

5.1. 12 12 10					
(i) where the normal working hours exceed 8½					
or					
(ii) where the normal working hours are more than 8, but not more than 8½	8½ hours				
or					
(iii) where the normal working hours are not more than 8	8 hours				

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(2) on a Saturday, Sunday or customary holiday.

MINIMUM OVERTIME RATES

5.-(1) Minimum overtime rates are payable to any worker as follows:-

(a) on any day other than a Sunday or customary holiday—

(i) for the first 2 hours of overtime worked							time-and-a-quarter
(ii) for the next	2 hours	•••	•••	•••	•••		time-and-a-half
(iii) thereafter		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	double time
(b) on a Sunday or for all time	customa work <mark>ed</mark>	ry hol	iday— 				double time
(c) in any week, exclusive of any time in respect of which any minimum overtime rate is payable under the fore- going provisions of this sub-paragraph—							
for all time v	vorked i	n exces	ss of 40) hours	•••	•••	time-and-a-quarter

(2) The minimum overtime rates set out in sub-paragraph (1)(a) or (b) of this paragraph are payable in any week whether or not the minimum overtime rate set out in sub-paragraph (1)(c) is also payable.

- 6. In this Schedule—
- (1) the expression "customary holiday" means-

A. in relation to the year ending on 31st December 1971, the following days:-

(a) (i) in England and Wales-

Christmas Day, Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday (or where another day is substituted therefor by national proclamation, that day) and August Bank Holiday;

(ii) in Scotland-

New Year's Day; the local Spring holiday; the local Autumn holiday; and three other days (being days of the week on which the worker normally works for the employer), in the course of the year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday; or

(b) in the case of each of the said days, a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day;

B. in relation to the year ending on 31st December 1972 and in relation to each subsequent year ending on 31st December, the following days:---

(a) (i) in England and Wales-

Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such weekday as may be appointed by national proclamation, or, if none is so appointed, the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday (or where another day is substituted therefor by national proclamation, that day), August Bank Holiday and one other day

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(being a day of the week on which the worker normally works for the employer) in the course of such year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday;

(ii) in Scotland-

New Year's Day (or, if New Year's Day falls on a Sunday, the following Monday);

the local Spring holiday;

the local Autumn holiday; and

four other days (being days of the week on which the worker normally works for the employer) in the course of such year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday; or

- (b) in the case of each of the said days a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day;
- (2) the expressions "time-and-a-quarter", "time-and-a-half" and "double time" mean respectively—
 - (a) in the case of a time worker, one and a quarter times, one and a half times and twice the general minimum time rate otherwise payable to the worker;
 - (b) in the case of a worker employed on piece work-
 - (i) a time rate equal respectively to one quarter, one half and the whole of the general minimum time rate which would be payable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule if the worker were a time worker and a minimum overtime rate did not apply, and, in addition thereto,
 - (ii) the piece rates otherwise payable to the worker under paragraph 1(2).

WAITING TIME

7.—(1) A worker is entitled to payment of the minimum remuneration specified in this Schedule for all time during which he is present on the premises of his employer, unless he is present thereon in any of the following circumstances:—

- (a) without the employer's consent, express or implied;
- (b) for some purpose unconnected with his work and other than that of waiting for work to be given to him to perform;
- (c) by reason only of the fact that he is resident thereon;
- (d) during normal meal times in a room or place in which no work is being done, and he is not waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

(2) The minimum remuneration payable under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph to a piece worker when not engaged on piece work is that which would be payable if he were a time worker.

PART V

INTERPRETATION

8. In this Schedule-

- (1) the expression "LEARNER" means a female worker who-
 - (a) is employed during the whole or a substantial part of her time in learning any branch of the trade by an employer who provides her with reasonable facilities for such learning, and
 - (b) does not work in a room used for dwelling purposes except where she is in the employment of her parent or guardian.
- (2) "THE TRADE" means the corset trade as specified in the next following paragraph.

APPLICABILITY OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION

9. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 10, this Schedule applies to workers in relation to whom the Corset Wages Council operates, that is to say, workers employed in Great Britain in the trade specified in the Schedule to the Trade Boards (Corset Trade, Great Britain) (Amendment) Regulations 1927(a), which is as follows:—

"1. All work in connection with—

- (a) the manufacture of corsets, corselettes, stays, children's corset bodies, and infants' staybands.
- (b) the manufacture of bust confiners.
- (c) the manufacture of support or abdominal belts or similar articles.
- (d) the manufacture (including assembling) of stocking suspenders, suspender belts and suspender pads, when carried on in conjunction with, or in association with the manufacture of any of the above articles.

2. Work in connection with the manufacture specified in paragraph 1 hereof shall include—

- (a) the altering, repairing, renovating or remaking of any of the articles specified in paragraph 1 hereof, when carried on in conjunction with or in association with such manufacture.
- (b) warehousing, packing, marking, letter-press stamping, when incidental to such manufacture.

3. Notwithstanding anything in this Schedule the following operations shall not be operations in the Corset Trade:—

- (a) the manufacture of bust confiners, when carried on in a department mainly engaged on the making of articles specified in the Appendix to the Trade Boards (Women's Clothing) Order 1919(b);
- (b) the manufacture of any of the articles specified in paragraph 1 hereof when made in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of surgical instruments or appliances;
- (c) the manufacture of corset steels and busks;
- (d) printing, clerical work, cleaning, caretaking, and general maintenance work."

TRAINING UNDER THE GOVERNMENT VOCATIONAL TRAINING SCHEME

10. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, this Schedule shall not apply to-

(1) female workers employed on Machining, Pressing, Eyeletting and Boning;

(2) male workers employed on Cutting, Marking-out, Folding and Parting,

during any period in respect of which they are in receipt of allowances as provided under the Government Vocational Training Scheme for resettlement training if they are trainees who have been placed by the Department of Employment with the employer for a period of approved training and if the requirements of the said Scheme are duly complied with.

SCHEDULE 2

HOLIDAYS AND HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

The Wages Regulation (Corset) (Holidays) Order 1967(c) (Order K. (64)) shall have effect as if in the Schedule thereto:---

- (a) S.R. & O. 1927/534 (1927, p. 1814).
- (b) S.R. & O. 1919/1263 (1919 11, p. 531).
- (c) S.I. 1967/1362 (1967 III, p. 4011).

1. For sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 2 (which relates to customary holidays) there were substituted the following sub-paragraph:—

- "(2) The said customary holidays are:---
 - A. in relation to the year ending on 31st December 1971, the following days:-
 - (a) (i) in England and Wales-

Christmas Day, Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday (or where another day is substituted therefore by national proclamation, that day) and August Bank Holiday;

(ii) in Scotland-

New Year's Day; the local Spring holiday; the local Autumn holiday; and three other days (being days of the week on which the worker normally works for the employer) in the course of the year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday; or

(b) in the case of each of the said days, a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day;

B. in relation to the year ending on 31st December 1972, and in relation to each subsequent year ending on 31st December, the following days:—

(a) (i) in England and Wales-

Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such weekday as may be appointed by national proclamation, or, if none is so appointed, the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday (or where another day is substituted therefor by national proclamation, that day), August Bank Holiday and one other day (being a day of the week on which the worker normally works for the employer) in the course of such year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday;

(ii) in Scotland---

New Year's Day (or, if New Year's Day falls on a Sunday, the following Monday);

the local Spring holiday;

the local Autumn holiday; and

four other days (being days of the week on which the worker normally works for the employer) in the course of such year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday; or

(b) in the case of each of the said days a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day;".

2. For the reference in paragraph 6(1)(a) to the provisions of sub-paragraph (2)(b) of paragraph 2 (which relates to the substitution by the employer of a day of holiday recognised by local custom), there were substituted a reference to A(b) and B(b) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 2.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order.)

This Order has effect from 13th December 1971. Schedule 1 sets out the statutory minimum remuneration payable in substitution for that fixed by the Wages Regulation (Corset) (No. 2) Order 1970 (Order K. (70)), which Order is revoked. Schedule 2 amends the Wages Regulation (Corset) (Holidays) Order 1967 (Order K. (64)) by providing for an additional day of customary holiday.

New provisions are printed in italics.