1969 No. 641

## WAGES COUNCILS

# The Wages Regulation (Hair, Bass and Fibre) (Holidays) Order 1969 

| Made | - | - | 1st May | 1969 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Coming into | Operation | 23rd May | 1969 |  |

Whereas the Secretary of State has received from the Hair, Bass and Fibre Wages Council (Great Britain) the wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto :

Now, therefore, the Secretary of State in exercise of her powers under section 11 of the Wages Councils Act 1959(a), and of all other powers enabling her in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order :-

1. This Order may be cited as the Wages Regulation (Hair, Bass and Fibre) (Holidays) Order 1969.
2.-(1) In this Order the expression "the specified date" means the 23rd May 1969, provided that where, as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression "the specified date" means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.
(2) The Interpretation Act 1889(b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament and as if this Order and the Order hereby revoked were Acts of Parliament.
2. The wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto shall have effect as from the specified date and as from that date the Wages Regulation (Hair, Bass and Fibre) (Holidays) Order 1962(c), shall cease to have effect.

Signed by order of the Secretary of State.

## A. A. Jarratt,

Deputy Under Secretary of State,
1st May 1969. Department of Employment and Productivity.
(a) 1959 c. 69.
(b) 1889 c. 63.
(c) S.I. $1962 / 790$ (1962 I, p. 844).

Pari III

## ANNUAL. HOLIDAY

3. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 4, in addition to the holidays specified in Part II of this Schedule, an employer shall, between the date on which the provisions of this Schedule become effective and 30th September 1969 and in each succeeding year between 6th April and 30th September allow a holiday (hereinafter referred to as an "annual holiday") to every worker in his employment to whom this Schedule applies who has been employed by him during the twelve months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season for any of the periods of employment (calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 13) set out in the Table below, and the duration of the annual holiday shall, in the case of each such worker, be related to his period of employment during that twelve months as follows:-

4.-(1) An annual holiday under this Schedule shall be allowed on consecutive working days, being days on which the worker is normally called upon to work for the employer, and days of holiday shall be treated as consecutive notwithstanding that a Sunday, a customary holiday on which the worker is not required to work or a holiday in lieu of a customary holiday intervenes:

## Provided that-

(a) where the duration of an annual holiday which the employer is required to allow to a worker exceeds the period constituting the worker's normal working week the said holiday may by agreement in writing made between the employer and the worker be allowed in two separate periods of such consecutive working days, if one of such periods is not less than the period constituting the worker's normal working week;
(b) one day of an annual holiday may be allowed on a non-consecutive working day falling within the holiday season or with the consent of the worker on any working day prior to the commencement of the next holiday season where the said annual holiday or such separate period, as the case may be, is allowed immediately after a customary holiday on which the worker is not required to work or so that such a customary holiday intervenes;
(c) the duration of the worker's annual holiday in the holiday season ending on 30th September 1969 shall be reduced by any days of annual holiday duly allowed to him by the employer under the provisions of Order H.B. (58) between 6th April 1969 and the date on which the provisions of this Schedule become effective.
(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, any day of annual holiday or additional annual holiday under this Schedule may be allowed on a day on which the worker is entitled to a day of holiday or to a half-holiday under any enactment other than the Wages Councils Act 1959.
(3) In this Schedule the expression "holiday season" means, in relation to an annual holiday during the year 1969, the period commencing on 6th April 1969 and ending on 30th September 1969 and, in relation to each subsequent year, the period commencing on 6th April and ending on 30th September in that year and in relation to an additional annual holiday means a period of one year commencing on bth April.

## ADDITIONAL ANNUAL HOLIDAY

5. Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, in addition to the holidays specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 an employer shall in each year commencing on 6th April allow a holiday (hereinafter referred to as an "additional annual holiday") to every worker in his employment to whom this Schedule applies who has been employed by him at the preceding 5th April for a continuous period of two years or more (calculated in accordance with paragraph 13) and the duration of the additional annual holiday shall be related to his continuous period of employment as follows:-
(a) 2 years but less than 4 years' continuous employment-1 day;
(b) 4 years or more continuous employment-2 days.
6. Where a worker becomes entitled to any days of additional annual holiday in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 5 those days of additional annual holiday shall be allowed by the employer, by agreement with the worker, on a day or days on which the worker is normally called upon to work for the employer, at any time (or times) during the period of 12 months immediately following 5th April upon which the worker becomes entitled as aforesaid.

## GENERAL

7. An employer shall give to a worker notice of the commencing date or dates and duration of the period or periods of his annual holiday and the date or dates of his additional holiday. Such notice shall be given at least 28 days before
(a) the first day of the annual holiday or, where under the provisions of paragraph 4 an annual holiday is allowed in more than one period, before each separate period; and
(b) the said date or dates of the additional annual holiday.

Notice may be given individually to the worker or by the posting of a notice in the place where the worker is employed.

Part IV
HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

## A-CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS AND HOLIDAYS IN LIEU OF CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS

8.-(1) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, for each day of holiday which a worker is allowed under Part II of this Schedule he shall be paid by the employer as holiday remuneration whichever of the following sums is the greater, that is to say either:-
(a) (i) in the case of a worker whose normal working week is five days, onefifth
(ii) in the case of a worker whose normal working week is four days, onequarter
(iii) in the case of a worker whose normal working week is three days, one-third
of the average weekly earnings (exclusive of overtime but including holiday remuneration) of the worker during the twelve months ended on 5th April immediately preceding the holiday such average weekly earnings to be determined by dividing, by the number of weeks of employment with the employer during the said period, the total remuneration (as defined in paragraph 14) paid to him by the employer during that period:

Provided that when Good Friday or Easter Monday in England and Wales or the local Spring holiday in Scotland (or days substituted therefor under the provisions of sub-paragraph (2)(h) of paragraph 2 or holidays in lieu of such customary holidays) fall after 5th April in any year. the holiday remuneration for any such holiday under this sub-paragraph shall be one-fifth. one-quarter or one-third, as the case may require, of the average weekly earnings (exclusive of overtime but including holiday remuneration) of the worker (calculated as aforesaid) during the twelve months ended on 5th April in the preceding year; or
(b) a sum equal to the appropriate statutory minimum remuneration to which he would have been entitled if the day had not been a day of holiday and he had been employed on work entitling him to statutory minimum remuneration for the time normally worked by him on that day of the week:
Provided that payment of the said holiday remuneration is subject to the condition that the worker (unless excused by the employer or absent by reason of the proved illness of the worker) presents himself for employment at the usual starting hour on the first working day following the holiday.
(2) The holiday remuneration in respect of any customary holiday shall be paid by the employer to the worker on the pay day on which the wages for the pay week including the customary holiday are paid.
(3) The holiday remuneration in respect of any holiday in lieu of a customary holiday shall be paid on the pay day on which the wages for the week including that holiday in lieu of a customary holiday are paid: Provided that the said payment shall be made immediately upon the termination of the worker's employment if he ceases to be employed before being allowed such holiday in lieu of a customary holiday and in that case the condition specified in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall not apply.

## B-ANNUAL HOJIDAY

9.-(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph II, a worker qualified to be allowed an annual holiday under this Schedule shall be paid as holiday remuneration by his employer in respect thereof not later than the last pay day preceding such annual holiday-
(a) in the case of a worker who has been in the employment of the employer during the whole of the twelve months up to and including the 5th April immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season whichever of the following sums is the greater, that is to say either:-
(i) a sum equal to two fifty-seconds of the total remuneration (as defined in paragraph 14) paid to him by the employer during the said twelve months: or
(ii) one day's holiday pay in respect of each day of annual holiday;
(b) in the case of any other worker:-
one day's holiday pay in respect of each day of annual holiday.
(2) Where under the provisions of paragraph 4 an annual holiday is allowed in more than one period the holiday remuneration shall be apportioned accordingly.

## C- ADDITIONAL ANNUAL HOLIDAY

10. A worker entitled to be allowed an additional annual holiday under this Schedule shall be paid by his employer in respect thereof on the last pay day preceding such additional annual holiday as follows:-
(I) Where (a) of paragraph 5 applies:-

Where the worker's normal working week is 5 days'... ... one-tenth

of the amount he would be "entitled" to receive at the date of the holiday for an anmual holiday of two normal working weeks determined in accordance with paragraph 9.
(2) Where (b) of paragraph 5 applies:-

Where the worker's normal working week is 5 days ... ... one-fifth

| $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | $\#$ | .. 4 days ... | .. |
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| one-quarter |  |  |  |  |  |

of the amount he would be entitled to receive at the date of the holiday for an annual holiday of two normal working weeks determined in accordance with paragraph 9.
(3) Where an employer allows the days of additional annual holiday otherwise than on consecutive days the remuneration shall be apportioned accordingly.
11. Where any accrued holiday remuneration has been paid by the employer to the worker (in accordance with paragraph 12 of this Schedule or Order H.B. (58)) in respect of employment during any of the periods referred to in paragraph 12 of this Schedule, the amount of holiday remuneration payable by the employer in respect of any annual holiday for which the worker has qualified by reason of employment during the said period shall be reduced by the amount of the said accrued holiday remuneration unless that remuneration has been deducted from a previous payment of holiday remuneration made under the provisions of this Schedule or of Order H.B. (58).

## ACCRUED HOLIDAY REMUNERATION PAYABLE ON TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

12. Where a worker ceases to be employed by an employer after the provisions of this Schedule become effective, the employer shall, immediately on the termination of the employment pay to the worker as accrued holiday remuneration:-
(1) (a) in respect of employment in the twelve months up to and including the immediately preceding 5th April a sum equal to the holiday remuneration for any days of annual holiday for which he has qualified except days of annual holiday which he has been allowed or has become entitled to be allowed before leaving his employment; and
(b) in respect of employment up to and including the immediately preceding 5th April a sum equal to the holiday remuneration for any days of additional annual holiday for which he has qualified except any day or days of additional annual holiday which he has been allowed or has become entitled to be allowed before leaving his employment;
(2) in respect of any employment since the said 5th April a sum equal to the holiday remuneration which would have been payable to him if he could have been allowed an annual holiday in respect of that employment at the time of leaving it, and if paid at the rate of one day's holiday pay in respect of each day thereof.

Part V
GENERAL
13. For the purposes of calculating any period of employment qualifying a worker for an annual holiday or additional anmual holiday or for any accrued holiday remuneration under this Schedule, the worker shall be treated-
(a) as if he were employed for a week in respect of any week in which-
(i) he has worked for the employer on not less than three days and has performed some work for which statutory minimum remuneration is payable; or
(ii) he has been absent throughout the week by reason of the proved illness of or accident to, the worker, but not exceeding four weeks in the aggregate in the period of twelve months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season; and
(h) as if he were employed on any day of holiday allowed under the provisions of this Schedule, and for the purposes of the provisions of sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph, a worker who is absent on such a holiday shall be treated as having worked thereon for the employer on work to which statutory minimum remuneration applies.
14. In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say:

## "APPROPRIATE RATE OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION" means-

(a) in the case of a worker who is usually wholly employed as a time worker, the general minimum time rate ordinarily applicable to the worker:
(b) in the case of a worker who is usually employed on piece work.
(i) where the worker is aged over 18 years and a piece work basis time rate is applicable, a time rate equal to the piece work basis time rate ordinarily applicable to the worker,
(ii) in any other case the general minimum time rate which would be ordinarily applicable to the worker if he were employed as a time worker: Provided that for the purposes of this definition-.
(i) a rate ordinarily applicable to a worker shall be ascertained by reference to the work on which he has been mainly employed in the twelve months immediately prior to the holiday in the case of a customary holiday, the commencement of the holiday season in the case of an annual holiday or additional annual holiday or the termination date where accrued holiday remuneration is payable;
(ii) where a worker is usually employed partly on time work and partly on piece work, he shall be treated as having been usually employed wholly on piece work.
"NORMAL WORKING WEEK" means the number of days on which it has been usual for the worker to work in a week in the employment of the employer during the tweive months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season, or, where under paragraphs 11 and 12, accrued holiday remuneration is payable on the termination of the employment, in the twelve months immediately preceding the termination date:

Provided that:-
(i) part of a day shall count as a day; and
(ii) no account shall be taken of any week in which the worker did not perform any work for which statutory minimum remuneration has been fixed.
"ONE DAY'S HOLIDAY PAY" means the appropriate proportion of the remuneration which the worker would be entitled to receive from his employer at the date of the annual holiday (or, where the holiday is taken in more than one period, at the date of the first period), or date or dates of additional annual holiday or at the termination date, as the case may be, for one week's work if working his normal working week and the number of daily hours normally worked by him (exclusive of overtime), and if paid at the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for work to which statutory minimum remuneration applies and at the same rate for any work for the same employer to which such remuneration does not apply, and in this definition "appropriate proportion" means-
where the worker's normal working week is five days -- one-fifth

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"STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION" means statutory minimum remuneration (other than holiday remuneration) which has been fixed by a wages regulation order.


#### Abstract

"TOTAL REMUNERATION" means any payments paid or payable to the worker under his contract of employment, for time (other than hours of overtime) worked or piece work done by him, holiday remuneration, any productivity or long service bonus payable to the worker on a weekly, fortnightly or monthly basis and merit payments so payable but does not include any other payments. "WAGES REGULATION ORDER" means a wages regulation order made by the Secretary of State to give effect to proposals submitted to her by the Hair, Bass and Fibre Wages Council (Great Britain).


"WEEK" means pay week.
15. The provisions of this Schedule are without prejudice to any agreement for the allowance of any further holidays with pay or for the payment of additional holiday remuneration.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

## (This Note is not part of the Order.)

This Order. which has effect from 23rd May 1969. sets out the holidays which an employer is required to allow to workers and the remuneration payable for those holidays in substitution for the holidays and holiday remuneration set out in the Wages Regulation (Hair, Bass and Fibre) (Holidays) Order 1962 (Order H.B. (58)), which Order is revoked.

New provisions are printed in italics.

