STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1966 No. 1210

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE, ENGLAND AND WALES

The National Health Service (General Medical and Pharmaceutical Services) Regulations 1966

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ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

PART I General

Regulation

- 1. Citation and commencement.
- 2. Interpretation.

PART II

Medical practitioners

- 3. Terms of service for practitioners.
- 4. Medical list.
- 5. Applications for inclusion in a medical list or to succeed to a vacancy.
- Reports by Council to Medical Practices Committee.
 Advertisement of vacancies.

PART III

Medical Practices Committee

- 8. Appointment of members and tenure and vacation of office.
- 9. Procedure for the determination of applications.
- 10. Appeal to the Minister.
- 11. Certificate that transaction does not involve sale of goodwill.

PART IV

Method of obtaining general medical services other than maternity medical services

- 12. Selection of practitioner.
- 13. Allocation scheme.
- 14. Change of practitioner.
- 15. Temporary arrangements for practice on retirement, death, etc.
- 16. Removal of person from practitioner's list.
 17. Arrangements for temporary residents.
 18. Practitioners' lists.

PART V

Method of obtaining maternity medical services

Regulation

19. Application for services.

20. Change of practitioner and temporary residence.

21. Notice of provision of services.

PART VI

Payments to medical practitioners

22. Payments to practitioners.

PART VII Chemists

- 23. Terms of service for chemists.
- 24. Pharmaceutical list.
- 25. Schemes for securing proper pharmaceutical service.
- 26. Prices and standards of drugs and appliances.

PART VIII

Supply of drugs, etc., by medical practitioners

27. Arrangements for supply by practitioners of drugs and appliances.

PART IX Miscellaneous

- 28. Prescribed appliances and chemical reagents.29. Publication of particulars of arrangements.
- 30. Exercise of choice of practitioner in certain cases.
- 31. Overpayments.32. Application of regulations to Isles of Scilly.
- 33. Revocation of regulations.

SCHEDULES

- 1.—Terms of service for medical practitioners and forms of application for inclusion in medical list and appointment to vacant practices.
- 2.—Form of certificate to be issued by Medical Practices Committee under section 35(9) of the Act of 1946.
 - 3.—List of prescribed appliances and chemical reagents.
 - 4.—Terms of service and forms for chemists.
 - 5.—List of prescribed medical certificates.

The Minister of Health, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 32, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 45 and 74 of, and schedules 5 and 6 to, the National Health Service Act 1946(a), as amended by the National Health Service (Amendment) Act 1949(b), and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, hereby makes the following regulations:—

PART I General

Citation and commencement

1. These regulations may be cited as the National Health Service (General Medical and Pharmaceutical Services) Regulations 1966 and shall come into operation on 1st October 1966.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the respective meanings hereby assigned to them:—

"the Act" means the National Health Service Act 1946;

"appliance" means an appliance which is, by virtue of regulation 28 of these regulations, a prescribed appliance for the purposes of section 38 of the Act:

"assistant" means a practitioner who acts as an assistant to a practitioner, and includes a practitioner who by virtue of paragraph (3) of this regulation is deemed not to be carrying on practice in partnership or to be a partner;

"chemist" means a registered pharmaceutical chemist who provides pharmaceutical services or an authorised seller of poisons within the meaning of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act 1933(a), who provides such services;

"Council" means, in relation to any area, the Executive Council constituted for that area;

"drugs" includes medicines and such chemical reagents as are by virtue of regulation 28 of these regulations prescribed chemical reagents for the purposes of section 38 of the Act;

"enactment" includes an enactment in a regulation;

"Local Obstetric Committee" means a committee recognised by the Minister for the purpose of approving, in accordance with such conditions as the Minister may determine after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners, the obstetric experience of a practitioner;

"maternity medical services" means personal medical services in respect of pregnancy, confinement and the post-natal period provided by a practitioner in accordance with such arrangements and subject to such conditions as may be determined by the Minister after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners;

"medical card" means a card in a form approved by the Minister, issued to a person for the purpose of enabling him to obtain or establishing his title to receive general medical services other than maternity medical services from a practitioner and includes any similar card provided for the purpose of enabling a person to obtain medical benefit under the National Health Insurance (Medical Benefit) Regulations 1936(b);

"medical officer" means any medical officer appointed by the Minister for a district in which general medical services are provided;

"practice declared vacant" means a practice rendered vacant by the death of a practitioner on the medical list, or the removal or withdrawal of a practitioner from the medical list, as respects which practice the Council or a duly authorised committee of the Council have resolved that a practitioner is required to fill the vacancy;

"practitioner" means a registered medical practitioner;

"practitioner having obstetric experience" means a practitioner whose experience in obstetrics is for the time being approved by the Local Obstetric Committee:

"relevant service" has the same meaning as in section 64 (1) of the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) Act 1951(a) and includes service rendered under the Army Reserve Act 1962(b) and section 2 of the Navy, Army and Air Force Reserves Act 1964(c);

"treatment" means medical attendance and treatment and includes the issue of certificates referred to in schedule 5 to these regulations, being medical certificates reasonably required under, or for the purposes of, any enactment, and the keeping and furnishing of any records, and the preparation and transmission of any reports, in accordance with the terms of service set out in part I of schedule 1 to these regulations, but does not include maternity medical services unless a practitioner has undertaken to provide the person concerned with such services in accordance with these regulations.

- (2) These regulations shall apply to a person, firm or body corporate (other than a chemist or a medical or dental practitioner) providing pharmaceutical services as they apply to a chemist.
- (3) For the purposes of these regulations, except when expressly provided to the contrary, a practitioner shall be deemed not to be carrying on practice in partnership or to be a partner unless in the opinion of the Council, or on appeal the Minister, he is in the position of a principal in connection with the practice and entitled to a share of the profits of the partnership which is not less than one third of the share of the partner with the greatest share.
- (4) Unless the context otherwise requires, references in these regulations to any enactment shall be construed as references to that enactment as amended or re-enacted by any subsequent enactment.
- (5) References in any other regulations to the regulations revoked by these regulations or to any provision thereof shall be construed as references to these regulations or to the corresponding provision thereof, as the case may be.
- (6) The Interpretation Act 1889(d) applies to the interpretation of these regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

PART II

Medical practitioners

Terms of service for practitioners

3. The arrangements which a Council are required by section 33 of the Act to make with practitioners for the provision of personal medical services shall incorporate the terms of service contained or referred to in part I of schedule 1 to these regulations.

Medical list

- 4.—(1) The Council shall prepare a list, to be called "the medical list", of the practitioners who are entitled to be included in the list.
- (2) The medical list shall distinguish by marks or otherwise those practitioners having obstetric experience who have undertaken to provide maternity medical services and which of them are included in the list for the purpose of providing maternity medical services only.

⁽a) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 65.

⁽b) 10 & 11 Eliz. 2. c. 10.

⁽c) 1964 c. 11.

⁽d) 52 & 53 Vict. c, 63.

- (3) The medical list shall contain in addition to the name of a practitioner—
 - (a) his private address and the address of any surgery, health centre or other place at which he undertakes to attend for the purpose of treating persons receiving general medical services;
 - (b) particulars of the days and hours at which he undertakes to be in attendance at each place;
 - (c) particulars of the days and hours during which he sees patients by appointment;
 - (d) where he practises in partnership, the names of each partner;
 - (e) any conditions as to the area of practice attached to the granting of an application by the Medical Practices Committee or, on appeal, by the Minister.

and may, if the Council think fit, be so arranged as to show the part of the area in which each practitioner will provide treatment.

- (4) Copies of the medical list shall be available for inspection at the office of the Council and at such other places as appear to the Council to be convenient for informing all persons interested and shall be kept revised up to date.
- (5) The Council shall send a copy of the medical list to the Minister, the Medical Practices Committee, the Local Medical Committee, the Local Obstetric Committee, the Local Pharmaceutical Committee, the Local Health Authority, the Regional Hospital Board, the Hospital Management Committees of hospitals serving the area, the Board of Governors of any teaching hospital in the area, and any person under contract with the Council to provide pharmaceutical services and at intervals of not more than 3 months shall notify them of any alteration made in the medical list:

Provided that in the case of persons providing pharmaceutical services, and of Boards of Governors and Hospital Management Committees, the Council may send to them the portions of the list which appear to the Council to concern them.

- (6) Where a Council have determined in accordance with the succeeding provisions of this regulation that a practitioner who has been included for the preceding 6 months in the list of practitioners undertaking to provide general medical services in the Council's area—
 - (a) has never provided such services for persons in the area since he was last included in the list, or
 - (b) has for the preceding 3 months ceased to provide such services for such persons,

the Council shall, after giving the practitioner 28 days' notice of their decision to do so, remove him from the list unless the Minister directs to the contrary as hereinafter provided.

- (7) Before making any determination under the last preceding paragraph the Council shall—
 - (a) afford the practitioner an opportunity of making representations to the Council in writing or, if he so desires, orally to a committee appointed by the Council for the purpose, of which committee at least a third of the members shall be practitioners, and
 - (b) consult the Local Medical Committee for the area.
- (8) A practitioner on whom a notice has been served under paragraph (6) of this regulation may, within 21 days of receipt of the notice, appeal to the

Minister against a decision of the Council to remove him from the list in question, and pending the determination of the appeal the Council shall not remove the practitioner from the list.

The notice of appeal shall be in writing and shall set out the facts and contentions on which the practitioner intends to rely; and on any such appeal the Minister shall, if he allows the appeal, direct that the Council shall not remove the practitioner from the list.

- (9) Any document which is required or authorised to be given to a practitioner under this regulation may be given by delivering it to the practitioner or by sending it in a prepaid letter addressed to him at his usual or last known address; and if the document is sent by post it shall be deemed, until the contrary is proved, to be served at the time at which a letter would be received in the ordinary course of post.
- (10) Nothing in this regulation shall affect a practitioner who is called into whole time service in the armed forces of the Crown in a national emergency as a volunteer or otherwise, or who is serving in pursuance of the Army Reserve Act 1962 or the Navy, Army and Air Force Reserves Act 1964, or who is called up for compulsory whole-time service by virtue of provisions contained in any enactment for the time being in force, or being liable under those provisions for such service is performing service equivalent thereto, and no determination under this regulation shall be made in respect of any such practitioner until 6 months after he has completed his period of service.

Applications for inclusion in the medical list or to succeed to a vacancy

- 5.—(1) Application by a practitioner for inclusion in a medical list, except in a case to which paragraph (2) of this regulation applies, shall be made by delivering or sending the application by post to the Council in the form set out in part II of schedule 1 to these regulations or in a form to the like effect.
- (2) Application by a practitioner in a case of succession to a practice declared vacant, or in a case where the Council have resolved that an additional practitioner is required in a district otherwise than in succession to another practitioner, shall be made in the manner aforesaid in the form set out in part III of the said schedule or in a form to the like effect.
- (3) On receipt of an application under this regulation the Council shall transmit the application to the Medical Practices Committee together with a report in a form approved by the Committee.

Reports by Council to Medical Practices Committee

- 6.—(1) Every Council shall, once in every year or at such more frequent intervals as the Medical Practices Committee may require, furnish the Committee with such information as may be required by the Committee to enable them to judge the adequacy of the medical services in the area of the Council or any part thereof.
- (2) On receipt of notice of the death of a practitioner on the medical list or on the withdrawal or removal of a practitioner from the medical list, the Council shall forthwith inform the Medical Practices Committee and shall furnish to that Committee a report as to the need for filling the vacancy.

Advertisement of vacancies

7. A Council may give public notice of any vacancy for a practitioner in their area by advertisement in the press or otherwise.

PART III

Medical Practices Committee

Appointment of members and tenure and vacation of office

- 8.—(1) In this part of these regulations the words "the Committee" mean the Medical Practices Committee.
- (2) The Chairman and other members of the Committee in office at the coming into operation of these regulations shall continue to hold office for the periods for which they were respectively appointed.
- (3) In case of a vacancy in membership at the coming into operation of these regulations or of a casual vacancy subsequently occurring, a person shall be appointed to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the period for which his predecessor was appointed.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of this regulation members shall be appointed for a period of 3 years expiring on 31st March in any year.
- (5) A member may be re-appointed to the Committee on the expiration of his term of office.
- (6) A member may resign from the Committee by giving notice in writing to the Minister, and a member who is appointed as being a person actively engaged in medical practice shall be deemed to have resigned if he ceases to be so engaged.

Procedure for the determination of applications

- 9.—(1) Subject to the provisions of the next following paragraph, a decision of the Committee to grant an application to which regulation 5 of these regulations applies shall be given in such manner as the Committee may determine.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (4) of this regulation, any decision of the Committee involving the refusal of an application, or the granting of an application subject to conditions, shall be the decision of the majority of members present and voting at a meeting of the Committee, and the Committee shall inform the applicant of his right of appeal to the Minister under regulation 10 of these regulations.
- (3) If the Committee are of opinion that one or more practitioners are required for the area or part of the area concerned and the number of applicants exceeds the number of practitioners required, they shall:—
 - (a) consider the views expressed by the Council with respect to the applications;
 - (b) if they think fit, give to the applicants or any of them the opportunity of making representations in person or in writing;
 - (c) select the applicant or applicants whose applications are to be granted and forthwith inform them, the Council and the Minister of their decision; and
 - (d) inform any practitioner whose application is refused, or granted subject to conditions, of his right of appeal to the Minister.
- (4) Four members shall form a quorum and in the case of equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Appeal to the Minister

10.—(1) A practitioner may appeal to the Minister against the refusal of an application to which regulation 5 of these regulations applies or the granting of such an application subject to conditions by sending to the Minister notice

of appeal within 7 days, or such longer period as the Minister may allow, from the date on which the notice of the decision of the Committee is given to him.

- (2) The notice of appeal shall contain a concise statement of the facts and contentions upon which the appellant intends to rely.
- (3) If it appears to the Minister that the appeal is of such a nature that it can properly be determined without an oral hearing, he may dispense with an oral hearing and determine the appeal summarily, and shall communicate his decision to the appellant, the Committee, and the Council.
- (4) If the Minister is of opinion that an oral hearing is required, he shall appoint one or more persons to hear the appeal.
- (5) An oral hearing shall take place at such time and place as the Minister may direct, and notice of the hearing shall be sent by post to the appellant, the Committee, the Council and any practitioner whose application for appointment to the vacancy to which the application relates was granted, not less than 7 days before the date fixed for the hearing.
- (6) The appellant and any of the parties to whom notice of the hearing is required to be given may attend and be heard in person or by counsel or solicitor or other representative. The Committee and the Council may be represented at the hearing by any duly authorised officer or member or by counsel or solicitor.
- (7) Subject as aforesaid the procedure at the oral hearing shall be such as the person or persons hearing the appeal may determine.
- (8) The person or persons hearing the appeal shall as soon as may be after the hearing draw up a report, stating the relevant facts and his or their conclusions, and the Minister after taking the report into consideration shall give his decision and communicate it to the appellant, the Committee, the Council and such practitioners as have under the foregoing provisions of this regulation been served with notice of the hearing.

Certificate that transaction does not involve sale of goodwill

11. A certificate issued by the Committee under section 35 (9) of the Act shall be in the form set out in schedule 2 to these regulations or in a form to the like effect.

PART IV

Method of obtaining general medical services other than maternity medical services

Selection of practitioner

12. Application by a person for acceptance by a practitioner for inclusion in his list shall be made by delivering to the practitioner either a medical card or a signed form of application for acceptance on his list.

Allocation scheme

- 13.—(1) Every Council after consultation with the Local Medical Committee shall prepare a scheme (hereinafter referred to as "the allocation scheme") which shall provide for the following matters:—
 - (a) the constitution of a committee of the Council (hereinafter referred to as "the allocation committee") consisting of equal numbers of persons appointed by the Council and the Local Medical Committee respectively and of a chairman, and the assignment to such committee of such powers and duties relating to the administration of the scheme as may be specified therein;

- (b) the steps to be taken by a practitioner to enable a person who has applied for and been refused acceptance by him to be accepted by or assigned to a practitioner;
- (c) the provision of any treatment required by the person pending such acceptance or assignment;
- (d) the period within which notice of acceptance of a person is to be given to the Council by any practitioner;
- (e) the assignment to a practitioner of any person who applies for assignment:
- (f) the provision by a practitioner of emergency treatment in cases where neither the practitioner, if any, normally responsible for providing treatment nor his deputy is available and where such treatment is immediately necessary owing to an accident or other emergency;
- (g) the restrictions, if any, to be imposed on the right of a practitioner to require the removal of a person from his list where the removal would be likely to involve hardship owing to the state of that person's health; and
- (h) such incidental or consequential provisions as may be deemed necessary.
- (2) The allocation scheme shall also provide for a limit to the number of persons who may be on the list of a practitioner and, except in cases in which owing to special circumstances the Council with the approval of the Minister otherwise permit, the scheme shall, having regard to the aggregate numbers of patients on all lists of the practitioners, not permit the following maximum numbers to be exceeded, namely:—
 - (a) in the case of a practitioner carrying on practice otherwise than as an assistant or in partnership, 3,500;
 - (b) in the case of two or more practitioners carrying on practice in partnership, 4,500 on the list of any partner and an average of 3,500 on the list of both or all the partners.
- (3) Where a practitioner or a partnership of practitioners employs one or more permanent assistants, the number of persons for whose treatment the practitioner or practitioners may be responsible may, and if the Minister so directs shall, be increased to an extent allowed by the scheme not exceeding 2,000 in respect of each assistant. Where the number has been so increased, it may be decreased in the same manner.
- (4) Without prejudice to any provision in the allocation scheme permitting larger lists of patients—
 - (a) where following the death or retirement of a partner, or the cessation of employment of an assistant, a practitioner has more than the number of patients on his list allowed by the allocation scheme and actively seeks a new partner or assistant, the Council may, on his undertaking not to accept further patients other than children of existing patients, permit him to retain, during the remainder of the quarter in which the event occurred and in the next ensuing quarter, not more than the number of patients on his list at the date of the event;
 - (b) where following the creation of a partnership of which he is a member a practitioner has more than the number of patients on his list allowed by the scheme, the Council may permit him to retain, for such period

not exceeding nine months after the date of commencement of the partnership as they may determine, not more than the number of patients on his list at such date.

For the purposes of this paragraph "quarter" means a period of three months ending 31st March, 30th June, 30th September or 31st December.

- (5) Where an assistant has a list of patients of his own, the patients shall be deemed, for the purpose of any calculation under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this regulation, to be the patients of the practitioner or partnership employing the assistant.
- (6) The allocation scheme shall also provide for enabling a practitioner, the number of persons on whose list exceeds the limit, to make arrangements within a specified period for bringing the number within the limit, either by reducing the number of persons on his list of by employing an assistant or otherwise, and may include provision for securing the necessary consultation and coordination in this respect between the Council and Councils in adjoining areas.
- (7) The allocation scheme may also provide for the application with the necessary modifications of the provisions of regulation 14 (3) of these regulations to the case of:—
 - (a) a practitioner who is included in the medical list in respect of more than one address and who ceases to practise at one of such addresses;
 - (b) a practitioner who on ceasing to employ a permanent assistant reduces the number of persons on his list; and
 - (c) a practitioner who on entering into partnership with another practitioner reduces the number of persons on his list.
- (8) In the event of the Council and Local Medical Committee failing to agree on any provision of the allocation scheme the matter shall be referred to the Minister; whose determination shall be final.
- (9) The provisions of the allocation scheme shall be subject to the approval of the Minister.
- (10) The Council, after consultation with the Local Medical Committee and with the approval of the Minister, may from time to time amend the allocation scheme.
- (11) If the Local Medical Committee request any amendment of the allocation scheme, the scheme may, in default of agreement between the Council and the Committee, be amended by the Minister.
- (12) If the Council fail to submit an allocation scheme to the Minister within such time as he may direct, the Minister may make a scheme, and any scheme so made shall have effect within the area of the Council as if it had been prepared by the Council and approved by the Minister.

Change of practitioner

- 14.—(1) Subject to the provisions of the next following paragraph, a person may at any time make application for acceptance by a practitioner notwith-standing that he is at the date of application on the list of another practitioner, and if accepted he shall forthwith be entitled to obtain treatment from the practitioner to whom application has been made.
- (2) Where a person is at the date of application for acceptance by a practitioner already on the list of another practitioner and has not changed his

address from that shown on his medical card, the application may be accepted only if either:—

- (a) the consent of the practitioner in whose list the person is included has been given, and has been written, signed and dated on the medical card:

 Provided that where such practitioner has given notice of retirement to the Council, or has died, a practitioner (other than the first named practitioner or his partner) who has undertaken to treat the patients of the practice may not consent to the transfer of any patient to his own list or that of his partner or principal; or
- (b) the person has given notice in writing to the Council of his intention to transfer to another practitioner and has forwarded to the Council his medical card, or, if the card is lost or mislaid has made an application for a new card on a form to be supplied by the Council. In such event he will be informed by the Council of the date on which another practitioner is authorised to accept him, such date being 14 days after the first receipt of the notice by the Council or, where the medical card or completed form of application for a new card is not forwarded with the original notice or within 7 days thereafter, 7 days after the receipt of the medical card or completed form by the Council. And any authorisation given by the Council shall be valid for one month and no longer.
- (3) Subject as hereinafter provided, the Council shall, on the death or on the removal or withdrawal from the medical list of a practitioner, give to the persons on the list of the practitioner notice of their right to apply to another practitioner on the list for acceptance.
- (4) Where a successor is appointed to a practice declared vacant, the Council shall notify the persons on the list of the practitioner to whom the practice last belonged of the name and address of the successor and, if the successor is practising in partnership, of the names and addresses of each of the partners:

Provided that in respect of any such persons residing in a particular part of the district the Medical Practices Committee, or, if the Minister has allowed an appeal against the Committee's decision respecting the succession to the practice, the Minister may, if they or he think fit, deem another practitioner to be the successor, and the Council shall notify the said persons accordingly.

- (5) Where, on the death of a practitioner on their medical list or on the removal or withdrawal from the medical list of a practitioner, the practice is not declared vacant and the Council and the Local Medical Committee are of opinion that one or more practitioners on the list should be regarded as succeeding in whole or in part to the practice of the first-mentioned practitioner, the Council shall notify the persons on the list of that practitioner of the name and address of the successor and, if the successor is practising in partnership, of the names and addresses of each of the partners.
- (6) Any notice given under either of the last two preceding paragraphs shall state that the successor is willing to accept the person on whom it is served and that person shall be deemed to be included in the list of the successor as from the date given in the notice unless within 14 days he has chosen another practitioner or given notice in writing to the Council of his desire not to be so included.
- (7) A practitioner who has performed a period of relevant service in an emergency recognised by the Minister for the purposes of these regulations and has returned to his practice at the end of such service shall within one month of his return notify the Council in writing that he has personally resumed

practice. Where the Council have been so notified, they shall within 7 days send a notice to all persons who were on the practitioner's list at the date of the recognition of the emergency, or of the beginning of his service, whichever shall be the later, who are still residing at the same address at which they were residing at such date, and who have transferred to the list of another practitioner. The Council's notice shall state that the former practitioner has resumed practice, and that the person will be restored to his list unless within 14 days that person gives notice in writing to the Council that he wishes to remain on the list of his present practitioner. After the said period of 14 days has elapsed, the Council shall inform the practitioners concerned of the persons who are transferred to the list of the practitioner who has resumed practice, and shall also inform the other practitioner of the persons who have elected to remain on his list.

Temporary arrangements for practice on retirement, death, etc.

15.—(1) For the purpose of securing the treatment of persons on the list of a practitioner who has ceased to be included in the medical list, pending their selection, or transfer to the list, of another practitioner, the Council may, after consultation with the Local Medical Committee, appoint one or more practitioners to undertake the treatment of such persons and may make such arrangements as they think fit for the accommodation and other needs of a practitioner so appointed:

Provided that where on the death of a practitioner he ceases to be included in the medical list, and any person within 7 days of the date of death makes application to the Council on behalf of the estate of the deceased practitioner and the Council are satisfied that he is acting in the interests of the estate, they may, instead of making an appointment under this paragraph, authorise that person to appoint one or more practitioners to undertake as the deputy or deputies of the deceased practitioner the treatment of persons who were on the list of the deceased practitioner immediately before his death.

(2) An appointment of any practitioner under this regulation shall be for such period as the Council think fit not exceeding, except in special circumstances, 2 months, and shall be subject to the condition that the practitioner agrees in writing to be bound by the terms of service which were applicable to the practitioner who has ceased to be included in the medical list. During the period of any such appointment any person who has not been transferred to another practitioner shall be deemed to remain on the list of the practitioner who has ceased to be included in the medical list.

Removal of person from practitioner's list

- 16.—(1) A person who no longer wishes to avail himself of general medical services may at any time give notice to the Council that he wishes to be removed from a practitioner's list and at the expiration of 14 days from the date of the receipt of the notice the Council shall remove him and inform him and the practitioner accordingly.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (4) of this regulation, where the Council after due inquiry are satisfied—
 - (a) that a person on the list of a practitioner providing general medical services in the area of the Council no longer resides permanently in the area or in that part of the area where the practitioner has undertaken to provide such services, or that the whereabouts of such a person are no longer known to the Council, and

(b) that the practitioner is no longer responsible for providing the person with general medical services,

the Council shall give to the practitioner notice in writing that they intend, at the end of the period specified therein (being a period of 6 months commencing with the date of the notice or such shorter period as in a particular case the Minister may determine after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners) to remove the person from the practitioner's list unless within that period the practitioner satisfies the Council that he is still responsible for providing general medical services for that person.

- (3) If at the end of the said period the practitioner has not satisfied the Council as aforesaid, they shall remove the person from his list and give notice of the removal to the practitioner and the person at his last known address.
- (4)(a) The Council shall, on receiving from a practitioner in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 7 (12) of part I of schedule 1 to these regulations particulars of persons who are pupils at, or staff or inmates of, a school or residential institution where he provides general medical services, forthwith remove all persons appearing on his list as pupils at, or staff or inmates of, such school or institution, who are not shown in the said particulars.
- (b) Where the Council have made a request to a practitioner for particulars under the provisions of the said paragraph 7(12) and have not received them in accordance with those provisions, they may remove from his list persons appearing thereon as pupils at, or staff or inmates of, such school or institution.

Arrangements for temporary residents

- 17.—(1) A person who is residing temporarily in any district and is not on the list of a practitioner providing general medical services in that district may if requiring treatment apply to any practitioner providing services in that district to be accepted by him as a temporary resident, and in such a case he shall not be removed from the list of any practitioner in which he is already included.
- (2) A person moving from place to place who is for the time being not resident in any place may if requiring treatment apply to any practitioner to be accepted by him as a temporary resident.
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation the residence of a person shall be deemed to be temporary if at the time of his arrival in a district he intends to remain there for a period of not more than 3 months:

Provided that if his stay in the district extends to more than 3 months his residence shall at the end of that period cease to be regarded as temporary.

- (4) A person who-
 - (a) normally resides in a school or similar institution but is temporarily residing at home, or
- (b) normally resides at home but is temporarily residing in any institution, and who is on the list of a practitioner providing general medical services in the district of his temporary residence may, if requiring treatment when temporarily residing at home or in any institution, apply to another practitioner providing services in that district to be accepted by him as a temporary resident. For the purposes of this provision temporary residence extending beyond 3 months shall cease to be regarded as temporary and the person shall thereupon be removed from the list of the first-named practitioner.

Practitioners' lists

- 18.—(1) The Council shall prepare and keep revised up to date a list of persons for whose treatment each practitioner is for the time being responsible and shall from time to time furnish the practitioner with information in such form as the Minister may determine with regard to persons included in or removed from that list.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of regulation 14(6) of these regulations, a person accepted by a practitioner for inclusion in his list shall be included in the list from the date on which notification of acceptance is received by the Council.
- (3) Where a person for whose treatment a practitioner is responsible dies, or is absent from the United Kingdom for a period of 3 months he shall be removed from the practitioner's list from the date on which the Council first receive notification of the death or absence for 3 months.
- (4) Where such a person leaves the United Kingdom with the intention of being away for a period of three months or is in Her Majesty's Forces or is in process of serving a prison sentence or sentences totalling in the aggregate more than two years, he shall be removed from the practitioner's list from the date on which the Council first received notification of such departure, enlistment or imprisonment.
- (5) Any removal from a practitioner's list caused by the transfer of a person to the list of another practitioner, otherwise than in pursuance of a notice given under regulation 14(4) or (5) of these regulations, shall take effect from the date on which the Council receive notification of the acceptance of the person by the last-named practitioner or, subject to the consent of the Council, on such date, being not earlier than the date of such consent, as may be agreed between the practitioners.
- (6) Any other removal from a practitioner's list shall take effect from the date on which notice of removal is sent by the Council to the practitioner or from such other date, not being earlier than that date, as may be specified in the notice.

PART V

Method of obtaining maternity medical services

Application for services

- 19. A person who, after diagnosis of pregnancy by a practitioner, requires the provision of maternity medical services may arrange for the provision of such services either—
 - (a) with any practitioner on a medical list having obstetric experience, or
 - (b) with the practitioner in whose list she is included.

Change of practitioner and temporary residence

- 20.—(1) If a practitioner ceases to provide maternity medical services he shall give to any person for whom he has arranged to provide maternity medical services notice of the fact and of her right to make fresh arrangements in accordance with the last preceding regulation.
- (2) A practitioner who has arranged to provide maternity medical services for any person may agree with that person to terminate the arrangement, and the person may then make fresh arrangements in accordance with the last preceding regulation.

- (3) If for any reason a practitioner who has arranged to provide maternity medical services for any person, or that person, desires to terminate the arrangements, either of them may, in default of agreement, apply to the Council for permission to terminate the arrangements, and after hearing such representations as the practitioner and the person concerned may make, the Council may terminate the arrangements and give notice to the person of her right to make fresh arrangements.
- (4) If a person requires maternity medical services and is a temporary resident, she may arrange for the provision of such services as she may require during her period of temporary residence with any practitioner having obstetric experience who is on the medical list for the area. Arrangements made under this paragraph may form part of any arrangements made under regulation 19 of these regulations.

Notice of provision of services

21. A practitioner who provides maternity medical services for a person shall notify the Council, on a form issued by them for the purpose, of the services provided by him, within 6 months, or such longer period as the Council may allow in the circumstances of the case, of the completion of the provision of such services.

PART VI

Payments to medical practitioners

Payments to practitioners

- 22.—(1) For each financial year ending on 31st March the Council shall make payments to practitioners providing general medical services in their area in accordance with such rates and subject to such conditions as the Minister, in a Statement, may determine after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners. The Statement shall make provision for the following matters:—
 - (a) basic and supplementary practice allowances, and additional allowances for designated areas, group practice, vocational training, seniority, and employment of assistants;
 - (b) standard and supplementary capitation fees and capitation fees for elderly patients;
 - (c) fees for items of service and for temporary residents;
 - (d) fees and allowances for the supply of drugs and appliances, and for rural practice and fees for maternity medical services;
 - (e) allowances for post-graduate training, for training practitioners and for initial practice or inducement to practise;
 - (f) allowances for practice expenses and for improvement of premises;
 - (g) group practice loans;

and may be amended from time to time by the Minister after consultation with such organisations as aforesaid.

(2) Where a practitioner is on the medical list of more than one Council any payment due to the practitioner may, where the Statement so provides, be made by one Council on behalf of all Councils concerned.

PART VII

Chemists

Terms of service for chemists

23. The arrangements which a Council are required by section 38 of the Act to make for the supply of drugs and medicines and prescribed appliances to persons receiving general medical services, and of prescribed drugs and medicines to persons receiving general dental services, shall incorporate the terms of service contained or referred to in part I of schedule 4 to these regulations.

Pharmaceutical list

- 24.—(1) The Council shall prepare a list, to be called "the pharmaceutical list", of the names and places of business of the chemists who are entitled to be included in the list, and the list shall indicate whether they have undertaken to supply drugs or appliances or both and shall distinguish those who are entitled to dispense medicines and shall also indicate the days and hours during which the several places of business are open.
- (2) Application by a chemist for inclusion in a pharmaceutical list shall be made by delivering or sending the application by post to the Council in the form set out in part II of schedule 4 to these regulations, or in a form to the like effect; and application by a person other than a chemist shall be made in the form set out in part III of the said schedule, or in a form to the like effect.
- (3) Copies of the pharmaceutical list shall be available for inspection at the office of the Council and at such other places as appear to the Council to be convenient for informing all persons interested and shall be kept revised up to date.
- (4) The Council shall send a copy of the pharmaceutical list to the Minister and to the Local Medical, Pharmaceutical and Dental Committees, and shall within 14 days inform each of them of any alteration which may from time to time be made therein.
- (5) Where the Council, after consulting the Local Pharmaceutical Committee, are of the opinion that a chemist who has been included for the preceding 6 months in the list of chemists undertaking to provide pharmaceutical services in the Council's area—
 - (a) has never provided such services for persons in the area since he was last included in the list, or
 - (b) has for the preceding 6 months ceased to provide such services for such persons,

the Council shall, by notice sent to him by prepaid post at his usual or last known address, inform him that they are of that opinion and afford him an opportunity of making representations to the Council in writing or, if he so desires, orally to a committee appointed by the Council for the purpose, of which committee at least a third of the members shall be registered pharmaceutical chemists from a panel nominated by the said Committee.

(6) If the chemist does not make representations during the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the notice was sent, or the Council,

after considering any representations made by him and consulting the said Committee, remain of the opinion aforesaid, they shall remove the chemist from the list and inform him by notice sent as aforesaid that they have done so.

- (7) Nothing in paragraphs (5) and (6) of this regulation shall—
 - (a) prejudice the right of the chemist to be included again in the list of persons providing pharmaceutical services in the Council's area, in accordance with section 38(2)(b) of the Act; or
 - (b) affect a chemist who is called into whole-time service in the armed forces of the Crown in a national emergency as a volunteer or otherwise, or who is serving in pursuance of the Army Reserve Act 1962 or the Navy, Army and Air Force Reserves Act 1964, or who is called up for compulsory whole-time service by virtue of provisions contained in any enactment for the time being in force or being liable under those provisions for such service is performing service equivalent thereto; and such a chemist who is called up as aforesaid shall not be removed from the list during his service or during the period of 6 months after the completion of his service.

Schemes for securing proper pharmaceutical service

25.—(1) The Council, after consultation with the Local Pharmaceutical Committee, shall prepare schemes for testing the quality and checking the amount of the drugs and appliances supplied and for securing that one or more places of business on the pharmaceutical list in each district shall at all reasonable times be open and the latter scheme shall specify the days and hours during which such places shall be open:

Provided that for the purpose of the former scheme a drug or appliance dispensed and awaiting collection shall be deemed to be supplied.

- (2) In the event of the Council and the Committee failing to agree on any provision of the schemes, the matter shall be referred to the Minister whose determination shall be final.
- (3) The provisions of any such scheme shall be subject to the approval of the Minister.
- (4) The Council after consultation with the Local Pharmaceutical Committee may from time to time amend any such scheme subject to the approval of the Minister.
- (5) If the Local Pharmaceutical Committee request any amendment of any such scheme, the scheme may, in default of agreement between the Council and the Committee, be amended by the Minister.

Prices and standards of drugs and appliances

- 26. For the purpose of enabling arrangements to be made for the supply of drugs and appliances of proper quality, the Minister shall cause to be prepared a statement (in these regulations referred to as "the Drug Tariff") which shall include—
 - (a) the prices on the basis of which the payment for drugs and appliances ordinarily supplied is to be calculated;
 - (b) the method of calculating the payment for drugs not mentioned in the Drug Tariff;

- (c) the method of calculating the payment for containers;
- (d) the dispensing or other fees payable in respect of the supply of drugs and appliances;
- (e) the standards of quality for drugs;
- (f) specifications for appliances and prescribed chemical reagents;
- (g) the method under which a claim may be made for compensation for financial loss in respect of oxygen equipment.

The prices referred to in paragraph (a) of this regulation may be fixed prices or may be subject to monthly or other periodical variations to be determined by reference to fluctuations in the cost price of drugs and appliances.

PART VIII

Supply of drugs, etc. by medical practitioners

Arrangements for supply by practitioners of drugs and appliances

27.—(1) A person who—

- (a) satisfies the Council that he would have serious difficulty in obtaining any necessary drugs or appliances from a chemist by reason of distance or inadequacy of means of communication, or
- (b) is resident in an area which in the Council's opinion is rural in character, at a distance of more than one mile from the premises of any chemist, may at any time request the practitioner in whose list he is included to supply him with drugs and appliances.
- (2) (a) If the practitioner so requested indicates willingness to supply drugs and appliances, the Council shall arrange with him to do so.
- (b) if the practitioner so requested does not indicate willingness to supply drugs and appliances, the Council may require him to undertake such supply:

Provided that the Council shall not require him to do so if he satisfies them or, on appeal, the Minister, that he does not normally supply drugs to his patients, or in the case of a person to whom paragraph (1)(b) of this regulation applies, that the person can with reasonable facility obtain drugs and appliances from a chemist.

- (c) A practitioner who under the provisions of the preceding sub-paragraphs supplies drugs and appliances to some or all of his patients may supply any necessary drugs and appliances to a person whom he has accepted as a temporary resident.
- (3) A practitioner shall be entitled to receive reasonable notice from the Council that he is required to undertake the supply of drugs and appliances, or, where a person no longer satisfies the provisions of paragraph (1) of this regulation, that the supply is to be discontinued.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this regulation, where a drug or appliance is one for which a practitioner is entitled to receive extra payment if he supplies it, he may, with the patient's consent, instead of supplying it himself, issue a prescription for that purpose.
- (5) The Council may, if they think fit, and shall, if requested to do so by the Local Medical or Local Pharmaceutical Committee, constitute a committee (in these regulations referred to as "the dispensing committee") and shall delegate to that committee, subject to such conditions as they may impose, the powers conferred on the Council by this regulation.

(6) The Council may make, vary or revoke standing orders with regard to the term of office of members of the dispensing committee, the procedure of that committee and the making of reports of their proceedings to the Council.

PART IX

Miscellaneous

Prescribed appliances and chemical reagents

28.—(1) The articles mentioned in part I of schedule 3 to these regulations shall be the prescribed appliances for the purposes of section 38 of the Act:

Provided that-

- (a) no such article shall be a prescribed appliance for these purposes unless it complies with the specifications applicable thereto contained in the Drug Tariff:
- (b) a mask shall be a prescribed appliance for these purposes only in a case where the wearing of a mask is a necessary part of treatment during exposure to smoke-polluted fog of a patient who is suffering from cardiac disease or respiratory disease.
- (2) The chemical reagents mentioned in part II of the said schedule shall be the prescribed reagents for the purposes of the said section 38.

Publication of particulars of arrangements

29. The Council shall cause to be published, in such manner as appears to them best calculated to inform all persons interested, particulars of the arrangement made by the Council, including a statement of the places where copies of the terms of service for practitioners and chemists and copies of the medical list and of the pharmaceutical list may be seen and where any forms of application are available and any other particulars which the Council think proper.

Exercise of choice of practitioner in certain cases

- 30. The right to choose the person by whom general medical services or pharmaceutical services under part IV of the Act are to be provided shall be exercised—
 - (a) on behalf of any person under the age of 16, by the mother, or in her absence, the father, or in the absence of both parents, the guardian or other person who has the care of the child;
 - (b) on behalf of any other person who on account of old age, sickness or other infirmity is incapable of choosing a person to provide any of the services, by a relative or any person who has the care of such person;
 - (c) on behalf of any person under the care of the managers of an approved school, by the managers of the school or a person duly authorised by them in that behalf.

Overpayments

- 31.—(1) A practitioner or chemist shall properly submit applications for the payment of fees, allowances and remuneration which are required to be claimed under these regulations on the appropriate form and in the appropriate manner.
- (2) Where the Council consider that they have made a payment to a practitioner or chemist owing to an error or in circumstances when it was not due and the overpayment is admitted by him, it shall be deducted from his remuneration. Where the overpayment is not so admitted, the Council may refer the

matter under regulation 4(5) of the National Health Service (Service Committees and Tribunal) Regulations 1956(a) as amended (b), for investigation, and if the Council or the Minister on appeal decide that there has been an overpayment, the amount overpaid shall be recovered by a deduction from the remuneration of the practitioner or chemist, or otherwise.

(3) Recovery of an overpayment under the provisions of this regulation shall be without prejudice to the investigation of an alleged breach of the terms of service.

Application of regulations to Isles of Scilly

- 32. These regulations shall extend to the Isles of Scilly subject to the following exceptions, adaptations and modifications:—
 - (a) any provision in the regulations requiring consultation with, or the agreement or opinion of, the Local Medical or Pharmaceutical Committee in respect of any matter shall not apply to the Executive Council of the Isles of Scilly unless a Local Medical Committee, or as the case may be, a Local Pharmaceutical Committee has been formed for the Isles and recognised by the Minister under section 32 of the Act;
 - (b) for regulation 13(1)(a) there shall be substituted the following provision: "(a) the constitution of a committee of the Council (hereinafter referred to as 'the allocation committee') consisting of such members of the Council and such members appointed by the Local Medical Committee (if a Local Medical Committee is formed for the Isles and recognised by the Minister) as the Council think fit and the assignment to such committee of such powers and duties relating to the administration of the scheme as may be specified therein;".

Revocation of regulations

33. The National Health Service (General Medical and Pharmaceutical Services) Regulations 1962(c) as amended (d), are hereby revoked:

Provided that-

- (a) such revocation shall not affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred, or anything duly done or suffered, under those regulations:
- (b) such revocation shall not affect any legal proceedings commenced before the revocation, or the commencement of any proceedings to enforce any such right, privilege, obligation or liability as aforesaid, but any such proceedings may be continued or commenced as if these regulations had not been made;
- (c) such revocation shall not affect any scheme, list, tariff, certificate, notice, requirement, appeal, decision, appointment, agreement, arrangement, condition, application, delegation of powers, or standing order made, prepared, issued or given under the regulations so revoked, and every such scheme, list, tariff, certificate, notice, requirement, appeal, decision, appointment, agreement, arrangement, condition, application, delegation or order shall so far as it could have been made, prepared, issued or given under these regulations, have effect as if it had been so made, prepared, issued or given.

⁽a) S.I. 1956/1077 (1956 I, p. 1554).

⁽c) S.I. 1962/2248 (1962 III, p. 3092).

⁽b) S.I. 1965/1366 (1965 II, p. 3878).

⁽d) S.I. 1965/54, 1994 (1965 I, p. 69; III, p. 5877).

SCHEDULE 1

PART I

TERMS OF SERVICE FOR MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS

Interpretation

1. In these terms of service, unless the context otherwise requires, the expression "the regulations" means the National Health Service (General Medical and Pharmaceutical Services) Regulations 1966, the word "patient" means a person for whose treatment a practitioner is responsible under paragraph 3 of these terms of service, and other words and expressions have the same meaning as in the regulations.

Incorporation of provisions of regulations, etc.

2. Any provisions of the regulations affecting the rights and obligations of practitioners and the provisions of any allocation scheme made under regulation 13 and in force in the area, and of any Statement made under regulation 22, and any provisions of part II of the National Health Service (Service Committees and Tribunal) Regulations 1956 as amended, affecting the rights and obligations of general medical practitioners shall be deemed to form part of these terms of service.

Persons for whose treatment the practitioner is responsible

- 3.—(1) The persons for whose treatment a practitioner is responsible are—
 - (a) all persons whom he has accepted or agreed to accept for inclusion in his list and who have not been notified to him by the Council as having ceased to be on his list:
 - (b) all persons whom he has accepted as temporary residents;
 - (c) all persons who have been assigned to him in accordance with the allocation scheme and who have not been notified to him by the Council as having ceased to be on his list;
 - (d) all persons for whom he may be required under the terms of the allocation scheme to provide treatment pending their acceptance by or assignment to a practitioner or to provide treatment in case of accident or other emergency;
 - (e) all persons for whose treatment the practitioner is responsible under paragraph 5 of these terms of service;
 - (f) all persons in relation to whom he is acting as deputy to a practitioner under the provisions of paragraph 8 (11) of these terms of service.
- (2) A practitioner shall be responsible for the provision of maternity medical services for all persons for whom he has undertaken to provide such services.
- (3) A practitioner who is appointed under regulation 15 of the regulations to undertake the treatment of persons on the list of a practitioner who ceases to be included in the medical list shall, for the period of his appointment, be responsible for the treatment of any person on that list who has not been transferred to the list of another practitioner.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this paragraph, a practitioner shall not be responsible under these terms of service for the treatment in hospital of a person admitted thereto for treatment unless he is a member of the staff of that hospital.
- (5) The acceptance of an applicant shall be signified by the signing of his medical card, or form of application for acceptance, by the practitioner or his partner, assistant or deputy duly authorised in that behalf and the sending of the card or form to the Council within such period as may be specified in the allocation scheme:

Provided that a partner, assistant or deputy signing such card or form on behalf of the practitioner shall also add the practitioner's name.

Right of practitioner to have patient removed from his list

4. Subject to such restrictions, if any, as may be imposed by the allocation scheme, a practitioner is entitled to have any person removed from his list by giving notice at any time to the Council and at the expiration of 7 days from the receipt of such notice by the Council the person shall be removed from the practitioner's list.

Evidence of person's title to obtain treatment

- 5.—(1) A practitioner is entitled to require a person claiming to be on his list and applying for treatment, regarding whose identity he has reasonable doubts, to produce his medical card.
- (2) If any such person fails on request to produce his medical card, the practitioner is required to give any necessary treatment and to order or supply any drugs or appliances which he would be required to order or supply to a person on his list, but the practitioner may demand and accept from the applicant a reasonable fee for any treatment given, and for any drugs or appliances supplied, provided that he gives him a receipt.
- (3) If the applicant applies to the Council for a refund within 14 days after the payment of the fee (or such longer period not exceeding one month as may be allowed by the Council if they are satisfied that the failure to make application within the period of 14 days was occasioned by some reasonable cause), and the Council are satisfied that he was on the practitioner's list, the Council may recover the fee from the practitioner by deduction from his remuneration or otherwise and shall repay to the applicant the amount of the fee. If the practitioner has supplied any drug or appliance for which, in the case of a person on his list, he would have been entitled to payment from the Council, the Council shall credit him with the payment to which he would have been so entitled.

Range of service

- 6.—(1) A practitioner is required to render to his patients all proper and necessary treatment. Such treatment includes the administration of anaesthetics or the rendering of any other assistance at an operation performed by, and of the kind usually performed by, a general medical practitioner, if the administration of the anaesthetic or the rendering of such other assistance does not involve the application of special skill or experience of a degree or kind which general practitioners as a class cannot reasonably be expected to possess. Subject to sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph the treatment to be so provided does not include—
 - (a) services which involve the application of such special skill or experience as aforesaid:
 - (b) the administration of an anaesthetic at an operation performed by a practitioner providing maternity medical services;
 - (c) maternity medical services, unless the practitioner has, by arrangement with his patient, undertaken to provide her with such services.
- (2) In the case of maternity medical services the expression "all proper and necessary treatment" shall comprise all necessary medical services during pregnancy, confinement and the post-natal period including—
 - (a) attendance at an emergency in connection with the pregnancy if the practitioner is summoned on behalf of the patient;
 - (b) attendance if summoned by the midwife; and
 - (c) where the practitioner is not the practitioner in whose list the person is included, the issue if required to the person or her personal representative of certificates of pregnancy, expected confinement and confinement, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 7(7) of these terms of service:

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall affect the responsibility of the practitioner in whose list the person is included for treatment of a kind usually provided by general practitioners which is necessary for her general health.

- (3) In the case of emergency the practitioner is required to render whatever services are, having regard to the circumstances, in the best interests of the patient.
- (4) In determining whether a particular service is a service involving the application of such special skill and experience as aforesaid, regard is to be had to the question whether services of the kind are or are not usually undertaken by general practitioners practising in the area in which the question arose.

Duties of practitioner

- 7.—(1) If the condition of the patient is such as to require treatment which is not within the scope of the practitioner's obligations under these terms of service, but such treatment is, to the knowledge of the practitioner, available as part of the hospital and specialist services, the practitioner shall inform the patient of the fact and if the patient so wishes the practitioner shall take all necessary steps to enable him to receive such treatment. When referring a patient to the hospital and specialist services the practitioner shall give adequate particulars in writing either beforehand or as soon as possible afterwards. The practitioner shall also give his patients such advice or assistance as he may consider appropriate to enable them to take advantage of the local health authority services and maternity medical services.
- (2) If the condition of the patient is such as to require supplementary ophthalmic services, the practitioner shall if so desired furnish him with a recommendation for such services on a form provided by the Council for the purpose.
- (3) (a) A practitioner shall attend and treat any patient who attends for the purpose at the places and during the hours for the time being approved by the Council under paragraph 9(1) of these terms of service except a patient who attends when an appointment system is in operation and who has not previously made, and is not given, an appointment to see the practitioner then. In such a case the practitioner may decline to attend the patient during that surgery period if the patient's health would not thereby be jeopardised and the patient is offered an appointment to attend within a reasonable time having regard to all the circumstances. The practitioner shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that a consultation is not so deferred without his knowledge.
- (b) A practitioner shall inform the Council of his intention to operate an appointment system: Provided that a practitioner who immediately before 1st October 1966 operated such a system, or who succeeds to a practice where such a system is in force, or joins a partnership operating such a system, shall only be required to notify the Council in writing of that fact.
- (4) A practitioner is required to provide proper and sufficient surgery and waiting room accommodation for his patients, having regard to the circumstances of his practice.
- (5) The practitioner on receipt of a written request shall at all reasonable times admit any member or officer of the Council or the Local Medical Committee authorised for the purpose by the Council to any surgery or waiting-room of the practitioner for the purposes of inspecting the said surgery or waiting-room.
- (6) A practitioner is required to visit and treat a patient whose condition so requires at any place where under the terms of his application for inclusion in the medical list or of his application to succeed to a practice declared vacant he is under an obligation to visit such patient.
- (7) A practitioner is required to issue to his patients or their personal representatives free of charge the certificates prescribed in schedule 5 to these regulations, being medical certificates reasonably required by them under or for the purposes of the enactments therein specified, and any certificate which a practitioner is required to issue for the purposes of the National Insurance Act 1965(a) and the National Insurance (Industrial Injuries) Act 1965(b) shall be issued in accordance with any regulations made or having effect under those Acts:

Provided that a practitioner shall not be required to issue a certificate where the patient is receiving medical treatment otherwise than from, or under the supervision of, a practitioner.

(8) A practitioner is responsible for providing the services of another practitioner for the administration of an anaesthetic, when necessary, in connection with any operation on his patient undertaken by him under these terms of service, whenever such administration does not involve the application of special skill or experience of a degree or kind which general practitioners as a class cannot reasonably be expected to possess.

(9) A practitioner—

- (a) is required to supply to a patient such drugs and appliances as are required for immediate administration or application or for use before a supply can be obtained otherwise under these regulations and may supply any other drug which is administered by him in person or a pessary which is a prescribed appliance;
- (b) shall also supply all requisite drugs and appliances which, under these regulations, he is required by the Council or under an arrangement with the Council to supply a patient;
- (c) shall supply in a suitable container any drug supplied by him, except a drug which he administers in person.
- (10) A practitioner is required to order, on a form provided for the purpose by the Council, (or where the practitioner is on the medical list of more than one Council, by the Council who are responsible for the supply of the form) such drugs and appliances (other than those supplied under the preceding sub-paragraph) as are requisite for the treatment of any patient. The order shall be signed by the practitioner with his own hand and shall not be written in such a manner as to necessitate reference on the part of the person supplying the drugs or appliances to a previous order. The forms so provided shall not be used for persons other than the patients who are under treatment by him and subject to the provisions of the next following sub-paragraph a separate form shall be used for each patient.
- (11) A practitioner who is responsible under these terms of service for the treatment of ten or more persons in a school or institution, in which at least twenty persons are normally resident, may use a single form for ordering drugs of a kind to which this sub-paragraph applies for any two or more of the said persons for whose treatment he is responsible, but instead of entering on the form the names of such persons he shall enter thereon the name of the school or institution and the number of persons residing therein for whose treatment he is responsible. The drugs to which this sub-paragraph applies are preparations forming part of pharmaceutical services included in the 1966 edition of the British National Formulary (except drugs and preparations within the meaning of the Dangerous Drugs (No. 2) Regulations 1964(a) as amended(b), or preparations containing a poison included in Part A of schedule 4 to the Poisons Rules 1966(c), and any other drugs which may from time to time be notified to practitioners and chemists by the Minister, after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners and chemists, as being drugs to which this sub-paragraph applies.

The provisions of this sub-paragraph shall apply in like manner to an order for the supply of dressings in an institution recognised by the Minister for the purposes of this sub-paragraph.

(12) Where a practitioner provides general medical services for pupils at a school or for the inmates of any residential institution or the staff of a school or any such institution, he shall on signing such person's medical card or form of application for acceptance indicate that person's status at such school or institution, and if the Council, after consultation with the Local Medical Committee, request him to give

the names of persons on his list who are pupils at, or staff of, or inmates of, such school or institution on a specific date he shall within one month give such information to the Council.

- (13) A practitioner is required-
 - (a) to keep records of the illnesses of his patients and of his treatment of them in such form as the Minister may from time to time determine after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners;
 - (b) to forward such records to the Council when called for, with reasonable promptness; and
 - (c) upon knowledge of the death of a person on his list, or upon removal of a person from his list, to forward the record relating to that person to the Council within 7 days.
- (14) A practitioner is required-
 - (a) to furnish in writing to the medical officer within such reasonable period as the latter may specify any clinical information which he may require with regard to the case of any patient to whom the practitioner has issued or declined to issue a medical certificate;
 - (b) to meet the medical officer, at his request, for the purpose of examining in consultation any patient in respect of whom the practitioner has sought the advice of the medical officer;
 - (c) upon notice being given, to afford to the medical officer access at all reasonable times to the practitioner's surgery or other place where the records required by these terms of service are kept for the purpose of the inspection of such records, and to furnish to the medical officer such records or necessary information with regard to any entry therein as he may request; and
 - (d) to answer any inquiries of the medical officer with regard to any prescription or certificate issued by the practitioner or to any statement made in any report furnished by him under these terms of service.

Deputies, assistants and partners

- 8.—(1) (a) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (1)(b) hereof a practitioner shall give treatment personally.
- (b) If reasonable steps are taken to ensure continuity of treatment the practitioner shall be under no obligation to give treatment personally, and such treatment may be given—
 - (i) by a partner or assistant:
 - (ii) by a deputy; or
 - (iii) if it is treatment which it is reasonable in the circumstances to delegate to a member of his staff, being a person who is competent to carry out such treatment, by such member.
- (2) A practitioner shall make all necessary arrangements for securing the treatment of his patients. He shall inform the Council of any standing deputising arrangements and, when he proposes to be absent from his practice for more than a week, of the names of the practitioner or practitioners responsible for his practice during his absence.
- (3) (a) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (3)(b) hereof a practitioner shall only provide as a deputy a practitioner—
 - (i) who is a partner of, or who personally has entered into a contract for the purpose with, the first named practitioner; or
 - (ii) who is included in the same medical list or who is a partner or assistant of a practitioner who is so included; or
 - (iii) who acts as deputy for no financial reward; or
 - (iv) who is a person employed by a deputising service.

- (b) A practitioner shall not employ as a deputy a person who is a director or member of, or a person employed (whether under a contract of service or otherwise) by a deputising service without the consent of the Council, or on appeal the Minister. In giving such consent the Council, or on appeal the Minister, may from time to time impose such conditions as they consider or he considers necessary or expedient, and before giving their consent or imposing conditions the Council shall, so far as practicable, consult the Local Medical Committee.
- (c) The Council may at any time, and shall periodically, review, in consultation with the Local Medical Committee, any consent given or condition imposed under sub-paragraph (3)(b) hereof and any practitioner aggrieved by any withdrawal of consent or variation of conditions shall be entitled to appeal to the Minister.
- (d) Any appeal under sub-paragraph (3)(b) hereof shall be made within one month, and any appeal under sub-paragraph (3)(c) hereof within 7 days, of receipt by the practitioner of notice of the Council's decision.
- (e) The expression "deputising service" in this sub-paragraph shall include any person who, or body which, undertakes to provide as part of his or its business a deputy or deputies for practitioners.

(4) A practitioner—

- (a) shall not employ an assistant who is included in the medical list of the area unless the name of the assistant was included in the list before 1st February 1950, or the assistant is a practitioner also providing in the area general medical services as a principal:
- (b) shall not, except for a period of less than 3 months, employ any assistant without the consent of the Council or, on appeal, the Medical Practices Committee to the employment of an assistant and where such consent has been given by the Council or, on appeal by the Medical Practices Committee, it shall be subject to periodical review and may be withdrawn by the Council, in which event the practitioner may appeal to the Medical Practices Committee;
- (c) shall notify the name of any assistant employed by him to the Council.
- (5) A practitioner shall not, without the consent of the Minister, employ as a deputy or assistant any practitioner who is disqualified for inclusion in the medical list of the Council under section 42 of the Act.
- (6) A practitioner having obstetric experience shall not except with the permission of the Council employ for the purposes of providing maternity medical services a deputy or assistant who is not a practitioner having obstetric experience.
- (7) A practitioner acting as deputy shall be entitled to treat patients at places and at times other than those arranged by the practitioner for whom he is acting, due regard being had to the convenience of the patients.
- (8) A deputy or assistant (other than a partner or assistant whose name is included in the medical list) shall, in addition to signing with his own name any certificate, prescription form or other document issued by him under these terms of service, insert therein, if it does not already appear, the name of the practitioner for whom he is acting as deputy or assistant.
 - (9) For the purposes of this paragraph—
 - (a) the expression "partner" includes a person who by virtue only of regulation 2(3) of the regulations is deemed not to be carrying on practice in partnership or to be a partner;
 - (b) the expression "assistant" includes a practitioner who is being trained in general practice as a trainee general practitioner under arrangements made by the Minister but does not include any person who is a partner for the said purposes.
- (10) A practitioner is responsible for all acts and omissions of any practitioner acting as his deputy or assistant or of any other member of his staff in relation to his obligations under these terms of service, other than the acts and omissions of a deputy who is also included in the medical list.

(11) A practitioner who is included in the medical list, acting as deputy to another practitioner who is also included in the list, shall be responsible for his acts and omissions in relation to the obligations under the terms of service of the practitioner for whom he acts as deputy.

Arrangements for practice

- 9.—(1) A practitioner shall obtain the consent of the Council (who shall consult the Local Medical Committee), or on appeal, of the Minister, to the places where and the times during which he is available for consultation (whether or not he operates an appointment system) and to any changes in them. Consent may be given subject to such conditions as seem necessary to the Council or the Minister to enable the practitioner to carry out his obligations under these terms of service and to a condition that the practitioner informs his patients, at his own expense, of any special arrangements for the conduct of his practice or of any changes in his practice arrangements.
- (2) A practitioner shall not, without the consent of the Council or on appeal, the Medical Practices Committee, carry on practice at any house, flat, surgery, branch surgery or other similar premises (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as "the surgery premises") which have been previously occupied or used for the purpose of his practice by another practitioner (hereafter in this paragraph referred to as "the owner") whose practice has been declared vacant and to whose practice a successor has been, or is to be, appointed.
 - (3) The provisions of the last foregoing sub-paragraph shall not apply—
 - (a) where the owner or his executors or administrators has or have, in agreement with the Council, made an offer to the successor on his appointment to sell or let to him the surgery premises upon terms to be approved by the Medical Practices Committee and upon terms that the offer cannot be withdrawn within the period of one month from the date on which the successor was appointed, and the successor has failed or refused to accept the offer before expiry thereof; or
 - (b) where such an offer was made to the successor and accepted by him before its expiry and the approval of the Medical Practices Committee has been given to the terms of the proposed agreement; or
 - (c) after the expiration of a period of 12 months from the date on which the successor was appointed; or
 - (d) where the owner was a member of a partnership and the practitioner concerned is another member of the partnership who acquires the surgery premises in accordance with the terms of a partnership agreement which has been in operation for a period of 12 months before the date on which notice of the owner's intended retirement was given to the Council concerned, or the date of the owner's death; or
 - (e) where the practitioner is using the surgery premises in consequence of temporary arrangements for the carrying on of the practice made either pursuant to and in accordance with regulation 15 of these regulations, or by agreement between the owner or his executors or administrators and the successor pending the approval of the Medical Practices Committee to a proposed sale or lease of the surgery premises to the successor.
- (4) In this paragraph the expression "successor" means the practitioner appointed by the Medical Practices Committee or, in the case of an appeal, by the Minister, to succeed to the practice in accordance with the provisions of regulations 9 and 10 of the regulations and the expression "the date on which the successor was appointed" means the date on which the successor is advised that no appeal has been made against the decision of the Medical Practices Committee or, in the case of an appeal, is notified of the decision of the Minister.

Acceptance of fees

10.—(1) A practitioner shall not demand or accept any fee or other remuneration in respect of any treatment (which for the purpose of this paragraph shall include maternity medical services), whether under these terms of service or not, rendered to his

patients or the patients of his partner or assistant or to the patients of a practitioner for whom he is acting as deputy:

Provided that noting in this paragraph shall debar a practitioner from demanding and accepting a fee or other remuneration—

- (a) under paragraph 5 of these terms of service;
- (b) from any statutory body in respect of services rendered for the purpose of that body's statutory functions;
- (c) from any school, employer or body for the medical examination of persons for whose welfare that school, employer or body is responsible, such examination being either a routine medical examination or for the purpose of advising the school, employer or body as to any administrative action they might take;
- (d) for treatment not included within the range of service defined in paragraph 6 of these terms of service given—
 - (i) in special accommodation in a hospital set aside for private patients in accordance with section 5 of the Act; or
 - (ii) in a registered nursing home, not being a hospital providing hospital and specialist services under the Act;

if in either case the practitioner is serving on the staff of a hospital providing hospital and specialist services as a specialist providing treatment of the kind required by the patient and within 7 days after the date on which treatment is given the practitioner furnishes the Council, on a form to be supplied by them for the purpose, with such particulars relating to the service rendered as they may require;

- (e) under section 213 of the Road Traffic Act 1960(a);
- (f) from a dental practitioner in respect of the provision at his request of an anaesthetic for a person for whom the dental practitioner is providing general dental services, or in respect of treatment given before 1st January 1967 for the arrest of bleeding;

and in respect of treatment provided on or after 1st January 1967:—

- (g) for either the prescribing of a contraceptive drug or the prescribing and fitting of a contraceptive appliance where the drug or appliance is not necessary to preserve the patient's physical or mental health, so however that no remuneration shall be demanded or accepted for an examination or advice connected with such prescribing and fitting;
- (h) for attending and examining (but not otherwise treating) a patient at his request at a police station in connection with proceedings which the police are minded to bring against him;
- (i) for treatment consisting of an immunisation in connection with travel abroad for which no remuneration is payable by the Council in pursuance of the Statement made under regulation 22 of the regulations;
- (k) for circumcising a patient for whom such an operation is requested on religious grounds and is not needed on any medical ground.
- (2) A practitioner shall take all practicable steps to ensure that any partner, deputy or assistant of his, whether or not such partner, deputy or assistant is providing general medical services, shall not demand or accept any fee or other remuneration in respect of medical treatment rendered to the practitioner's patients unless the partner, deputy or assistant would have been entitled to charge if the patient had been on his own list.

Revision of terms of service

- 11.—(1) The Council may, with the approval of the Minister, alter the terms of service as from such date as he may approve by giving to each practitioner, subject to sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph, notice of the proposed alteration.
- (2) Except in the case of an alteration which results from the coming into operation of any Act of Parliament or regulation or which has been approved by the Minister after consultation with such organisations as he may recognise as representing practitioners, the Council shall, before making an alteration, consult with the Local Medical Committee and the alteration shall not come into operation within a period of 3 months from the date of the issue of the notice.
- (3) If in any case of alteration the Minister after consultation with such organisations as aforesaid directs that notice of the proposed alteration shall be given to the Local Medical Committee only, the Council shall give notice to the Local Medical Committee, and the notice shall in that case be deemed to have been given to each practitioner.

Withdrawal from medical list

12. A practitioner is entitled at any time to give notice to the Council that he desires to withdraw his name from the medical list or to withdraw his name from the list as a practitioner providing maternity medical services and his name shall be removed accordingly at the expiration of 3 months from the date of such notice or of such shorter period as the Council may agree. Any such notice may only be withdrawn by the practitioner with the consent of the Council:

Provided that if representations are made to the Tribunal under the provisions of section 42 of the Act that the continued inclusion of a practitioner in the medical list would be prejudicial to the efficiency of the general medical services, he shall not, except with the consent of the Minister and subject to such conditions as the Minister may impose, be entitled to have his name removed from the list pending the termination of the proceedings on such representations.

Continued absence or disability of practitioner

13. Where the Council, after consultation with the Local Medical Committee, are satisfied that owing to the continued absence or bodily or mental disability of a practitioner his obligations under the terms of service are not being adequately carried out, they may with the consent of the Minister make such arrangements as the Minister may approve including the appointment of a deputy for and on behalf of the practitioner, and may deduct the cost of the arrangements in part or in whole from the remuneration of the practitioner; or they may with such consent give notice to the persons on his list that the practitioner is for the time being in their opinion not in a position to carry out his obligations under the terms of service:

Provided however that during any period in which the practitioner is performing relevant service in an emergency recognised by the Minister for the purposes of these regulations, the Council shall, if they appoint a deputy under this paragraph, deduct the cost of the arrangements from the remuneration of the practitioner.

Disputes, appeals, &c.

- 14. The terms of service relating to the following matters are contained in part II of the National Health Service (Service Committees and Tribunal) Regulations 1956 as amended:—
 - (a) the investigation of questions arising between practitioners and their patients and other investigations to be made by the medical service committee and the joint services committee and the action which may be taken by the Council as a result of such investigations, including the withholding of remuneration from the practitioner where there has been a breach of the terms of service;
 - (b) appeals to the Minister from decisions of the Council;
 - (c) the investigation of cases of alleged excessive prescribing;
 - (d) the investigation of certification:

(e) the investigation of record keeping;(f) decisions as to treatment for which fees may be charged;

(g) the determination of the question whether a substance is a drug.

Issue of notices to practitioners

15. Any notice which a Council are required or authorised by these terms of service to give to a practitioner shall be sufficiently given if it has been delivered to him or sent by post to him at the address which he has last notified the Council as being his place of residence.

PART II

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR INCLUSION IN MEDICAL LIST

To the Execut	ive Council for				
I	***************************************	**************************************			
residing at					
		(private addre			
a registered n	a registered medical practitioner included in the medical register in that name and				
naving the following medical qualifications, namely					
	included in th		ractitioners undertaking to provide		
*general me	edical services	maternity excluding	medical services		
*general me	edical services,	such services being	limited to maternity medical services		
			plication is granted, I accept service ervice for the time being in operation		
To'be completed where appropriate	-	-	with		
*I have app			to a to the state of		
*I intend to experience.		Local Obstetric Cor	nmittee for approval of my obstetric		
The district visit patients	t or districts wand particulars	ithin which, if my a of my surgery hour	pplication is granted, I undertake to a are:—		
	District	Surgery	Days and hours of attendance		
I also unde on my list res residing at the	side outside th	any patients who at e said district or dis	the date on which they are placed tricts at the place at which they are		
		Signed			
		Date			
		* Delete if inappro	priate.		

PART III FORM OF APPLICATION FOR FILLING A VACANCY

2 0.2			
To the Executive Council for			
	(Full name in block le	tters)	
residing at	`		***************************************
registered medical practi	itioner included in the	e medical register i	in that name
(i) *apply to succeed to declared vacant by yo	the practice at our Council		
(ii) *apply to be appoin		***************************************	
in respect of which ar			
(a) The district or dis particulars of my sur	gery hours are:—		
District	Surgery	Days and hou attendance	ŧ
(b) I also undertake to my list reside outside are residing at that da	e the said district or di	at the date they as stricts at the place	e included in at which they
	PART A	••	
`	be completed by all ap	-	
l. (a) Age (b) Da	te and place of medical		
2. Professional qualification	s (and where obtained)		
*am on the medical	l list for the Council's a	area.	
4. If not on the Council's general practice whether	as a principal or assist	tant or locum	
5. Professional experience (Additional particulars n sheet.)	nay, if necessary, be at		
(i) in general practice (if name and address of 1	f applicant has been "t principal)		
		Dat	tes
Det	tails	From	То
	 		
			

^{*} Delete if inappropriate.

Date	es
From	То
Date	es
From	То
ctice in the C	***************************************
(name a	nd addres not intendir applicant
or inclusion in	n the medic
olicant propos	ses to rely:
	plicant propos

PART B

(to be completed only by applicants whose names are NOT included in the medical list of the Council's area)

If I am selected for the vacancy I apply to be included in the list of medical practitioners undertaking to provide general medical services *including maternity medical services for persons in the Council's area, and

- (1) I accept service under, and agree to be bound by, the terms of service for the time being in operation in the area.
- (2) I *intend to apply to the Local Obstetric Committee for approval of my obstetric experience.

Clerk of the Council

* Delete as appropriate.

SCHEDULE 2

Form of Certificate to be issued by Medical Practices Committee under section 35 (9) of the National Health Service Act 1946

WHEREAS

to the Medical Practices Committee under section 35 (9) of the National Health
Service Act 1946 for their opinion as to whether the proposed transaction or series
of transactions described in the schedule hereto, which sets out all material circumstances disclosed to the Committee, involves the sale of the goodwill or any part of
the goodwill of a medical practice which it is unlawful to sell by virtue of that section:
AND WHEREAS the Committee have considered the application: NOW THEREFORE the Medical Practices Committee hereby certify that they are satisfied that the
said transaction or series of transactions does not involve such a sale as aforesaid.

SCHEDULE

Dated this day of
Signature of the chairman or
other member authorised by
the Committee for the purpose.

19 .

SCHEDULE 3

PART I

LIST OF PRESCRIBED APPLIANCES

Animal wool Applicators Armslings

Atomisers, hand operated

Bandages Breast relievers Breast shields

Brushes

Catheters, urethral Cellulose tissue Cellulose wadding Chiropody felt Colostomy apparatus:

repairs and replacements only Corn and bunion plasters and rings Cotton wools

Douches with rectal and vaginal fittings

Dressings Droppers

Elastic hosiery Eve baths Eye ointment rods Eye shades

Finger cots Finger stalls Funnels

Gauzes Gauze and cotton tissues

Hypodermic needles Hypodermic syringes

Ice bags Inhalers Insufflators Irrigators

Lints

Masks Metatarsal pads

Nipple shields other than lead nipple shields

Oxygen equipment

Perfusion fittings Pessaries **Plasters Protectives**

Rectal dilators Rubber tubing

Splinting, rigid Sponge rubber Sputum flasks Stockinette Suprapubic belts:

repairs and replacements only

Syringes

Tampons Test tubes Tow Trusses: femoral inguinal scrotal

umbilical

Urinals portable Urine sugar analysis set

Vaccination pads Vaporisers

PART II

LIST OF PRESCRIBED CHEMICAL REAGENTS

Benedict's Solution (Qualitative)

Compounds required for oral administration for the purpose of cholecystographic examination Diagnostic Nitroprusside Tablets Diagnostic solution-tablets of Copper Fehling's Solution Gerhardt's Reagent Glycosuria Detection Strip

Indicators required for measurement of pH of urine

Litmus Papers Phenylketonuria Detection Strips Proteinuria Detection Strips Rothera's Reagent Strong Solution of Ammonia

SCHEDULE 4

PART I

TERMS OF SERVICE FOR CHEMISTS

Interpretation

1. In these terms of service, the expression "the regulations" means the National Health Service (General Medical and Pharmaceutical Services) Regulations 1966, and unless the context otherwise requires, the expression "drugs" in relation to drugs ordered by a dental practitioner means the drugs specified in schedule 3 to the National Health Service (General Dental Services) Regulations 1964(a).

Incorporation of provisions of regulations, etc.

2. Any provisions of the regulations or of any scheme made thereunder and of part II of the National Health Service (Service Committees and Tribunal) Regulations 1956 as amended, affecting the rights and obligations of chemists shall be deemed to form part of these terms of service.

Provision of pharmaceutical services

- 3.—(1) A chemist shall supply with reasonable promptness to any person who presents an order for drugs or appliances on a prescription form provided for the purpose by a Council and signed by a practitioner on the medical list of a Council or by his deputy or assistant such drugs as may be so ordered and such of the appliances so ordered as he supplies in the normal course of his business.
- (2) A chemist shall not supply pharmaceutical services except on an order on such a signed prescription form:

Provided that where a practitioner personally known to the chemist requests him by telephone or in writing to dispense a drug in a case of urgency before a prescription form is issued and undertakes to furnish him within 24 hours with a signed prescription form therefor, the chemist may supply the drug prior to receiving the form.

- (3) A chemist shall supply with reasonable promptness to any person who presents an order for a drug on a prescription form provided for the purpose by a Council and signed by a dental practitioner on the dental list of a Council or by his deputy or assistant such drug as may be so ordered.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of any regulations in force under section 10(7) of the Weights and Measures Act 1963(a), any supply under this paragraph shall conform to the requirements of the order on the prescription form.
- (5) A chemist shall supply in a suitable container any drug which he is required to supply under this paragraph.
- (6) All drugs so supplied which are included in the Drug Tariff shall be of a grade and quality not lower than the grade or quality specified therein and any drugs which are not so included shall be of a grade or quality ordinarily used for medical purposes.
- (7) A chemist shall not give, promise or offer to any person any gift or reward (whether by way of a share of or dividend on the profits of the business or by way of discount or rebate or otherwise) as an inducement to or in consideration of his presenting an order for drugs or appliances on a prescription form provided by the Council.

Place and hours of business

- 4.—(1) Pharmaceutical services shall be provided at the place or places of business specified in the application made by the chemist for inclusion in the Council's list and the place or places shall be open for the supply of pharmaceutical services during the hours specified in the scheme to be made by the Council for that purpose under the regulations.
- (2) At each place of business at which a chemist provides pharmaceutical services he is required—
 - (a) to exhibit a notice to be provided by the Council in the form set out in part IV or part V of this schedule, and
 - (b) in the case of a registered pharmaceutical chemist or authorised seller of poisons within the meaning of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act 1933, to exhibit, at times when his place of business is not open and in such a manner as to be visible at such times, a notice to be provided by the Council in the form prescribed in part VI of this schedule indicating the addresses of other registered pharmaceutical chemists and authorised sellers of poisons in the neighbourhood whose places of business are required to be open in accordance with the said scheme at times when his place of business is not so required, and the times at which they are so open.

Dispensing of medicines and fitting of appliances

- 5.—(1) The dispensing of medicines shall be performed either by or under the direct supervision of a registered pharmaceutical chemist who shall not be, unless the Minister otherwise consents, a person disqualified for inclusion in the pharmaceutical list of the Council under section 42 of the Act, or by a person who for 3 years immediately prior to 16th December 1911 acted as a dispenser to a medical practitioner or a public institution.
- (2) A chemist shall not dispense a prescription requiring the manufacture by him of a substance scheduled under the Therapeutic Substances Act 1956(a) unless he holds a licence for the purpose.
- (3) Subject to paragraph 3(1) of these terms of service a chemist shall make all necessary arrangements—
 - (a) for measuring a person who presents an order for a truss or other appliance of a type requiring measuring and fitting by the chemist, and
 - (b) for fitting the appliance.
- (4) He shall be readily available to make all necessary adjustments to the appliance and shall make such adjustments with reasonable promptness.

Names of registered pharmacists

6. A chemist shall, if so required by the Council, furnish to the Council the name or names of registered pharmaceutical chemists employed by him in dispensing medicines for persons receiving general medical or general dental services.

Drugs, etc., to be supplied without charge.

7. All drugs, containers and appliances supplied under these terms of service shall be supplied free of charge:

Provided that where a chemist supplies a container in response to an order for drugs signed by a practitioner under paragraph 7 (11) of part I of schedule 1 to the regulations or supplies an oxygen container or oxygen equipment, other than equipment specified in the Drug Tariff as not returnable to the chemist, the container and equipment shall remain the property of the chemist who shall have no claim against the Council in the

event of the loss of, or damage to, such container or equipment, except as may be provided in the Drug Tariff.

Advertising.

- 8.—(1) Except as provided in sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph, a chemist shall not advertise either directly or by implication that his name is included in a pharmaceutical list or that he provides or is authorised to provide pharmaceutical services under the Act.
 - (2) Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit—
 - (a) the display at any premises at which a chemist carries on business of the notices referred to in paragraph 4 (2) of these terms of service; or
 - (b) the use in any advertisement of wording identical with that contained in the notices aforesaid, or of the following wording (or wording substantially to the like effect approved by the Minister) as appropriate: "National Health Service prescriptions dispensed" or "Drugs/Appliances supplied under the National Health Service"; or
 - (c) the inclusion in any advertisement of a statement of the days and hours a which pharmaceutical services are provided.
 - (3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the expression "advertise" includes—
 - (a) the publication of a notice in any newspaper or other printed paper issued periodically for public circulation;
 - (b) the issue of circular letters;
 - (c) the use of letter headings, bill or account headings and the like;
 - (d) the publication of booklets, leaflets and pamphlets;
 - (e) canvassing in any form;
 - (f) the making of any public announcement by means of wireless, gramophone records or loudspeaker;
 - (g) the display of any poster, placard, streamer or sign;
 - (h) the exhibition of any film, slide or announcement at a theatre, cinema or other place of public entertainment or resort.

Method of payment

- 9.—(1) A chemist is required to furnish to the Council or to such other person or body as they may direct, on dates to be appointed by the Minister, the forms upon which the orders for drugs and appliances supplied by him were given, arranged in such manner as the Council may direct, together with a statement of accounts containing such particulars relating to the provision by him of pharmaceutical services as the Council, with the approval of the Minister, may from time to time require.
- (2) The Council shall, if any chemist so requires, afford him reasonable facilities for examining all or any of the forms on which the drugs or appliances supplied by him were ordered together with particulars of the amounts calculated to be payable in respect of such drugs and appliances and if he takes objection thereto, the Council shall take such objection into consideration.
- (3) The Council shall, if so required by the Local Pharmaceutical Committee or any organisation which is, in the Minister's opinion, representative of the general body of chemists, afford the Local Pharmaceutical Committee or the said organisation similar facilities for examining such forms and particulars relating to all or any of the chemists and shall take into consideration any objection made thereto by the Local Pharmaceutical Committee or the said organisation.
- (4) Payment shall be made for drugs and appliances in the manner provided for in the Drug Tariff for the time being in force and the payment to be made for containers and in respect of dispensing fees shall be calculated in the manner set forth therein.

Fair wages for staff of pharmacies

10. A chemist shall, in respect of the categories of staff whose wages and conditions of work are approved by the National Joint Industrial Council for Retail Pharmacy, pay rates of wages and observe conditions not less favourable than those for the time being so approved.

Revision of terms of service

- 11.—(1) The Council may, with the approval of the Minister, alter the terms of service as from such date as he may approve by giving to each chemist, subject to sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph, notice of the proposed alteration.
- (2) Except in the case of an alteration which results from the coming into operation of any Act of Parliament or regulation or which has been approved by the Minister after consultation with an organisation which is in his opinion representative of the general body of chemists, the Council shall, before making an alteration consult with the Local Pharmaceutical Committee, and the alteration shall not come into operation within a period of 3 months from the date of the issue of the notice.
- (3) If in any case of alteration the Minister after consultation with such an organisation as aforesaid directs that notice shall be given to the Local Pharmaceutical Committee only, the Council shall give notice to the Local Pharmaceutical Committee, and notice shall thereby be deemed to have been given to each chemist.

Withdrawal from pharmaceutical list

12.—(1) A chemist is entitled at any time to give notice to the Council that he desires to withdraw his name from the list and his name shall be removed therefrom at the expiration of 3 months from the date of such notice or of such shorter period as the Council may agree:

Provided that if representations are made to the Tribunal under the provisions of section 42 of the Act that the continued inclusion of a chemist in the list would be prejudicial to the efficiency of the service, he shall not, except with the consent of the Minister and subject to such conditions as the Minister may impose, be entitled to have his name removed from the list pending the termination of the proceedings on such representations.

(2) The name of any chemist whose business is carried on by representatives in accordance with the provisions of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act 1933 shall not be removed from the list so long as the business is carried on by them in accordance with the provisions of that Act, and the representatives agree to be bound by the terms of service of the chemist.

Disputes, appeals, &c.

- 13. The terms of service relating to the following matters are contained in part II of the National Health Service (Service Committees and Tribunal) Regulations 1956 as amended:—
 - (a) the investigation of complaints made by or on behalf of persons receiving general medical and general dental services against chemists and other investigations to be made by the pharmaceutical service committee and the joint services committee and the action which may be taken by the Council as a result of such investigations, including the withholding of remuneration from chemists where there has been a breach of the terms of service;
 - (b) appeals to the Minister from decisions of the Council.

PART II

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR INCLUSON IN PHARMACEUTICAL LIST FOR USE BY REGISTERED PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS AND AUTHORISED SELLERS OF POISONS

National Health Service

To the Executive Co	ouncil for			
I (we)	of			
hereby undertake to dispense medicines and supply drugs and appliances under the terms for the time being in operation in the area of the Council, and apply to have my (our) name(s) included in the Council's pharmaceutical list. My (our) place(s) of business for this purpose will be				
	pharmaceutical chemist(s) in charge at this (these) place(s) of			
business is (are)				
Registration Nun	nber(s)			
Signed				
Date				
	PART III			
PERSONS OTH	ATION FOR INCLUSION IN PHARMACEUTICAL LIST FOR USE BY IER THAN REGISTERED PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS AND ELLERS OF POISONS			
	National Health Service			
To the Executive Co	ouncil for			
I (we)	of			
	hereby undertake			
	lrugs (except poisons in Part I of the Poisons List);			
	the time being in operation in the area of the Council, and apply name(s) included in the Council's pharmaceutical list. My (our)			
	for this purpose will be			
Date				
	*Delete (a) or (b) as necessary.			

PART IV

FORM OF NOTICE TO BE EXHIBITED BY REGISTERED PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS AND AUTHORISED SELLERS OF POISONS

National Health Service

(Name of person, firm or company contracting)

Under contract with the Executive Council for		
to dispense medicines and supply drugs and		
appliances.		
These premises are open at the following times:—		
Part V		
Form of Notice to be Exhibited by Persons other than Registered Pharmaceutical Chemists and Authorised Sellers of Poisons		
National Health Service		
(Name of person, firm or company contracting)		
Under contract with the Executive Council for		
*(a) to supply drugs (except poisons in Part I of the Poisons List);		
*(b) to supply appliances;		
These premises are open at the following times:—		
*Delete (a) or (b) as necessary.		

PART VI

FORM OF NOTICE TO BE EXHIBITED BY REGISTERED PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS AND AUTHORISED SELLERS OF POISONS AT TIMES WHEN THE PREMISES ARE CLOSED

National Health Service

When these premises are closed, medicines and appliances may be obtained at the addresses and times shown below:—

SCHEDULE 5 LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICAL CERTIFICATES

	Medical Certificate	Short title of enactment under or for the purpose of which certificate required
1.	To support a claim or obtain a payment either personally or by proxy under the enactments specified.	Family Allowances Act 1965 (1965 c. 53). National Insurance (Industrial Injuries) Act 1965 (1965 c. 52). National Insurance Act 1965 (1965 c. 51). National Assistance Act 1948 (11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 29). Ministry of Social Security Act 1966
		(1966. c. 20). Pensions (Navy, Army, Air Force and Mercantile Marine) Act 1939 (2 & 3 Geo. 6. c. 83). Pensions (Mercantile Marine) Act 1942
2.	To prove inability to work or incapacity for self-support for the purposes of an award by the Minister of Social Security.	(5 & 6 Geo. 6. c. 26). Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act 1865 (28 & 29 Vict. c. 73). Air Force (Constitution) Act 1917 (7 &
3.	To enable proxy to draw pensions, etc.	8 Geo. 5. c. 51). Personal Injuries (Emergency Provisions) Act 1939 (2 & 3 Geo. 6. c. 82). Polish Resettlement Act 1947 (10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 19). Home Guard Act 1951 (15 & 16 Geo. 6 & 1 Eliz. 2. c. 8).
4.	To establish pregnancy for the purpose of obtaining welfare foods.	Emergency Laws (Re-enactment and Repeals) Act 1964 (1964. c. 60).
5.	To enable patient to have his sight tested under the Supplementary Ophthalmic Services.	National Health Service Acts 1946 to 1966.
6.	To establish fitness to receive inhalational analgesia in childbirth.	Midwives Act 1951 (14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 53).
7.	To secure registration of still-birth.	Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953 (1 & 2 Eliz. 2. c. 20).

	Medical Certificate	Short title of enactment under or for the purpose of which certificate required
8.	To enable payment to be made to an institution or other person in case of mental disorder of persons entitled to payment from public funds	Section 138 of the Mental Health Act 1959 (7 & 8 Eliz. 2. c. 72).
9.	To establish unfitness for jury service.	Juries Act 1922 (12 & 13 Geo. 5. c. 11).
10.	To establish unfitness to attend for medical examination.	National Service Act 1948 (11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 64).
11.	To support late application for reinstatement in civil employment or notification of non-availability to take up employment, owing to sickness.	Reinstatement in Civil Employment Act 1944 (7 & 8 Geo. 6. c. 15). National Service Act 1948 (11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 64). Reinstatement in Civil Employment Act 1950 (14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 10). Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Training) Act 1951 (14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 23). Army Reserve Act 1962 (10 & 11 Eliz. 2. c. 10).
12.	To enable disabled person to be registered as an absent voter.	Representation of the People Act 1949 (12, 13 & 14 Geo. 6. c. 68).

Given under the official seal of the Minister of Health on 22nd September 1966.

(L.S.)

Kenneth Robinson.

Minister of Health.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Regulations.)

These regulations consolidate the National Health Service (General Medical and Pharmaceutical Services) Regulations 1962 (as amended), with further amendments.

The main amendments provide for:—

- (a) the inclusion in the medical list kept by Executive Councils of information relating to appointment systems for seeing patients which may be operated by medical practitioners (regulation 4(3)(c));
- (b) changes in the method of payment of medical practitioners (regulation 22);
- (c) the application of the drug testing scheme to drugs or appliances dispensed and awaiting collection by patients (instead of those dispensed on prescriptions issued for the purpose of the scheme) (regulation 25);
- (d) the circumstances in which a medical practitioner operating an appointment system may decline to see patients without an appointment (Schedule 1, Part I, paragraph 7(3)(a));
- (e) Notification to Executive Councils by medical practitioners of their intention to operate (or in some cases of the operation of) an appointment system (Schedule 1, Part I, paragraph 7(3)(b));
- (f) the circumstances in which patients may be treated otherwise than by their medical practitioner personally, where reasonable steps are taken to ensure continuity of treatment (Schedule 1, Part I, paragraph 8(1));
- (g) additional circumstances in which fees may be accepted by medical practitioners for treatment given to their patients (Schedule 1 Part I, paragraph 10(1)).