

# Land Registry Act 1862

## **1862 CHAPTER 53**

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### Proceedings in Court of Chancery

#### 134 Applications to Court of Chancery to be by Summons.

All Applications to be made to the Court of Chancery under this Act may be made by Summons in Chambers; and any Power by this Act given to the Court of Chancery may, subject to any Order by the Lord Chancellor as aforesaid, be exercised by any Judge of the Court sitting in Chambers; such Judge shall have the Power of directing any Matter before him to be argued in .Court, and of directing any Bill to be filed or Action to be brought that may be necessary: Any Person aggrieved, by an Order made by a Judge of the Court of Chancery may appeal to the Court of Appeal in Chancery, in such Manner, within such Time, and subject to such Regulations and Limitations, as the Lord Chancellor may prescribe ; and any Order made by the Court of Appeal in Chancery on Appeal shall be subject to Reversal or Modification by the House of Lords, in like Manner as Decrees made by the Court of Chancery; provided that such Appeal is made within such Time and subject to such Regulations as the House of Lords may provide by any Standing Order.

#### 135 Extension to Solicitors of Counties Palatine of Durham and Lancaster.

Any Proceeding, Matter, or Thing whatsoever directed or required by the Provisions of this Act to be done or performed by Solicitors of the High Court of Chancery, either in the Exercise of their Profession of Solicitors or as attesting Witnesses to any Deed or Instrument for the Transfer of Land, Mortgage, Document, or other Instrument under the Provisions of this Act, or in any other Manner whatsoever, shall and may be done, exercised, and performed by any Solicitor of the Courts of Chancery of the Counties Palatine of Durham and Lancaster.